MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

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14 Pages

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

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TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. LAST EDITION MONDAY, MAY 2, 1904. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

May Complete

JAPS DEFEAT RUSSIANS IN BATTLE AND SECURE FIRM HOLD IN MANCHURIA

Week of Minor Engagements Culminates In Fierce Fight Sunday.

Russians Lose 800 Men and the Japanese 700 During the Conflict.

Russians Said to Have Evacuated Antung and Burned Town.

London, May 2.—A dispatch to the Central News from Seoul says that after the Japanese charge which resulted in the occupation of the Russian lines at Chiu Tien Cheng the Russians fell back in confusion. The Japanese, the dispatch continues, have now secured a firm hold on the Manchurian side of the Yalu.

Tokio, May 2.—A supplemental report from Gen. Kuroki covering Sunday's fighting says:

"The Russians made two stands. The enemy's strength included all of the third division, two regiments of the sixth division, one cavalry brigade, about forty quick-firing guns and eight machine guns. We have taken twenty-eight quick-firing guns, many rifles, much ammunition, more than twenty officers and many non-commissioned officers and men as prisoners. I am informed that Gens. Zazalitch and Castolinski were wounded. Our casualties number about 700 and the Russian loss is more than 800 men."

Tokio, May 2.—The Russians were forced to abandon Antung yesterday. They burned the town and retreated to Feng Huan Cheng.

The Jaupanese now control the estuary of the Yalu.

CONFUSION OF NAMES

Renders Movements of Troops Hard to Follow.

TienTsin, May 2.—Two hunderd Russians are entrenching themselves on the Liao river, three miles from Sin Min Tung, employing Chinese laborers. Sin Min Tung is two miles from Kotpang-Tse, a permanent Russian camp. A detachment of 180 men is patrolling the railroad line.

The exact extent and location of the movements along the lower Yalu river are somewhat obscured by the confusion of geographic names. Kullen-Cheng, which was the main objective of the Japanese attack, the spelling of which is given in the Russian dispatches as Turenchen and in the Tokio reports as Chiu Tien Cheng, is west of the bank of the Yalu a few miles north of Antung. The preliminary operations which resulted in the Japanese occupation of Kosan or Khussan also took place on the west bank of the Yalu, thus enabling this force to move down from the north in conjunction with the main Japanese attack delivered Sunday morning against Kullen-Cheng. The fall of this strategically important point made the holding of Antung, nearly opposite Wiju, across the Yalu, impossible and caused the Russians to burn and abandon the town.

It is evident that the fighting has been confined to the Yalu estuary, which is now in the hands of the Japanese.

Feng Wang Cheng, to which the Russians have fallen back, is some thirty or forty miles northwest of Antung, in side or west of the famous Willow Palisade, which was once the boundary of Manchuria.

This point also controls the famous Pekin road, the great caravan and trade route running via Liao Yang, Feng Wang Cheng and Antung and connecting the Chinese capital with Korea.

FOG SAVED RUSSIAN FLEET.

Admiral Yeshen Was Surrounded By Japanese Ships.

St. Petersburg, May 2.—Information received here shows that Rear Admiral Yeszen, commanding the Vladivostock squadron, had a narrow escape while on his raiding expedition. Through the wireless messages of the enemy, which he intercepted, the admiral found that he was surrounded by Japanese warships, but owing to a dense fog, he was able to slip into Vladivostok harbor unobserved.

JAPS ARE CLEVER.

Planted Another Lot of Mines at Port Arthur.

Port Arthur, May 2.—Details of the demonstration off Port Arthur on April 27 disclose the desperating ingenuity of the Japanese. Their squadron set afloat a strong connected raft carrying burning materials. About 1:40 o'clock in the morning, when five miles off shore, the combustibles were fired, the wind and waves bringing the burning floats toward the harbor.

Under cover of this screen of fire eight Japanese torpedo boats, towing a launch filled with mines, slipped around to a spot near where the Petropoviovsk was sunk, but they were detected by Russian searchlights, when the batteries opened fire and drove them off, but not before the mines had been sown.

The mines have since been destroyed.

The Japanese, knowing that the Russians would intercept wireless messages, tried a neat trick to deceive and worry Viceroy Alexieff, and for several nights in succession they sent by wireless telegraphy orders to prepare for a landing, to send in fire ships, to attack with submarine boats, etc.

SHARP ENGAGEMENTS

Between Japanese Vessels and Russian Batteries.

London, May 2.—The Japanese legation gave out today an official dispatch from the admiralty at Tokio, reporting an engagement between Japanese warships on the Yalu and Russian shore batteries. It reads as follows:

"The captain of the gunboat Maya reports that a flotilla consisting of the gunboats Maya and Uji and some torpedo boats ascended the Yalu, May 1, bombarding the enemy. While they were returning the enemy's artillery suddenly attacked the torpedo boats. The latter silenced the enemy after a severe engagement lasting thirty minutes and the flotilla all returned to Yongampo. There were no casualties.

"Our armed launches reached Antung the same morning and repulsed the enemy's infantry and artillery after thirty minutes of sharp fighting. Fire was seen rising from the town and a native says that the enemy fled from Antung after setting fire to it."

RUSSIAN WARSHIPS

Said to Be Building In German Shipyards.

Berlin, May 2.—Eduard Bernstein, a member of the reichstag, begins the publication today of a new Socialist weekly, entitled Das Neue Montangsblatt, wherein he advocates the revision of the Socialist creed, so that it shall be less idealistic and more a program of practical reform. He prefaces his editorial column with the following questions: "Is it known to the German government that torpedo boats and destroyers for the Russian government are being built at one of the largest German shipyards? Is it known to the government that in order to disguise this breach of neutrality the several parts of the vessels are exported as half-finished manufactures, and put together in Libau, Russia? Is it known, finally, that the building of these war vessels is so urgent that work proceeds from 5 a. m. to 9 p. m.?"

RUSSIANS DEFEATED.

Forced to Retreat From Chiu Tien Cheng.

Tokio, May 2.—After five days of fighting, largely with artillery, the first Japanese army, under Gen. Kuroki, has forced the crossing of the Yalu river, and yesterday, with a gallant infantry charge, covering a frontage of four miles, it drove the Russians from Chiu Tien Cheng and the heights on the right bank of the Iho or Alda river, which enters the Yalu from the north, almost opposite Wiju. The Japanese turned the left flank of the Russian position, and in the battle of yesterday they swept away teh new front interposed by the Russians to check their onward movement.

The present position of the Japanese is a dominating one, and they may force the abandonment of the defenses erected by the Russians at Antung and other points lower down the river.

Gen. Kuroka began the movement on Tuesday by ordering a detachment of the Imperial Guards' division to seize the island of Kurito, which is in the Yalu, above Wiju, and the detachment of the second division to seize the island of Kinteito, which is situated below Wiju.

The detachment of the Imperial Guards met with some resistance, but it succeeded in cleaning the enemy out and occupied Kinteito island. The Russians abandoned the island of Kinteito when attacked by the detachment of the second division.

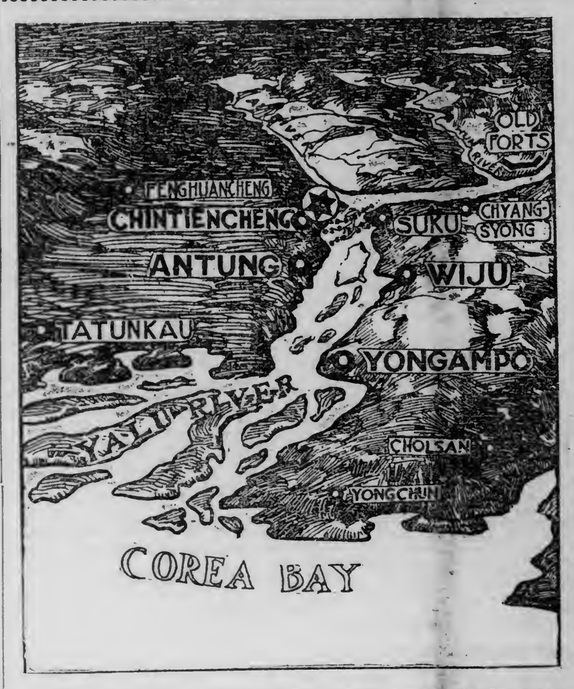
The actual losses sustained by the detachment of the Imperial Guard is not known, as there is an error in that part of the message received here referring to the number killed, but nine of the detachment were severely and sixteen slightly wounded. The detachment of the second division which took the island of Kinteito, sustained no losses.

During these movements on the islands the Russians opened fire on the Japanese with eight 9½ centimetre guns from a hill behind Chiu Tien Cheng and two Hotchkiss guns, which were mounted on the bank of the river at Kossan, where the Russians seemed to have established their headquarters. One battery of Japanese artillery which had taken a position on a hill to the east of Wiju, fired three volleys at Kossan and at noon of Tuesday the Russian batteries behind Chiu Tien Cheng shelled Wiju, wounding one Japanese soldier.

On Wednesday the Russians resumed the bombardment of Wiju, firing at intervals throughout the day. The Japanese artillery did not respond to this fire. Gen. Kuroki has received reports to the effect that the Rusisans are fortifying the heights on the right bank of the river. These new defenses are de-

(Continued on Page 4, First Column.)

SCENE OF FIRST LAND BATTLE ON THE YALU



After a series of engagements lasting nearly a week, the Japanese on Sunday crossed the Yalu in force, and after a severe battle drove the Russians from Chin Tien Chang, causing a retreat to Feng Haun Cheng. Over 800 Russians were killed or wounded while the Japanese lost 700 men. Later reports say the Russians have evacuated Antung, after setting the town on fire.

The small stars show where the river was crossed and the large one, where Sunday's engagement occurred.

TENANTS OF CHICAGO HOUSE HEMMED IN BY THE FLAMES

One Man Asphyxiated and a Large Number Severely Burned and Injured—Many of the Tenants Were Rescued With the Greatest Difficulty.

Chicago, May 2—One person has been asphyxiated and many other occupants of a three-story building in Halsted street have been injured and narrowly escaped death in a fire which swept through the place and cut off escape by the stairways, both in the front and the rear. Only the prompt work of the firemen saved the lives of the other tenants, who were asleep when the fire started. In the work of rescue two firemen and one policeman were injured.

The dead:

JOSEPH WEBB, suffocated by smoke.

Injured: Mrs. H. Webb, overcome by smoke, condition serious; Edward Goss, hands and face burned; Stella Goss, face and hands burned, overcome by smoke, condition serious; Policeman John Burke, seriously burned while helping rescue the imprisoned tenants; Fire Capt. McGraw, struck by falling wall and seriously cut and bruised; Pipeman Ryan, face and hands burned; William Wolfe, severely burned while endeavoring to rescue his wife and children from burning building.

The fire, which did a damage of only a few thousand dollars, spread so rapidly that the occupants of the place were hemmed in by the flames before they could be awakened and told of their danger.

BANK TO OCCUPY BURIAL SITE OF GARFIELD'S GRAND PARENTS

Cooperstown, N. Y., May 2.—After a bitter clash between sentiment and commercialism in the village of Worcester, this county, a bank there has secured the right from the town and begun the erection of a banking house upon the site of the abandoned cemetery, where the grandparents and great grandparents of President Garfield are buried.

No special effort has been made to find the remains of the murdered president's forebearers, for the reason that no one was quite sure in just what place in the quarter-acre the graves were. While the excavations were being made many bones were found, and rotten pieces of wood were found which had been used as grave marks. The graveyard is located in the heart of Worcester, was many years ago abandoned, and had become overgrown with weeds. When propositions were made for the sale of the ground, many persons urged that the site be set apart in memory of the late president. When members of the Garfield family were appealed to they expressed a wish that the decision be left to the citizens.

MADE SECOND STAND.

Russians Held Hill But Soon Began Retreating.

Tokio, May 2.—After the Japanese carried the line of hills extending from Chiu Tien Cheng to Yoshoka, on the right bank of the Iho river, yesterday, the Rusians made a second stand on a hill northwest of Chiu Tien Cheng, but they began retreating at ten minutes before two o'clock in the afternoon. The twelfth Japanese division advanced toward Tah Lang Fang, which is due west of the village of Makao, the division of the imperial guards advanced towards Hamatan, which is west of Chiu Tien Cheng, while the second division moved down the river with Antung as its objective. The general reserve advanced over the main road to Liao Yang, which runs in a westerly direction from the Yalu river. At 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon the Japanese army held a line extending from Antung northwesterly to Laukuku and running from there in a northeasterly direction to Mishukau.

At Hamatan, where the Iho river makes its first bend to the west, the Japanese succeeded in enveloping the Russians on three sides. At this place, after sharp fighting at close range, the Japanese captured twenty Russian guns with their horses, carriages and ammunition and more than twenty officers and many men. The Russian troops at Hamatan retreated towards Feng Huan Cheng.

A Russian officer who was taken prisoner said that the effect of the Japanese artillery fire on Saturday and Sunday was enormous.

Lieut.-Gen. Sassalitch, commander of the second Siberian army corps, and Maj.-Gen. Kashtalinsky, commander of the Third East Siberian rifle brigade, were wounded by shells. A Russian lieutenatnt-colonel was captured. It is estimated the Russian casualties amounted to over 800. Gen. Kuroki and his headquarters entered Chiu Tein Cheng at half past five Sunday evening.

PARTY OF DULUTHIANS

Presented By Bede to President Roosevelt.

Washington, May 2.—(Special to The Herald.)— Representative Bede this morning escorted a party from Duluth to the White House, where they were received by President Roosevelt. The party consisted of State Senator E. B. Hawkins, Miss Young, W. H. Cole and wife, ex-Senator F. B. Daugherty and Otto Daugherty, C. A. Wright and Harry Conway.

MAY DAY STRIKES ARE LESS IN NUMBER THAN FOR YEARS; COMPARATIVELY FEW MEN OUT

WOODEND CREDITORS STRIVE FOR POSSESSION OF PROPERTY OF DEFUNCT BROKER'S FIRM

Principal and Employes Summoned to Appear In District Court.

New York, May 2.—A struggle for possession of the furnishings in the offices of W. E. Woodend & Co., the suspended stock brokers, which are valued at approximately $40,000, began today between Receiver Gruber and Harry C. Johnston, who had taken possession of the effects by virtue of an attachment. Mr. Gruber claims that Johnston's action in obtaining the judgment upon which the attachment was issued constituted a fraud in law, in that Johnston knew at the time that Woodend was insolvent. On the other hand Jonnston insists that he did not know Woodend was insolvent, and he further claims to believe that he is not insolvent. He adds that he even does not know officially that Woodend has been declared bankrupt, or that a receiver has been appointed for the concern. The trouble came to a head with the announcement that the effects were to be sold under the hammer. When the hour set for the sale arrived, it was announced that the sale would be adjourned until tomorrow, and possibly until a later date. Later it was learned that the reason for the postponement was that Receiver Gruber had informed the representatives of Johnston and the sheriff, who were at the office, that if the sale went on they would be in contempt and would be arrested.

United States Judge Holt has signed an order directing William E. Woodend, Mrs. Woodend, the attorneys in all the litigation, the employes of Woodend & Co., his personal employes and the city marshal to appear in the United States district court before Samuel M. Hitchcock, specially appointed examiner, and be examined concerning "the acts, conduct and property" of Woodend. No date has been set, but the examination will proceed when the various persons mentioned have been legally served.

Attorney Lenney, counsel for Receiver Gruber, said today that he would apply for a warrant for the arrest of one of Woodend's employes, whose name he would not mention. It is proposed, he said, to have this man account for 100 shares of Amalgamated Copper stock, and account for $8000 approximately, which, it is alleged, were received at the Woodend offices on April 25 or 26. It is believed Dr. Woodend knew nothing of either of these transactions, but the check, Mr. Lenney says, will show by its endorsement who was doing business for Dr. Woodend, or in his name, after the firm was insolvent.

DRIVE COMPANY OUT OF STATE

Nashville, Tenn., May 2.—The Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph company has been ordered into the hands of a receiver by Chancellor Allison and to be ousted from the state of Tennessee. The company has an authorized capital of $20,000,000 and about $12,000,000 is outstanding. It controls the telephone situation in the South by reason of its relation with the Bell Telephone company, and has lines radiating into southern Illinois and Indiana.

The action grows out of an effort on the part of the state by relation, to declare a forfeiture of the charter of the defendant company on the ground it has violated the statutes in its attempts to suppess competition. The clerk and master will be appointed receiver to take charge and settle up the business of the defendant. The decision of Chancellor Allison was handed down today.

The defendants have prayed an appeal to vacate the ouster and receivership.

GRIGSBY IS FORCED TO RESIGN

Washington, May 2.—Senator Mc Cumber of North Dakota today presented to the president, the resignation of Melvin Grigsby, United States attorney for the Nome district in Alaska. The resignation has been accepted, to take effect July 1. No intimation is given as to Grigsby's successor. More than a year ago Attorney General Knox recommended to the president that Grigsby be dismissed for disobedience of the orders of the department in leaving his post without permission. Subsequent charges were preferred against him, in which it was alleged that he received $10,000 from the Pioneer Mining company of Nome, the allegation stating that the sum was to secure for the Pioneer Mining company immunity from United States prosecution. Grigsby admitted the receipt of the money, half of which was in cash and the other half in stock in the Pioneer Mining company, but said it was an attorney's fee. The case has been pending until this time.

AIRSHIP MAKES SUCCESSFUL START

San Francisco, May 2.—Dr. August Greth, accompanied by an assistant, started today in his airship on a trip to San Jose, fifty miles south of this city. The ascent was made from the grounds in Eleventh street, near Market, where the aerial craft has been located for some time. After reaching an elevation of several hundred feet, Dr. Gath, the inventor, who acted as helmsman, caused the vessel to circle about and move in various directions, demonstrating that it was under his control. He then headed it south, almost directly against the wind, and started on a bee line for San Jose, at which city he hoped to make a landing. The airship, obeying the force of its light motor, made good headway and was soon out of sight.

ON TRIAL FOR MURDER.

Mrs. Powell Charged With Killing Estella Albin.

Dover, Del., May 2.—Mrs. Mary Ann Powell was today placed on trial for the murder of Estella Albin on February 9 last.

Miss Albin was killed by Mrs. Powell who confessed that she killed the girl in a jealous rage. Mrs. Powell said the girl, who had been adopted, was alienating her husband's affections. She said she feared her life was in danger as the girl had threatened her.

On Feb. 9, during an altercation, Mrs. Powell struck Miss Albin with a bottle rendering her unconscious. She then hacked the girl with a knife. The body was found later in the attic by Robert Powell.

Mr. Powell was present when his wife was placed on trial.

RUSHING THE WORK

To Complete World's Fair In Every Detail.

St. Louis, May 2.—The official figures of the attendance at the opening of the Louisiana Purchase exposition on Saturday have not yet been given out. President D. R. Francis made the remark that the admissions were under 200,000, but that was estimated and not official.

Beautiful weather greeted the beginning of the first regular exposition week and early in the forenoon visitors began entering the turnstiles. There was not a continuous in-thronging, as no special effort is being made to bring out of town visitors here until the finishing touches are farther advanced.

The sounds of the hammer and saw are heard on all sides and workmen are rushing ahead to perfect the exposition and have it standing in full completion at the earliest possible moment. The first of the exercises of the opening week was the dedication today of the state buildings of Michigan, Pennsylvania and Ohio. Connecticut's building will be dedicated tomorrow.

Fifteen Hundred Bakers Go Out Around Boston.

Santa Fe Employes Locked Out at Kansas City.

Three Strikes and One Lockout at Chicago.

Boston, May 2.—The principal difficulty to occur on May day in New England was the strike of more than 150 bakers in this city and nearby places, including Cambridge, Lynn, Salem, Brockton, Abington, Rockland, Stoughton, North Easton, Weymouth, South Weymouth and Bridgewater. The strike was caused by the refusal of the master bakers to sign a new schedule calling for a sixty-hour week and $16 weekly for second hands, and $18 for foremen. The larger hotels and restaurants are not affected by the strike.

Among other troubles are those caused by the demand of 400 carpenters in Springfield and Chicopee for an increase of 50 cents a day. There were minor strikes in the building trades in other places, but in New England, as a whole, the number of men in voluntary idleness is smaller this year than usual.

MACHINISTS LOCKED OUT.

Topeka, Kas., May 2.—When the 2000 Santa Fe machinists and workmen gathered at the big railroad shops in this city today to go to work they found the gates locked. The entire plot of ground of twenty-five acres is surrounded with a high oak board fence, with few gates. These gates were locked and the men without were told by armed guards "that there was nothing doing." The Santa Fe officials asserted that they were simply anticipating a strike that would have come today. They said information had come to them that the men had held secret meetings Saturday night and Sunday and decided upon a strike at 9 o'clock Monday morning. There was no disturbance today, the majority of the men returning quietly to their homes.

CARPENTERS' STRIKE.

Waterbury, Conn., May 2.—A general strike of all union carpenters in this city, numbering 400, began today. The carpenters demanded a minimum wage rate of $2.80 a day in place of the $2.50 now paid, and the refusal of the master carpenters to sign an agreement, based on the increased rate led to the strike.

STRIKE AT SCHENECTADY.

Schenectady, N. Y., May 2.—Two strikes were inaugurated in this city today when the members of the Tinsmiths and the Coal Handlers' unions, numbering in all about 300 men, went out as the result of the refusal of employers to grant an increase of wages.

MANY IDLE AT CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 2.—Three strikes and one lockout became effective here today and in consequence 6200 wage earners are idle. Picture frame makers employed in six factories, to the number of 1700 struck and 4000 boot and shoe makers, employes of ten manufacturers were locked out. One hundred teamsters of the Union Lime company and the Artesian Lime company refused to work because denied an advance of 50 cents a week. Nine baking concerns were tied up by a strike of 400 men, the firms refusing to grant "closed shop." Still another strike is in prospect, members of the machinists union employed in 500 shops throughout the city having voted to demand an increase of 2 to 5 cents an hour.

FORMER MAYOR KIEFER OF ST. PAUL DIES VERY SUDDENLY

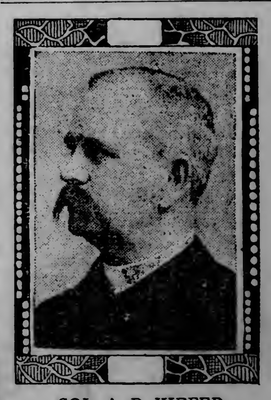
Fell Dead of Apoplexy at the Ryan Hotel.

Was Candidate For Comptroller at Coming Election.

St. Paul, May 2.—Col. A. R. Kiefer, Republican candidate for controller in the city election to be decided next Tuesday, died very suddenly of apoplexy at the Ryan hotel at noon yesterday. Mr. Keifer was formerly a member of congress from this district, and served a term as mayor of this city.

Col Keifer, who was 72 years of age, had made a vigorous campaign for election. Early yesterday he complained of feeling unwell and summoned his physician. He stood for a moment talking to his medical adviser and then turning to cross the room, fell dead.

The vacancy on the Republican city ticket was filled by substituting the name of W. A. Gerbers.



COL. A. R. KIEFER.

Bargain Bulletin.

One beautiful large oak Upright Piano; new, except a little shop worn; worth $300—now **$178**

One beautiful mahogany Piano, large size upright, standard make, fully warranted, used for concert work only; was $350—now **$225**

One beautiful English walnut upright Kranich and Bach, Duluth's favorite piano for artists; was $425—now, a snap **$258**

One beautiful mahogany, high grade upright Piano, used only short time. This is certainly a snap; was $300—now **$168**

Another, same make and grade except in Italian walnut case; a beauty—for only **$125**

All above instruments in first-class condition in every way and warranted satisfactory or money refunded.

Will sell any of these snaps on payments to suit.

TUNING A SPECIALTY

By Prof. FRED R. MANN, who graduated under the skillful instruction of Wm. Steinway & Sons. All work fully guaranteed.

Duluth Music Co.

J. T. STEWART, Manager.

LAKE AVENUE AND SUPERIOR STREET.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Saloon Man Arrested For Robbing an Iowa Traveler.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Grand Forks—A man known by the name of Silver, who for a time was employed in an East Grand Forks saloon is under arrest at Rutland, this state, on a charge of robbing Julius Lou, a wealthy Iowa resident who at the time was a passenger on a Great Northern overland train standing at the station in this city. Sheriff Turner has gone to Rutland and will bring Silver back for trial.

Silver was located by means of a letter written to a friend in the city by a man named Anderson, who said Silver was visiting him. Anderson is a dealer in intoxicants and through the men whom he patronized in East Grand Forks his place of abode was discovered.

Upon application of George W. Buckingham and several other lien holders, Judge Fisk has appointed Ole Thompson, cashier of the First National bank of Langdon, as receiver for Flammerfelt & Hankie, proprietors of the Great Northern hotel at Langdon. The creditors represent about $16,000 of indebtedness. The hotel was finished less than a year ago and was constructed largely on credit.

Mrs. Julia Sandgrin, who admits that she has prospered since her husband deserted her in 1893, has been granted a divorce by Judge Fisk. She has proved up on a claim and to her oldest son she presented the home farm which was left to her by the husband. This was covered with mortgages which she and her children have cleared off.

The mineral exhibit from North Dakota to the Louisiana Purchase exposition, filling an entire car, was shipped to St. Louis Saturday. The exhibit was arranged by Professor E. J. Babcock, of the university of North Dakota, and consisted largely of undeveloped clays, manufactured at various factories outside the state, and includes sewer pipe, drain tile, jars and jugs, table ware, jardinieres and vases. Many of the articles were hand decorated by North Dakota artists.

Devils Lake—A religious ceremony unique in he history of North Dakota will be performed May 4, when the prior of St. Mary's, Richardson, is to be raised to the dignity of abbot.

Mayville—Samuel Torgerson, assistant cashier of the First National bank, will move from Mayville about Aug. 1. He will become cashier of a bank to be started at Grand Forks. The stockholders will comprise business men of Grand Forks and vicinity.

The farmers hereabouts are making a good beginning in the raising of hogs. At the Mayville farm there are about 400 of which have just arrived. This farm ships several carloads a year.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Yankton—Yankton county Republican convention met in Yankton to elect thirty delegates to the state convention. Perfect harmony prevailed. The delegates were uninstructed, but all are believed to be anti-Crawford men. Resolutions were adopted indorsing the national and state administration and state delegation in congress, especially Hon. R. J. Gamble. The convention took a recess to meet Senator Gamble at the train on his arrival from Washington, and the senator addressed the convention. Thirty delegates to the judicial convention were instructed for Hon. E. G. Smith.

Removal Notice

HENRY FOLZ is now in his NEW STORE at 114-116 W. Superior St.

HANDSOME NEW STORE

Henry Folz Moves to 114-116 West Superior Street.

This morning Henry Folz, the well known Superior street grocer, opened the doors for business of what is considered the finest grocery store and meat market in the entire Northwest. The new building which is located at 114-116 West Superior street, extends clear back to Michigan street, and is one of the best lighted and modern structures of its kind in the country. Mr .Folz gives much credit to the contractor, J. D. Molitor, for so successfully carrying out his plans for the completion of such a large and substantial building in so short a time. Up to within a few days of its completion, Mr. Molitor was told by everyone he met on the street, that it would be impossible for stock to be moved in by the first of May, but he made his promise good.

The entrance to the building is particularly handsome, and the window display for both grocery and meat market exceptionally large. A feature of the window space in the meat market is its fine cement floor, instead of the galvanized iron which is usually used. The cement insures absolute cleanliness for the different meats on display. Today may be seen a monster thirty-pound muscallonge, which is attracting a great deal of attention.

One of the most striking features of the grocery store is the fine arrangements of the different commodities which permits the entire display to be seen from the entrance. The display also shows that while the very best class of groceries are kept, a strong specialty is also made of the best things in the medium priced lines.

The rear of the second floor has been laid out into a large and modern hall, which will be used for lodge meetings and dances. A very fine suite of business offices will soon be completed in the front part.

Mr. Folz states that everything will be in ship-shape tomorrow and extends a general invitation to the public to inspect the new building.

If you find a pocketbook, look for reward in The Herald.

TOMORROW EVENING WILL CLOSE OUR GRAND REMOVAL SALE

Not being able to get into my new location in the Spalding Hotel until Wednesday, I have placed on special sale for tomorrow, about 50 dozen Wilson Bros.' and Cluett's negligee shirts of the best quality, running in sizes 14, 14½, 15½ to 18—regular prices $2.50, $2.00 and $1.50—at the remarkably low price of—each $1.00

This sale will also include a beautiful line of Neckwear at 35c—3 for $1.00—in four-in-hands, and 50c strings at 25c.

Summer underwear at wholesale prices.

WM. F. SIEWERT,

WOLVIN BUILDING.

THE CITY'S FUNDS

Treasurer Voss Has Cash Balance of Nearly $390,000.

Decrease From a Month Ago of About Three Thousand.

The city of Duluth has a total cash balance on hand of $389,771.02, according to the regular monthly report of City Treasurer Voss, which will be submitted to the council this evening.

This is about $900 less than the balance a month ago owing largely to heavy disbursements in the interest and board of public works funds. The board of public works has been engaged in its regular spring clean-up during the month, and extra expenditures have been necessary.

The following is a summary of the receipts, disbursements and balances in all of the different funds, as shown in a summary of the report, which has been prepared by Mr. Voss.

INTEREST FUND.

Balance on hand April 1	$ 44,306 41
Disbursements for the month	22,000 00
Balance May 1	$ 22,506 41

SINKING FUND.

Balance on hand April 1	$ 95,135 50
Receipts for the month	436 46
Balance May 1	$ 95,571 96

FIRE DEPARTMENT FUND.

Balance on hand April 1	$ 13,740 04
Receipts for the month	12,327 49
	$ 26,067 53
Disbursements for the month	8,908 70
Balance May 1	$ 17,008 83

POLICE DEPARTMENT FUND.

Balance on hand April 1	$ 10,120 55
Receipts for the month	5,000 00
	$ 15,120 55
Disbursements for the month	4,768 50
Balance May 1	$ 10,352 05

LIGHT FUND.

Balance on hand April 1	$ 6,999 84
Disbursements for the month	2,338 01
Balance May 1	$ 4,322 83

WATER FUND.

Balance on hand April 1	$ 11,015 40
Disbursements for the month	9,882 70
Balance May 1	$ 1,132 70

PUBLIC WORKS FUND.

Balance on hand April 1	$ 38,074 53
Receipts for the month	26 94
	$38 101 47
Disbursements for the month	7,859 27
Balance May 1	$ 30,242 20

HEALTH DEPARTMENT FUND.

Balance on hand April 1	2,158 73
Disbursements for the month	525 33
Balance May 1	$ 1,630 40

MUNICIPAL COURT FUND.

Balance on hand April 1	$ 2,353 31
Receipts for the month	2,000 00
	$ 4,353 21
Disbursements for the month	1,054 31
Balance May 1	$ 3,298 90

SALARY FUND.

Balance on hand April 1	$ 11,165 26
Disbursements for the month	2,902 69
Balance May 1	$ 8,262 57

PRINTING AND SUPPLY FUND.

Balance on hand April 1	$ 2,208 13
Disbursements for the month	1,008 25
Balance May 1	$ 1,199 88

LIBRARY FUND.

Balance on hand April 1	$ 3,238 97
Receipts for the month	23 00
	$ 3,261 97
Disbursements for the month	878 89
Balance May 1	$ 2,383 08

PARK FUND.

Balance on hand April 1	$ 5,241 21
Receipts for the month	20 00
	$ 5,261 21
Disbursements for the month	158 71
Balance May 1	$ 5,102.50

WATER AND LIGHT PLANT.

Balance on hand April 1	$ 2,702 34
Receipts for the month	31,852 62
	$ 34,554 96
Disbursements for the month	23,945 30
Balance on hand May 1	$ 10,709 66

PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT FUND.

Balance on hand April 1	$ 879 95
Disbursements for the month	127 28
Balance May 1	$ 752 67

GENERAL FUND.

Balance on hand April 1	$ 6,095 14
Receipts for the month	25,085 92
	$ 31,180 36
Disbursements for the month	21,423 06
Balance May 1	$ 9,757 30

PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT REVOLVING FUND.

Balance on hand April 1	$132,841 03
Receipts for the month	36,620 21
	$169,461 24
Disbursements for the month	8 794 16
Balance May 1	$160,667 08

CASH ON HAND.

Total cash on hand April 1	$392,932 24
Total receipts for the month	94,401 94
	$487,334 18
Total disbursements for month	97,563 16
Total cash on hand May 1	$389,771 02

DEPOSITED.

First National Bank	$137 344 71
American Exchange Bank	137,826 3
City National Bank	80,276 00
Duluth Savings Bank	32,201 51
Certificates in sinking fund	2 000 00
Cash in safe	104 45
	$389,771 02

AN IOWA MAN WILL TRY IT

E. R. Clark to Open Independent Shop In Two Harbors.

For some reason H. C. Frink has decided not to open a meat market at Two Harbors, and those interested in the establishment of an independent shop began looking elsewhere. They have finally succeeded in interesting E. R. Clark, of Hawkeye, Ia., who has rented a store and will open a market on Saturday next.

Mr. Clark is the owner of a packing house and creamery in Iowa. He is a large dealer in live stock and will consequently have ample supplies to draw from. He has already established an independent market at Eveleth and soon intends to open shops at Hibbing, Virginia and Ely.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Gladstone Well Satisfied With Municipal Lighting Plant.

Gladstone—The municipal lighting plant at Gladstone is giving satisfaction. Itt operates under an all-night schedule and its rates are reasonable—12 cents per 1000 watts. There are over 3000 incandescent lamps, ranging from two to thirty-two candle-power, on the circuit, as well as thirty-two 2000-candle-power arc lamps for the street illumination. The plant is paying running expenses, as well as interest on the bonds, and a surplus fund is being accumulated, as the receipts increase.

Sault Ste. Marie—William Chandler, of the Soo, has not purchased the Grand Marais Veneer factory, as recently reported. "The company became financially embarrassed, and though running at a good profit, was unable to pay its obligations incurred in constructing the plant as they fell due," said Mr. Chandler. "At the request of the creditors the property was turned over to me as trustee for all the creditors, with the expectation that by so doing proceedings in bankruptcy might be avoided, the plant kept running and every creditor paid his claim in full with interest. We are running full time with all the orders ahead that we can fill, and if the plant can be kept intact and given a little time, I have no doubt all creditors will be paid in full and a good paying property saved for the stockholders."

The west end of the peninsula will be well represented at the firemen's tournament at the Soo in August, it is expected. The Ironwood, Bessemer and Wakefield departments have decided to enter teamsi in the track contests, and they will be accompanied by large delegations.

Menominee—Manager Edward McHartin of the Menominee baseball team, is one of the promoters of the Michigan-Wisconsin league, in process of organization, and which will include teams from Menominee, Sturgeon Bay, Green Bay, Marinette, Daggett, Escanaba, Iron Mountain, Wells and Powers-Spalding. There will be a meeting within a few days for the purpose of perfecting an organization and arranging for the summer schedule. Strong teams are being organized in the cities and towns that will be represented in the league and good games are promised.

A. O. U. W. CELEBRATION

Fourteenth Anniversary of Fidelity Lodge, No. 105, at the Armory Tuesday Evening, May 3. Speaking and Dancing. All Workmen and friends invited. Tickets 25c.

DAUGHTERS OF REVOLUTION

Convention of the General Society at Boston.

Boston, May 2.—The delegates to the annual convention of the general society of the Daughters of the Revolution, who have come here from various states of the union, assembled in Copley hall today for the opening business session of the meeting. Although a large number of delegates were here yesterday and attended special services in Christ church, many more arrived today to take part in the business proceedings.

Today's session was devoted to the reading of reports of officers and to the nomination of officers. In addition to the election of the general society officers, ten members of the national board of managers were to be chosen, three from New York, two from Massachusetts, and one each from Colorado, Indiana, Minnesota, Maryland and Pennsylvania.

GETTING PIKE EGGS.

Deputy Warden Green at Fond du Lac.

Deputy Game Warden John Green and two or three other men employed by the state game and fish commission, are at work at Fond du Lac securing pike eggs for distribution in the Wisconsin streams and lakes. Considerable opposition was shown when it was announced that the commission would take spawn from the pike caught in the St. Louis river at Fond du Lac, the claim being that the practice would spoil the fishing there this season. S. F. Fullerton, executive agent of the board, however, said that the work of the commission would in no way interfere with the fishing possibilities of that locality, and nothing has since been heard from the objecting fishermen.

It is said that the presence of the deputy game wardens at Fond du Lac will prevent the illegal catching of pike that has been carried on to some extent during the previous seasons when the fish and game officials have been busy in other localities stripping fish.

Gun Club Scores.

The regular Saturday shoot of the Duluth Central Gun club resulted in some good scores, but the attendance of members was not as large as usual, several having gone out on fishing trips.

The scores in the Class A trophy contest for the Hunter Arms company medal, were as follows: Jackson, 22; Cap, 22, Field, 18; Frank, 15. In the tie shoot-off between Jackson and Cap, the former won by a score of 23 to 21.

For the F. D. Day & Company, B. Class trophy, the scores were as follows: Albert, 17; Max, 14; Wilson, 12.

In the shoot for the T. J. Storey C class trophy, the following scores were made: Phil, 18; Harry, 18; Theo, 16; Young, 14; John, 12.

KILLED BY FALLING BRICKS.

Capac, Mich, May. 2.—Everett Warren was instantly killed and Erie McLaughlin, William Locke and Joseph Lefevre were injured by falling bricks at the burning of the hotel rotunda here last night. The loss was $20,000.

Grand-Tallant Co

This Week We Offer More Exceptional

Suit Reductions!

A REMARKABLY good business in the suit room last week closed out many of the broken lines, but the same brisk selling made inroads on many showings that were complete the first of the week. We offer the end sizes at reductions that you cannot afford to overlook when you are out for a suit.

$30.00 Suits Broadcloth, cheviot and mixed weave suits which sold up to $25.00 and $30.00 while the assortments were full. Made in the stylish effects of the season and perfect fitting. The remaining sizes are not apt to tarry long at this reduction. While they last we price them at **$20.00**

$18.50 Suits in the Eton or fitted jacket styles, trimmed with braids, novelty buttons and in tailored effects. Suits selected from lines selling up to $18.50, because most of their companion suits have been sold. Match them if you can at the clearance price **$11.75**

$12.50 Suits in plain blues, black and greys; all new styles; taken from the popular-priced suits which sold so freely last week up to $10.00 and $12.50. Your size may be left. If it is you save all above **$7.50**

$8.50 Coats in the smart styles of covert cloth that is the popular caper this season. The makers notified us that we cannot re-order on these coats, so, as fast as any line selling up to $8.50 reaches the last two or three sizes they are yours at only **$4.50**

$15.00 Cravenette Coats Those popular long coas for rain or shine that everybody is wearing this spring do not escape the reduction when they reach the end of their special line of styles. Some coats that are equal to coats selling elsewhere up to $15.00 go now at **$9.50**

MAKES ASSAULT CHARGE.

Michael Conlon Causes Arrest of J. S. Ray.

After spending eight weeks in the hospital with a broken leg, Michael Conlon is again able to be out, and has brought a charge of assault against J. S. Ray, who is claimed to have been responsible for his injuries.

The affair which is claimed to have resulted in Conlon's being laid up in the hospital, took place on the evening of February 27.

Ray is a safe dealer, having an office on West Superior street. He claims that Conlon opened the door while he was seated in his office that evening and called him a vile name. A fight resulted in which Conlon got the worst of it.

In the warrant for Ray's arrest, Conlon alleges that Ray hit him over the head with a "billy."

Ray was arraigned in the municipal court this morning on the charge of assault and plended not guilty. He put up $25 bail and his hearing was set for May 4, at 2 o'colck.

Bond Not Here.

The bond of O. G. Olson, the new member of the board of public works has not yet been received from Baltimore, and Mr. Olson will not be able to assume his duties until a week from tomorrow.

The bond is for $3000 and must be approved by the council and signed by the mayor before it becomes valid. It has not yet been received and cannot therefore be acted on by the council this evening.

THE REFORMATORY.

Its Evil Effects Discussed By a Former Outlaw.

Would it interest the Mining Gazette and its readers to know what views the inhabitants of the social underworld, the hoboes, tramps and criminals, as well as the ex-pupils themselves, hold anent these schools or reformatories? asks R. Holzhey, the former outlaw, in a letter to the Houghton Mining Gazette. Their opinions should not be without some value, for really they alone have access to the innermost "inside" information, are nearer to the heart of things than the casual observer, or even the officials can ever hope to be. And what is their judgment of the average industrial or reform school? Practically without an exception they regard these institutions simply as recruiting stations for keeping full the ranks of the outcast and criminal classes. This may not always be their "public" opinion but it certainly is their "private" one ninety-nine times out of a hundred, and this one fact alone, it strikes the writer, throws such a peculiar and sinister sidelight on the reform school problem as to render it worthy of a most serious scrutiny and study by all those having at heart the general public welfare.

It might, of course, be questioned whether the dwellers in the nether depths of the social sea are capable of forming a correct and unbiased estimate of the results achieved by the industrial schools. Well, their own status, is to a considerable extent, a confirmation of the correctness of their judgment, for the criminal class is, in fact, largely composed of boys and men who either have experienced a course of "industrial" or "reform" training themselves, or at least have been the habitual associates of others who did. But, not only is their information along these lines necessarily both intimate and ample, their judgment of condemnation is also certainly borne out by the indubitable and significant fact that a very large percentage of the prisoners in this and many other states are industrial school graduates. It is a rough, but very conservative estimate that they constitute anywhere from 20 to 30 per cent of the population of the Marquette prison; from 25 to 40 at Jackson, and not less than from 40 to 60 per cent at the Ionia reformatory, where the bulk of the inmates are very young men. The prison records never fully reveal that state of affairs, for the men are usually rather reluctant and for good reasons, to unfold more than they can help of their personal histories to those in authority, but among themselves the plenitude of the "ex-Industrials" in the prison is well known.

Thus, while the writer heartily concurs with much of the subject matter contained n Mr. Kratz's letter anent education, that gentleman's strong faith in the largely good influence of industrial schools strikes him as exceedingly "risque," and even more so his statement that 50 per cent of their graduates turn out good men. Let those interested in the matter enquire of the Chicago police and detective departments for instance, what they think of the work accomplished at the Pontiac reformatory. Mr. Kratz's estimates may be the official figures of some such institution, but wherever they came from the citizens of the underworld do certainly regard them as a huge joke, and they do appear highly optimistic to ye scribe also. While the latter's knowledge of these matters still shows large gaps, he nevertheless imagines having on hand sufficient data and first class evidence, literally forced upon his attention for many years, to justify him in calling the average industrial school anything but blessed and to entertain a firm belief that a child should never be sent to one of those places except as a means of last resort and after all else has failed. The testimony of scores of graduates, whether gathered from their chance remarks or by deliberate inquiry, and when they had not the ghost of a reason for misstating matters, has been remarkably uniform in asserting that they, the boys, really never knew what genuine viciousness meant until enlightened by their more sophisticated associates of the "ref."

Now, this does not in the least imply that, because of their frequent bad results, these institutions are badly managed, for usually they are not; indeed, in this state, for instance, they are models of their kind, most liberally provided for as regards equipments and earnest, competent managers and teachers; n i ther do they fail to give a certain outward smartness, a distinct mental and mechanical alertness and aptitude to their pupils. What they do fail in most signally, however, for reasons to be stated later on, is efficiency in building up character and inspiring the boys and girls there assembled with honest, moral sentiments and ambitions. Unfortunately their showy outward efficiency easily misleads the public and the casual observer, probably even the officials, as to their almost total failure to develop the ethic sense an fiber, and without the moral kernel all training and reform is but as an empty shell. Nay, it is even worse than useless, for it will but help to make more able criminals.

The witness of the underworld in general, and of the reform school graduates in particular, is again a unit to the effect that the leading characteristic ambition of the mass of the inmates of those places is to become notorious characters, to establish reputations for "toughness" and daring by deeds similar to those of dime-novel heroes and noted criminals. Indeed in a minor degree such ideas and sentiments are characteristic even of the normal boy living in ordinary surroundings. But, whereas with him an unsympathetic, commonplace world by its unconscious ridicule, continually discourages the boy's mayhap piratical fancies—instinctive reminiscences in the young of a savage predatory ancestry—exactly the reverse holds true with the pupils of industrial schools where hundreds of similar immature minds, forming an isolated community, help to encourage and mutually enthuse each other to ever bolder and wilder flights into the fairy realms of boyish criminally-heroic fancies. And right here one has one of the fatal flaws in the indiscriminate "herding" and "isolating" system of truant children. Removed from the normal social environments their minds do not experience its vague, yet powerful, molding influence upon mind and character, hence their sense of moral responsibility, usually remains entirely undeveloped, while their massing together inevitably tends to inflame their already wayward inclinations and fancies into downright criminal aspirations, for the spirit of emulation, perverted into wrong channels, is strong within them.

Practically without exception, the inmates of penitentiaries and jails look upon these reformatory institutions as recruiting stations for keeping full the ranks of the outcast and criminal classes. The "tough" boy is the natural leader among his fellows the world over; he is by them admired, secretly envied and regarded as a model worthy of imitation as far as circumstances and watchful parents will allow. And if this holds true under ordinary conditions, what more natural than that the leadership, giving color and tone to the sentiments and ideals pervading a reformatory, should insensibly gravitate towards the "toughest" elements?

But enough has been said to indicate why and how the anti-moral ideas and spirit generated and intensified within the "mass" of the pupils, may, and usually do prove a far more potent factor in shaping their character and morals or rather in perverting it, than can be the individual influences of teachers and officials to the contrary—be they ever so conscientious and competent. The boys massed in a reformatory simply incline to evolve, and accept for their "inner" guidance, though temporarily constrained to the contrary outwardly, ethic ideals and standards in their own eyes heroic, but classed as vicious and criminal by the rest of the world. It is against this rock of inner public opinion found in most reformatories that the efforts of their managements to instill "moral" reforms beat in vain. Thus while these schools usually succeed in training intellect and hand, they more often than not fail abjectly in the more vital part, in the awakening and the development of the social-moral sense and in imparting sane views of life.

Moreover, evil knowledge and vicious practices of all kinds flow into the reformatory schools in a slow but steady stream, and through a free exchange of comodities of this kind they always tend to become the common property of the institution, a standing local asset. The original importers of this or that vice may again depart, but the evil virus they brought with them always remains to infect those coming after, one passing it on to the next in endless succession. Thus do the industrial schools unwittingly not merely tend to foster "tough" and criminal aspirations, but they also add largely to their pupils' stock of positive evil knowledge and habits, hence their ultime proneness to crime is really the most natural thing in the world. There is a knowing cuteness, a reckless, devil-may-care hardihood observable in most reform school graduates that at once stamps them as quite distinct from ordinary "green" boys.

In Europe the Dutch have already come to a realization of the evil effects inseparable from institutionalism, of the "herding" system so much in vogue here in the treatment of somewhat wild, or by their parents neglected and mistrained children. Instead of crowding them together in vast, sham reformatories, where they can mutually instruct, encourage and emulate each other in various kinds of devilry, such children, under the care and close supervision of a semi-official charitable society, are now simply removed from their usually bad environments and associates, particularly in two cities, and placed singly in respectable homes in the country, where both the temptation as well as the opportunity for mischief and truancy would be far less; the state, of course, granting a certain sum for their support. The results, it is claimed, are infinitely better than those obtained under the old, unnatural "herding" system, the healthy, normal country life usually soon tending to counteract and overcome the perverse tendencies acquired by evil associations in a bad city environment, and on the whole developing normal human belngs instead of the sophisticated and mentally and morally warped creatures produced by institutionalism.

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Your grocer handles Commander Flour. Manufactured by

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Call or send for information.

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DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. }

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

LACE CURTAINS

Housecleaning time is here again with the same problem to solve, WHERE CAN I SEND MY CURTAINS TO BE CLEANED? If you will send them to us this year we feel sure you will always do so HEREAFTER. Do not hesitate to send your fine Battenberg, Irish Point or fine Brussels Net. We accept the responsibility entirely.

LUTES' LAUNDRY,

808 EAST SECOND STREET. TELEPHONE 447.

2 MORE DAYS ONLY.

Just 2 days more to close out my stock of CARPETS, RUGS, OIL CLOTH, MATTING and DRAPERIES and while it lasts you can have above goods at just one-half off original price.

O. H. Stenberg, 9 E. Superior Street.

SHE GOT EVEN.

Peculiar Tactics Adopted by a Snake Charmer.

Mme. Diavallo, the snake charmer, was sitting on her berth in the freak car engaged in the pleasing pastime of frescoing her pet snake, Clara, says the Chicago Tribune. The madame's snakes, you may as well understand, were large but entirely harmless reptiles of a dingy brown color. In order to enable them to play their part as boa constrictors in the "kid show," which is circus for side show, it was necessary that their dull coats be transformed to a gorgeous yellow and black, and every other day the madame painted them. The madame tried a great many different kinds of paints, but she never could find anything that would wear longer than two days.

"Most of the snakes traveled by themselves in the aninnal car, but Clara was a great pet, and madame always insisted that the big snake should be allowed to ride in the car with her and the rest of us. In the freak car, which had originally started out in life as a plain box car, the sleeping berths were simply long shelves running the whole length of the car, one on either side. The only divisions between the compartments on each shelf were little partitions not more than six inches in height. In front a calleoo curtain hung down on either side.

"Mme. Diavallo's berth was at one end and mine at the other, on the same long shelf. Clara, the pseudo boa constrictor, slept in the aisle at the foot of her mistress' berth.

"On the night I started to tell about I went to bed and to sleep early, leaving the madame still sitting up and lovingly painting yellow and black diamonds on the skin of her amiable Clara. I don't know how many hours later I was awakened by a suffocating weight on my chest. I opened my eyes and there, with a few inches of my face, was the flat head of Clara, the snake, lazily moving to and fro.

"Poor Clara had got cold during the night and had crawled into my berth to warm herself. I lay still and silent for just a second, till half asleep. Then I gave a wild yell and a convulsive heave of my whole body. Dear little Clara went flying out into the aisle and landed on the floor with a thump.

"Instantly the whole freak car was in an awful uproar. Across the aisle Razmataz, the last of the Aztecs, and his wife put their heads out through the curtain and commenced to jabber in a German dialect. Up on a little shelf which had been built specially for him. To-To, the cat-faced boy, began to hiss and spit. And from the other end of the car came a deep bass voice, demanding: 'What's the matter now?'

"The voice was the voice of Mme. Diavallo, for one of her several roles as displayed on the circus bills was that of 'Mlle. Lolsette, the Little Lady with the Voice of Thunder.'

"'I just kicked your — snake out of my berth. That's what's the matter.' I yelled back, for I was younger and less discreet than I am now.

"'You did, did you?' sounded the voice of thunder, and then followed an awful scene. Something huge and terrifying started to crawl and clamber along the shelf toward the end in which I slept, and off the shelf into the aisle jumped Circassian beauties, albino boys, dwarfs and giants, all shrieking in fear and anguish. I thought a lot more of the madame's snakes had got loose and I started to get out of the way myself. But I was too slow. Before I could get up a heavy slipper hit me over the head and that deep bass voice roared: 'You will abuse poor, dear little Clara, will you?'

"It was the madame herself. She seemed to be slightly put out about something. She beat me over the head for about five minutes with her slipper without giving me a chance to answer her question, which she repeated with each blow.

"I forgot to say that two of the madame's other roles were those of the Lady with the Biggest Feet in the World and the Beautiful Female Hercules. So you can see what chance I had.

"When the Female Hercules had got through she quit. Then I and the freaks—I was not a freak, please remember—quieted down and tried to get a little sleep before we pulled into Merrill, Wis., which was the next place we showed at.

"In the morning, strangely enough, Mme. Diavallo still seemed to be slightly peevish toward me. That was awkward, because in the big show the madame and I doubled up and did a brother and sister act 'in the air.' It was the madame's job to hang by her knees from one trapeze and mine to swing by my knees from another. Then, when the ringmaster cracked his whip, I was supposed to let go my hold with my knees, fly through the air like a bird, and catch the madame by the wrists with my hands, while the freaks who doubled in brass in the band all played their loudest music and everybody else made as much noise as possible.

"I say the situation was awkward because the ringmaster was dreadfully in love with Mme. Diavallo, and I fully realized that by cracking his whip at the wrong moment he could make it extremely awkward for me. And even that wasn't the worst. You see, the ringmaster was a perfect artist with his long whip. As I had occasion to know, he could stand directly under a performer who was hanging by his toes from a trapeze and, giving an apparently casual snap of his whip, cut a hole right through the tights of the man hanging overhead and on through the hide of the aforesaid.

"I feared that Mme Diavallo would tell her lover that she had a grouch against me and that he would revenge her when it came my turn to hang suspended in the air directly over him. I was not disappointed.

"Never shall I forget that afternoon in Merrill. Mme. Diavallo and I had two turns, both in the air. One was billed as 'The Leap for Life,' the other as 'The Slide to Safety.' The one I have last mentioned came first. I was up there, thirty feet above, hanging by my ears or by some other portion of my anatomy—I have forgotten exactly what—when that ringmaster took his place directly under me. Then he looked over at the reserved seats and cracked his long whip. I could feel the lash cutting right through to the bone, and I slid in a hurry. When the act was over and I had got down to the ground I walked quietly up to the ringmaster and poured defiance into his ear.

"'If you ever take a crack at me again,' I hissed, 'I'll drop on you and kill you.'

"He answered by swinging the whip and catching me around the legs with it, to the great delight of the audience, which imagined that I was also employed to play the part of a clown, I suppose.

"Well, the madame and I came on twenty minutes later to do our grand 'Leap for Life,' which was the climax of the circus. The minute I started to swinging back and forth on my trapeze in preparation for the leap I saw that the two of them had planned to 'do me.' The madame hung down by her knees and made awful faces at me, and drew up her hands out of my way as muclas to say that I wouldn't find her wrists there when I tried to catch them. Then, finally, the ringmaster got straight under me and cracked his whip. The lash caught me fairly and I could hardly resist a yell of agony. At the same time I remembered my threat. They had apparently plotted to kill me anyhow, and I thought I might as well die game. Just as the lash caught me I let go of the swinging trapeze and dropped. I struck exactly on top of that ringmaster and crushed him to the ground. I was not hurt a particle. Both of his arms were broken and he had internal injuries which kept him in the hospital for nearly a year.

"I escaped in the confusion which followed, and left the circus business for good and all. Since then I've been an actor. The ringmaster? Oh, he's been the best friend I have in the world ever since. I saw him only the other day. He's living over on the West Side.

"'Think my boy, what you saved me from,' he said, when I shook hands with him the last time. 'But for you I should now be the husband of Mme. Diavallo. What are a few broken bones compared to that?'"

READY FOR THE FRAY

Police Organize Their Baseball Team For Summer Campaign.

The Duluth baseball team can now betake itself to the tall uncut. Its sun is eclipsed. Its star of destiny is declining from the zenith of popular favor. Its doom is sealed. In short, it has seen its finish.

The cause of all this disaster is the appearance in the arena of amateur sport of the "Coppers' Baseball club."

We have the greatest aggregation of scintillating attractions ever gathered together under one canvas," said Capt. Resche, as he addressed the husky candidates for the team. "It will be the palladium of perfection, the quintessence of all that is desirable in the great national game. When our exponents of the manly sport are turned loose upon the diamond you will see some stunts that have seldom been equaled, and never surpassed, in this Zenith City of the Unsalted Seas.

"To me there falls the ex-officio position of mascot of this bunch. Gentlemen the honor is overwhelming. But I can accept with pleasure, and if you can't whip Superior I will resign after the first game and decamp with the receipts."

The bloodhounds are to be home from college in time to chase the balls. They have been given special training along this line and when the outfielders fall asleep in the shade of the fence the pups will take their positions in the outfield.

The first performance is due some time next week. It will be given behind closed gates, and none but the intimate friends of the department will be admitted to the weird ceremonies which will take place on that occasion. After the parts have been thoroughly hearsed the coppers will be turned loose on the Superior team and the result is certain. It will be a victory for the team that is least ignorant of the first rudiments of the game.

EDDIE FAY HELD TO THE GRAND JURY.

Chicago, May 2.—"Eddy" Fay, the alleged postoffice thief, was today held to the federal grand jury at Madison, Wis., in $10,000 bonds by United States Commissioner Foote. Fay is charged with being implicated in the robbery of the postoffice at Superior, Wis.

The North-Western Line.

The new equipmbent announced to be placed in service on "The North-Western Line" between Duiuth and Chicago, will not take place until May 9th, the management having been disappointed in getting cars ready for May 1st.

THE BEST LIGHT COSTS NO MORE THAN THE OTHER KIND. . . . . .

Electric light is cleaner, safer, better.

Do you use it?

Duluth General Electric Co.

216 West Superior St.

LOSE THEIR ALL

Alexander Ericsson's Little Farm Home Near Duluth Burns.

Parents and Six Small Children Lose Everything They Own.

The family of Alexander Ericsson, a settler on the Howard-Gnesen county road, was compelled to sleep in the barn Sunday night, on account of a disastrous fire which broke out in his home on Sunday morning and completely destroyed the house and all of its contents.

Ericsson has six small children, the eldest of whom is only 10 years of age, while the youngest is almost four months. Sunday morning the father came to the city, and the mother was engaged in milking the cow and attending to the wants of the chickens, when she noticed smoke issuing from the windows. She ran back into the house and just had time to rescue the children from being smothered by the smoke. There was no time to save any of the furniture or clothing, as the frame building burned like tinder, and there was nothing to check the progress of the flames. The mother had to watch while her home burned to the ground, with all the earthly belongings of the family.

When the father returned home from the city he found his home a mass of smoking ruins and his wife and children with no building to shelter them from the weather.

All of the savings of Mr. Ericson, amounting to about $50, were in one of the upper rooms and the money was destroyed by the flames. The only property saved was a horse and a cow.

Ericsson hopes to earn enough with the horse to save his family from starvation while he endeavors to get another house to take them to. The building was on leased property, which Ericsson was cultivating a garden.

Meanwhile the family is without the necessaries of life. The father appealed to Humane Agent Withrow for aid this morning. Mr. Withrow discovered a charitably disposed person who was willing to furnish the family with a bed, and he is attempting to secure some clothing for the children. All of the warm clothing contributed to the humane society during the winter months has been distributed, and the officer has made no attempt to secure more, as during the summer months there are no calls for it.

The father has made arrangements for the temporary shelter of his family while he endeavors to earn a little ready money to purchase food and other household necessities.

ENGINEERS ARE NAMED

Chief Engineer Smith of Pittsburg Fleet Names Them.

F. B. Smith, chief engineer of the Pittsburg Steamship company, has appointed the following engineers of the company's fleet: Bessemer, A. C. Haig; Black, J. Hegemier; Bunson, J. F. Wood; Cornell, A. L. Eggert; Crescent City, F. Marshall; Eads, W. J. Harzant; Edenborn, E. S. Stoddard; Ellwood, G. C. Lawrence; Empire City, F. Mansfield; Ericson, A. P. Williams; Fairbairn, D. H. Black; Fulton, Geo. Arnold; Gates, J. W. Greiner; Harvard, C. H. Burke; Hill, F. Schwartz; Houghton, J. W. McEachern; Lafayette, L. Walder, Linn, H. Dupont; Maritana, C. A. Fletcher, Mariposa, E. A. Learenc; Maricopa, F. A. Smith; Matafa, William Mast; Maunaloa, F. Harringer; Malletoa, T. Treleaven; McDougall, Fred Warning; Morse, E. W. Fox; Murphy, Henry Annett; Poe, W. L. Campbell; Princeton, M. Toner; Queen City, F. G. Carey; Renssalaer, J. Dupont; Rockefeller, Thomas Kelley; Shaw, E. J. Fitzgerald; Siemens, D. McVicar; Stephenson, S. W. Armstrong; Superior City, William Densmore; Van Hise, John McLaughlin; Watt, A. W. Armson; Zenith City, A. Jackson.

The list shows some changes from last year, but not many of any consequence. The list of captains will probably be announced in a few days.

SEEDING IN PROGRESS.

No Cause For Alarm About Northwest.

A. L. Miller of St. Thomas, was on the board of trade today and said that seeding in his county will be in full progress this week. The county of Pembina in which he lives is one of the dryest and it is not much more than dry enough for seeding. Mr. Miller says there is plenty of time to get seed in and that despite the alarm that has been created about late seeding, it is now ahad of a recent date as two years ago. The acreage in his vicinity will not be reduced to any extent by the lateness of the season for none of the farmers are doubtful about the ripening of their crop before frost. The flax acreage will be considerably less, however, for the farmers have been gradually going out of it.

JUDGE MARTIN ACTS AS COUNSEL FOR AMES.

Minneapolis, May 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Frank M. Nye, of Minneapolis, and Judge J. M. Martin, of Virginia, Minn., today in the Hennepin county district court, exchanged places as counsel for Dr. A. A. Ames, to be tried for the second time on thec harge of accepting a bribe.

Judge Martin addressed the court and stated that he wished to interpose a plea of former jeopardy and with the court's permission would present the plea in writing tomorrow morning, and asked one day's more time.

Thereupon the case was ordered postponed until tomorrow.

SCHLITZ The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous—

Duluth Branch, 35 E. Railroad St.

'Phone—Zenith 358.

CITY BRIEFS.

Plant sweet peas. Buy seed of Seekins.

The young people of the Endion M. E. church will have charge of the meeting at the Star of Hope mission this evening at 8 o'clock. Rev. C. T. Davis, of Lester Park, will preach the sermon.

Articles incorporating the Duluth-Alaska Exploration company have been filed with the county register of deeds by Edwin Ward, L. H. Merritt and W. A. Eaton. The company is capitalized at $20,000.

Word was received in Duluth last evening of the death of Mrs. C. E. Dickerman in Vosburg, Miss. Mrs. Dickerman was the mother of Gilbert G. Dickerman of this city and the wife of C. E. Dickerman of Stil Paul. The cause of the death was heart failure. She leaves four sons and a daughter, all of whom live in St. Paul, with the exception of Gilbert G. Dickerman.

Mrs. Marie Albino Millman, nee Thatcher, and William H. Clairmont, have been united in marriage by Probate Judge J. B. Middlecoff. Mr. and Mrs. Clairmont have gone to St. Paul to reside.

Full citizenship papers were issued by the clerk of district court this morning to Rev. John Sroka and Nils Emil Johnson.

E. E. Price has brought suit in district court against Martin Bros. and others to recover $121.42 for an enforcement of a lien on cedar products cut in township 55-16. Mr. Price claims to have been assigned several labor claims aggregating the amount asked for in judgment.

The California Restaurant company wishes to announce that it is in no way connected with the Ohio restaurant or any restaurant other than the California.

The Duluth Heights baseball team defeated the Millers yesterday afternoon by the score of 35 to 9, on the grounds at Thirty-second avenue West. Irvine and Menelce pitched for the Heights and they proved a complete mystery to the opposing batsmen.

The body of Joseph E. Menaige was shipped to St. Clair, Minn., Saturday evening, for burial.

Dr. Phelan has removed his offices to rooms 204-6-8 New Jersey building.

Court Eastern Star No. 86, U. O. E., will meet tomorrow evening at Hunter hall for the purpose of electing seven delegates to the high court, which meets here June 7.

The Garfield Republican club will meet at Kalamazoo hall tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.

Louis LaSalle, Albert LaSalle and Oliver Burrell reports catching 36 trout, ranging from 6 to 9 inches in length, in Miller's creek yesterday.

The body of Oscar Erickson, the man who was found drowned about fifty miles from Duluth on the Great Northern road Friday morning, has been identified. He has a brother living in Duluth, named John Lindahl, a bartender at 13 East Superior street. The body has been placed in the vault at Park Hill cemetery.

Thirty-nine lumbermen's liens against various concerns were filed with the clerk of the district court Saturday. The amounts representing labor claims run all the way from $20 to over $100.

John A. Barron, president of the Typographical union, No. 136, at a meeting of the union held at Kalamazoo hall yesterday, was nominated as a delegate to attend the international convention of typos at St. Louis in August. The choosing of delegates will occur May 18, and as Mr. Barron has no opposition as a nominee, his election is assured.

When you buy a White Machine you can have vibrator or rotary shuttles, lock or chain stitch.

Owing to our rapid increase in business we were obliged to rent larger store after May 1. We will be at 106 West Superior street, next 10-cent store. White Sewing Machine company.

PERSONAL.

R. F. Murphy, who for the past eighteen months has been connected with the Marshall-Wells Hardware company, left for Forest Lake, Minn., today to engage in business for himself.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Desmond will leave tomorrow for a three months' visit to Chatham, N. B., their old home.

Mrs. Frank A. Barber and son left last evening for Barton, Wis., to spend the summer.

Mrs. eGorge S. Richards has returned from a three weeks' visit in Minneapolis.

Dwight E. Woodbridge has returned from a six weeks' visit in the copper mining districts of Arizona and California.

President T. F. Cole, of the Oliver Iron Mining company goes East tonight.

E. Z. Williams leaves this evening for Chicago.

W. C. Brown is going to Marquette tonight.

Captain Singer goes to Chicago this evening.

H. B. Sturtevant was a Chicago passenger today.

Thomas Campbell and daughter leave tonight for Barrie, Ont.

Mrs. Mark Baldwin goes tonight to Chicago.

Captain Charles Trezona came down today from Ely and registered at the St. Louis for dinner.

Mrs. Ann Devine, of Chippewa Falls, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Allen McDonnell, of 128 East Superior street, returned to her home this morning.

WORLD'S FAIR STAMPS.

Postoffice Receives the St. Louis Issue.

A special series of stamps in five denominations, to commemorate the Louisiana purchase of 1803, and known as the commemorative series of 1904, have been received at the Duluth postoffice. They were put on sale for the first time today. They wil be sold until December 1, 1904.

These stamps will not entirely displace the ordinary variety, but will be sold only when asked for. In a metropolitan office the size of the one in Duluth there are so many things for the men at the stamp window to attend to that the new stamps, which are about double the size of the usual two-cent kind, being hard to handle rapidly, make much more work than the old.

From the stamp collector's standpoint, the new issue is all that could be desired, for the bits of colored paper are arranged very artistically. Their denominations and subjects are as follows:

One-cent, green; subject, Robert R. Livingston, United States minister to France, who conducted the negotiations for the Louisiana purchase.

Two-cent, red: Thomas Jefferson, president of the United States at the time of the purchase.

Three-cent, purple: James Monroe, special ambassador to France in the matter of the purchase, who with Livingston closed the negotiations.

Five-cent, Blue: William McKinley, who, as president of the United States, approved the acts of congress officially connecting the United States government with the commemorative exposition.

Ten-cent, brown: United States map, showing the territory of the purchase.

This series of stamps will not be issued in book form, and there will be no commemorative issue of stamped envelopes, newspaper wrappers, postal cards, specnal delivery or due stamps.

Terrible plagues, those itching, pestering diseases of the skin. Put an end to misery, Doan's Ointment cures. At any drug store.

IS QUICKLY OVER

Sheet Metal Workers, Numbering Thirty-Five, Have One Day Strike.

Finally Drop Objectionable Clause In Agreement Submitted.

Members of the Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers' union, No. 32, to the number of about thirty-five, this morning inaugurated a one-day strike. When their employes refused to sign the yearly agreement, as drawn up and submitted, they walked out and declared they would not return to work until the paper was signed. Wiser council prevailed, however, and the most objectionable clause, that boycotting the Marshall-Wells Hardware company for employing non-union men in its sheet metal working department, was stricken out. Other slight modifications were made, and by noon all the bosses had signed the agreement with the exception of Burrell & Harmon. It is understood, however, that this firm will sign late this afternoon, and that their eighteen men will return to work tomorrow. No opportunity to offer the new agreement to the management had presetned itself up to an early hour this afternoon.

The force at the L. R. Helbing cornice and roofing works returned to work this noon, and the sheet metal workers who walked out at the Duluth Corrugated Iron company's works will return to work tomorrow morning.

The men did not ask for an increase in wages. They desired the same wage scale as last year, but wanted fewer apprentices and helpers. They asked the bosses to agree to handle no material whatever from the Marshall-Wells Co. This last clause is what was objected to more than any other, and some of the bosses were so emphatic as to state that they would go out of business before they would sign an agreement containing a provision such as this, which they characterized being unreasonable and unfair.

It is claimed that the hardware firm pays as high wages as are obtained by the union men, but refuses to run a strictly union shop. The work they do in this line, it is said, does not in the least interfere with that of the other firms in the city, for nearly all of it is on hardware going to outside points.

The agreement provided for one helper to every three men, and one apprentice to every six men. This part has been changed so as to provide for one helper to every two men and one apprentice to eveary three men, or fraction thereof.

Thet hreatened trouble between the Cooks and Waiters' union and their employers has been averted by both sides signing an agreement similar to the one in force last year.

THE WILDER BEQUEST VALID

Court Decides Against Eleven Nieces and Nephews.

St. Paul, May 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Judge Bunn, of the Ramsey county district court, today decided that the clause in the will of the late Mrs. Fanny S. Wilder, widow of Amherst H. Wilder, creating a trust fund "for the worthy poor," is valid.

GROWING OF DATES.

A Phoenix, Ariz. letter says: It was by a curious accident that the first date trees were grown here. One of the pioneer residents of the Salt River Valley was visiting in San Francisco 20 years ago. One evening some imported dates were passed around at a social gathering at which he was a guest.

The pulpy disposition or the date pits bothered him for a few minutes, until he decided not to swallow them or throw them on the carpet, but to put them in his pocket. When he returned to Phoenix some weeks later his wife discovered the date pits reposing in the coat pocket where he had placed them. When she was told what they were and how they came to be there she was inspired to plant them to see if they would grow.

With no idea that fruit would ever come of it, the date pits were planted and carefully tended. As was natural in an irrigated country, the planting was done along a ditch through which water was distributed from the canal to the thirsty land. The seeds sprouted and the sprouts grew. Years went by and the palms increased in size, until finally they blossomed.

By this time the owners had become enough interested to seek all the available information on date culture. It was found that in their native country the date trees have a distinct sex, and unless the blossoms are properly pollenized they will not mature perfect fruit. Ordinarily the male trees grow wild, as they are too common to be kept in the cultivated orchards. When the female trees are in blossom a bloom from the male tree is sought, cut off and hung in the other tree, where the breezes and bees transfer the pollen to the other blossoms. The result is the perfect fruit of commerce.

Luckily for the Phoenix experiment, there were both male and female trees among those which grew from the pits, and it was an easy matter to pollenize the blossoms so that good fruit was matured. Before the trees came into bearing they put forth suckers or shoots sprouting from the stem. These were removed and planted, preferably in a circle about the parent tree, so that the good varieties were readily distinguished and the poor ones allowed to die out. One of the original trees was removed, several years from the spot where it had made its first six or seven years' growth, and aside from a setback of one year in bearing fruit, it is now flourishing as well as any. In all this original orchard now contains about 25 trees of all ages, and all sprung from the original seeds.

The blossoms are sent off from below the oldest leaves on the tree, and as the fruit forms it looks like the ordinary green picked olive. From the broad, fleshy stem hang two score or more of slender but tough straw-like stems, on which the dates grow thickly from all sides. When the fruit is removed the stem is called a broom, and it looks not unlike that common household article. As the dates go on toward maturity they become heavier, until the stem is bent downward in a curve and the straws hang straight down with their burden of fruit.

First a golden yellow, and finally a light brown, the dates ripen and the flavor of the date fresh from the tree is as different from that of the dried article of commerce as is the fresh grape from the raisin.

Some of the bunches of dates attain a weight of 40 to 50 pounds, and a half dozen may grow on a tree. It is common for a tree to bear 100 pounds of fruit in a season. Ordinarily the trees bear fruit every other year, although some are known to bear every year, with an occasional exception.

It has been said of the date tree that it "must have its head in the fire and its roots in the water," or, in other words, be grown in an arid region with little rainfall, but with an abundance of moisture at the roots. These conditions are found in the Salt River valley, and for that reason the government has established an experimental farm of 10 acres here, devoted exclusively to date palm culture. As the dates do not grow true to seed, following the habits of other fruits in that respect, it has been found more satisfactory to grow the palms from suckers.

These were brought from Arabia, planted, and now some of the varieties are maturing fruit. As there are only a limited number of suckers from each tree, in order to establish the date growing industry on a large scale it will be necessary to import large numbers of the suckers. This cannot be done with success until the experiments now being carried on show which varieties will do best in their new environment.

In the case of seedling trees the plants may be cultivated for several years, until they blossom, before it can be determined to which sex they belong, and then the variety may not be a good one. The sex of a sucker is the same as the plant from which it is taken, so that once the desirable variety is determined it is only a question of removing the suckers and planting them in order to perpetuate it.

The number of times in a year that a man uses The Herald's Want Columns is an idea to his interests and activities.

It pays to advertise in The Herald. Ask Dr. Boyce.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Nels J. M. Brink, of Carlton county, and Augusta Maria Hoglen.

BIRTHS.

PARCHEM—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Axel Parchem, of 11 Twenty-fifth avenue west, April 29.

GROSS—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius D. Gross, of 2025 West Superior street, April 20.

MATTHESON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank O. Matthe'son, of 128 Sixty-first avenue west, April 25.

SHORE—Twin daughters were born to Mr. and Mrs. Max S. Shore, of 402 North Fifty-eighth avenue west. April 24.

HILL—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Eric Hill, of 618 Wasecа street, April 20.

ERICSSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Lars M. Ericsson, of 1516 East Fourth street, April 30.

DEATHS.

PETERSON—Ole Peterson, aged 75 years, died last evening at his home, No. 9 Twelfth avenue west, of old age. The funeral will be held Wednesday afternoon and interment will be made in Park Hill cemetery.

ERICSSON—Lizzie Ericsson, aged 11 years, died at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chris Ericson, 1308 West Superior street, Saturday night. The funeral will be held Thursday and interment made in Park Hill cemetery.

BUILDING PERMITS.

John Anderson, frame dwelling on Piedmont avenue between Twenty-first and Twenty-second avenues west, to cost.....$ 2,300

Fred Gettkowski, brick dwelling on Fifth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues east, to cost..... 4,000

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR RENT—LARGE, FURNISHED, front room. 323 West Fourth street.

LOST—ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON, in the Empire bowling alley, a gold locket with monogram "E. H. M." Finder will be rewarded upon return to proprietor of alley.

FOR RENT—ROOMS, AT 222 WEST Fourth street.

WANTED TO BUY—SECOND-HAND reclining go-cart. 408 East Fourth street.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO DO JANITOR work for tuition. Apply Duluth Business University.

THURSDAY NIGHT DANCING CLUB

Will give their opening dance on May 5 at Lincoln Park. Blewett's Orchestra of four pieces. Tickets 50c—ladies free.

☞ Committee in attendance to introduce our strangers.

REMODELING!

This is the season when you contemplate remodeling your premises.

Your plans should include

Wiring for Electric Lights

We Furnish FREE OF COST.

Our representative will call at any time to give you information and make estimates.

Duluth General Electric Co.

216 West Superior St.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO

The Redfern Models

constitute the aristocracy of corsetdom. Carefully as other makes (try to) ape their high-bred characteristics, they remain in a class by themselves.

REDFERN style is inimitable; it is bred in the bone—genuine Greenland Whalebone.

Born to the purple, the children of the brain of the REDFERN designer, they show forth their aristocratic origin in every feature. Their grace, their distinguished outline, their daintiness — all bespeak this.

Redfern Corsets are equipped with hose-supporters of superior quality webbing and the famous "SECURITY" button and loop.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Sole Agents.

The North-Western Line.

The new equipment announced to be placed in service on "The North-Western Line" between Duiuth and Chicago, will not take place until May 9th, the management having been disappointed in getting cars ready for May 1st.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P. M.	A. M.	STATIONS	A. M.	P. M.
3:50	7:40	Lv..Duluth..Ar	10:30	3:40
4:05	7:55	Lv.57thAv.W.Lv	10:15	3:25
4:20	8:15	Lv..Proctor..Lv	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Ar.Ir'n J'nct'n Lv	8:01	1:13
....	10:40	Ar. M't'n.Iron.Lv	.....	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar.. Virginia ..Lv	6:55	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar..Eveleth ..Lv	7:42	12:57
....	10:56	Ar.. Sparta..Lv	.....	12:34
....	11:20	Ar..Biwabik..Lv	.....	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar..Hibbing..Lv	7:15	12:27

Daily except Sunday.

Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry. for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS	M.	P. M
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	6:30
11:53	7:35	Lv.....Virginia.....Lv	7:55	2:30
11:55	7:40	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	7:50	2:35
12:20	8:10	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:15	1:55
P.M.	P.M.	Daily, except Sundays.	P. M.	P. M

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave			Arrive
† 6:20 a.m.	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	† 9:25 p.m.	
† 3:45 p.m.		† 2:00 p.m.	
*11:15 p.m.		* 6:10 a.m.	
† 8:45 a.m.	Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast,	† 6:30 p.m.	
* 8:15 p.m.		* 7:10 a.m.	
† 2:20 p.m.	Swan River, Hibbing, Virginia	†12:20 p.m.	
† 6:20 a.m.	St. Cloud, Wilmar and Soo City	† 9:25 p.m.	

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday

Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44

All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m.	Lv. North Country Mail	Ar. *8:55 a.m.
	All Points East.	
†7:45 a.m.	Lv. LOCAL	Ar. †8:00 p.m.
	Marquette and Copper Country.	

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m.	Ashland and East	*†11:15 a.m.
† 8:00 a.m.	Ashland and East	† 6:55 p.m.
* 7:30 p.m.	Minn. and Dakota Express	* 7:55 a.m.
* 8:40 a.m.	North Coast Limited	* 4:55 p.m.
Leave	'Duluth Short Line."	Arrive
† 9:00 a.m.	ST. PAUL	* 6:30 a.m.
* 1:55 p.m.		† 2:10 p.m.
*11:10 p.m.	MINNEAPOLIS	† 7:00 p.m.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m.	St. Paul. Minneapolis	*3:20 p.m.
*4:00 p.m.	Twilight Limited	*9:45 p.m.
*5:30 p.m.	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:45 a.m.
*5:30 p.m.	Appleton	*10:45 a.m.
*5:30 p.m.	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac.	*10:45 a.m.
*5:30 p.m.	FAST MAIL	*10:45 a.m.

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

PATENTS OBTAINED for INVENTORS. J. T. Watson, specialist. Palladio bldg.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of six hundred and seven and 67-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Benjamin Torvund and Rikka Torvund, his wife, mortgagors, to Gertrude F. Allen, mortgagee, bearing date the 29th day of November, 1893, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 6th day of December, 1893, at 9:30 oclock a. m., in Book 104 of Mortgages, on page 129.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Gertrude F. Allen, mortgagee, to Marcus F Bates, by written assignment dated the 23rd day of May, 1902, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 29th day of May, 1902, at one o'clock p. m., in Book 188 of Mortgages, on page 28, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.: Lot seven (7), block one hundred and twenty (120), London addition to Duluth, acording to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 14th day of June, 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred and seven and 67-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 2, A. D. 1904.

MARCUS F. BATES, Assignee of Mortgagee.

R. R. BRIGGS, Attorney for Assignee.

Duluth Evening Herald—May 2-9-16-23-30 June 6

Oxford Waistings and Suitings at Half Price!

Another day of great selling—5000 yards of regular 25c kinds going at 12½c.

The cold, backward season made it necessary for the manufacturer to part with these at a loss. We were on the spot with a cash offer so low that we are able to pass them on to you at half the regular selling price. Crowds have attended today—be one of them tomorrow—it's a bona fide bargain that you can't duplicate.

12½c HANDSOME OXFORD CORDS, FOR SHIRT WAIST SUITS—Dainty grounds of white, green, blue, pink—with dashes of contrasting color in polka dots, Persian stripes and dainty floral designs—you can't duplicate them anywhere at less than 25c—choice of any pattern at **12½c**

Great May Sale of Floor and Wall Curtains, Linens, Housefurnishings. Bargains worth while

Floor Coverings and Curtains.

A GREAT ANNUAL MAY SALE.

Time goes on apace, and the homefitters' needs are growing. Have you everything? There's more of "home sunshine" in completeness than you could imagine. Monday we commenced our annual May sale, being a timely occasion for saving on the needed things. These prices for Tuesday and Wednesday:

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS CARPET—without borders: pretty assortment of patterns, regular price 60c—May sale per yard..... **50c**

FINE ALL-WOOL INGRAINS—2-ply—excellent assortment of patterns and colorings: none better at 75c; your choice for the May sale, per yard..... **65c**

EXTRA HEAVY CHINA MATTING—standard quality that sells always at 35c—for the May sale, special a yard..... **25c**

LINOLEUM — Heavy quality; large range of new patterns—regular 60c kind for the May sale, per yard..... **45c**

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS RUGS—Size 6x9; handsome line of colorings; regular price $8.50 May sale price..... **$6.75**

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS RUGS—Size 9x9; new effects and colorings—regular price $12.50 —May sale price, each. **$11.00**

Curtains and Draperies.

DOTTED SWISS MUSLINS—Short lengths, 5 to 15 yards—splendid for bedroom curtains; 12½c kinds—for the May sale per yard..... **9c**

FINE BRUSSELS NET CURTAINS—beautiful curtains for parlor; $10 values, for the May sale, per pair..... **$8.50**

We are showing our new line of fine novelty curtains, real Arabian and the point lace, also the largest and most complete assortment of drapery goods during this May sale.

Freimuth's

May Sale of Wall Paper.

6¼c FOR BEDROOM PAPERS—Another lot of those popular 12c and 15c patterns that were snapped up so quickly Friday—this time we've 75 full bundles to offer at—per roll..... **6¼c**

10c FOR HALL PAPERS—worth up to 25c—18-inch blended borders to match—45 patterns to choose from—for tomorrow only—they go at—per roll..... **10c**

17½c FOR SPECIAL EFFECTS in two-toned stripes—Denim effects tapestry and burlap grounds, worth up to 40c, at **17½c**

May Sale of Linens.

Attention Housekeepers, Restaurant and Hotel Proprietors!

See us this week on linens. We'll make it an object to you to buy table cloths and napkins, whether you need them or not. You know we handle exclusively the best linens on earth. They are made by William Liddell & Co., Belfast, Ireland. The cut we intend to make on these famous linens will net you an average saving of at least 25 per cent. We quote a few. Come and see the others:

49c FOR 65c TABLE DAMask—cream, Irish linen, 2 yards wide, assorted patterns.

69c FOR 90c BLEACHED TAble damask—66 to 70 inches wide; every thread pure flax; will launder smoothly; satin finish; we defy comparison on this bargain.

67½c FOR 85c TABLE DAMask, half bleached— 72-inches wide; pure linen; match it if you can.

$1.45 FOR $1.75 AND $2.00 half bleached double damask; two yards wide, this lot cannot fail to appeal to our good housekeepers of Duluth.

95c FOR $1.25 BLEACHED table damask; 72 inches wide; this is our well-known brand sold every day at the latter price.

$1.67½ FOR $2 BLEACHed double damask, 2 yards wide; exquisite designs; perfect in weave and finish; some of the world's best products.

SETS REDUCED.

$1.29 FOR $1.75 BLEACHed and unbleached, 5-8 Damask Napkins; every thread linen; assorted patterns; a genuine snap.

$1.78 FOR $2.25 AND $2.50 Bleached and half-bleached 5-8 Damask Napkins, all linen; cannot fail to please.

Freimuth's

JAPS DEFEAT RUSSIANS

(Continued from First Page.)

cleared to extend from Chiu Tien Cheng through the village of Makao to Koshoki, a distance of three and a quarter miles.

The Russians resumed their bombardment on Thursday, but it was generally ineffectual. Subsequently Gen. Kuroki ordered two companies of the Imperial Guards to cross the Yalu and make a reconnaissance along the left bank of the Iho for the purpose of discovering the character of the Russian fortifications along the heights on the right bank of the river. The Japanese froce advanced toward Kossan and then dispatched a small detachment to the village, where a party of Russians was encountered. In the engagement which followed, five Russians were killed. The Russians shelled the reconnoitering party from an emplacement in the hills in the southeast part of Yoshoko. This fire was without effect.

The Russian artillery on the hill behind Chiu Tein Cheng, firing at a high angle, opened on Wiju, the island of Kurito and Seikodo, to the south of Wiju, where some Japanese batteries had taken position. This firing continued into Thursday night and General Kuroki reports that while it was ineffective. it disturbed his preparations for an attack. The Russians resumed the shelling of Wiju on Friday, but the Japanese guns did not reply.

The twelfth division of the Japanese army was chosen to make the first crossing of the Yalu. It began its preparations on Friday by driving the Russians from their position on the bank of the river, opposite Suikochin, which is eight miles above Wiju and the point selected for the crossing.

This division constructed a pontoon bridge over the river and at 3 o'clock Saturday morning it began crossing. The entire division passed over the river during the day and by 6 o'clock Saturday evening it was in the position assigned to it for the battle of Sunday.

The movement of the twelfth Japanese division was covered by the second regiment of field artillery and an artillery regiment of heavy guns.

At twenty minutes to 11 o'clock Saturday morning, the Russian artillery posted to the north and to the east of Chiu Tein Cheng began shelling the patrols of Japanese infantry which had been dispatched from Kinteito island to Chisodai, another island north of Kinteito and unde: Chiu Tein Cheng. The Japanese batteries replied to this shelling and silenced the Russian fire. Later eight Russian guns, posted on a hill to the east of the village of Makao opened upon the imperial guards. To this shelling the Japanese artillery to the east of Wiju responded and the Russians ceased firing.

Then both the Chiu Tein Cheng and the Makato batteries reopened and this fire brought a vigorous response from the chain of Japanese batteries on the Korean side of the river. The Russian guns fired for two hours before they were silenced. In his report Gen. Kuroki expresses the belief that his shelling was very effective against the Russians.

The Japanese losses in the bombardments of Saturday were two men killed and five officers and twenty-two men wounded. A flotilla of gunboats from the squadron of Admiral Hosoya participated in the fighting of Saturday. It encountered a mixed force of Russian infantry, cavalry and artillery on the Manchurian bank of the Yalu below Antung, and after a sharp fight scattered them to the hills.

WASHINGTON HEARS

Of the Japanese Victory on the Yalu.

Washington, May 2.—The Japanese legation here today received the following official cablegram from Tokio.

"Gen. Kuroki, commanding the First army, reports from Chiu Lien Chang that on May 1, the second and twelfth divisions and the imperial guard, forming the first army corps, advanced, notwithstanding stout resistance on the part of the enemy by three roads, driving the enemy before them, and at 8 p. m., occupied a line extending from Antung to Liushu Kon. The imperial guards surrounded the enemy on three sides, and after a severe fight captured twenty guns with horses and carriages, and more than twenty officers and many men. The general reserve corps advanced by the Liao Yang road. The enemy was composed of the whole third division, and twenty-second and twenty-fourth regiments of the Sixth infantry division of sharpshooters and Gen. Mischenmo's cavalry brigade, with about forty guns and eight machine guns. The enemy fled toward Feng Huan Cheng. Our casualties will not exceed at most 700. Twenty-eight quick firing guns and large quantities of small arms and ammunition were captured. Our heavy field guns were very effective. A Russian officer who was taken prisoner says that both of the commanders of the army corps and the division were wounded and that the Russian casualties exceed 800.

"Admiral Kaminura's fleet arrived at Gengan on the 26th of April, without having effected the intended bombardment of Vladivostok, owing to the thick fog continually prevailing. Learning that the Kinshu Maru was overdue, the fleet left port on the 27th in search of the steamer and again proceeded near to Vladivostok, but the incessant fog prevented any further operations and the fleet returned to Gensan."

TO CONTINUE RETREAT.

Russians Will Fall Back Before Japs For Present.

St. Petersburg, May 2.—At 2 p. m. today the Associated Press was informed that beyond the fact of the retreat of the Russians before the overwhelming superiority of the Japanese on the Yalu river, no details have been received since the report of Gen. Sassulitch, commander of the Second Siberian army corps, yesterday, of the retirement from Kulien Cheng to Antung. It is quite possible that the loss on both sides in the week's fighting may reach the figures given by the Japanese, as the reserves were not brought up to support the Russian position at Kulien Cheng, where the fighting was the heaviest. The Russians made a special effort to hold as long as possible the heights of Cho San, on an island opposite Kulien Cheng, whence their guns commanded a considerable stretch of river to the south, but a Japanese battery on a hill above Wiju dominated the position, which the Russians eventually were forced to relinquish, thus losing the key to the river.

The desperate character of the struggle there may have been due to the necessity for gaining time for the withdrawal of the Russian detachments above and below.

Gen. Sassulitch was in command of the entire force on the Yalu, which extended along a front of over thirty miles, with reserve supports fifteen miles back.

The whole, according to the best information obtainable, did not exceed 17,000 men. What was the actual force engaged is not known at present, though probably it was not more than 5000 men, if it was so large.

No confirmation has yet been received of the reported capture of twenty-eight Russian quick fire guns, or of the wounding of Gen. Sassulitch and Gen. Kashalinsky, the latter in command of the Third division, East Siberian troops, at the Yalu river, or the burning of Antung. It is confirmed that a village of thatched huts was set on fire by a shell.

The statement that the Russians have fallen back as far as Feng Wang Cheng, is declared to be untrue. The advance this force on hand will continue to retire before the main army of the enemy, according to the Russian program, but it will keep in constant touch with the enemy and skirmishing of a more or less serious character is expected, as Gen. Kuropatkin advances.

RUSSIAN WARSHIP AGROUND.

St. Petersburg, May 2.—The new Russian battleship Orel, to which the finishing touches are being put, ran aground on a sandbank in the Neva yesterday. As difficulty is anticipated in refloating her, the ice breaker Ermak has been sent from Cronstadt to assist the tugs in pulling her off.

NO DECISION YET REACHED

Regarding Manner of Conducting the Red Lake Land Sales.

Washington, May 2.—Land Commissioner Richards says that notwithstanding reports to the contrary, no decision has yet been reached as to the manner in which the lands within the Red Lake reservation shall be sold.

It has been stated that the officials had decided to sell the lands at public auction, and this plan is undoubtedly favored by Commissioner Richards and Indian Commissioner Jones. But Secretary Hitchcock is not yet won over to this proposition. He has an all-abiding faith in sealed bids, and as yet has been unable to see the difference between the sale of lands as proposed in the Steenerson act and the disposal of timber as provided in the Morris act. Senator Clapp and Representative Steenerson have made such a strong argument for public sales that this plan will doubtless be adopted in the end.

The object of sealed bids, according to Secretary Hitchcock, is to prevent the formation of pools and combinations. It has been repeatedly pointed out by Mr. Steenerson that the laws make it impossible for any one to profit by forming a pool, inasmuch as it is prescribed that a purchaser cannot secure more than one quarter-section of land. It may be several days before the Red Lake regulations are promulgated.

In the meantime the work of preparing maps and listing the lands is progressing. Every effort is being made by the land commissioner to expedite the work of preparing regulations to govern the sale of the Devils Lake and Rosebud lands in the Dakotas. In the case of the South Dakota opening, a proclamation by the president is necessary

As the president is familiar with this matter, nothing definite can be made public by the officials, as at the last moment important changes might be suggested by the president, who will finally review the regulations of the land commissioner.

THEATERS WILL NOT OPEN.

Six Play Houses Fail to Renew Licenses.

New York, May 2.—At least six theaters have failed to put in applications for a renewal of their licenses by the commissioner of police in whose hands the matter rests. These houses will not be open tonight, and three more will not be allowed to open unless they make such alterations as the committee of safety shall recommend. It is decaired by the authorities that if any house under the ban shall attempt to open it will be closed at once by the police. It is understood, however, that the three playhouses mentioned are not among the important ones on Broadway and that the others merely delayed asking for their licenses in order to carry out changes ordered immediately after the Iroquois fire.

AN OPERATION SAID TO CURE NEURALGIA.

Chicago, May 2.—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from Ann Arbor, Mich., says: Dr. Charles B. Nancrede, professor of surgery in the medical department of the university of Michigan, has performed, with apparently perfect result, a simple operation for the cure of trifacial neuralgia. The operation consists in the injection of osmic acid into the affected nerve, after its exposure, by a trivial incision. This method has been introduced only a short time, and this was its first trial at the university hospital. By "trifacial" is meant the nerve that supplies the upper portion of the face.

MORE RURAL CARRIERS.

Washington, May 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following rural carriers have been appointed: Evansville—regular, Alfred T. Ofgren and John Alang; substitutes, Martin Lofgren and Joseph Miller. New Paynesville—Regular, Wiliam P. Hamon; substitute, E. P. Hamon.

GOLD FOR ABROAD.

New York, May 2.—An engagement of $1,000,000 in gold for shipment on Tuesday was announced today by Goldman, Sachs & Co. and Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., engaged $500,000, which, with the previously announced engagement of $1,500,000 by J. P. Morgan & Co., brings the total for tomorrow up to $3,000,000.

FIREMAN KNOCKED FROM CAB.

Marion, Ind., May 2.—While the train was running at a high rate of speed, near Roseburg, last night, a stay bolt blew out of the boiler head of the engine pulling the Toledo-St. Louis & Western express, striking Fireman Joseph Wustner and knocking him from the cab. When Wustner was picked up it was found that he was probably fatally injured by the blow and scalding. His home is in Delphos, Ohio. The train ran for almost a mile before the steam was exhausted. Engineer Charles Major escaped injury by climbing out of the cab to the running board.

Homeseekers' Excursions.

The North-Western line will place on sale May 3rd and continuing every first and third Tuesday from May to December inclusive "Homeseeker's" round trip tickets at One Fare, plus $2.00, limited to 21 days from date of sale, to points in Alabama, Arkansas, Canadian Northwest, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Indian Territory, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Minesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Washington and Wyoming.

City ticket office, 302 West Superior street, Lonsdale building.

A Small Fortune

Is not needed to have a good SPRING SUIT or TOP COAT if made by me. My prices are the most reasonable in the city. All the latest styles.

Special Values at $30.00, $33.00 and $35.00.

J. S. LANE, The Style Tailor,

228 First Street West.

A SERIOUS CHARGE

Alfred Scrace, Well Known Cruiser, Accused of Forgery.

Presents Bogus Check For $30 to a Saloon Proprietor.

With a charge of forgery hanging over his head, Alfred Scrace, a timber cruiser, is lying in the county jail, awaiting the action of the grand jury, which will meet Wednesday.

Scrace was arrested Saturday evening by Captain of Police Resche on the complaint of Joseph Kenney, a saloonkeeper at 208 West Superior street. Kenney states that Scrace appeared at his saloon about 8:30 o'clock Saturday morning and stated that he had been out all night drinking. He asked for a drink and was given it.

About half an hour later, Kenney states, that Scrace returned with a check for $30 in favor of Alfred McCarthy and signed by John McAlpine, the lumberman with offices in the Torrey building. Kenney claims that he cashed the check and that Scrace disappeared.

Upon making inquiries it was found that Mr. McAlpine had never signed such a check, and the matter was placed in the hands of the police. A search was made for Scrace and he was finally located in the Metropole hotel. He had $20 in his possession when arrested. He denied all knowledge of the forgery and claimed that he did not know Kenney.

It is claimed that he was intoxicated when the alleged crime was committed.

Upon being arraigned in the municipal court this morning, he waived his right to a preliminary examination and was bound over to await the action of the grand jury by Judge Gearhart. His bail was fixed at $250.

Scrace is very well known in the city, having been employed at different times by most of the lumber companies at the head of the lakes. His friends claim that if he committed the deed it must have been done when under the influence of liquor. The work on the check was very crude and was evidently not done by anyone who was familiar with the art of copying a signature.

About two weeks ago Scrace complained to the police that he had been robbed of $45 in a Bowery saloon. The police investigated the story, but never succeeded in locating the thief, if there was one.

MARTHA

By Ella Essex Don Lavy.

(Copyright, 1904, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

"It's time you was gettin' over that foolishness now, Marthy. You're wastin' the best years of your life waitin' fur a man that may be already married. You could 'a' had your pick and choice of any 'round here. You ain't heard nothin' from him fur a long time, have you?"

Martha shrank from her mother's sharp words, for they were but echoes of her own thoughts. She bent lower over her work, and pretended to be busy with a refractory thread while she answered in a low, constrained voice: "No, mother."

"I thought it would be so, and I told you so. He didn't want no common country girl like you. He wants a girl that don't spoil her pretty hands with work. You throwed away a good chance when you refused Lem Willis; he's got a good farm, and would make any gal a good husband. Now, that Craig feller—"

"Mother, mother!" cried Martha in sharp, pained tones, "can't you find something more interesting to talk about? Mr. Craig's movements cannot possibly interest us; we live in one world and he in another. As for Lem Willis—well, he is good enough, in his way, and if it will please you to know it, the chance is not entirely lost, and I promised to think it over."

All the afternoon while Martha sat plying her needle, her thoughts had been busy with this subject.

She left the window and drawing a chair close to the fire, sat gazing into the glowing embers. The firelight rose and fell fitfully while her thoughts strayed far back into the shadowy past. She thought of the time when she had come to Seaview to teach the village school, a small red school house by the roadside—and the pupils come for a distance of two miles or more.

The day had been sultry, and after dismissing the noisy urchins, she had sought a shady brook and stooped over to bathe her heated brow. She recalled the timely arrival of a tall, handsome stranger just as she was making a futile attempt to rescue her sun hat at it floated away on the current of the stream.

That was their first acquaintance. Mortimer Craig spent three months at Seaview. Every morning Martha awoke with the happy thought that today she would see him, speak to him and gaze into his glorious dark eyes. Never before had the flowers seemed so beautiful, the trees so green, and the songs of the birds so sweet. The song in her heart filled the world with melody.

Then one evening, when the sunset was nearly over, and the air was sweet with the scent of flowers and shrubs, they left their boat down the river that they might walk back along a shaded path. He had paused before her, taking both her hands in his, and told her of his love. She had lain in his arms while she shyly confessed her love for him Then he went away.

Not until a year had passed and the first frost of October had again fired the wood with gorgeous splendor of decay, did Martha lose hope of ever seeing her truant lover, and her heart grew sick with hope deferred.

"Well?"

The front door had just closed on Lem Willis and Martha turned to face her mother, who had just entered from the kitchen.

"You didn't send him away again, did you?"

"No, mother, I told him I would marry him whenever he was ready, and I hate myself for it. I don't love him and never will. Oh, I hate myself—I hate him, and I hate the world—everything."

"Marthy, Marthy—wh—" Half the last word was lost in the bang of the door which, after hastily snatching a wrap from the rack, Martha had slammed behind her, leaving her mother in stupefied wonder.

Martha sped along the street, not caring whither—only to be alone—alone with her miserable thoughts.

"Martha!" They stood facing each other in the uncertain twilight. Martha found her eyes riveted on the stranger, yet no sound escaped her pale lips. A ghost conjured by her disordered mind, stood before her, and fright sealed her lips. Then as she realized thta it was no ghost, but a flesh and blood man—the man who had thrown her and her love astoe—pride came to her rescue and lent her strength and speech. Martha put out her hand in a friendly manner, at the same time saying: "How do you do, Mr. Craig? Your sudden appearance startled me for a moment and I—I—hadn't heard of your return to Seaview."

Mortimer Craig stood with his hands in his pockets, not offering to touch her outstretched hand. Martha found her eyes attracted to his in a way she half resented, yet could not resist. He fastened his dark eyes upon her and regarded her steadily for a moment.

"So! While I compassioned your dull, monotonous life, you found amusement and occupation—the old thrilling game we all play at more or less." He looked so stern and cold, Martha almost feared him, but she could be brave; he should not see how his desertion had wounded her.

"I don't understand what you mean; and you have no right whatever to use that tone to me."

"You know very well what I mean. How can you reconcile it to your conscience to even enter into an engagement with a man you know is your inferior, one whom you do not love? Admit you do not love him!"

"I admit nothing to you. I do not recognize your right to question me in this matter." Martha turned to leave him, but he caught her arm.

"You shall hear me—that, at least, is my right now; later—we shall see."

"I am cold, Mr. Craig, and am going home."

"Very well, I am going with you."

"Would you come uninvited."

They finished their walk in silence. At the door of her home Martha turned toward him appealingly. "My mother is away, and I—"

"I know what you would say, but I've made up my mind and nothing can change it." Mortimer laughed an odd, constrained little laugh.

It had grown quite dark, but the room was flooded with a mellow light from the wide, old-fashioned chimney. Mortimer stirred the embers and replenished the fire. "No, we want no other light," as Martha was in the act of striking a light. "We will sit here," drawing up an old-fashioned settle. For this I have waited all these long months, even years. After all you are only a woman, Martha, and—"

"Unreliable, why don't you say it? I know you want to."

"Perhaps that is the right word. Yet I intended to marry you." Mortimer had slipped his arm around her waist and held her close, although she struggled to free herself.

"Mr. Craig, have you forgotten my troth is plighted to another?"

"I remember only that you have been a very foolish little girl to try to give your hand to one man when you love another. No, you needn't try to deny it. Your eyes, your voice, your manner all betray you. Before we go any further, let me explain. I own that in the beginning I did a wrong in teaching you to love me. When I left Seaview I will admit I never expected to see you again, although I loved you—you were so different from the girls I had known all my life. I recognized the social gulf between us. I also knew my family would not receive you as a daughter. I was dependent upon my father for every farthing. Often when you talked of the great and noble deeds of self-made men—men who had risen from humble stations in life without either wealth or influence; had overcome great difficulties to achieve success, I felt very inferior. But I was indolent. My father had wealth enough for us all, and there was no need for me to do aught but enjoy life in my own way.

"Then one day there came an awakening. I found myself a mere puppet, subject to the will of my family. For the first time in my life I acted upon my own judgment. My father threatened to disinherit me unless I married a girl they had chosen for my wife. She had more wealth than I would ever have, and she was willing. With your image in my heart, I could not conscientiously comply."

Martha listened shyly, and once or twice while he was speaking she looked up into his face.

"I will not go into detail—it is enough to say I left home, and unaided, I am proud to say, not only achieved success, but have made my family proud to own me. I am again in their favor, and, better still, independent to do as I choose, thanks to your influence."

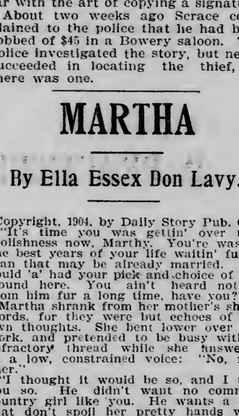
"And you hadn't forgotten me all this time?"

"Forgotten you? No, never, darling; you have been my one thought that has urged me on to a nobler, better life. My education has not been neglected, and I but needed something to spur me on, and I found that in you. I need you all the time. Now do you understand why I am going to marry you, and why nothing can change my mind? Now, will you yield gracefully of your own accord, or shall I compel you?"

"And Lem?" questioned Martha, with concern.

"Oh, Lem be hanged! He can take care of himself; besides, it won't take much to console him; his pigs and cows can do that." and Mortimer strained her to his heart while their lips met in a long, lingering kiss.

C. O. Nelson



Funeral Director, and Embalmer.

Calls for my services, in or out of the city, will be given immediate attention.

BOTH PHONES.

Established 1866.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

makes home baking easy. Nothing can be substituted for it in making, quickly and perfectly, delicate hot biscuit, hot-breads, muffins, cake and pastry.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO.

(3556.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss.

To E. J. Crosley:

Take notice, that the following described piece or parcel of land, situate in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot number twenty-five (25) in block number one hundred and eleven (111), West Duluth, Fifth division, according to the recorded plat thereof, was on the third day of May, 1898, bid in for the state for the sum of seven dollars and ninety-eight cents ($11.98), pursuant to real estate tax judgment entered in the district court in said county of St. Louis, on the 21st day of March, 1898, in proceedings to enforce payment of taxes delinquent on real estate for the year 1896, for said county of St. Louis, and was on the 29th day of December, 1899, assigned by the state of Minnesota, for the sum of twenty-seven dollars and fifty-six cents ($27.56).

That the amount required to redeem said land from such assignment and sale, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice, is the sum of seventy-two dollars and fifty-two cents ($72.52) with interest on the sum of twenty-seven dollars and fifty-six cents ($27.56) from the 30th day of December, 1899; and interest on the sum of seven dollars and thirty-seven cents ($7.37) from April 18th, 1900; and interest on the sum of six dollars and eighty cents ($6.80) from April 22nd, 1901; and interest on the sum of five dollars and eighty-seven cents ($5.87) from April 4th, 1902; and interest on the sum of five dollars and seventy-eight cents ($5.78) from March 12th, 1903; and interest on the sum of nineteen dollars and fourteen cents ($19.14) from March 5th, 1904; all at the rate of one per cent per month to the time of such redemption.

You shall which said land can be redeemed from said sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice, and proof thereof has been filed in the office of the county auditor in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota.

Dated March 25th, 1904.

O. HALDEN,
Auditor of St. Louis County, Minnesota.
By L. A. MARVIN,
Deputy.

(Seal County Auditor, St. Louis County Minn.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.

In District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

C. P. DeLaittre,
Plaintiff.
vs.
Charles Harlow,
Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of the above entitled court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office, in the village of Aitkin, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; And if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated March 29th, 1904.

F. W. HALL,
Plaintiff's Attorney, Aitkin, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald-Apr-11-18-25-May-2-9-16-1904.

A Modern Society Divorce

A SOCIAL SCANDAL.

ONE of our new millionaires divorced his first wife. It took the judge just thirty minutes in which to issue a decree of divorce and four days later he was married to wife No. 2. The first wife got one million dollars alimony. The second wife got one million in bridal gifts—then came a town house, a country house and a yacht and use for other millions. Certainly our plain American life is fast departing when men and women in our great cities spend millions for divorce and millions to get into so-called society. It only proves the truth that millions do not bring contentment for men and women are happier who practice the simple life, who live siniple, homely lives—lives given to love, to unselfish devotion to husband, wife and family. Fortunately the great majority of our American people are educated, are plain, forceful, thinking people. The women who love their home life, their sweet evenings at home with their family are the ones to be admired and to be loved by their husbands, and we find here that true devotion presides at the family fireside. The strength of our American people rests with the sensible mothers who give to the world strong, robust children, untainted by impoverished blood. Unfortunately these are exceptions, mostly in our metropolitan cities of domestic upheavals and uncongenial married lives, and this is the fault of men or women who live selfish lives of pleasure and vanity, together with the race after the society bauble, the eating of late suppers, unwholesome meals, and hours spent in illy ventilated rooms without the proper exercise in the good, fresh air. Women at some period of life are great sufferers, either in maidenhood, motherhood, or later, at the change of life.

AN UNDESERVED SENTENCE.

Our modern law courts and methods of administering justice are the result of long years of gradual development and evolution, and are probably as near infallible as any institution of man's creation can be. Occasionally justice is not done, and the innocent suffer, but these mishaps are rare. There are many women to-day who are perfectly innocent of wrong doing, sentenced to long years of suffering and distress, banished from the enjoyments of society and a burden to themselves and friends, simply because they are afflicted with disease and displacement of the womanly organs. Ignorance of the laws of health and hygiene has led to indiscretions and exposure during critical periods of early life, and at the time when she is just rounding into the full glory of perfect womanhood she becomes a veritable slave to her pain-racked body, unable to do any work or play with satisfaction or pleasure, as truly a prisoner as though shut up within four walls. A great philosopher has said, "The Creator will forgive our sins, but we ourselves must settle for our blunders." And how true this is! No blunders require such severe toll as those we commit against our physical well-being. Wet feet, irregular meals, late hours, over work or over play all contribute to the general disturbance. There is no sufficient reason why such a vast proportion of our women should suffer as they do from female trouble. Dr. R. V. Pierce long ago appreciated the amount of avoidable suffering which exists, and he prepared a suitable medicine, in the form of his "Favorite Prescription," which should be especially adapted to the needs of women. It does not cure all diseases, nor is it recommended for them, but in the case of womanly weakness of any sort it is a wonderful cure. It balances the circulation, stopping weakening drains and pelvic congestion, and gives tone and vigor to the organs. It should be in every home, and will prevent much suffering and save many doctor bills. Dr. Pierce has devoted over forty years to the study of woman's ills and their treatment, and stands to-day as America's foremost specialist in woman's diseases, an impregnable position, won as it was by merit alone. A suffering woman may appreciate sympathy, but what she *needs* is advice and treatment to restore her to health again, and the hundreds of grateful women who write to Dr. Pierce daily, give ample testimony that his advice will do all that he claims.

Mrs. Ida A. Fesler, of Odon, Indiana, writes as follows: "In the spring of 1902, I was taken down sick with female trouble. "Consulted two good doctors, but they failed to do me any good. I was getting worse all the time, and in June I wrote to you. You advised me to use Dr. Pierce's medicines, which I did. Only used two bottles of the 'Favorite Prescription,' and it cured me entirely. I have waited to see the results. I am well and hearty to-day, thanks to your medicine. I hope this will bring some poor suffering woman to you for health and happiness."

Backed up by over a third of a century of remarkable and uniform cures, a record such as no other remedy for the diseases and weaknesses peculiar to women ever attained, the proprietors and makers of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription now feel fully warranted in offering to pay $500 in legal money of the United States for any case of Leucorrhea, Female Weakness, Prolapsus, or Falling of Womb, which they cannot cure. All they ask is a fair and reasonable trial of their means of cure.

A HAPPY MARRIAGE

depends very largely on the physical health of the contracting parties. Therefore, the best guide to life-long happiness is Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a book of 1008 pages, sent *free* by Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps, to pay postage only.

YOUNG CROOK UNDER ARREST

Alleged to Have Secured Money Under False Pretenses.

Baltimore, May 2.—Acquille A. Dulaney, with various aliases, captured in a Philadelphia hotel Sunday by Baltimore detectives, is charged with having secured money under false pretenses from several business men here. He is only 28 years old and came heer about six months ago in search of his father's brother, the Rev. Mr. Dulaney, pastor of the M. E. church, South on Frederick avenue. Dulaney had never seen his uncle and found him at his home in West Baltimore street. He arrived in this city from St. Louis, saying that he was the head of a large shirt waist firm there. He told his uncle that he had eight or ten salesmen traveling through the East, and that he could not stay long, as he had to meet his salesmen at set points.

He soon fell in love with his uncle's daughter, Miss Susie Dulaney, a graduate of the state normal school, and on New Year's eve the cousins announced to the clergyman that they were going to be married. They presented their marriage license and the girl's father performed the ceremony. The two left after the ceremony and visited throughout the east. They returned about six weeks ago and stopped at the home of a doctor, whose daughter was a school friend of Miss Dulaney. After being there some time Dulaney asked the doctor to cash a check for $160 which was drawn up in his own name on a bank in Kansas City. The doctor refused and the young couple immediately left. Detectives soon took up the trail and overhauled Dulaney in Philadelphia.

Karo
CORN SYRUP
Makes You EAT A Hearty Meal

BRUTAL MURDER.

Aged Indian Killed and Frightfully Disfigured.

Shawano, Wis., May 2.—With his eyes gouged out with some sharp instrument and his face stamped on till the features were obliterated, the body of Dennis Turkey, an aged Stockbridge Indian and a civil war veteran, was found on the edge of the reservation yesterday morning. Johnnie Frank, a Menominee half breed, one of the most vicious Indians on the reservation, is in jail charged with the murder.

Turkey was last seen alive about 11 o'clock Saturday night. He left Keshena with Frank. Both are said to have been intoxicated.

Frank's clothing, hat and handkerchief were spotted with blood. He refuses to talk.

A Sure Thing.

It is said that nothing is sure except death and taxes, but that is not altogether true. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption is a sure cure for all lung and throat troubles. Thousands can testify to that. Mrs. C. B. Van Metre, of Shepherdtown, W. Va., says: "I had a severe case of Bronchitis and for a year tried everything I heard of, but got no relief. One bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery then cured me absolutely." It's Infallible for Croup, Whooping Cough, Grip, Pneumonia and Consumption. Try it. It's guaranteed by all druggists. Trial bottles free. Reg. sizes 50c, $1.00.

"Neglected colds make fat graveyards." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup helps men and women to a happy, vigorous old age.

MAY START SOON

Sawmills May Get Under Way During This Week.

Ice In Bay and River Is Disappearing Rapidly.

For the first time in several years the local saw mills have not been able to begin operations in April for the summer sawing season.

The prospects for the opening of the sawing season this week are much better than a week ago, the warm weather of the past few days having caused the bay and the river ice to disappear very rapidly. Last week the Merrill & Ring Mill company blasted the ice out around its booms, and the bay is now practically opened clear up to the mills. The channel in the St. Louis river is also open clear above West Duluth.

Alger, Smith & Company are likely to start their West Duluth plant early this week, and the Merrill & Ring company is said to be making preparations to get started by Wednesday.

A week ago from the ice outlook, it was predicted that the mills would hardly get started before May 15.

The men usually employed in the mills during the summer sawing season have been coming in for several days past and there is said to be nothing to hinder the mills from starting up as soon as they desire.

None of the mills will be operated with night shifts at the present time, if at all during the season. With a day shift only, Alger, Smith & Company's mill will employ about 225 men and the Merrill & Ring mill about 175 men.

The Murray & McCann mill, which was built on the site of the old Scofield mill, on Superior bay, has been completed and was tested last week. Everything is now in readiness at that plant to begin sawing on the contract with the Edward Hines Lumber company. A little ice about the mill boom is said to be the only reason of the delay now, but it is thought it will be gone in a day or two. The mill while not so large as the Scofield mill is fitted out with modern machinery and it is claimed can cut more lumber in a day than the old mill that burned down. Its daily capacity is put at 125,000 feet.

Lumber sales continue rather slow and where made represent small quantities of special stock.

Drives are now well under way on the rivers except the Cloquet, and the interior mills are getting started up on the season's cut.

The absence of the usual spring rains has caused a drouth in some timber locations on open ground, where the snow went off early and several fires are reported in good standing timber. A forest fire was reported yesterday in the neighborhood of Richards, the new townsite on the Great Northern road west of Bena.

NETTING FISH IS PRACTICED

Fisherman Sees It on Wisconsin Side of St. Louis.

"In spite of what I have heard of the vigilance of the head of the lakes game wardens during the past few years, I am still inclined to believe that those on the other side of the bay, at least, prefer the comforts of home to chasing about on the inland streams at all hours of the night and day," said a Duluth fisherman yesterday, after returning from a pike fishing trip up the St. Louis and Pokegama rivers.

"They may have been active enough last year, and probably were, for anything I know to the contrary, but it appears they are late in getting started this season, in Wisconsin at least. I have had no opportunity to investigate the matter on the Minnesota side of the St. Louis river, but I know it to be a fact that, ever since the ice went out of the Pokegama river, which empties into the St. Louis river opposite West Duluth, and which flows through Wisconsin territory, there has been illicit fishing. Nets have been used to capture pike and pickerel, and with considerable success. Perhaps the game wardens cannot be blamed for this, but it appears to me that when an ordinary angler can run across indications of illicit fishing, without trying, that a game warden should be able to find them.

"Maybe the Duluth wardens do better work than those in Superior, and keep the St. Louis free of nets. I sincerely hope so, at least. My observations today were confined to the Pokegama, so I am unable to state what conditions prevail along the other stream."

It is now lawful to catch any variety of fish in Minnesota waters, except bass. Yesterday was the first day of the open season for pike, pickerel and muskalonge. The trout season has been open since April 15. It will be lawful to angle for bass after May 30. A number of local fishermen availed themselves of the opportunity to try for pike in the St. Louis river yesterday, with varying success. The fish are running now, and are said to be quite plentiful.

Court at Fergus Falls.

A session of the federal court will be opened at Fergus Falls tomorrow by Judge Page Morris, who, with A. B. Loud, official stenographer, left for Fergus Falls today.

It is thought likely the term will be an unusually long one. Both the petit and grand juries are called to report Tuesday. Among the important matters to come before the grand jury will be the case against the homesteaders, charged with cutting timber for market on the Red Lake reservation. Several men charged with selling liquor to the Indians will be tried.

Spring Medicine

There is no other season when good medicine is so much needed as in the Spring.

The blood is impure, weak and impoverished—a condition indicated by pimples and other eruptions on the face and body, by deficient vitality, loss of appetite, lack of strength, and want of animation.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Make the blood pure, vigorous and rich, create appetite, give vitality, strength and animation, and cure all eruptions. Have the whole family begin to take them today.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla has been used in our family for some time, and always with good results. Last spring I was all run down and got a bottle of it, and as usual received great benefit." MISS BEULAH BOYCE, Stowe, Vt.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

Missionary Service.

The services at the Lester Park M. E. church last evening were utilized by the Missionary society and were of a very interesting nature. Mrs. J. J. Le Tourneau presided and introduced Miss Cora L. Nason, a missionary from Turkey. Miss Nason has a pleasing personality, is a fluent talker, and spoke very interestingly of her school work in the far East, emphasizing the fact that American people were very enthusiastic in their efforts to spread the gospel of Christ in Turkey.

Previous to Miss Nason's talk Mrs. A. W. Bradley, of Duluth, gave a fine definition of the Twenty-third Psalm, "The Lord is my shepherd," which was very instructive.

APPLIES FOR INJUNCTION

Executive Agent Fullerton Invokes Law to Aid Securing Spawn.

Fearing that the Tower Lumber company would break its log jam in Pike river before he and his assistants could collect their supply of pike eggs, S. F. Fullerton, executive agent for the state game and fish commission applied to Judge Dibell, in district court, for an injunctional order. The order was made returnable tomorrow, the lumber company being required to appear at that time and show cause why it should not be restrained from breaking its jam.

Mr. Fullerton, it is claimed, went to Tower, last Friday, and discovered that the lumber company was preparing to start its drive down Pike river to Vermilion lake. The company, Mr. Fullerton, alleged, had given notice that it would not start its drive until later in the spring, but on account of low water its plans have been changed.

Mr. Fullerton asked for time until Sunday noon and came to Duluth where, after consultation with an attorney, he asked for the restraining order.

The commission expects to have its work of stripping the fish completed by Tuesday, when the injunctional order is returnable, and the matter will probably be dropped at that time.

Mr. Fullerton expects to get 150,000,000 pike eggs this season. Last season the commission secured about 85,000,000 eggs.

The pike go up the river to spawn and are caught in the shallow water. After the eggs are stripped from them they are released. Experienced men can do the stripping work quickly and without injury to the fish.

The Pioneer Fuel Company
HAS
MOVED
ITS OFFICE TO
405 W. SUPERIOR ST.
MESABA BLOCK.

LAND OFFICE RECEIPTS.

April Large Though Below Preceding Months.

The month of April at the Duluth land office was about an average one in point of receipts, although the total receipts were over $10,000 less than during the preceding month. January, February and March, of this year, however, have been unusually heavy months, each almost establishing a new record, owing to the opening of several new townships last fall. The first quarter of the year was heaviest in point of receipts in the history of the local office.

The total amount received during April was $38,003.44. Of this amount the sale of public lands netted $35,108.67, and fees and commissions $2,409.68. The sale of Chippewa agricultural lands contributed $390.69 and penalties of trespass amounted to $65.

SHIFTING OF VESSELS.

Movement Preliminary to Opening of Navigation.

The first shift among the vessels in the harbor was made Saturday, when the big Heffelfinger of the Peavey fleet was moved from the Zenith Furnace company's dock, where she wintered, to the Great Northern elevator in Superior.

The vessel had to be cleared from the Duluth customs house and she therefore had the honor of taking out the first papers of the season, getting them free according to the time-honored custom. She will load wheat for Buffalo.

The Bon Ami is due to leave Two Harbors Wednesday for Duluth. Captain Smith tried her in the lake Saturday, and telephoned the local office that he thought he could ge through all right.

BURIED AT DULUTH.

Mrs. A. Mark of Brainerd Interred at Former Home.

The funeral of Mrs. A. Mark of Brainerd was held yesterday afternoon from the residence of W. M. Abrahamson of 1215 East First street. Mrs. Mark was a resident of Duluth for twenty-two years. About eight years ago she moved to Brainerd and lived there until her death. She leaves a husband but no children. I. Abrahamson and M. Cook of this city and Simon Cook of Wabash, Ind., who are brothers of the deceased and Mrs. H. Cohen of Milaca, her sister, were present at the funeral.

Mrs. Mark was prominent in philanthropic work during her lifetime. She spent much of her time in looking up newly-arrived immigrants of her race and supplying their wants.

A Startling Test.

To save a life, Dr. T. G. Merritt, of No. Mehoopany, Pa., made a startling test resulting in a wonderful cure. He writes, "a patient was attacked with violent hemorrhages, caused by ulceration of the stomach. I had often found Electric Bitters excellent for acute stomach and liver troubles so I prescribed them. The patient gained from the first, and has not had an attack in 14 months." Electric Bitters are positively guaranteed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation and Kidney troubles. Try them. Only 50c, at all druggists.

EXTRA VALUES IN
High-Grade Clothing.

Clothing that compares in every way with that turned out by the best merchant tailors: Nobby, Perfect Fitting and Durable.

Men's Suits Top Coats Cravenettes

A Magnificent Showing from **$10 to $30**

In the Season's Newest Styles **$10 to $25**

Equally good for rain or shine **$10 to $18**

We are showing a Great Assortment of Men's Working, Street and Dress SHOES from **$1.50 to $5.**

C. W. ERICSON, *the* CLOTHIER.
219 West Superior Street.

IN WOMAN'S SPHERE

Social, Musical and Art Circles.

In the windows of the stores in Duluth are found interesting announcements of the May morning breakfast to be given by the Young Women's Christian association. In one window meek little Dutch children with their placid faces and wooden shoes stare at a poster announcing "May Morning breakfast" in another two figures of elderly maiden ladies, one thin, the other fat, show the condition before and after the May Morning breakfast; another 1904 girl in her airy summer draperies on a dull gray poster announces that she too is going to the "May Morning breakfast."

This May Morning breakfast is attracting much attention and Wednesday morning many will attend the first that has ever been given in Duluth. Spring decorations as far as possible will be carried out and at the different tables hostesses will preside. Among them will be Mesdames. John Panton, W. W. Billson, F. C. Bowman, C. A. Duncan, W. S. Bishop, E. L. Schmeid, Ward Ames, J. L. Washburn and W. C. Sherwood.

The members of the board of the Y. W. C. A. will receive the guests. It is especially desired that the business men who are unacquainted with the work of the association will eat breakfast there Wednesday morning. The following menu will be served:

Strawberries and cream.
Triscuit.
Oatmeal.
Lamb chops.
Bacon and eggs.
Buttered toast.
Hot rolls.
Coffee, Tea, Cocoa and Milk.

In conection with the breakfast a food sale will be carried on in the domestic science room. Mrs. L. D. Campbell, chairman, with Mrs. J. D. Kreitter, Mrs. F. H. White, and Mrs. A. F. Ritchie, as members of the committee have promises of salad dressing, cakes and other dainties from some of the finest housekeepers in town. The sale will continue until all the contributions are sold.

JOHN OWENS' BIRTHDAY.

Brothers and Sisters Assist Him In Celebrating It.

Saturday a most delightful reunion of one of the good old fashioned families wes held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Owens at Lakeside. The occasion was the sixtieth birthday of Mr. Owens who is the oldest in a family of eleven children all living. All but three of the members of the family were able to attend and the day was a most delightful one. The centerpiece of the dinner table was an arrangement of sixty candles reflected and multiplied in a large mirror. The place cards were dainty pictures of the old home mounted on red ribbons. At the end of the dinner the candles were blown out and all silently made a wish for the continued happiness and prosperity of the host. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
Samuel Owens, of Eveleth;
Frank Spurbeck.
Evan Owens, Jr., of Two Harbors.
Thomas Owens, of Two Harbors;
Mesdames—
Margaret Whiting, Emerson Lake, of Oshkosh;
William McMillan, of Oshkosh.
Mr. Evan Owens, of Oshkosh.

Leap Year Party.

A delightful leap year party was given Saturday evening by a number of high school girls. The affair was most informal and enjoyable. It was given at Harmonie hall, Lester Park, the scene of so many informal dances and Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hazen and Mrs. John Owens were the chaperons.

MEDERINE
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
CURES
RHEUMATISM!

Helena, Mont., Jan. 24, 1904.
MEDERINE REMEDY CO., Duluth, Minn.
Dear Sirs:—As I have suffered for the last seven years with Blood Poison and Eczema I had tried everything that money could pay for and it was of no avail. No one knows how I suffered with running sores on my leg. I at last gave up all hopes and started to use opiates for relief.
My druggist, one day, told me to try Mederine. I thought that it was no good, but resolved to spend a dollar once more. One bottle of Mederine cured all the running ulcers and cleared the Eczema. I have taken two courses and am a well woman today. I cannot say enough for Mederine for Blood, Eczema and Catarrh. I thank you for my life long relief and shall recommend Mederine to others. Yours truly, Mrs. A. O. S. Milot, No. 208 State street.
Mederine is sold at $1 per bottle or 6 for $5 by all dealers. Write for booklet.
MEDERINE REMEDY CO., DULUTH, MINN.

INSTALLATION HELD.

Protective Legion Officials Take Office.

A joint installation of the officers of the Zenith City and Cherry Grove lodges of the National Protective Legion took place Saturday evening at Hunter's hall. Mrs. C. N. Conner, of St. Ignace, district manager, was the installing officer and the following will be the officers for the coming year: L. J. Wilson, James Kelly, Margaret E. Gardner, Elizabeth Milnes, Nettie Ecker, Mattie Bruner, Mary Calenadeen, Eliza Pearson, Josephine L. Nubisky, Mary McMillan, Alfred L. Roster, Alice N. Karr, Harry Milnes, Lillian Moffat, Mary Brown, Anna Krentz, Muriel Danielson, Kate Hertzog, Blanche Maxwell, Johanna Bergman and Mary Wolf.

Short speeches on the work of the order were made by Mrs. Conner and James Kelly. A program was given by a number of the young people. Those who took part were: Misses Julia Bruner, Gertrude Shubesky, Ruth Bruner, Irene Ecker, Hortense Carr, Sadie Kane, Alice Kane and Phillip Hertzog.

BRIDGE WHIST.

Popularity It Is Attaining Alarming to Many.

The tremendous increase in the popularity of bridge whist is alarming many persons, outside of society, let me say, however, where the game flourishes, says "Betty's Twilight Chat," in the Boston Traveler. The set to which the game is confined looks upon it as the one interesting feature of a life that has become extremely monotonous. Apparently nobody in society has an individual existence, but follows meekly in the wake of others.

It is said that one who knows the habits of the social world can almost predict what any member is doing at a given period. Days are given over to motoring and nights to bridge. The intervening time is spent in eating and sleeping and a very few other pursuits, like tennis, which is superceding golf in the fashionable world. Do you wonder that men and women are driven by sheer boredom to the companionship of those who live in a world where individuality counts for much?

There are so many beautiful things in life for those who have time and money. There are a few of those who have neither, so I can scarcely realize the position of being bered with existence, of having difficulty in passing the hours. A few of us find the day all too short for our purpose. I fancy, and I know that there are women who were never bored and world-weary in their whole life. They are able to adapt themselves to their surroundings and find enjoyment in simple things. After all, that is the great secret of life. If we look for big things we miss the bit of pleasure at our elbow and a sunny life is really made up of bits.

I once undertook the task of entertaining a guest who scorned any but expensive and elaborate amusements. I need not tell you that I did not know her characteristics when I persuaded my mother to invite her for a stay of a month. They were the longest four weeks I ever experienced, and they left me well nigh exhausted in patience and strength. From the breakfast hour to bed time I had that girl on my hands, every minute of the day, and unless there was something going on or a man or two about the premises she was a restless, sulky burden.

She never sewed, she never read. She hated walking and was not a marvel of conversational skill. She was not amiable, except when she was thoroughly amused and interested in some sport where there was a crowd. I have sometimes wondered how she turned out later in life, for I know that she married young and went West to live. She may have changed her nature, though it is hardly possible. I venture to say that she is still wearing out somebody's life with her restlessness. I hardly think a husband could last this long.

No amount of criticism from the outside world will affect the popularity of any amusement society chooses. When it palls is the hour of its doom. Wheeling had its day, and so did tennis, and golf is fast declining. Motor cars and steam launches are the things just now, but none of them have that hold that bridge whist has obtained, because of the excitment of uncertainty that flavors it. One must either win or lose—there is no monotonous middle course. There need be no mental endowments like wit to push a woman into favor with bridge players. She must know the game and be willing to remain in it whether she loses or wins.

It is said that there are women admitted to these parties on the most intimate terms and snubbed outrageously elsewhere by the very persons whose purses they have fattened. Think of the spirit of the woman who submits to such treatment. They are to be classed with those who allows themselves to be cajoled into charity work by society women who forget their names and faces directly the work is accomplished. Poor creatures! They so love big names that they forget that there is such a sentiment as self-respect. Originality is said to be dying out in all classes, and the women who have their own tastes, their own opinions, are so rare as to be regarded as freaks and treated accordingly. Some women with a desire to shine a bit in her own world gets hold of them and exhibits them like her curios. Convention is necessary, of course, but are we wise in allowing it to absorb every particle of color in our mental make-up?

The Tortoise Shell.

The Parisienne is wearing all sorts of fancy tortoise-shell pins in her hair, and when these handsome shell ornaments match the color of the hair they are an attractive addition to the coiffure. At the opera recently in Paris a leader of the American set who has been in mourning a short while was seen in the stalls wearing an exquisite creation of diaphanous black. The bodice seemed to be made of a succession of large, full black heads, strings of which held the low-hanging sleeves. In her hair were the new tortoise-shell pins. There are the only adornments permitted to be worn with the hobiliments of woe. Speaking of the hair, the low coiffure is the newest mode in Paris. The hair is arranged loosely, brushed back at the edge of the face, and the dressing is continued from the top of the head to the neck. Women are becoming very sensible where the coiffure is concerned, and realize that, like the full skirt, it is a matter which must be regulated by the individuality of the wearer.

Pouring of Coffee.

Few hostesses understand the art of pouring tea and coffee, simple as it appears. As a rule, the guest of honor is offered the first cup, which is the weakest, while the children, if served at all, are given the last and strongest. When it is desirable to have all the cups uniform strength one should pour a little into each, and then begin over again, reversing the order.

Japanese Napkins.

A distinct boon to the housekeepers are the pretty Japanese napkins at 12 cents a hundred. For luncheon box they cannot be surpassed, their inexpensiveness making a fresh one possible each day. The firm texture and dainty borders of the high-colored napkins make good material for covering narrow shelves in the kitchen, bathroom or bedroom, while four of them pasted together furnish a pretty cover for a small stand. For covering the ordinary flower pot or a baking dish for the table the Japanese napkins are both convenient and decorative.

Whooping Cough.

"In the spring of 1901 my children had whooping cough," says Mrs. D. W. Capps, of Capps, Ala. "I used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy with the most satisfactory results. I think this is the best remedy I have ever seen for whooping cough." This remedy keeps the cough loose, lessens the severity and frequency of the coughing spells and counteracts any tendency toward pneumonia. For sale by all druggists.

Wherever there's Pain
There is the place for an
Allcock's POROUS PLASTER
IT Does Its Work While You Do Yours.

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AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg., First St., Op. P.O. square.
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
'Phones: Counting Room, 324; Editorial Rooms, 1126

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One year (in advance)	5.00

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DULUTH WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:
It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

MAKE IT RESPECTABLE.

A dispatch from Austin, Tex., published in The Herald on Friday last, relating that the Texas Brewers' association has come to the conclusion that the saloon business is suffering in reputation and drawing warfare upon the institution of liquor selling because of some of the disreputable persons engaged in it, has attracted the attention of some of the better class saloonkeepers of Duluth. These express the hope that if the brewers of this district have not already adopted a like policy they may soon be prevailed upon to do so.

It was stated in the dispatch referred to that it was the sentiment of the members of the Texas association that if this element was driven out the attacks on the saloon business would be lessened, and that it could be placed on a plane with every other line of business or trade authorized and permitted by the laws of the state. The dispatch also claimed that the Brewers' associations of almost every state in the Union came to this conclusion some months ago.

There can be no doubt that if the great influence of the brewing concerns in the United States were exerted in this direction the salutary effect would be immense and would be immediately felt. And The Herald believes that in the end it would pay, because it would remove a disreputable element whose members not only defraud the wholesalers, but create such a prejudice in the public mind against the traffic in general that many localities forbid the sale of liquors of any kind. The time is fast coming when many other communities will take like action if reforms are not inaugurated.

There are many men engaged in the saloon traffic who conduct a legitimate and honest business in accordance with law and who consider that both they and their families ought to be respected. They realize, however, that there is widespread prejudice against saloonkeepers as a class, which includes themselves, because so many disreputable men and law-breakers are engaged in the traffic. Naturally when a man sees that he loses the respect of his neighbors which is rightfully his due, he considers that he is unjustly treated by society and, unless a man of very strong will, he does not thereafter have the same high regard for the rights of mankind in general.

To make the saloon business disreputable only degrades it and everybody connected with it. There can be no lasting prosperity that is built upon degradation and vice. The brewery company that encourages viciousness and lawlessness is doing itself an injury. If it is true that brewers throughout the Union have come to this conclusion it is a matter for general satisfaction.

WHERE SHALL MAN SPIT?

Through the medium of a series of magazine articles, a well-known physician of ability has undertaken the task of educating the American people how to prevent and how to cure the great white plague, consumption. He insists that it can be both prevented and cured if taken in time. He claims that it is contracted only by infection and that heredity has nothing whatever to do with it; that the infection is caused by inhaling the tubercule bacilli which have been thrown off in the sputum of some other consumptive. The lungs of many consumptives who die show that at some previous date they had been able to conquer and throw off a small number of these germs. He says this an evidence that a few germs may be taken into the lungs without danger, but that there may come a time when too many germs will be inhaled for the system to resist. Then follows consumption and death.

Although this writer may be right, there is a possibility that he is entirely wrong as to the cause of consumption. It may be that these germs are an accompaniment, not the cause. There is no doubt that millions of disease germs of one kind and another are taken into every human system almost daily and thrown off without ill effects because they find no weakness in the body that they can feed upon. Just as this physician says the tubercule bacilli can be thrown off from sound lungs, so the germs of other diseases will find no lodgment in healthy bodies. The germs are always present when the disease occurs, but it may be that after all their presence is beneficent—that they are there solely for the purpose of cleaning the system of poisonous matter. In other words they may be placed in the system as scavengers whose mission and life both end as soon as their cleansing work is completed,

Infection or no infection, germs or no germs, the man who lives according to nature's laws will not be sick unless his life blood has been contaminated by inherited blood poison. Find a man whose blood is thus tainted and you will find one who is especially liable to death from such diseases as scrofula, cancer, anemia and consumption. Find an animal that is sick and you will find one that has been deprived of the privilege of living as it would if permitted to follow its own instincts. The animal will sometimes kill itself by eating poison, but only after it has been disguised by the hand of man.

But, whether this physician's theories are right or wrong, his warnings to consumptives and those connected with them are reasonable, important and timely. It is generally admitted that the germs of typhoid fever are spread by drinking water. So also the germs of consumption are spread not only in the water, but in the air. The writer advises people generally and consumptives especially never to spit upon floor or sidewalk—in fact never to spit upon any spot where human beings are compelled to pass too and fro. He advises against the use of carpets and draperies in the home, and if carpets are used, they should only be swept after being sprinkled with wet tea leaves. If people were as careful with their sputum as they are with the other excreta of the body he claims that consumption would soon be unknown. He advises further that people should spit out the refuse matter instead of swallowing it, as some do. In this he is reasonable. All effete and poisonous matter should be expelled from the system as rapidly as possible. Nature so intended. But if it is dangerous both to spit and not to spit, what is the traveler on a city street to do? Obviously it is practically as dangerous to spit in the street as on the sidewalk, because the germs can be caught up in the dust of the street and carried to the nostrils of the pedestrian on the sidewalk. It would seem, therefore, that it is the duty of cities to provide self-cleansing spittoons along the curb and compel pedestrians to use them.

But the best plan for the individual is to live right and not worry. The man whose blood is untainted and whose system is properly fortified with plenty of fresh air, good water, wholesome food, proper exercise and regular habits, can snap his fingers at all the germs on earth.

TO SUPPRESS FACTS.

That the bureau of statistics at Washington is hired for the purpose of obscuring facts is again made evident by a table recently prepared giving a comparative statement of the total population and expenditures per capita of ten leading countries. The table follows:

Countries—	Population.	Expenditures.	Per capita.
New Zealand	88,000	$ 30,241,000	$38.33
United Kingdom	41,961,000	897,790,000	21.39
France	38,962,000	695,259,000	17.84
Austria	45,406,000	647,969,000	14.27
Argentina	4,750,000	60,757,000	12.68
Netherlands	5,347,000	61,618,000	11.49
Sweden	5,199,000	49,593,000	9.54
German Empire	58,549,000	553,222,000	9.45
Canada	5,457,000	50,753,000	9.30
United States	80,372,000	640,323,000	7.97

The purpose of this compilation is, of course, to mislead the public into the belief that the people of America, where private monopoly rules, are taxed less than the people of those countries where government ownership of public utilities is most prevalent. The table shows the greatest per capita expenditure in New Zealand, where government operation is most practiced and the least in the United States, where the government has least to do with industrial enterprises.

In order to make a fair and just comparison between the national expenditures of New Zealand and of the United States it would be necessary to add to the expenditures of the latter all the money spent by state governments, all the money spent by the private operators of railroads and other monopolies in the development of their industries and all the money drained from the American public by private operators through the operations of the protective tariff.

It is safe to say that were this added and just comparison made, the per capita expenditures of Americans, through public and private taxation, would be many times that of the New Zealanders. The fact remains that the per capita wealth of New Zealand is greater than that of any other country, while there are few enormous fortunes and very little poverty.

THE FIELD SURVEY

The oyster is now said to carry the germs of typhoid fever in great quantities. Notwithstanding this most people will continue to sigh for the months with an "r." Possibly that Illinois doctor compiled his typhoid statistics among those whisky drinkers who take an oyster for a chaser.

* * *

Russell B. Harrison's attempt to throw discredit upon the integrity and honor of his dead father would indicate that he does not think he was properly treated in the distribution of his parent's property. It also indicates that there will be no more presidents from that branch of the Harrison family.

* * *

While the genuine hero acts without hope of reward it is none the less a generous and meritorious impulse that inspires a man to provide for the heirs and dependents of those killed or maimed in the performance of heroic acts. Mr. Carnegie does not propose to financially reward heroism unless the heroic act entails suffering or death.

* * *

Russia will never, no never, consent to mediation or intervention, unless—she is compelled to.

* * *

After a second conflict at Gyangtse, similar in its results to the massacre at Guru on March 31, Col. Younghusband and his military escort have been recalled from Thibet by the British government. It has been suggested that this may have been a result of the steadfast opposition of China to the invasion of Thibet and that the point would soon be reached when Chinese troops with Mauser rifles would take the place of Thibetans with matchlocks. Considering England's history, perhaps this is the reasonable view, but it is to be hoped that it is more on acount of the protest that arose from a large number of England's populace, who can see neither honor nor justice in these murderous invasions of other people's territory.

* * *

If every person who insists upon the strict enforcement of all laws will take the time to look over the statutes he will probably discover several laws that he does not care to have enforced.

* * *

Because Senator Nelson said "damn" in a recent address in the senate there has been as much fuss and feathers over it as if he had actually broken one of the ten commandments. Many better men than Senator Nelson have made frequent good use of that useful word in better places than the United States senate. As to the matter of actually swearing, while it is inelegant and barbaric, besides being extremely foolish, to use the name of the Lord in vain, if it is done without viciousness and unthinkingly, it is much less a sin than the cloaking of smooth hypocrisy and thievery in the name of the Almighty. And we are not so sure but this latter is the very sin that the decalogue forbids, instead of the silly act of mouthing the name of the Lord in a profane and ridiculous manner.

TALKS WITH THE STATE PRESS.

Secretary Shaw discovered that frogs are poultry, but it was left for the Fergus Falls Free Press to discover that the potato is a bird. It says:

Some men are consistent. They eat small potatoes and prove that "birds of a feather flock together."

* * *

The danger of letting things go to the "devil" is shown in the following extract from last week's issue of the Pine Poker:

The paper's in the hands of the devil, this week, and we've a good notion to pack the old sheet over the political fence and whoop-er-up for T. Roosevelt and Bob Dunn.

* * *

"What in the world did our Republican exchanges do for editorial page fillers, in the days prior to the contest between Dunn and Collins?" is a pertinent question by the Wabasha Herald. The same paper also gives a satisfying answer to a disturbing question in this:

The law of compensation holds good, even in the year of late springs, as the longer we wear our heavy underclothes the shorter will we wear our summer ones.

* * *

The paragraph concerning present-day political conditions recently appearing in The Herald, and which aroused the indignation of the Park Rapids Enterprise, because of its alleged pessimistic tone, appears to meet the approval of many other moulders of opinion. The Ada Herald, after quoting it, says: "We rise to remark that Norman county has a few successful politicians who come up to the requirements all right."

* * *

It is well to remember that Minnesota is not the smallest pebble on the beach, says the Wadena Tribune. She ranks first in wheat production, first in iron, first in flour production, third in lumber manufacturing, fourth in the value of cereal products, fourth in oats, second in barley, fifth in rye, ninth in potatoes, fifth in dairy products, third in linseed oil manufactures, first in health and second in education. In this connection it must also be remembered that the university of Minnesota, in point of attendance, ranks second in the United States.

* * *

The Northwestern Chronicle, of St. Paul, one of the leading organs of the Catholic church in the Northwest, celebrated its semi-centennial by issuing an edition of forty pages on April 30. It deals principally with the history of the church in the St. Paul diocese and is a splendid number in its variety and completeness. The publishers are to be congratulated upon the success of their effort.

IF YOU DO NOT KNOW, YOU OUGHT TO KNOW:

That our population is now 79,900,389, that is as accurately as the census bureau can give it to us. An increase of 2,905,814 since the census of 1900. New York has 3,716,139; Chicago, 1,873,880; Philadelphia, 1,367,716; St. Louis and Boston are at the 600,000 mark; Cleveland, 414,000; Buffalo, 380,000; Baltimore, 313,000; Cincinnati, 332,000; San Francisco, 356,000; Pittsburg, 345,000; Detroit, Milwaukee, New Orleans and Washington are around the 300,000 mark. Fourteen of our states exceed 2,000,000 each in population, and but twenty-one states now have less than 1,000,000.

* * *

That Japan has 46,000,000 people, and for snap and go, intelligence and patriotism, every Jap is worth ten Russians.

* * *

That the population of Manchuria is about 8,500,000 people.

* * *

That, speaking of drink and other follies, it has been estimated that there are 150,000,000 guns in the world or an investment of nearly $2,000,000,000 in firearms, not one-thousandth of which are necessary for the protection of life or the securing of food.

* * *

That between the years of 1776 and 1820 the alien immigration to this country amounted to 250,000; for the year ending last June, 857,046 strangers landed on our shores. Pretty nearly 600,000 of these are people from Southern and Western Europe and not all of the most desirable classes. In times gone by nearly all our immigrants were from Great Britain, Ireland, Germany and Scandinavia, a sturdy stock, and progenitors of some of our best citizens. We might as well admit the Chinese as three-quarters of the immigrants we are admitting today.

* * *

That London statisticians tell us that during the past twenty years there has been a general reduction in what might be termed the graver crimes, yet, there seem to be waves of crime every once in a while that last for periods of six months or more, crimes of striking similarity, markedly showing the power of suggestion or example. In 1903 there were 661,667 persons tried in England for crimes of various sorts, chiefly against property; 1902 figures were 787,676. The crimes against public morals show a still greater decrease. The British taxpayer pays out nearly $30,000,000 a year for what suppression of crime there is, and $60,000,000 a year for the relief of the poor.

* * *

That the railroads of the country afford the very best opportunities for progress to a young man of energy and ability. More men rise from the ranks in railroading than in any other avocation. President Harris of the Burlington system began as a telegraph operator; so did President Earling of the Milwaukee; President Calloway of the Union Pacific was an auditor's clerk; the general manager of the Baltimore & Ohio was a machine shop laborer: President Underwood of the Erie, Manager Chaffee of the Alton, and Manager Schaff of the Big Four all started as brakemen; President Truesdale of the Lackawanna as clerk, and President Newman of the Lake Shore as a station agent.

* * *

That the payroll of the United States navy represents $20,000,000 a year.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"Duluth seems to be having some fine weather," remarked Alfred Lots, at the Spalding this morning. Mr. Lotz is from Chicago and represents the American Blower company, of Detroit. "This must be a magnificent city for anybody, but nobody can expect to perspire between October and March in any of the northern part of the United States.

"Yes, traveling men witness some pretty strong changes when they are on the road. The elements have no more regard for the men who do business by making the different cities than they do for the people located in the same places permanently. Along in February I was traveling in this section of the country and when forty miles north of St. Paul had one degree below for every mile—and then some. It was 42 below. When I got down to Kansas City a few days later it was 56 above zero and in the shade at that. You may imagine what a cold I caught. I suffered with it for quite a while.

"Not long ago I met a newspaper correspondent in St. Louis who was a very agreeable man. His name was John H. Collins and he was a Southerner, hailing from Louisville originally, and I believe represented the Associated Press as well as some Eastern papers individually. "His height was six feet one inch and I was quite agreeably impressed with him. He had had some tough luck in both the latest Eastern wars—well, not exactly in both wars. This was the way of it. He went to the Orient ten years ago and saw the Japs lick the Chinese and while there was shot. Of course, that's a memento of the field that he will never forget.

"He wanted to go to the war again this time and see how the Russians would fare at the hands of the Japanese. He went to the coast and even got on a steamer to start over. When a short distance out he was taken very sick with fever and had to return. You may imagine how disappointing it was for him. I guess there are few correspondents who have had the distinction of serving their papers in both wars and it is a record any man would like to have."

* * *

Mrs. J. F. Metzger, of Grand Rapids, is among the St. Louis arrivals.

* * *

Mrs. and Mrs. W. A. Murphy, of Calumet were guests at the St. Louis yesterday.

* * *

A. C. Willcuts, well known in this city as a ticket broker, and a brother of Collector of Port Willcuts, was registered this morning at the McKay. Mr. Willcuts has taken up his residence at Holyoke, Minn., and last week moved his family to that place. He has been elected treasurer of the new town of Holyoke, but will continue to conduct his Duluth business while living away from the city.

* * *

"Speaking of being on the water wagon reminds me of a little experience I had once while trying to do good to a man who was on the water wagon," remarked a man in the St. Louis lobby.

"Did you ask him to take a drink?"

"Not at all. So far as I know, he did not drink at any time in his life, although he was very close to the supply at the time I am thinking of."

"Well, why do you speak of the water wagon unless you mean a man who has at some time suffered from excessive consumption of strong stimulants of an intoxicating nature?"

"Oh, come off. You're thinking of the slang term and I am thinking of the water wagon—an actual water wagon. It was a tank on wheels, and a man was driving it out London road a few Sundays ago. It was a warm morning, and the horses seemed to have a pretty good job to pull that heavy tankful of water. As the load overtook me I noticed the leak behind was laying some of the dust in the roadway.

"In the course of a walk of a hundred feet or so I could tell that the leak was increasing noticeably, and thought, as the fellow was taking his load out into the country where he had no city water main, nor any well, that in the course of a couple of miles or so he would lose a whole lot if that leak was not stopped, or at least kept from increasing.

"So I yelled to him. 'Hay, there, you've sprung a bad leak there in that tank.'

"Hated to yell like that on Sunday morning, but preferred that to running after him, and into the dusty road to boot.

"He turned in his seat, just enough to see me, and nodded and smiled. It looked as though he was going to pay no attention to me, until he had gone about 100 more feet, when he pulled up his horses, and the boy who was riding got off the wagon and stepped round behind and began looking at the plug which was stuck into the bung of the tank. But he did not touch it, and appeared to think the leak did not amount to much.

"Then the driver started his horses and turned right across the gutter in beside a house close by. He had not been going to the country at all, and was not worried about the leak. As long as he was satisfied the bung would not fall out it was all he wanted, for as soon as he got across the steep gutter he was right where he would empty the tank into a cistern he had, or well or something. He must have had something like that, for the wagon was going down the road at a good rate when I came back that way a short time afterward. The boy had gotten off to lighten the load.

"It was certainly nice the way that fellow got those horses over the gutter, which was a deep one. He did not use the whip and did not try to split his throat by yelling. He gave them a minute's rest in the middle of the road and then gave them the word and a loose rein and they pulled across the place just as nicely as you please. I was sure they could not make it, whip or no whip, but I was mistaken."

* * *

At the Spalding: F. J. McLean, Menominee; S. T. Harris, Houghton; H. D. Smith, St. Paul; A. H. Maulder, La Crosse; H. K. Brooks, C. H. McNie, Scanlon; George Capser, E. C. Gower, C. B. Mayberg, J. B. Hardy, Fred M. McLeod, G. B. Kerr, A. Horswell, R. W. Munger, H. H. Gorman, Dawson Bradshaw, F. W. Plant, G. W. Howard, George J. Backus, S. F. oPrter, Minneapolis; John J. Rapp, Saginaw; W. H. Mace, Pittsburg, Pa.; Orville H. Stewart, G. W. Van Dusen, Minneapolis; George W. Ripley, Iron River; J. H. Johnson, Ike Lederer, St. Paul; A. W. Clark, Green aBy; C. N. Fowler, Fargo; A. L. Miller, St. Thomas, N. D.; G. W. Allen, Canby.

At the St. Louis: J. P. Bradner, St. Paul; C. H. Brown, Minneapolis; W. R. McNeil, Ashland; C. S. Judd, Saginaw; H. C. Wickstron, Pine City; Peter Grent, Chisholm; M. D. Kelly, J. L. Schneider, William Murray, F. J. Kelly, James J. Carrigan, J. A. Beard, A. Goodman, St. Paul; F. E. Carlin, Charles Brown, J. Lazarus, Minneapolis; D. L. McKay, Chippewa aFlls; C. C. aCriisle, Grand Rapids, Mich.; H. L. Davison, Hibbing; F. G. Whyman, Proctor; Hugh Fox, Grand aRpids; Harry Park, Ashland; F. E. Dockery, Fond du Lac; J. E. Meehan, Hibbing; B. J. Cassels, La Crosse; W. O. Falk, Minneapolis; S. O. Wood, D. Morgan, St. Paul; Eva Demgen, Virginia; A. S. Kingston, Eveleth; C. G. Meagher, Knife River; Oliver Forney, Ashland; Samuel Cleveland, P. W. Connell, St. Paul; G. S. Welshons, Stillwater; A. M. Harrison, Minneapolis; J. C. Campbell, Cloquet; H. G. Hays, Bemidji; F. L. Russell, Detroit; L. Sunby, Marquette; George W. Fay, Minneapolis.

At the McKay: C. B. Poynter, Richland Center, Wis.; W. W. Spence, St. Paul; J. C. Foley, Detroit; J. C. Utman, D. G. Holmes, S. W. Levy, Ashland; S. S. Quinn, Alcorn; M. L. Cunningham, Forvert; F. R. Keyes, Chippewa Falls; J. W. Showhan, Tipton, Ind.; J. Kuchira, Manitowoc; J. W. Osborne, Ely; J. C. Berrien, C. T. Williams, Charles C. Neale, Minneapolis; E. F. Miller, Bemidji; C. B. Ulrich, Hancock; C. A. Windoft, Ashland; B. F. Dodson, Chicago; G. W. Hayes, Richland, Ont.; Leo Fiolas, Two Harbors.

Turned the Tables.

Dr. Bird was once the guest of Capt. Burton, the explorer, and one night Burton had been telling of an Arab attack which ended fatally for his assailant, the doctor provoked from him one of the most perfect retorts ever made at a doctor's expense. "How do you feel, captain, when you kill a man?" said he. Burton paused a moment, and then replied slowly: "I don't know, doctor. How do you?"

Can Paste This In His Hat.

Memphis News: We can tell Mr. Bryan what a dollar isn't good for. It is the very worst thing on earth to put on a long shot except, perhaps, two dollars.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (central time), May 2.—A storm of considerable strength is central over New Mexico. Precipitation has occurred to the northward of the storm center and in west gulf states, heavy at New Orleans. Temperatures are generally moderate. The barometer is highest over Lake Superior and off the Oregon coast. Conditions rather favor rain in the Northwest during the ensuing 24 to 48 hours.

The following are the maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	84	Marquette	53
Battleford	60	Medicine Hat	64
Bismarck	74	Memphis	78
Boston	56	Milwaukee	60
Buffalo	60	Minnedosa	68
Calgary	40	Montgomery	82
Charleston	78	Moorhead	74
Chicago	52	New Orleans	68
Cincinnati	64	New York	70
Davenport	72	North Platte	66
Denver	60	Oklahoma	70
Detroit	60	Omaha	72
Dodge City	84	Pittsburg	64
Duluth	54	Port Arthur	58
El Paso	82	Portland	64
Escanaba	64	Qu'Appelle	50
Galveston	78	Rapid City	62
Green Bay	58	San Francisco	56
Havre	64	Santa Fe	62
Helena	60	Shreveport	76
Houghton	66	Spokane	54
Huron	76	St. Louis	70
Jacksonville	79	St. Paul	76
Kamloops	64	Sault Ste Marie	66
Kansas City	76	Swift Current	54
Knoxville	76	Washington	66
La Crosse	76	Williston	68
Lander	56	Winnemucca	48
Los Angeles	64	Winnipeg	78

Forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Tuesday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Fair tonight and probably Tuesday. Fresh and brisk northeast winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, May 2.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Tuesday: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Tuesday. Slight change in temperature. Minnesota—Fair tonight and probably Tuesday.

The Dakotas—Probably showers tonight and Tuesday.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Fairmont Sentinel: It would have been just as well for Judge Parker if Grover Cleveland had kept his mouth shut.

Norman County Herald: Judge Parker, the much talked of candidate for the Democratic presidential nomination, seems to be in the hands of his friends and d—n his friends.

Barnum Gazette: The Socialist microbe seems to be getting a strong hold in our county seat. We think it would be interesting to know just how many are fully acquainted with the Socialist platform. The name takes. It sounds like a good time.

Grand Marais Herald: Poor old "Doc" Ames, once freed by a supreme court decision, has been indicted again by a Minneapolis grand jury, and his cup of bitterness is filled by the fact that his brother, Col. Fred Ames, now serving a term in prison, will appear as a witness against him. There was a time when Doctor Ames was probably the most popular man in the state of Minnesota—a popularity earned by his practical love of the poor. For this he was dragged into politics and politics dragged him down. No good citizens can condone the offense with which he is charged, but the venom with which he is being followed looks more like persecution than prosecution and is enough to stir public sympathy in his behalf.

Two Harbors Journal: The Democratic presidential possibilities are a queer set any way. First they have one who wants to talk all the time, then they get one who won't talk at all.

Martin County Sentinel: In case of a deadlock in the Democratic national convention keep your eyes on that man Folk, the great St. Louis boodle fighter.

Red Wing News: Parker delegates? No. Hearst delegates? Naw. Democratic delegates? Right.

Martin County Sentinel: William R. Hearst is a man of remarkable brilliancy of intellect and the things he accomplishes frequently surprise even his most ardent admirers. The great journalist's enemies were fairly revelling in the assertion of Walter Wellman that Hearst was a mental nonentity and could not write an editorial or make a speech, when the other day he arose before an important congressional committee and made a speech of an hour in length, which, for brilliancy, force and cutting sarcasm, has not often been surpassed at this or previous sessions of congress. He arraigned President Roosevelt and Attorney General Knox in a most scathing manner for failing to prosecute the giant coal trust after having ample evidence to convict placed in their hands over eighteen months ago. To further make delay in the matter dangerous for the administration, Mr. Hearst has made complaint direct against the Reading railroad, the backbone of the coal trust, and placed the same in the hands of Attorney General Knox. It is said that if this official now refuses to act he will be liable to impeachment. Hearst is the man who does things—and he can make a speech!

Wabasha Herald: If Attorney General Knox were an Indian, his name, probably would be Runamucknit.

Wabasha Herald: The situation in which Minneapolis Democrats find themselves is an easy one. If John Lind don't suit them, all they have to do is elect someone else to congress—if they can.

He Got the Raise.

Leslie's Weekly: A year ago a manufacturer hired a boy. For months there was nothing noticeable about the boy except that he never took his eyes off the machine he was running. A few weeks ago the manufacturer looked up from his work to see the boy standing beside his desk.

"What do you want?" he asked.

"Want me pay raised."

"What are you getting?"

"Free dollars a week."

"Well, how much do you think you are worth?"

"Four dollars."

"You think so, do you?"

"Yessir, an' I've been t'inkin' so fer t'ree weeks, but I've been so blamed busy I haven't had time to speak to you about it."

The boy got the "raise."

The Pig Got Well.

Boston Beacon: A prominent educator in Philadelphia tells the following story on himself: In his early teaching days he had a position in a country schoolhouse in New England. The people in the neighborhood worked out their taxes by giving him board, and when there was no vacancy in the farm houses he took a small room, while the neighbors supplied him with food. One day a young boy came rushing breathlessly toward him. "Say, teacher," he gasped, my pa wants to know if you like pork?"

"Indeed I do like pork," the teacher replied, concluding that the very stingy father of this boy had determined to donate some pork to him. "You tell your father if there is anything in this world that I do like, it is pork." Some time transpired and there was no pork forthcoming. One day he met the boy alone in the school yard. "Look here, John," he said, "now about that pork?" "Oh," replied the boy, "the pig got well."

Hints on Pronunciation.

New Orleans Times-Democrat: If the place is on the Chinese coast, remember the number of your laundry ticket, multiply by six, subtract what is left, and find the puzzle. If a Russian name, add three partions, sneeze, cross your fingers, and forget it.

Has Read Only the Bible.

Mrs. Sarah Belle Harris was 100 years old last week, and the 1200 people of Mount Blanchard, O., the town in which she has lived almost fifty years, prepared a celebration in honor of the event. In all her years, Mrs. Harris has read only one work—her Bible. Recently she began to read newspapers and is well informed on current events.

YOURS FOR FUN.

Puck: "She told me that I might hope." "Better look out. I've known girls to say that when they intended to accept a chap."

Washington Star: "Do you think a great orator is necessarily a statesman?" "No," answered Senator Sorghum. "They are very likely to be careless about their facts. It frequently happens that an orator is a misstatesman."

Puck: Messenger—I didn't do a t'ing but win a dollar and t'irty-two cents at craps las' night.

Bucket Shop Office Boy—Put it all on cotton, Billy, an' stand fer a raise uv fifteen p'ints; I heerd de boss tellin' a come-on ter sell short!

Philadelphia Ledger: Bounder — Who was it said "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty?"

Rounder—Couldn't have been any of our police magistrates. They always come out plump and plain and tell you its $7.50.

Cincinnati Enquirer: "Are you still searching for your ideal man?" asked the girl in the home-grown waist. "No," replied the girl under the tailor-made hat. "I've quit reading novels."

Washington Star: "A woman will not esteem a man whom she cannot trust," said the moralist. "Yes," answered Mr. Meekton, "and I am delighted to note that Henrietta always trusts me to put the cat out and fix the furnace fire and lock the basement door and do a lot of things."

New York Weekly: Foreign Guest—The young girls of this country are charming; but why have the married women such a dragged-out look? Host—Well, you see, some of them are worked to death because they have no servants, and the rest of them are worried to death because they have.

'Tis little that I ask of fate—
A life exempt from harm,
A horse, a dog, a pleasant mate,
And a little radium farm!
—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

JOB FOR MR. RIIS.

New York Sun: Only those who know personally and intimately President Roosevelt's sunny faced biographer, Jacob Riis, understand how gentle is his temperament, how complete his integrity of purpose and how pure his sincerity of conviction.

If, then, Mr. Riis has idealized the president, as some people have the hardihood to suggest, only his desire to elevate the young manhood of the nation has been the impulse in his gentle soul. He would give our youth inspiration to high thoughts and noble deeds.

Mr. Riis has now an opportunity to render a further service to his hero—if, indeed, it may not be called a necessity—as the bright exemplar of "decency" for the young men of America.

Let him proceed to the task of justifying the moral propriety and the political expediency of President Roosevelt's entertaining at the White House Representative Lucius N. Littauer of the Twenty-fifth New York congress district, of the "rats and gaunts" government contract scandal, who only escaped prosecution at the hands of President Roosevelt's attorney general and President Roosevelt's secretary of war through the intervention of a most convenient United States statute of limitations.

Mr. Riis can easily obtain the official documents concerning Representative Littauer's conduct in this matter, and he will render his hero great service and show his own sensitive regard for the honor of the young men of the nation if he will reconcile that proceeding at the White House with President Roosevelt's many emphatic and righteous utterances in behalf of probity in political conduct and his frequent and fervid appeals for exalted moral purity in those who occupy public place.

President Roosevelt, Mr. Littauer and Mr. Riis are all young men.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: If a woman tells her husband a dress cost her $40, and her friends it cost her $80, it is a sign it cost $67.50.

About the time a girl begins to feel she ought to hide her shoe tops she begins to feel she ought not to her neck.

Very few women would be on speaking terms with their husbands if they knew what they really think of them.

There is nothing that convinces a woman a man is a cold-blooded brute so much as for him not to have any curiosity.

To understand the servant problem a man would have ot understand women and to understand them he'd have to be not a man.

He Proved It.

Lippincott's: "I'll bet you a dollar," said Blake., "that your 'Hello Girl' hears everything we say over the 'phone."

"How'll you prove it?" asked his partner.

"I'll show you," answered Blake.

"Number 483," he called. "Hello! hello! Is this you, Mary? Well, I just want to tell you that— Central, will you please stop listening!" he broke in, interrupting himself.

"I'm not listening," answered Central, indignantly.

Begin at the Source.

Indianapolis News: Labor, capital and politics have all rioted in lawlessness in Colorado and elsewhere. But when the American people undertake reform they must begin nearest the ground, closest to the great source. If they will insist on an end of violence and murder by labor and on purity in their legislators, they must first get after the corrupt scoundrels who stand in the background and poison all sources of public action by their bribes. The principal villain is the man that buys councils and corrupts legislators, the "respected" citizen, the "promoter," the "manager," who is clothed in soft raiment and whose name is writ large. This man, who is today sapping the vitality of American institutions, municipal, state and national, is the one that must first be driven from prominence to obscurity, from respectability to disgrace, from fame to infamy.

Two Industries Only.

Charlotte, N. C., Observer: A smart Yankee wrote to Pat Winston while he was United States attorney for the state of Washington and stated that he would like to remove to Spokane and demanded to know the chief industries. Pat answered the letter. "There are only two industries in my town, grand larceny and petty larceny and if you are not good at one or tother, I advise you to stay away."

Menu and Prescription.

New York Sun: "Of course," I asked the millionaire; "you are getting much pleasure from your newly acquired wealth?"

"Yes," he replied with a sigh; "when I'm well I eat in French, and when I'm sick in Latin."

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
C. A. Marshall, Manager.
SOUVENIR MATINEE WEDNESDAY 25c.
FIVE NIGHTS BEGINNING TONIGHT—
FLORENCE STONE Elaborate Revival of Dumas' Masterpiece—
"CAMILLE"
Magnificent costumes, gorgeous production. Regular summer prices—10c, 25c, 35c and 50c—no higher. "Camille" at Superior Saturday Night, May 7—May 9, "The Charity Ball." At Duluth—Stetson's Traveling "Uncle Tom's Cabin," Saturday, May 7, Matinee 25c, Night 10c, 25c, 35c and 50c.

METROPOLITAN THEATER
Week Commencing May 2,
Kennedy Stock Co.
SECOND WEEK.
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday Nights and Wednesday Matinee, "GRIT, THE NEWSBOY."
Thursday, Friday and Saturday Nights and Saturday Matinee, "WICKED LONDON."
Night Prices 10c, 15c, 25c, 50c. Matinee 10c, 25c.
Commencing May 12—"Robert McCair."
Commencing May 19—"Knobs o' Tennessee."

SPAULDING & CO.,

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AMATEURS BUSY

Baseball Season Opens With Greatest Interest Ever Known.

National Game In Full Swing All Over the City.

The amateur baseball season is on in full swing and yesterday afternoon every place in the city that could be converted into a ball ground had its game and a big bunch of spectators. This summer seems to promise a greater interest in baseball than any Duluth has ever known.

..t's'night H....6a wITn . T T TT

* * *

The Nationals defeated the Duluth Fashion junior team yesterday, in a rather one-sided contest, by the score of 19 to 9. The feature of the game was the pitching of Sook, who held the Fashions down to two runs until the ninth inning.

The following is the line-up and the score by innings:

Nationals:	Fashions:
Bert McCoy	..Satcher
M. Cook	....P. and l. f...Arthur Gooth
Arthur Hooland..	1st b.Harry Sorenson
Harold Foster	..2nd b and p.
	..Charles Feicks
Emil Harrison	..3rd b ..Elmer Owens
Jim Miller	.....s. s. .....Ed. Ebner
John Matinesky	r. f. ..Fred Wagner
Charles McPhee	..c. f.and p.
	Leonard Hill
Wm. Schuler	.....l. f. .....Bennett

Score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
National	0	2	2	4	8	1	0	2	0
Duluth Fashions	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	7	9

* * *

The Central high school nine defeated the Brockelhurst business college team in a fast game at the driving park Saturday afternoon, by the score of 19 to 6. The following was the line-up of the two teams:

High School	Brockelhurst:
Olson, Crawford.	..c .....Schipper
Scobie, McDevit	...p. .....Arsneau
Cranmer	.....1st b. .....Furring
Deetz	.....2nd b. .....Fosier
St. Clair	.....3rd b. .....Doyle
Hornebrook	.....s. s. .....Mueller
Zimmerman	.....c. f. .....Murtinger
F. Crassweller	.....l. f. .....Merritt
Furni, Fenton	...r. f. ....Foster

Umpire, Gallogher.

* * *

The Fairmounts won from the Irving Tigers yesterday afternoon by a score of 27 to 14. The line-up was as follows:

Fairmounts: Carey, catcher; Talbot, pitcher; Hubert, first base; Kenney, short stop; Garvela, second base; M. Olson, third base; C. Olson, left field; Hormann, center field; Blair right field.

Irving Tigers: Yax, catcher; Carey, pitcher; G. Olson, short stop, S. Price, first base, Larsen, second base; Savage, third base; W. Price, right field; Behring, center field; Boursa, center field.

* * *

The West End Sluggers defeated the Boiler Makers yesterday by the score of 29 to 9. The winners are open for a game with any team in their class. George Peterson of 1528 West Superior street is their manager. The line-up yesterday was as follows:

West End Sluggers—Ernie Fiero, catcher, L. Peterson, short stop; Al Fiero, pitcher; G. Peterson, first base; F. Larson, second base; Buse, third base; R. Larson, left field; Edward, right field; G. Peterson, center field.

Boiler Makers—Hoyt, catcher; Crotty, pitcher; Brindonar, short stop; Sayne, first base; Abe, second base; McMillan, third base; Victor, left field; R. Hoyt, right field; Baldy, center field.

The score by innings:

										H.	E.	R.
W. E. S.	1	0	2	1	2	2	3	3	2	*—30	7	25
B. M.	0	0	2	2	0	2	1	2	0	—15	10	9

* * *

One of the best amateur games played yesterday was that between the Gophers and the Lakesiders at Lakeside, when the Gophers, with Mannheim in the box, shut their opponent out with the score of 5 to 0. Only five Lakeside men reached first base. The Gophers lined up as follows:

Catcher, M. Cosgrove; pitcher, R. Mannheim; first base, C. Jones; second base, J. Kollack; third base, C. Dalrymple; short stop, F. Magraw; center field, R. Blake, and left field, W. Blake.

Cured His Mother of Rheumatism

"My mother has been a sufferer for many years with rheumatism," says W. H. Howard, of Husband, Pa. "At times she was unable to move at all, while at all times walking was painful. I presented her with a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and after a few applications she decided it was the most wonderful pain reliever she had ever tried, in fact, she is never without it now and is at all times able to walk. An occasional application of Pain Balm keeps away the pain that she was formerly troubled with." For sale by all druggists.

BASEBALL.

Saturday's Games.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cincinnati, 7; St. Louis, 1.
Chicago, 3; Pittsburg, 2.
New York, 10; Boston, 1.
Philadelphia-Brooklyn—postponed.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit, 3; Chicago, 3.
St. Louis, 7; Cleveland, 1.
Boston, 4; Washington, 1.
Philadelphia, 6; New York, 2.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Toledo, 4; Kansas City, 2.
Louisville, 6; Minneapolis, 4.
St. Paul, 4; Indianapolis, 1.

Sunday's Games.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Chicago—Pittsburg, 3; Chicago, 1.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 4; Cincinnati, 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At St. Louis—Chicago, 13; St. Louis, 0.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Toledo—Kansas City, 1; Toledo, 17.
At Columbus—Milwaukee, 5; Columbus, 3.
At Louisville—Louisville, 2; Minneapolis, 0.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	11	9	2	.818
St. Louis	12	7	5	.583
Brooklyn	11	6	5	.545
Cincinnati	15	8	7	.533
Chicago	11	5	6	.454
Boston	12	5	7	.417
Pittsburg	12	5	7	.417
Philadelphia	10	2	8	.200

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	12	10	2	.833
Chicago	14	8	6	.667
Philadelphia	10	6	4	.600
St. Louis	10	5	5	.550
New York	10	5	5	.500
Detroit	12	6	6	.500
Cleveland	10	4	6	.400
Washington	10	0	10	.000

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
St. Paul	9	6	3	.667
Indianapolis	8	5	3	.625
Milwaukee	8	5	3	.625
Louisville	10	5	5	.500
Minneapolis	9	4	5	.444
Toledo	9	4	5	.444
Columbus	7	3	4	.428
Kansas City	8	2	6	.250

ODD FELLOWS' ANNIVERSARY

Eighty-Fifth Year of Life Celebrated In Public Manner.

The eighty-fifth anniversary of the founding of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows was observed in a fitting manner by Duluth lodges yesterday. Commemorative exercises were held at the First Methodist and West Duluth Baptist churches. Rev. E. C. Clemens delivered the principal address at the Methodist church, and Rev. Arthur J. Hoag conducted the West Duluth services.

The Duluth lodges met early in the afternoon at Odd Fellows' hall on Lake avenue. Among the 600 members who formed in line at 2 o'clock before the hall were sixty Two Harbors Odd Fellows, who reached the city by special train. The parade, consisting of a consolidated column of Duluth, Superior, and Two Harbors lodges, and a drill company of patriarchs militant in full dress uniform, was led by Flaaten's band.

The introductory address at the church was made by R. D. Haven, who had charge of the affairs of the day. He briefly sketched the history of the order, and told of its rapid rise from a humble beginning to a membership of 1,500,000, counting the Rebekah degree. Mr. Haven spoke particularly of the relief work of the order, and cited the year of 1902, when $4,000,000 from the lodge funds were used in charity.

Rev. E. C. Clemens, in his address, said that it did not matter so much how old an order was, as how much good it was doing at the present time. He stated that the Odd Fellow order was manifestly an organization of good deeds based on practical lines, and gave illustrations of how the principals of generosity will live.

Musical numbers were given by Mesdames R. D. Haven and C. B. Gilbert, Mr. and Mrs. D. Adams and G. Jewell and Miss Millie Baker.

MACCABEES TO MEET.

State Convention to Elect Grand Camp Delegate.

Tomorrow evening the first state convention of the order of the Knights of Maccabees, for Minnesota, will be held at Hunter's hall in this city. The convention has been called for the purpose of electing a delegate to the great camp which will be held in Michigan next month.

There are 39 camps in Minnesota and each camp will be represented at the convention tomorrow by one delegate. The meeting will be presided over by Deputy Great Commander James McMullen, of St. Paul. W. B. Hartley, of West Duluth, deputy great commander for Northern Minnesota, will also take a prominent part in the convention.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Cures consumption. Not all cases, but very many. Your doctor will tell you more about this cough remedy. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

THE WHITE SOX COME TO DULUTH

Baseball Bunch Will Continue Practice In Zenith City.

Win Out Easily at Minneapolis—Will Play Ashland.

The eleven members of the Duluth Northern league team who have reported for spring practice arrived in Duluth over the Great Northern road at 6:45 this morning.

Manager Van Praagh decided that the local grounds were fit for practice and as several games are scheduled for the latter part of the week, it was thought best to break camp at Eau Claire and allow the men to become familiar with the local diamond.

The White Sox return with a clean record, having defeated the Chippewa Falls team in two games, the Eau Claire team in two games and the Java independent team in one contest.

Next Friday they will play the Duluth Fashions on the local diamond. On Saturday the fast Ashland nine will come up for a couple of games and on Tuesday a picked team from the Commercial league will line up against the White Sox. Eau Claire will be here for a game on Saturday, May 14, after which Duluth will leave for Fargo to open the season there.

The men are all in the pink of condition and are confident of landing the pennant this year. Those who came up last evening were: Shaw, Gehring, Koukelik, Zink, Martin, Wilkes, Quillan, Corrigan, Randall, O'Leary and Bennett.

Bell, Hughes, Noldin and Lagger are due to report here Wednesday or Thursday and they will be in the game by Friday.

Watkins is very reluctant to let "Rusty" Owens go, and he will be kept by the Millers until May 10, when he is to report here. He has been pitching great ball and Watkins is said to regret his promise to the Duluth manager.

Mullane has been released by Van Praagh. After the showing made by O'Leary in the practice games there was no further use for the Grand Forks catcher. O'Leary promises to be one of the hardest hitting backstops in the league, and Van Praagh still has Hughes to fall back upon, should he need another man for the position.

Winnipeg is putting up a hard fight for Annis. At the league meeting here it was stated that he was open for engagement, and he accepted the terms of the Duluth manager, but now he is claimed by the Canadians and the matter will have to go before President Laxdal.

* * *

Before a crowd of 2500 Minneapolis fans the White Sox won out in a fast game with the Java independent team yesterday afternoon in the Flour City.

The Javas were strengthened by the addition of three university players, while the Duluth team was weakened by the absence of the regular short stop, but in spite of these conditions Van Praagh's bunch had no trouble in handling the Minneapolis men.

"Demon" Shaw was in the box for the future Northern league champions, and pitched a great game. He got into a tight hole in the eighth when the bases were filled with nobody out. Two runs resulted, but the hard-hitting Duluth bunch came back at the Minneapolis men with two more in the ninth, and it was all off.

The feature of the game was the rotoing of a little contingent of Duluth fans in one corner of the grand stand. One very prominent local enthusiast rooting of a little contingent of Duluth kept insisting that the Javas should go "back to the coffee fields" and learn how to play the game.

The game was marked by snappy fielding on the part of the Duluth men, Shaw's good work in the box, and the heavy hitting of O'Leary, who seems to have his batting clothes with him this season.

The Javas were much strengthened by the addition of the three university men. Metcalf, the star first basemen of the collegians, played an errorless game and dug up a hit when it was badly needed. Linde and Rogers, the other two university men, got two of the other four hits scored off the little Duluth twirler.

The White Sox started the ball rolling in the first, scoring on O'Leary's two-bagger and Quillan's single. They repeated the trick in the fifth, when "Si" Bennett showed what he could do in the matter of running bases. He got to first on an error, stole second and third, and came home after Harkness had caught Shaw's long fly to left field. In the sixth a hit and a stolen base by Randall, O'Leary's two bagger, and a wild pitch netted the White Sox two runs. They followed this up with two more in the ninth, when Bennett and Shaw crossed the plate. Two of the runs of the Javas were earned, while the third was secured as the result of a very excusable error by the Duluth infield.

The Javas tried out three pitchers. Fleetham pitched good ball in the first three innings, but feared to overwork his arm, and asked to be taken out. He was succeeded by Staples, a southpaw, who was put out of business by the Duluth hitters, to be replaced by Rennix, whose curves were found to be easy picking.

Shaw passed but two men to first, one of whom was given four bad ones, while the second got in the way of a high in-shoot, which laid him out for a few minutes. "The Demon" also caused ten men to fan the atmosphere.

The tabulated score is as follows:

Duluth—	AB.	R.	BH.	PO.	A.	E.
Corrigan, rf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Marten, 2b	4	0	1	2	3	0
Randall, lf	4	1	1	1	1	1
O'Leary, c	4	2	2	12	2	0
Zink, 1b	5	0	2	9	0	0
Quillan, 3b	4	0	2	1	1	0
Wilkes, ss	4	0	0	1	0	1
Bennett, cf	3	2	0	0	0	0
Shaw, p	4	1	1	0	3	0
Totals	36	6	10	27	9	2

Javas—	AB.	R.	BH.	PO.	A.	E.
Grodnick, 3b	3	0	0	1	0	1
Hoke, 2b	4	0	0	5	2	0
Fryer, rf and c	4	0	0	1	1	0
Metcalf, 1b	4	0	1	9	0	0
Linde, ss	2	1	1	1	2	1
Harkness, lf	3	0	0	2	0	1
Rogers, cf	4	1	1	3	0	0
Johnson, c	2	0	1	4	3	1
Betlach, rf	1	1	0	1	0	0
Fleetham, p	1	0	0	0	3	0
Staples, p	1	0	0	0	1	0
Rennix, p	1	0	1	0	1	0
Totals	30	3	6	27	13	4

Duluth .....0 0 0 1 1 2 0 0 2—6
Javas .....0 0 0 0 1 0 0 2 0—3

Summaries: Left on bases—Duluth, 8; Javas, 4. Two-base hits—O'Leary, 2; Harkness. Stolen bases—Corrigan, Randall, Wilkes, Shaw. Bases off Shaw, 1; off Fleetham, 1; off staples, 2; off Rennix, 2. Struck out—By Shaw, 10; by Fleetham, 2. Wild pitch—Staples, 1. Passed balls—O'Leary, 1. Hit by pitched ball—Linde, Grodnick. Umpire—Frank E. Force. Time, 2:30.

* * *

The Duluth fans who took the trip to Minneapolis expressed themselves as more than pleased with the work of the team. There is no question but that Manager Van Praagh has fully as fast a team as any in the Northern league last season, and unless the other teams have been strengthened, the White Sox should land at the top of the heap.

It is claimed that last year's leaders have lost strength. Winnipeg has lost two of her star twirlers, although there is a bare possibility that they will be regained. Grand Forks has also suffered some heavy losses, and the vacancies will be hard to fill. Each being the case, Duluth should land in the first division at least, and the players themselves claim they will land the pennant.

In O'Leary, Van Praagh is believed to have a find. The big backstop promises to be one of the heaviest hitters in the league, and he hadn't the slightest difficulty in holding Shaw yesterday, although "the Demon" was feeling like a colt and was shooting them over like cannon balls.

On first base, Zing should be able to fill the shoes of Kennally if the latter should fall to show up. Kennally has not been heard from, although he has been ordered to report for practice with the warning that steps will be taken to declare him an outlaw if he fails to appear. Zink is of much the ssme build as last year's first baseman. He is surprisingly active for a big man, and connects with the ball regularly.

Martin will direct the play from second base. He is a clean and snappy fielder and covers a lot of ground. His alleged weakness with the stick was not apparent yesterday, when he rapped out a cracking single over second base. He set a bad example to the team, however, in taking his time reaching first and very nearly got caught on the bag by the centerfielder, who fielded the ball more quickly than Martin expected.

Ball has not yet appeared and nothing is known of his work, although he comes with all kinds of recommendations as to his hitting and fielding.

On third base, Quillan is playing the game of his life. He is fielding more rapidly, throwing harder, and hitting more frequently than last year, and he should be one of the stars of the team.

Duluth will have the star trio of outfielders in the Northern league. In Corrigan, Wilkes and Randall, Van Praagh has the pick of last year's men. Corrigan and Randall are .300 hitters and Wilkes is not far behind. They cover as much ground as any three outfielders in the league, and there is still Lagger to fall back upon.

The team has no lack of pitchers. Shaw and Gehring are throwing them over harder than ever, and with a winning team behind them, Corbett, Bartos and Sessions out of the league, they should prove to be two of the best in the business.

"Cocoa-cola" Koukalik is a new man in the league. He has a good assortment of curves and plenty of speed, and should make good with the team.

Noldin will again report with the team this year. He will be the only southpaw in the twirling department and if he shows the form exhibited at the close of last season, he will answer the requirements.

In "Rusty" Owens, Van Praagh claims to have a phenom. He has been showing great form this spring and should keep the Northern league hitters guessing.

Strather, the outfielder, has been released by the Duluth manager, along with Mullane, and there are now only sixteen men under contract, including Annis. A pitcher, an outfielder, and either an infielder or a catcher will be released before the season opens, and the team will be cut down to thirteen men, which will allow four pitchers and a substitute.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Florence Stone Stock company in "Camille."
METROPOLITAN — Kennedy Stock company in "Grit, the Newsboy."

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Saturday afternoon and evening, Stetson's "Uncle Tom's Cabin."

"RESURRECTION."

Miss Blanche Walsh In the Tolstoi Play.

Prince Dimitri Neckhludoff.....
.....Alexander Von Mitzel
Judge Ignatz Niphoravitch .....
....Nathan T. Wolker
Kolossoff .....Foster Lardner
Counsellor Mikilline ....William Travers
Foreman of the Jury .....
.....Charles MacDonald
The Merchant..William N. Wadsworth
The Captain .....Foster Flood
The Professor .....Clement Hopkins
The Colonel .....Mr. Conrad Cantzen
Deaf Juror.. .....John Crane
Dry Goods Clerk.. ....Harvey Cassidy
The Bookseller.. .....Herbert Darley
The Printer .....James Du Sang
The First Juror .....Richard Earle
The Second Juror .....R. S. Fife
Valdimir Simonson.....Forest Flood
Doctor .....Forest Lardner
Oustinav .....Charles MacDonald
Tikon..... Herbert Darley
Wassicleff .....W. N. Williams
Novordoroff ..... William Travers
Kriltzoff ....R. H. Jamison
Princess Sophia .....
.....Mrs. Henry Vandenhoff
Princess Marie ..Miss Zanaide Williams
Natacha .. ..Miss Alice Lovell Taylor
Aunt Sonia..... ..Miss Jessie Ralph
Aunt Mary.. ....Miss Jean Patriquin
Matrobia ..... Miss Laura Linden
Kautusha Maslova..... Blanche Walsh
Theodosia ..... Miss Jessie Ralph
Beauty ..... Miss Jean Patriquin
Carrotts... .... Miss Ethelyn Clemens
Lydia ..... Miss Louise Day
Korebleva .....Miss Ruth Hutchinson
Luce ....Miss Clara Wright
Fedika .....Miss Loretta Quinn
Karlovna ..... Mrs. Vandenhoff

Tolsti's "Resurrection" makes a gloomy play, although it gives plenty of opportunities for good acting, and the audience that witnessed Blanche Walsh and company Saturday at the Lyceum in two performances of the version dramatized by Henry Bataille and Michael Morton was decidedly pleased with the presentation. It is a pleasure to record that Miss Walsh will not play this theme next year, or even again this season, for Duluth was the last stand for the season, the company disbanding here Saturday night.

Literally the play gives less scope to the central woman figure, Katusha Maslova, as acted by Miss Walsh, than to Prince Neckhludoff, and while the star is seen in a reasonable amount of varied moods, the emotional work is seldom of very high tension, being generally of a repressed sort. The version differs from some others which have been shown to the public, and ends with the parting of the prince and Katucha on the road to Siberia, when she announced her determination to take Simonson as her husband.

As the peasant girl in the first act receiving the adulation of the rich young prince, Miss Walsh was delightfully innocent and pretty, and the rural costume she wore was notably picturesque. The contrast between this and when she was next seen in the prison, supposedly ten years later, was hard to realize. Her appearance would carry ten years of trouble and dissipation or more, and every action was a guarantee that she had been through all the trials and miseries of the wanton. Many in the audience failed to recognize her as the principal character and thought one of the other women was Katusha. In this act Miss Walsh had her greatest scope. Flashes of Katusha's younger spirit of goodness and older spirit of wickedness were seen in turn, when prince appeared and wanted to get her to receive his influence and help. The prison scene was as strong a lesson on morality as could well be contrived. The cigarette smoking and rum drinking criminals of the gentler sex were shown in all their depravity of moral tendency, and with enough effect to make one willing to take lighter themes in the theatrical diet for a while.

The part of Carrots, in this act, as given by Ethelyn Clemens, amused the auditors exceedingly, the irrepressible nature of hoyden being well portrayed. The desire of Carrots to see justice done to everyone was no small part of her attractiveness, as she comes only second to the prince in this respect.

Alexander Von Mitzel made a splendid impression as the prince. He is a refined and strong actor, and in the jury scene, after Katusha's sentence, where he had to see her go to prison through his own fault, originally, his remorse was powerfully adequately shown. The realization of conscience asserting itself too late was mournfully dominant.

The part of Simonson, as taken by Forest Flood, showed a bit of painstaking work, in one more of the seemingly few justice loving parts of the drama. Charles MacDonald, as foreman of the jury, made a good character, while his other appearance as the amorous hospital attendant trying to win Maslova realized a coarse character in a very lifelike manner.

Miss Zanaide Williams, as Princess Marie, who has to give up the prince who goes to save his victim, performed the part sweetly and was applauded for a very brief bit of acting well done.

The jury scene was the only relief from the sombre tone of the play, and here all the hilerity of the audience had plenty of sway. Walter Wadsworth as the henpecked husband who arouses the ire of the professor (Clement Hopkins) had excellent opportunities that he made the most of, while Mr. Cassidy was aptly cast as the dry goods clerk. The audience was in a constant state of laughter during the session of the jury, and the whole was very nicely acted.

It is impossible to give in a limited space adequate individual mention, but Miss Ralph, Miss Patriquin, Mr. Lardner, Mr. Darley and the others of the twenty-three in the company were all good. There are forty-two caharacters on the bill, which necessitates considerable work in playing double parts. The audience was enthusiastic and recalled Miss Walsh and Mr. Von Mitzel time and again. Miss Walsh was presented with a fine bouquet of roses after one of the acts, the gift of the company.

A sample of the farewell of a theartical season may be seen in the following announcemnte, posted Saturday in the stage entrance by Alfred Bradley, general representative of Wagenhals & Kemper, who directed the Walsh tour:

Call.

Next Stand
"The Good Old Summer Time."

Leave via several routes tomorrow. Members destined for civilization will leave—

From Union depot via Duluth & South Shore railroad at 6:20 p. m.

They will change cars at Sault Ste. Marie and again at Montreal, arriving at dear old Grand Central station 8:40 p. m. Tuesday evening.

Members less fortunate

Will leave as personally advised, or as they have been personally able to secure canal boats, prairie schooners, dog sleighs and other means of getting there—peace go with them!

P. S.

Ladies and gentlemen: I take this opportunity of expressing my personal appreciation for the kindly courtesies you have extended me. Wishing you health, happiness and the best of good luck, I am, cordially and gratefully yours,

ALFRED BRADLEY.

BLANCHE WALSH COMPANY.

Ladies and Gentlemen: In bidding you adieu for the summer, we wish to thank you one and all on our own behalf and that of Miss Walsh for your conscientious work and careful attention throughout the season, and you have our best wishes for an enjoyable vacation.

Those wishing to be re-engaged for next season will kindly send in their permanent addresses to the home office, or call in person.

Sincerely yours,

WAGENHALS & KEMPER,
Per A. B.

Some idea of the way the company scatters can be gained from the movements of the following: Miss Walsh went to Cleveland; her maid, Miss Mc-Pherson, to Denver; Mr. Hopkins, Miss Taylor and Miss Patriquin, to San Francisco; Mr. Flood and Miss Clemens, to the Catskills, and a number of the others to New York.

Miss Walsh is glad the season is over, and says she hopes to spend the summer on the coast of Maine, where she can have solitude. She has been spending her summers on Lake Placid, N. Y., but desires more rest and quiet than that well known resort affords. She says she is having four plays arranged for her by her managers, two French, two Italian and one English, Clyde Fitch being the dramatist in the last named instance.

FLORENCE STONE STOCK COMPANY.

The Florence Stone Stock company will open at the Lyceum this evening in a run of five nights and a matinee Wednesday, presenting "Camille." This famous drama is by many excellent critics considered the finest emotional play, and the part of Camille is one in which Miss Stone finds a most congenial role, for emotional work is her forte.

KENNEDY COMPANY.

"Grit, the Newsboy," will be presented by the Kennedy company tonight. The drama deals with the life of one of the brave little news venders of New York city, is full of good situations and clever comedy. The specialties, which have been so popular the last week, will be changed.

AT BEMIDJI.

Bemidji, Minn., May 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Hon. J. H. Markham has purchased three lots on the corner of Third street and Bemidji avenue, on which he will build a fine hotel that will cost, exclusively of the furnishings, $50,000. The new hotel will have a frontage of 100 feet on Third street and 140 feet on Bemidji avenue. It will be built of brick, will be three stories in height, and finished in hardwood.

The following committees were chosen at a meeting held by the local retail liquor dealers Sunday, to have charge of the arrangements for the convention held in this city in June: General committee on arrangements, Matt Meyer, Ted Smith, George McTaggart, E. K. Anderson, George Tanner; committee on official business program, Ted Smith; committee on solicitation of funds and custodians of finance, Charles Campbell, George McTaggert, Ole Gennes; committee on entertainment and amusements, E. K. Anderson, William Welsh, E. J. Wallace, Christ Olson, Robert Nelson; committee on reception, George Buckley, E. H. Munhall, Mel Thurston; special committee to interview city council, George McTaggert, Col. J. P. Taylor, Charles Campbell.

The Ladies' Library association are making arrangements for a minstrel show, "The Belles of Blackville," which will be given the last of May, for the benefit of the library.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. White and family have returned from California, where they spent the winter.

Mrs. Joseph Harrington and daughter left last week for a visit with relatives in Eau Claire, Wis.

Mrs. Louis Olson and daughter have returned from a visit with relatives in Fertile, Minn.

Mrs. L. J. Matheny, who has been seriously ill in St. Anthony's hospital, has recovered sufficiently to return to her home.

Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Hanniffin have returned from a visit in St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Since the Bemidji branch of the Duluth recruiting office was established here on Dec. 15th, 300 men have been enlisted. Eight men were sent to Manila last Monday, for coast artillery service.

Felix Beaudette and family left last Tuesday morning for Ashland, Oregon, where they will reside in the future.

Miss Vinnie Connors, and Thorvold Otos were married Tuesday evening at the Presbyterian parsonage, Rev. McLeod officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Otos will make their home in this city.

Mrs. Mathews and daughter, who have been the guests at the home of Attorney McKusick, left Wednesday for their home in Minneapolis. They were accompanied by Miss Florence McKusick, who will visit in Minneapolis, for a short time.

Mrs. J. M. Richards, of Crookston, has joined her husband in this city. Mr. and Mrs. Richards will occupy the McLennan house, on Lake Boulevard, which he has recently purchased.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Irwin and son left Wednesday for Duluth.

Mrs. James Duff, of Turtle River, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. L. Reynolds of Bemidji avenue.

County Treasurer French returned Tuesday from Redwood Falls, where he was called by the death of his mother.

Harvey Woodward, cashier of the First National bank at Perham, is the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Woodward, of this city. Miss Blanche Woodward, who has spent the winter in Minneapolis, is also at home for a short visit.

Mrs. John Graham is entertaining her brother, V. Dettling, of Red Lake Falls.

Miss Lizzie Saren, of Jamestown, N. D., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. K. Anderson.

Miss Maude Bailey is the guest of her uncle, Thayer Bailey, at Walker.

Allen Henderson, who has been ill, is now able to be out.

Dr. Tuomy left Tuesday for his old home at Ann Arbor, where he was called by the death of his father, who was struck by a street car and instantly killed. Dr. Tuomy will be absent about two weeks.

Mrs. Edward Hurley, of Cass Lake, who has been visiting her parents in this city, returned to her home Tuesday.

Miss Amy Wood and Cornelius Mahoney were married Tuesday night.

E. N. French, who has been in Minneapolis, visited his parents in this city last week on his way to his home in Blackduck.

A 14½-pound daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. George Walker Tuesday.

Miss Jennie Parker, of Solway, is the guest of friends in Bemidji.

Miss Loiga Lang and George J. Pellon were married Wednesday evening at the Baptist parsonage, Rev. Broomfield officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Pellon have gone to housekeeping in Bemidji.

The Baptist Church society has decided, instead of building a new church, to fix up the old one. A church parlor will be built on the front of the building, a tower will be put on, the interior redecorated and the outside painted.

AT BIWABIK.

Biwabik, Minn., May 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Vina O'Hara is again able to be out after her illness.

Mrs. Fred Lerch, of Virginia, visited Biwabik friends the fore part of last week.

Miss Anna Enwright, of Two Harbors, spent Sunday at her home here.

D. Cushion, of Hersey, Wis., who spends his summers here, left for Montana last week.

Mrs. James, of Virginia, was visiting Mrs. J. S. Lutes last week.

Mrs. W. Loulan, of Hibbing, visited Biwabik friends last week. Mrs. Loulan left for Portland, Ore., Saturday.

John Millner has accepted a position in Hibbing, where he expects to remain for some time.

B. Erickson and family leave for their farm, a few miles from Virginia, this week. Mr. Erickson having sold his interests here, intends enjoying farm life for a while.

The fraternal societies of Biwabik are arranging a dance for May 6.

Bad blood and indigestion are deadly enemies to good health. Burdock Blood Bitters destroys them.

The North-Western Line.

City Freight and Ticket office will move this Saturday p. m. to 302 West Superior street, Lonsdale building.

Millions who were sick—like you, perhaps—are well today because of Liquozone. The first bottle free; will you try it?

More people use Liquozone now than use medicine. Yet thousands still use drugs to cure germ troubles—to do what drugs can't do. If you are one of them, won't you let us buy a bottle of Liquozone and give it to you to try?

We Paid $100,000

For the American rights to Liquozone, because it kills germs in the body without killing the tissues, too. There is nothing else known which will do that. Any drug that kills germs is a poison, and it cannot be taken internally. Medicine cannot destroy the cause of a germ trouble.

Liquozone is so certain that we publish on every bottle an offer of $1000 for a disease germ that it cannot kill. The reason is that germs are vegetables, and Liquozone—like an excess of oxygen gas—is deadly to vegetal matter. Liquozone invariably destroys the germs of disease, wherever they are; yet to the human body it is the most helpful thing in the world.

Acts Like Oxygen.

The value of Liquozone lies in the fact that it does what oxygen does. Oxygen is the nerve food, the blood food, the scavenger of the blood. It is the very source of vitality, the most essential element of life. There would be no weak nerves, no impure blood, no inside germs if we could get into the blood an excess of oxygen. But oxygen is a gas, and unstable. An excess cannot be held in the blood.

In the making of Liquozone, we get the virtues of 1250 cubic inches of the gas into one cubic inch of liquid. The gas is derived in large part from the best oxygen producers. The process of making takes 14 days. The result is a wonderful product, stable and concentrated, holding all the virtues of the gas. It goes into the blood, to go wherever the blood goes. No germ can escape it and none can resist it. The results are inevitable.

But Liquozone is more than a germicide. Oxygen is Nature's greatest tonic and Liquozone is a vitalizer with which no other known product can compare. It not only destroys the cause of a germ trouble, but it quickly repairs all the damage which the germs have done. It gives to every organ just the help that it needs.

Germ Diseases.

These are the known germ diseases. All that medicine can do for these troubles is to help nature overcome the germs, wherever they are, and the results are inevitable. By destroying the cause of the trouble, it invariably ends the disease, and forever.

Asthma	Hay Fever—Influenza
Abscess—Anemia	Kidney Diseases
Bronchitis	La Grippe
Blood Poison	Leucorrhea
Bright's Disease	Liver Troubles
Bowel Troubles	Malaria—Neuralgia
Coughs—Colds	Many Heart Troubles
Consumption	Piles—Pneumonia
Colic—Croup	Pleurisy—Quinsy
Constipation	Rheumatism
Catarrh—Cancer	Skin Diseases
Scrofula—Syphilis	Dysentery—Diarrhoea
Stomach Troubles	Dandruff—Dropsy
Throat Troubles	Dyspepsia
Tuberculosis	Eczema—Erysipelas
Tumors—Ulcers	Fevers—Gall Stones
Varicocele	Goitre—Gout
Women's Diseases.	Gonorrhea—Gleet

All diseases that begin with fever—all inflammation—all catarrh—all contagious diseases—all the results of impure or poisonous blood.

In nervous debility Liquozone acts as a vitalizer, accomplishing what no drugs can do.

50c Bottle Free.

If you need Liquozone, and have never tried it, please send us this coupon. We will then mail you an order on your local druggist for a full-size bottle, and we will pay your druggist ourselves for it. This is our free gift, made to convince you; to show you what Liquozone is, and what it can do. In justice to yourself, please accept it today, for it places you under no obligation whatever.

Liquozone costs 50c and $1.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON

for this offer may not appear again. Fill out the blanks and mail it to the Liquid Ozone Co., 458-460 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

My disease is .....

I have never tried Liquozone, but if you will supply me a 50c bottle free I will take it.

.....

.....

694 Give full address—write plainly.

Any physician or hospital not yet using Liquozone will be gladly supplied for a test.

Each Member of a Family, Man, Woman and Child, Should Have a Savings Account

Savings Accounts Received By Mail—
3 Per Cent Interest Allowed.

DULUTH SAVINGS BANK,

216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET, DULUTH, MINN.

INTEREST COMMENCES

The FIRST of this month on all Savings Deposits made on or before the TENT

If You're a Japan tea drinker

Ask Your Grocer for

"SALADA"

CEYLON AND INDIA NATURAL GREEN tea. It is absolutely "Pure" and as far ahead of Japan tea as "Salada" Black is ahead of all other black teas.

Sold only in sealed lead packets. 50c, 60c and 70c per lb. By all Grocers.

Trade Supplied By GOWAN-PEYTON-TWOHY CO.

ONLY SOONERS DISSATISFIED

With Order Regarding Settling Lands on Chippewa Reserves.

To the Editor of The Herald:

In your paper of April 26 appears an article headed "Settlers Are Astonished" at the order of Secretary Hitchcock, relative to the manner of opening for settlement the lands in the several Chippewa Indian reservations in Northern Minnesota.

The fact of the business is that the ruling meets with the approval of the mass of the people at Cass Lake, and, one may say, all of the people outside this vicinity who are interested in securing a homestead on the lands to be thrown open. The squatters, or sooners, as they are called, who had commenced to build, some of which had moved on the land, including one family of whites and one family of half-breeds, had no precedent to go by, but were prompted in doing so by a certain land attorney who located adjoining the townsite of Nellie Lydeck, with the plea that he had a prior right and assuming that he knew the land law, in consequence, those of his class followed, through his advice. The same knowing individual, it is alleged, took a fee for locating and also a fee in advance from some, to defend them in case of a contest. Now this may be an honest move on the part of the attorney, but it may be a means to obtain a few dollars as well.

The fact that a few made an attempt at settlement and were still living in the village, doing business, trying to defraud the government, if possible, out of 160 acres of land, and, being turned down by the secretary's ruling, does not go to show that the whole community is dissatisfied or the people in any other part of the state.

Talking about preparing the ground for crops, why misstate things? They had not even moved on the land, only in two or three cases. Everybody is satisfied except a few who want the earth fenced for the purpose of keeping others out.

Why should a few, who happen to be living in the vicinity of a few good claims have the right over and above those to whom the law gives the same right and privilege as they to make a home and who would improve and cultivate the land much more and better than a lot of lawyers and other business men who would not live on their claims for any length of time before they relinquished to some person for a sum to their profit? They cry about the hardship of having to tear down their buildings. The government ought not to allow the moving of a house built on lands contrary to law and out of timber taken from the land. They ought to be made the property of the man who lies according to law. They ought to be pleased that they are not treated as trespassers and leave the buildings on the tracts of lands built on. They talk about the professed policy of the government. They do not appear to understand that this land is not government land as to the manner of obtaining title thereto. It is an Indian reservation and opened up under a special act of congress, and there are special requirements in addition to the general homestead law. Thus one cannot apply the homestead law to these lands as he could on government lands outside the reservation. The ruling is O. K. and we hope the people wanting homes will turn out on June 15, 1904 and avail themselves of the opportunity.

The above facts can be verified by hundreds of people in our vicinit.

A CITIZEN.

Cass Lake, Minn., April 30.

AMONG THE PLANTS

I was going to let you go along without any prompting this year, but so many requests have come in and there are so many strangers who are making the acquaintance of a Duluth garden for the first time that a few directions on planting will be useful.

The season is late, but once in lower Michigan we could not plow a furrow until May 10 because of the frost, and everything grew just as well and as quickly that year as they did in a normal one and we expect a good season in Duluth this year, better than the average.

Duluth soil has been the cause of a great deal of profanity because of its clayey texture, but if one will dig in a good dressing of stable manure from the horse barn and pulverize the soil well, taking care to make a fine surface free of lumps for the seedlings to start in, you will find that you can grow just as good things here as anywhere in the world. It is a great help all summer if you spread an inch or so of sand over the finished beds. It prevents the soil from packing and lets the seedlings have a fine soft covering to germinate in.

Sow sweet peas and poppies now. Poppies will grow in any old place; just rake the surface and after sowing the seed, tramp them well in with the feet. You had better mix the seed with a bowl full of dry earth before sowing. Then you can scatter it evenly and your plants will not be in clumps. In sowing sweet peas make a deep furrow, and cover the seeds with only two inches of fine soil; the balance can be filled in when the plants are a foot high.

In the flower garden pansies may be planted now, and perhaps there is nothing that gives more satisfaction. Each year the flowers grow larger, and new and beautiful colors come out. Give them full sunshine and make the bed rich. Get January grown plants if you want large flowers all summer, and plant thickly, say eight inches each way. The crowding of the foliage later on makes the flower stems long.

In the vegetable garden sow all your hardy seeds, such as beets, parsnips, salsify, lettuce, onions, etc., but such tender things as cucumbers, beans, corn and nasturtiums must not go in until warmer weather comes. May 15 to June 1 is soon enough. Be sure to sow a liberal lot of garden peas. For early, sow Alaska, and at the same time you can sow some second early and late varieties, and thus prolong your season by one planting, but I prefer to make different sowings, putting in the last lot June 1, and last year had green peas up to frost in the fall.

In conclusion, let me urge the necessity of pressing the whole length of a newly-sown row with the ball of the foot, for if this dry spell continues, the dry air will penetrate to the sprouting seeds and kill them before they have a chance to get up, for the seeds must not be covered deeply. If they are, and a heavy rain falls, the weight of earth will be too great for them to lift, and they must perish.

E. C. LINDSAY,
Lester Park Greenhouses.

MANY INJURED ON FERRY BOAT

Hurricane Deck of St. Louis Steamer Suddenly Collapsed.

St. Louis, May 2.—The hurricane deck of the ferry steamer, Alonzo C. Church, collapsed early last evening while the boat was crowded with sightseers viewing the United States gunboat Nashville, at anchor in the river harbor here, and about 20 people were injured, a number of them being reported in a critical condition..

The names of the following injured have been secured, but this list is not complete, as several persons were immediately taken to their homes before their names were learned: J. B. Wood, leg broken and internally injured; George Montigo, both ankles fractured; Mabel Montigo (daughter), aged 4, head hurt; Edward Mack, leg crushed; Mollie Collins, East St. Louis, internally injured.

The ferry steamer had been carrying crowds all day from the foot of Valentine street out into midstream, past the Nashville, and back again. No stop was made at the Nashville, owing to the heavy flood current running.

As the ferry boat was rounding the Nashville and starting back to dock, the crowd on the upper deck rushed to the steamer's side and out on the hurricane roof. The strain was too great and the roof collapsed, participating a large number of people 20 feet to the deck below, which was also crowded.

Instantly a panic ensued, women screamed, some from injuries and some from fright, and several persons attempted to jump into the river, thinking the boat was sinking. Cooler heads prevented this and efforts were at once begun to succor the injured.

A distress signal was blown from the boat's whistle and tugs hurried alongside, but it was deemed best to proceed to land and not attempt to place the injured on the tug. Ambulances had been hastily called and soon after the Church had reached the shore, the injured were being conveyed to the city hospital and many neighboring homes.

Quick Arrest.

J. A. Gulledge, of Verbena, Ala., was twice in the hospital from a severe case of piles causing tumors. After doctors and all remedies failed, Bucklen's Arnica Salve quickly arrested further inflammation and cured him. It conquers aches and kills pain. 25c, at all druggists.

Budweiser's

Greatest Triumph

Declared superior to best Bohemian Beers by the Experimental Station for the Brewing Industry of Bohemia, at Prague.

Bohemian Beers—for centuries the acknowledged standard of quality—have been patterned after by brewers of all countries.

Budweiser

The Product of

Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n

IS BOTTLED ONLY AT THEIR HOME PLANT AT

St. Louis, U.S.A.

A visit to the World's Fair City should include a trip to and through the Anheuser-Busch Brewery. All are welcome.

Orders Promptly Filled by

Ideal Beer Hall Co. and W. A. Wagner, Distributors, Duluth, Minn.

STANDARD VARIES

Grain Measurements In the Various States Differ Greatly.

First Map on Which Name of America Was Used.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, May 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The bureau of standards, which is an important division of the department of commerce and labor, has in press a volume of great importance to the commerce of the country. This work, which will be published within a few months, will exhibit the standard measures in every state of the Union and it will astonish those who see it. According to the data gathered by Mr. Stratton, the chief of the bureau, it appears that the capacity of a bushel, for instance, varies so greatly in the different states that it is difficult to understand how business can be conducted with anything like uniformity. This is particularly noticeable in grain measurements, for oats, wheat, beans and seeds of all kinds are rated by a dozen different standards in as many states.

Nor is it in measures of volume alone that this diversity exists. In the matter of wire gauges there are no less than four different standards recognized by the trade. It is the purpose of the volume now to be published to show these wide differences and to pave the way for congress to enact some general legislation which will fix a national standard which will then probably be adopted by the states. A bushel of beans will not then weigh 56 pounds in Massachusetts, which is the case today, and thirty-two pounds in New York will be regarded as of equal volume to thirty-two pounds in some of the Western states where the standard bushel today must contain thirty-three or thirty-five pounds.

* * *

After nearly four centuries of mystery the first map on which the name of America was used to designate the Western Hemisphere has been found. It was made by Martin Waldseemuller, a geographer of the little city of St. Diel, situated in the French department of the Vosges. Ever since 1507 everybody has known of a little Latin book printed in St. Diel and made famous because it first advocated that the new hemisphere should be called America after Amerigo Vespucci. From references in the book it was evident that it was accompanied by some sort of a map but the map was missing. Copies were found of the map which geographers believed belonged to the book but still no one knew what become of the original. Search was begun and after years was finally abandoned and the subject of the first map which had America printed thereon was almost forgotten when a German professor stumbled upon the missing map in the princely library of the castle Wolfegg. Here it had lain for centuries hidden amid tomes of morocco and parchment. Now copies are to be made of it so that the world may be able to look upon the map upon which "America" was first printed.

* * *

Far more importance is attached to the Panama canal bill, which was one of the last measures to pass the ordeal of a conference committee, than is generally supposed. The bill gives the president the right to designate who shall control affairs on the isthmus until the end of the next session of congress, and this means that the commission will have ample powers. It means also that practical work will begin during the current year and that the commissions will begin, at once, the preparation of plans for letting contracts.

The house did not seem to think it necessary to re-appropriate the $10,000,000 to be paid for the concession. But the members of the senate had information which led them to insist strenuously upon this particular paragraph. It remains in the bill as it become a law and will serve to forestall the action of a band of conspirators who saw, or thought they saw an opportunity to foment strife between Panama and Colombia. It was learned that some agents of the Republic of Colombia acting with authority had taken preliminary steps towards a series of law suits by which it was expected to tie up, in the United States courts the ten million dollars which is to be paid Colombia. This they believed could be done because congress had not heretofore stipulated in express terms that the money is to be paid over to the infant republic. The action of congress leaves the situation clear and avoids even the chance of long drawn out litigation.

The title to the property of the French company is now vested in the United States of America and just as soon as the necessary preliminaries can be arranged contracts will be made for the physical work. Ten million dollars is available for this and the commission is determined that the work shall be pushed with sufficient vigor to convince the world that the United States is in earnest in its desire to complete a waterway between the Atlantic and Pacific.

* * *

While congress has accomplished much since its meeting in November, much is yet to be accomplished during the life of the Fifty-eighth congress. A great many bills of considerable moment to the country at large have been passed but seemingly congress has shied at passing some measures which the country is greatly interested in. Among the "left-overs" is the immigration question, which has been temporarily pushed aside, but which cannot fail to attract great interest when the treaty with China comes before the senate for ratification. Effort was made during the present session to get the immigration question before congress, but the effort failed and a sop in the way of an amendment was grafted onto a supply bill to temporarily tide over the situation until the treaty with China could be completed.

Another subject of vast importance to this government is the renewal of the contract with the Australian government and the Cunard line steamers. This matter was brushed aside because congress was anxious to get away. With politics in the air and seats in both bodies in the balance, it has been a universal custom of our legislative bodies to avoid any legislation that might be taken advantage of by the opposition and unexpectedly an issue made out of it.

The extension of the capitol was also pushed aside. This is a subject which is certain to arouse general discussion when it comes before the short session of congress, for there is pronounced opposition to the extension of the east front, as provided in the original plans made by the architect, Mr. Walters. The session just ended contented itself with the creation of a commission which was empowered to ascertain the views of leading architects of the country as to the feasibility of the Walters' plan for the extension of the east front, and such other technical data as would throw light upon the subject. In is possible that the extension of the east front may go over until another congress, the present session having voted to give the senators an office building corresponding to the office building provided by the last congress for the members of the house of representatives.

* * *

The side-tracking of the eight-hour bill, the measure for national good roads, the ship subsidy bill, will leave congress with much on its hands when its meets next December, to say nothing of the confirmation of Collector Crum, at Charleston, S. C. As to the latter, the president was insistent that something definite should be done by the senate looking to the confirmation or rejection of Mr. Crum, the negro collector, against whom Senator Tillman made one of his characteristic speeches. The senators, however, in the absence of Senator Tillman refused to break a time-honored precedent, and the Crum case went over.

* * *

One of the most interesting visitors Washington has seen in years was the Imperial Prince Pu Lun, nephew of the emperor of China, who was in the nation's capital last week as our country's guest. Pu Lun is a boyish-looking Celestial, with a studious cast of countenance. His visit to Washington was made particularly enjoyable, not only by the Chinese minister, but by entertainments given in his honor by the president, Secretary Hay and ex-Secretary John W. Foster. Pu Lun likes us, and in his diary, which he is keeping for the purpose of writing his impressions of America, he has written the following about Washington: "Arrived in Washington Saturday, April 23. Find it a beautiful, clean, well-kept city. Will make study of its improvements for future use." Prince Lun said that the uses of electricity was one of the subjects that he would take up with his august uncle, the emperor of China, so that the knowledge he has gained in this country may be used by his people for their betterment. Speaking through his interpreter and tutor, the prince said, concerning Washington: "I was very much struck with the holiday air of your streets on Sunday. The people here seem to enjoy themselves so much. Alas, with us there is constant work. I admire the singular beauty of your streets, with their little green parks, and the smoothness of them. Your buildings, too, are large, but you do not have them too tall. Some I saw in San Francisco, I believe, what you call 'skyscrapers.' They were very strange looking indeed. I never imagined man would build so high. Your Soldiers' home here is a great institution. We are trying to establish something like that at home."

All Want the Best

in everything. In whiskey you get it in

Hunter Baltimore Rye

Sold at all first-class cafes and by jobbers. WM. LANAHAN & SON, Baltimore, Md.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The loss from the fire which practically destroyed the building occupied by the Anthony & Cowell Co., furniture and upholstery dealers, at Providence, R. I., will amount to about $400,00, partially covered by insurance.

President William McKenzie of the Canadian Northern road, has let the contract for the 500 miles extension to Edmonston to J. D. McArthur, of Winnipeg. The contractor expects to have the line completed this year.

John Sheehy, said to have been manager of one of Sir Thomas Lipton's stores in Limerick, Ireland, was arrested Sunday at Philadelphia as he stepped from the Belgian steamer Friesland, from Liverpool, charged with embezzling several hundred pounds sterling from the famous yachtsmans' establishment.

The rays of the sun, focused through a gold jar dish, set fire to the clothing of Mrs. Julia Elbert, who was sleeping in a chair near an open window at Elkhart, Ind., and the flames were extinguished only after she had been severely burned.

John Wallinburg, who shot and killed William Sheffield, his wife and two daughters at Valliant, I. T., committed suicide, his body being found on the bank of the Red river. An empty phial was found that had contained poison. Pursued by a mob of lynchers, he prethe waters of Red river, were too high ferred death to capture when he found for him to cross.

C. David Frey, a butcher of Los Angeles, was shot and instantly killed Sunday by A. Carpenter, special officer of the Humane society. The shooting occurred near Tropico, on the outskirts of Los Angeles, and resulted from a raid by a half dozen humane officers on a cocking main at that place. Carpenter was arrested and is now in the city jail charged with murder.

The motorman of an Ironville car Sunday afternoon failed to stop his car for the track of the Ohio railway and Terminal company, at Toledo, O., and the car was struck by an engine and overturned. Two ladies, Mrs. Nye Bingham and Mrs. E. W. Wackerlie, weer seriously injured.

Can You Afford 5 cents?

If you can, you owe it to yourself—to your family—to buy one package of Uneeda Biscuit to-day, not to-morrow, TO-DAY! After that you will ever buy and eat Uneeda Biscuit because your appetite will demand them, because your common sense will teach you that there is no article of food so wholesome, so satisfying, so economical.

Uneeda Biscuit

are really soda crackers but such soda crackers as you never had before or even imagined.

Indeed, it is a great achievement to make soda crackers so delicious and to deliver them to your table as fresh as they were at the mouth of the oven, untouched by strange hands, untainted with odor, unspoiled by dampness, dust or germs.

Think of a beautiful package of royal purple and white containing such a feast as that, for 5 cents.

Think what it means to you Mrs. Housewife or you Mr. Breadwinner and what you are losing by not making Uneeda Biscuit an important part of your daily bill-of-fare.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

A BAD MAN ARRESTED

Detectives Capture John Delaney After a Sensational Struggle.

Philadelphia, May 2.—John T. Delaney, whom the police say is wanted for forgery, was arrested at the Hotel Hanover early yesterday, after a sensational struggle with two detectives, who owe their lives to their presence of mind. The arrest was made in the presence of Delaney's wife, who was in bed. Delaney had a wife and family in Baltimore and did not know he was wanted in Baltimore until the police broke into their bedroom. The couple were married in January. She had always believed him to be a traveling man. According to the police, Delaney and his wife left Baltimore on a trip which she believed was for business. Detectives located them at Hanover. Assuring themselves that the couple were in bed, Detectives Thomas, of this city, and Talley, of this city, broke into the room and were engaged at once in a struggle with Delaney, who had jumped out of the bed on the detectives entering. The porter turned on the light and the prisoner was subdued, but until after he attempted to reach a revolver that was under a pillow and another under the bed. While dressing he said he wanted a vest and stepped to a trunk, but the detectives anticipated him and found a third pistol. He made three more moves, such as to get a collar or handkerchief and each place the detectives found a bowie knife. Having been foiled at every turn, Delaney gave up, and according to the detectives, said he would have made his escape if he could have reached any one of the six weapons, even if he had to kill both of them.

Mrs. Delaney, dumfounded at the whole proceedings, almost went into hysterics from surprise and fear. Among Delaney's personal effects were found chloroform and a sponge, a silk bag, which the detectives say is patterned after the kind used by sandbagging highwaymen, two pieces of rope, a chisel and a razor.

The prisoner was taken to the city hall and held without bail, to await requisition papers from Maryland.

Mrs. Delaney's mother and sister were telegraphed for and they arrived last evening and took the heartbroken woman home.

Delaney told the police that his present plight was due to his attempt to having his wife remain in the same social position she was in when he married her. Delaney also said he was at one time confidential agent of Chris Von Der Ahe, of St. Louis.

INSANE WOMAN'S DEED.

Cleveland, O., May 2.—Mrs. Caroline Volkman, who is believed to be insane, threw her three children—Annie, aged 11; Willie, aged 5, and Otto, aged 2—into Lake Erie yesterday afternoon and then jumped in herself. Fortunately boatmen were nearby and the whole party was rescued without any ill effects. The children were sent to their home and the mother is locked up pending examination regarding her sanity. Domestic troubles are said to have made her temporarily mentally irresponsible.

MOVING and STORAGE

The Old Reliable

Duluth Van Co.,

210 West Superior St. Phones 492.

Cremo

5 cent cigars are liked by everyone except the man who has some other kind he wants to sell you

GREATEST KNOWN

Will Be Exports of Manufactures During Fiscal Year.

Nine Months' Figures Are $17,000,000 Greater Than In 1900.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, May 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Exports of manufactures still promise to exceed in the fiscal year 1904 those of any preceding year. The nine months' figures of the fiscal year, just announced by the department of commerce and labor, through its bureau of statistics, show a total of $17,000,000 greater than the corresponding months of the fiscal year 1900, in which the exports of manufactures reached their highest figures. In 1900 the exports of domestic manufactures amounted to $433,000,000 for the whole fiscal year, which was the highest figure ever recorded for the exports of domestic manufactures from the United States. In 1901 the figures showed $41,000,000, in 1902 $403,000,000, dollars, and in 1903 $407,000,000.

This drop in the figures, however, was not entirely due to an actual reduction in the value of manufactures leaving the ports of the United States, but was in part because of the fact that shipments of manufactures to Hawaii and Porto Rico, which had formerly been included in the statement of exports to foreign countries, were not so included for the year 1900. The exports of manufactures to Hawaii and Porto Rico in 1900 amounted to $1,000,000, and had these been included in the gures of exports to foreign countries subsequent to 1900 there would have been compaartively little reduction.

The figures of exports to foreign countries in 1904, which are now completed for the nine months ending with March, indicate that the total value of exports of manufactures to foreign countries in the full fiscal year, which ends in June 30, will exceed those of 1900, in spite of the fact that Hawaii and Porto Rico are no longer included. The total value of exports sent from the United States to Hawaii and Porto Rico for the present fiscal year will aggregate $25,000,000, and of this manufactures form about two-thirds of the grand total. In the nine months ending with March, 1904, manufactures shipped to Porto Rico and Hawaii have probbaly aggregated about $10,000,000 in value. The total value of the manufactures exported to foreign countries in the nine months ending with March exceeds by $17,000,000 that of 190, the banner year, in which the figures of exports to Hawaii and Porto Rico weer included.

To compare, therefore, the shipments from the ports of the United States in the nine months ending with March, 1904, with those of the corresponding months of 1900, the shipments to Hawaii and Porto Rico should be ided, and this would bring the total for the nine months about $30,000,000 above these of the corresponding nine months of the year of greatest exports, 1900. Comparing exports of manufactures to foreign countries in the nine months ending with March, 1904, with those of corresponding periods for earlier years, a gain of $31,000,000 is shown for the nine months ending with March, 1904, over the corresponding period of 1903, and a gain of $36,000,000, compared with the same period of 1902. Camparing conditions with those of a decade ago it may be said that exports of manufactures have almost trebled. In the nine months ending with March, 1894, the total value of domestic manufactures exported was $138,902,149 against $330,572,215.

Imports of manufactures show a decided falling off in the nine months ending with March, 1904, as compared with the corresponding period of 1903. To obtain a statement of the imports of manufactures, the bureau of statistics groups in three classes, viz., wholly or partially manufactured materials for use in manufacture; manfactured ready for consumption; and the group articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc.; and this gives approximately the value of all manufactures coming into the United States, and amounts in total to $334,815,956 in the nine months ending with March, 1904, against $366,107,747 in the same months of last year, a decrease of $32,000,000 in imports of manufactures. It is proper to add, however, that the group "articles of voluntary use, etc.," contains some articles which could not properly be classed as manufactures, especially diamonds, of which the importation has grown steadily for several years past, until the present fiscal year, which shows a decided falling off compared with 1903.

For the eight months ending with February, the diamonds imported amounted to $1,500,000, against over $5,000,000 in the corresponding period of last year. These, if deducted from the bureau of statistics figures of manufactures, would bring the total for the nine months down to about $320,000,000 worth of manufactures imported, against $330,000,000 worth exports during the same period.

These figures seem to justify the prediction that the value of manufactures sent out from the ports of the United States in the fiscal year 1904 will exceed those of any preceding year, and will also exceed the imports of manufactures during that same period.

The table which follows shows the value of manufactures exported in March and the nine months ending with March in each fiscal year from 1890 to 1904:

Year.	Month ending March 31.	Nine months ending March 31.
1890	$11,200,379	$116,702,536
1891	14,742,929	124,465,595
1892	13,325,627	121 388,235
1893	14,599,221	115,974,419
1894	15,913,893	138,902,149
1895	15,576,786	132,165,784
1896	19,125,795	163,187,935
1897	25,876,861	200,008,683
1898	38,214,450	286,788,035
1899	36,109,531	242,578,595
1900	44,767,139	313,278,068
1901	34,975,735	304,891,344
1902	36,941,537	294,839,812
1903	36,414,377	299,828,425
1904	42,248,527	330,572,215

Chronic Sores Eating Ulcers

A Constant Drain Upon the System.

Nothing is a source of so much trouble as an old sore or ulcer, particularly when located upon the lower extremities where the circulation is weak and sluggish. A gangrenous eating ulcer upon the leg is a frightful sight, and as the poison burrows deeper and deeper into the tissues beneath and the sore continues to spread, one can almost see the flesh melting away and feel the strength going out with the sickening discharges. Great running sores and deep offensive ulcers often develop from a simple boil, swollen gland, bruise or pimple, and are a threatening danger always, because while all such sores are not cancerous, a great many are, and this should make you suspicious of all chronic, slow-healing ulcers and sores, particularly if cancer runs in your family. Face sores are common and cause the greatest annoyance because they are so persistent and unsightly and detract so much from one's personal appearance. Middle aged and old people and those whose blood is contaminated and tainted with the germs and poison of malaria or some previous sickness, are the chief sufferers from chronic sores and ulcers. While the blood remains in an unhealthy polluted condition, and the sore will continue to grow and spread in spite of washes and salves, for the sore is the outward sign of some constitutional disorder, a bad condition of the blood and system, which local remedies cannot cure. A blood purifier and tonic is what you need—something to cleanse the blood, quicken the circulation and invigorate the constitution, and S. S. S. is just such a remedy. It counteracts and removes from the blood all the impurities and poisons, and gradually builds up the entire system; and when the blood has been purified the healingprocess begins and the ulcer or sore is soon entirely gone. S. S. S. contains no mineral or poisonous drugs of any description, but is guaranteed purely vegetable, a blood purifier and tonic combined and a safe and permanent cure for chronic sores and ulcers. If you have a slow-healing sore of any kind, external or internal, write us about it, and our physicians will advise you without charge. Book on "The Blood and Its Diseases" free.

SSS

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Wheeling, W. Va., May 28, 1903.

Some years ago while at work, I fell over a truck and severely injured both of my shins. My blood became poisoned as a result, and the doctor told me I would have running sores for life, and that if they closed up the result would be fatal. Under this discouraging report I left off their treatment and resorted to the use of S. S. S. Its effects were prompt and gratifying. It took only a short while for the medicine to cure up the sores, and I am not dead as the doctor intimated I would be, neither have the sores ever broken out again, and some 12 years have elapsed since what I have described occurred.

JOHN W. FUNDIS,
Care Schmulbach Brewing Co.

Sympathies of World With Japan.

The great civilized powers of the world are practically unanimous in the opinion that in this war, right and justice are upon the side of Japan, while Russia is the real aggressor. It is also the unanimous opinion of everybody that for restoring health and happiness Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is without an equal. It is impossible to be happy if your stomach is out of order. Your meals don't agree with you and you are unable to rest at night. Consequently you are nervous, irritable and always out of sorts. If you will try a few doses of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters you will be convinced that it will cure you. It never fails in cases of indigestiuon, dyspepsia, heartburn, belching, constipated bowels, insomnia, nervousness and malaria. Try it today.

SIX KILLED IN AUTO.

Paris, May 2.—An automobile, in which six persons were driving, was struck by the Basle-Paris express, on a grade crossing at Roissey-En-Brie, twenty-five miles from here. All the occupants were instantly killed. The victims included M. Pretavoine, manager of a fire insurance company, members of his family and friends, all Parisians.

NEGRO FIEND LYNCHED.

Prattsville, Ala., May 2.—News reached this city this morning that Gainer Hall, the negro who assaulted Mrs. Josiah Owens, was caught at Kinston Saturday afternoon by a posse, who tok him to the scene of the crime and hanged him to a tree. The body was then riddled with bullets. It is said that the negroes refuse to take down the body and bury it. tI is also reported that Mrs. Owens is in a critical condition. The town is quiet.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Is Organized to Repel Assaults Upon the Scriptures.

Convention of Defenders of the Bible This Week.

New York, May 2.—Friends of the Bible declare the time to have arrived when assaults upon the Scriptures should be repelled. They have organiezd an American Bible league—American because they propose to inaugurate a campaign that shall extend throughout the nation; Bible because they believe it to be the Word of God, and league because they are banded together for an opposition to the higher critics that they assert is to be both united and determined. Recent large meetings of men eminent as instructors of the young, who declare under the guise of critical scholarship that they are truth seekers and nothing more, have aroused the defenders of inspired scriptures. The latter declare that something must be done if anything is to remain. It is Bible or no Biole, they say. Crime is on the increase, as statistics show, and one chief cause of it is the fact that God's Word is openly discredited.

The vigorous league already engages in warfare. It announces a convention of defenders of the Bible as it is, and declares that it finds interest in its work of Bible defense so great that people are to attend the convention from all parts of the country. Special railroad rates are being arranged. That the league considers the situation grave is shown by the fact that the opening meeting at this convention will have for its subject "The Present Assault on the Bible." The convention is to be held in the Marble Collegiate Reformed church, New York city. The dates are May 3, 4 and 5. The pastor of the church named is the Rev. Dr. David James Burrell, himself a defender of an inspired Bible, and enjoying a national reputation as a preacher.

The opening address, which is expected to set the keynote for the meeting, will be delivered by the Rev. Dr. Francis L. Patton, the president of Princeton Theological seminary and former president of Princeton university. This address will set forth the nature of the present assault, and point out its unparalleled danger. Discussions upon it are to follow by the Rev. Dr. Theodore E. Schmauk, president of the Lutheran General council; by the Rev. Dr. Henry C. Minton, former moderator of the Presbyterian general assembly, and the Rev. Dr. S. L. Bowman, the well-known lecturer and until recently the head of the theological department of the De Pauw university. The president of the league, William Phillips Hall, the well-known business man who takes such warm interest in the religious welfare of the people and in the progress of America, will occupy the chair.

That the assault is regarded as a death one is shown by the fact that the topic of the first morning session will point out the practical consequences of the attack. This attack is producing demoralization of conduct and of education, and in having a tremendous influence, all of it baneful upon the ministry and upon missions. The addresses on the topic will be delivered by the Rev. Albert H. Plumb, a leading Congregational pastor of Roston, and the Rev. Dr. J. B. Remensnyder, pastor of the principal Lutheran General Synod. Discussions will follow by the Rev. Dr. J. Ross Stevenson, pastor of Dr. John Hall's old New York church; the Rev. Dr. Booth, a former Presbyterian moderator; Bishop Sabine of the Reformed Episcopal church; and the Rev. Dr. D. J. Burrell, of the Reformed church.

On the same day, and following in the evening, vital topics like the following will be discussed: "The Groundlessness of the Present Rationalistic Claims," the aim being to show that the claims now put forth by the higher critic assaulters are the same old heretical claims of past ages. It will also be shown that these rationalistic arguments go directly to undermine the principles of the New Testament, and later on in the discussions it will also be shown that higher criticism is not without its fad, including an evolutionary one. Speakers include Prof. Howard Osgood, of Rochester seminary, who was one of the revisers of the Bible under the American committee; President Weidner, of the Theological seminary of Chicago; Prof. Edmund J. Wolf, president of the Lutheran General Synod; Prof. J. B. Thomas, of Newton Theological seminary; Prof. G. Frank Wright, of Oberlin; and the Rev. Dr. Robert McKenzie, now of New York City, but recently of San Francisco, where he was perhaps the most influential Christian leader on the Pacific coast.

The closing session of the convention will talk over the best way to remedy present evils. The league's method is to concentrate popular attention upon a mastery of the Bible and what is in it. Addresses will be made by members of the league, and especially upon methods of reaching and influencing the young, by the Rev. Wayland Hoyt, a Christian Endeavorer leader, the Rev. Charles L. Fry, of the Luther League of America, Mr. Willis E. Lougee, one of the International Young Men's Christian association secretaries, and the Rev. Dr. James A. Worden, superintendent of Sabbath school and missionary work in the Presbyterian church.

The formidable array of speakers can hardly, as will be seen, be duplicated in all America. Almost all evangelical bodies are represented. Such a list of speakers at any convention in recent years has rarely been equaled. And the list of speakers is backed up by a list of members of the league itself which is not a bit less noteworthy. In the league's official board, following Mr. William Phillips Hall, as president, are Prof. Beecher of Auburn seminary; President Butts of Drew seminary, the well known Methodist institution; the Rev. Dr. E. P. Ingersoll, the Congregational secretary of the American Bible society; President McGarvey of Lexington seminary; President Mullins of the Baptist Seminary at Louisville; Mr. Rush Taggart of New York, and many of those whose names have just been mentioned as programme speakers.

So intense has the feeling come to be of late that official organs of various bodies, such as the Christian Endeavor and others, have found it essential to speak out in favor of an inspired Bible, and deploring the assaults of the higher critics. They admit that unless a stand is taken on the safe side, and that immediately, there will be no Bible at all worth preserving.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

The North-Western Line.

City Freight and Ticket office will move this Saturday p. m. to 302 West Superior street, Lonsdale building.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

Handy Classified List

Of Duluth And West Superior

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OUELLETTE & BAXTER CO., Garfield.

Men's Furnishing Goodss, Etc.
CHRISTENSEN, MENDENHALL & GRAHAM, 222 W. Superior.

Millinery and Silks.
LA FERTE, 17 W. Superior.

Milk, Cream and Butter.
BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL, 16 W. First.

Office and Store Fixtures.
ANDERSON & GOW, 123 Third Ave. W.

Oil—Lubricating and Illuminating.
BUFFALO OIL CO., West Superior, Wis.

Paints, Oils and Varnishes.
NORTHWEST PAINT CO., 323 W. First.

Pants, Overalls, Lumbermen's Supplies.
H. HELSTEIN & CO., 108 First Ave. W.

Paper and Stationery.
DULUTH PAPER & STATIONERY CO., 18-20 W. Michigan.

Plumbing and Heating.
AMERICAN HEATING CO., 31 W. Mich.
FARRELL & TURNBULL, 125 E. Sup.

Prospectors' Patent Drills.
STROTHMAN IRON CO., Superior, Wis.

Produce Commission Merchants.
FITZSIMMONS-DERRIG, 122 W. Mich.
GAMBLE-ROBINSON-SHELDON CO., 210 W. Michigan.
KNUDSEN-FERGUSON, 212 W. Mich.
THOS. THOMPSON CO., 126 W. Mich.

Sash, Doors, Office Fixtures.
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.

Saxoina Cigar.
GEO. E. ROLPH CIGAR CO., West Superior, Wis.

Steam and Plumbing Supplies.
CRANE & ORDWAY CO., 12 W. Mich.
NORTHERN SUPPLY CO., 14 W. Mich.

Towing and Wrecking Contractors.
WHITNEY BROS., West Superior, Wis.

Wagon and Carriage Works.
F. M. RICHARDSON, 26 E. First.

RETAIL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Candies and Ice Cream.
SMITH & MARKUS, 110 W. Superior.

Cloaks, Suits and Waists.
S. BERNHARD, 12 W. Superior.

Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry.
J. GRUESEN, 31 W. Superior. Wedding rings and repairing a specialty.

Druggists.
S. F. BOYCE, 4th Ave. W. and Superior.

Dry Goods, Millinery, Etc.
JOHNSON & MOE, 2102-2104 W. Superior.

Dyers, French Dry Cleaners.
ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS, 6 E. Sup.

Florist and Confectioner.
VICTOR HUOT, 223 W. Superior. Cut flowers and funeral designs.

Grocers.
MEDEN & MORTON, 228 W. First.

Labor Agents.
DUL. EMPLOYMENT CO., 429 W. Mich.
NATIONAL CO., (Richards & Birch), 431 W. Michigan.

Livery and Boarding Stables.
BOARD OF TRADE LIVERY, 315 W. 1st.
LOTMAN BROS., 206-208 E. Superior.

Furrier.
ROBERT KROJANKER, 12 W. Superior.

Merchant Tailors.
NELSON & SWANSON, 404 W. Superior.

Pawn Broker.
KEYSTONE LOAN & MERCANTILE CO., 16 W. Superior.

Picture Frames and Wall Paper.
H. A. HALL & CO., 16 E. Superior.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Seed, Pimples, Unfitness to marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele, and Consumption. It stops all losses by day or night. Prematurity, which if not checked leads to spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores. The reason sufferers are not cured by doctors is because ninety per cent. are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE is the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5,000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if six boxes do not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box; six for $5.00 by mail. Send for free circular and testimonials. Address DA VOL MEDICINE CO., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

IMPORTANT QUESTIONS

Will Come Before the Methodist General Conference.

Los Angeles, May 2.—As the day for the assembling of the delegates to the thirty-first annual conference of the M. E. church approaches general interest in the gathering of representative churchmen from all parts of the civilized world becomes greater and when Bishop Steven Merrill calls to order the first session at 9 o'clock next Wednesday morning 748 out of a total of 750 accredited delegates will be in their seats ready to proceed with the legislative tasks confronting them.

The delegates will during the daily sessions lasting throughout the month of May be called upon to solve many problems of importance to the growth and future welfare of the M. E. church.

In the opinion of many high in the councils of Methodism the quadrennial session will prove the most important of any in the history of the church.

Among the most important subjects are the following:

What can the church do on the liquor question?

What action can the church take to solve the race question?

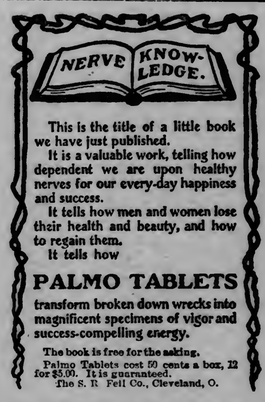
Shall worldly pleasures, such as dancing, theater-going and card playing be condemned by the church?

With which combatant in the war in the Orient are our sympathies?

What can be done by the church to prevent, in the good name of the country, the crime of lynching?

Shall the itineraries of Methodism ministers be restored?

How many bishops shall be elected and how many be retired?



This is the title of a little book we have just published.

It is a valuable work, telling how dependent we are upon healthy nerves for our every-day happiness and success.

It tells how men and women lose their health and beauty, and how to regain them.

It tells how

PALMO TABLETS

transform broken down wrecks into magnificent specimens of vigor and success-compelling energy.

The book is free for the asking.

Palmo Tablets cost 50 cents a box, 22 for $5.00. It is guaranteed.

The S. R. Fell Co., Cleveland, O.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, 12 West Superior street.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Mention this paper.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

BUCKSKIN HORSE

That Has Figured In Four Sensational Montana Trials.

Made Conspicuous By Large Cowbrand and Its Color.

Butte, Mont., May 2.—Cattle Inspector Collinis stood on the curb on Park street, just west of the corner of Main street yesterday, his gaze following a team of horses drawing a neat wagon, reflection apparently holding his though t concentrated. His attention was centered upon one of the animals—a buckskin that would be conspicuous anywhere, so rare is such a specimen. Suddenly, turning to a friend, the keen observer of horseflesh remarked: "Do you know, there's a history in that buckskin horse? He's figured in a number of cattle steals and court cases right here in this county." And Collins immediately became reminiscent.

"In 1889," he went on, "Louis Byers, then living on a ranch about four miles south of Silver Bow Junction, owned that horse. The Oregon Short line, at that time the Montana Union, ran through his fields. He laid claims that a train of the company, one night in that year, ran into and killed a certain buckskin horse, branded 'L. B.' on the left thigh. He brought suit for damages in the district court. Sam Word, who was then acting as railroad attorney for the company, at once put detectives on the case. They started right to work and found the horse had been taken into the hills and hidden. On the day of the trial, which took place right here, in the court house in Butte, the defense sprung a sensation. After Byers got through testifying as to the killing of the horse the detectives brought that very buckskin you see going down the street into the court house yard, and the jury went out to take a look at it. The suit was dismissed.

"The next time this horse bobbed up was along about 1890. Byers had some cattle killed by this same railroad and he imagined he didn't get enough damages. He made some threats and one night a passenger train on the Short line stopped within sixty feet of a steel rail wired across the track near the Byers' ranch, and the obstruction was removed. Railroad detectives got busy. They followed a man's footprints along the railroad track from the point where this rail was tied until they came to a place where a horse had stood. Then they followed the horse's tracks. It was noted that the shoe on the left hind foot was gone. The tracks were traced to Byer's stable and there was found this identical buckskin horse with the shoe missing from the left hind foot.

"A search in the house brought to light a pair of men's shoes cached away. They were covered with mud just drying on. Those shoes exctly fitted the tracks along the railroad tracks. The arrest followed. Sam Word was the prosecuting attorney and George Haldron, now of New York city, defended Byers. He cleared him.

"The next time the buckskin figured was in October, 1894. I was cattle inspector at the time and about one o'colck in the morning one night I caught a man with a bunch of cattle near Feeley's station. It was Fred Byers, brother of Louis Byers, and he was riding this buckskin horse. The two Byers boys had a slaughterhouse on the ranch. I held him until daylight, when I found the cattle were all right. Couldn't see the brands at night. I let 'em go. That was a weird experience, waiting through the dark hours of that morning. I thought I had him caught, too, for the circumstances were peculiar, and the actions of the Byers brothers and the way they did business at the slaughterhouse looked suspicious.

"The next time the buckskin came upon the scene on the 13th of December, 1894. Fred Byers and John F. Jones were seen going down the Deer Lodge valley. Byers was on the buckskin. They stopped in Deer Lodge over night at Sam Scott's hotel, while the horses were put up in old man Ward's livery stable.

"On the night of Dec. 14, Spencer Johnson, who lived on a ranch near Warm Springs, had sixteen head of steers and one cow stolen out of his fields and early in the morning of the 16th I arrested Louis and Fred Byers at the slaughterhouse on the Byers ranch. I caught them butchering at that unseasonable hour. The evidence against them was four steers and one cow with the "S. J." brand on the left hip and twelve beef hides in the slaughterhouse, all marked with the same brand. I also got eight carcasses of meat. Four were gone. I brought my prisoners to Butte and next day took the hides and all the other stuff to Deer Lodge, where the Byers boys and Jones were tried and convicted in the district court before Judge Brantley, now supreme court justice. Each one of them got seven years in the state's prison. Louis Byers served his term all but a year. He was a trusty, hauling timber from the mountains under guard. His wagon upset and killed him. The two other served out their sentences and have disappeared.

"During the trial in Deer Lodge the buckskin horse figured as evidence all the way through. Fred Byers was a conspicuous figure, dressed in a leather coat on that buckskin. A number of witnesses testified that they saw him riding away from Deer Lodge December 14, along with a companion also on horseback. The buckskin was recognized all the way down the valley. You notice that 'L. B.' brand on his left thigh is a good deal larger than the way horses are usually marked. It is a cow brand."

He mused for a minute and then: "There, you see, that buckskin figured in four cases in court. Must be pretty old now, but he's tough as leather. William Matthews, butcher at Silver Bow Junction, owns him. He drives into Butte about every day and usually ties up right about here."

The two friends strolled off down the street, the old rider of ranges still cogitating and his companion thinking what a lot of detail and color that buckskin could add to the story if he could talk.

NORWEGIAN SAILOR

Is Having Strange Craft Made For Voyage.

London, May 2.—A Norwegian sailor named Brude, who holds a mate's certificate, intends to travel from Norway to St. Louis for the world's fair in a queer boat of his own designing. It is made of iron, is egg-shaped and has no aperature except in the small turret, which has four windows, to enable the craft to be steered.

The vessel is being made at the Aalesund mechanical works. It will have a centerboard keel and will be rigged with mast and lateen sail.

Brude is looking for three Norsemen to go with him. He expects the journey will take two months and a half.

80 PER CENT OF THE ADULT POPULATION SUFFER FROM ONE PAINFUL AILMENT.

Think what this means. Imagine the amount of misery that exists and is endured simply because people do not know there is an absolute cure.

The only way to cure any complaint is to remove the cause. There are very few diseases or ailments that can be cured by external application—and piles is not one of them. Piles can be cured; the treatment must, however, be internal, for the cause of piles is an internal disorder of the liver or the bowels. Even catarrh of the stomach and bowels can be cured by DR. PERRIN'S PILE SPECIFIC, The Internal Remedy. Here is an instance of what this practically infallible remedy will do:

Dr. C. A. Perrin, Helena, Mont.—Dear Sir: I have nearly finished the former bottle of Perrin's Pile Specific and am practically well. My case was one which most physicians would have pronounced incurable, as I was afflicted with a dysentery and compelled to go to the toilet room from three to five times each day and each time would bleed from one-half to one teacupful. I had to resort to bandages and absorbent cotton to check the flow of blood, and now the past ten or twelve days there has been no sign of bleeding and my appetite is good; have gained ten pounds in weight and feel like a new lease of life was given me.

Very truly yours,
T. R. HARRIS,
October 20th, 1902. Yerington, Nev.

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific is sold by all reliable druggists at $1.00 the bottle, under an absolute guarantee to refund the money should this great internal remedy fail to cure.

DR. PERRIN MEDICAL CO., HELENA, MONT.

FOR RENT!

A very desirable suite of offices in the Lonsdale building. Possession immediately.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.

OFFICIALS ARE SCORED

By Ohio Grand Jury For Permitting Lynching and Rioting.

Springfield, Ohio, May 2.—The extraordinary grand jury has reported on the lynching and rioting, and considering the men who composed the body, its report is the most scathing ever returned in this conuty.

The city and county officials in moderate but forcible language are held responsible for the reign of terror that existed here during the week of March 7-13, when a negro, Richard Dion, was lynched and many houses destroyed by fire, started by a mob, which caused state militia to be on guard for several days.

The foreman of the jury was William Foos, millionaire manufacturer, and among others were M. H. Fairbanks, a brother of Senator Fairbanks of Indiana. There were thirteen indictments returned against men implicated in the lynching, but the names have been suppressed because the indicted men have left the city. The report in part is as follows:

"It does not appear that any prominent and influential citizens of Springfield were active participants in the proper display of firmness and determinioteus events. It does appear that a nation at the right moment by the officers of the law, even with the force at hand, would have suppressed the mob spirit and saved the city the disgrace that has been cast upon it.

"The conduct and attitude of the police has not been such as to increase confidence. There seems to have been little in their conduct that is worthy of aught else than the severest condemnation.

"This jury thinks that the crime of perjury is so prevalent that the oath taken by witnesses before juries and in our courts is often so lightly regarded as to be cause of deep concern."

Both the policie and common pleas courts are censured for not inflicting more severe penalties on law-breakers.

Dr. Reinhart, Dentist,

wishes to announce that he is now located in rooms 2, 3 and 8, Banning Blk., Second avenue west and Superior St.

THAT MAUD'S SULKY.

Trainer Declares Vehicle Had No Ball-Bearings.

New York, May 2.—William A. Bair, who trotted Maud S at the time of her record-breaking mile of 2:08¾ to a highwheel sulky at Cleveland in 1885, has came out with the statement flatly contradicting assertions made by his brother-in-law, Lyman Redmond, who was assistant at the time of the race.

Redmond made an affidavit to the effect that Maud S hauled a roller-bearing sulky at the time of the performance, and Bair pronounces this statement, untrue in emphatic terms.

Trainer Bair in his statement said: "The sulky to which Maud S trotted in 2:09¼ at Lexington, and in 2:08¾ at Cleveland was ordered by me and paid for by Vanderbilt. There is no shadow of a doubt as to its axles. It weighed thirty-eight pounds when I received it. It was of lead color. I returned it to Caffrey to be painted carmine, with yellow stripping. When it came back to me it weighed forty-two pounds. The paint added to its weight. The work was done by J. Haines Caffrey, who is now in business for himself."

WEST DULUTH

The Alger-Smith sawmill will start in on the season's work tomorrow, with one shift of men employed. There will be no night crew at the start, and there may not be any time during the summer, when both day and night shifts will be employed.

The Merrill & Ring mill is also ready for work, and will probably commence operations within the next two or three days. The ice is now practically all out of the St. Louis river, and the mill ponds are free from ice. The ponds were cleared with blasting powder last week.

These two mills starting up will give employment to about 400 men. Mill workers have been in readiness to go to work for several weeks past. This is the latest opening of the mills for eleven years. Generally they are ready to start some time in April, and last year they started April 20.

DEFENDS HIS DOG.

Woodsman Comes to Rescue of His Purp.

A remarkable display of agility and brute strength was shown on lower Central avenue by a husky lumberjack this morning. He was walking briskly up the avenue, an undersized dog of doubtful breed following at his heels. Suddenly a strange dog, about the size of an ordinary shepherd, popped out from behind a building and jumped onto the woodsman's pet, chewing at the animal's neck unmercifully.

The man from the woods paused a moment, then seeing the great odds at which the smaller dog was fighting, landed a kick on the enemy's hams. Quick as a flash the big dog turned his attention to the man, and sprang at the latter's legs with every intention of taking a bite out of one of them. The lumberjack stepped quickly aside and in some manner caught the dog by the throat, one hand on each side. With a sound kick and a mighty swing he hurled the animal boldly over a sign board and about thirty feet beyond. He smiled as he saw the victim jump to his feet and scurry off, with his tail between his legs, then called his own dog and continued on his way.

NOTICE!

Merrill & Ring's sawmill will start up for business Wednesday morning. All old hands are requested to report.

C. R. LITTLE,
Superintendent.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Matt Doyle left yesterday for Eveleth on business.

his new residence, to be erected at the

P. H. McGraw has started work on the corner of Forty-seventh avenue west and Cody street.

Charles and Frank James leave tonight for Minneapolis.

Miss Mary Yandel, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Yandel, died last night at the family residence, 27 North Fifty-seventh avenue west, at the age of 21 years, after a seven days' illness. Miss Yandel was a Lady Forester, and this lodge will have charge of the funeral services.

West Duluth Odd Fellows turned out in force yesterday to attend the commemorative exercises, marking the eighty-first anniversary of the foundation of the order, held at the West Duluth Baptist church. Rev. Arthur J. Hoag conducted the services, speaking, in his addres, of the benefits of the order, of its objects, etc. About fifty members of the lodge were in attendance. They formed in line at their hall and marched to the church in a body.

The Ladies of the G. A. R. conducted a successful dime social at Gilley's hall Saturday evening.

John McDonald returned home on Saturday from Saginaw, Mich., where he went to attend the funeral of his father. Mrs. John McDonald and Mr. and Mrs. James McDonald will return to West Duluth this week.

Paints and oils at Nygren's.

Mrs. W. B. Hartley and Mrs. George Toor have returned from Barnum, where they went to attend the funeral of Mrs. W. T. Green.

W. B. Hartley has returned from a few days' visit on the range.

West Duluth Lodge No. 168, I. O. O. F., will confer the initiatory degree on a number of candidates Tuesday evening.

White Pine Lung Balsam will cure that cough. At Nygren's.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Sorrensen, 6212 Wadena street, a son.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Eklund.

A son was born yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. Eric Hill.

For wall paper, go to Nygren's.

G. W. Boutan has leased the plant and purchased the business of the X-Ray Printing company, and will hereafter conduct the job printing business in West Duluth on his own account.

The West Duluth base ball team clearly showed its superiority over the Morks of the West End yesterday, in a game on the Fifty-second street grounds. The final score stood 10 to 2 in favor of West Duluth. Larson pitched his usual good game for the latter team, and only a few hits were obtained off him. The Morks tried out three pitchers, all of whom were hit at will by the winners. Brotherton made a home run and there were several two and three-baggers made.

Delta Mandolin club dance next Friday at the Great Eastern hall.

Patterson, undertaker. 'Phone 3070.

Patterson, undertaker. 'Phone 3070.

MURDERED BY HIGHWAYMEN.

New Orleans, May 2.—While resisting an attempt of two highwaymen to rob him, Capt. Carl Uphoven, of the steamship Alps, of the United Fruit company line, was murdered on the levee today. He was a native of Cologne, Germany, and was 35 years old.

TOBACCO FIRM IN TROUBLE.

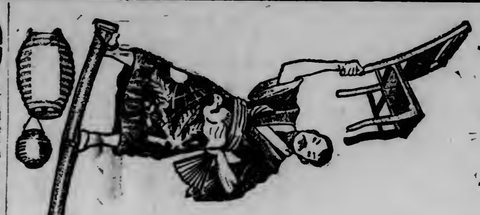
Toronto, May 2.—The wholesale tobacco and cigar firm of W. B. Reid & Co. has called a meeting of its creditors. The liabilities are said to be considerably over $100,000, and the American Tobacco company is said to be the heaviest creditor. It is expected a compromise will be effected.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

CABLE SHIP ARRIVES.

New York, May 2.—The cable steamer Stephen arrived here today from Brest to begin work on the New York-Fayal section of the German-American duplicate cable. The steamer was especially constructed for this work, having been completed about one year ago. The Stephan's cable-carrying capacity is 5000 tons.

A little life may be sacrificed to a sudden attack of croup, if you don't have Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil on hand for the emergency.



THE SATISFACTORY STORE.

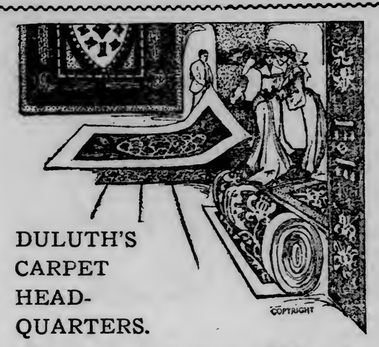
Unequaled Values in Furniture

Compare for yourself and see if such special bargains have been offered before.

SOLID OAK SIDEBOARDS.

Very rich golden finish. Best construction, with large, roomy drawers, very heavy beveled mirror; worth $16.00 — On sale at—

$10.95



DULUTH'S CARPET HEAD-QUARTERS.

Carpets and Rugs

The very choicest goods to select from—hundreds of new patterns. The best at the lowest price.

9x12 Brusselette Rugs $7.75
9x10-6 Brusselette Rugs $6.90
9x9 Brusselette Rugs $6.10

Worth almost double our price.

10 GO-CARTS
at Half Price

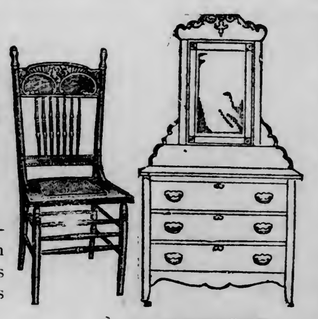
They are sample go-carts and have become slightly shopworn —otherwise as good as new.

$32.00 Go-Carts now $16.00
$22.00 Go-Carts now $11.00
$19.50 Go-Carts now .... $ 9.75
$18.50 Go-Carts now .... $ 9.25
$16.00 Go-Carts now .... $ 8.00
$14.50 Go-Carts now .... $ 7.25
$12.00 Go-Carts now .... $ 6.00
$ 8.75 Go-Carts now $4 38
$10.50 Carriage now .... $ 5.25
$10.00 Carriage now .... $ 5.00

100-Pc. DINNER SETS

47 pieces fine Porcelain Dinnerware; choice brown, blue or green flowered decorations. 100 pieces worth $10.00—for $6.98. 47 pieces worth $5.00—for—

$3.98



DRESSER.

Solid oak, fine finish, best construction—

$6.95

Dining Chair of oak, with cane seat; worth $1.25—sale price—

78c

STEWART Steel Ranges lead all others; priced with high warming oven from—

$25 up

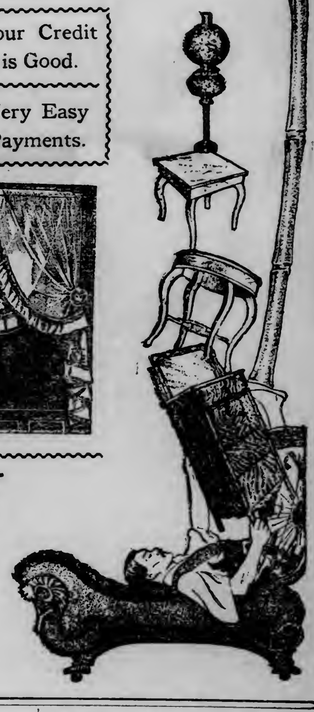
Your Credit is Good.

Very Easy Payments.

Dainty Ruffled Curtains.

Eight patterns to select from; worth $1.25 and $1.50—per pair—

79c



The F. S. KELLY Furniture Co.

226-228 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.
DULUTH, MINN.

DUKE DE MORNY

Son of Queen Hortense and King Louis.

Paris, May 2.—The investigation made recently among the private papers of the duke de Morny has disclosed at least one interesting document. It is in the duke's own handwriting, and reads:

"I am therefore the last son of Queen Hortense, born when she was the wife of King Louis of Holland. Consequently, according to law, I am regularly the Prince Bonaparte, legitimate brother of the present emperor and victim of the crime of a state of suppression. I have letters from my mother and from my brother recognizing our relationship. Although on principle I am little inclined to to make use of these proofs, yet there is no reason why—"

At this point the manuscript ends abruptly, but it contains enough to clear away all doubt on the relationship of the duke de Morney and Napoleon III.

LIFE OF RADIUM.

Average Career of Atom About 1150 Years.

London, May 2.—As a result of long and minute eperiments, Sir William Ramsay and Mr. Soddy have succeeded in measuring the life of radium. Mr. Soddy read a paper before the Royal society yesterday describing the joint investigation of the change of radium emenation into helium. Their conclusion is that the average life of an atom of radium is about 1150 years.

In addition, they measured the extraordinary amount of energy which lis dormant in a radium atom, and is gradually given out as heat when it begins to break up.

The radium emenation contains about 216,000 times as much energy as an equal weight of mixed hydrogen and oxygen, one of the most powerful explosives.

PRINCESS RIDES ASTRIDE.

Victoria of Wales Wears a Divided Skirt.

London, May 2.—The youthful princess Victoria of Wales is being taught to ride astride. This style of riding has made a bold bid for popular favor in recent years. Princess Victoria's costume includes a kilted skirt and a double-breasted reefer. When on horseback no one would know that she was following the new style, but for the fact that the skirt appears on both sides of the pony.

The advantages of this style are thus explained by the editor of the Tailor and Cutter:

"It lessens the danger of accident and insures greater comfort for both rider and horse. The latter fact is recognized at several hunting centers, notably Exmoor, where a large proportion of teh ladies adopted the latest style. They find it enables them to cover much greater distances with less fatigue than that entailed under the old system."

HOOSIER DEMOCRATS

Are Excited Over Letter From Mr. Bryan.

Indianapolis, May 2.—William J. Bryan has written a letter to an Indianapolis Democrat which is causing a sensation. The letter was exhibited at the Marion County Democratic club, and there was a spirited discussion over whether or not is should be given to the public. It was finally decided that inasmuch as the word "personal" appears on the letter it should be kept out of print.

A member of the club wrote to Mr. Bryan to ask if there is any truth in the reports that he will bolt the Democratis national convention if the nominee and platform do not suit him.

Mr. Bryan's reply was brief, but to the point. He said that no self-respecting man can say in advance of a political convention that he will support the nominee of the convention, no difference who he may be, or the platform, no matter what it may contain.

GREGORIAN MUSIC

By 150 Voices Perpetuated By Pope's Order.

Rome, May 2.—At the request of the pope the singing of the Gregorian mass in St. Peter's on the occasion of the centennary of St. Gregory, which was executed by a chorus of 150 voices, has been perpetuated for the use and instruction of the churches outside of Rome.

Arrangements were made with a phonograph company to take the records of the most important parts of the execution and a special meeting of all the singers was held in the church the day following the celebration.

The making of the records was perfectly successful, and soon lovers of church music all over the world will be able to listen to the most perfect execution of Gregorian music.

FEWER CORPORATIONS.

New York, May 2.—New corporations in the eastern states during April showed a smaller total than those for March. The aggregate for companies with a capital of $1,000,000 and over reached $74,700,000, against $83,050,000 in March. Compared with April of last year and the year before there is a heavy decrease. New Jesey led last month, with a total of $34,700,000.

MOVED.

The White Sewing Machine Co., have moved from 129 West Superior street to their new store, 106 West Superior street, next to the 10-cent store.

MUST HAVE COURTING.

The Servant Girl Problem on Governor's Island.

New York, May 2.—The servant girl problem, involved with the marriage proposition, is far from solution on Governor's island. There are only three servant girls left on the reservation. One of these is to be married tomorrow, while the other two girls are open to proposals.

A friend called yesterday at Capt. Stamper's house. His friend thought at first that Mrs. Stamper had a negro butler, but closer inspection and the resigned tones of the captain showed that Mrs. Stamper's husband was acting in the capacity of maid.

"I'm helping my wife," he explained. "At present I am engaged in shining up the range."

Col. Helstand entered, loaded down with vegetables and groceries, which he was transporting from some base of supplies on Manhattan island.

The serving maids and the cooks not only marry the enlisted men and throw up their jobs, but, under the present restrictions, no servants can be prevailed upon to work on the island.

The servant girls' union has demanded that every night in the week be officially designated as "courting night," and Maj. Gen. Corbin and his staff officers may have to grant the concession, or else turn to and do the household work themselves.

NEGRO COLONY

From Ohio May Be Founded In Minnesota.

Springfield, Ohio, May 2.—(Special to the Herald.)—There is a movement on foot for the negro population of Springfield, Ohio, to form a colony in a tract of Minnesota land, as the result of the recent race riots here.

Styles Being Displayed at the Leading Resorts

A Home or Reception Toilette

The Dolman Coat

For A Summer's Bridesmaid

A Parisian Spring Wrap

Dainty Luncheon Bloupe With Tucks And Oriental Embroideries

By Our Special Correspondent,
MIRIAM SPIER.

This is the time of the year when designers and makers of woman's wear are busiest. Each establishment represents a beehive of industry. Couturiers are matching and contrasting colors, experimenting in goods and decorations, making a garment one moment to pull it to pieces and rearrange it in wholly different form the next.

For the past month styles have been "on view" at a number of the leading fashionable resorts. These styles, of course, are really forerunners of what will prevail during the entire summer season. The elaborate display of costumes has revealed no startling novelties, the voluminous sleeves, drooping shoulders and full skirts of the early spring remaining the conspicuous features. Once these all-important details are heeded there is wide latitude for individuality of designs. The rivalry between designers to produce original and unusual effects was never greater. Odd appearances, indeed, are more manifest among ready-mades than formerly, quite moderate-priced ones even showing many touches that distinguish them from the multitude. So far berthas, capes and fichus in every guise imaginable are the favorite devices for producing the long shoulder slope.

Embroidery in all designs and materials is provided for the coming season. Much of it has a touch of gold, as have also the galloons and braids. The girdle is in evidence in nearly all the new costumes, although authorities insist that basques are certainly returning to favor. For all women but those of svelt proportions the basque is certainly more becoming than the blouse, but few women will hail it with unmitigated delight. It is the representative of the conventional, while today's bagging bodices are the semblances of the picturesque.

As to skirts, there is the rub. To cut a skirt the five or six prescribed yards around the hem, and give to it the graceful fit still desirable at the top, is a poser for more than the amateur. Breadths, of course, must be gored at the top to obtain this effect. But this is not enough for the foot flare. Recourse is had to extra widths introduced at about knee-height. The thickness of the material has much to do with the width of skirt. Thin fabrics are at their best when they are made voluminous with such fussy details as flounces, frills and ruches. Some makers are using slender steel or featherbone extenders in the hems of such skirts, which are the cause of no little anxiety lest the dreaded hoopskirts come back. It is not possible, however, say all conservative authorities, that so hideous and impractical a style will ever return. The worst that can happen, doubtless, is the revival of fiber, chamois and other stiff foundations. Yet, anyway, one finds shot or other leads cunningly inserted midway of evening skirts to drag them down and give them a slender effect at the top.

Naturally, styles reign supreme at the leading resorts during the Easter period, and the ultra fashionables are reveling in the display of their magnificent and apparently endless wardrobe. Truly, it's a feast for the observer to watch the gorgeous array of gowns and costumes, and certainly an impossibility to describe all the eyes behold.

'Twas very evident that wraps are now most important in the fashionable outfit, and, after all, the fashion is a sensible one, for it permits of the wearing of such extremely smart gowns, made with waist and skirt to match, much more than with the costume that has the fitted coat, for often a handsome waist is completely ruined by being worn under a coat.

Loose coats are included among the wraps and are worn day and evening. In truth it is difficult to say for which time is such a garment most appropriate. White wraps lose none of their popularity as time goes on, and there are several different shades of white, the cream and the ivory white being the smartest and most becoming, although when intended to wear with summer frocks the clear white is really the best. There are many different qualities of lace used as trimming; a fine filet lace, if broad enough, is embroidered heavily with silk (all in white) and there is a deep lace cape or a capuchin hood lined with lace. There are all grades of these coats, from the most elaborately trimmed to the almost plain effect, the latter trimmed only with braid or rows of machine stitching, while the former have, besides the lace capes, wide bands of lace around the lower part of the coat. Among the new models was seen one with alternate bands of cloth and lace and finished with deep lace flounce.

A smart black wrap is always a sensible investment, but at the moment the rule is that any black wrap be elaborate both in design and trimming; bands of colored velvet, or cloth embroidered or edged with gold or silver braid, is an effective trimming and are most used on the black coats. Others again have the white satin facings, embroidered with gold or silver, while still another style has bands of Persian velvet.

A waistcoat effect is one of the new features, and with a black coat is especially attractive. Light gray or pale blue, the still popular green in cloth, with silver or gold buttons on a narrow waistcoat, is both original and becoming.

For the gay and social affairs of afternoon and evening the supple satins and taffetas are pronouncedly high style. They are well called mousseline satin and taffetas, for they are so fine, light and pliable. The new satins are much used for evening gowns, while the taffetas are employed for both day and evening gowns, according to the color and the pattern.

For some time taffeta had been spoken of among textiles for the summer season and all tends to show that with the first approach of really warm weather this is certainly true.

There are any number of new names for the popular silks; among them is Pamela taffeta. This romantic name has been given to a small, very tiny checked taffeta, so small that it is only discernible at close observation.

Poppy red and white, marine blue and white are among the most favored of the many delicate shades in Pamela taffeta, which is eminently adapted to toilettes for the races and afternoon functions.

Mousselines, foulards and gauzes will to a certainty also replace many of the lightweight woollen fabrics which for some years, even in the height of summer, have found such extraordinary favor generally.

This revolution in ideas must necessarily bring about a change not only in cut, but also in the arrangement and adornment of costumes, and though the plain skirt will still exist to a great extent among what may strictly be regarded as walking suits, toilettes designed for very dressy occasions will once again be far more trimmed than those we have lately been accustomed to see.

Some of the prettiest models are of the taffeta textiles, in light and medium shades, of which the trimming consists of white perforated cloth stamped out in Renaissance designs or again in imitation of English embroidery.

It requires a multitude of stitches and a world of planning to accomplish this season's frock. The frivolous getups that today's lady of fashion demands are strange intricacies of frills, flounces, bouillonne, tucks, plaits and every other device known to the feminine needle. They increase, too, in quaintness and picturesqueness as the season advances and airy toilettes multiply.

At an exceedingly fashionable afternoon affair held recently at one of the leading hotels a very elaborate costume worn was of gray glace taffeta, with two deep flounces of that material, the head of which was shirred at close intervals to the depth of five inches, while on the foot of each flounce there was, reposing on the hem, a flounce or frilling, set on almost flat, of white perforated cloth, showing through the design a lining of citron-colored satin.

The waist, mounted in numerous shirrings at the throat in the form of a circular yoke extending over the shoulders and around the back, has surrounding this yoke a sort of bertha trimming of white cloth similar to that of the flounce, while a deep perforated corslet of the same, of course, lined in citron, supported and received the fulness produced by the yoke arrangement of the upper portion of the corsage.

The sleeves formed a succession of shirrings from shoulder to elbow, where they spread out in a broad flounce, on the hem of which the white cloth garniture was repeated.

Then there was another magnificent toilet of pale "forget-me-not" blue taffeta, of which the lower two-thirds of the skirt were hidden beneath four flounces of the material, the heading twice shirred and the hem supporting a rather broad band of white perforated cloth lined in black.

Here the bodice consisted in a perfectly fitted jacket of a somewhat higher shade of taffeta, with long basques reaching down the skirt almost to the commencing point of the flounces, and on the hem of which the white garniture again found its place, the only trimming of the body itself being white and black passementerie motifs extending across the bosom. The sleeves were of wide pagoda cut, bordered with a similar white band and having in the interior voluminous cream-colored lace ruffles.

It may be noted as one of the fashion ideas of the season that on many occasions the corsage, though of the same color as the skirt, will show a slight difference as regards shade, the sleeves matching in hue the waist. As a general rule the fitting waist, a very serious endeavor to introduce which was set on foot during the past winter season, has not met with the amount of success anticipated, nor does it appear likely to show very forcibly among summer models, except to a certain degree in the case of waists completed by long basques similar to that already described.

For transparent materials for a little later period, such as "barege batiste" and "gaze de soie," it appears probable that larger designs will be favored.

Samples are being shown on which very large floral devices are conspicuous, forming detached rather than running designs, which consist in many cases of a single flower considerably larger than nature, though the colors, even when most brilliant, are faithfully reproduced.

Printed voile, batiste and mousseline de soie stand foremost among these, the ground being in preference black, white, or shades of yellow. It must be well kept in view that the latter color bids fair to enjoy a more than ordinary share of favor this year. Very beautiful are many specimens of "plumetis batiste," where, on a white, buff or cream ground (the plumetis being worked up in self-color), large floral designs in variegated tints repose.

Another series gives us a somewhat smaller and in this case running design, also of a floral order, arranged vertically on the textile, and over which and at intervals partially veiling the blossoms a light, undulating drapery of black lace is simulated.

Although the separate shirtwaist is no longer considered as smart as a waist made of the same material as the skirt, still with the tailor suit any cloth waist would be quite too warm for summer, so the shirtwaist still remains in vogue. Not, however, the comparatively simple waist formerly considered quite appropriate and smart enough for almost any form of afternoon wear. Now the waist should be made to match exactly the color of the suit, but may be made up in chiffon, crepe de chine, taffeta, lousine or any lightweight material. If the suit be black or some very dark shade the waist may be trimmed elaborately with white or ecru lace, or again it may be quite simple, with only a bit of white at the neck and wrist. Accordion and side pleated chiffon, Liberty silk and crepe de chine waists will be much worn this summer, more perhaps in chiffon and Liberty silk, as the crepe de chine is apt to be rather warm when so much material is used. When the waist is made in this way it is often left quite plain, but again a handsome lace collar will make an effective trimming. The collar and deep cuffs should be left unlined, and when a small, transparent, rounded or V-shaped yoke is let in at the neck, the effect is at once cool and becoming.

Lace and chiffon are now worked in together so cleverly as to give the appearance of one material, and can be made up into a delightfully cool and at the same time very effective waist. For this bodice one must have a quantity of a very wide but light lace, as well as some narrow lace edging and insertion matching it in pattern, if possible. The collar and yoke are made of bands of the chiffon and edging or insertion cleverly joined together with rows of feather stitching. The yoke, however, though giving at the back and over the shoulders a round effect, is brought down the length of the waist in front a long V. Around the yoke where it joins the rest of the material is either one or two ruffles of the broad lace. At the shoulder still another ruffle of this lace may be added, so that the effect of a very large, full sleeve is at once given, as the lace reaches quite to the elbow, if not a little below. The sleeve itself has a puff reaching to the elbow, made, as the collar, of bands of chiffon and narrow lace. From the elbow up the sleeve may be simply of chiffon. The body of the waist may be of chiffon lace or made as the yoke, of bands of the two. With this should be worn the broad satin belt.

Hand-embroidered crepe de chine and thin batiste waists will be even more popular than heretofore.

On the thin lawn and dainty waists, lace, tucks and shirrings seem to run quite wild, each apparently vieing for supremacy, and there is little doubt that the shirtwaist this summer is to be quite as elaborate as the waist of the handsomest afternoon gowns.

For Home and Reception Wear.

Limerick lace is lavishly used in this Parisian model gown exhibited at the Spring Salon de Style of the International Society of Dressmakers, to whom courtesy for this reproduction is due. The lace, backed with chiffon, appears between bouillonnes of rose-red pink taffetas. These fashion the yoke, to which the blouse is shirred, a band of shirred tucks ornamented with olive buttons passing across the bust and confining the fulness of the sleeve on the inner seam. The waist line is cleverly defined with a fitted and featherboned girdle, and the skirt, composed of bouillonnes of silk shaped with entredoux of the lace, has a band of princess haircloth deftly inserted in them to afford the correct "flou" to the skirt. The contour at the edge is assisted by a broad facing of self-colored velvet applied beneath the hem, which not only protects the delicate silk of the gown, but adds much to its grace and style.

WHEAT HAS BREAK

Perfect Weather Conditions Affect the Price Unfavorably.

Seeding In General Progress In Northwest—Flax Lower.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 2.—After a very brief spurt just after the opening this morning the wheat market fell away throughout the session. The main factor in the slump was the ideal weather conditions which prevailed both Northwest and Southwest. The spring wheat territory was enjoying just the weather it needed and reports are that seeding is now in general progress and that there will be no appreciable decrease in the acreage.

In addition to the fine weather there were large world's shipments, the total running above the 10,000,000 mark, and cables were indifferent, Liverpool closing ½d lower. Local exporters sold about five loads of Manitoba wheat to go aboard. The primary receipts continue very small as compared with last year. Cash by elevator stocks in the Northwest during the months of April decreased 1,581,000 bus.

Deliveries of wheat in the Duluth market today amounted to 240,000 bus.

In the Duluth market May closed 2c and July 2½c. In Chicago there was a decline of ⅞c in May and 1⅛c in July, in Minneapolis ⅞@1c in May and ⅞c in July, and in New York ⅞c in May and ⅞c in July. Duluth is the highest option for all in Minneapolis ⅞c.

World's shipments of wheat and corn for last week, the week previous and the corresponding week were as follows:

WHEAT

	Last Week.	Previous Week.	Year.
America...	1 31,000	1,317,000	3,258,000
Russia...	2,561,000	2,561,000	2,091,000
Danube...	953,000	777,000	904,000
Argentine...	3,512,000	1,040,000	2,116,000
India...	1,040,000	1,024,000	.....
Australia...	.....	.....	.....
Egypt...	80,000	72,000	.....
Australia...	1,324,000	1,352,000	.....
Others...	152,000	160,000	152,000
Total...	10,150,000	10,251,000	9,588,000

CORN.

America...	15,000	416,000	1,305,000
Russia...	520,000	520,000	Inland
Danube...	360,000	464,000	520,000
Argentine...	536,000	624,000	744,000
Total...	2,320,000	1,960,000	3,861,000

The amount of wheat on passage increased 1,920,000 bus and corn increased 87,000 bus.

Car receipts at Duluth were 4 against 15 last year and at Minneapolis 177 against 309 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 181 against 324 last year. Chicago receipts were 11 cars against 109 a year ago. Winnipeg received 151 against 207 last year.

The visible supply last week decreased 839,000 bus and is now 30,387 bus, against 33,456,000 bus a year ago.

Primary receipts of wheat were 416,000 bus last year, 456,000 bus. Shipments, 191,000 bus last year, 420,000 bus. Clearances were 69,175 bus.

The visible supply of corn decreased 1,635,000 bus last week and is now 2,850,000 bus, against 6,650,000 bus a year ago. Primary receipts of corn were 600,000 bus last year, 560,000 bus. Shipments, 140,000 bus last year, 56,000 bus. Clearances were 137,150 bus. Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¼@½d lower. In the Chicago market July corn closed ⅝c lower. July oats closed ⅝c lower.

Trading in wheat in the Duluth market was quiet. July opened unchanged at 91½, sold at 91⅝ at 9:6 and fell to 90⅝ at 10:10. It rallied to 90⅞ at 11:55 and then fell lower, selling down to 90 at 12:35. It rallied to 90⅝, again closed at 90⅝. This was ⅝c lower than Saturday. May closed ⅝c lower at 89⅛. September closed ⅝c lower at 89¼.

Cash prices: Unsettled at May prices for No 1 northern and 2½c under for No 2.

Flax was quiet. May sold ⅝c up to $1.05⅜ and fell to $1.04. It held steady there for a long time and closed at $1.05⅝. This was 1¾c lower than Saturday. July fell 1¾c. September 2c under. The receipts of flax this morning were only 30,000 bus and this supplied the trade considerably for it was supposed they would be somewhat larger.

Oats fell off ¾c.

Following are the closing prices: No 1 hard 91½; No 1 northern, 90⅝; No 2 northern, 87½. Minimal No 1, 87½; No 2, 85½. May 90½; July 90⅝. September 89⅝. Flax in store, $1.05⅝, to arrive $1.05⅝. May, $1.05⅝; July $1.05⅝. October $1.05½. December $1.05½. Oats on track, 30½; to arrive 30½. Rye on track 65c; to arrive 65.

Cars inspected: Wheat 4, last year 15; 1 hard, 1 dark, 1 last year, 7.

Receipts: Wheat 416, flax 382.

Shipments: Wheat 822, oats 750.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Bearish Factors Caused Wheat to Rule Weak.

Chicago, May 2.—Under influence of a number of bearish factors, the wheat market today ruled weak. Cables were indifferent to the higher prices here. Sixteen weekly world's shipments were large and the amount on passage showed a marked increase. In addition weather conditions were extremely favorable. July opened unchanged to ⅛c lower at 89¼ to 89⅜. At the start there was a fair commission house demand and considerable covering by shorts. With cash light offerings the market became firmer July advancing to 89⅝. A big trader lowered became active on the selling side and in consequence a weak tone developed July declining to 89@89⅛. Minneapolis Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 182 cars, against 181 cars last week and 389 cars a year ago.

Heavy liquidation continued throughout the day the market becoming still weaker. News from the Northwest was exceedingly bearish and was partly responsible for the selling pressure. The close was weak with prices near the bottom, July being off 1⅞ at 87⅛ after touching 87⅛.

In the face of weakness in wheat, the corn market held firm under an active demand from pit traders. The chief incentive to purchases was declines in receipts with a small percentage of contract grade. July opened steady to ½@¾c lower at 49@49½c and sold up to 49⅝@50 and reacted to 49@49½. Local receipts were 105 cars, with 16 of contract grade.

The market finally yielded to the weakness in wheat, from 50@50½. July declined to 49½. The close was at 49@49⅛, a net loss of ⅝.

Oats were easier under the influence of weakness in May option. Deliveries of 1,000,000 bus on May contracts were the depressing factor. July opened unchanged to ⅛c lower at 32@32⅛, sold at 32⅜ and steadied around 32½@32⅜. Local receipts were 51 cars.

Lower prices for hogs caused an easier feeling in provisions. July pork opened down 2½c at $11.55, sold at $11.57½, but declined to $11.92½. July lard was unchanged at $6.67½. Ribs were off a shade to 2½c at $6.42½ to $6.80.

Close: Wheat 88⅞c, July, 84⅝c; old 85½c; September, 86c; old, 85½c. Corn, May 46½c, July, 47⅝@48c; September, 47⅜@47⅝c. Oats—May, 28½c; July, 28½c; September, 26½c. Pork, May, $11.00; July, $12.02½; September, $12.22½. Lard—May, $6.52½; July, $6.72½; September, $6.80. Short ribs—May, $6.15; July, $6.45. September, 6.60. Rye—May, 70c; July, opposite. Flax—Cash Northwestern $1.08½; Southwestern, $1.01; May, $1.01; July, $1.01. Timothy—May, $2.92½. Clover—May, $10.75. Barley—Cash, 33@45c. Cash prices: No 1 hard $1.08; 3 red, $1.06@1.05, 2 hard, 89@92c; 3 hard, 89@91c; 1 northern, 92@95c, 2 northern, 88@93½, 3 spring, 86@92c. Corn—2, 47@48½; 3, 47@47½. Oats—2, 30c; 3, 29½c.

GRAIN IN STORE

At Duluth, Saturday, April 30:

	Bus.
Wheat—	
No 1 hard	7 00
No 1 northern	584 685
No 2 northern	585 700
No 3 spring	61,151
No grade	51,000
Rejected	6,055
Special bin	2,884,552
Amarand	37,295
Winter	107
Total	4,566,700
Decrease during week	12,600
Stocks a year ago	4,110,110
Coarse grain stocks—	
Corn unchanged	13,010
Oats	2,141,230
Decrease	4,150
Rye	1,811
Increase	5,512
Barley	629,250
Increase	2,572
Flax	5,000,251
Increase	109,251

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	89⅜@	92⅛	89⅝ @	92⅛
High	90⅜	93⅛	89⅝	93⅛
Low	89½	92⅛	87⅝	91⅝
Close	90⅛@	92⅝@	87⅞@	91¾@
Close, 30th	90⅛	92¾	88⅝	92⅜
July—				
Open	91⅛	92½	85¼ @	89⅝
High	91⅝	93⅛	86⅜	90⅜
Low	90⅛@	91⅝	84⅝	89⅛
Close	90⅝@	92½	85½	89⅝
Close, 30th	91⅛	92¾	85½	89⅝
Sept.—				
Open	89⅛@	89⅝	83⅝	84
High	89	89⅝	84⅜	84
Low	89⅜	89⅛	83¼	83¾
Close	89⅛@	89⅝@	83⅞	84⅛
Close, 30th	89⅛	89⅝	83⅞	84

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	32⅜@32⅝	48⅝@49	11.92
High	32⅝	49⅜	12.02
Low	32½	47½	11.90
Close	32⅝	47⅞	12.02

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 2.—Wheat—Spot dull, No 1 California 7s; futures quiet, May, 6s 3½d, July 6s 4½d. Corn—Spot steady, American mixed new, 4s 5d. American mixed old, 4s 7d; futures steady, May, 4s 5¾d, July 4s 5½d. The following are the stocks of breadstuffs and provisions in Liverpool: Flour 68,000 sacks, wheat, 1,532,000 centals; corn, 1,153,000 centals; bacon, 12,000 boxes; hams, 800 boxes; shoulders, 1500 boxes; butter, 5900 cwts; cheese, 31,500 boxes.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 2.—Close: Wheat, May, 90⅜c; July, 91⅝c; September, 89⅝c. On track, 1 hard, 95½c, 1 northern, 91½c, 2 northern, 89½c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 2.—Close: Wheat May 91⅝; July 89½c; September, 83⅝c. December 85½c. Corn, May, 56⅝c; July, 53½c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: It was a day of scattered liquidation and short selling. There was less talk about cash demand. Broomhall cabled complaints of dry weather in Russia and Roumania. Outside speculative interest is slow, the general tone of the market rather heavy. There is still a good deal of bullish sentiment, however, and at least a good scalping market is likely. We regard the statistical position of the world as bearish and think the crop damage is largely offset by the prevailing high prices. It is also a question whether with good weather the reports from the fields would not rather improve.

Cohn—There were free deliveries on May contracts and it was assumed that the corn went to Armour. It is also supposed that he has July sold against it. With the tie-up of lake transportation immediate developments as to shipments are not likely. Cash corn in outside markets is rather strong. The whole situation here is dull and general speculative interest has been much reduced.

Oats—The situation on the lakes leaves the cash position in some doubt but indications are that oats are in very fair cash demand and a free movement is likely when the strike is over. Pattenhouses are supposed to own local stocks of contract oats. September oats will, we think be governed mainly by the news of the growing crop.

Provisions—There were large deliveries on May contracts and to some extent it went into the hands of scattered holders. There was some further liquidation of May stuff which occasioned little pressure early, but the property seemed to be well taken. Receipts are a little in excess of a year ago.

* * *

R. E. Baker's Chicago Grain Letter: Wheat Brilliant spring weather over Sunday, better seeding reports from the Northwest and from Manitoba, a lower cash demand and selling by Armour followed by the professionals, made a weak market in wheat today. Minneapolis advices were bearish and spring weather reports were of a more optimistic tone. Winnipeg says ten days of favorable weather will complete seeding of the largest acreage on record. Although some cash business was done, the demand was not so good as the latter end of the week. Northwestern markets were stronger relatively than Chicago. Liverpool July and September up 1c over Saturday's close. Large world shipments, while Berlin and Budapest were higher on the Russian reverses on the Yalu. We believe in the future of the market and think that both the cash demand, and light stocks and the small movements. Crop reports should have but little bearing on these options, and bull news should be looked for on the spurts. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 40 cars.

Corn—Corn was firmer than might have been expected in view of the heavy deliveries and the weakness in wheat and oats. The fact that the cash corn was taken care of by Armour and Armour interests nullified the effect to a large extent. Pit trade was small and the tone dull, but there was no great pressure of offerings at any time. Weather throughout the belt is all that could be desired for plowing and for planting. Demand is slow and local cash prices were 3@c to 1c a bushel lower. We have very little confidence in the present level of values, unless a better demand develops. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 315 cars.

Oats—Oats were easier, first on the deliveries of about 1,000,000 bushels of standard on May contracts, and later in sympathy with wheat. Trade was quiet with very little feature. The Armour warfare, and we sold a 10,000 bushel lot of standard early in the session at ⅝c over May. The local sample market was from 2@c to 1c a bushel lower. Weather conditions are favorable for the new crop.

* * *

Chicago Record-Herald: Everybody back from the East tells the same story of what the seers of the wheat fields in the Ohio valley and Michigan. Chas. L. Raymond was back from New York yesterday and told as sensational a story in regard to Ohio and Indiana as Frank Dunn brought back from Mich.

"From the reports we are getting from reliable sources," wired C. H. Spencer, of St. Louis to his partner here, "the winter wheat crop is evidently in very bad condition in a good many localities. The harvest will be a late one at the best. With the July wheat at 87 cents under cash prices, I would be willing that the other fellow should make the money on the short side."

The Canadian lake liners are not involved in the controversy over what the masters shall get, and the Canadian lake vessels consequently will run irrespective of whether the American lines run or tie up. With these Canadian lines operating, Chicago will be able to do only eighty business in anything via the Canadian port. The Canadian lines will not help the Eastern movement.

Kennedy, a wheat exhibitor at Buffalo, is said to have taken two cargoes of wheat at Galveston to bring around to Buffalo by way of New York to sell to Central New York millers. This is probably as remarkable a wheat transaction as any in years. It is said to have cleaned up the available cargoes in the gulf, nothing being left at New Orleans or Galveston for sale, although there is about 600,000 bushels in store at Galveston and about 450,000 in store at New Orleans.

Buffalo, N. Y. wires: The failure of the package freight lines to come to an agreement with the masters and pilots threatens to cause a demoralization of this line of traffic on the great lakes this season. It was decided today that rail connections would be requested to discontinue accepting freight, and that on Monday, May 2, all through freight rates and tariffs would be withdrawn. Should the embargo continue for any length of time the business of the lake lines will become so scattered that it will take months to recover the diverted traffic. A manager of one of the lake lines said:

"It is possible, even if satisfactory arrangements can be made with the masters later on, that the lake lines will not be able for want of business to operate their entire fleet of steamers."

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., Seventy-fifth meridian time, May 2

STATIONS—	State of Weather.	Minimum.	Maximum.	Rainfall. Inches and hundredths.
Alexandria	Clear	32	42	0
Campbell	Clear	34	40	0
Crookston	Clear	34	46	0
Detroit City	Clear	34	38	0
Grand Meadows	Clear	30	38	0
Minneapolis	Clear	34	46	0
Montevideo	Clear	34	36	0
New Ulm	Clear	38	44	0
Whitetail Rapids	Clear	36	54	0
Devils Lake	Clear	34	44	0
Langdon	Clear	32	46	0
Larimore	Clear	32	38	0
Pembina	Clear	32	36	0
Pembina	Clear	34	46	0
Aberdeen	Clear	38	44	0
Milbank	Clear	36	38	0
Mitchell	Clear	38	42	0
Redfield	Clear	38	44	0
Bismarck	Pt. cldy	34	46	0
Duluth	Clear	34	39	0
Huron	Clear	36	44	0
La Crosse	Clear	36	46	0
Moorhead	Clear	34	44	0
Pierre	Clear	36	48	0
St. Paul	Clear	36	39	0
Winnipeg	Clear	28	42	0

T indicates inappreciable rainfall. *For yesterday. **For twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m., Seventy-fifth meridian time.

Note: The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

REMARKS.

Light showers fell over Ohio and Kansas. Temperatures are moderate.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 2.—Cattle—Receipts, 24,000. Strong. Good to prime steers, $5.65@6.40; poor to medium, $3.30@5.85; stockers and feeders, $2.20@4.30; cows, $1.80@4.25; heifers, $2.25@4.75; Texas fed steers, $3@4.60. Hogs—Receipts today, 45,000; tomorrow 40,000. Five to 10c lower. Mixed and butchers, $4.85@4.80; good to choice, heavy, $4.80@4.90; rough heavy, $4.60@4.70; light, $4.50@4.70; bulk of sales, $4.65@4.75. Sheep—Receipts, 20,000. Strong; lambs strong. Good to choice wethers, $4.75@5.65; fair to choice mixed, $3.75@4.75; western sheep, $5@5.65; native lambs, $4.25@5.90; western lambs, clipped, $4.75@5.60; western lambs, wooled, $6@7.

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DECLINE IN STOCKS

More Activity, But at the Expense of Values.

Close Was Dull and Featureless Near the Lowest.

New York, May 2.—Opening prices of stocks today were inclined to droop, but the offerings were very light and the declines small. The market was inclined to hesitate in view of the absence of any initiative from London, where there is a holiday. United States Rubber advanced ⅝. Small recoveries in St. Paul, Union Pacific and Reading helped the market temporarily, but a general rise was frustrated by larger offerings on the advance. Reading and Baltimore & Ohio fell ⅝ below Saturday and Erie ¾. Trading was more spirited than in the closing days of last week. Realty preferred rose nearly a point and fell back. General Electric lost 1½. D. & H. fell 1 and Pullman 2.

The market continued under moderate pressure and several of the specialties weakened sharply. General Electric dropped 2¾. Metropolitan Securities 2½. Metropolitan Street Railway 1⅞. St. Louis Southwestern 1⅜. Consolidated Gas 1¼, and Amalgamated Copper, Virginia-Carolina Chemical and Colorado Fuel a point. Declines in the active list ran to a large fraction, and Southern Pacific, St. Paul and Tennessee Coal got down ⅜. Bonds were heavy at noon.

Lower prices were reached in several of the leaders and specialties, but in the hour's trading practically left the market unchanged. Reading second preferred ragged 3⅝ and Westinghouse Electric 2. The market gravitated slowly to a lower level. Earlier losses were somewhat extended throughout. Union Pacific, Brooklyn Transit, Toledo, St. Louis and Western preferred and Colorado Southern preferred lost 1. Wabash preferred 2. Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo preferred and Metropolitan 2¼.

The covering by room shorts caused a very feeble movement towards recovery and the demand soon ran out. Consolidated Gas made up its loss. Pressed Steel Car preferred gained a point and Amalgamated lost 2⅝. The closing was easy and near the lowest.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 306 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stocks—	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	48½	47⅜	4 ½
American Sugar	127½	126½	1.26½
Anaconda	76	76	76
Atchison, Top. & S. Fe.	72⅜	72	72
do pfd	93	92¾	92¾
Baltimore & Ohio	79¼	78⅝	78¾
Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	45½	44⅜	45½
Canadian Pacific	116⅜	116	116⅜
Chesapeake & Alton	39⅞	39½	39½
Chicago & Alton	38⅜	38	38
Chicago Great Western	16	15¾	15¾
Chic. Mil. & St. Paul	143⅝	142⅜	142⅝
Chic. Rock Island & P.	22½	22	22½
Rock Island pfd	63¼	63⅛	63⅜
Colorado Fuel & Iron	31	31	31
Colorado Southern	16¾	16	16
Erie Common	24⅝	23⅞	23⅞
General Electric	159	156½	158
Illinois Central	130½	130	130⅛
Louisville & Nashville	107⅛	106⅞	106⅝
Manhattan Elevated	142½	142¼	142⅝
Metropolitan St. Ry.	112	109	109¾
Mexican Central	20½	20	20⅛
Missouri Pacific	92¼	91⅝	91⅝
New York Central	118⅝	116	116
Norfolk & Western	57	57	57
Pennsylvania	137⅜	137¼	137¼
People's Gas of Chic.	97¼	96⅝	96¾
Reading	44⅝	42⅝	43
Southern Pacific	47¾	46¾	46⅞
Southern Railway	20½	20¼	20⅜
Texas Coal & Iron	35½	35¾	35¾
Union Pacific	84⅝	82⅞	83¼
U. S. Leather	7	6¾	6¾
U. S. Steel	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛
do pfd	86	85¾	85¾
Wabash	37⅝	36¾	36⅞
Western Union	88¾	88¾	88¾
Wisconsin Central	17¾	17⅝	17⅝
do pfd	39½	39½	39½
Northern Securities, 99 bid.			

The total sales were 301,200 shares.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 326 West Superior street.

Stocks—	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	47¼	47½
Adventure	2	2¼
Atlantic	7¼	7¾
Allouez	4¾	5
Arcadian	40c	60c
Elm River	2	2¼
Bingham	21	21¾
Copper Range	103	105
Centennial	19¼	19¾
Calumet & Hecla	462	463
Calumet & Arizona	.....	110
Calumet & Pittsburg	33	34
L. S. & Pittsburg	.....	150
Isle Royale	7	7½
Mass	4	4½
Michigan	4½	5
Mohawk	40⅝	41
Mayflower	50c	56
Mercur Con.	34	36
National	.....	1
Old Colony	1	1¼
Old Dominion	12½	13
Osceola	56	56¾
Phoenix	1⅞	2
Parrott	22½	23½
Quincy	81	85
Rhode Island	90c	$1.00
Santa Fe	1⅞	1½
Franklin	7½	8
Tamarack	80	95
Trinity	3⅞	4
Tennessee Copper	31	34
Utah	82	82½
U. S. Mining	20	20¾
U. S. Oil	9⅝	9½
Victoria	3	3¼
Wolverine	71	71½
Wyandot	65c	75c
Winona	6	6½
Daly-West	21¼	21⅝
Greene Con	16	16½
Calumet & Hecla	.....	65
Pittsburg & Duluth	.....	52
Union Land	2	3
Junction	20	24

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 2.—Close: Money on call easy, 1¼@1½ per cent; closing bid, 1¼, offered at 1½. Time loans easy and dull; sixty days, 2@2½; ninety days, 2½@2¾; six months, 3@3½. Prime mercantile paper, 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87 for demand and at $4.85 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½@4.86 and $4.88; commercial bills, $4.84¾. Bar silver 51½c; Mexican dollars, 43½c. Government bonds, weak; railroad bonds heavy.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, May 2.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $230,919,188; gold, $111,386,800; silver, $20,758,322; United States notes, $8,883,985; treasury notes of 1890, $138,885; national bank notes, $12,715,586.

Edwards, Wood Co. (Inc.)

DEALERS IN

STOCKS—GRAIN—PROVISIONS

MAIN OFFICE:

Manhattan Building, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Branch Offices 315 Board of Trade Building, Duluth.

total receipts this day, $2,661,221; total receipts this month, $2,661,221; total receipts this year, $463,613,356; total expenditures this day, $2,990,009; total expenditures this month, $2,990,009; total expenditures this year, $32,143,596; deposits in national banks, $168,782,771.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 2.—The cotton market opened weak at a decline of 6@11 points, and soon increased the loss to a matter of 10@21 points under liquidation and room selling following disappointingly easy cables and reports of more favorable weather, which more than offset the continued light movement. At the decline there was considerable covering and with offerings slightly less active, the market rallied 4 or 5 points, but the undertone continued rather easy and unsettled, with room sentiment of a bearish nature. Trading was only moderately active.

Spot closed quiet, 20 points lower; middling uplands, $13.65; ditto gulf, $13.90. Sales, 15,855 bales. Futures closed steady. May, $13.30; June, $13.40; July, $13.02; August, $13.24; September, $11.82; October, $11.33; November, $11.21; December, $11.20; January, $11.22.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report a favorable trade on retail basis. Good draft horses and delivery horses moved the best. Values: Drafters, extra..... $160@215
Drafters, choice..... 140@180
Drafters, common to good..... 125@160
Farm mares, extra..... 120@150
Farm mares, choice..... 115@130
Farm mares, common to good.... 70@115

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

FRESH VEGETABLES.

Lettuce, bushel	1 50		
Green Onions	35		
Radish, hothouse	65	@	75
BUTTER.			
Creamery, prints	24	@	
Dairies, fancy	17	@	18
Packing stock	11		
EGGS.			
Fresh	17½		
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream	10		
Twins, full cream, old	10½		
Full cream, young America	15	@	16
Brick cheese, No. 1	14		
Limberger, full cream, cheese	13		
Primost	7		
HONEY.			
New fancy, white clover	15		
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Goldenrod	14		
Dark honey	14		
Buckwheat, dark	14		
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12½		
Ohio, per lb	10		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
TEXAS AND LOUISIANA SUGAR.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 50		
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 25		
Brown beans, fancy, bus	2 25		
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	12		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16		
Cocoanuts, per doz	50		
Brazils, per lb	12		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8		
Almonds	16		
Mixed nuts	12		
FRUITS.			
Strawberries, La., quarts	5@9		
Strawberries, Miss., quarts	4 75		
Pineapples	4 75		
Apples, per bbl	4 00	@	4 50
Smyrna figs	1 00	@	1 85
Bananas	2 00	@	2 50
Lemons, per box	3 00	@	3 25
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25		
Sugar walnut dates	1 10		
California oranges	2 50	@	2 75
VEGETABLES.			
Asparagus	3 00		
Asparagus, dozen	1 75		
Pie plant, box	2 00		
Spinach, box	1 15		
Green beets, doz	50		
Wax Beans, box	2 25		
Tomatoes, crate	2 50		
Green peas, box	1 75		
New potatoes, bus	3 00		
Mushrooms	65		
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	4 00		
Carrots, per cwt	2 25		
Turnips	1 50		
Beets, per cwt	2 50		
Cabbage, per ct	4 25		
Parsnips, pc, 100 lbs	2 50		
Best cucumbers, per doz	1 75	@	1 85
Potatoes	1 20	@	1 25
POP CORN.			
Choice, per lb	3½		
Rice corn, shelled	6		
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Chickens	15		
Hens	14½		
Ducks	14		
Turkeys	18		
Geese	13		
MEATS.			
Beef	5½@		7½
Lamb	9		
Mutton	6½@		7
Lard	8		
Pork loins	9½		
CIDER.			
Common juice, half bbl	3 75		
Fruit juice	6 50		
Duffy cider	3 25		

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 2.—Butter firm; receipts 4258; extra fresh creamery, 24@24½c; creamery, common to choice, 12@23½c; state dairy, common to choice, 16@22c; held creamery, common to choice, 13@20c. Cheese quiet; receipts 1545 packages; state full cream large and small fancy, September, 10@11c; ditto good to prime, 9@9½c. Eggs irregular, receipts 31,150; state, Pennsylvania and nearby average finest, 19c; firsts, 18c; Western storage selections, 18@c; firsts, 18c; Southern firsts, 17@17½c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 2.—Butter, steady; creameries, 14@23c; dairies, 12@21c. Eggs, steady; at mark, cases included, 16@16c. Cheese easy; daisies, 9@10c; twins, 9; young Americas, 10@10½c.

Louisiana Purchase Exposition

St. Louis, Mo., April 30 to Dec 1, 1904.

For the above occasion "The North-Western line" will sell excursion tickets at the following rates:

Season tickets, $32.50, on sale April 15 to Nov. 15, final limit December 15.

Sixty day tickets $27.10, on sale April 25 to November 20, limit 60 days.

Ten day tickets $24.40, on sale April 27 to November 30, limit 10 days.

Children of five and under twelve years of age, half the above rates. City Ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

Facts You Ought to Know.

1 Season tickets St. Paul or Minneapolis to St. Louis and return $25.50—Sixty-day ticket $21.35—Ten-day ticket $19.20.

2 Fair opens about May 1st, and closes December 1st.

3 Five daily trains to Chicago, each making close connections with St. Louis trains.

4 No extra charge to go via Chicago.

5 Tickets good on the Fast Mail and Pioneer Limited electric-lighted trains.

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E. RALPH, GENERAL SIGN WORK. 323 West First street.

MASSAGE.

MISS BACON. Phoenix blk., 4th Ave. W.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

CARL DELIN, MERCHANT TAILOR. Room 16, Phoenix block. Suits cleaned and pressed.

OLD CLOTHES.

GOOD PRICES PAID FOR MEN'S OLD clothes. A. Winer, 11 N. Fifth Ave. W.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR OLD clothing. E. Schulz, 112 First Ave. E.

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A GUARANTEED CURE AT DR. REISland's, 707 Palladio.

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TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 W. Superior St.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MIDwife, female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone, 1225.

STOVE REPAIRING.

DUL

THE ROAD WORK

Will Begin Soon After County Board Meets on Thursday.

Apportionment of Road Fund May Be Made Then.

It is expected that county road work for the season will begin after the May meeting of the board of county commissioners, which occurs Thursday of this week.

There is a possibility that the road appropriations for the various commissioner districts will be made at the Thursday meeting, although Commissioner Kauppi, whose road district is one of the largest in the county, will not be able to be present, having gone out to San Francisco to attend the national convention of the retail grocers. Some of the commissioners, in view of Mr. Kauppi's absence may feel disposed to defer the making of the appropriations.

Any delay in the appropriations, however, need not delay new road work for this can begin and the cost be chargeable against the various appropriations when they are made.

The total amount to be divided in the road district appropriation is about $50,000. It has always been the custom for every commissioner with a road district to get as large a share as possible of the aggregate amount.

One of the questions likely to be settled at the Thursday meeting will be that of wages. The commissioners during the spring meetings usually fix the scale of wages to be paid for the season.

Last season labor on the county roads was paid at the rate of $2 per day and $2.50 for road foremen. In cases where the road appropriation exceeded $500 and the foreman had an average of 10 men in his employ, he got $2.75 per day.

It is understood that no change is contemplated in the scale of wage this year.

Team work is paid for according to the locality and the facilities for securing teams. On the range team work costs the county more than in agricultural districts for they are harder to get in the mining sections than in the country where there are many settlers. Nearly all the team work in the county is done by the farmers living in proximity to the road work and the county pays for the teams according to the usual price they can get in that locality for other work.

Several of the settlers who have been into the county auditor's office in the past two weeks claim that it is still too early to do much road work to advantage, that there is still considerable frost in the ground, particularly through the woods and shaded places. In open country the sun has taken the frost out to some extent, but it will be a week or ten days before county road work can be practicably started.

ATTORNEY SUES FOR FEES

Alward vs. Green Breach of Promise Case Heard From Again.

Because he failed to get his fees in the settlement of the breach of promise action brought a few years ago by Catherine Alward, a West End young woman, against Isaac Green, a former street railway conductor, J. H. Whitely, attorney for Miss Alward, has begun an action in district court against both Green and Alward for $1000, with interest at 9 per cent from Sept. 13, 1901.

The Alward-Green case was one that attracted considerable attenion at the time it came up in court three years ago, in view of the fact that Green, the defendant, was said to have received at that time about $2000 on the life insurance policy of a friend who made him her beneficiary.

In his amended complaint, Mr. Whitely alleges that the suit was instituted by Miss Alward against Green, July 17, 1901, and that judgment was entered in her favor for $2017.87, Sept. 18, 1901.

Green did not appear at the trial.

Mr. Whitely alleges that as attorney for Miss Alward he rendered all the legal services necessary up to and including the final judgment, the agreement being that he was to have half the amount that she should recover from Green in the breach of promise action.

He says that the verdict rendered in his clients behalf was $2000, of which he was entitled to half, but that Miss Alward and Green, without his knowledge or consent, effected a settlement between themmselves, and Green was given satisfaction in full of the judgment for a consideration not known to Whitely.

Mr. Whitely further alleges that one of the express terms of the settlement was that, in addition to the amount paid Catherine Alward, Green was to pay her attorney his reasonable fees and disbursements. He claims that all that he has ever received from his client was his costs and disbursements.

Mr. Whitney appears for himself in the action now brought, while Isaac Green is represented by Washburn, Bailey & Mitchell.

Green left the city shortly after his settlement of the judgment, and has since been employed on the ranges. Miss Alward is said to be residing somewhere in the East.

Runs Length of Bay.

The United States tug Circle made her first appearance for the season, at this end of the harbor, this morning. The Circle went into winter quarters at the government work on Wisconsin point last December. For about two weeks past she has been running about at the lower end of Superior bay, coming up to this end after supplies. Captain Charles Potter, government engineer, and Assistant Engineer Clarence Coleman, who is in charge of the new pier work at Superior entry, made the return trip on the Circle this afternoon.

Mr. Coleman reports the bay open from Duluth to Allouez.

OMAHA ROAD'S NEW SLEEPERS

Two of Them Already Placed on Duluth Run.

Two of the new sleepers which are to be used on the Duluth limited over the Omaha road arrived yesterday. They are named the Columbia and the Charlerol, and came up from Chicago on yesterday morning's train, going out again last night. All the equipment which is to be the property of the Omaha road, however, is to be inspected and tested in the St. Paul shops, and is expected here late this week.

The new sleepers are very plain in design and with considerable less frills than some of the sleepers of recent manufacture, but are said to be luxurious from the stand point of comfort.

The Omaha train in this morning pulled in head first, which is something unusual, as the sleepers are usually next to the engine when the train arrives here, the custom being to reverse the train at Superior. To bring the train in here in its traveling order will add much to the appearance of the Duluth Limited.

Excursion to Fargo.

An excursion rate of one fare for the round trip has been announced by the interested lines for the occasion of unveiling the Bjornson monument at Fargo. The celebration will take place May 16, 17 and 18, and tickets will begin to sell a day earlier, good returning until May 19.

May 17 is the Norwegian independence day, when the patriots celebrate the throwing off of the Danish yoke, and there is expected to be a monster affair at Fargo in consequence.

The rate for the National Finnish temperance association, which meets at Hibbing, July 29 and August 1, is expected soon to be announced. The railroads have the subject under consideration at this time.

MINISTERS MEET.

Several Resolutions on Public Matters Adopted.

The Duluth Ministerial alliance, in session today, unanimously passed the following, introduced by Dr. A. W. Ryan, of St. Paul's Episcopal:

"Resolved: "That the milk inspector be requested to publish monthly in the local papers a full list of all dairies which he finds to be conducted in a sanitary and perfectly satisfactory manner."

Another resolution introduced by Dr. I. I. Gorby, of the Second Presbyterian, and adopted, was: "That a committee of three be appointed to consider the matter of a Saturday half-holiday, and report to special meeting of the association one week from today."

It was also moved by Rev. C. F. Davis, of Lester Park M. E. church, and the motion was unanimously carried "That this association puts itself on record as positively against the professional baseball playing on the Lord's day, and that a committee be appointed to wait upon the city authorities."

DRIVERS IN DEMAND.

Men Wanted For Getting Logs Down Stream.

River drivers are in great demand in the local market at the present time, in fact, the demand greatly exceeds the supply.

Driving companies are offering from $2.75 to $3 per day for experienced drivers, but there are few of these left about the head of the lakes. One crew of twenty-eight men was sent out last week, but after a trial only eight were retained, the other twenty being sent back. There are plenty of men available for other kinds of contract work, but comparatively little demand. Now and then a railroad contractor calls for a small crew, but outside of the railroad work and river driving there is not a heavy demand for labor.

THE DOG RACE.

What Mardi Gras is to New Orleans the dog race is to Ishpeming, says the Tribune of Detroit, Mich. Ishpeming may forget the Fourth of July, Washington Gardner's birthday, Christmas and New Year, but the dog race, never. The dog race is winter fun and has to take place at Ishpeming regardless of where the mercury may be hiding in the thermometer. A race came off last week. No breed barred. Big dogs, little dogs, short-haired dogs, shaggy dogs, dogs with long tails, dogs with no tails to speak of, all in it regardless of pedigree and hitched to some kind of conveyance—any kind the boy driver is able to have or choose, from a soap box to a striped sled. A street is roped off and police is on hand to keep the track clear. Then the fun starts. Some of the dogs make a straight race, seriously bent on winning. Others become afraid of the crowd and give up at the outset. Still others, becoming involved in misunderstandings with each other, mix up in free-for-all fights in which there is serious danger of including the "neutral powers," but the fun is fast and furious all the time till the finish and is witnessed by the population en masse. Business men suspend trade, public officials lock their offices; statesmen planning to save the country through re-election forget for the moment that they are in it as well as the dogs, and are hurrahing boys once more. Even the grave clergyman, writing his sermon on "Run with patience the race that is set before you," hearing the din, hastily shoves his unfinished manuscript into a drawer and hurries to the ropes where it has been observed his hat is in the air just as often as anybody's; for nothing more stors popular enthusiasm than a rattling good dog race, and Ishpeming is the storm center for it.

The North-Western Line Removal.

The city freight and ticket office of The North-Western Line, (Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha railway), is now located at 302 West Superior street, Lonsdale building.

GEORGE M. SMITH,
General Agent.

San Francisco or Los Angeles, Cal., and Return, $50.00.

April 23rd to May 1st the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets, account Methodist Episcopal Conference and Grocers' Convention, to San Francisco or Los Angeles and return for $50.00, good returning until June 30th. Stopovers allowed in both directions.

RETURNS TO ELY

Captain Charles Trezona Back on Scene of Trouble.

Not Likely That Mines Will Resume For Some Time.

It is said that while Capt. Charles Trezona has gone back to Ely the mines there will not be operated for a couple of months, as the Oliver Iron Mining company is anxious to get rid of the disturbing element which caused Capt. Trezona to leave there temporarily.

Capt. Trezona left the Spalding hotel late last week, and is said to have gone direct to Ely. Just what date the captain left the hotel could not be learned, but it was admitted that he was gone, and a man who was in Ely a couple of days ago, and came down to Duluth, said the superintendent was back on the ground, and that from what he could learn it was not expected the mines would be opened for some weeks, as the company did not propose to face a fresh difficulty with the miners by permitting the disturbers to remain on the sceen.

This is pretty nearly in line with the ultimatum reported to have been given by President Cole to the Ely committee which waited upon him last week, to the effect that when Capt. Trezona could be reinstalled in charge of the mines they might resume, and not until then. As long as the kicking faction remains on the ground it is said the company deems it inadvisable to resume, as it is not courting trouble with its men, especially when it is in no need of ore.

One evidence that the company does not need to operate the mine is not only the dull season expected, but the fact that it has shut down at least one mine, the East Norrie, at Ironwood, because the stock pile was so full that none could be added to it. This is not the case with the mines generally, as stock piles are comparatively low, but probably high enough to suit the company, considering the dull situation which is expected to prevail for at least a while.

Capt. Trezona's friends say that he was rather nervous during his stay in this city, owing to the excitement he had been through before getting away from Ely, and it is said that the temporary closing of the mines would enable him to get a much needed rest by taking a long trip, which would not only give him change of scene, but a needed recreation.

JAPANESE SOLDIERS.

Not Handsome But Effective—Officers Never Smile.

Every Japanese male must serve three years in the army, says the Brooklyn Eagle. At Shizuoka we saw the Japanese inns quite crowded with men and ascertained that they were all natives who were to begin their service in the army. The embryo warriors did not look very soldierly in their Japanese garments; in fact, they looked rather slouchy, but a little drill soon transforms them into neat-looking soldiers. The uniform is European, dark blue, with red or yellow stripes to the trousers and facing to the coats, and the usual messenger boy caps that ornament our own soldiers in the regular army. Their hair is cut neatly. They are mostly small and their faces would not be called attractive from a European standpoint, the features having a simian cast. Their faces are always smooth shaven.

These little men, however, form a most effective soldiers, and as they are accustomed to living on very little, can do a large amount of marching and hard work without the necessity of much meat and bulky provender, for they subsist mainly on rice, and have been accustomed to live in that way from their birth. They seem very cheerful and joly among themselves, which is not the case with their officers.

The officers are usually no larger than the men, and wear mustaches and beards, but I have never yet seen one of them smile. They have a grim and determined expression and have probably cultivated that as being more in keeping with their position, and do not seem to relax at all, as far as appearances go. They are scrupulously neat, and when mounted seem as they were part of the horse, so well do they ride. Their uniform is, of course, European, and has the usual amount of gold lace. They are doubtless descended from a long line of Samurai, or men whose sole vocation was fighting, in the years that preceded the "Europization" of Japan as regards its government and soldiers, and as the Samurai were most expert swordsmen, no doubt their descendants are equally so. In fact, many of the common classes of Japan are excellent swordsmen, and have made a study of the art of rendering an antagonist helpless by pressing on certain nerves in a certain way, using some of the bones of the limbs of their opponent as levers. This art, or rather knowledge, has been carried to perfection in Japan, and some of the big beefy English sailors have a wholesome respect for the very little Japanese policeman, one of whom has been known to quickly subdue three or four sailors from a man-o'-war, whose fondness for grog interfered with their usual amiability.

When a son leaves his father's home to begin his three-year service in the army there is great rejoicing, as the family considers it a great honor, and decorate their houses with arches of green leaves and lanterns in honor of the event. We passed a number of houses thus decorated in various villages.

Then when the young soldier has served his three years and comes home to his native village to resume his former life, his neighbors turn out in great numbers to do him honor. We were on a train that had a number of soldiers thus going home, and at each station where any of them got off they were welcomed by their townspeople, who paraded down the street with numerous banners flying, and "stacked banners" at the depot, waiting for the train. When the soldiers landed there was loud cheering, and the soldiers took the head of the procession in the march through the town.

The North-Western Line.

City Freight and Ticket office will move this Saturday p. m. to 302 West Superior street, Lonsdale building.

J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO.

Sole Agents for LaVida Corsets

In New York In One of the Zoological Gardens is an Elephant that for Many Years Was Shackled to a Stake.

Today the chains are no longer there, having been removed long ago, yet the beast still stands in one spot, just as he was forced to do before the shackles were removed.

It is hard to get away from habit—especially when habit becomes slavery.

A quarter of a century ago people were used to paying various prices for goods—whatever they could haggle the shopkeeper down to. They were enslaved, yet when we removed the shackles it took time before they changed their habit and fell in with the new and better way.

Today there are people who have, perhaps, been buying inferior goods for so long—first, perhaps, because they could not get any other at little prices, then, because they got into the habit of dealing at certain places that make great pretences of selling "cheap," that they will not see that this store, while selling, perhaps, the finest goods in the city, carries also a large and well-assorted line of inexpensive, yet reliable merchandise that may be bought without fear—and at no higher prices than the other sort.

Only the other day we saw a woman's so-called tailored suit at somewhere around "$10.00, worth $18.50." The jacket was miserably made—the cheapest sort of bagging in the lapels, where the good canvas ought to be; poor stitching and no tailoring at all where it should have been pressed and molded into form—a poor material that might have "looked" as well as a good cloth to a careless buyer; poor linings; the skirt hung poorly and was sewed poorly. Better far had women pay a little more and buy our $12.50 tailored suit than put such garments on their backs.

Taste in Selection,

And knowledge of materials—workmanship—make a good combination!

And one that every store can't get hold of no matter how hard they try.

Some stores imagine that "style" means "showiness" — garments bedecked with tinsel and "whatnots"—they can't understand that style means simplicity—"good taste." No jarring of colors—no over-trimming.

A well-dressed woman knows what style is the moment she sees it!

And she also knows that just such garments can be found here.

The fact that a dress might have been bought for a "stage" production is no indication of good style! Especially since it is supposed to have been worn by a woman such as "Camille" was—

And a Duluth lady would hardly feel properly dressed either upon the street or in her home with garments of this sort.

We have goods at as little prices as reliable merchandise can be sold for—and that's cheap enough for anyone; anything cheaper is wastefulness and extravagance!

You can come here tomorrow and get your choice of the values offered in this advertisement—all reliable, all new, all fresh, new goods—just here from the most important makers in the East.

Values that can't be matched by any house in the Northwest! No cast-offs—no samples that have been discarded by manufacturers—every one of them right up to the minute in style! And we offer them with the guarantee—if you can see equal or better value at any other store in town come back and get your money—without any ifs and ands—that's our rule.

We've taken many suits from our regular stock—ones and twos from lines that will not be re-ordered—and we've placed them on sale, just to show you how well you can buy the lower-priced goods from us.

They are $16.50 and $18.50 Tailored Suits at $12.50—Jacket, Eton and blouse effects, plain cloths and fancy mixtures—some very prettily trimmed with vest of contrasting color. Braided and novelty buttons. Some plain tailored effects. Jackets are taffeta and satin lined, all new, up-to-date styles.

$35.00 to $45.00 Rich, Handsome Suits at $25.00—In a wide range of plain cloths, in high-grade cheviots, broadcloths, Venetian cloths, etamines and Panama cloths—splendidly tailored, perfect fitting. Some of these suits are silk lined throughout, and some are only jacket lined, but of a little better grade cloth, and possibly trimmed a little more elaborately! All with the broad shouldered effect.

$18.50 and $22.50 for Tailored Suits—the like of which cannot be duplicated for less than $30.00 to $35.00. A choice of plan and fancy mixed cloths, in English cheviots, broadcloths and homespuns that are stylish and beautiful. This line also includes many effects suitable for women who do not care so much.

$35.00, $42.50, $55.00 and up to $125.00 for high-class, exclusive novelties, in voiles, silks, broadcloths, silk net, crepe de chine, Venetian cloths and fancy mixtures.

We have just opened up some new shipments of the "Nobbiest" Covert Coats—shown in Duluth this season—in about fifteen different styles—ranging in price from $9.50 to $27.50.

Some exceptional values at $15 and $16.50.

And some more of the "most popular" covert coats in Duluth have just arrived—triple straps—back and front—broad shoulders, with epaulets, satin and taffeta lined—$12.50.

Customers tell us that coats not nearly as good as these, are being shown about town at $15 to $16.50.

New Styles in Rainproof Coats for Tomorrow

Entirely New effects that are not shown by any other store at the head of the lakes—light tan, olive, tan, and stripes—black and white effects, and new checks— of fine cravenetted cloth—at $19.50, $25.00 and $27.50. We offer tomorrow, another line of rain coats in gray mixtures.—the regular value of which is $15.00—in all sizes, at each $10.00.

Remarkable Values in Walking Skirts—$10.00 kinds, $6.75—All right up to the minute in style, beautifully tailored, perfect fitting—bought from a maker who was cleaning up his line of cloths for the season—of fine wool materials, in fancy mixtures—grey, tan, oxford—some with just a dash of color here and there; some are the new pleated skirt; some with new fan-shaped bottoms; some with small, tailored panel effects, and some with strapped yoke effect. **All have been sold for $10.00** and worth that in any store in the land—we place them on sale at **$6.75.**

$7.50 Walking Skirts at $4.50—Beautiful mixtures and splendidly made; scalloped edge trimmings, piped of an excellent quality all wool cloth; perfect fitting and a broad guarantee back of every one we sell. You can't match them in this city under $7.50—on sale here at **$4.50.**

"Board-Walk" Skirts—Of Etamine, Panama cloth, voile, taffeta silk, Sicillian and English worsteds—the new thing for the well-dressed woman who wants something "different" and "better"—the smartest styles of the present season—and you'll say so when you see them. Colors are black, navy, brown, grey, cream, champagne and invisible checks and stripes. They were first introduced on the "Board-walk" of Atlantic City and are now being worn by the best dressed women in the East.

"The Style Store." JM Gidding & Co. SUPERIOR ST. & FIRST AVE. WEST. WOMENS OUTFITTERS "The Style Store."

Yesterday Today Tomorrow Always

THE HERALD FOR WANT ADVERTISING. QUICK, UNFAILING RESULTS HAVE MADE THE HERALD THE WANT AD MEDIUM OF DULUTH.

ADDITIONAL WANTS ON PAGE 9

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM, FURnished house on Park Point; beautiful lake view; four bedrooms. Apply 209 Lake avenue south.

FOR RENT — A TEN-ROOM BRICK house, all modern conveniences, hot water heat. May 1. Call 502½ East Fourth street.

FOR RENT, FOR THE SUMMER—FURnished house, eight rooms; all modern conveniences; very central. Address H 63, Herald.

FOR RENT — MODERN, EIGHT-ROOM house, centrally located. 521 West First street.

FOR RENT — SIX-ROOM HOUSE, IN the "Glen." Apply No. 7, Twelfth avenue West. J. E. Evans.

FOR RENT — SIX-ROOM FURNISHED house, all conveniences. Enquire at house, 1013 Second street.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FURNISHED house at Lakeside; hot water heat. W. C. Sargent & Co., 308 Lonsdale bldg.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED AND UNfurnished cottages, on Minnesota Point. H 41, Herald.

SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY, OCCUPYing large modern house, East End, will rent entire floor to club of six or eight young men. Breakfast and 6 o'clock dinner, if desired. X, care of Herald.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park Terrace. Heat and water furnished; $50 per month. 305 Lyceum.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. bldg. 'Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—TWO UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. 15 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—TWO UNFURNISHED rooms. 22 West First street; upstairs.

FOR RENT—LARGE PLEASANT ROOM —closet and electric light. 331 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED PARLOR and bedroom, second floor. 126 East First street.

FOR RENT—FROM MAY 15 TO NOVEMber 6, furnished rooms, with use of piano. 813 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FOUR FURNISHED OR unfurnished rooms. Inquire at 527 West Second street.

FOR RENT—A LARGE, PLEASANT front room, furnished; location desirable and central; room suitable for two young men. Address D 17, Herald.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED OR unfurnished rooms, with board, if desired. 2009 Piedmont avenue West.

FOR RENT — ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping; central. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT—ONE FURNISHED ROOM. All modern conveniences, $8 per month. No. 1 Munger Terrace.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS. WATER, sewer and gas. 1325 London road.

FOR RENT—TWO PLEASANT, MODern, furnished rooms, with grate; lake view. 117 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT — FRONT ROOM, WITH bay window, furnished, overlooking town and harbor. 512 West Fifth street. Suitable for two young men; convenient to incline railway. Apply on premises, or 412 West First street.

FOR RENT — BIG AND ELEGANT room, richly furnished, at Rev. O. J. Edwards' residence, 503 Second avenue East.

FOR RENT—FOUR VERY PLEASANT and convenient rooms for light housekeeping for family or two only. Five minutes' walk from Board of Trade. A. M. B., Herald.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT FOR gentleman, at 917 London Road.

FOR RENT — PART OF MICHIGAN street floor, Providence building. Apply W. B. Silvey, 204 Providence building.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM WITH board. 521 West Second street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FRONT room, next to bathroom. Private family. 202 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, $1.50 up. 32 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, 128 East Fifth street.

DESIRABLE SUITE FOR TWO FOR housekeeping. 5901 London road, Lester Park.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping, 635 West Third St.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM; modern. 115 East Third street.

FOUR PLEASANT UNFURNISHED rooms for rent. 4701 Dodge street.

DESIRABLE FURNISHED ROOM, closet and bath. $9 month. 807 E. First St.

FOR RENT — OFFICES, MESABA building, Julius D. Howard & Co.

FOR RENT — MODERN FURNISHED front rooms en suite or single; use of phone. M 160, Herald.

ROOMS FOR RENT—27 EAST SUPERior street.

FURNISHED ROOMS, 126 E. FIRST ST.

FARM LANDS.

LAND—S. E. Saskatchewan, choice for cattle and wheat (40 bus.), new R. R., $3.50 to $4.00 per acre by purchase and homesteading, easy terms, cheap excursions. Write for maps. Grand Canadian Land Co., 172 Wash. St., Chicago.

FOR SALE — IMPROVED 80-ACRE farm, team, cattle and other personal property belonging to Perrault estate. H. V. Goetchius, guardian.

INDIAN LANDS—FULL INFORMATION regarding opening of Indian reservation lands to agricultural settlement in North Dakota and Minnesota, $2. Being on the ground we are in a position to give fullest details of rules and regulations. Address Gerald A. Johnson, Postal Telegraph building, Washington, D. C.

FARM LANDS NEAR DULUTH in tracts of 40 acres or more, for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum bldg., Duluth, Minn.

PROFITABLE FARM AND RANCH lands in Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado and Wyoming. Low prices, ten years' time. Scientific agriculture. Mild climate. Maps free. Land department, Union Pacific railroad, Omaha, Neb. Mention this paper.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED — DAY WORK, WASHING and ironing or housecleaning. U 17, Herald.

WANTED AT ONCE—POSITION BY young lady of refinement, who has had a year's experience in office work; can furnish best of references. D 23, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS POLICY writer, or stenographer for all or part of day; have had experience in real estate and insurance work. Address Y 67, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK, WASHING or housecleaning. 336 Lake avenue south.

YOUNG LADY DESIRES A PLACE TO work for her board and attend Business college. Y 85, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS FIRST-CLASS cook or housekeeper. Address "H," 518 Garfield avenue.

A WIDOW WITH TWO CHILDREN would like place to work for board; good cook and good worker; farm preferred or city. Address Mrs. Helen Cameron, Lake Park, Becker county, Minn.

WANTED—WASHING TO TAKE HOME. 278 Third avenue east.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY. Cleaning or washing. No. 5 Chester terrace.

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE POSItion as stenographer, or office assistant. Apply W 98, Herald.

WOMAN WOULD LIKE WORK BY the day. Washing, ironing or any kind of housework. Call at old St. Luke's hospital. Upstairs.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

A MAN WITH EXPERIENCE IN TAIloring would like to finish trade. H. M. P., 16 East Superior street.

EXPERIENCED MALE STENOGRAPher, operating Oliver and Remington machines, would be open to situation in about ten days. Address D 18, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN OF 26, A position as bookkeeper, stenographer, private secretary or correspondent. Can furnish gilt edge references. State salary in first letter. Address E. C. Watson, Box 147, Litchville, N. D.

FIRST-CLASS CUTTER AND TAILOR wishes position with clothing house; understands anything in the line of manufacturing clothes. Room 21, St. James hotel, Frank Dux.

WANTED — SITUATION BY WELL educated young man, work of any kind. Inside work preferred. Experienced. Address N 45, Herald.

YOUNG MAN WISHES SOME KIND OF work. Y 81, Herald.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM FLAT, 730 East Third street, $15 month, water included. Apply Abrahamson Agency, Palladio building.

FOR RENT—FLAT, OVER 127 EAST SUperior street; opposite City hall. Apply 127 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — NICE LITTLE FLAT, heart of city; water, bath. $13. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange bldg.

FOR RENT — 5-ROOM FLAT, FIRST floor; gas, porcelain bath. 809 East Fourth street. Call at 811 East Fourth street.

SMALL FLAT IN WEST END—ALL conveniences. Apply N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN THREEroom flats, $13 and $14. 311 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—THREE-ROOM FLAT. 212 East Third street.

FOR RENT — A FEW VERY DESIRable flats and houses and two stores for rent at reasonable rentals from May 1. W. M. Prindle & Co., Lonsdale bldg.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM BRICK FLAT, all modern conveniences. Cooley & Underhill. 207-8 Exchange building.

FURNISHED FLATS — FOUR ROOMS, $13, $14, $15. Enquire 718 West Fifth St.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — VERY CHEAP, BRICK store building; nice flat; West End. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building. 'Phone 439.

FOR RENT—THE FINE BRICK STORE room 118 and 120 West Fourth street with well-lighted basements, formerly occupied by Crescent bakery. W. C. Sherwood & Co., Torrey building.

STORE ROOM, NO. 130 WEST MICHIgan street, suitable for commission or jobbing, 7000 square feet of floor space. Charles P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—SMALL SPACE IN STORE, 3 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—THREE OR FOUR ROOMS for light housekeeping, within walking distance of city hall. Address D 13, Herald.

WANTED TO RENT—BY QUIET COUple, three heated, modern rooms, unfurnished, for light housekeeping; between Fifth avenue west and Sixth avenue east. Address C 25, Herald.

WANTED TO RENT—SIX TO EIGHTroom house. Modern or partly modern. Family of two. Possession immediately. Address M 59, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

GOOD TABLE BOARD AND NICELY furnished rooms, reasonable rates. 321 Fourth avenue west.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD. 521 WEST SECond street.

PRIVATE HOME; BOARD AND ROOM, first-class in every respect. 123 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD. Also table board. 218 West Third St.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD AND ROOM, AT 125 West Second street.

STENOGRAPHER.

BLANCHE MAXWELL, 307 FIRST NAtional Bank building.

LEGAL WORK, MAILING LISTS PREpared, letters written, envelopes addressed, neatly, promptly. Charges right, No. 106 Palladio.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

EVAN JOHNSON, 2008 WEST HELM street, will arrive May 5, with a carload of fresh milch cows and springers.

FOR SALE—FINE UPHOLSTERED baby's go-cart; used four months; good as new; half price. 112½ East Third St.

S. M. KANER JUST ARRIVED WITH a carload of fresh milch cows. Some full blooded registered Jerseys among them. Will sell and exchange for fat cattle. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone, 1387.

FOR SALE—DRY, LOOSE SHAVINGS. Red Cliff Lumber company.

FOR SALE—FINE OAK DRESSER, large mirror; bargain. Address "H," Herald.

FOR SALE—PIANO, FINE LUDWIG upright grand; almost new, $15); cost $400; Burl walnut case; can be seen at 15 East Superior street, room 4, upstairs. Manufacturer's agent.

FOR SALE—NEARLY NEW QUARTERsawed oak round dining table, extension; nine leather-seated chairs to match; walnut sideboard and china cabinet; walnut chamber suite cheap. Call forenoons. 1423 East Third street.

FOR SALE—BRASS BED, MAHOGANY dresser, Flemish oak dining set, living room and kitchen furniture. 130 Oxford street, Hunter's Park, or 402 Torrey building.

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT. 421 TOWER avenue, Superior.

FOR SALE—25,000 SHARES OF LITTLE Cracker Gold Mining & Milling company stock for 3 cents per share. Address D 16, Herald.

USED PIANO PLAYER, $100—PERFECT condition, worth new $250; a snap. Will play any piano. $10 cash and $8 a month. French & Bassett.

TWENTY-FIVE BUTCHER WAGONS. Modern. $48.74. 300-308 East First street. L. Hammel Co.

BABY GRAND PIANO, $275—EBONY case; standard make; in fine condition; cost $700 new. $25 cash and $10 a month. French & Bassett.

A large and complete assortment constantly on hand; also farm mares, general purpose horses and drivers. Look over our stock before purchasing elsewhere; the largest assortment to be found in the entire Northwest.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Midway Horse Market,
St. Paul, Minn.

MUCIC AND MUSICAL MERCHANDISE —Edison's phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos, organs. Haakonsen & Westgaard, Duluth's leading music store.

LARGE HANDSOME OAK UPRIGHT piano, $148. Rented eight months with careful use; fine tone and action; good as new. $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—GAS RANGE CALL AT 102 West First street, upstairs.

FOR SALE—LEATHER-TOP, RUBBERtired buggy, cheap. 625 Manhattan building.

PATENTS OBTAINED FOR INVESTors. J. T. Watson, specialist, Palladio building.

FOR SALE OR RENT, IN THE CITY—Horses, Red Cliff Lumber company, barn Twenty-ninth avenue west.

FOR SALE—CIGAR AND CONFECtionery stand and small stock of groceries. For information call 302 West Second street.

FOR SALE — TWO SINGLE WOOD wagons with wood boxes and springs; also brown mare, weight 1550; good worker, with harness. Parties leaving city. Call 311 East First street.

FOR SALE--CAR OF FRESH MILCH cows, just arrived. J. H. Markuson, Sixty-first avenue west and Redruth street.

CAMPERS AND EXPLORERS BETTER look at Poirier & Nordstrom's new camp stove, nothing better. We also keep on making anything in canvas, tent awnings, packsacks, sails, anything you want. Poirier & Nordstrom, 104 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—ALL KINDS HOUSEHOLD goods, cheap. 1528 East Third street; account, leaving city.

FOR SALE — TWO LOTS, ANOKA street, Woodland, with barn and large chicken house. Room 507 Palladio building.

PIANO PLAYER, ALMOST NEW—PERfect condition, $175. $15 cash and $10 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—ONE GROCERY SINGLE delivery wagon in good condition. Call or address 102 West Michigan street.

MAPLE SYRUP, GUARANTEED strictly pure; made and sealed by myself; price $1.50 per gallon, crated f. o. b. cars. Order early as supply is limited. F. A. McDougall, Reeve, Wis.

FOR SALE — $85 UPRIGHT PIANO, good make, good condition, stool and cover; can be seen at 15 East Superior street. Room 4, upstairs.

HORSES FOR SALE—DRAFT DRIVing horses and general purpose. L. Hammel company.

FOR SALE—LARGE STEEL RANGE, 414 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH COWS, 821 Fourth avenue east. I. L. Levine.

FOR SALE — YOUNG HORSE. COST $225, will sell for $150. New 'phone 6040.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, STORE FIXtures, show cases, etc. Hub Clothing company.

SECOND-HAND WALNUT ORGAN, $10; $3 cash and $2 a month. French & Bassett.

PARTIES LEAVING CITY WILL SELL beautiful toned piano at a bargain. Inquire at room 416 Lowell block.

FOR SALE — GASOLINE LAUNCH, suitable for ferry. 605 Palladio building.

FREE TRIAL ON GAS ENGINES—NO good, no pay. F. B. Jordan, gas engine expert. Box 33. New 'phone 2517, Duluth.

FOR SALE—PATENT WRENCH. OR manufacturing firm make some. John P. Forsberg, Thief River Falls, Minn.

HANDSOME MEDIUM SIZE UPRIGHT piano, $165. Almost new with mandolin and harp attachment. Walnut finish case. $10 cash and $6 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—FULL SET OF LAUNDRY machinery; easy payments. Charles Edmondsen, Cloquet, Minn.

FOR SALE—STEAM ENGINE ABOUT 75 H. P.; also machine shop tools for very light manufacturing. H. E. Smith & Co., Palladio building.

FOR SALE—A CIGAR AND NEWS stand Good location. Party going into other business. N 52, Herald.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

MAHOGANY UPRIGHT PIANO, $185; beautiful tone and case, $10 cash and $7 a month. French & Bassett.

$1750 BUYS ONE OF THE BEST SIXroom houses at Lakeside. Inquire on premises, 4831 Dodge street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—IF YOU HAVE A bargain to offer in centrally located property, vacant or improved, send particulars. D 15, Herald.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; family of three. 1610 East First street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESladies for suit department. Apply tomorrow morning. J. M. Gidding & Co.

WANTED—COOK, DINING ROOM GIRL and laundry girl. Call at 215 East Superior street. M. C. Siebold.

WANTED—WAIST AND SKIRT MAKers; also apprentices for millinery. La Ferte, 17 West Superior street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL FOR GENeral housework; one who can go home nights. 215 Seventh avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD DINING ROOM GIRL. No other need apply. 206 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL TO HELP cook; also one for general work. 2532 West Superior street.

WANTED—A WIDE-AWAKE GIRL, who has had experience as clerk and some knowledge of bookkeeping. Apply 110 West Superior street.

WANTED AT ONCE—GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 2725 West Fourth St.

WANTED—CHAMBERMAID, $6 PER week. 217 St. Croix avenue.

WANTED GIRL TO ASSIST AT housework. 2109 West First street.

WANTED—WAIST AND SKIRT MAKers; none but first-class need apply. 32 East Fourth street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; good wages to the right party. Call 2207 West Third street.

WANTED — FIRST - CLASS SECOND maid; good wages. Mrs. Page Morris, 2231 East First street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 211 Tenth avenue east.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS GENERAL servant, hotel and boarding house cook, dishwasher; places always open. Call 225 East Superior street.

WAITED — COMPETENT COOK. 10 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1509 Jefferson street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
DO YOU NEED MONEY?

We make loans on horses, waggons, furniture and pianos, etc. Any amount required. Also to salaried people without security. Lowest rates. Confidential treatment. Call and investigate our methods.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Bldg.
Bell 'phone 759 R. Zenith 'phone 936.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.

We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883. Old 'phone 636 M.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES DIAmonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $1000. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only recognized reputable pawnbroker. Established 1887. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches and all goods of value. Very low rates. Everything confidential. The Crescent Bros., 413½ W. Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SALARY OR chattels; quick; confidential. Cosmopolitan company, 301 Palladio building. Zenith 761.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

EGGS FOR HATCHING.

PIKE'S CHICK FEED WILL SAVE and raise little chicks. All dealers or write R. A. Pike & Co., Minneapolis, Minn. Sample feed and catalogue, 6c. Price list free.

EGGS FOR HATCHING FROM BUFF Plymouth Rocks; prize winners and good barnyard stock, $1.00, $2.00, and $3.00 per setting. Eggs for incubator, $4.00 per 100. Mrs. R. Hodgson, Fifty-fourth avenue east.

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING from prize winners and good breeding stock. Single comb brown Leghorns and black Monorcas, $1.25 and $1.50 per setting. Zenith 'phone 1167, 421 East Second street.

NEW SEEDS JUST IN. ENTIRE STOCK fresh and Northern grown. Pike's chick feed for little chicks. Eggs for hatching. T. A. Scarlett's, 124 W. 1st St.

INCUBATORS, BROODERS, POULTRY supplies, chick food. Eggs for hatching from thoroughbred chickens. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

Anyone who is not too poor to ride on the street cars is rich enough to become a want advertiser.

"The tide that leads on to fortune" may sometimes come to you in the guise of a want advertisement.

Every day of the year, and of every year to come, people will be hunting for houses in which to live. The houses that are advertised are the ones they will find.

Family ties are not always ties of blood. Lodgers sometimes become valued members of a family circle. If a home is a bit lonesome a lodger or two of the right sort will liven it up—and you can secure them by advertising.

Running a boarding house by stealth—instead of advertising for boarders—is a pretty poor way to make a living.

Nine cases out of ten the man who tells you that it is hard to sell real estate is a man who has tried to sell it without advertising. In the tenth case the man has probably tried to sell real estate that could not be given away—if the man "was lookin'."

The want ads. reflect human nature and human needs as they exist in the present hour—so they are "interesting reading."

The number of times in a year that a man uses The Herald want ads is an index to his interests and activities.

COOKS, DINING ROOM, DISHWASHers, general girls. Mrs. Somers' employment office, 17 Second avenue east, near Armory.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in family of three adults. Apply evenings, 1122 East First street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR General housework. Must have references. Mrs. W. P. Mars, 1627 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply morning or evening, 215 Third avenue west.

CALL AT 215 EAST SUPERIOR street, Mrs. M. C. Seibold's employment office, for good women to do washing or house cleaning.

WANTED—COOKS FOR IN AND OUT of town. Also girls for general housework. Call at 215 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Seibold.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of four. 810 East First street. Call mornings.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 112 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Mrs. J. H. Whitely, 1828 East Superior street.

BRIGHT YOUNG FINISH LADY FOR wash goods department; one who has had experience as saleslady preferred. Apply to manager, I. Freimuth.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Call afternoons. 1317 East Second street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. 214 Ninth avenue east.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED — AGENTS AND CANVASsers, in every state and county; new patent; quick seller; big profits; exclusive territory given. Fred W. Wieland, 109 Manhattan building, Duluth.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE — HOUSE AND LOT, 311 East First street; very nicely located; water, sewer and toilet; parties leaving city. 311 East First street.

FOR SALE—GOOD 7-ROOM HOUSE lot 50 by 150 feet, five blocks from high school. For further information address "H. P. B.," Box 4, Underwood, Minn.

TEN HOUSES FOR SALE CHEAP—Anyone that wants to buy city property in West Duluth cheap call on A. P. Freeburg, 216 North Sixty-fourth avenue west, city.

FOR SALE CHEAP—HOUSE AND LOT, bay side, Park Point. Inquire 1921 Minnesota avenue.

FOR SALE—FINE SIX-ROOM HOME, 1727 Fiftieth avenue east, Lakeside; one block beyond Oneida street. Apply at house.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—BULL PUP, THREE MONTHS old. Answers to name of "Bob." Color, white with brown on eyes. Missing since April 29. Reward for return to 11 West Fourth street.

LOST—SATURDAY, LADY'S WHITE taffeta silk collar; embroidered with white tiger lilies, between Buffalo Flat and Park Point. Reward for return to Herald office.

LOST—A BROWN GLOVE, BETWEEN Third avenue east and West Duluth. Finder please leave at Herald office.

GOLD WANTED.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR gold and silver. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 334 West Superior street.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. AUGERMEYER, 219 FIRST AVE. E.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

BUSINESS MEN.
BUSINESS MEN.
BUSINESS MEN.

Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants, FREE OF CHARGE.

Apply to
W. C. McCARTER, Business University.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Special opportunity this month. Particulars mailed free. Moler Barber College, 221 Second avenue south, Minneapolis, Minn. Established 1893.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED AND well-dressed salesmen to solicit subscriptions for Leslie's Weekly and Judge. Intelligent and reliable man can earn good income. W. E. McCue, 8 to 9 a. m., 5 to 6 p. m. No. 615 Palladio bldg.

WANTED—A BRIGHT, ACTIVE BOY, about 15 years of age. Apply Spalding hotel.

WANTED — MAN UNDERSTANDING transplanting trees, care of garden and lawn. H. W. Coffin, Manhattan.

WANTED—GOOD HAT MAKER AT Miss S. Lindgren's, 321 Central avenue, West Duluth.

WANTED—PAPER HANGERS AND painters; permanent employment for competent men. Louis Frost, 117 First avenue west.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN FOR A GOOD position. Apply at Flat 15 Green block, Twenty-fourth avenue west.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS PLUMBER. Apply Farrell-Turnbull Co., 120 East Superior street.

WANTED
WANTED
WANTED

Man who thoroughly understands blowing stumps with dynamite, using electric battery.

DULUTH STOCK FARM,
220 West Superior street.

WANTED, FOR U. S. ARMY — Ablebodied, unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—PAINTERS. DEATHERAGE Manufacturing company, 301 Fifty-ninth avenue west.

KANSAS CITY BARBER COLLEGE; largest and best; teaches the trade, shortest time at small expense. Write for free catalogue. F. C. Bridgeford, 503 Delaware street, Kansas City, Mo.

WANTED—A WAGON PAINTER AT once; call us by either 'phone. McIntosh Wagon company, Iron River, Wis.

GENTLEMAN ROOMMATE WANTED in first-class boarding house, 231 West Second street.

WANTED—PARTIES TO BURN LACKawanna Koal. Finch Fuel company, 210 West Superior street. Telephone 121.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED—FAMOUS SPRING dust oeater (patented-. Every household needs it for spring cleaning. Snap for agents. Over 100 other household novelties. Big sellers. Exclusive territory. Catalogue free. Pease Manufacturing company, Buffalo, N. Y.

JUMBO STUMP PULLER.

CANCERS AND TUMORS.

ALL STOMACH AND BLOOD DISeases cured by the Herbaqueen remedies and Dr. Finsen's Ray. The Herbaqueen Manufacturing company, 319 First avenue east, Duluth, Minn.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN AND ASSISTANT gives readings daily to ladies and gentlemen. 1813 Eleventh street, Superior, Wis. Hours, 10 to 12 and 3 to 9. Zenith, 4250.

UPHOLSTERING.

UPHOLSTERING, REPAIRING AND mattress making neatly done. First-class workmanship. Wm. Peterson, 1530 West Superior street.

BEST WORK—LOW PRICES. STOCK & YOUNG, 504 E. 4th St. Zenith 'phone 1249-C. Old, 747-R.

PAINTING LESSONS.

MRS. MARY INMAN, 231 West Second St.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

PERSONAL.

LADIES! OUR MONTHLY REGULator never fails. Box free. Vita company, Station A, Detroit, Mich.

LADIES! WHEN IN NEED SEND FOR free trial of our never failing remedy. Relief sure and quick. Paris Chemical company, Milwaukee, Wis.

THOMAS F. McMARTIN'S RELATIVES in Carthage, N. Y., would like to hear from you.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—Over Suffel's. HUMES.

HATS—106 W. Superior St. Miss Swenson.

ARCHITECT.

Young & Nystrom, 504-9 Manhattan bldg.

TELESCOPE EXHIBITION.

SEE THE STARS AND MOON EVERY clear night on Superior street, between Third and Fifth avenues west. Telescope four-foot long and very powerful convex lense. Price, 10c. E. Gibson.

LAKESIDE EXPRESS.

LAKESIDE AND DULUTH EXPRESS orders taken at 5 East Superior street. 'Phone 510; residence 'phone 6088. J. N. Wilson.

CARRIAGES AND WAGONS.

FIRST-CLASS VEHICLES OF EVERY description at right prices. J. C. Perry, 416 East Superior street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bdg., Duluth. Zenith 'phone, 690; residence, 1213.

HAIRDRESSING.

Shampooing, Hair Dressing, Manicuring, hair work. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patten, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in thorough manner. J. Grueson, 31 West Superior St.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, May 2, 1904. Work—Reception grand master. Refreshments. Stanley R. Holden, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting April 20th, 1904. Work—Second degree. Hugh R. Burgo, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary. Visiting brethren are welcome.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, May 4. Work—Royal Arch degree. Jos. D. Titcomb, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave May 3. Work—General business. John T. Black, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT NO. 1 MEETS EVERY Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Edward Thompson, Com. 12 E. Fifth St. J. B. Gelbman, R. K., third floor, Hunter block. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. Thos. J. McKeon, C. S.; W. P. Wellbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. C. H. Johnson, M. W.; W. W. Fensternacher, recorder. O. J. Murveid, financier, 211½ East Sixth street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. John Newman, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick Benefit association meets same evenings at 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 55, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. J. H. Davis, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

GRANT LODGE, K. OF P. No. 3 (colored) meets first and third Thursday every month at Kalamazoo hall, F. J. Grant, C. C.; D. H. Saunders, K. of R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday at 8 o'clock at Hunters' hall. Jos. A. Mannheim, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, Room 10, Hayes block.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, MEETS AT Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. F. Wiberg, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF Teamsters local No. 411, meets at Kalamazoo hall, No. 18 W. Sup. St., second and fourth Mondays of each month. Arthur Beattie, president, 2806 W. Helm St. J. M. Rock, recording secretary, 752 Garfield avenue; Archie McPherson, secretary and treasurer, 909 West Eighth street.

COOKS' AND WAITERS' UNION NO. 53.—Meets every second and fourth Tuesday of each month at the Kalamazoo building. President Marshal Hebner; vice president, Etta O'Donnell; secretary, Josie Wilson; treasurer, Fred McKelvey; financial secretary, J. B. McComber, 22 West Superior street; L. H. Copeland, business agent.

I. O. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3283. Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting, May 6. Important business. R. J. Pickard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m. in G. A. R. hall, Temple building, 203 East Superior street. George F. Mackenzie, chief; Malcolm Macdonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary. Glass Block. Next meeting, Wednesday, May 4.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL.—No. 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, first and third Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. G. L. HARGRAVES, archon; L. P. MURRAY, scribe, 1524 East Fourth street.

14 Pages

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

14 Pages

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. LAST EDITION TUESDAY, MAY 3, 1904. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

TOGO FAILS IN ANOTHER ATTEMPT TO CORK UP PORT ARTHUR; THE RUSSIANS SINK EIGHT FIRESHIPS AND TWO DESTROYERS

TEARS STREAM DOWN THE FACE OF THE VENERABLE GEN. TYNER AS HE LISTENS TO CHARGES AGAINST HIM

Seated In Invalid's Chair Aged Man Shakes With Emotion.

A Jury Is Selected to Try Him on Conspiracy Indictment.

Counsel Refers Feelingly to Honored Career of the Defendant.

Washington, May 3.—Both defendants were in court today when the empaneling of a jury proceeded for the trial of James N. Tyner and Harrison J. Barrett on indictments charging conspiracy to defraud the government. Gen. Tyner, as on yesterday, was brought into court in an invalid's chair and placed in a large reclining chair, surrounded with furs to protect him from the drafts of the room. Mrs. Tyner sat by his side attentive to his slightest movements. Less than half an hour was required to complete the jury.

Morgan H. Beach, United States district attorney, outlined the government's case in an elaborate review of the indictments and the events leading thereto.

Mr. Worthington made an impressive statement for the defense, referring feelingly to the feeble condition of Gen. Tyner, and to the fact that he is now 78 years old. He declared, however, that his client does not desire consideration based on pity. As he discussed the charges, Mr. Worthington frequently referred to Gen. Tyner's honored career. Tears streamed down the old man's face, and he shook with emotion. At 12:15 the first witness was summoned to the stand. He was Blain W. Taylor, chief clerk of the postoffice department for the years 1898, 1900, 1901 and 1902. Counsel for the defense placed a number of extracts from these books into the record.

A recess was then taken.

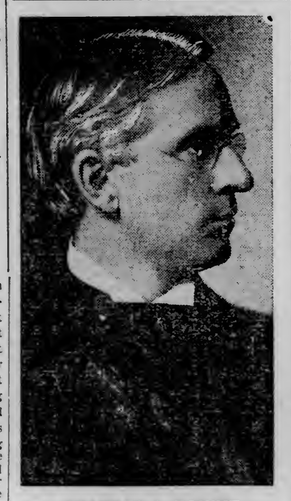
TOWNE IS BOOMED BY SENATOR GORMAN

As the Next Democratic Nominee For the Presidency.

Claimed That Tammany Is Ready to Fall In Line.

Chicago, May 3.—Walter Wellman, in a Washington special to the Record-Herald, says: That Judge Parker is not likely to be nominated for president at the St. Louis convention, and that Charles A. Towne, of New York, may be, is the interesting suggestion that comes from Senator Gorman. During the last few days Mr. Gorman has told a number of his friends that, in his opinion, the Parker movement is losing strength, and that from now on to the meeting of the national convention will become weaker and weaker. Senator Gorman told a group of senators the other day that he should not be surprised if the St. Louis convention were to turn to Former Senator Towne and make him the candidate. According to the view of the Maryland senator, the Parker boom reached its climax at the Albany convention, and it has been on the decline ever since. The platform adopted at Albany by Judge Parker's friends, with his approval, has not made a good impression on the country. Mr. Gorman thinks, and the fierce opposition of Mr. Bryan has hurt, too. In chatting with his senatorial friends in the cloakrooms before the adjournment of congress, Mr. Gorman pointed out that few states were following the lead

(Continued on Page Ten, First Column.)



CHARLES A. TOWNE.

ANOTHER NEW TOWNSITE

On the Late Chippewa Reservation Is Now Proposed.

Cass Lake, Minn., May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—An application has been made at the local United States land office for the establishment of another new townsite on the late Chippewa reservation. The application is being made under the provisions of the townsite law of Feb. 9, 1902, and the location of the new town is in township 148-27 and 28. The territory selected for the town is 608 acres of excellent land located on the south and east shore of Round lake, about thirty miles north of the town of Richards. It borders close to the "black line" designated by the secretary of the interior as being temporarily withdrawn from sale or settlement until the bureau of forestry has made its final selection for the national forest reserve.

There are at the present time a colony of Finns, who recently arrived there, numbering over 500. They are taking claims in the vicinity of the proposed new town, and there is every indication that the community will make a thriving place. Primarily interested in the entry of the new town are Judge Frank Ives, proprietor of the Cass Lake Times; his foreman, C. F. Lee, and J. Torma, who are acting in conjunction with others, as required by the provisions of the townsite law. As matters now stand, the large number of homeseekers living north of Richards, are unable to get supplies without driving forty or fifty miles therefor to Bena, and these settlers will be much pleased if the application for the new townsite is granted and the town established. Judge Spooner will enter the land for those interested.

KENTUCKY REPUBLICANS NOT IN PERFECT ACCORD.

Louisville, May 3.—The Republican state convention to choose delegates to Chicago will be held here this afternoon. Former Governor Bradley will oppose the election of Hon. John W. Yerkes to the permanent chairmanship. Mr. Yerkes was agreed upon as temporary chairman, and Mr. Bradley's friends objected to his having both honors. Mr. Bradley will be chosen as one of the delegates to Chicago, and one of the delegation will probably be a negro from the middle section of the state.

SENATOR NELSON RETURNS.

Washington, May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Knute Nelson left Washington this afternoon for Dane county, Wis., his old home, where his mother resides.

SHREWD SWINDLER FAILS TO IMPROVE OPPORTUNITIES

New York, May 3.—By representing himself as Col. John D. Hewitt, president of the Buckeye Coke & Coal company, of Bramwell, W. Va., and director of the bank of Bramwell, a swindler has been operating in this city for two months, having drafts on Col. Hewitt's bank cashed and passed by the institution through New York bankers. Col. Hewitt died more than six months ago.

The papers whereby the imposter was able to open an account for $10,000 with a large stock exchange house, negotiate for the purchase of a $50,000 residence in Brooklyn, live at a first-class hotel and enjoy himself generally, were stolen by the man from Col. Hewitt in Atlantic City where the West Virginian was endeavoring to recover his health.

When the swindler began to use his documents here he first visited the brokers and showed them a letter of credit on a Philadelphia bank made out to Hewitt. The bank reported it all right and cashed a draft for $10,000, which was placed to the imposter's credit. He did not operate in stocks, however, and only drew occasionally on the account for a few dollars. Several weeks passed and the man continued about town, negotiating for yachts, houses, etc., but spending little money.

Suddenly the Philadelphia bank discovered its error through Col. Hewitt's son and notified the New York brokers. They informed their client and demanded an explanation. He quickly disappeared and the bank recovered its money.

The imposter is said to have used the same means elsewhere to secure financial standing but whether he failed to take full advantage of the opportunity as he did here is not known.

YOUNG GIRL MYSTERIOUSLY KILLED

Mahanoy City, Pa., May 3.—Mystery surrounds the murder of Lillian Humes, 12-years-old, whose lifeless body has been found lying face downward on the kitchen floor at the home of her brother, Harry Humes, engineer for the Mahanoy city water company. The top of her head was blown off, and nearby lay a shotgun, belonging to a member of the household, with both barrels empty. The girl came to this city last week from Philadelphia with her mother, intending to spend the summer and was alone in the house.

The nearest house is two miles from the Humes and no one heard the fatal shots. Persons living along the highway say they saw a stranger hurrying past not long after the probable hour of the murder. He wore an air of excitement and appeared to have been engaged in a tussle. No further trace of the man has been found, although the country is being closely searched.

NO CARGO FOR JAPANESE STEAMER

San Francisco, May 3.—With the sailing of the America Maru, on the 12th inst., the Toyo Kisen Kaisha will abandon its steamship service between this port and the Orient until the close of the war between Japan and Russia. This information has been given out officially. It is almost certain the Nippon Maru, sister ship of the America Maru, has been sunk by the Russians. The company has therefore no vessels for its San Francisco service, and cannot at this time either charter or buy ships suitable for the service. Even if the company had available steamers, it is doubtful if it could do any business in and out of this port. War insurance is up to 45 per cent on cargoes on Japanese vessels.

Up to the present time the company has been unable to secure any freight or passengers for return voyage of the America Maru, and according to present indications, she will not carry a pound of freight nor a single passenger. She will leave here in ballast.

DREW COLLEGE DESTROYED BY FIRE

Carmel, N. Y., May 3.—Drew college, one of the pioneer educational institutions for women in the country was burned today, entailing a financial loss of fully $160,000, with only $25,000 insurance. The big dormitory which housed more than a hundred students, the members of the faculty and a number of servants was the last building to catch fire and all escaped without danger, having time to save their personal effects.

The fire started in Smith memorial hall, and when it was discovered had gained such headway as to be practically beyond control. From that point the flames spread rapidly and one by one the several buildings were swept away. The cause of the fire is unknown.

Drew college was conducted under the guidance of the New York conference of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Japanese Vessels Steamed In at Full Speed on Monday Night.

Discovered By Searchlights and Destroyed By a Heavy Fire.

St. Petersburg, May 3.—It is reported that Vice Admiral Togo made another desperate attempt to block the entrance to Port Arthur last night, but failed. Viceroy Alexieff sent out a section of the fleet to meet the attack and sank eight fireships and two Japanese torpedo boats. The channel is reported to be clear.

Later the report that Vice Admiral Togo had made another attempt to block Porlt Arthur was confirmed. Viceroy Alexieff reported officially that the Japanese sent eight fireships last night to block the entrance of the harbor, but they were all sunk by the Rusian torpedo boats and the fire from the land batteries, leaving the channel clear. The viceroy also reported that the Russians sank two Japanese torpedo boats.

The fire ships were discovered by searchlights of the batteries and guardships, creeping toward Port Arthur from the east and southeast, shortly after midnight. The torpedo boats and torpedo boat destroyers were ordered out, but none of the larger warships. Admiral Alieeff himself went out on board the coast defense vessel Otvashni. The guardships at the entrance of the harbor and the forts opened a fierce fire on the fireboats, which lasted until 5 o'clock in the morning, when the last fireboat went down. The official report does not specify the exact spot where the steamers were sunk, but it is plain that the Japanese attempt to cork the entrance to Port Arthur has again failed. The steamers were armed with Hotchkiss and Maxim guns and responded hotly to the Russian fire. The Russians succeeded in saving a few members of the crews of the fireships, including two officers.

Tien Tsin, May 3.—An official Russian dispatch received here says that nine Japanese merchant vessels, steaming at fullest speed towards the entrance of Port Arthur last night, attempted to block the harbor but were sunk by the fire of the Russian forts. The harbor entrance is clear.

Tokio, May 3, 6 p. m.—The fighting on the Yalu continued on Monday. The Japanese pursued the Russians, who resisted stubbornly. The Russians surrendered some artillery. The Japanese had about 300 more casualties.

Seoul, Korea, May 3.—It has been learned here that after the fighting of Sunday on the Yalu the Japanese Monday morning started to pursue the enemy through the mountains. The Russain forces are said to number 10,000 men. They sustained heavy losses.

ZASSALITCH REPORTS

On the Falling Back of the Russian Troops.

St. Petersburg, May 3.—The emperor has received an official dispatch from Gen. Kuropatkin, forwarding a dispatch from Gen. Zassalitch, commanding the Russian forces, which have been engaged with the Japanese advance from the Yalu. It is dated noon Sunday and describes how he ordered the Russian forces at Antung and Kulien-Cheng to fall back along the main road toward Teng Wang Cheng.

This movement was protected from the threatened flank attack by men and guns stationed at Potientinsky, one mile north of Kulien Cheng, and Chin Gow, villages on the Litzavena river. Here the fighting was protracted and severe. The Russians lost artillery and horses, being obliged to abandon, according to the text "a few" guns. Gen. Zassalitch says:

"Although we were unable to hold our positions here, we inflicted heavy losses on the enemy."

OPERATIONS EXPLAINED.

Outline of Movements of Opposing Armies.

St. Petersburg, May 3.—The Associated Press has obtained from the general staff an outline of the operations on the Yalu river during the past week. The Russian force, including the reserves, was composed of Gen. Kashtalinsky's Rifle division, Gen. Misthenko's Cossack outposts and a brigade of artillery, the whole under Gen. Sassulitch. Knowledge of geography is essential to a clear understanding. The Russian lines were at Kulien Cheng (or Turenchen), opposite Wiju and Antung, both on the Feng Wang Cheng road. A mile north of Kulien Cheng lies the village of Potietinsky, near a tributary of the Litzavena, five miles up which is Chin Gow. On the opposite bank of the tributary is the village of Litzavena. Opposite Potietinsky stands Housan, with a dominating height. Still higher, on the right of the Yalu, is the village of Ambikhe, at the confluence of the Aipike. The whole course of the Yalu, between Ambikhe and Antung, is divided by islands, the largest, Somalimda, facing Kulien Cheng. Another lies between Housan and Sindiagow. The Japanese forces, the staff believes, approximated 100,000 men, of which four divisions, thirteen battalions and fifty-six guns were in action. They prepared for crossing the river by posting all their available guns, of which the Russians say the Japanese had five times more than they along the line facing Kulien Cheng and Antung, and also landed from their warships 4.7 guns. This array of artillery eventually made Kulien Cheng untenable. Under cover of powerful batteries north of Sindiagow the Japanese crossed to Housan, occupying the height. As the latter position would have enabled them to direct a raking fire against the Russians at Kulien Cheng, Gen. Sassulitch ordered it to be taken Friday.

This was done, but on Saturday the Japanese, under cover of a battery, reoccupied it, the defenders falling back across the Litzavena and continuing the fight with the Japanese, who were attempting to flank them from Chin Gow. The Russian force at Antung and Kulien Chong had meanwhile retreated to its second line, a few miles westward. The whole Russian force engaged Sunday formed a semicircle, the horns of which were being gradually drawn in preparatory to retiring to a position further west. This was the situation when the last Russian official reports were sent.

A member of the staff informed the correspondent of the Associated Press that this issue ultimately turned probably upon whether the order to withdraw was given at the proper time. A slight delay at a critical moment might have enabled the enemy's vastly superior artillery to concentrate on the Russian guns, killing horses and gunners and compelling the abandonment of the guns. But, if so, the Russian plans will not be changed by accidental losses. Gen. Sassulitch would continue his retreat, contesting stubbornly a possible advance along the Feng Wang Cheng road, which runs through a hilly country, crowned with heights and exactly suited to Russian tactics.

RUSSIAN GUNS

Put Out of Action Before River Was Crossed.

Seoul, May 3.—In the fighting between the Japanese and Russians on the Yalu, all the Russian guns posted to oppose the crossing of the river were put out of action before the actual crossing took place. For two hours, from 7 until 9 o'clock, continuous fighting went on, the Japanese steadily pressing forward and the Russians falling back before the weight of men and guns opposed to them. The Japanese infantry, with a brilliant dash, captured the fortified heights northwest of Kiulien Cheng, and the pressure was kept up until after noon, a portion of the Russian forces being driven toward Antung. There was furious fighting the entire distance.

At Antung the Russians found that in addition to the force confronting them they were threatened by strong detachments on either flank. Their retreat then became so hurried that there was no time to replace the artillery horses shot down by the Japanese sharpshooters, and twenty guns, together with a large quantity of ammunition and rifles and a number of officers and men, were captured. The Russians were able to carry off all their wounded.

OMINOUS FOREBODINGS.

Russians Alarmed at Silence of St. Petersburg Authorities.

St. Petersburg, May 3.—The silence of the authorities here regarding the later details of the fighting on the Yalu river is interpreted ominously and there is a consequent prevalence of all sorts of irresponsible rumors regarding the magnitude or the Russian losses, some figures going as high as 3000. These manifestly are gross exaggerations.

The absence of official information is explained by the general staff by the fact that a few Japanese have succeeded in getting in th rear of the Russian position and cutting the wires between Tai San Cheng and Feng Wang Cheng.

Heavy losses are admitted, but they are not believed to exceed a few hundred and some guns. The latter, while protecting the retreat of the Russian forces from Antung to Kiu Lien Cheng, had to be abandoned owing to the loss of the horses. The breech-locks, however, were carried away, so the guns will be of no service to the enemy.

According to the latest information Gen. Zassalitch is retiring in good order along the main road and the Japanese are not following him. Details are expected as soon as Gen. Zassalitch is again in communication.

There is no confirmation of the reports that Gen. Zassalitch or Gen. Kashtalinsky is wounded.

In the meantime, the public remains in the dark and is the prey of idle rumors. The war bulletin boards are bare and not a single press dispatch has come through from the front. The figures of the Russian losses given from Japanese sources in the dispatches from abroad are carefully eliminated by the censors. Until Gen. Zassalitch's official advices arrives the general staff is inclined to believe that Zassalitch, who was under orders to withdraw after impeding the progress of the enemy as much as possible, allowed the fight to mature beyond his intentions, being compelled to sustain heavy losses along the Litzavena river in order to extricate the retreating columns from Antung and Kiu Lien Cheng.

The fighting at Chin-Gow was exceedingly severe and stubborn. The Japanese took up a position on both flanks after Chin Gow had been shelled and came to close quarters, some desperate hand to hand work being reported, many of the Russian soldiers, in the fever of combat, refusing to retire at the command of their officers.

According to the general staff, only about 9000 Russians were actually engaged at Kiu Lien Cheng and along the Litzavena were two regiments of Siberian riflemen, of 3000 each.

Gen. Mistchenko, commander of the eastern Cossack brigade, had 1500 Cossacks protecting the Russian right flank lower down the Yalu, and also a brigade of artillery, four batteries of eight guns each. Gen. Kartsoff, with 1500 Cossacks, was higher up the Yalu, guarding the road at Pusikhe, which leads direct to Mukden, in order to prevent a column of the enemy using this for the purpose of outflanking the position at Feng Wang Cheng.

RUSSIANS PANIC STRICKEN.

Seoul, Korea, May 3.—The Russian troops fled panic stricken when routed at Chiu-Tien-Cheng, pursued by the Japanese cavalry and infantry over the hill country toward Feng Wang Cheng from 1:50 p. m. until 8 at night. The Rusian army engaged was composed of the Third division, the Twenty-second and Twenty-fourth regiments of the Sixth division and Gen. Mishchenko's cavalry brigade, supported by forty field and eight machine guns. The wounded, including General-in-Chief Zassalitch and Gen. Kashtalinsky, reached Antung, whence the Russians were eventually forced to retire after twenty-five minutes' fierce fighting.

HEAVY VOTE CAST IN ST. PAUL ELECTION

Spirited Contest For Municipal Officers---Both Sides Confident.

St. Paul, May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—A municipal election is in progress in St. Paul today after a spirited campaign between the Republicans and Democrats, which resulted in the death of Col. Andrew R. Keifer, the Republocan candidate for comptroller, from heart failure, Sunday afternoon. This vacancy on the ticket as been filled by the substitution of William Gerber, and will, it is said, handicap the Republican ticket somewhat.

The Democrats declare that present Mayor Robert A. Smith will win by a plurality of $3000, while the Republicans claim that Frederick P. Wright, their candidate for mayor, will win by 1000 plurality. The polls will close at 7 p. m.

The first few hours passed off without any fighting, though there were wordy passages in the Third and Fourth wards, where the Republicans chalenged quite a number of voters. Some of the chalenged votes were allowed to be cast, as the election boards were in all cases provided with a Democratic majority.

Comparatively only a small portion of the suspected voters appeared at the polls, however. Owing to the fine weather the vote was cast heavily at an early hour, particularly in the First and Seventh wards. In some precincts of the Seventh ward 100 votes had been cast by 8 o'clock.

The down town poling places were each provided with one or more city detectives, as well as police, and it was charged that they were working for the Democratic candidates.

The outlook was for a heavy vote—more than 90 per cent of the total registration.

MURDER AND SUICIDE IN NEW YORK CITY.

New York, May 3.—Attracted by a man's cries for help in a flat building in West Fortieth street today found Mrs. Mary Emma Kaufmann dead in bed in her room and Adolph Koenig, lying by her side with a knife wound in his abdomen. The police believe the case one of murder and attempted suicide. The Kauffman woman was cast off by her husband about two month's ago because of her infatuation for Koenig.

RESULTS DISAPPOINTING.

Fall River, Mass., May 3.—Reports from many of the corporations which have been closing their cotton mills two days each week indicate that the curtailment of the past month has been largely disappointing in its results. Some of the manufacturers favor a complete shut-down of all the mills here unless relief is shortly forthcoming from purchasers. The operatives are showing symptoms of uneasiness. A shut-down will not be ordered, however, until the present plan has been tried out further.

SUBMARINE BOAT SAILS AWAY.

Newport, R. I., May 3.—The submarine torpedo boat Protector, which was inspected yesterday by two Japanese naval officers, sailed from this port today. Those in charge would not state her destination, but it is believed she is bound for Bridgeport, Conn., the headquarters of her owners, the Lake Torpedo Boat company. Nothing further could be ascertained today as to whether the boat had been sold.

STOCK YARDS RESUME.

Indianapolis, May 3.—The Union stock yards resumed business today after the fire of last night. The inter-state yards are being used. The loss is estimated today at $175,000, fully insured.

FIVE THOUSAND MEN OUT ON THE SANTA FE

Union Men Say Twenty-One Shops and Round Houses Are Affected.

Washington, May 3.—Approximately 5000 men are out on the Santa Fe system is the strike situation today, as claimed by President O'Connell, of the International Association of Machinists. This statement is based on reports received this morning. Of the 5000 about 1200 are machinists and the others are boilermakers, blacksmiths, tinsmiths, coppersmiths, helpers and the semi-skilled labor of allied metal mechanics. The reports say that twenty-one shops and roundhouses are affected, all shops west of La Junta, Col., to the Pacific coast, being completely tied up. The situation east of La Junta to the Chicago terminal is not so serious, it is said, but all machinists in that section are reported to be out and the allied interests in some of the shops as well. Telegrams from John McNeil, of Kansas City, president of the boilermakers and iron shipbuilders, and John Slocum, say that they are in entire accord with the machinists and have given instructions for co-operation.

Topeka, May 3.—A majority of the local shopmen of the Atchison, Topeka & Sante Fe resumed their old places quietly today, all of the workmen, except 200 union machinists, going to work. General Manager Mudge says there will be no trouble in securing the necessary men to run the shops at Topeka and other points on the system. Union officials say the strike has not been declared off and will not be until the road agrees to the proposition of the men.

Boston, May 3.—In consequence of the action of a large number of the smaller bakers in signing the new working schedule from 300 to 400 bakers of the 1600 who struck in this city yesterday, returned to their places today.

Chicago, May 3.—Thirty-five thousand loaves of bread were received in Chicago today from Pittsburg to relieve the famine threatened by the strike of the bakers. Milwaukee and St. Louis bakers were appealed to for a portion of the cities' requirements, but refused to respond, fearing that a sympathetic strike in their own establishments might follow.

COURT'S DECISION FAVORS BANK

Chicago, May 3.—The suit brought by the trustees of the George H. Philips company to recover from the bank of Montreal $200,000, which the members of the firm had deposited shortly before the collapse of the corn corner in 1902, came to an abrupt ending in the United States circuit court today. Judge Seaman took the case from the jury and announced a decision in favor of the bank. The court held that the bank is not in the same class as other creditors of a bankrupt. Judge Seaman's decision practically means that the small creditors of the Philips company will receive but a slight percentage on claims, while the banking institution comes out almost entirely whole.

It's Oxford Time.

There's a whole summer's comfort ahead for the man or woman who buys oxfords now. Furthermore, they're the stylish caper. More oxfords will be worn this season than ever before. No matter what the price—no matter what the style, we're ready for you with the largest, finest and swellest stock of men's and women's oxfords in Duluth. Plenty of styles at every price to select from.

$1.50 to $7.00.

M. S. BURROWS.

You never feel a Hanan Shoe because it fits the foot perfectly. You never feel the Hanan price because the shoe is worth it. We alone sell this perfect footwear in Duluth.

LADIES' SWEATERS!

Norfolk Style.

Something new and practical for boating, golfing and general outdoor wear—colors white, scarlet and Oxford gray—price—

$4 and $5

Men's Waistcoats—

Exclusive new patterns in Men's double and single-breasted Waist Coats—beautifully tailored—and reasonable in price—

$1.50 to $6.00

See them in our West window.

M.S. Burrows

Belfast Mesh

LINEN, the only absolutely durable, "guaranteed-to-wear" underwear on the market.

With the appearance of *Belfast Mesh* Linen the last objection to linen mesh as an all-year-round fabric has disappeared.

Sold in Duluth only by

M. S. Burrows.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Florence Stone Stock company in "Camille."
METROPOLITAN—Kennedy Stock company in "Grit, the Newsboy."

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Saturday afternoon and evening, Stetson's "Uncle Tom's Cabin."
METROPOLITAN—Monday, Mrs. Fiske in "Mary of Magdala."

"CAMILLE."

Miss Florence Stone In the Famous French Drama.

CAST:

Armand Duval.....John Milton
Mons. Duval (his father).....
.....John L. Wooderson
Gaston Rieux.....Leslie Morosco
Count De Varville.....Richardson Cotton
Gustave .....Frank Tobin
Messenger .....Henry Hoyt
Madame Prudence Duverney.....
.....Miss Elizabeth Harcourt
Nanine .....Miss Blanch Alexander
Nichette.....Miss Crystal Benson
Olympe .....Miss Lelia Shaw
Camille Gauthier.....Miss Florence Stone

"Camille," which was played by Florence Stone and company last night at the Lyceum, to continue to and including Friday, is being revived in several places in the country this week. In New York there are said to be three performances of the play being produced, while in Cleveland there is one and Chicago is also getting a version of it. The role of the unfortunate consumptive girl is one which has been attempted by many great actresses, and while it is not a welcome play to many people, on account of the misery it gives life to, it affords breadth of conception for an emotional actress that would be hard to surpass, so that Miss Stone in the title role is well suited, at least in that particular.

There was a good audience at the Lyceum last night and one which demonstrated its approval of the style of presentation throughout the five long acts, which kept the audience seated till midnight. It was a testimonial of the worth of the acting that scarcely anyone left the house, but probably it would not be bad policy for the management to cut out some of the long waits between acts and the lingering scenes to bring the time limit nearer convention. With the opening night, new scenery, a difficult role and new costumes to be worn, probably all went as well as could be expected.

There is no getting away from the magnificence of Miss Stone's wardrobe in this play, at least in the ball scene, for the dress she wore caught the popular fancy the instant she appeared and was the cause of a thunder of applause. Just how to describe it is a difficult question, butu suffice it to say that Miss Stone is proud of it and wore it for the first time in any part.

Miss Stone's strongest moments seemed to be those where she was making the sacrifice of her love for Duval to please his father, and here she gave play to all the tenderness and pathos that could well be imagined. It seems a very natural thing for her to change from tears to laughter, from hysteria to calm, and in this part she has plenty of opening for all her emotional power. It will be interesting to note how she is able to maintain the same exacting standard through the six performances.

The part of Duval, taken by John Milten, revealed this actor in better work than last week and he gave adequate strength to the role. The denunciation of Camille after the ball was a strong piece of acting.

Richardson Cotton as De Varville was villainous enough to suit the most fastidious and gave the role an easy, matter-of-fact manner. The Madame Prudence of Miss Harcourt was a character part well done and well received. Leading the comedy with Mr. Morosco's Rieux. Miss Benson's Nichette was an opportunity for her to burlesque the lawyers to the evident amusement of the audience, while Miss Shaw's Olympe was beautiful and statuesque, though requiring little acting.

The entire cast was apt and efficient. In fact, it is very doubtful if any performance can be much better given than this by the company. There is enough comedy thrown in the supper scene at Camille's home and in other scenes to relieve the tension of sentiment occasionally, and the dramatic climaxes are never lacking in power. Miss Stone's cough of the consumptive is very distressing, also, and it does not seem that the last act, the lingering death of Camille, might be reduced both from the desire of the witness to see less of it as well as to catch the last car.

The scenery is well put on especially in the first and second acts, which have a rich setting. The lights last night seemed out of control, though, and marred some of the quieter reflections of the star in the second act, and the curtain was rung down on the first act before she finished her speech. But no doubt these things will be remedied.

GRIT, THE NEWSBOY."

"Grit, the Newsboy," which was played at the Metropolitan last night is a pleasing story of newsboy life, and is very prettily staged. The first act is almost like a breath from the Battery and the rural old Dutch home of Grit's mother is not overdrawn. Lewis Stone is rapidly becoming a great favorite with Metropolitan patrons. He is young and good looking, which is a great help and he is a good reader and possesses versatility. As Grit, he did the best work which he has yet done here. John Kenely had a role after his own heart, as Col. Worry, and Earle and Bannister sustained the reputation which they have already acquired for clever work. Miss Greenwood is a pretty girl and is very charming on the stage.

The specialties were excellent. The two Flamme sisters are very clever dancers, and their turn is both skilful and entertaining. The illustrated songs this week are unusually melodious.

"UNCLE TOM'S CABIN."

Leon W. Washburn, with Stetson's "Uncle Tom's Cabin" company, will be at the Lyceum Saturday afternoon and evening, when the patrons of that popular house will see this time-honored play in all its superior attractiveness. "Uncle Tom," the hero of this purposeful story, is portrayed by Fred Bennett. Stetson's original "Uncle Tom," probably the best known impersonator of this celebrated character in the world. There will be two Topsies and two Marks in the great double cast.

MRS. FISKE.

Mrs. Fiske, who will appear at the Metropolitan next Monday evening in the great play "Mary of Magdala," is by the most eminent critics of the American stage conceded to be the most artistic actress America possesses. The memory of her Becky Sharp and Tess will linger with Duluth theater-goers as among the finest things they have ever seen and after this visit her conception of the part of the Magdalene will doubtless be as vividly associated with her memory as are the others.

RAILROADS GIVE THREE DOLLAR RATE

Make Figure From Twin Cities to Duluth For Conventions.

Will Be Valuable Aid In Getting Republican Convention Here.

Interested lines have at last agreed to make a rate of $3 per capita for passengers from St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater, to Duluth, for either the Democratic or Republican conventions, less than 1 cent per mile, which was about the lowest rate that was expected. This will be a strong factor in attracting the Republican convention to this city.

This is quite a victory for the local committee of the Commercial club, consisting of F. A. Patrick, Bert Fesler and Mille Bunnell, who were appointed by the Commercial club to take up the matter. It will be remembered that originally the club met with no success in its efforts to get a rate lower than the lowest convention rate authorized by the rules of the Western Passenger association, which rate is one fare for the round trip, plus 50 cents per person. The passenger agents of the interested lines were seen and were firm in their stand not to make a lower rate.

It was the tacit understanding of the Democrats of the state that a better rate would be made them to Duluth than this one fare and 50-cent rate if they would come to Duluth with the state convention June 22. While the promise did not come from the railroads in this respect, it was believed that the matter could be arranged, and when it failed, the Democrats who were in charge of the arrangements were in an embarrassing position. This relieves them of that difficulty.

Just who the railroad man was who acted as the official wedge to separate the railroads from the traffic association rules fo rthis occasion is not known, but it was some executive official whose recommendations were worth a good deal. The passenuger agents had no power to give a rate lower than that authorized by the Western Passenger asociation, and when the Commercial club committee reported a couple of weeks ago through Mr. Patrick, President McGonagle, of the club, who is also vice president of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad, told them that this was the case.

"You have gotten from the passenger agents all that is in their power to give," said he. "The rules of the association are something they have no right to go behind, any more than one of your clerks has the power to direct your business. You must see an executive official. You want a special privilege and you can't do business with a clerk. You've got to go to the 'old man.'"

Mr. McGonagle's advice was the right sort.

They hunted up the "old man."

Just where they found him is not known, but it is known that Mr. Patrick stated at the time that the committee would endeavor to carry the matter farther, and he has made good his statement, and the result has been attained.

The committee has received the following message from C. E. Stone, assistant general passenger agent of the Great Northern:

"In accordance with the request of the Duluth Commercial club, I beg leave to advise you that the interested lines have agreed on a per capita rate of $2 from St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater to Duluth and return on the occasion of either the Democratic or Republican state conventions, or both. Tickets will be issued optional for use upon any of the lines. Notice of the agreed date of sale of tickets will be given when fixed."

So it is apparent that the "old man" was in a good humor when he was reached, and was willing to listen to a request that had the backing of not only both political parties, but all the leading business and professional interests of the Zenith City. So the "old man" of each of the interested lines was ultimately agreeable, and the roads came to an agreement to give just what was asked, with the result as above stated. The dates for the sale of tickets to the Democratic convention are expected to be given at the same time as those to the Republican convention, if the latter should meet here. It will not be known about the Republican convention until the state central committee decides the matter at its next meeting, tomorrow, at St. Paul.

There will be no special trains to the conventions but the fact that the tickets are optional is a distinct advantage, as it is possible by this arrangement for the delegates and their friends to travel over any road they choose. This makes available for them a train service between the Twin Cities and Duluth of seven trains per day each way.

One of the strong points in favor of bringing the Republican convention to this city under the circumstances is that the flat $3 rate agreed on will, it is expected, just about average the fares from the points in the remote parts of the state to this city to what they would be to St. Paul or Minneapolis.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Devil's Lake Farmer Drinks Formaldehyde By Mistake—May Die.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Devils Lake—Robert McGeogh, a prosperous and well-known farmer living four miles north of the city, accidentally drank a quantity of formaldehyde for water and his life is in danger. He was brought to the city and physicians are using every effort to save him. The deadly liquid was in a jug which until recently had been used to hold drinking water.

Fargo—Mrs. Bessie Aleen Cox, secretary of the North Dakota sanatorium, in this city, has been held to the district court. She was arrested some time ago because of her refusal to permit stockholders to examine the books. She mereacted on the advice of her husband, the manager. There is a row between the stockholders, and the manager alleges that the effort to examine the books is for the purpose of endeavoring to pick faults with the concern with a view to securing the appointment of a receiver.

Charles J. Johnson has presented a claim of $3000 against the city for damages for a fractured arm. He asserts that while walking along the street he was tripped and thrown by a guy wire across the sidewalk.

Grand Forks—It is expected that the third trial of William Barry, charged with the murder of Andrew Mellem, will be taken up at Grafton on May 28, before Judge Cowan, who granted a change of venue from Cavalier to Walsh county on application of the state. Joseph Cleary, of Langdon, will defend Barry, and State's Attorney Price, Cavalier county, and State's attorney Sinkler, Walsh county, will conduct the prosecution.

Arrangements have been completed to give the three great concerts during the seventh biennial musical festival of the Northwestern Scandinavian Singers' association, July 7, 8 and 9, at the exhibition building at the fair grounds. The structure will have a capacity of 2500.

The promoters of the new motor line to run from the city to the university have decided to incorporate with a capital stock of $15,000 under the name of the Grand Forks Transit company. Work will begin early next week.

Forman—District court meets here May 17. There are several criminal cases, but owing to the late seeding season, no petit or grand juries will be called. The criminal cases will be held over until the fall term.

The following will visit the World's fair: Register of Deeds and Mrs. Taylor, County Superintendent and Mrs. Simpson, and Banker and Mrs. F. W. Vail.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Evarts—August Selbretch was arrested and taken to Sioux Falls. He was postmaster about ten years at Le Beau, S. D., and is a defaulter to the amount of $400. His bondsmen, N. H. King and Dr. Gunderman, of Selby, will have to stand good for the amount. Selbretch was in the habit of paying his bills with postage stamps until he could not order any more stamps, when he would buy a few dollars' worth of local offices to keep his offices supplied. As he used very few stamps he was able to keep things running for some time.

The Cheyenne Indians have leased the remaining east half of the reservation to cattlemen, who will put on stock this spring. The minimum price was 3½ cents an acre. They now have about 1,500,000 acres of their land leased, which brings them an income of $60,000 a year.

Principal Hall, of the Standing Rock Indian school is making the school self-supporting. He has a section of land which he is irrigating, and another section he uses for pasture. The Indian lads are learning practical farming, and appear to be enthusiastic in the work.

Capt. Howland, of Huron, inspected Troop A. A reception was held for him at the Armory in the evening.

Yankton—In the first annual intercollegiate debate between Huron and Yankton colleges, Huron won in a splendid defense of the fifteenth amendment to the constitution. Her debaters were Messrs. Dobson and Croffman. H. H. Warren and R. C. Frisbie represented the negative for Yankton.

Lead—Hugh Sullivan, who was elected successor a year ago, contends that the election was for two years and will likely contest for the office with H. P. Lorey. Soho was chosen at the recent city election.

Sioux Falls—Judge Carland has denied the application of the Standard Oil company for an injunction against Emil Brauch, state oil inspector, to restrain the inspector from putting into effect the provisions of a law enacted by the last legislature establishing a gravity and residue test of kerosene oil sold in the state.

A petition has been filed in the United States court by Sherman & Baratager and Jewett Bros. & Jewett, of Sioux Falls, and Lorenz Maschauer, of Milwaukee, asking that Anton Thompson and Henry S. Juve, farm machinery and general merchandise dealers at Baltic, be declared involuntary bankrupts.

T. B. Lawrence, 17 years of age, who says he has resided at Sioux City, Yankton and Canton, has been arrested on the charge of altering a $1 bill to represent a $10 bill.

JAP BONDS UP; RUSSIANS' DOWN.

London, May 3.—Japanese bonds were marked up ¼ on the stock exchange today on the Japanese successes, while Russians were ¾ down.

NO PAIN!

$8 $8

DR. FERGUSSON'S

New System Painless Dentistry.

No Fear of Misfitting Plates.

PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.
PERFECT SATISFACTION WHEN WE DO YOUR WORK.
DON'T MAKE ANY CONTRACT TILL YOU SEE DR. FERGUSSON.

Full Set Best Teeth	$8.00
Teeth without Plates	$5.00
Crowns—guaranteed 22k	$5.00
Gold Fillings, up	$1.50
Gold Alloy	.75
Painless Extracting	.50
Extracting	FREE
Examination	FREE

DR. FERGUSSON,

Over Gidding's Style Store.
First Avenue West and Superior St., DULUTH.

WEST DULUTH

The Alger-Smith mill commenced operations this noon. There were a few finishing touches yet to be made about the plant last night, so it was thought best not to start work this morning. A day shift of 200 men will at first be employed.

The Merrill & Ring mill will start in on the season's cut tomorrow with a day crew of 175 men employed.

The Alger-Smith plant is the first local mill to commence operations this year. The season is about one month later than last year, but there are not so many logs to be cut. There will be plenty to keep the mill running throughout the full season, however, as will also be the case with the Merrill & Ring mill.

It has not yet been announced what day the Le Sure mill will commence operations, but it is thought it will start within the next ten days.

Most of the men employed in the mills which start this wek are the same as last year. Especially is this true of the departments where skilled labor is required.

FALL INTO THE BAY.

Logging Cars and Caboose Drop Into Water.

Eight loaded logging cars and a caboose were precipitated into the bay in the vicinity of the Alger-Smith mill, West Duluth, this morning, by the giving way of 100 feet of the trestle, which is sixteen feet high at this point. No one was injured, and the cars were not badly damaged.

The trestle is one from which the trains have been unloaded through the winter. The timbers supporting the structure have become weakened, and when the ice went out a few days ago, letting the logs banked against the trestle slide into the bay, the weakened timbers could not alone sustain the weight of the heavy loaded trains, with the result that the rear end this morning fell through the trestle. The caboose stands upright in the shallow water, but the cars are lying on their sides. It will be an awkward job unloading them and getting them back onto the track again.

HAVE NEW LAUNCH.

Three West Duluth men, Emil J. Zauft, C. C. Fancett and F. E. Moseman, have been using their spare time during the winter months in the construction of a gasoline launch, to be used for their own pleasure on the waters of the bay.

The little craft, when it takes its initial plunge into the St. Louis river next week, will be christened the Utopia. The Utopia is a staunch boat, solidly made of oak, and with a seating capacity of twenty-five people. It has a double hull, with canvas in between, the whole thoroughly bolted. It will be run by means of a seven-horse power gasoline engine, and has a gasoline tank, capable of holding twenty-five gallons in the prow. The tank is connected to the engine by pipes. The finishings are all of polished oak, giving a very neat appearance.

NOTICE!

Merrill & Ring's sawmill will start up for business Wednesday morning. All old hands are requested to report.

C. R. LITTLE,
Superintendent.

McGRAW-EISCHEN.

The marriage of Miss Margaret McGraw and Henry C. Eischen occurred this morning at 9 o'clock at the St. James Catholic church, Rev. John Feehely officiating. The church was prettily decorated for the occasion. A large number of friends were present, and after the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. J. W. Boardwell, 515 Fifty-ninth avenue west. Mr. and Mrs. Eischen will reside in Duluth.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Supt. R. E. Denfield of the Duluth public schools will deliver an address tonight in the assembly hall of the Irving school, on the subject of "Educational Work in the Schools."

The work of removing the West Duluth branch library from over Spencer's drug store to the room in the rear of the Western State bank building was completed yesterday.

J. Thompson left this morning for Ada, Minn., where he will be employed during the summer months.

Mrs. Derrige of Fifty-first avenue west is seriously ill at her home.

The funeral of Miss Mary Yandel, who died Sunday night, will be held Thursday morning from the St. James' Catholic church. Interment will be at Calvary cemetery. The Lady Foresters will have charge of the services.

The remains of Mrs. Marcia P. Huntoon, who died at the age of 89 years, April 25, will be shipped to Gerard, Kansas, for interment.

The Lady Maccabees gave a very successful social last evening at Gilley's hall.

There was a surprise party last night on the Misses Campbell, at their home, corner Fifty-seventh avenue west and Bristol street. The affair was a most enjoyable one.

A special meeting of the ladies aid society of Asbury M. E. church will be held at the home of Mrs. Abbott, tomorrow afternoon.

Paints and oils at Nygren's.

Amateur theatrical entertainments are becoming quite popular in West Duluth. On the evening of May13, the West Duluth Social club will produce the play, "Not Such a Fool as He Looks," at the Great Eastern hall.

Robert Cochrane has returned from a trip to Indian Territory, where, with William Spencer, also of West Duluth, he is interested in lands. Mr. Cochrane has encouraging reports to make as to the condition of the holding of Duluthians in that portion of the Southwest.

White Pine Lung Balsam will cure that cough. At Nygren's.

At the meeting of the council last night an extension of the water and gas mains from Grand avenue to Oneota street and out on Oneota was ordered. The extension will be about eight blocks in length and is one which people in that district have been trying to get for some time past.

For wall paper, go to Nygren's.

The West Duluth baseball team is trying to get a game with the Duluth Northern leagu eaggregation. The West Duluth team claims the amateur championship of the city, and members believe they could make it interesting for the big fellows. The latter are this week to play Hibbing, which was defeated three times last summer by West Duluth, when the local team was inferior to what it is now, it is claimed.

E. W. Jones has returned to Cloquet, after a brief visit with friends in West Duluth.

Be sure and take in the Delta.

All Lady Maccabees, West Duluth Hive No. 73, are requested to be present at the next meeting, Thursday night, as there is important business.

Patterson, undertaker, 'Phone 3070.

A Face to Face Talk

These Two Women Have Been Cured of Catarrhal Diseases by Using Peruna.

They Are Telling Each Other About It.

What they are saying May Interest You.

Don't Miss a Word

First, we will introduce the ladies. The one on the left is Miss Evelyn Morse, of Minneapolis, Minn. She resides at 651 Adams street.

The one on the right is Miss Mary Gray, of Ontario, Can. She resides at Walkerville.

MISS EVELYN MORSE.

MISS MARY GRAY.

Miss Morse is saying: **"I suffered nearly three years with catarrh of the stomach, which no medicine seemed to relieve until a friend advised me to try Peruna.**

"Although skeptical, I tried it, and found it helped me within the first week.

I kept on taking it for three months, and am pleased to say **that it cured me entirely, and I have had no symptoms of its return.**

"I am only too glad to recommend it as a wonderful medicine, doing all and more than is claimed for it."

Miss Gray is also a friend of Peruna. She thinks the case of Miss Morse a remarkable one, and in some respects it compares with her own experience.

She relates her story, as follows: **"Pen and ink never can tell of the good Peruna did for me, after suffering from congestive catarrhal troubles in my stomach and bowels.**

"I realized the cause had to be removed, and as I had Peruna recommended to me by a friend who had used it, I concluded to try it.

"I found it to fill all the requirements of my case, for a few bottles restored me to good health."

The women all over the United States are saying the same thing about Peruna. Not one of the vast multitude of women who have been cured by the use of Peruna ever tire of reciting its virtues or sounding its praises.

It is friend to friend conversation that advertises Peruna. All the advertising ever devised would never have brought Peruna to its present popularity.

People are cured by Peruna of some chronic ailment that doctors and nostrums have failed to cure. Naturally enough, they talk of the cure. They continue to talk. They never leave off talking until all their friends have tried the remedy.

This explains the rise and phenomenal popularity of the greatest catarrh remedy ever devised by the medical profession.

Dr. Hartman, the inventor and original compounder of Peruna, gives free confidential advice to all users of Peruna.

Address S. B. Hartman, M. D., President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

MEMORY IS REVERED

Swedish Lutherans Honor Noted Men of Their Church.

A "founders' day" celebration was held Sunday at the Bethany Swedish Lutheran church, at which the memories of T. N. Hasselquist and Rev. J. Swenson were revered. They were pioneers, not only in the work of the church, but among the Swedes of the country at large.

Rev. Hasselquist was the founder of the first Swedish newspaper in America, known as Hemlandet, and published Jan. 3, 1855, at Galesburg, Ill. He also founded the first Swedish religious newspaper, which was called Det Ratta Hemlandet, and was issued first on July 11, 1856. He was born March 2, 1816, in Southern Sweden, and graduated from the University at Lund, in 1834. He was ordained in 1839, and served twelve years as a pastor in Sweden, and then came to America, locating at Galesburg, Ill., in 1852. He served there until 1863. He was president of the Augustana synod from 1860 to 1870, and was president and professor at Augustana college and theological seminary at Rock Island, Ill., from 1875 to 1891. In 1880 the degree of doctor of divinity was conferred upon him by Muhlenberg college, in Pennsylvania. He was the author of a number of works, probably the most widely known being a commentary on Paul's Epistles to the Ephesians. He died Feb. 4, 1891.

The Augustana synod is a monument to Rev. Hasselquist. It has today more than 500 clergymen, four large orphan homes, several hospitals, six colleges, of which the Rock Island college is the oldest, and its church and school property is valued at $6,000,000. All of this has been built up since 1860.

JAIL DELIVERY.

Two Prisoners Escape From Owatonna Jail.

Owatonna, Minn., May 3.—A sensational jail delivery was effected here Sunday evening, and two important prisoners are now at large. Those are Alexander Stewart, one of the boxcar murderers, and a man named Smith, under arrest for burglary. The latter had just finished a five-year sentence in the Iowa state prison at Annamossa, from which he at one time escaped, coming to this city, where he entered a store and stole several articles. At that time he was returned to the Iowa authorities, and was only recently brought back here to stand trial on the local charge. There is a window at one end of the corridor, and it was through this that the prisoners escaped. This window is locked by means of two large padlocks, and it is supposed that Smith, who is an expert at such work, forced the locks and, prying apart the bars, made good his escape together with his youthful criminal companion, Lewis, the self-confessed murderer, is in a separate cell, which is stoutly barred, and this alone probably prevented his escape also. It is supposed that the two fugitives went south on a freight train, and the authorities in all the surrounding towns have been notified.

STENOGRAPHERS DOOMED.

Machine Which Inventor Claims Will Displace Them.

Mankota, Minn., May 3.—Menlo Park has its wizard, France its Santos Dumont, Italy its Marconi, but Mankato is fated to be the birthplace of the greatest brain and labor-saving invention of the age. A gentleman who makes this city his temporary quarters is now about to secure letters-patent on the result of many years of laborious study and research, a result so stupendous and marvelous as to cause one to ask, what next? The inventors of the telegraph telephone and typewriter are now doomed to have their prestige overshadowed by this latest addition to the time and labor-saving machinery of the world. Briefly, the autographophone, for such is the name of this wonderful invention, will record the human voice and reproduce it in written form, so that the result may be read by anyone. When this machine is properly put on the market and its use once understood, the day for stenographers will have passed. Until such time as the invention has been properly protected by patents throughout the civilized world, it will, of course, be impossible to give any detailed or scientific description of the same. But this much may be stated, it is a machine for recording the voice by a mechanism not unlike that used in the phonograph or talking machine, to which is added what is known as a vibrotranitor. The latter is a device which magnifies the sound waves many times, and the increased vibration operates a printing mechanism. It will be the function of this great invention to receive dictation and reproduce the same in the form of letters or manuscript, as may be desired, without human intervention. In other words, you will simply talk, push the button, and the machine will do the rest, and, according to the speed at which it may be geared, you will find the result of your talk in cold print at the other end of the autogrpphophone, just as the modern printing press now delivers a complete forty-two page newspaper.

SUPERINTENDENT KILLED.

Cleveland, May 3.—Superintendent George Hall of theBessemer mills of the American Steel and Wire company here was instantly killed today by a rapidly moving crane in one of the mills.

See Page 2 Tomorrow Night for the news of an important clothing sale by the Eagle Clothing House, 321 West Superior Street.

Our Patent Corona Blucher Button Oxford, Lipton toe—a swell shoe for the young men—no seams up the front.

Low shoes will be very popular this summer.

$3.50 WORTH $5.00...

The Only Difference is the Price.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 SHOE STORE

316 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

HOLDS CONTRACT WAS INVALID

Barber Company Paved East Superior Street Under Illegal Contract.

Revolving Fund Replenished In a Manner Not Authorized.

The contract under which the Barber Asphalt company paved East Superior street, from Eighth to Sixteenth avenues east, last summer, was invalid.

Judge Dibell decides this in a ruling which he made today in a case brought by some of the owners asking that the city of Duluth be enjoined from paying the company the balance due it.

When it was desired to let the contract for paving the street there was not a sufficient sum of money in the revolving fund to cover the amount. The property owners were very anxious to have it done, and as the charter requires the full amount of the cost to be on hand when the contract is let, the council, by resolution, allowed some of the owners to pay in their assessments before they were due, and thus bring the fund up to the amount necessary. In this manner about $20,000 was paid in and the contract was thereby enabled to be let.

Judge Dibell finds that was an irregular and illegal proceeding, and that the council's resolution reads like an amendment to the charter.

He, however, denied the injunction petitioned for by the owners, who asked that the city of Duluth and the city officials be restrained from paying the Barber Asphalt Paving company the balance remaining unpaid on its contract for the asphalt pavement on Superior street, between Eighth and Sixteenth avenues east.

The court holds that the property owners concerned, owing to their delay in starting proceedings, after they had ample time to know that the city was about to, and did, enter into a contract with the paving company, their very slight financial interest and their perfect legal remedy against the enforcement of the assessments against their property, also the fact that during the pendency of the injunction action they have invoked a legal remedy through the city's appeal, should be denied the relief asked for in the petition for the restraining order.

The plaintiffs in this action were M. H. Stanford, Sarah B. Stearns, Emma E. Gridley, Eby G. Gridley and W. D. Bailey, as trustees and executors, or representing property in their own behalf and other taxpayers. The defendants were the city of Duluth, the city officers, the board of public works, the city council and the Barber Asphalt Paving company.

The property owners were represented by Victor Stearns, the city by former City Attorney Oscar Mitchell and the Barber Asphalt Paving company, by R. S. Powell and Davis & Hollister.

The decision in this action has no practical effect on the two appeal cases now pending, begun by the city attorney at the request of seven property owners.

The property owners represtend by Victor Stearns, are likely to take an appeal from the decision of the lower court, and the city which has endeavored to figure as a neutral factor in the fight between the property owners and the asphalt company, will probably withhold the payment of the $25,500 estimate on the work and the final estimate of $8189, until the supreme court decides whether the city officers can legally pay over the same without a responsibility falling on them of having to make good the amount.

In other cases now pending the property owners requested the city attorney to appeal in district court from the action of the council in ordering the payments and the mayor in approving them, also appealed from the making and confirmation of the assessments against their property for the East Superior street improvement.

Judge Dibell's memorandum is as follows:

An action cannot be maintained by a property owner to restrain the levy or collection of an assessment for local improvements when there is provided, as there is provided by the charter of the city of Duluth, an ample legal remedy to defend against and review the assessment. Kelly vs. City of Minneapolis, 57 Minn. 294; Albrecht vs. City of St. Paul, 47 Minn. 531; Fadjer vs. Village of Altkin, 92 N. W. R. 52.

"The case at bar, however, is not such a case. This action is brought by taxpayers to enjoin the carrying out of an alleged unauthorized and invalid contract for local improvements, a part of the payment for which must be made from a fund created by general taxation, and to restrain the application of the permanent improvement revolving fund to an authorized use.

"When the requisite number of property owners, as determined by section 358 of the charter, petition for a public improvement, which is one authorized to be made, the common council has jurisdiction to order the improvement to be made. City of Duluth vs. Dibblee, 62 Minn. 18; Hawkins vs. Horton, 97 N. W. R. 1053. Various sections of the charter regulate the procedure. When the common council orders a public improvement to be done by contract, as it did in this case, it is the duty of the board of public works, under section 373, to cause the work to be let and done by contract. Section 389, which refers to the call for proposals by the board, says: 'If the revolving improvement fund shall contain sufficient funds to pay the estimate cost of the proposed improvement in addition to all other improvements then under construction or contract, but not otherwise, the board of public works shall cause proposals for doing such work to be advertised for in the official paper of the city.

"Section 393, so far as here important, provides that neither the common council nor any officer of the city shall have power to obligate the city under any circumstances, to pay on account of such improvement any sum or sums in the aggregate in excess of the amount of the difference between the cash then in the permanent improvement revolving fund, together with such sum or sums as may be payable out of some other fund and made applicable by this charter toward the cost in part of such improvement, and the aggregate estimated cost of all other local improvements then under contract and construction. * * *

"The sum to be ascertained as provided in this section may be referred to conveniently as the available cash balance in the revolving fund.

"On July 15, 1902, when the board called for proposals under section 389, the available cash balance in the revolving fund was some $27,000 or $38,000, and the estimated cost of the improvement was $57,847.92. The calling for proposals at that time was unauthorized was at least an irregularity, and the existence of a sufficient available balance was possibly a condition precedent to the subsequent execution of a valid contract for the improvement.

"On July 25, 1902, the day set for the receiving of proposals, the Barber company submitted a bid of $54,750.

"On July 28, 1902, a number of property-owners owning property assessable for the improvement petitioned the common council for leave to pay into the revolving fund, as anticipated assessments, what their assessments would likely be, providing that the same should be returned to them if a contract for the improvement should not be let in ten days, the petition reciting the present insufficiency of the revolving fund to authorize the improvement by the asphalt company, and the lack of probability that the fund would be substantially increased during the then current year.

"The common council immediately resolved 'that whenever the amount of money in the permanent improvement revolving fund of said city, available for any public improvement that has been properly petitioned for, is not sufficient to cover the cost of such improvement, any one or more of the owners of property abutting on and assessable for such improvement may pay into said fund his or their share of the cost of such improvement, for the purpose of making said fund sufficient for the cost of said improvement; and the resolution also provided for the return of the anticipate assessments if a contract was not entered into within ten days, as prayed in the petition.

"Pursuant to this resolution several property owners paid to the city treasurer $14,625, and the Duluth-Superior Traction company likewise paid $2342, this sum being the additional expense of the improvement caused by the presence of the street railway track and for which it was liable under its charter, making a total of $17,561, which was credited to the revolving fund.

"On Aug. 11, 1902, the board of public works reported to the common council the award of the contract to the Barber Asphalt Paving company, and on the same day the contract was approved by the common council, and a contract bearing date of Aug. 15, 1902, was executed in pursuance thereof.

"That a contract without the requisite available cash balance in the revolving improvement fund is invalid is without question. The principle is decided in this state. Klichi v. Minneapolis Brush Electric Co. 58 Minn. 418. It is well settled, too, that those contracting with a municipality are bound to know at their peril the limitations set by constitution, statute or charter upon the power of the municipality and its officers to enter into a contract—all things which are conditions precedent to the right of the municipality to contract; and this doctrine is freely applied when the validity of the contract is assailed because of insufficiency of funds to authorize the work done or because the execution of the contract creates a debt beyond the prescribed statutory or constitutional limit.

"No one really contends that the revolving fund can be built up as the property owners and council sought to do. Section 284 of the charter provides the method of creating and maintaining it. The charter never intended that the revolving fund might be increased by anticipating assessments. Such a construction defeats the very purpose of the creation of such fund and the provisions of sections 388 and 393 relative thereto. The council resolution sounds like an amendment to the charter.

"If an injunction had been sought on or before Aug. 11, 1902, or immediately thereafter, a temporary injunction would have been granted almost as of course, and perhaps ex parte; but the plaintiffs did nothing for eight months and not until after one estimate had been made and paid and not until the work was well under way. No temporary injunction was asked. The city and the contractor were then put to the peril of stopping the contract at the risk of a suit by the other for damages for its breach, or proceeding therewith. Some of the plaintiffs wanted the street improved, but with tar macadam instead of with sheet asphalt. This was a matter of original dispute. More than two months before the trial the improvement was finished. The plaintiffs are guilty of great delay with full knowledge. They are entitled to no relief by injunction so far as their own assessments are concerned, for the charter gives them an ample remedy which is made exclusive and of which they have availed themselves. They are not concerned with the assessments levied upon others. They are only concerned with the sum to be paid by the city from a fund apart from the revolving fund and with such interest as they may have in preventing the execution of an invalid contract. Their money interest is practically nothing. Besides, while the action was pending, they availed themselves of the legal remedy permitted by section 80 of the charter, and the city is now defending against the claim of the asphalt people and is forbidden to pay its claim pending the litigation.

"Something was said in the briefs as to the right of the asphalt company to recover the reasonable value of the work done as upon an implied contract. This question does not seem to me to be here involved. In any event if an express contract of a municipality is void for want of power, and a recovery can be had through the fiction of an implied contract, all limitations by constitution, statute or charter upon the power of a municipality to contract are fardeal; and the authorities seem to be against a recovery in such cases.

"Counsel for the Barber company claim that they are at least entitled to recover the amount of the available cash balance in the revolving fund on August 11, 1902, some $37,000 or $38,000. Whether this be so can probably be determined in the legal action now pending upon the city's appeal. If section 393 of the charter is to be construed as various constitutional and statutory provisions relative to contracts in in excess of a prescribed debt limit have been construed, and section 389 of the charter does not render the contract invalid, perhaps such a limited recovery can be sustained. The case of McGillivray v. Joint School district, 112 Wis., 354, and cases cited therein, illustrate the construction mentioned; and a like principle seems to have been approved in this state. Schmitz v. Zeh, 97 N. W. R. 1008. The question is largely as to the construction of sections 393 and 389.

"It is an evidence that assessments upon this improvement to the amount of $43,735.17 have been paid into the city to the credit of the revolvin fund. Whether this gives the asphalt company any additional right of recovery can be determined upon the pending appeal or in some other form of action.

"Considering the delay of the plaintiffs, their very slight financial interest, their perfect legal remedy against the enforcement of the assessments against their property, and the fact that during the pendency of the action they have invoked a legal remedy through the city's appeal which will apparently protect their rights fully, I am brought, with some hesitation, to the conclusion that equitable relief should be denied them, notwithstanding the invalidity of the contract involved."

After the Ball Is Over

Or when fatigued from over-exertion or mental anxiety, there is nothing like a glass of our pure, sparkling and invigorating MOOSE BRAND BEER for restoring the energies and giving you new life and vigor. For weak and debilitated women it acts like a charm. No one should be without a case of our pure MOOSE BRAND BEER in the house.

Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.
Either Phone No. 241.

LIFE SAVER RECOGNIZED

By King Oscar of Sweden and Norway For Bravery.

New York, May 3.—Saved 386 lives in thirty-six years. Such is the record of Capt. Hans Didrik Doxrud, of the American steamship Kroonland of the Red Star line. It is a record probably not surpassed by any other mariner or landsman.

In appreciation of his services to humanity King Oscar II of Sweden and Norway has conferred upon Capt. Doxrud the order of St. Olaf. Christopher Ravn, the consul for Sweden and Norway, notified Capt. Doxrud yesterday of the honor.

Capt. Doxrud began his sea career when a boy and made his first rescue in 1867. In 1879 the vessel which he then commanded fell in with a ship almost capsized, and her entire crew delirious from yellow jack. At a great risk the sufferers were transferred to Capt. Doxrud's vessel and cared for.

Two years later, while he commanded the Flower, he picked up six Norwegian fishermen, benumbed by cold and exposure. The small craft had capsized.

In 1886, while second officer if the steamship Belgenland, he commanded the boat's crew that went to the wreck of a ship in a mountainous sea and hauled the eight shipwrecked sailors to safety.

In December, 1889, when first officer of the Penniland an old tramp steamer in distress was sighted. Capt. Doxrud commanded the boat that saved nine men. On the Noordland in 1892 he saved fourteen men. In 1896 he towed the Obdam, with a broken shaft, into Halifax, saving 118 passengers and her crew of 100.

In 1897, when commanding the Belgenland, he rescued in a driving hurricane five half-frozen men from a frail boat and picked up seventeen of the crew of a schooner.

He saved the schooner Ida Maude, the Quebec liner Pretoria, and the crew of the schooner Alberia.

President McKinley gave him a magnificent gold watch, with an appropriate inscription. The British and the Canadian governments have given him beautiful marine glasses. From the Life-saving Benevolent association of New York, he has received a gold medal. He has also received a gold medal from King Oscar II. The Belgian government gave him a gold medal and the Quebec line a gold watch.

Capt. Doxrud was born at Hammerfest, Norway, but has long been a naturalized American citizen. His little family lives in Philadelphia.

The Pioneer Fuel Company
HAS
MOVED
ITS OFFICE TO
405 W. SUPERIOR ST.
MESABA BLOCK.

YOUNG CLARK

Wants Seat In Lower Branch of Congress.

Butte, Mont., May 3.—It is among the possibilities that Montana may furnish the country with the spectacle of a father and son in congress, one in the senate and the other in the house. This will result if the plans of his friends are successful and William A. Clark, Jr., succeeds in being elected representative at the November election.

His father, the millionaire senator from Montana, has still two more years to serve in the upper house. Young Clark is ambitious for the nomination on the Democratic ticket this fall as representative. It is an open secret that he has been promised the endorsement of F. A. Heinze's anti-trust party and with a double barrelled nomination the young man and his backers say he can win.

As he is worth about $1,000,000, politicians expect he will put much ginger in the campaign. He is 26, or just old enough to hold the office of representative. If he should win his fight it is said it will be the first case on record where the son of a senator has been elected to congress.

CATHOLICS BIDDEN

To Observe the "Black" Fast This Year.

New York, May 3.—For the first time in more than a quarter of a century, "black" fast, one of the most rigorous forms of penance known to the Roman Catholic church, has been proclaimed in this country.

In a circular letter to pastors of the Brooklyn diocese, Bishop McDonnell made the announcement, setting the limits for his diocese during which the "black fast" may be kept.

The word "black" means that the fast shall be of the strictest kind, and that practically no food shall be eaten on any one day during May or June or from Sept. 8 to Oct. 9.

KILLED AT WINNIPEG.

Building Foreman and Switchman Meet Fatal Accidents.

Winnipeg, Man., May 3.—John Sadler, foreman on the erection of a new house at Portage avenue and Langside street, fell through the shaft for a stairway and landed on his head in the basement thirty feet below. He died on the way to a hospital.

Harry O. Kemp, a switchman, was killed in the Canadian Pacific yards, being crushed between freight cars which were being switched on to sidings. While another employe gave the signal to the engineer to back up the locomotive and make the coupling, Kemp waked between the ends of the cars and was so crushed that he died instanty. He came from Por Huron, Ont., and his remains will be sent there for interment.

A horse ridden by Bertha MacKenzie, daughter of William MacKenzie, of the Canadian Northern railway, became frightened at a passing express wagon and bolted, throwing the young lady, whose skirt caught on the pommel of the saddle, and who was dragged some distance, breaking her right arm.

Agnes Smith, who attempted to get off a moving street car in a manner peculiar to women, was thrown to the sidewalk and so injured that she lies at a hospital in a precarious condition.

Isaac Corbett, a prominent grain dealer of Birtle, Man., died Sunday night in this city, aged 48. He suffered from a complication of heart and kidney trouble.

Shade Trees

Fruit Trees, Hardy Shrubs, Peony and other Roots, Bulbs, Small Fruits, etc. Buy where you can see the stock and know what you are getting.

Seekins & LeBorious,
Greenhouses—921 East Third St.

FIFTY CENTS A MONTH

A small bottle of Scott's Emulsion costing fifty cents will last a baby a month—a few drops in its bottle each time it is fed. That's a small outlay for so large a return of health and comfort.

Babies that are given Scott's Emulsion quickly respond to its helpful action. It seems to contain just the elements of nourishment a baby needs most.

Ordinary food frequently lacks this nourishment; Scott's Emulsion always supplies it.

We'll send you a sample free upon request.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York

HENRY FOLZ
is now at his new location,
114-116 W. Superior St.

THE ALCHEMISTS DREAM.

Will chemists soon be able to manufacture gold in quantities to suit? asks the Chicago Record-Herald. An affirmative answer to this question seems to have been made by the new metal, radium.

Recent experiments with radium have thrown a side light on an entirely different subject, and in the opinion of some eminent chemists, have almost conclusively proved that the transmutation of the elements is not only possible, but is now a sober fact.

Sir William Crookes, the inventor of the famous Crookes tube, which was used by Roentgen to produce his X rays, is foremost among the chemists who claim that the metal not only, but all the other elements, are convertible one into the other.

"We have come," said Professor Crookes not long ago, "to the borderland where force and matter merge into each other."

According to the theory held by these advanced chemists, it is not radium itself that causes the strange phenomenon that occur in the presence of that element, but these phenomena are due to what the chemists call the "radio-activity" of the substance. When radium is obtained the element gives off rapidly a gas, which, it is believed, is argon, or a number of gases belonging to the argon group. When the radio-activity dies down there is left a quantity of helium, but a slowly and constantly increasing quantity of that element. Argon and helium were only recently discovered, and there are two of the most interesting elements in the new chemistry that has so rapidly developed within the past few years.

These facts, say the specialists, have the most important bearing on the question of the transmutation of the metals, and the time may come soon when gold can be manufactured in any desired quantity by the use of the radio-activity process on a large scale.

This possibility was suggested by the peculiar conduct of yttrium, another newly discovered element which gave evidence in the spectroscope of changing itself into seven different metals, five of which were beyond the reach of the ordinary methods of chemical analysis. So that here the physicists had made their eye a process by which a single metal was changed into seven different metals, all of them familiar to chemistry.

This interesting process was practically, so claimed the experts, a laying bare of nature in the very act of manufacturing in her own laboratory a number of metals which are quite costly when obtained by various methods of reduction from nature herself.

The contention is made that nature is constantly at work trying to break down the heavy elements into lighter elements. All elements have what is called atomic weight. The atoms of all elements are measured by the weight of one atom of hydrogen used as a standard.

Gold is a very heavy element. Compared with hydrogen its atomic weight is 186. That is to say, gold weighs 196 times the weight of hydrogen. The time was, say chemists, when nature was reducing the lighter elements to heavier ones, when nature was making gold out of lighter substances. The effort of nature now seems to have been reversed. It is now trying to reduce the heavier elements to lighter ones. But this contention is really the admission of the more remote contention that there is some great primal element out of which all the elements are built up—the "element of elements" itself. This element of elements has been called "protyle," and in the wonderful transformations that seem to accompany the activity of yttrium and of radium, this substance protyle is rapidly changed from one metal to three, four, five, six or seven metals, one after another or all at once.

And here is where the practical man is very closely concerned with these somewhat interesting phenomena. For, it is argued, if chemists can lay hold of this great primal element of protyle—something which Professor Crookes seems to hint at when he says that chemistry is on the borderland where force merges into matter—it would appear that the problem of manufacturing gold is rapidly nearing its solution.

A chemist in London recently suggested the probability that the money systems of the world might be seriously affected by these new advances in science, but he did not seem to regard the prospect from anything but a purely scientific point of view.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Rains Necessary Near Bessemer to Prevent Forest Fires.

Bessemer—If rain does not come in a few days the cut-over lands around the city will soon be ablaze. Fires are already seen in all directions.

The Mikado mine will shut down entirely. Only about fifty men were at work during the winter and the reduction of $1 a ton on the price of ore compels suspension. It is thought all the smaller mines in this vicinity will have to shut down under the established ore price of $3.50.

The Alfred Johnson trial at Ramsay has developed a case of jury bribing. One of the jurors stated that the ex-supervisor of the township offered him what money he asked for hanging up the jury in favor of the defendant.

Menominee—Word has been received that Noah Plankey, of Crystal Falls committed suicide at Spalding. His body was found hanging by a rope at the end of a tramway of the Cedar River Land company. No cause is known for the deed.

Calumet—After several times threatening to commit suicide, Euseb Normend shot himself and is dead.

Frank Pirhonen, a Finn miner working in the Baltic mine, was killed by falling ground.

Marquette—Four million whitefish fry from the government hatchery at Duluth have been planted in the lake at this point by the United States fish commission. There still remain at the Duluth station 12,000,000 whitefish and 12,000,000 lake trout fry, all of which will be deposited in Lake Superior this season. Many of the eggs from which these fish were hatched were taken from fish caught here last fall.

Gladstone—The Cleveland Cliff Iron company's last furnace closed down Saturday for an indefinite period. No cause is given but it is reported that it is to produce a shortage in the supply of pig iron and thus raise the price.

Steamer Lotus opened navigation at this port Saturday it being the latest date of the opening of navigation in the past twenty years.

FUEL SUPPLY.

The problem of tapping sources of energy other than that obtained by the combustion of coal may appear as yet of no very pressing importance as yet from the point of view of lessening costs, says the London Mail. But it will become a burning question ere the close of the present century, when the shallowed reserves of coal have been worked out in all the coal-producing countries. Concurrently with the demands for increased power, the coal supplies of this and other countries are being drawn upon at the rate of more than 700,000,000 tons annually.

Everyone knows that cast iron is smelted from ore in tall blast furnaces, which run day and night for years in succession. Until recently the vast quantities of heated gas produced by the burning of the coke in these furnaces was belched forth in enormous volumes to poison the air and blacken the landscape. But now huge gas engines are built to use up this waste gas, and produce considerable power from it, the engines ranging from 100 to 1500 horse power. Then along comes electricity, dutiful handmaiden, ready to receive and distribute the energies of these big engines in the transmitted form of light and electrical power, for the use of the factories and towns. The number of furnaces from which the gas is thus used is not large, but additions to the list are constantly going on, and in a few years a large amount of power will be distributed from this source.

It seems incredible, yet the power contained in the waste gas from a single furnace equals that of from five to ten locomotive engines, according to the size of the furnace.

In Britain alone, as much as 600,000 horse power daily goes to waste in this fashion, and more still in America, and in other countries, all of which when utilized will immensely reduce the coal bill of those interested.

The gas engine is such an efficient machine that its numbers and size are increasing with great rapidity, displacing the more wasteful steam engines. Cheap gas is, therefore, a much desired thing, and many efforts are being directed towoards the producion of economical gas plants, specially for driving engines.

The Mond gas, coming into prominence recently, is a most promising source of cheap power. It is produced from cheap slack, costing about 7s a ton. There are valuable by-products recovered which sell profitably, so lessening the actual cost of production.

Another cognate source of power, available for a considerable time, lies in the immense accumulations of slack which lie around the pit mouths on the coal fields, and which can now be used successfully for the production of power gas. It costs very little, and one of the great developments of the future that is beginning is the utilization of this also, to drive large gas engines, which will generate electricity for transmission to towns, factories, and tramways within hundreds or thousands of square miles surrounding the generating station.

Going lower still, the very refuse of cities can be burned to produce power, as it is already in a few towns. It is practicable to get light and power from the dust and garbage of cities, the stuff being consumed in furnaces of boilers which produce steam for driving engines. The future possibilities of this are great.

The idea of making use of the direct rays of the sun is not Quixotic, though it has not yet been found worth while to do so on any extended scale. It has, however, been done experimentally with success. A conical mirror of large dimensions receives the sun's rays, and concentrates them upon a copper boiler, in which steam is produced, driving the steam engine close by. Heated air has been produced and utilized similarly. The mirror is moved by an astronomical clock to follow the course of the sun. It is estimated that every 100 square feet of such a mirror will yield one horse power. The difficulty due to the uncertainty of continuous sunlight does not affect the rainless regions of the earth. There the solar energies might be stored, and transmitted by electric currents over long distances.

It may even happen that the exhaustion of the present coal supplies may have as one result a readjustment of the centers of population. Time was when the Asian plateau was the hub of the earth; then the center shifted to India, then to Southern Europe, and so on. Similar changes will doubtless occur again. The civiliaztion of centuries to come may probably not be located in Northern Europe and America, but possibly in Africa and Australia, being compelled to follow the wake of new sources of energy.

There is an enormous store of heat in the center of the earth, which some scientific men have proposed to draw upon. Suggestions have been made to bore deep holes in the earth's crust, admit water to these, and utilize the steam which would be produced.

SCHLITZ The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous—
Duluth Branch, 35 E. Railroad St.
'Phone—Zenith 358.

CROW A CRONOMETER.

George Wreake, of Sibley township, near Le Seur, Minn., has a pet crow, "Bob," which has been with him four years and which he claims is the most intelligent and useful bird living, says the Minneapolis Times.

There is in the Wreake home an old heirloom, a beautiful cuckoo clock, brought from Switzerland, in pioneer days: one of the kind that have a little door at the top in front, out of which springs a little bird every sixty minutes and calls the hours with a "cuckoo" for every unit of the hour.

After the crow had been in the family about two years he began to mock the clock cuckoo and this finally grew to be a passion with him so that he hardly ever failed to give a melodious "caw" when the clock cuckoo was calling the hour. Some six months ago by reason of an accident to the shelf, on which it was standing, the clock fell and the striking, or cuckoo, part was completely broken, so the door never opens and the bird never comes out. This appeared to be a great puzzle to Bob, for he watched the clock for several days and seemed to be studying deeply. At last, however, he came to a conclusion and greatly startled the family by taking up the duty the cuckoo had previously performed, and counting out the hours perfectly at the exact moment, with a clear call of "caw" for every hour the clock ought to have struck, one for 1 o'clock, five for 5 o'clock and go on around the circle. He has kept his work up to the present time and calls every hour when he can see the face of the clock as regularly and perfectly as an ordinary timepiece with its hammer and bell.

If a lamp be set at night where the light falls on the face of the clock, the crow, though he will doze between time on his perch, will waken and call every hour all night long. More than this, if a lamp be kept lighted and a pin be thrust into the wooden face of the clock so that the minute hand will pass over it, but the hour hand will catch on it and stop the clock at any hour of the morning, between 4 and 7 o'clock, Bob will notice it as soon as the clock stops, and raise a shrill cawing that is as good as an alarm clock and keep it up till some one gets up and comes and removes the pin.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO

Perfection in Wearables For Women, Misses and Children

Perfection means what's best and is the keynote of the successful reputation of the S. & B. Co.'s garments, and the reason for the ever increasing popularity of his establishment.

It's an easy matter for any store to assert style and price superiority, but discerning women demand the experience and reputation in their trading place. The S. & B. Co. have been and always will be leaders in the display of correct things in the world of fashion.

The superiority and style pre-eminence of things bought here have again and again been proven by Duluth women.

Not in a day, nor a month, but through long years of public confidence has this reputation been maintained.

A STORY OF THE GREAT NAPOLEON,

Who, with one of his cabinet, was one day reviewing a portion of his army before their departure for the front. A regiment of stalwart young men, ruddy with the glow of health, was passing on their way to fight for the empire for the first time. "What a splendid body of men," exclaimed his companion. But Napoleon remained silent. Along came another regiment, their feet striking the earth with a single mighty rythm; swarthy, dark-skinned men, their determined faces bronzed by exposure. As they passed Napoleon raised high his chapeau. Turning to his companion, he said: "Those young men **may be** gallant soldiers—**I KNOW THAT THESE ARE !"**

So it is with the S. & B. Co.—enjoying the enviable reputation which years of integrity have earned.

Correctness of style and the guarantee of quality means something here.

Careful buyers who have looked elsewhere and have seen lines shown, appreciate this fact and usually buy at "the safe store."

Because, even the lowest-priced garment sold here receives the same care and attention in making as the most expensive kinds.

Again, no matter how small the price paid, a woman finds style, character and reliability in what she buys here.

This is why the S. & B. Co.'s lines are always in favor—the popular-priced as well as the most elaborate costume.

Cost is no higher for perfection in fit and quality here than for the made-to-sell kinds shown elsewhere.

Here style and quality go hand in hand, and you don't have to pay anything extra for them, either.

The dealer with his big stocks of unripe fruit would like to have you believe that our grapes are sour.

Dis-illusion comes to him at the end of the season, when he finds out that women cannot be coerced into buying poor styles and poorer qualities at any price.

There are no fancy prices here. The best proof of this is found by personal inspection.

Our April business has passed all previous records, not alone in the garment section, but throughout the entire store.

There's many new arrivals in early summer suits, new coats, in silk, pongee and linen; new shirtwaist suits, new covert coats, etc. Come and see them.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

THE ESSENTIALS FOR THE FINEST WHITE BREAD
that can be made, are
COMMANDER FLOUR
and good yeast. COMMANDER FLOUR is for sale by grocers.
Mfd. by Gregory, Cook & Co., Duluth

GET YOUR **SHOES REPAIRED**
AT THE UP-TO-DATE SHOE SHOP.
Men's Sewed Soles 75c
Men's Nailed Soles 50c
Also Shoe Shining 5c
N. NURICK, 229 E. Sup. St.

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We secure patents that protect. Guide book free. Write for particulars.
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Eby G. Gridley, Duluth representative.

May Sale of House-Furnishings For Moving--For House-Cleaning

Timely Bargains These!

GARDEN RAKES—Good malleable iron Garden Rakes worth 23c, at each..... 12½c

SPADING FORKS—Best steel—regular price 85c—at each..... 59c

HATCHETS—Good steel, regular price 50c, at each... 39c

HAMMERS—Good steel — hardware store price 50c—special, each..... 29c

HANDY HOUSE HAMMERS—regular price 10c, at—each..... 5c

GOOD TACK HAMMERS—regular price 8c—at each..... 4c

TACKS—six boxes for..... 5c

HOUSE NUMBERS—regular price 10c—at each.... 6c

CUPBOARD LATCHES—regular price 10c, at—each.... 5c

CUPBOARD KNOBS—regular price 3c—at, each..... 1c

3c GATE HOOKS—each..... 1c

15c DOOR LATCHES—at each..... 8c

45c PRUNING KNIVES—at each..... 23c

12c CLOSET HOOKS—per dozen..... 7c

10c PICTURE WIRE—at..... 5c

8c MOULDING HOOKS—per dozen..... 5c

STEPLADDERS—8 feet high, worth 85c, at each.... 59c

WASHING MACHINES — high-speed, regular $7.50—special, each..... $5.48

GOOD HANDY SAWS—worth 50c, at each..... 35c

GOOD SCREW DRIVERS—worth 10c, at, each..... 5c

GOOD STEEL AXES—regular price $1; special.... 59c

GOOD PLUMB AND LEVELS—worth 50c, at.... 35c

GRINDLEY'S WHITE ENGLISH PORCELAIN DINNERWARE—at the lowest prices ever quoted—

Plates—5-in., at each..... 5c
Plates—6-in., at each..... 6c
Plates—7-in., at each..... 8c
Cups and Saucers, a pair...10c
Bakers—worth 25c, each...15c
Bakers—worth 30c, each...23c
Platters—worth 25c, each...15c
Bowls—worth 15c, each...10c
Jugs—worth 18c, each.....10c

WINDOW BRUSHES—best quality, worth 29c, at—each..... 19c

GOOD WINDOW RUBBERS—worth 29c, at—each..... 19c

HOUSE BROOMS—worth 25c, at each..... 19c

PAINT BRUSHES—A big line of new ones—prices.....from $1.50 to 5c

FLOOR PAINTS—best quality—nothing better—special per gallon..... 98c

KALSOMINE—4-lb pkg, worth 35c, at..... 15c

TOILET WARE — The biggest bargain you ever heard of—10-piece toilet sets, regular price $4.00, at per set..... $2.48

12-piece Toilet Sets, reg. $4.98, at per set..... $3.19

12-piece Toilet Sets, worth $6, per set..... $3.95

$15, $12 and $19 Toilet Sets, all go at..... $8.98

Continuing the Wash Goods Sale —25c Oxford Waistings and Suitings at 12½c. Don't miss this splendid bargain.

Freimuth's

May Sale of Carpets, Curtains, Rugs and Wall Paper now going on—Timely bargains.

IMPROVEMENT OF GARFIELD AVENUE

Council Orders Engineer to Submit Plan For Work.

Health Department Authorized to Thoroughly Clean City.

The council last evening:
Took steps toward improving Garfield avenue.
Set Friday evening as date of mass meeting to lay plans for Memorial day exercises.
Authorized health department to make expenditures for cleaning city.
Approved extensions ordered by water board.

The agitation for the improvement of Garfield avenue, which has been in progres for many months past, took definite form last evening when city engineer was instructed to submit a plan for placing the thoroughfare in proper condition.

Alderman McEwen claimed that it was poor policy to be continually patching up the street, and believed that it should be paved at the present time. He advocated the paving of one side of the street now and the other half at some future time.

"Garfield avenue certainly is in need of some improvement," said Alderman Sang, "but most of the property down there is non-assessable and I think we had better get the engineer's opinion as to the best method."

Alderman Walker advocated placing a binder of crushed rocks along the street railway tracks, which he thought would make the street sufficiently passable for the present.

"It is the duty of every alderman to support this resolution," said Alderman Schaffer. "Garfield avenue is the main thoroughfare between Duluth and Superior. It is not the property owners on the avenue that make use of it, but all the citizens of Duluth and Superior."

* * *

Mayor Cullum, in a communication to the council, asked that the use of the council chamber be granted for a meeting to be held Friday evening to arrange some plan of taking charge of the Memorial day services. The mayor urged the fact that the ranks of the old soldiers are becoming each day thinner and that the burden of the Memorial day exercises is becoming heavier each year.

The meeting Friday evening will be a mass meeting of citizens to determine some plan whereby the public will assume the responsibility for the services and relieve the old soldiers from a heavy burden.

* * *

An increased salary list was voted to the health board to cover the extra expenses of spring work. Health Commissioner Murray reported that he wished to employ ten inspectors at an expense of $600 and three dump men at an expense of $156. This will make a total payroll of $1260.33, which includes the regular force. This is about $366.67, more than for the corresponding month last year, but Health Commissioner Murray reported that less than half the number of loads of refuse had been taken to the dump during the past season than had been hauled last year.

The men will be put to work this week, and with the large force of men which has been authorized it is expected that the task will be completed within thirty days.

* * *

Bids were submitted by the Finch, Upham, North Land, Pioneer, Northwestern and Ohio fuel companies for coal for the fire department for next season. All of the bids were for exactly the same amount although they were worded somewhat differently. They were referred to the proper committee.

* * *

On motion by Alderman Moore the resolution authorizing the laying of the water and gas mains in connection with the East Superior street pavement was reconsidered and the contract was limited to paving only. This was in accordance with the advice of the city attorney who gave it as his opinion that the clause was not legal owing to the fact that it was not mentioned in the original petition. The sewer and water connections will now have to be laid by the property owners themselves.

* * *

Manager Case of the water and light department stated that as soon as possible the exact depth of the water main on Second street would be determined, and the council informed of the necessity, if any, of lowering the pipes. This was in accordance with the resolution of the council calling for detailed reports of the improvements under consideration.

The proposed extensions were approved by the council as follows:

Twenty-ninth avenue west from the alley north of Second street to Third street, 190 feet, cost $285, income $27.50.

East Fourth street from Twentieth to Twenty-first avenue, 406 feet, including fire hydrant, cost $700, income $56.

West First street to 150 feetwest of Twelfth avenue, 616 feet, ten inch water main and four inch gas main, cost $924, annual income $84.

Fifteenth avenue east from Sixth street to a point 200 feet south, a three inch water pipe to supply Childrens' Home, head of water at present reaching only to the second floor, cost $350, annual income $35.

* * *

City Engineer McGilvray reported that the cost of improving the Swan Lake, Arlington, Maple Grove, and Howard-Gnesen, and Rice Lake roads would amount to $1665.

* * *

A temporary bond for O. G. Olson, the new member of the board of public works was procured and approved by the council last evening. The permanent bond will not arrive until the latter part of the week and will be approved by the council at the next meeting. The temporary bond was necessary in order to allow Mr. Olson to assume office.

* * *

Samuel Loeb submitted a claim for $175 damages to his premises at 112 First avenue east as the result of the bursting of a water main on April 2.

* * *

George W. Danielson was appointed poundmaster of the third district by Mayor Cullum.

* * *

Special policemen for New Duluth and Duluth Heights were ordered appointed on a motion by Alderman McEwen.

* * *

All corporations holding city franchises, whose annual reports were not approved by the city attorney, were ordered to file amended reports before May 20.

P. McDONNELL GETS AN HONOR

Appointed Minnesota Sergeant-at-Arms For St. Louis Convention.

Patrick McDonnell, the well-known local contractor, has been signally honored by the Democrats of the state of Minnesota, by being appointed state sergeant-at-arms for the national convention in St. Louis in July.

City Attorney Bert Fesler received a communication from Thomas D. O'Brien, the state central committeeman, yesterday afternoon, stating that it had been decided to give the appointment to some Duluthian and it was left in the hands of Mayor Cullum and the city attorney with a recommendation that Mr. McDonnell be given the place. It was tendered him last evening, and he decided to accept.

It is the first position in national politics which has fallen to the lot of Mr. McDonnell, and he was receiving many congratulations from his friends last evening, when the news became known around the city hall while the council meeting was in progress.

With Mr. McDonnell in his capacity as sergeant-at-arms will rest the power of determining largely what Minnesotans shall be admitted to the convention hall.

"You may count on it that all my Duluth friends will get in if they come around to my door," said Mr. McDonnell last evening. "It won't matter much whether they are good Democrats or Republicans. When they get away from home down there in St. Louis we shall have to treat them all alike."

OPENING OF THE MAY TERM

Grand Jury's Deliberations Will Be Short—Large Divorce Calendar.

The May term of district court will begin tomorrow morning, at which time the calendar will be called and the grand jury will assemble and begin its work. There is not a large amount of work ahead of the grand jury and it is likely to finish its deliberations by Saturday evening.

The petit jury for the term will assemble next week when the trial of jury cases will begin.

Following the call of the calendar and the instruction of the grand jury two of the district judges will take up the divorce cases, of which there are twenty noted for trial, an unusually large grist.

Judge Cant was expected to preside at the call of the calendar and instruct the grand jury, this term, but he will continue the hearing in the condemnation proceedings brought by the Brooks-Scanlon interests, tomorrow morning, at 9:30 o'clock, and either Judge Ensign or Judge Dibell will preside at the call of the calendar.

The Brooks-Scanlon people have introduced all their evidence in the condemnation proceedings for their railway line, and the court will begin taking the testimony of the Weyerhaueser interests, that are opposing the proceedings.

ATTRACTIVE RESORT.

For Y. M. C. A. Members Secured at Lake George.

New York, May 3.—A corporation of Christian gentlemen, members of the Young Men's Christian association and of other Christian societies, has recently been formed with the design of securing the Silver Bay hotel property on Lake George, which was equipped at a cost of $140,000, and is one of the most popular and advantageously situated hotel properties on the lake. A very low price has been named on the property, which will enable this corporation to put at the disposal of members of the Young Men's Christian association and of other organizations in the East and Canada one of the most attractive and popular summer vacation resorts. The association has occupied the hotel for two summers as a vacation resort and conference headquarters, with an average of nearly 700 guests. The property consists of 1000 acres of land, over half a mile of lake front and one of the choicest swimming beaches on the lake, and runs back nearly two miles from the hotel into the wilderness. The property contains two Adirondack lakes stocked with bass. Diverging from the hotel are miles and miles of mountain trails.

This is no new business for the Y. M. C. A. It has for twenty years conducted camps and summer headquarters, although this hotel will be the largest affair of the kind in the country. Last year the association had nearly 6000 men and boys in its 200 camps and vacation resorts throughout North America. Western men have met at Lake Geneva at a similar place to Silver Bay for seventeen years, with increasing success and popularity. This will not be merely a vacation resort for members of the association. An hour each morning will be given to Bible study under popular leaders, and on several evenings each week there will be addresses by many of the strongest and most popular speakers to men in the country. There will be present throughout the summer instructors in nature study, forestry, amateur photography, sketching, athletics, swimming, etc.

A training institute for secretaries, physical directors and other officers of the Y. M. C. A. will be held Aug. 1 to Sept. 4 and a boys' conference Aug. 30 to Sept. 4. Last year there were 200 delegates from seventeen associations from nineteen states and provinces at the boys' meeting.

There is no attempt in the undertaking to make money, but to provide the best possible vacation resort at cost The object is in accord with the associations purpose of providing things clean, wholesome and popular for young men in their leisure time. This vacation resort is among the very best features of the organization.

An Open Letter.

From the Chapin, S. C., News: Early in the spring my wife and I were taken with diarrhoea and so severe were the pains that we called a physician who prescribed for us, but his medicines failed to give any relief. A friend who had a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy on hand gave each of us a dose and we at once felt the effects. I procured a bottle and before using the entire contents we were entirely cured. It is a wonderful remedy and should be found in every household. H. C. Bailey, Editor. This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

There is no Substitute for

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

It is a Matter of Health

TOO MUCH CUT

Report That Pulpwood Business Has Been Overdone.

Weather Gave Opportunity For an Unusually Large Output.

Has there been an over supply of pulpwood cut in the Northwest this past winter?

That is a question contractors are trying to figure out ever since the announcement by prominent lumber journals that the pulpwood business has been overdone.

According to one estimate there is something like 10,000 cords in excess of the demands of the market in the country tributary to the Duluth & Iron Range road alone, while other districts are claimed to show like excesses.

The long winter, with the excellent logging facilities offered, gave the pulpwood contractors every opportunity of getting out a large supply, and more pulpwood camps were in operation all through Northern Minnesota during the winter than before in many seasons.

Several hundred men were employed in the district tributary to Duluth in getting out pulpwood, and the only possible thing to hinder the contractors was the car shortage during the very cold weather.

There were some periods during the winter when the contractors had to stop hauling the pulpwood out to the tracks, because they could not get cars enough to take care of it, and their track yards became filled up. After cars became more plentiful the shipping was rushed and thousands of cords came down over the Iron Range road.

There is an immense quantity of pulpwood piled on the dock front here in Duluth at the present time awaiting the opening of navigation, when it can be shipped down the lakes to Erie. Colvin & Robb, who had some of the largest pulpwood contracts this past winter, will be the most shipping • soon as the boats begin to run.

Even if the pulpwood contractors have over cut their contracts this season, it is claimed that there is little possibility of a reduction of prices by the paper trust.

One contractor said yesterday that if the pulpwood business has been over done this past winter season it will have the effect of curtailing operations of the same nature next winter. On the other hand, he says that if the contractors get out all right this year, with the large amount of pulpwood they have cut, they will be encouraged to go into the business on a large scale another winter.

SURVEYING CREW AT WORK

Arouses French Curiosity Among the Residents Near Smithville.

Interest has been aroused among the residents of Smithville and vicinity by the presence in the neighborhood of a surveying crew, for the past few weeks.

During that interval two lines have been run from the country back of Smithville to the bay front in the vicinity of the old Ironton plant and rumors have been in circulation that Eastern parties have purchased the plant and are surveying a right of way for railway tracks to the plant.

Another rumor is that a waterpower development company is seeking the best route to secure an outlet to the St. Louis river.

Inquiry was made of local parties interested in certain lands in the vicinity of the Ironton plant and they made light of the talk of the purchase of the plant by outside parties. That the surveying crew was working in the neighborhood of Ironton was not a matter of news to them, but they refused to give any information as to the significance of the work any further than to say the presence of the surveyors had nothing to do with the Ironton plant.

The lines run by the surveyors are laid out in sections 22, 28, and 27-49-16.

The Ironton plant, which is in the hands of a receiver, has been closed down for several years, though the greater part of its machinery is still intact. A watchman has been employed to look after the plant ever since it closed down. There have been vague rumors from time to time that the big plant had passed into other hands and was likely to be started up, but nothing has come of the reports.

MORGAN FIXES UP PAYMENTS

Completes Arrangements For Transfer of Panama Canal Money.

Paris, May 3.—Having wound up the details of the big financial transaction connected with the Panama transfer, J. P. Morgan left Paris today for Aix Les Bains. Before his departure he gave the correspondent of the Associated Press the main points of the final agreement, as follows:

The Panama Canal company wished to have the money turned over in Paris, instead of in the United States, and was willing to pay all the expenses incident to the payment here. In order to accomplish this the United States has appointed the Morgan company fiscal agents for the purpose of the payment, the Morgan company in turn to make a contract with the Panama company, when the $40,000,000 will be paid in Paris. The contract specifies the Banque De France as depository, and also the proportion of the payments going to the old and the new Panama companies respectively. The signing of this contract closes the transaction, it only remaining for the Morgan company to carry it out by making payments from time to time to the Banque De France. This will be done so as to cause no disarrangement of the American or French money markets. The report that a syndicate of Paris bankers is interested is incorrect. The appointment of the Morgan company as fiscal agents places the whole transaction in their hands. They will associate with Lazard Freres and other houses of a similar character in New York and here, but so far as the United States is concerned, it entrusts the financing operation to the Morgans. The other details correspond with those foreshadowed in these dispatches, April 29.

FIRE IN INDIANAPOLIS CAUSES HEAVY LOSS.

Indianapolis, May 3.—Fire at the Union stock yards early today caused a loss of $300,000 to the Belt railroad and Union Stock Yards company. The insurance is $100,000. Thirty-five head of cattle were burned and forty acres of cattle sheds and livestock pens were totally destroyed, together with about 500 tons of hay and 10,000 bushels of corn.

After the fire had been brought under control the flames, fanned by a stiff breeze, spread to another quarter of the yards, and for a time the Stock Yards hotel was threatened.

HIGH PRICE FOR OLD PAPERS.

New York, May 3.—Prices considerably above the average have been paid for George Washington papers during the sale of the late Bishop Hursts' library. Washington's copy of his "official letters," written to congress, London, 1795, in two volumes, brought $2810. Nine other books bearing Washington's autograph were sold. The highest price brought was for a copy of Gibbon's "Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire," London, 1783, in six volumes, for $1626. The entire set brought only $21 at a sale of Washington's books, held in Philadelphia in 1876.

IRISH SOCIETY MEETS.

New York, May 3.—The first annual meeting of the Irish Industrial Society of America, organized to assist in the industrial development of Ireland, has just been held here. A report made by President Gillespie showed good progress during the society's first year. There are now 1497 members and the secretary stated that $5690 had been thus far received in aid of the movement.

BRINGS JAPANESE GOLD.

San Francisco, May 3.—The steamer China, which has arrived from the Orient, brought a shipment of Japanese gold yen worth $3,334,350 in United States gold coin.

MINESOTA INVENTORS.

Washington, May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following patents have been issued: Catharine L. Plumer, of Milaca, apparatus for cooking fruit; Henry J. Wessinger, of Duluth, steam trap.

RACING ON FOURTH

Fair Association Arranges Special Independence Day Matinee.

Purses to Aggregate $600 —Further Plans For the Fair.

At a meeting of the St. Louis County Agricultural and Driving association, held last night, it was decided that a race matinee should be given July 4, at the driving park, under the auspices of the association. A total of $600 will be hung up in prizes for three events, a green race, a free-for-all and one for the intermediate class.

A committee consisting of R. P. Dowse, H. R. Elliott and S. E. Peachey was appointed. These three will have full power to act in arranging the events.

All indications point to a number of fast races at the county fair, to be held during the latter part of August. Already $250 worth of park tickets have been disposed of, entitling the holders to use the driving park for training purposes during the summer months. A single ticket costs $5. Heretofore it has been the practice to allow the free use of the track, resulting in a considerable expense to the association in preparing the grounds for racing.

A committee consisting of the president, secretary and treasurer was appointed to have charge of securing attractions for fair week. The fair will this year be open at night. This is the time of year for booking attractions. It is thought a number of good ones will be secured.

It was last night decided to issue 1000 coupon tickets at $5 each, good for ten admissions. It is thought the entire number can be easily disposed of among the wholesale and jobbing houses who wish to bring their customers to Duluth to see the fair.

DROP

A Postal FOR This Book FREE

Your health is your greatest blessing. Guard it as your life. Find out the truth about yourself, whether you are sick or well. Learn how to get well and keep well—and how to get well should you become ill. Poor health is the result of your failure to obey nature's laws. How can you obey these laws unless you know what they are? Do you suffer from headaches? Is your appetite poor? Do you lay awake at night? Are you nervous and irritable? Then you are on the down-road to poor health. Get on the up-road. Dr. McLean's book tells you how to regain lost health or to retain the health you have.

Dr J. H. McLean has prepared many remedies to help those who suffer. One of them is

McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm

This remedy reaches the organs that are most susceptible to disease; the organs that must be kept in good working condition to secure good health for you. McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm puts these organs in good order and keeps them so; makes them throw off disease germs; relieves untold suffering; brings health and strength to those who use it. At all druggists. $1.00 the bottle.

THE DR. J. H. McLEAN MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
At Chicago—Chicago, 8; Pittsburg, 3.
At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 8; St. Louis, 5.
At Boston—New York, 2; Boston, 0.
At Philadelphia—Brooklyn, 3; Philadelphia, 0.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
At New York—New York, 5; Washington, 0.
At Detroit—Detroit, 6; Cleveland, 2.
At Boston—Philadelphia, 3; Boston, 0.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.
At Indianapolis—Minneapolis, 11; Indianapolis, 4.
At Toledo—Toledo, 13; Milwaukee, 12.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	12	10	2	.833
Brooklyn	12	7	5	.583
St. Louis	13	7	6	.538
Cincinnati	16	9	7	.538
Chicago	12	6	6	.500
Boston	13	5	8	.384
Pittsburg	13	5	8	.384
Philadelphia	11	2	9	.181

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	13	10	3	.769
Chicago	14	8	6	.667
Philadelphia	11	7	4	.636
New York	11	6	5	.545
St. Louis	10	5	5	.500
Detroit	12	6	6	.500
Cleveland	10	4	6	.400
Washington	11	0	11	.000

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
St. Paul	9	6	3	.667
Indianapolis	9	5	4	.555
Milwaukee	9	5	4	.555
Louisville	10	5	5	.500
Minneapolis	10	5	5	.500
Toledo	10	5	5	.500
Columbus	8	4	4	.500
Kansas City	9	2	7	.222

BENA SETTLERS WIN.

Can Make Entries Under the Townsite Act.

Washington, May 3.—Assistant Secretary of the Interior Ryan has settled the long drawn out controversy between the settlers of Bena and Richards townsites, Minnesota, by signing an order giving the Bena people the same status as Richards townsite settlers, and permitting them to file their entries under the townsite law.

A short time ago the commissioner of the general land office sent Special Agent McElnery up to Bena to investigate. The report of McElnery stated that the settlers were acting in good faith, and but for the interference of Maj. Scott and the Indian police, who ordered them off the townsite recently and tore down their buildings and tents, they would have had a good sized town there by this time.

Secretary Ryan in his decision says that inasmuch as settlers at Bena have acted in good faith and complied with every requirement of law they are entitled to make entry at the Cass Lake land office under the townsite act. A provision in the decision gives the settlers at Bena the right to purchase the timber on the townsite.

RAILROADS EXTEND TIME LIMIT OF FAIR TICKETS.

Chicago, May 3.—The time limit of St. Louis World's fair tickets has been extended by nearly all of the Western roads from ten of fifteen days. Nearly two weeks ago the Western Passenger association decliced that limit of World's fair tickets should not exceed ten days on those sold in the association's territory on a fare and one-fifth basis. One or two of the roads were not satisfied with that action, and they gave individual notice that they would make a fifteen days' limit on such tickets.

Since then seven of the lines have extended the time limit. They are the Burlington, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul; Rock Island, Frisco, Illinois Central, Missouri Pacific and Union Pacific.

TO BEGIN MONDAY.

Murray-McCann Mill to Start Then.

Arrangements were yesterday completed for the starting up of the new Murray & McCann mill, on Superior bay, next Monday morning. The mill will employ about 140 men regularly in day and night shifts. Its capacity will be about 13,000 feet to the shift or 270,000 feet every twenty-four hours. This season the mill will saw about 40,000,000 feet of lumber on the contract with the Edward Hines Lumber company, the logs coming from Northern Wisconsin.

The Hines company will begin its summer logging operations in the North Wisconsin woods about the middle of this month, when it will establish two camps on the Iron River branch of the old Ashland & Siskiwit railway line.

Among the interior loggers, O'Neal & Nelson, who have been taking out timber the past winter, near Virginia, for the Taber Lumber company, of Keokuk, Ia., have just finished cutting and are breaking up their camps.

MUST HAVE NEW ONE SOON

Inadequacy of Present Y. M. C. A. Building Becomes Apparent.

Officials of the Duluth Y. M. C. A. continue to agitate the question of a new building for the association's home. The membership of the local branch is rapidly increasing, and it is declared that the present quarters are entirely inadequate for the demands made upon them.

It is claimed that many cities of much less size and wealth than Duluth have larger and better quarters. Secretary Phil Bevis asserts that it has come to a point where the association must have its own building, with accomodations for all who wish to attend.

Owing to the location of the great wholesale interests here, many young men from outside points come to the city for employment, and statistics show that Duluth has from 15 to 20 per cent more young men than any other city of proportionate size in the United States.

Association officials do not favor the construction of a building at any cost less than $150,000 or $200,000. They argue that Duluth is permanent and bound to grow, and that it would not be advisable to erect a small structure that in a few years would not meet the requirements.

The quarters at present are modern and nicely arranged, but a larger and better equipped gymnasium is desired. It is also desired that there be dormotories so that young men without homes in the city could secure rooms at reasonable prices and the money derived from the rental of these rooms could be used as an endowment fund. A first-class barber shop and cafe in connection with the association have been suggested.

DIES AT FERGUS FALLS.

Mrs. Justina Hall, Insane, is No More.

Probate Judge Middlecoff has received notice from the state insane asylum at Fergus Falls of the death in that institution of Mrs. Justina Hill, April 27.— Decedent's death resulted from cerebral hemorrhage, a trouble with which she was afflicted for several years.

Mrs. Hill formerly resided at Floodwood and was committed to the state hospital, on the complaint of her husband, May 21, 1899. At her examination it was shown that Mrs. Hill acted very strangely toward her family, neglecting her three children and leaving home for days at a time. Sometimes she would tie the youngest child in a chair when she left the house. Her actions aroused the suspicions of the neighbors and an investigation finally resulted. The Hill family lived on a small farm near Floodwood.

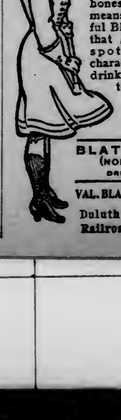
ELECTION IN BOLIVIA.

New York, May 3.—The presidential election has resulted in a triumph for the Union Liberal party in all parts of the republic, says a Herald dispatch from La Paz, Bolivia. There were no disturbances. Ismail Montez was elected president; Eldore Vallezon, first vice president, and Valentin Abecia, second vice president.

Blatz Wiener BEER

Bottled Goodness

Milwaukee's Banner Brew



It isn't talk that counts, it's quality — Quality that stands pat, at all times, for honest criticism. The unprecedented popularity of Blatz Wiener is due to its pronounced individuality—that indescribable, honest flavor that always means "Blatz"—that delightful Blatz Wiener "smack" that goes straight to the spot. Drink it for beer character—For health's sake drink it. Ask for it down town. Send a case home.

ALWAYS THE SAME GOOD OLD "BLATZ."

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE (NON-INTOX.) TONIC

DRUGGISTS OR DIRECT.

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., Milwaukee

Duluth Branch, Lake Ave. and Railroad St. Telephone 62.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

We always put the best in it; you always get the best out of it. The kind all good doctors order.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

IN WOMAN'S SPHERE

Social, Musical and Art Circles.

BY MRS. F. L. BARROWS.

Recognizing the fact that the majority of employers are virtually helpless to maintain a high standard as to hours, wages and working conditions, under the stress of competition, unless sustained by the co-operation of purchasers, the Woman's council of Duluth hopes to arouse public sentiment in favor of a half holiday each week during the months of July and August, in the retail stores.

Such a movement needs numbers. It can never be accomplished by the few. A small minority, however intelligent, conscientious, influential and wealthy, cannot wholly control the shopping situation. Therefore, the first essential is to educate the public to a sense of its responsibility, and we appeal through the press to the women of Duluth to help us form an intelligent public opinion as to the responsibilities of consumers.

We would especially call attention to the following suggestions: Shop early in the day that delivery men, errand boys and girls may not be required to work late in your service.

Avoid shopping in the evening and on Saturday afternoon in order to promote the reasonable leisure of mercantile employes. Household orders by telephone on Saturday afternoon to the butcher and grocer are the cause of much overtime work for clerks, delivery men and boys on Saturday evening.

Avoid rush orders to tailors, dressmakers and milliners, that the employer may be under no temptation to oblige a customer by lengthening the hours of labor of women and children, and that employes may be under no pressure to take work to their homes, thereby lengthening the working day unduly and exposing the purchaser to the risk of contracting whatever infectious or contagious disease theer may be in the home of the workers.

We need the co-operation and help of Duluth men and women in bringing these suggestions before an unthinking public, that the public conscience may be quickened and feel sure that the growth of this sentiment alone will materially aid in establishing the Saturday half-holiday.

The single conclusive argument for a weekly Saturday half-holiday during July and August would be, that the habits of the people did not demand open stores on these afternoons and evenings. Acting upon this thought, we ask the public not to shop after 5 o'clock, or on Saturday afternoons, feeling satisfied that habits of shopping on Saturday afternoons and evenings might be changed appreciably if it were generally realized that no half-holiday on Saturday, in the hottest summer months, means a working day of thirteen or fourteen hours under exhausting conditions, which greatly lessens the value of Sunday as a day of rest.

TEN COMMANDMENTS.

Those Adopted By Lakeside Club Are Printed.

A list of ten new commandments that were unanimously adopted April 6, this year by the Lakeside club have just been printed and are being distributed. The commandments are to be sent one to each household of Lakeside or as was suggested, three to each household, one for yourself and and the other two for your neighbors with their particular failing underscored. The commandments are so well suited to the needs of every neighborhood and so well and tersely expressed that "Go thou and do likewise" might wisely be taken to heart by other portions of the city. They are:

"Believing that making Lakeside homes neat, pretty and attractive, and removing all unsightly objects from their vicinity, will increase materially the pleasure of living there, raise the price of real estate therein, and tend to attract a desirable class of residents thereto.

"It is resolved, that the members of this club, in furtherance thereof, pledge themselves to observe as far as possible the following commandments:

1. Thou shalt not allow no poultry or cattle to run at large to injure thy neighbors' gardens, or defile the public streets and sidewalks.

2. Thou shalt allow no ash piles, manure piles, rubbish piles or the like, where they are an eyesore from the public streets or a neighbor's window.

3. Thou shalt keep all alleys adjacent to thy home clean and neat.

4. Thou shalt make and keep all front yards as neat, trim and pretty as possible.

5. Thou shalt make and keep all back yards as neat, trim and pretty as thy front yards. (A Queen Anne front and a Crozy Jane back do not harmonize with each other.)

6. Thou shalt cover all thy woodsheds, outhouses, chicken yards and houses, and unsightly objects of all kinds, with vines, or screen them with willows, lilacs, bush or tartarian honeysuckles, sumac, or other shrubs or quick growing trees.

7. Thou shalt destroy all unnecessary sheds, outhouses or other unsightly objects.

8. Thou shalt, each resident of Lakeside, endeavor to make some one definite improvement the coming season to enhance the appearance of thy home, by improving thy lawn, planting trees, shrubbery, flowers or the like.

9. Thou shalt throw no waste paper on the streets, alleys or private grounds to blow all over with the first wind.

10. Thou shalt not, if thou art a renter, advertise such fact by the neglected appearance of thy home. Each one owes a duty to his neighbors, and to the public as well as to himself.

Resolved further, that this resolution be printed in circular form and a copy thereof mailed to each resident of Lakeside, with a request that he help push the good work along.

Resolved, further, that the teachers of the public schools in Lakeside be requested to impress upon their pupils a respect for their neighbors' gardens, trees and flowers.

VISIT TO A FLORIST.

Quaint and Interesting Keeper of Duluth Greenhouse.

There is scarcely anyone however indifferent he is to the wonders of nature at other times of the year who is not a little moved in the spring by the marvels of blossoms and leaves and a little awed at the fact that the apple blossoms never get mixed up and appear before the leaves of the tree or the cherry blossoms wait indistinctly for the appearance of leaves before they condescend to show their frail white beauty. But they never do get mixed; the cherry blossoms come before their leaves, the hypaticas on last year's leaves appear and the violets hide away out of sight and the cowslips grow on the top of little baby bays just as it was in the beginning.

In Duluth the stirring of spring comes to people long before there is any nature to admire in particular and those who cannot get enough response from a lake of ice on May 1, must hie themselves to a green house. In one of the local greenhouses that is greatly frequented, a delightful hour may be spent not only admiring the plants but meeting a quaint and interesting keeper. Your good time begins the minute the door opens when a cheery greeting comes from the recesses of one of the many allies of green.

When the gardener appears he says: "I knew you'd soon come around to see us. None of you can stay away long in the spring; you've come to see what we ahve been doing during the winter. You folks don't think a thing about us all winter long when we were trying to keep warm and alive and we did it. What do you want to see? Everything? Well here are a lot of lovely geraniums, the best bedder we got. They do well every place, all over the world and here's 'box' and here's 'dusty miller' and this lovely dark thing. And it gets about a million times prettier. Yes, those are violets. I've just watered them, there's no smell on them now.

"Here's something lovely for window and porch boxes. You know that Mrs. Roosevelt had some made a year or two ago that cost $700 and then everybody else in Washington got them, because Mrs. Roosevelt did and then everybody else did because everybody else did. So we have a lot of people asking what is good for them and we have a lot of pretty things.

"Yes, that's asparagus fern. Common? Huh!" And he walks off and begins work in another corner. The silence grows painful. It must be broken somehow, the door's a long way off and you can't walk to it and leave without another word so you timidly suggest, "They're nice and fine though."

That is a peace offering he will accept and he comes back.

"There's a difference you know between common and plenty. Calling those dainty little things 'common.' "Are these pansies," you ask willing to change the subject. "Yes'm those are pansies. Those were out all winter but they won't bloom as nice for you as these dear little baby ones. They're different colors. Seventy different ones there. And here's a fairy queen, just out," as he picks a lucious colored lavender pansy. "For you, my dear," as he presents it with a fine old time bow.

Right here it might be said that everybody most who visits the greenhouse gets the first pansy of the season. "And here's another, butterfly. For you ,too." An they are given with an air that you are the one doing a favor in accepting them. "Only twenty-five cents a dozen plants," you ask. "Yes'm," he answers. "And there are only twelve in one dozen. We don't give thirteen for a quarter or twenty-five for fifty cents," but when you're bundle is done up some bit of extra spring prettiness is added to it.

Lodge Entertains.

The members of Zenith Council Royal Lengue entertained at a banquet last evening at Elks' hall in celebration of the growth of the lodge within the last few months. The hall and tables were prettily decorated in lilies, and the dinner was served by the Ladies' guild of St. Luke's church. C. E. Piper, of Chicago, imperial scribe of the order, was toastmaster, and toasts were responded to by Rev. D. W. Michaels and Rev. R. J. Mooney. They were both happy speeches and enjoyed by the diners. The present officers of the organization are: Archon, George L. Hargreeves; vice archon, J. P. Hofferhan; orator, W. L. Papan; past archon, James Meakin, Jr.; scribe, L. P. Hurray; collector, H. H. Somers; treasurer, A. A. Deslauriers; prelate, G. E. Worcester; guide, Rovert V. L. Budden; warden, A. L. Foster; sentry, William F. Moore.

McGraw-Eischen.

This morning a pretty church wedding took place at St. James' Catholic church, at West Duluth, when Miss Margaret McGraw and Henry C. Eischen, were married. The church was prettily decorated and at 9 o'clock the service was read by Father Feehely. After the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. J. W. Boardwell, of Fifty-ninth avenue. Mr. and Mrs. Eischen will be at home in Duluth.

Events of Interest.

This evening the Bishop's club holds its last regular meeting of the year at the club room of the library. At the next meeting the officers for the ensuing year will be elected.

* * *

Tomorrow morning the May morning breakfast will be served at the Y. W. C. A., from 7 till 9. If the weather continues as fine as it has been for the past week a lot of people will take that constitutional that has been talked of for so long before breakfasting.

* * *

Tomorrow afternoon the Ladies' union of the Pilgrim Congregational church will entertain at a reception in the church parlors. The afternoon is especially planned for the new comers to the church, that they may meet the members. A very fine musical program has also been arranged.

* * *

Mrs. N. S. Hay entertained the members of the Young People's society of the First Baptist church last evening, at her home, 1308 East Fourth street. A delightful informal evening, with music, by Mrs. S. H. Gibson, Miss Edith Davis and Albert Ostergren, and games, was spent.

Personal Mention.

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Henderson are entertaining John Henderson, of Winnipeg.

Mrs. E. W. Russell and children leave today for Chicago, where they will make their home.

Miss Mabel Milham, state secretary of the Young Women's Christian association, is expected in town this evening from Minneapolis. She will remain in Duluth for a few days looking over the work of the local association.

An Unauthorized Substitute.

By Frank H. Sweet.

(Copyright, 1904, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

The Honduras, loaded with bananas, had been in only thirteen hours, but in those thirteen hours the great vessel had been emptied by half a thousand hurrying stevedores, and the fruit transferred to nearly as many ventilated cars, made up into a dozen or more long trains, whose engines were puffing impatiently to be off. All the cars had been given a little artificial warmth preliminary to the moist fruit generating heat of its own, and the stoves removed, and now the messenger in charge of sections of ten to twenty cars, were hastening to their stations, ready to start on the long trips to various parts of the North.

Two of the trains had already pulled out from the company's wharf to the main line, and a third was sounding out its last signalling whistle when a girl hurried down track nine, with a basket covered with a napkin and evidently containing a lunch. Messenger 16 was swaying unsteadily at the open door of a car, and the girl went straight to him, her eyes bright, her cheeks flushed. But as she drew near she suddenly recoiled, a look of terror coming to her face.

"Ben!" her white lips tried to say; but no sound came from them.

The man passed a hand across his brow, weakly, holding to the car by the other. The girl went a step nearer.

"What does this mean?" her voice quivered, hoarsely. "Oh! Ben."

Something of the agony in the cry seemed to penetrate the man's dulling brain, for a tremor went through him and he straightened suddenly as though by a great effort. But for some moments he could not speak, though he evidently tried hard. The dull eyes opened and shut heavily, and again the hand pressed across the forehead, as though to force some intelligence into the clogged brain. Then:

"Don't speak like that, girlie," an unrecognizable voice mumbled. "I'm not drunk. I never drank a drop in my life. You know I speak—true. It's a d-r-u-g"—his voice drifting back again into the stupor.

The girl was beside him with a swift movement, the basket thrust into the car, her hands placed firmly upon his shoulders, her eyes close and gazing straight into his, lovingly, compellingly.

"Ben?"—the voice forced itself into clearness and steadiness—"look at me, now, hard. What is it? Think!"

The man made a supreme effort.

"It was Messenger 12—Timson, you know—the man you refused. He offered me a drink of water, and I took it. Then he crossed to track three and jumped on board his train. It was the one that just pulled out."

"But what did he do it for?"

"Don't you understand, Delia?"—a sharp agony quivering into the voice. "This trip was to furnish the money for our wedding, and Timson knew it. He planned it just before my train starts, so I will lose the trip. There is no time to find a substitute. My train will go without me, and the company will be angery and discharge me for drunkenness, and—and"—his eyes again becoming dull and his form swaying more heavily—"and—I am losing myself. I—can't see you. Quick! girlie; you must find the manager and tell him it—isn't drink. A—a discharged messenger cannot—get—work anywhere."

He lurched forward and would have fallen, but she caught him in her strong, supple arms. A quick glance up and down showed that no one was in sight. The train on track five was just leaving the wharf, and six was sounding its last warning "el-ang." Half carrying and half leading him, she hurried Messenger 16 to the nearest outside entrance, only a few yards away. Several drays were standing about, waiting for a job. She motioned imperiously to the owner of the nearest.

"Listen, Ben," she said slowly, putting her lips close to the ears of the now almost insensible man in an effort to make him hear and comprehend: "I—am—going—to—send—you—home. You — mustn't—worry—a—bit — for—I—will — fix—it—all right. I will take these." He was holding his train papers tightly, and she unclasped them gently from his fingers. Then, as the drayman came forward with a knowing look at the drooping figure she was upholding, "Take this man to his home at once, 12 Rue Citronelle. Here is a dollar."

She hesitated a little, glancing at the drayman doubtfully. But there was no time for explanations. She could hear the engine on track seven clanging its bell for departure. Every moment was precious now; and, after all, it did not matter what the drayman thought. There were things of vastly more importance.

Inside, she again glanced sharply up and down. A man was running in her direction, heading toward the rear of train nine. She recognized him as Messenger 20, and a friend of Ben's. She stopped at the door of the car in which was her basket. As the man drew near he saw her and slackened his pace somewhat.

"Hello, Miss Delia!" he called; "come to see Ben off again, have you? And brought him another nice lunch, too! Well, well, but he's a lucky dog. I wish I were in his shoes. You must excuse my hurry, though. This train pulls out in three minutes, and I want to reach my section."

Della could hear her heart thumping in its anxiety.

"Your section is in the rear, I suppose?" she questioned, raising her voice so that he could hear, and trying to keep it from betraying too great interest in the answer.

"Yes"—over his shoulder—"the 18 rear cars. Ben has the forward 20. I switch off at Memphis for Jefferson City, and Ben goes on to Columbus. It's going to be a nasty trip, I'm afraid."

Delia's face cleared. She had learned all she wanted to know. There was no one else in sight, and 20's back was toward her. Placing her hands upon the floor of the car she gave a light spring and was within, sliding the door quickly behind her. She could hear men running along track eight and the train pulling out. A few moments later her own bell rang, and then the car began to move forward.

She had never been on a train before—never been out of New Orleans; but for all that she understood her duties as well as though she had a regular run. Her father had been a messenger, and her brother was one, and Ben had many times told her the details of his trip. All her life the home conversation had been of messengers and their work and ambitions. She must manipulate the ventilators of her twenty cars so as to have the heat just right to bring the bananas to prime marketable condition when she reached her destination. A few degrees too much either way might mean the loss of a great many thousand dollars to the company.

It was a nasty trip, as 20 had predicted. When they started, the outside thermometers were down to 31 degrees; six hours later they had risen to 70 degrees, and the next morning they were back to 31 degrees and falling. It meant a constant shifting of the ventilators, with an impossibility of keeping the car thermometers from fluctuating uneasily. Zero weather would have been infinitely preferable, for then the ventilators could have remained closed and the fruit would generate enough heat of its own. That night and the next day Delia did not trust herself to sit down once, for fear she might get drowsy or momentarily relax her vigilance. Too much depended upon obtaining the very best results just now.

She was careful to keep herself out of sight as much as possible, and this she was able to do the more readily on account of the fruit train making few stops. At Memphis 20's cars were switched off to connect with a train west, and her own section was attached to a train which had just pulled in from Galveston, her engine returned to New Orleans with a lot of empty cars.

A few hours later, at a watering stop, the new conductor caught sight of her as he was hurrying along the train. She was just sliding the door, but too late.

"Hello!" he cried, pausing abruptly; "a woman—tramp."

Delia slid back the door.

"No, sir," she answered quietly, holding up the papers she had taken from Ben; "I am in charge of this section. I haven't had a good chance to speak with you before."

The conductor gave a long whistle, which ended in an apologetic cough. But his face lengthened visibly.

"A woman in charge of a fruit section!" he ejaculated. "What's the company thinking of? Next we know girls will be put in as conductors and brakemen and engineers. Well, well! But I beg your pardon, miss. Hello! They need me down yonder," and he hurried away, still choking resentfully.

Seven days later Delia entered the company's office at New Orleans. The manager himself happened to be in, and he seemed to recognize her by the familiar-looking papers she carried in her hand. He came forward quickly. But at that moment a figure which had been lounging about the street door—a white, anxious-faced man, who had been peering into the office most of the time for the last eight days—also saw her and rushed in. She turned to him first.

"How are you, Ben?" she asked, eagerly; "all right?"

"Yes, yes; but you? What have you been up to girlie? The office has been full of talk."

The manager was beside them now.

"Is this Miss Della?" he inquired.

"Yes, sir. Here are the receipts your commission agent gave me. They said the fruit was in prime condition."

The manager took the papers and glanced them over hurriedly.

"Yes, yes; they're all right," he said. "But we knew that before. Our agents wired us. They said the fruit was in the very best condition—as good as they had ever received. I—I hardly know what to do about this. It's a most untoward thing, and should receive our severest censure, our most unyielding disapproval. And yet you did as well as our very best messenger—better, almost. I suppose we shall have to pass it over. But such a thing must never occur again. No"—as her gaze went inquiringly toward Ben—"we have not discharged him; only suspended him for investigation. He may go on the next trip. And you—well, it was a most untoward thing; but I suppose you did the best you could under such short notice. You may stop at the cashier's window for your money, and—yes, there's a little recognition for you there also. You saved us from a possible great loss. But, remember, the recognition is accompanied by our most severe censure."

J.P. Those suffering from weaknesses which sap the pleasures of life should take Jnven Pills. One box will tell a story of marvelous results. This medicine has more rejuvenating, vitalizing force than has ever been offered. Sent post-paid in plain package only on receipt of this adv. and $1.

Made by its originators C. I. Hood Co., proprietors Hood's Sarsaparilla, Lowell, Mass

HEAVY HEAD, SICK HEADACHE

Nervousness, Nervous Dyspepsia and Constipation Cured With Rea Bros.' Cascarin.

Between the nervous system and the different organs of the body exists such a bond of sympathy that the latter cannot suffer without producing an evil effect upon the other. This is the reason why so many ministers, officeholders and merchants, who are great thinkers, become nervous wrecks. The organs that are especially wont to trouble the brain are the stomach and liver. If you wish to keep your mind sharp, energetic and strong, be sure to keep your digestive organs in perfect order. Sometimes, however, even in the case of a careful person, medical aid must be resorted to. Then get the best, Rea Bros.' Cascarin. Cascarin is nature's own remedy for all stomach, liver, kidney and bowel troubles. It is made from roots, herbs, barks, plants and berries. Cascarine clears the bowels and stomach of the undigested food stuffs which adhere to the sides and clog up the passages. It exhilarates the flow of stomach juices, pepsin and gall, thus making digestion thorough and complete. Thinkers ought never to be without Carcarin. At all leading druggists, 50 cents a bottle.

BAND CONCERTS AT WORLD'S FAIR

Daily Program Will Be One of Interesting Features.

St. Louis, May 3.—A complete program of band concerts was inaugurated today, the concerts being rendered by Sousa's Ennes' and Well's bands, beginning in the early forenoon, continuing all day and until closing time at night. Daily band concerts will be one of the features of the fair.

It was announced that the proposed running of the intramural railroad would be abandoned for about two weeks owing to the necessity of utilizing the tracks for moving cars loaded with exhibits as fast as they arrive. It was expected that the intramural would be opened to the public today, but last night almost 1000 cars of exhibits arrived for distribution, and at once it was deemed necessary to use the intramural tracks and hurry the installation of exhibits as rapidly as possible.

The feature of today's program at the exposition was the dedication of Connecticut's state building. The building is located immediately east of Pennsylvania's building, on the plateau of states, and is a reproduction of the old mansion at Hartford that was occupied by Lydia Sigourney, who was famous as a writer of poetry. The finishings are of the most historical interest. The dedication ceremonies were called to order by President Wilcox of the Connecticut state committee, who formally tendered the building to the state. It was accepted by Lieutenant Governor Roberts in a brief address.

Vice President of the State Committee Charles Phelps then made an address, in which he spoke of the different contributions that Connecticut had made to the exposition. Other addresses followed by Walter B. Stevens, secretary of the exposition; F. M. Judson, L. F. Parker and Hobart Brinsmade, of St. Louis, Gen. Phelps Montgomery, national Commissioner F. A. Abbetts and F. M. Beder, superintendent of the public schools at New Haven. The ceremonies concluded with the singing of "America" by the audience. All the members of the Connecticut State World's fair commission were present.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Clergy Like It.—Here are a few names of clergymen of different creeds who are firm believers in Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder to "live up to the preaching" in all it claims. Bishop Sweatman, Rev. Dr. Langtry (Episcopalian); Rev. Dr. Withrow and Rev. Dr. Chambers (Methodist); and Dr. Newman, all of Toronto, Canada. Copies of their personal letters for the asking.—4.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

When you renovate your home, remember money-saving headquarters

is at the Big Glass Block Store, where the varieties are much the largest and prices much the lowest.

Linens, white goods and sheetings sale.

BED SPREADS—SHEETS AND PILLOW CASES—GREAT VALUES.

Large size pearl hemmed Bed Spreads, regular value $1.00—for, each 85c
Large size pearl hemmed Bed Spreads, regular value $1.25—for, each 98c
2x2½ yards, torn and ironed Sheets, regular price 60c—for, each 49c
2x2½ yards, torn and ironed Sheets, regular price 69c—for, each 55c
2¼x2½ yards, torn and ironed Sheets, regular price 69c—for, each 55c
2¼x2½ yards, torn and ironed Sheets, regular price 75c—for, each 63c
2x2½ yards, hemstitched Sheets, regular price 85c—for, each 68c
45x36 inch hemstitched Pillow Cases, regular price 20c—for, each 15c
45x36 inch torn and ironed Pillow Cases, regular price 20c—for, each 15c
45x36 inch torn and ironed Pillow Cases, regular price 15c—for, each 9c

Now is the time to buy your spring linens and save money. The stocks are complete and every item can be bought at a big saving.

Pattern Cloths—beautiful new designs, in a fine quality Irish linen—
Size 8x10—for $2.98
Size 8x12—for $3.50

¾ Napkins to match, $3.75 dozen.

Special bargains in our celebrated Belgian Cloths and Napkins. This beautiful line has no equal for quality and finish. Designs are all new this season.

8x10 Cloths, worth $6.50—for $4.50
8x12 Cloths, worth $7.50—for $5.75
8x14 Cloths, worth $10.00—for $7.50
9x9 Cloths, worth $7.50—for $5.75
¾ Napkins, worth $10.00—for $6.50
⅝ Napkins, worth $7.50—for $5.25

Half bleached Hotel Napkins, extra heavy quality, size 17x17, worth $1.25—for 95c.

Extra heavy all linen bleached Napkins—
Size 18x18, worth $1.50—for $1.12½
Size 20x20, worth $2.50—for $1.98
Size 26x26, worth $3.50—for $2.98
Size 26x26, worth $4.00—for $3.25

Extra heavy Silver bleached Hotel Damask; six beautiful designs to select from; 64 inches wide; worth 65c—for 42½c.

72-inch fine bleached Irish Damask, worth $1.25—for, a yard, 93c.

72-inch Silver bleached Damask, worth $1.25—for, a yard. 93c.

66-inch mercerized cotton Damask, heavy quality, worth 65c—for, a yard, 55c.

FURNITURE!

Every home in Duluth needs a few new pieces to furbish up the rooms and give them a tinge of summer gladness. Since we started selling furniture in opposition to the long-established "furniture trust," it is remarkable how very much cheaper you can buy **good furniture.** From a single piece to a completely furnished home, we save you actual money in the Big Glass Block Furniture Dept.

Our stock of parlor furniture is full of good, honest values, such as can be found nowhere in Duluth stores.

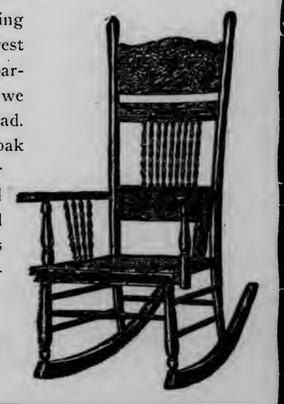
This parlor set, made in either mahoganized birch or solid quartered oak frames, upholstered in fine grade silk damask, backs are nicely tufted and seats are extra deep springs and spring edge—a very handsome as well as very serviceable set—worth $42.50—for $29.75

SPECIAL VALUES IN ODD PIECES.

Oak foot rest and solid oak table—two specials at 98c

Woven wire cots, hand made frames, well and strongly braced, made to fold, full sizes, 2-6x6-2; actual value $1.75 .... 98c

Wool Top Mattress, 98c; worth $1.75; size 2-6x6-2, to fit above cot; extra thick and well filled, with plenty of wool on top; worth $1.75—for 98c



We are showing by far the largest line of fine parlor Rockers we have ever had. A fine solid oak rocker, leather seat, beautiful carved back and turned spindles—worth $3.25—special at

$1.79

LACE CURTAINS.

Brussels net—6 patterns fine Brussels and Saxony net curtains. We have two to six pairs of each pattern; the regular selling price from $12.50 to $13.50—special $9.95

Nottingham and Scotch lace curtains—10 patterns on sale—regular value $3.75 to $4.50—per pair $2.50

CARPETS.

Tapestry Brussels, 10-wire, the closest weave manufactured—borders to match—per yard 79c

Bigelow body Brussels, all this season's designs, borders to match, a yard. $1.50

SMYRNA RUGS.

100 Smyrna rugs, have the appearance of Orientals and are reversible—

$2.25 quality for...$1.89 $2.75 quality for...$2.25 $3.95 quality for.....$3.25.

MATTINGS.

Japanese and China mattings—an unusually large assortment of these popular summer—goods—per yard..... 35c to 12½c

Crex grass matting—36 inches wide, in plain colors and stripes—per yard 39c

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE.

Important savings! Our business in this department is growing marvelously. We are selling largely at wholesale and are getting the very best terms that can be made by any house in America with patteries and importers. We positively undersell on every item.

DINNER SETS—Meakins' white semi-porcelain—new "Harvest" shape, regular price per set of 100 pieces $7.95—special $6.48

TUMBLERS—Flute bottom, medium weight—regular price $2.25—special price per dozen $1.69

TOILET SETS—new shape, handsomely tinted in maroon and blue, with gold tracing, sets consist of 12 pieces—including slop jar, worth $6.50—special price $4.95

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AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

A WEAK IMPERIALIST.

It is not difficult to see the near approach of the finish of American imperialism. Very many of those citizens who saw in American occupation of the Philippines the directing hand of Providence or that it was our destiny and duty are beginning to lose faith in the accuracy of their own judgment. Actual experience has cured them of their delusions. Only those who have some direct financial interest in American occupation of the Philippines are yet willing to assert that God willed it so and that it would be "cowardly" to desert the islands "to the reign of anarchy that would surely follow," or even to promise ultimate independence.

Archibald Colquhoun, a writer and traveler who is admired for his political sagacity as well as for his literary ability, who has made a thorough study of existing conditions in the Philippines, has given expression to his distrust of the successful issue of American imperialism in a book called "Greater America," which he has just published. He writes:

"There have been displayed by American officials a devotion, ability and disinterestedness which reflect the highest honor on themselves and their country; but the conditions under which they hold office, and, above all, the demands made on them by public opinion in America, have seriously hampered them in constructive work.

"What was wanted was less idealism and more common sense—a curious criticism to make on American achievements, but nevertheless true. If the average American could see in the expansion of his race its true significance; if he could rid himself of the idea that he alone possesses the touchstone of freedom; if he were less concerned with the ethics of government and more with its practical justice and incorruptibility—if, in fact, he ceased to masquerade as the apostle of liberty and were content to apear simply as a peace-and-order-loving Anglo-Saxon he would immensely simplify the task he has set himself."

It is evident that Mr. Colquhoun is not concerned because, in our folly, we have violated our national honor and set up a scheme of government in antagonism to the Declaration of Independence and the constitution. What concerns him is the fact that the American people are not practical expansionists. They think their brand of liberty is so good that they want to force it upon everybody with whom they come in contact. They are too liberal to be successful organizers of colonies in countries inhabited by inferior races. What this writer and his ilk want is a government and people not so "squeamish" about doing things to those we have conquered. What they desire is that America shall rule with an iron rod and so dominate affairs that the natives will be in practical slavery. That is the way, they believe, to profit by governing other people.

But fortunately for ourselves the American people as a class are not built that way, although a few are. They insist upon some show of honesty, decency and liberty. That we are impractical imperialists is our best recommendation. It is better to leave that kind of work to the greedy and blood-thirsty aristocracy of old-world powers. Our national policy should be never to raise the flag except as a protection for the weak against the strong—to advance the cause of liberty and self-government to the uttermost ends of the earth. But we will be hindered and retarded in that God-given task as long as we hamper ourselves with an imperialistic government in the Philippines and Porto Rico.

No republic can exist and fulfill its destiny that is part slave and part free.

TO DEFEAT THE PEOPLE.

That there is a purpose on the part of the street car interests of Chicago to defeat the will of the people as expressed at the recent municipal election, is shown in the fact that several of the newspapers of that place refer to city ownership as "an idle dream." One of them, the Chicago Journal, says:

"It is true that the vote in favor of municipal ownership was large. Doubtless a proposition submitted to the voters calling upon Mayor Harrison to give every male resident of the city a house and lot, an automobile, several years' supply of coal, and other household necessities, would also be carried by a large majority. The mayor, however, would be very foolish if he undertook to execute a command of that kind, even though it came from the voters. * * * He will be sustained by the community * * * if he now disposes of the issue by granting the street car companies a new lease of life for not to exceed twenty years on conditions that will turn into the city treasury the proper proportion of street car revenues."

While The Herald is disposed to let Chicago settle its own problems, it cannot help wondering why there could not be immediate municipal ownership of street railways. It would seem that if the street railways could be appraised at their actual value it would be as easy for the city to acquire them as it would be for the present owners to sell them to some other individual or company. No doubt they are operated principally on borrowed capital, but whether this is true or not there is probably no money lender in the world who would hesitate to lend the city up to the amount of the actual value of the plants so that the present bondholders and stockholders could be paid off. It would be just as easy as falling off a log.

But the trouble is just here. Without a franchise these street railways are not worth as much as they have been stocked and bonded for. The stocks and bonds have taken into account the value of the franchise. Hence the anxiety to have new franchises granted. Hence the designation of city ownership as an "idle dream."

It is sometimes preferable to give a contract rather than to begin municipal operation. Perhaps that is the present situation in Chicago. But the city could at least retain the ownership of the franchise and lease it year by year at a fair rental value. The people have asked for city ownership and the will of the people ought to be obeyed, no matter what the newspapers may think or what Mayor Harrison may think or whether his refusal to obey the popular will would receive the sanction and support of "representative business men," which is an assurance of the Chicago Journal.

THEY FOUND THE CAUSE.

A committee of North Side board of trade business men of New York have discovered, or think they have discovered, what is the matter with the schools of that city, and why it is that boys and girls who apply for work after completing a course in the grammar grades do not know how to spell.

After an investigation, the board's educational committee has decided that too little time is given to the "formal studies"—arithmetic, grammar, spelling, etc.,—and too much to the "content studies"—history, science and the like. The committee asks:

"If a boy cannot spell the word 'criminal,' if he does not know the meaning of that word, of what use are the courts of justice?

"If a girl does not know whether 'seminary' or 'cemetery' should begin with an 's' or a 'c,' how will she know where to attend now, and where to go for the hereafter?"

After interviewing the teachers and making such other investigation as was possible the committee concluded that "too much was attempted" in the schools and not enough time was devoted to the fundamentals. The committee recommended as a remedy:

"That the courses of study in our elementary schools be so arranged that the students receive a lesson every day in reading, writing, spelling, grammar, arithmetic, history and geography. These lessons would consume from a half to an hour's time each, which would leave little time for what we will call the higher studies. This is as it should be. Neither music, German, nature studies nor the like should be introduced too early in the course nor frequently enough to in any way interfere with the students graduating from our grammar schools with a thorough and accurate knowledge of the fundamental studies, which are the foundation for the high school or college courses, the business offices or the homes. Let accuracy be the keynote. Seventy-five per cent in his studies will pass a student from class to class, from grammar school to high school or college, but he must remember that actual work for himself, for his employer, requires a standard of 100 per cent."

Here at least was a body of presumably intelligent business men who, after a visit to their schools, do not agree with a recent Cloquet writer that "the system of our schools anywhere and everywhere is better than it was." While the members of this committee set their standard of scholarship rather too high, The Herald is inclined to agree with them that not enough time is devoted to the rudiments and fundamentals of education of the grade schools. The plan of the ordinary grade school is altogether too haphazard and happy-go-lucky.

THE FIELD SURVEY

Having routed the curiosity seekers, "Mrs. Wiggs" is now also boss of the "Cabbage Patch."

* * *

Did you notice that The Herald's spring editorial was properly timed?

* * *

It is said that eighty-five square miles of coal has been discovered in Alaska. Now see the people urge the government to give it away to somebody so that they can have the privilege of buying it back at high prices from a trust.

* * *

It is noted by the New York Sun that Dalzell also escaped by way of the statute of limitations. The Republican members of congress evidently did not care to find out whether Cockran received pay for his services or not.

* * *

A couple of Biwabik men tried to make money easy by passing counterfeit bills. They will find in time that it is easier and cheaper to work for and earn it.

* * *

The mayor of Council Bluffs, Ia., having run out the gamblers at the point of a gun, the Chicago Journal expects quite an addition to the population of the Windy City.

* * *

The Brooklyn Eagle does not want Democrats to bring up anything that President Roosevelt said or did before he was president. The Eagle is probably afraid that something might be discovered that was creditable.

* * *

If Bourke Cockran was wrong as often as his name is spelled wrong, he would be considered a moral pervert. Some newspapers do not like the way he spells Bourke, others are not pleased at his spelling of Cockran, while the large majority do not like the spelling of either name.

* * *

If, as is claimed, Chinese labor is good enough for American colonies, why is it not good enough for America?

* * *

How does it make a hero of a man when the man he goes to save overturns his boat and drowns him? What is there especially heroic in going to a drowning man's assistance in a boat? There is an element of danger to be sure, but so there is in going fishing or hunting.

* * *

The pastor of an English church complains that there is too much courting during services and a committee has been appointed to discuss and recommend preventative measures. Did these good people ever stop to think that church courtship encourages matrimony to the distinct financial advantage of the pastor, and that there is nothing that has a greater influence in drawing young men within the sacred influence of the sanctuary than the opportunities there afforded for satisfying admiration of the gentler sex? Why do some people so soon forget the valuable lessons of their own experience? The man who would discourage courtship within the church or out must, indeed, have a cold and hardened heart.

* * *

There be those who think that as long as the president remains in Washington there is not much use for congress anyway.

* * *

The necessity for big battleships will continue to be "insistent" just as long as there are shipbuilding contractors and armor-plate manufacturers who would like an easy way of adding to their store of riches. The lecture tour of Hero Hobson informed the American people of that fact just as plain as plain could be.

* * *

John Lind is again metnioned as a candidate for governor, and the remark is often heard that if Dunn is nominated Lind will become a candidate because he has a grudge against Dunn. Don't you believe it. Lind may hate Dunn like poison, but he is possessed of good sense.

* * *

When in doubt, try The Herald want columns.

* * *

Did you ever try the experiment of threatening to send your erring child to a second performance of "Parsifal" as an inducement to be good?

* * *

The Japs appear to have just as good land as sea legs. Their fighting shows the usual quality of that exhibited by patriots defending their own country from encroachment.

TALKS WITH THE STATE PRESS.

Joel P. Heatwole takes up a column of his Northfield News to deny that he ever sought to make a political deal with C. A. Smith, of Minneapolis, in behalf of R. C. Dunn, and as a clincher, after relating the fact that Smith had been convicted of timber trespass and indicted for timber theft, says: "While Mr. Heatwole is not looking for political office, he has not grown so careless that he would endeavor to effect a combination with a man with a record of this kind."

* * *

The Virginian says: "Nine years ago the Virginian made its appearance and today we celebrate our tenth anniversary." Why it celebrates its anniversary a year in advance of the event is not made plain, but perhaps it is with the worthy object of keeping ahead of the procession, as usual. The Virginian has been enlarged to a seven-column folio and Editor Cuppernull promises many improvements.

* * *

The Herald-Review argues for fairness to the pioneers of the northern half of Itasca county in the distribution of the $50,000 road fund. That is right. Fairness would suggest that the northern half get the larger half. It is an empire of vast promise.

* * *

After while we hope to see for the last time that story about the Mesaba range which begins, "Just about thirteen years ago a lone and weary explorer—" and which was originally published just about two years ago.

* * *

Elbert Bede has evidently succeeded in getting more notoriety out of the recital of that spanking episode than he received good from the spanking. It is too bad that he was not born into a family where there was a heavyweight pa.

* * *

The need of good roads in settling a new country is made manifest by the following quotation printed across the head of the first page of the Aitkin Independent: "We have many people, who have bought land through this office, who wish to move in, but who are waiting for roads, and if they do not get them, will drop or dispose of their holdings in Aitkin country.—L. B. Arnold, land agent Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railway."

* * *

The Minnesota Syrup, Oil and Vinegar company of Minneapolis, will establish a factory at Clearwater for the manufacture of syrup from pumpkins. It is claimed that a high grade of pure Vermont maple syrup can be produced from this pie fruit.

IF YOU DO NOT KNOW, YOU OUGHT TO KNOW:

That it is estimated that the education and bringing up of every child in this country costs the nation $1000. That sum represents the capital invested in each citizen. Assuming that it costs Ireland but one-fifth of that amount or $200 to bring up a child, she has lost, completely lost, an investment of $800,000,000 in the past fifty years by reason of the emigration, chiefly to this country. Her loss has been our gain.

* * *

That one night in the middle of January last, a comparatively restricted territory in London was visited with the object of counting the homeless ones. There were found 1663 men, 196 women, 46 boys and 4 girls, (the boys and girls being under 16 years of age), who where walking the streets or asleep under stairs and areaways. Besides these there were 23,442 people asleep in "common" lodging houses, places of temporary shelter, so that it is safe to calculate that in London city one out of every 2000 people has no fixed abode or means of sustenance.

* * *

That the latest estimate of the numbers of people practicing the different religions gives the Christians as 549,000,000; Mohammedans, 202,000,000; Jews, 11,000,000; Confucians, 253,000,000; Taoiasts, 32,000,000; Shintoists, 17,000,000. The same authority states that the population of the world is very nearly evenly divided between Monotheists and Polotheists.

* * *

That the Southern states are producing one-half the lumber cut in America.

HOTEL GOSSIP

Eugene S. Bruce was at the St. Louis last night on his way from Washington to Cass Lake, having gone East about three weeks ago to attend to some matters in connection with the bureau of forestry, of which he is the chief lumberman. Frank Stadden, N. E. Jesmer and C. Belair, of Princeton, state timber estimators, are also at the St. Louis.

Mr. Bruce's visit to Washington was to deliver reports to Chief Forester Pinchot, of the forestry bureau and carry some statistics to the government which will be of use in helping to carry out provisions of the Morris law. While away Mr. Bruce visited his former home in the Adirondack mountains, New York, and gave to the government of that state some information on the subject of timber.

* * *

W. P. Veitch and wife, of Eveleth, are at the Spalding.

* * *

A party of Deerwood people stopping at the McKay are R. C. Monfort, Miss M. A. Monfort, Cuyler Adams and Dan Currie.

* * *

Judge W. B. Holman and wife, of Grand Rapids, are guests of the McKay.

* * *

J. T. Fanning, of Minneapolis, frequently receives mail intended for J. T. Fanning of Indianapolis. Their names and initials are exactly alike and those unfamiliar with the address of the Hoosier man sometimes mistakenly write Minneapolis on the envelopes and the consequence is that they are carried to the wrong man.

J. T. Fanning, of Minneapolis, is a well known engineer and is employed in a consulting capacity by the Great Northern Power company. He was registered at the Spalding yesterday, and was seen there by a Herald reporter. He said he had never met the Indianapolis gentleman, who is grand exalted ruler of the Elks order in the United States, and a well known Democratic politician in the Hoosier capital. The latter's first name is Joseph while the engineer's first name is John. They have corresponded now and again over some of the misdirected mail.

* * *

"That picture recalls old times to me."

The remark was uttered back of the Lyceum stage Saturday in one of the halls leading to the various dressing rooms, and the man who uttered it was Forest Stood, an actor with the Blanche Walsh company, who was looking over the gallery of faces exhibited in the frames along the wall.

"It's a picture of Allene Crater," said he.

The picture was of a young woman dressed in a fancy costume with short skirts, and wearing a very pleased look. She was gathering the edges of her skirt in her hands as though about to start to dance.

"I remember her will. She was a soubrette at one time and a very good one, although I don't know where she is now nor what line of parts she may be playing, if she is still on the stage.

"But I used to live in Denver, Col., and that is her home, or was when I lived there. I was a little kid and remember very well that the firm of Skinner Bros. & Wright was in those days a well-known clothing house, now dissolved. Mr. Wright is mayor of Denver today. Well, that clothing house was raffling a pony, and I wanted the pony, and like all the other kids around town that had any desire to own a steed, was working as hard as I could to get the necessary coupons. But Allene was not only a greatly favored little girl, owing to her many friendships, but she had a young brother working for her who worked like a Trojan and landed the pony for his sister.

"I remember just as well how she used to ride around behind that pony in that little cart and how correspondingly jealous I was—or envious. The better or happier she looked when on her outings the more cast down was I over not getting the prize. But it seemed a very short time after that when she went on the stage. I don't believe it was more than a couple of years, at any rate."

* * *

The local house hunter who was having so much trouble about getting a location, as related in this column a few days since, has located. He is no longer feeding and sleeping in a hotel, but has taken himself to a new house, where everything looked nice until the time came for starting the water, when the pipes were found to have frozen during the winter and to be unable to conduct the water the stipulated distance. There were numerous leaks when the force was turned on, and it is a well-known fact that the Duluth water pressure is no joke.

But this was a small item of discomfort compared with the agony of getting the furnace ready for use. The furnace is not so essential just now, although it is liable to be at any minute, and this gentleman thought that while he was cleaning the cellar that he would give the furnace a renovating at the same time. He found a number of things in the furnace besides ashes and clinkers. The search was instigated owing to the failure of the shaker to work. He thought he would shake down the ashes and proceeded to try to do so. The shaker remained motionless despite muscular efforts to coerce it into action. He found that the only way to do was to take out the grates. He was to get at the foreign matter located in the heat maker. So he got the grate apart and took it out, with many exclamatory interruptions such as are never heard in Sunday school. He got out four wheel barrow loads of ashes. But the ashes were merely an incident, for the people who lived in the house before him had evidently been very cleanly folks and hated to see loose dirt and refuse lying around. So they had used the furnace to store it in. Among the stuff taken out besides the ashes were about thirty feet of wire in all, the material coming in different lengths, bottles partly melted twenty-penny nails, two-thirds of a claw-hammer and the tops of numerous tin cans. Just what else he found he could not remember, but he insists that the list thus far is enough to satisfy any reasonable person, even a reporter thirsting for trouble—that comes to others.

* * *

Mrs. E. Latremoulle and Mrs. L. A. Cartier, of Ashland, are St. Louis arrivals.

* * *

R. C. Lammers and C. B. Staples, two prominent young men of Stillwater, who have been in the South, are at the St. Louis. They expected to return home shortly.

* * *

N. L. Clark and wife, of Two Harbors, are among the late hotel arrivals.

* * *

At the Spalding: M. W. McNally, New Richmond; Norman W. Hiane, Ironwood; G. W. Baden, Mc Mettan, Wis.; C. C. Barker, Bay City; A. L. Ried, Chicago; W. B. Pittsburg, Minneapolis; J. S. Cohen, Nelson Frank, E. J. Wirth, F. P. Falconnet, St. Paul; Julius Shouelling, Virginia; J. F. Twitchell, Hibbing; C. W. Cartwright, F. H. Barney, C. L. Easton, William Nesbitt, A. W. Rankin, L. A. Cosner, F. M. Greene, J. H. Abrams, W. C. Tubbs, J. Kantrowitz, A. Garrity, Minneapolis; A. W. Clark, Green Bay; O. A. Tonstadt, S. C. McCoy, R. H. Stack, St. Paul; L. H. Schnabel, Grand Forks; J. J. Conolly, Marquette.

* * *

At the St. Louis: James E. Cornell, Marquette; C. J. Reynolds, Milwaukee; A. E. Carter, Ludington; G. H. Good, Winton; L. O. Reppard, Hugo Heyse, J. Tagarus, D. M. Thomas, Charles Brown, Minneapolis; H. C. Smith, Joe Hurley, John F. Nicauger, P. N. Peterson, M. D. Kelly, Albert Goodman Cornelius Neylon, Andy Twomy, J. W. Gilboy, J. D. Altman, St. Paul; Joseph L. Levy, Ashland; W. H. Shea, Eveleth; P. R. Harmon, Battle Creek, Mich.; Harry Thomson, Hibing; Ed Finchh, Virginia; P. H. Coates, St. Cloud; Harry Park, Ashland; H. H. Cain, Carlton; R. J. McGhee, Aurora; Henry P. Fink, Detroit; E. Swansea, Moose Lake; M. O'Connor, Milwaukee; Dr. N. Booth, Ashland; J. T. McKenney, Hammond, La.; F. N. G. Reynolds, Chicago; D. B. McDonald, Virginia; D. A. Dunn, Cohasset; O. J. Kave, Chippewa Falls; M. A. Tornlus, Stillwater; E. M. Smith Hibbing; A. E. Neal, Grand Rapids; J. B. Mason, Marquette.

* * *

At the McKay: N. J. Jalley, Tower; David H. Lawrence, Two Harbors; D. R. McAlpine, Grand Marais; George H. Paddock, Hibbing; T. J. Bell, Anderson, S. C.; A. M. Martin, St. Paul; L. R. Weaver, Detroit; M. T. Abern, St. Paul; D. W. Johnson, Milwaukee; E. F. Miller, Bemidji; J. L. Harwood, Chicago, Ill.; S. L. Lewis, St. Paul.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (central time), May 3.—The New Mexico storm has remained stationary, and has also lost energy. It is cooler in the Rocky mountain region with frosty weather there, but in the other sections, especially to the eastward temperatures are moderate. The barometer remains high in Northeastern districts, and North Pacific states. Light to heavy rains fell over the Rocky mountains and Eastern slopes and Florida.

The following are the maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	86	Medicine Hat	64
Battleford	59	Memphis	80
Bismarck	74	Miles City	66
Boston	58	Milwaukee	62
Buffalo	68	Minnedosa	70
Calgary	58	Modena	48
Charleston	76	Montgomery	78
Chicago	56	Moorhead	70
Cincinnati	72	New Orleans	80
Davenport	70	New York	62
Denver	52	North Platte	72
Detroit	66	Oklahoma	78
Dodge City	68	Omaha	72
Duluth	56	Pittsburg	72
Edmonton	54	Portland	64
El Paso	74	Qu'Appelle	68
Escanaba	68	Rapid City	64
Galveston	76	San Francisco	64
Green Bay	60	Santa Fe	52
Havre	66	Shreveport	80
Telena	50	Spokane	62
Huron	74	St. Louis	68
Jacksonville	78	St. Paul	76
Kamloops	68	Sault Ste. Marie	74
Kansas City	74	Swift Current	50
Knoxville	82	Washington	70
La Crosse	74	Williston	74
Lander	48	Winnemucca	56
Los Angeles	66	Winnipeg	80
Marquette	66		

Forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Wednesday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Wednesday. Fresh northeast winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, May 3.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Wednesday: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Wednesday. Slight change in temperature.

Minnesota—Fair tonight and Wednesday. Slight change in temperature.

The Dakotas—Fair tonight and probably Wednesday.

LINES TO A LAUGH.

Boston Investigator: "If an angel should appear to you and offer you three wishes," said the imaginative young woman, "what would you do?"

"I'd sign the pledge," answered the matter-of-fact man.

Atlanta Constitution: A colored citizen gave a justice of the peace a big, fat possum as a wedding fee. Meeting the justice a year after his marriage the former said:

"Well, Jim, how do you like married life?"

"Well, sah," was the reply, "all I kin say is I wish I'd eat dat possum!"

New York Herald: Uncle Pete (entering with something under his coat): "What wud you say, A'nt Dinah, of de good Lord wuz teh send us some'n mighty pow'ful good to' suppah?"

Aunt Dinah: "I shud say dat wuz a miracle."

Uncle Pete (producing a pair of chickens): "Dat's right, A'nty; dat's just what it wuz, a miracle. Nothin' short ob a miracle wud have made de colonel fo'git teh lock de hennery do'."

Tit-Bits: Goodson—It was Lawyer Townsmum that won my lawsuit for me.

Simply—Why, I thought he was on the opposing side.

Goodson—He was.

New York Journal: "Judge—And you say you went through Columbia college. What brought you to this?

Second-Story Sam—Well, yer see, dey caught me goin' t'rough.

Chicago Post: "Was it an elaborate wedding?"

"Elaborate!" exclaimed the fair divorcee. I should think it was. Why, is was so elaborate that you'd think she never expected to have another."

Philadelphia Press: Mrs. Hiram Offen—What! another dish broken? See here, Bridget, at that rate my dishes won't last a month.

Bridget—Oh, don't worry about thot. O'll be t'avin ye before a month, ma'am.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: You can mostly always tell who is the boss at home by the way the man lords it around in his office.

A woman always has an idea that she would enjoy having a broken heart if it matched her style of beauty.

Working late at the office always makes a man want to put on a mackintosh to go to bed in, but a woman can never seem to understand it.

What is the use of discussing women in business when two of them will hang to the opposite ends of a telephone wire for 45 minutes trying to explain something men would settle in 10 seconds and think five of them wasted?

How Hearst Misrepresents.

The Public, Chicago, (Radical Dem.): Some effort was made at the Bryan meeting to give an appearance of its being a Hearst meeting. But this resulted in utter failure. A few cheers for Hearst two or three times were so feeble as to dispirit the Hearst clique that started them. Those were enough, however, to afford excuse for an elaborately false description of the meeting in the Hearst papers as a Hearst meeting, and to account for a page headline in Hearst's Examiner, which was insulting to Bryan as well as misrepresentative of the audience: "Bryan's gathering causes ovation for Hearst; listens to Ex—but cheers next candidate." It is a pity that Hearst's papers cannot get far enough away from the proprietor's personality to make their news reports veracious and to elevate their political policy to the level of political principle. All the cheering at Bryan's meeting, and there was much of it and very enthusiastic, was for Bryan's declarations of principle. It was no man's meeting; but it was a Democratic meeting. And the speech throughout was for no man, but was a straightforward appeal to conscience.

Excuses For Drinking.

Chicago Journal: Mrs. J. P. Odell told the Woman's Domestic guild that bad cooking drives men to drink. But an old Latin poet has her beat a block. We have translated this from a primer used in the old Roman schools when Romulus and Remus played hookey:

Ac-cord-ing to my way of think-ing,
Five caus-es there are found of drink-ing.
Good wine, you may have guessed, is first,
The sec-ond's if you have a thirst;
The third is you may have one soon;
The fourth is a com-pan-ion boon;
The fifth, dear chil-dren, my, O my!
Is an-y oth-er rea-son why.

Mr. Cushman Took It Hard.

There was a time when one or two colored men were permitted on the floor of the house during the session, as they were contesting seats of Southern members, says the Washington Post. One day one of them was in the seat occupied by Representative Cushman, of Washington, and the latter, being a good natured man, did not disturb him. It was on this day that the house was all torn up over a report of "charges against members of congress." During the discussion a group of members said something about Cushman.

"He would be just the man to rip this thing open as it deserves," remarked one. "By the way, where is Cushman?" asked another.

Then they turned toward the Washington member's seat and saw the black man in it, and one man dramatically remarked:

"Well, I be——, if this thing has not made Cushman black in the face!"

The School of Thieves.

New York letter to Cleveland Plain Dealer: A grocer was driving up Eighth avenue, his eyes on his horses' ears. His wagon was loaded with vegetables he had just purchased at the produce market. A canvas cover was over the barrels and boxes, but he had left one side insecurely fastened. A boy ran by the side of the wagon, and two other small boys kept close to him. He slipped his hand under the cover and took out an apple, then another and another. Each was passed in turn to the other small boys. As the rig was lost sight of in a mass of vehicles, the boy was still reaching for apples, and the driver was looking at his horses' ears. A dozen people looked on and laughed, but not one of them said a word. The school for thieves in New York City is always in session.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Northfield News: Minnesota Republicans should declare for tariff revision—equal taxation—lower freight rates—1 per cent gross earnings tax—against all railroad mergers—prosecution of the Steel trust railroads for merging, etc. Give the people a chance once in a while.

Clay County Herald: Quite frequently we read of ungetlemanly performances at our State university between classmen of different ranks. In one place they will be having a bloody fight over a worthless flag, in another a prize fight to settle the question of what they shall wear, and so on—always somebody has to be "laid out." If this is the kind of civilization education recommends, we would suggest a trial something else. The State university should stand as a model of law and order instead of the opposite.

St. Cloud Times: The Hearst boomers in Minnesota are going to Duluth in a special car and although they may not succeed in landing any of the delegates for Willie, they will have the pleasure of making a whole lot of noise. The tom tom is the Hearst argument.

Minneapolis Tribune: Brother H. F. Titus, of Seattle, is delivering a lecture in these parts on "How the Rich Get Rich." What we would like to know is how the poor can get rich without taking the chances with their immortal souls that some of the rich have.

Grand Rapids Herald-Review: The Herald-Review has quite an extensive exchange list and they are a representative lot of weekly and daily papers. Their editorial columns are closely scanned from day to day and we cannot fail to note the absence of any apparent interest in the sort of men who will represent the state at the next session of the legislature. It is all Dunn and anti-Dunn; Collins and anti-Collins, with an occasional Eddy. Now, for a fact, it does not matter a great deal to a great many publishers of newspapers whether it be Dunn, Collins or Eddy. But it does matter a great deal to all the publishers and to all the people who shall represent the legislative districts. The legislatures are the boys who make and unmake the laws. The governor is simply a figurehead.

THE GAME LAWS.

Big Forks Compass: The game protection laws of this state are framed to make out-laws. They are expensive, useless and unpatriotic.

They create a royal snap for one man, giving him despotic power and a Teutian bodyguard.

Traitors are born wherever they are enforced, and anarchists breed where those laws are neglected.

Game law enforcement is a farce, except to those who pay the bills, $50,000 is thus thrown away yearly.

The Grand Rapids Independent points out that Chief Game Warden Chief Grabber Fullerton wants a stronger law compelling any man who hunts small game to get a license.

He wants a license for killing a squirrel—a tax on every gun!

"The rights of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed," says the federal constitution. But Fullerton and the city gun clubs are bigger than the constitution, when it comes to framing game laws.

It is time to head Fullerton off, before he taxes butcher knives and licenses fish right kind of a man to the legislature to show up the injury, weakness and folly show up the injury, weakness and folly of the present games laws.

Had Intellect on Brain.

Harper's Bazar: A note, written by an anxious mother, to a New England school teacher:

"Dear Miss, plese do not push Johnny to hard for so much of his branes is intelleck that he ought to be held back a good deal or he will run to intelleck entirely an I do not desire this. So plese hold him back so as to keep his intelleck from getting bigger than his body an injuring him for life."

Got What They Wanted.

Lippincott's Magazine: Over in the mosquito country an old farmer died. He was reputed to be rich. After his death, however, it was found that he died penniless. His will was very brief. It ran as follows:

"In the name of God, amen. There's only one thing I leave. I leave the earth. My relatives have always wanted that. They can have it. Bill L. Inder."

A Seasoned Rustic.

Harper's Weekly: The young daughter of a prominent New York financier, who had passed most of her years either in the city or at the large summer resorts, recently paid her first visit to a real country home. She was anxious to show that she was not altogether ignorant of rural conditions, and when a dish of honey was set before her on the breakfast table she saw her opportunity.

"Ah," she observed, carelessly, "I see you keep a bee."

Renunciation.

Do right, sweetheart, and persevere,
With steadfast eye and brow austere.
Apart our ways forever lie;
We must remember—you and I—
So shall we keep our conscience clear.

And then, without reproach or fear
We'll drift asunder, year by year;
But, once—before we say goodby,
Do write, sweatheart.

Of course, in such exalted sphere
I do not care fond words to hear;
Yet in my heart is just one cry
For one dear name before I die;
So in the letter—oh, my dear,
Do write, "sweetheart."
—CAROLYN WELLS in Smart Set.

In Ancient Days.

New York Sun: Belshazzar observed the writing on the wall.

"I suppose," he wailed, "that means my wife will have the room repapered, and I'll have to eat in the coal bin."

Fearing the worst, he was pleasantly disappointed by the ensuring disasters.

Atropos was spinning the thread of life.

"This is an easy job," she remarked. "Suppose I had to spin the yarn a man tells when he comes home late!"

With a thankful sigh, the Fate turned again to her task.

PENNSYLVANIA DIVIDEND.

Philadelphia, May 3.—The board of directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad company yesterday declared the regular 3 per cent semi-annual dividend.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
C. A. Marshall, Manager.
SOUVENIR MATINEE WEDNESDAY 25c.
FIVE NIGHTS
FLORENCE STONE Elaborate Revival of Dumas' Masterpiece—
"CAMILLE"
Magnificent costumes, gorgeous production. Regular summer prices—10c, 25c, 35c and 50c—no higher. "Camille" at Superior Saturday Night, May 7—May 9, "The Charity Ball." At Duluth—Stetson's Traveling "Uncle Tom's Cabin," Saturday, May 7, Matinee 25c, Night 10c, 25c, 35c and 50c.

METROPOLITAN THEATER
Kennedy Stock Co.
TONIGHT
and Wednesday Nights and Wednesday Matinee,
"GRIT, THE NEWSBOY."
Thursday, Friday and Saturday Nights and Saturday Matinee, "WICKED LONDON."
Night Prices 10c, 15c, 25c, 50c. Matinee 10c, 25c.
Commencing May 10—"Robert McCair."
Commencing May 18—"Knobs o' Tennessee."
Mrs. Fiske in "Mary of Magdala," May 9.

URGES THE TEST

Inspector Langslow Would Inspect Cattle For Tuberculosis.

But Two Dairies Inspected Thus Far—Test Not Compulsory.

W. Langslow, the meat and dairy inspector of the city, is busily engaged at present in preparing his semi-annual list of the dairies in the city that have complied with all of the regulations of the health department and that are in a clean and sanitary condition.

The work of inspecting them will occupy several days yet, and the report will not be ready much before the middle of the month.

The plan of inspecting all of the cattle shipped into the city for dairying purposes has been adopted. During May three carloads of cows were inspected and twenty-seven samples of milk tested. Two horses were killed for glanders during April, and 1150 pounds of meat condemned.

The second dairy in the city to have its cows subjected to the test for tuberculosis was that of Tellif Olson, at 4156 West Sixth street. Nine cows were tested for the dread disease, and they were all found to be clean and in a healthy condition.

It is proposed to continue the work of testing cattle for tuberculosis, and Inspector Langslow is very anxious to have it made compulsory and require all milk dealers to have a certificate stating that their cattle have been subjected to the tuberculin test.

"If the people could see some of the sights I have witnessed," said Mr. Langslow this morning, "there would be a storm of indignation against allowing any dealer to keep cattle that had not been tested for this disease. If they could only see a cow that is affected with tuberculosis and realize what widespread effects it is certain to have there would not be a moment lost in passing an ordinance covering it.

"In St. Paul and Minneapolis every milk dealer has to get a license, which does not cost anything, but before he can get it his cattle must be subjected to the tuberculosis test, and no milk can be shipped into the city from any dealer whose cattle have not been subjected to the same test.

"At present all dealers who offer their cattle for the tuberculin test are accommodated, but up to the present time only two dairies have been inspected.

"I discovered one case of tuberculosis during last month in a cow owned by a private family. It had just been purchased and when the woman who owned it found the true condition of the animal she was horrified to think that her children had been drinking the milk for several days. I finally made the man who had sold it to her take the animal back and return the purchase price."

UNDER REIGN OF REVOLVER

Colorado's Condition Is Without Parallel In This Country.

Chicago, May 3.—A special from Telluride, Col., to the Record-Herald, in part says: Colorado is in a condition of industrial chaos without parallel in the history of the United States.

The decision of the state supreme court in the Moyer habeas corpus case, the hearing of which is set for next Thursday, will determine whether Governor Peabody's drastic methods find indorsement or condemnation at the hand of the commonwealth's highest judicial tribunal.

A military government in three counties during the past year has met with diverse results. The suspension of habeas corpus is the extreme of the measures adopted.

"This war is opera bouffe," says Secretary W. D Haywood, of the Western Federation of Miners.

"Let them try to pass our sentries and we will furnish proof to the contrary," threatens Gen. Bell, in command of the forces of occupation.

No matter how the war is looked at, the reign of the revolver still exists.

In the statehouse at Denver, Governor Peabody sat for weeks and months with a six-shooter the size of a small cannon on his desk.

The adjutant general's office is the busiest in the building, and the corridors continually ring to the clank of spurs and the thud of gun butts.

Far out in the mountains, 583 miles from the capital, the streets of Telluride ring as troopers march past.

On every corner the sunlight glistens on rifle barrels, while high up on the zigzag trails, specks of khaki betray sentinels on the watch.

The contest as analyzed by the administration, the business men, the mine owners and conservative union men is not against unionism; it is against the socialism to which the Western Federation of Miners has surrendered.

Capt. Smith's Estate.

An inventory of the estate of Capt. Robert Smith, deceased, was filed this morning in probate court by the appraisers, R. B. Knox and E. C. Little, and the executrix, Mrs. Abbe Fiske Smith.

The inventory shows real estate worth $8800, personal effects worth $750, and other personal property in the way of thirty-five shares in the Duluth Dredge and Dock company, worth $70,000. Cash in the bank is represented by $656.78.

A friend of the Home—
A foe of the Trust
Calumet Baking Powder
Moderate in price—Makes purest food.

French & Bassett DULUTH, MINN. **Complete House Furnishers.** Corner First Street and Third Avenue West. French & Bassett DULUTH, MINN.

Exceptional Furniture Values

Values that cannot be equaled in any other store in Duluth. Read them; they will interest you

Hall Tree or Costumer

Like cut, nicely finished, well made; a most convenient and useful article—note the price; only

50c

Other dealers would say $1.50.

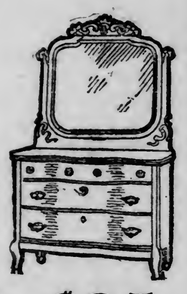
Dining Chairs

95c

Large, heavy diner; golden oak finish; hardwood, cane seated; braced arm; neatly carved backs; good and strong; other dealers would say $2 for an equal value.

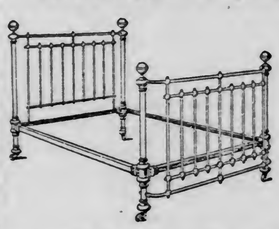
Dressers

$6.75



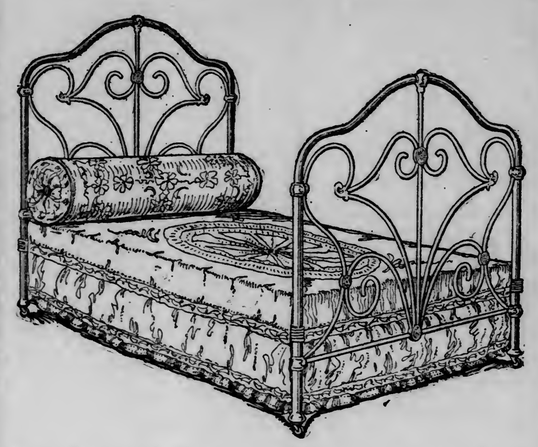
Made of solid hardwood, in golden oak finish, French plate beveled mirrors, three roomy drawers, neatly carved swell shaped top—a most excellent dresser for this price. Other dealers would say $12.50 for an equal value. We sell these for $6.75.

Brass Beds $25



All brass, with heavy posts and mountings; made of best quality brass, finished with best lacquer; a first-class bed in every way; full size; the kind priced by other dealers at $40 to $45.

Iron Beds $4.75



Very heavy bed, like cut, in combination colors and gilt trimmed—a most attractive pattern. The ordinary store would say $9.50 for an equal value.

Sideboards

$9.85

Made of solid hardwood, golden oak finish; has large linen drawer, silver drawers and cupboard below, beveled plate mirror, neatly carved top and front, neat brass trimmings. The usual store would say $16.00 for its equal.

Couches $5

In four different styles; regular $8.50, $9.50 and $10.00 values; all at $5.00; couches covered in best grade velour, fringed all around and have spring edge and head. A great value.

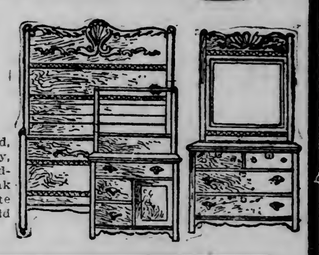
Cobbler Seated Rocker

$1.85

Good sized, well finished, well made rockers; have neatly carved backs, come in two finishes, birch and golden birch. Other stores would ask $3.50 for such an article; we sell these for $1.85. Surely at this price every home should have plenty of comfortable rockers.

Bed Room Set

$13.50



Consisting of three pieces; bed, dresser and commode; all heavy, substantial pieces; made of hardwood, nicely finished in golden oak finish; dresser has French plate mirror; the ordinary store would say $23 for an equal value.

Everything for the Home.

Furniture, Floor Coverings, Draperies, Housefurnishings, Stoves and Ranges, Pianos and Organs. You will find our prices from 10 to 20 per cent lower than those of other stores. Come see!

Lace Curtains, Draperies

New Goods in Abundance.

This department is now in full spring dress. The new goods are of surprising beauty. Lace curtains in cluney (white and ecru) Arabian, Irish Point (white and ecru) Battenburg, Brussels Lace, Soutcha and Nottingham. New drape goods in silks, velour, Madras, repps, tapestries, etc. A goodly showing of crettonnes, art tickings with muslins to match for bed sets and curtains; French cretonnes, denims (in plain and figured.) To tell of all these new and beautiful goods would be impossible. We simply mention these few as an inducement to you to visit this department when in search of the newest creations for home decoration. The services of our drapery man are always at your command—he will be pleased to confer with you along these lines.

Special Values **Couch Covers $3**

In Oriental colorings, full 60 inches wide and three yards long. A regular $5.00 value—on sale this week for $3.00.

Drapery Silk 65c

In plain and figured; a large assortment of colorings and designs—regular $1.00 quality for 65c.

Refrigerators and Ice Chests

"Charter Oak" and "Radium" Makes.

SOME OF THEIR MANY GOOD POINTS.

Ice chamber removeable in one piece—advantageous for cleaning refrigerator.

Ice chamber supports are all metal—no exposed wood in inside of refrigerator.

Adjustable sliding shelves, run in metal grooves—strong and substantial all-metal ice racks—galvanized steel riveted together.

Insulation—mineral wool and charcoal sheathing.

Sanitary—first-class coolers in every way.

All sold on easy payments.

Priced from $8.50 up to $100

Any Stove or Range

$1 Down & $1 a Week

Buck's Steel Range

$28.50 Without Reservoir.

$36.00 With Reservoir.

We feel certain that Buck's Century will make fast and warm friends. A plain, small and compact range, built of the same high-grade material for which Buck's entire line is famous. Has duplex grates, two-piece oven, 12x14 inches, 4 8-inch lids, white enamel lining to oven doors and racks. The new Century is absolutely guaranteed to be the best medium-priced range on the market and the price is low enough to be within the reach of all.

Every stove fully guaranteed.

Cast Cook Stoves $9.50 up

Steel Cook Stoves $24.00 up

Go-carts and Baby Carriages

Our second shipment of spring carts and carriages has just arrived, and the much depleted stock is again up to the standard. The stock is a choice selection of he famous Heywood make, and contains

Go-carts $1.75 up **Carriages $5 up**

Rugs, Carpets, Etc.

The Season's Newest.

A stock containing the cream of the leading mills of the world. We show more patterns, more different color effects, more grades, better qualities than you will find elsewhere. A truly wonderful showing of new Oriental and Domestic Rugs and Carpets, Linoleums, Oil Cloths, Mattings, etc. Out of respect to your purse, you should investigate our offerings before purchasing.

Special Values.

Wilton Velvet Rugs $22.50.

In the 9x12 size—a goodly assortment in rich color effects. An excellent wearing rug—a $27.50 value for $22.50.

All Wool Ingrains 65c.

One lot of heavy extra supr. all wool Ingrain Carpets — a variety of choice new patterns—regular 85c value.

Tapestry Brussels Carpet 60c

Housefurnishing Specials.

One lot of good heavy Tapestry Brussels Carpets—good assortment of rich colorings—in new designs.

Clocks $4.75.

Your choice of an assortment of eight day clocks with Cathedral Gong, values worth double, for

$4.75

Japanese Cups and Saucers

38c.

In a variety of choice designs.

JURORS FOR MAY TERM

List of Those Summoned to Appear on Both Juries.

Sheriff William Butchart has returned to the clerk of district court the list of twenty grand jurors and thirty-six petit jurors that have been summoned to appear for the May term of district court. The list is as follows:

Grand jury—Charles H. Inches, C. E. Johnson, Jorgen L. Jenisen, John McKinley, M. A. Madson, John D. McPhail, Arthur N. Parsons, Cameron R. Rust, F. A. Ritzloff, H. J. Snyder, Chas. E. Sheridan, Thomas Strand, J. T. Schleuness, Anton Stensby, Ambrose Sauer, Richard Whitesides, of Duluth; Peter Knudsen, New Duluth; James L. Kimball, Virginia; G. W. Mell, Alborn; H. H. Peyton, Proctorknott.

Petit jury—Charles B. Aske, E. C. Alstead, B. Benson, David A. Cone, George Dion, Charles J. Dahl, David Evans, Julius D. Howard, Edward Johnson, John Killorin, M. Z. Kassmir, F. H. Lounsberry, A. H. Merriman, O. M. Nelson, George E. Pratt, C. S. Prosser, T. B. Perry, George E. Randall, M. W. Turner, Ralph A. Wellington, Theodore Wold, of Duluth; Frank Wiesczorkicevicz, Gnesen; John D. Adams, W. H. Day, Hibbing; W. E. Bender, Sparta; Mason Burt, Patrick McGlory, Albert Rohrer, Eveleth; George Blackwell, Thomas Quayle, Ely; Allan Cooke, Cotton; A. H. Markkanen, Floodwood; B. Magnusson, W. G. Shane, Chisholm; Thomas McArthur, New Independence; Charles Stark, Midway.

POSTOFFICE ROBBED.

Chicago, May 3.—Burglars have dynamited the safe in the postoffice at Hanna, Ind. Postmaster G. A. Trigger heard the explosions and gave the alarm. The robbers escaped, however, and a posse, armed with a variety of weapons, is in pursuit. The booty secured is estimated at $1000 in cash, stamps and merchandise from the general store in which the postoffice is located.

ASSESSORS BEGIN WORK

Now Making Valuation of Personal Property of the City.

The work of assessing the personal property in the city is now in full swing.

Thirteen deputy assessors were started out yesterday morning. There is one man for each ward in the city, with special assessors for the business district, the lumber and coal interests, and the outlying districts beyond the boulevard and east of Thirty-sixth avenue east.

The work of making the assessments will occupy about thirty days. Nearly every year there are complaints made of petty thefts committed by men who gain admision to houses under the guise of deputy assessors. This year City Assessor Olafson has attempted to prevent any repetition of these thefts by supplying each of the assessors with a small nickel star with the inscription "deputy assessor." Should there be any doubt in the minds of the citizens in regard to the deputy's authority to inspect the personal property, the star will identify him.

HE HAS INDIGESTION.

The Result of a Diet of Hardware.

New York, May 3.—After having swallowed two key ring chains, two keys, and a dozen horseshoe nails at an entertainment on Saturday night, John Fasel, who has been known for several years as the "Human Chain Swallower," became ill and was removed to the German hospital. He is 23 years old. Seven years ago he watched some freaks in a museum swallow metal articles and he began to imitate them. He has undergone one operation for the removal of enough stuff to equip a small hardware store, and the doctors will operate on him again.

BOYS BADGER

Rockefeller on Account of Girl Caddies.

New York, May 3.—Badgered by boys who hoot and jeer him, John D. Rockefeller plays golf on his private course at Lakewood every morning. He has aroused the enmity of boys by discharging them and hiring little girls as caddies. Rockefeller sends one of his employes to drive the boys away, but it would take a regiment to handle the youngsters. They dodge about and retreat for a time and return again to the attack. Rockefeller has ten or twelve girls to choose from as caddies. As far as known, he is the only player in the world who uses girls as caddies.

NEW NATIONAL BANK.

Washington, May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The application of C. E. Purdy, Charles B. Westfall, William Bartlett, William M. Mooney, Walter E. Field and others, to organize the First National Bank of Beardsley, Minn., with $25,000 capital has been approved by the comptroller of the currency.

FEARS HE IS INSANE.

Hypnotist Calls at Bellevue Hospital For Treatment.

New York, May 3.—A well dressed man who gave his name as Dr. Patrick Collins, 51 years old, walked into Bellevue hospital Sunday. To Dr. Packer he said:

"I have reason to believe I have a hypnotic mania, and I want to find out whether I have or not. If I am going crazy I want to be taken care of, and wish you would make the examination and tell me whether I am mentally unbalanced or not."

Collins said he had not practiced medicine for three years, but had taken up the study of hypnotism. He was detained.

"At times," said Dr. Collins, "I feel as if I am proficient in the art of hypnotism and have a great deal of success. At other times my friends and patients seem to hypnotize me. I can't understand the feeling I have on these occasions and that is why I came here."

Does it pay to advertise in The Herald? Ask B. E. Baker.

"ALWAYS AILING"

When the kidneys go wrong one is sick all the time—"Always ailing." Many aches and pains make life a burden—headaches, sideaches and backaches, hip pains, back pains, side pains and groin pains wear on the nerves and tax the energy of the strongest. Keep the kidneys well, help them—stimulate them when they become sluggish and you are free from aches and against the numerous ills that follow kidney neglect. Doan's Kidney Pills cure all disorders of the kidney's and Bladder, Dropsy, Diabetes, Bright's Disease.

DULUTH PROOF

A TRIAL FREE
TO DULUTH HERALD READERS.

Mrs. William Lynn, of 120 Third street West, says: "I suffered a great deal for many years with pains through my back and kidneys. Especially if I caught cold or over-exerted myself. I tired very easily and often when working about the house my back hurt me so that I was obliged to sit down and rest myself. I tried many remedies, but could get nothing to relieve the trouble. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended I procured a box at a drug store and commenced using them. They acted like a charm, and in a few days I was much better. I continued the treatment until the trouble was banished, and since then I have felt splendid.

NAME.....
P. O.....
STATE.....

For free trial box, mail this coupon to Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. If above space is insufficient, write address on separate slip.

SOCIALIST DEFENSE

Of Labor Measures Before Congress Disgusting to Labor Leaders.

Alignment of Union Labor and Socialism By Bills' Opponents.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, April 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The failure of congress to take any steps toward the enactment of the eight-hour and the anti-injunction bills at the session just closed has been a keen disappointment to the leaders of organized labor. These measures have been before several congresses and have heretofore been passed by the house during the long session. This time the senate and house committees postponed action on them until the short session, which precludes the possibility of their enactment during this congress. It was not only a defeat for Messrs. Gompers, Furuseth, Fuller and the other representatives of the American Federation of Labor, but a rout, and they are frank enough to tacitly admit the same. Their resentment at the treatment accorded their measures is heightened by their belief that it was largely due to the unjustifiable charge that labor unions are infested with socialism, that the proposed measures were socialistic in character, and that by enacting them, or in any way favoring them, congress would be getting the stamp of approval upon the doctrine of socialism. It is believed that because of the progress made in Europe and this country by the socialistic movement in the past few years, and the thinness of the line, which, to many minds, separates socialism from anarchy, the legislative mind was peculiarly receptive to this charge, and was affected by it adversely to the bills.

The alignment of union labor and socialism was made by Daniel Davenport, an attorney of Bridgeport, Conn., and executive agent of the American Anti-Boycott association, whom ttracted much attention at the hearings before the various committees by his brilliant and scathing arraignment of the labor unions, and his efforts to prove that, while not openly avowing the socialistic principles, the unions maintained and supported the same doctrines. Mr. Gompers recognized the dangerous character of this mode of attack, and took occasion to explain that repeatedly the federation, by overwhelming vote, had repudiated socialism in its national conventions. Mr. Davenport continued this line of argument, however, producing the constitutions of various labor organizations to show their socialistic origin and in every way sought to impress upon the committees his charge that favorable consideration for these measures would be interpreted as encouragement for the socialists.

But while the labor leaders are too accustomed to parliamentary practice to take umbrage at the skillfull employment of this weapon against them, however unjust they regard the charge, they are disgusted at the promptness and avidity with which the socialists seized upon it to bring themselves into prominence as the defenders of the measures in question and the advertisement which certain of their speakers have hus secured. While not denying that some socialists belong to labor unions, and that some union laborers are avowed socialists, the labor leaders are anious to have the country know that they draw the line against socialism and repudiate Mr. Davenport's charges singly and in whole.

Had the discussion been confined merely to the committee rooms the effect would not have been so great nor so annoying, but the socialists have taken advantage of the prominence into which Mr. Davenport has been brought by reason of his clashes with Messrs. Gompers and Furuseth before the congressional committees to challenge him to a series of debates on questions affecting socialism, two of which have already been held. What is especially irritating is the fact that Mr. Davenport, on both occasions, took pains to explain that he appeared to sustain his charge that the eight-hour bill and the anti-injunction bill were socialistic in character and therefore harmful. Thus, the debates while ostensibly on socialism, pure and simple developed into an attack on these two bills, by Mr. Davenport and a quasi defense of the same by the socialist speakers.

The first debate took place at Bridgeport, Conn., a hotbed of socialism, and a stronghold of labor unionism. On this ocasion Col. Tieldman was selected to represent the socialist cause and he was supported by an audience of several thousands in thorough sympathy with his ideas, at the start, at least. During this debate Mr. Davenport repeated some of the seathing remarks apropos of socialism which he had made before the senate and house committees and then popounded to his hearers the question if they endorsed such doctrines. The members of the labor unions so forcibly demonstrated their disapproval of such principles that Mr. Davenport apparently had the better of the argument.

The New York socialists were vexed at the result of the Bridgeport debate and challenged Mr. Davenport to appear in that city and defend his position. This challenge he also accepted and some nights ago the debate was held in Cooper Union, the socialist speaker being Benjamin Hanford, an eloquent and magnetic orator, formerly candidate of the Social Democratic party for governor. On this occasion the audience, which filled the large hall to the doors, although manifestly partisans of Mr. Hanford, liberally applauded his opponent. As a result of this debate the organ of the socialist labor party in New York has repudiated Hanford, claiming he is not a true socialist, and did not present socialistic doctrines. So that the outcome of the discussion inaugurated in Washington this winter has been the repudiation of the socialists in general by the leaders of organized labor and of the Social Democratic party by the social labor party.

Meanwhile, Mr. Davenport is repeating his charge that the labor unions are socialistic and that socialism is dangerous, and professes his willingness to meet in debate any speaker the Socialists may select, at any time and in any place, so far as his business engagements will permit.

The next debate will probably take place in Chicago, where the Socialists are numerically very strong.

CLANCY WINS BOUT.

London, May 3.—In a ten-round contest at Whitechapel last night, Jack Clancy, of San Francisco, defeated Peter Brown, of Woolwich, for the 144-pound championship and a purse of $1250.

TEN TO ONE SHOT WINS.

Elwood Takes the Famous Kentucky Derby.

Louisville, Ky., May 3.—After a winter of racing, Elwood, C. H. Durdell's bay colt, son of Free Knight, came across the continent and took the most hotly contested Kentucky derby since the famous duel between Proctor Knott and Spokane. The winner was the longest priced horse in the race, selling at 10 to 1, and as usual Tennessee and the Blue Grass went unanimously broke. Ed Tierney was second and Brancas third. Time, 2:08½. The track was about 2 seconds slow.

The thirtieth running of the Kentucky derby, the oldest event of its kind on the American turf, marked the opening of the spring meeting of the new Louisville jockey club. A crowd of 15,000 people saw the event. The conditions of the race call for entries of foals of 1901, 3-year-olds, distance one mile and a quarter, value to the winner, $5000.

The field of five was sent away almost immediately to a beautiful start and at no time during the entire race did more than ten lengths separate the leader and the hindmost horse.

BURGLAR CAUGHT.

Came to Police Station to Assist a Friend.

Chicago, May 3.—Arrested and identified through going to a police station to seek the release of a friend, James Cotter, former deputy assessor, was held to the grand jury yesterday on two charges of burglary. Action of the justice was on the testimony of Louis Blum, a saloonkeeper, whose presence at the police court at the time Cotter came there to seek the release of James Wood, or Martin, was responsible for the quick identification. Blum had just recognized Wood as one of the men who held him up when he chanced to look out of the window.

"Why, there's the man who was with him," cried Blum. "He held the gun to my head and this one went through me."

The man indicated was Cotter, who for two weeks, was deputy assessor on personal property in one of the wards in this city. He was held in $10,000 bonds. Blum accuses the man of holding him up twice. An odd feature of the case is that the same watch was taken from Blum on the occasion of both holdups, it having been recovered from a pawn shop after the first robbery.

CHICAGO PRIMARIES.

Followers of Hearst Win Victory Over Harrison.

Chicago, May 2.—In the Democratic primaries held yesterday the followers of William R. Hearst scored a victory over the faction under Carter Harrison, which has heretofore been the dominant power in the Democratic party in Cook county.

Of the delegates to the state convention, the Hearst party secured 227 and Harrison, 195; 10 were instructed for John P. Hopkins, which means that they will not be for Harrison under any circumstances, as Hopkins and Harrison are enemies of long standing, and 64 are uninstructed.

Aside from the number of delegates to be secured for the state convention the control of the county machinery was at stake in the fight.

LYNCHEHAUN GOES FREE.

Washington, May 3.—The United States supreme court has affirmed the decision of the United States circuit court, releasing Thomas Walsh, alias Lunchehaun, the Irishman arrested in Indiana, and for whom extradition was sought by the British authorities. Lynchhaun was charged with murder.

Sympathies of World With Japan.

The great civilized powers of the world are practically unanimous in the opinion that in this war, right and justice are upon the side of Japan, while Russia is the real aggressor. It is also the unanimous opinion of everybody that for restoring health and happiness Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is without an equal. It is impossible to be happy if your stomach is out of order. Your meals don't agree with you and you are unable to rest at night. Consequently you are nervous, irritable and always out of sorts. If you will try a few doses of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters you will be convinced that it will cure you. It never fails in cases of indigestiuon, dyspepsia, heartburn, belching, constipated bowels, insomnia, nervousness and malaria. Try it today.

Baby Mine

Every mother feels a great dread of the pain and danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy to all, but the suffering and danger incident to the ordeal makes its anticipation one of misery. **Mother's Friend** is the only remedy which relieves women of the great pain and danger of maternity; this hour which is dreaded as woman's severest trial is not only made painless, but all the danger is avoided by its use. Those who use this remedy are no longer despondent or gloomy; nervousness, nausea and other distressing conditions are overcome, the system is made ready for the coming event, and the serious accidents so common to the critical hour are obviated by the use of Mother's Friend. "It is worth its weight in gold," says many who have used it. $1.00 per bottle at drug stores. Book containing valuable information of interest to all women, will be sent to any address free upon application to

Mother's Friend

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

DENIAL OF FEUD

In the Family of the Late President Harrison.

Son and Daughter Not at War With the Widow.

Indianapolis, May 3.—Friends of Col. Russell B. Harrison and Mrs. Mary McKee, son and daughter of the former president, are disposed to come to their defense in the matter of the controversy between them and Mrs. Mary Lord Harrison, the general's widow, which has arisen over the construction of the will and which has been in one form or another before the courts for several weeks. These friends say that the public has received the impression that Col. Harrison and Mrs. McKee are in opposition to the widow's rights under the will, and that this impression is unfounded, for their fight is against the Union Trust company, which is both executor of the will and trustee of the fund left to Mrs. Harrison. The trust company, they claim, without consulting the court, has arbitrarily acted in contravention of the rights of the general's grandchildren, who are beneficiaries of the residuary estate.

"A proper understanding of the controversy," said a friend of the son and daughter, "can be obtained only by a consideration of the terms of the will. In the first place, Mr. Harrison set apart $100,000 as a fund for the widow, but two years later added a codicil, which increased the fund to $125,000. The original item provided that the Union Trust company should act as trustee of this fund, that the amount should be invested with the greatest prudence, consistent with the best rate of interest and absolute security; that the interest should be paid to Mrs. Harrison semi-annually; that, in the event that the fund should be diminished by loss, it should be made good from the residuary estate, provided the estate had not been settled when the loss occurred, and that the trustees should have the right to take over any stocks and bonds owned by the testator at his death and at the price which they cost him.

"In addition to this the will gave to Mrs. Harrison during her lifetime the property on North Delaware street, in which the family resided, and provided that insurance, taxes and repairs on the home should be paid out of the residuary estate. Thus, the widow has the interest and dividends in $125,000 out of which to support herself and daughter, and out of the residue of the estate she has all of the expenses of that home kept up, this charge amounting, possibly, to $700 or $800 annually.

"The children of Colonel Harrison and Mrs. McKee are beneficiaries of the residuary estate only, and it is to their interest that the expenses put on it by the father should be kept at the minimum. In other words, their children should be supported and educated, and every dollar that goes from the residuary estate to Mrs. Harrison, either in excess of $125,000 in stocks and bonds to make up that fund or in repairs and taxes on the home, comes really from them. It is here the contention has arisen, and it is a contention which has for its object such a construction of the will and such an administration under it that neither Mrs. Harrison's trust shall be reduced nor the residuary estate lessened, for the first would injure her and the second would injure the children of Mrs. McKee and Colonel Harrison, and both of these results they are trying to prevent.

"Among the stocks, bonds and other securities that the trust company, as executor, turned into the trust fund for Mrs. Harrison, as trustee, is $5000 in stock of the trust company itself. This stock pays 6 per cent interest and dividends and is today worth about $9,000. Though it has thus appreciated it stands in the fund of $125,000 as only $5000. There is also $5000 of stock in the Law building in the fund, and that today is worth only $4000. This represents shrinkage, and, as the will provides, if demand were made another $1000 must be added to cover the shrinkage, and this $1000 would come from the residuary estate—that is, from the estate in which the McKee and Harrison children have an interest. While this is true, there is being carried in the trust fund at a valuation of only $5000 stock that would sell readily for $11,000.

"The Safety Car Heating and Lighting company's stock affords another illustration. The will provides that the stock and bonds which go into the trust fund shall be at what they cost the testator. As a matter of fact the $6000 of that stock, which is now worth about $7500, did not cost Gen. Harrison a cent, but it stands in the fund at $6000, when it could be sold for more. The total value of the trust fund stock is now $140,000, and Mr. Harrison and Mrs. McKee contend that the requirement of the will—that the investments for the trust fund shall be made with the greatest prudence—is not being carried out by the trust company.

"It seems strange that a man of Gen. Harrison's ability and knowledge of the manner in which estates are depleted when settlements are long delayed should have made his will so as to keep the estate in the hands of a trust company for an indefinite number of years. The fact that the keeping of the homestead is made a charge on the residuary estate for Mrs. Harrison's lifetime. During this time it will be subject to charges for its management, and these charges must come from the children of Col. Harrison and Mrs. McKee. That is why they insist on economy."

Wiggle-Stick (Patented) Laundry Blue

At All Grocers

Won't Freeze
Won't Break
Won't Spill
Won't Spot Clothes

Costs 10 Cents, Equals 20 Cents worth of any other kind of bluing

Wiggle-Stick is a stick of soluble blue in a filter bag inside a perforated wooden tube, through which the water flows and dissolves the color as needed.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:
Wiggle-Stick around in the water.
Manufactured only by
THE LAUNDRY BLUE COMPANY, Chicago

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Andrew Rieschl and Joseph Brandstaetter, two middle-aged men, fishing from a flatboat in the Wisconsin river, were swept over the Plover paper mill dam at Stevens Point, Wis., and drowned. The bodies have not been recovered.

Jacob Anderson, colored, was shot three times by David Roth, colored, in a quarrel at Cincinnati. Joseph Forsyth, a white man, was in the yard of his residence, nearby, when the shooting occurred and a stray bullet struck him in the head. He died several hours later. Anderson is in a critical condition. Roth was arrested.

George Henry, 46 years of age, until last Saturday a member of the Lincoln, Neb., police force, followed May Young, his housekeeper, into a grocery store and shot her dead on Monday night. He then shot himself with the same weapon falling dead beside the woman. Infatuation for the woman, who, it is said, refused to marry him, is the only known cause for the tragedy. Henry was a widower and leaves three children.

Jack Root, of Chicago, was given the decision over George Gardner of Lowell, Mass., at the end of six rounds at Chicago Monday night. Gardner did not fight in good form and was badly beaten.

Oscar Saeger, shot and instantly killed Miss Gurtner and then shot himself at Cincinnati. He is not expected to live. The couple were lovers, but had frequent quarrels and the shooting took place when Miss Gurtner told Saeger she was going to New York to live.

E. B. Ober, formerly of Chicago and later of Milwaukee, has been appointed first assistant general freight agent of the Omaha road, with headquarters in Minneapolis. He succeeds L. T. Jame, recently resigned.

President Nicholas Murray Butler, of Columbia University, announces a gift, the amount of which was not made public, from an anonymous donor, for the establishment of a new professorship of philosophy. It was decided by the trustees to offer the new chair to Professor John Dewey, the head of the department of philosophy of the university of Chicago.

SUICIDE OF YOUNG WOMAN.

Washington, May 3—Miss Edith Sutherland, the eldest daughter of the late Surgeon General Charles Sutherland, of the army, is dead here from the effects of laudanum poisoning. Since the death of her father, eight years ago, Miss Sutherland had helped support the family, but her health falled, and for several years she suffered from severe spells of despondency. Miss Sutherland was 32 years of age. The coroner gave a certificate of death from melancholia and opium poisoning.

PAYING A FREAK BET.

Cleveland, O., May 3.—D. P. Evans, of Bowling Green, O., started from the city hall here yesterday for San Francisco, pushing a wheelbarrow to pay an election bet. Evans wagered that Mayor Johnson would be elected governor of Ohio last fall, the loser to push a wheelbarrow across the continent from Cleveland to San Francisco and return, and also to make the journey without money. Evans expects to earn enough to pay his expenses en route.

OFF ON A JUNKET.

Washington, May 3—Secretary Moody, accompanied by Senators Hale, Penrose and Bacon and Representatives Hemenway, Dalzell and Myer, left Washington yesterday on the Dolphin for a trip to Southern waters. The Dolphin will go first to Guantanamo, thence to Pensacola and New Orleans, returning to Washington in about ten days of two weeks.

THE ONLY ONE

There is only One Genuine-Syrup of Figs,

The Genuine is Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

The full name of the company, California Fig Syrup Co., is printed on the front of every package of the genuine.

The Genuine- Syrup of Figs- is for Sale, in Original Packages Only, by Reliable Druggists Everywhere

Knowing the above will enable one to avoid the fraudulent imitations made by piratical concerns and sometimes offered by unreliable dealers. The imitations are known to act injuriously and should therefore be declined.

Buy the genuine always if you wish to get its beneficial effects. It cleanses the system gently yet effectually, dispels colds and headaches when bilious or constipated, prevents fevers and acts best on the kidneys, liver, stomach and bowels, when a laxative remedy is needed by men, women or children. Many millions know of its beneficial effects from actual use and of their own personal knowledge. It is the laxative remedy of the well-informed.

Always buy the Genuine- Syrup of Figs

MANUFACTURED BY THE

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y.

PRICE FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE

PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY — PROMPT PRINTERS — Old 'Phone 166-R, New 'Phone 336 — Mail Orders Promptly Attended to. WRITE FOR PRICES. Providence Bldg 4th Ave. W. and Sup. St.

CALLING CARDS. — FASHION'S LATEST APPROVED STYLES. All that is exclusive and best in social engraving and social correspondence papers at Chamberlain & Taylor's

GOOD IN PIE, CAKE AND PUDDING.
NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT
In 10c Packages with List of Valuable Premiums.

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhœa, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation. Stops Prematureness, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. 50 CENTS

Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.
Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

"IT IS IGNORANCE THAT WASTES EFFORT." TRAINED SERVANTS USE
SAPOLIO

Lives of great men all remind us
We should flood our stores with light,
And departing, leave behind us
Something over which to fight.

BIG FORTUNES BELONG TO THE WELL LIGHTED. LET US HELP YOU TO WINONE.

Duluth General Electric Co.
216 West Superior Street.

AUTOMATIC NUMBERING MACHINES, PROTECTOGRAPHS AND ALL KINDS OF CHECK PUNCHES, TICKET PUNCHES, ETC.
Consolidated Stamp and Printing Company,
323 W. First St., Duluth.

Photographed from Life. REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY — Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., Traynor Building, CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. H. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists.

Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. *Injection and Suction.* Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.
Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Times Bldg., New York.
Sold in Duluth by Max Wirth.

FOR DRUNKARDS
WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. P. Boyce, druggist, 320 West Superior st., Duluth.

van Houten's Cocoa

The beverage that not only builds up the body, but gives strength and energy for the day's work.

Best & Goes Farthest

CANADIAN HOUSE

The Scene of Acrimonious Charges of Offensive Partisanship.

Industries of Dominion Begin to Assume Ntoable Proportions.

Ottawa, Ont., May 3.—Acrimonious charges of offensive partisanship have been a hot feature of the proceedings in the house of commons of late, culminating in an angry all night sitting lasting till close on 3 o'clock in the morning. John Bain, the private secretary of Mr. Paterson, minister of customs, accompanied the minister to the colonial conference in London and proved of invaluable assistance. He has a perfect genius for statistics and after the conference received a well earned reward in the appointment of assistant commissioner.

Last year, when both political parties were hurriedly getting out their campaign literature in the expectation of a possible appeal to the country, some of Mr. Bain's fiscal compilations were utilized in the published stuff of the ministerial party. The opposition somehow became acquainted with the fact and when this year's custom estimates came on for discussion brought up the matter and made a dead set at the minister and assistant commissioner, ending in a motion to disallow the latter's salary.

The affair was debated through two long sittings, in the course of which Mr. Bain was styled a "political hack" and Mr. Paterson a "ministerial mexaphone."

Compared with the United States, Canada is still in her industrial infancy, but for a country of 5,000,000 people is not doing so badly. The total fixed capital now invested in industrial undertakings is $209,378,528, with a working capital of $237,587,538. The yearly wages are $89,572,794, and salaries $13,411,464. The raw material used up yearly is valued at $261,527,858, and the output is worth $481,653,375.

Until recently on occasions of unusual interest in parliament, when members give vent to their feelings by breaking out into song, nothing less than "God Save the King" would serve the purpose. The government supporters have inaugurated a new fashion of substituting for the imperial the Canadian national song, the "Maple Leaf Forever." Such straws show which way the wind is blowing.

Ottawa public school boys commence rifle shooting at the ranges this week. Practice is open to all boys in the senior classes and will last through May and June. The shooting is to be under the chief public schools drill inspector, who has proved himself a thoroughly efficient man. Last year's experience with the boys on the ranges was encouraging and some excellent shooting was done. The prospects are that within the next decennial period upwards of 50 per cent of the entire school population of militia age will have gone through the ranks in drill and shooting, and Canada will have become essentially a nation of volunteer marksmen and soldiers.

The selection of a regiment to represent Canada at the military display at St. Louis has been the occasion of considerable heart burning. The report that the Essex Fusiliers was selected caused a storm of protest from the admirers of the regiments which claimed to stand higher than the Fusiliers.

Exemptions of the property of religious bodies in Canada from taxation are throwing a burden upon the general taxpayers which is calculated to cause considerable dissatisfaction in the large centers of population. In Ottawa alone, a city of under 70,000 inhabitants, the exempted assessments already aggregate nearly a million and a quarter yearly, or $1,212,850. Of this sum, forty Protestant churches for $672,000, eight Roman Catholic churches for $535,500, and two Jewish synagogues for the balance.

A return of Canadian immigration agents in the United States shows there are at present employed seventy-five regular commissioned agents. There are some hundreds of subagents who are paid a per capita fee on the emigrants they book for Canada. They receive $5 for each adult male, $2 for each adult female, and $1 for every child under 12. The regular agents claim to have sent in 45.5 American adult emigrants during the last six months of 1903, and 6509 for the year.

The government employs some 350 agents in Great Britain, who receive $1.85 for each adult and 84 cents for each child booked for Canada. Another discrimination in favor of the United States against Great Britain. The total expenditure by the Canadian government last year to promote immigration amounted to $642,913.

This part of Canada is threatened with a honey famine. One man who had 159 hives of bees has only a dozen left, another who had eighty hives lost fifty, and similar experiences are reported from all sections of the rich Ottawa valley, hitherto famed for their honey. The bees were starved to death by a bad summer followed by an unprecedentedly severe winter.

It was at one time feared there would also be a scarcity of maple sugar. Scarcely any sap was running at the usual period or for weeks afterward, and prices ran up from the average of 35 to 50 cents a gallon to $1 and more, with a flat failure not far off. But suddenly the sap began to flow once more and supplies became so plentiful half the farmers could not scare up enough pots and pans to handle the product.

Another club woman, Mrs. Haule, of Edgerton, Wis., tells how she was cured of irregularities and uterine trouble, terrible pains and backache, by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—A while ago my health began to fail because of female troubles. The doctor did not help me. I remembered that my mother had used **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** on many occasions for irregularities and uterine troubles, and I felt sure that it could not harm me at any rate to give it a trial.

"I was certainly glad to find that within a week I felt much better, the terrible pains in the back and side were beginning to cease, and at the time of menstruation I did not have nearly as serious a time as heretofore, so I continued its use for two months, and at the end of that time I was like a new woman. I really have never felt better in my life, have not had a sick headache since, and weigh 20 pounds more than I ever did, so I unhesitatingly recommend your medicine."—MRS. MAY HAULE, Edgerton, Wis., Pres. Household Economics Club.

—$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

RUSTGARD IS MENTIONED

For United States District Attorney at Nome, Alaska.

Washington, May 3.—In case President Roosevelt takes the advice of Attorney General Knox by dismissing Col. Melvin Grigsby from the office of United States district attorney at Nome, Alaska, Senator Nelson will probably propose a candidate for the place. Senator Nelson's candidate is supposed to be John Rustgard, formerly mayor of Nome and now a member of the common council of that city, and formerly a resident of Duluth.

Rustgard has been in Washington for several weeks until recently, and it has been an open secret that he was eagerly awaiting the dismissal of Grigsby with the hope of wearing his official shoes. Col. Grigsby has been in Washington al winter and is here now.

SCRUB KAZOO STREETS.

The Ladies Are Out For Municipal Cleanliness.

Kalamazoo, May 3.—There is great interest in a street cleaning experiment undertaken by the women of the Civic league beginning Monday morning, and continuing for six weeks. The portion of the streets to be kept lies in the heart of the business district. Rev. Caroline Bartlett Crane, chairman of the public health committee of the Civic league, is in active charge of the work, and Mrs. Howard Murray Jones, wife of the pastor of the First Congregational church, president of the league, and Mrs. A. J. Mills, wife of Judge Mills, are honorary lieutenants. Mrs. Crane visited the merchants on Main street Friday and asked them to sweep off the walks in front of their business places at least once each day we Akag.e ceeach aston e otr al OO and to scrub off the walks with mops at least once each week. All agreed to do so.

Mrs. Crane has also been making a tour of investigation with a camera, and has taken snapshots of many alleys and back yards of private residences in Kalamazoo. These she has numbered and recorded, like legal exhibits. When shown in the Woman's club Friday afternoon, these pictures created a sensation. These pictures are to be used in getting owners to keep their yards celan. An extensive reform is expected to follow.

SHERLOCK HOLMES PUZZLE

A Mysterious Inscription Sets the Police Guessing.

Pontiac, Mich., May 3.—While walking along the shore at Sylvan lake a few days ago Officer Pullaw, of this city, picked up a box cover upon which was written, "You will find me at the bottom of the lake, John Anderson, Windsor, Canada." Two cottages at this lakelake, belonging to Messrs. Van Loon and George H. Elliott, of Detroit, were burglarized in March and it was thought that there might be a clue to the burglars in this mysterious message. Officer Pullaw took a trip to Windsor, where he was told by Chief Wills that the body of a prominent Windsorite named John Anderson had been recently picked up in the Detroit river. The question puzzling the officers is whether or not there is any connection between the burglary, the box cover and the dead body.

GILLESPIE TRIAL CONTINUED.

Rising Sun, Ind., May 3.—The trial of James Gillespie for the murder of his sister, Elizabeth, has been continued until May 9. Mr. and Mrs. Myron Barbour, who are indicted as accomplices, pleaded not guilty.

CLEVELAND TALKS

Former President Delivers Lecture Before Princeton Students.

"The Government In the Chicago Strike," His Subject.

Princeton, N. J., May 3.—Before one of the largest audiences ever assembled in Alexander hall, Former President Cleveland delivered the Stafford Little lecture last night on "The Government in the Chicago Strike of 1894."

Mr. Cleveland was greeted with enthusiastic applause when President Wilson introduced him, saying: "Mr. Cleveland stands today as the most prominent man in the United States and needs no introduction, especially to a Princeton audience."

The balcony was packed with undergraduates and townspeople, while the seats on the lower floor were reserved for professors and their wives, together with prominent visitors. Every word of the lecture was followed with the closest attention and appreciation by those present, and at its conclusion the Princeton students rose and gave a hearty "locomotive" cheer for the lecturer."

Mr. Cleveland has held this lecture on public affairs at Princeton for the last four years, but he has not been able to deliver an address since his speech on the Venezuela trouble in 1901.

Mr. Cleveland's subject was "The Government in the Chicago Strikes."

He opened his address by briefly referring to some of the serious problems which faced his administration during the year 1894, then taking up his subject in detail he spoke in part as follows:

"In the last days of June, 1894, a very determined and ugly labor disturbance broke out in the city of Chicago, and spread rapidly.

In Chicago the United States marshal was authorized to employ special deputies and special counsel for the government. In a letter to this special counsel, the attorney general in making suggestions concerning legal proceedings, wrote: 'It has seemed to me that if the rights of the United States were vigorously asserted in Chicago, the origin and object of the demonstration, the result would be to make it a failure everywhere else, and to prevent its spread over the entire country.'

"The strike situation grew rapidly worse. Utter defiance of court orders, lawlessness and rioting culminated in the formal request of the United States that support by the judge and attorneys of the federal court for federal troops. This request was at once met by orders to the war department and soldiers from Fort Sheridan were soon on the scene."

In concluding his explanation of the events leading up to the accomplishment of all the purposes of the government's interference Mr. Cleveland said:

"I hope I have been thus far successful in my effort to satisfactorily exhibit the extensive reach and perilous tendency of the conspiracy under which the peaceful and careful promptness which characterized the interference of the government, the constant desire of the administration to avoid extreme measures, the careful limitations of its interference to purposes which clearly seemed to be within its constitutional competency and duty, and the gratifying and important results of its conservative but stern activity."

Then followed a most interesting part of the address, the reading of the correspondence in which passed between President Cleveland and Governor John P. Altgeld of Illinois. Of him Mr. Cleveland said:

"This official not only refused to regard the riotous disturbances within the borders of his state as a sufficient cause for an application to the federal government for its protection 'against domestic violence' under the mandate of the constitution, but actually protested against the presence of federal troops sent into the state upon the general government's initiative and for the purpose of defending it in the clearly defined exercises of its legitimate functions."

In closing Mr. Clevelond concluded with a brief reference to the legal proceedings which grew out of this disturbance, "and finally led to the adjudication by the highest court in our land, establishing in an absolutely authoritative manner and for all time, the power of the national government to protect itself in the exercise of its functions."

In sustaining the action of the United States circuit court which ordered the imprisonment of Debs and associate officers of the A. R. U. for disobeying its injunctions Mr. Cleveland said: "The supreme court of the United States has written the concluding words of this history, tragical in many of its details, and in every page provoking sober reflection. Nevertheless, even those most nearly related by executive responsibility to the troubious days whose story is told, may at this time congratulate themselves that they have had to do with marking out the way and clearing the path, now unchangeably established, that shall hereafter guide our nation safely and surely in the exercise of all the functions belonging to it which represent the people's trust."

Vedius Pollis would have grown sick and exhausted if he had not of been sure of purchasing Dr. Hickox's Malarial Capsules for Bronchitis and Tonsilitis. Call at Kugler's.

A good many of the millions who eat "FORCE" every day, began because a perfect food appealed to their reason.

But most of them eat "FORCE" now just because it's good and they like it.

Sunny Jim

I heard a lot of people say they were tired of breakfast foods, but I've heard mighty few say they were tired of "FORCE." That's the difference.

EXCITING MEETING IS NOW EXPECTED

Of the Republican State Central Committee at St. Paul Wednesday.

Fights Over Temporary Chairman and Place For Holding Convention.

St. Paul, May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Present indications point to a vigorous contest at the meeting of the Republican state central committee on Wednesday over the question whether the committee shal name the temporary chairman of the state convention for nominating state officers. The Collins members of the committee have decided on United States Senator Moses E. Clapp for temporary chairman and the Dunn men have given their opponents to understand that they will oppose any attempt to name a temporary chairman, maintaining that this is a function for the delegates at the convention to perform.

Robt. C. Dunn, of Princeton, has gone on record in a Minneapolis paper as opposed to the plan of the Collins members of the committee to name a temporary chairman. Mr. Dunn holds that this is a dangerous function for the "state central committee to arrogate to itself." He maintains that the delegates at the convention should be free to select whomsoever they wish, and he is willing to stand by the action of the convention in this regard.

"I think that Mr. Dunn should be upheld in his position that the state central committee should not appoint a temporary chairman for the convention," said a Dunn manager yesterday. "The Colins men maintain that they have a majority of the members of the committee, and if this is true in appointing a temporary chairman they might use the power in the interest of their candidate. None of the Dunn men have any objection to Senator Clapp as temporary chairman of the convention, but they maintain that he should receive his appointment at the hands of the delegates, not at the hands of a committee, which the Collins men say they control. A temporary chairman has a great deal of power. He appoints the committees, those on credentials, on resolutions, etc., and it is easily seen how, if he were so disposed, he might use his influence for the benefit of some particuar candidate."

The Collins men take a different view of the question, maintaining that it is the custom in practically all of the large states for the state central committee to name the temporary chairman as the national committee has done for years.

One of the leading members of the executive committee of the state central committee, who favors the nomination of Judge Collins, said yesterday regarding the advisability of the committee's naming the temporary chairman of the convention:

"I believe it is wise for the Minnesota state central committee to get in line with the committees of other states and as well with the national committee, which always appoints the temporary chairman. The business of the convention is greatly facilitated by the appointment of a temporary chairman. Suppose that there are contesting delegations from Ramsey, Hennepin and St. Louis counties. If there is no temporary chairman, who is to decide which delegations were properly chosen?

"The committee has no idea of using this power for the benefit of any candidate. It merely believes that the custom of other states in this regard is a good one and should be adopted by Minnesota. Two years ago the committee appointed Senator Knute Nelson. Now several members of the committee think it is no more than right to appoint Senator Clapp. These members think it is best to name some prominent Republican, who is above the petty prejudices of a gubernatorial campaign, that he might have an opportunity of addressing the convention on the issues of the campaign.'

* * *

Members of the committee are arriving to attend the meeting and the present indications are that the event will be only less exciting than the state convention itself.

The Dunn men say they are making no fight against Senator Clapp, but they are opposed to the exercise of the appointing power by the state central committee.

The Dunn men are not united on this question, and it is a safe prediction that Senator Clapp will be chosen temporary chairman by the committee. Among the Dunn men who are out for Senator Clapp is Howard Dykerman, of Breckenridge, who said yesterday on this point:

"I don't think that Bob Dunn is opposed to the selection of Senator Clapp as temporary chairman, but that he is opposed to the principle of the committee naming the man. I am a Dunn man, and I shall vote for Senator Clapp for temporary chairman. I don't think that there is any concerted action among the Dunn men against Senator Clapp. If there is, I have never heard anything of it."

* * *

The meeting place of the convention promises to be the subject of an interesting contest. The St. Paul members of the committee are confident that they will get the convention and have been looking up the question of securing a suitable place. They say they have been offered the use of the Metrapalian Opera house, and that Manager L. N. Scott has informed them that by utilizing the stage fully 2000 delegates can be seated on the ground floor. Minneapolis may put in a bid for the convention, but the general sentiment is that the convention will be held either in St. Paul or Duluth.

Oscar Hallam, one of the St. Paul members of the committee, says that the Duluth members of the committee are making a strong bid for the convention.

* * *

"We hope to keep the convention in St. Paul," said he yesterday, "but the Duluth members are making a strong bid for it. I don't know how the matter will be settled."

The date for the convention and the question of representation are not likely to cause any contest. The general sentiment seems to be that it should be held as soon as possible after the national convention on June 21. Tuesday, June 30, has been suggested by several members of the committee who live in the Twin Cities. If this date is decided on the county conventions will probably be held during the week ending June 25. Representation will probably be based on the vote of Governor Van Sant in 1902, which will make 1045 delegates, although some favor basing it on the vote of William McKinley in 1900, which will make 1176 delegates.

* * *

A. F. Foster of Litchfield, is making a vigorous campaign against Congressman C. B. Buckman of Little Falls, and according to Twin City dispatches is confident of success at the primaries. He is quoted as saying:

"While Mr. Buckman received thirty majority on the face of the returns two years ago, there is now no queation whatever that I received a majority of the legal votes cast, and was entitled to the certificate of the nomination; and the people believe in fairness and are now determined to do justice by giving me that which rightfully belonged to me two years ago."

* * *

Joel P. Heatwole in an editorial in his home paper, the Northfield News, takes a shot at C. A. Smith, the Minneapolis lumberman, by stating that if Mr. Heatwole intended to form a senatorial combination he would not select a man who had been convicted of stealing from the state.

"The story is absurd and ridiculous on its face," says Mr. Heatwole. "Suppose for the sake of argument that Mr. Heatwole desires to succeed either Senator Clapp or Senator Nelson, would he succeed in seeking to make a combination to bring about this end choose a man whose character and influence would give him political strength and advantage? Would it be good politics or even ordinary common sense to attempt to make a combination with a man whose record in timber trespass and timber stealing cases is such that it would not only mean serious political embarrassment to that man, but political suicide and oblivion to those who were closely associated with him?

"Mr. Smith has not only been forced to satisfy a large judgment against him for timber trespass, but he has been indicted by a federal grand jury for stealing timber. He authorized his foreman to go upon government lands and cut timber which he knew to belong to the United States, and told the foreman that if a discovery was made the matter would be settled in some manner. While Mr. Smith may be an excellent business man, he made the mistake by putting his authorization to this foreman in writing, and when the truth leaked out and beacme known to the authorities, the matter was referred to the federal grand jury, which found a true bill against him. The matter was heard before the United States district court at Duluth, May 16, 1901. Mr. Smith appeared by his attorney, Fred B. Snyder, of Minneapolis, and paid the sum of $843.75 under the provisions of the United States statute under which he was indicted, and was discharged from custody.

"While Mr. Heatwole is not looking for political office, he has not grown so careless that he would endeavor to effect a combination with a man with a record of that kind, and he is perfectly willing that his word should be placed against that of C. A. Smith and allow the people to be both judge and jury."

Hints To Advertisers

Bear in mind that, if your copy is not in by noon of the day before publication, it does not appear in The Herald's iron range editions.

While everything about your store management should be as well done as your advertising, nothing should be better done.

If the advertising campaign of a store is weak, or non-aggressive, all other plans and purposes will be defeated.

Successful merchants are often unconscious psychologists. They understand, for instance, that when a big store contents itself with a small advertising space, the effect on the reader is bad—and while the real reasons for this are psychic ones, they learn them usually through business experience only.

In the business, as in the natural world, the law of cause and effect is the supreme statute. When the cause is right the effect is inevitably right. This rule is as true of the relation of advertising to business prosperity as though it were made to fit it.

The merchant who can face a discouraging outlook with the courage and bearing of a winner will impel success. If he is a good advertiser he is master of the situation—if ever so dark—at all times.

In every business it is sometimes necessary to economize—to cut down expenses. When this condition confronts a farmer he does not meet it by planting less seeds—planning for smaller crops. And when it comes to a merchant he should be equally careful to retrench in every direction except on his advertising.

You don't need to consult an astrologer as to the best time to advertise. The stars fight for the aggressive man—the man who makes effective use of printers' ink all the time.

PECULIAR DEATH.

Appleton, Wis., May 3.—Mrs. William Jackson met death today under peculiar circumstances. After staying in her home two weeks, fearing that her divorced husband would kill her, as he had threatened, she received word that he had died at Plymouth, Wis., of heart failure. Singing and whistling, she went out into her yard, where her dress caught fire from a burning rubbish pile. She was fatally burned. Her 10-year-old brother was badly burned trying to help her, but will recover. Mrs. Jackson was 26 years old.

Dr. D. W. RIESLAND

CHIROPRACTIC PHYSICIAN,

Cures All Kidney Disease.

707-708 Palladio Building.

Call or Write for Booklet.

QUIT GROWING OLD.

There is No Reason Why Any Man or Woman Cannot Be Well and Strong and Vigorous and Live to the Ripe Old Age of 100 Years.

If You are Sick or Weak or Failing in Any Way Chrystal Tonic Will Restore You—It is Nature's Own Remedy—It is the Oil That Keeps the Human Machinery Running Smoothly and Freely.

Ninety per cent of the people die from twenty to sixty years before nature intended. When energies begin to fail they just give up—they do nothing to bring about normal conditions.

Old people, nervous people and sick

people cannot generate the food which the muscles and nerves and brain require—it must be supplied from nature's storehouse.

Chrystal Tonic is brain, nerve, blood and muscle food and offers in condensed form the very elements which nature needs to repair the waste brought on by work and worry and care. It does its work quickly. You do not have to wait until next month or next week or tomorrow to feel the benefit. Within fifteen minutes after first taking it you feel stronger and better. It sends the blood racing through the veins and arteries, charges the nerves with the electricity of life, and rests the overwrought muscles. It gives sond sleep and a hearty appetite and banishes worry and care.

Chrystal Tonic cures rheumatism, constipation, consumption, torpid liver, kidney trouble, Bright's disease, heart disease, neuralgia, nervous exhaustion, male and female weakness, bad blood, headache, backache, dizziness, sleeplessness, dyspepsia, general debility, tired brain and any run-down condition of the system.

Don't take our word for what Chrystal Tonic will do for you, try a bottle today. If, after using it, you are not delighted with the result, write the company at Marshall and they will refund your money. What could be fairer?

Get Chrystal Tonic from your druggist at $1.00 the bottle or direct from the Chrystal Tonic Co., Marshall, Mich., prepaid, on receipt of price.

OPTION ON LAKE SUPERIOR COMPANY IS EXTENDED.

Philadelphia, May 3.—The Canadian Improvement company, which is financing the reorganization of the Consolidated Lake Superior company, has been granted an extension of its option, which would have expired today, in order that all the creditors of the Consolidated Lake Superior company may have another opportunity to transfer their interests to the Canadian company. All the New York banks interested in the Speyer loan have consented to the extension, and the Philadelphia banks will do the same. An attorney for the reorganization committee said the reorganization plan would be declared operative, probably this week, and that those stockholders who have not yet paid their assessment under the new plan will be given two weeks to do so.

ANIMALS PERISH IN FIRE.

Pawnee City, May 3.—A circus train arrived here late Sunday night. Early yesterday morning one of the animal keepers went through the elephant cars to see that all was right, when the gasoline torch which he carried exploded and the entire car was immediately in flames, and all the animals in the cars were burned. Four camels, three elephants, two sacred cattle and a black bear perished. The loss is estimated at about $30,000, with no insurance.

OLD SORES CURED

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE.

Cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Poisoned Wounds, All Sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Draws out all poison. Saves expense and suffering. Cures permanent. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. F. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., St. Paul, Minn.

The Greatest Skill! The most experience—14 years. We grind our own lenses.

G. D. TROTT, OPTICIAN. 3 West Superior Street.

DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the IDEAL BEER HALL.

MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 Bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request. Big G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 26th, 1904:

In the Matter of the Estate of Adelaide B. Lampman, Deceased:

Letters testamentary on the estate of Adelaide B. Lampman, deceased, late of the county of Essex, state of New Jersey, being granted to Lewis Lampman, Leonard Bronk Lampman and Maria Bronk Lampman,

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 1st day of August, 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a general term of said probate court, to be held at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 28th day of April, A. D. 1904.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal, Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, April-26-May-3-10 1904.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.

District Court, 11th Judicial District.

The Onarock Company, a corporation,

Plaintiff,
vs.

William E. Lucas, as receiver of the Marine National Bank, Lydia A. Wentworth, Sion R. Wentworth, her husband, George K. Wentworth, Margaret H. Wentworth, his wife, Walter Van Brunt, Mary A. Van Brunt, his wife, Thomas Cullyford, Sarah W. Culver, Addie M. Maseau, C. M. Maseau, her husband, John C. Lavaque, E. Virginia Lavaque, John H. Lavaque, her husband, Cora A. Underhill, William D. Underhill, her husband, Jerome E. Cooley, Ella M. Cooley, his wife, Elon D. Humphrey, Ada Humphrey, his wife, Clinton D. Markell, Kate E. Markell, his wife, Michael Conia, Fred P. Huntress, Natalie Huntress, his wife, Samuel C. Brown, Fannie Brown, his wife, Moses O'Brien, — O'Brien, his wife, Joseph D. Lloyd, Frank R. Webber, as receiver of the Syndicate Land Company, a corporation, William E. Richardson, Marshall-Wells Hardware Company, a corporation, the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, a corporation, as trustee, Charles Purdon, Fenton Gall, John G. Williams, Fargo National Bank, a corporation, Martin W. Brown, Frank L. Buell, Thomas A. Gall, Neilson T. Parker, C. M. Bailey, Isaac Wyman, John L. Dodge, E. S. Upham, John H. Upham, Josephine Sharvey, as administratrix of the estate of Paul Sharvey, deceased, August Fitger, Percy S. Anneke, George A. French, James A. Dingwall, T. W. Hoopes, F. B. Daugherty, L. K. Daugherty, Ezra T. Williams, Samuel Loeb, A. S. Chase, George F. Ash, Victor Stearns, as receiver of the Northwestern Loan and Investment Company, A. T. C. Pierson Chapter Rose Croix, No. 4, a corporation, North Star Lodge of Perfection, No. 6, a corporation, J. D. Ensign, William Craig, Joseph B. Cotton, Victor Stearns, Victor Stearns, as administrator C. T. A. of the estate of O. P. Stearns, Bernard Silberstein, Annie Bondy and B. Heller, as executors of the will of Isaac Bondy, Caroline E. Ray, Robert C. Ray, Marian Ray, Duluth Consistory, No. 3, a corporation, Charles H. Martz, Zenith Council Kadosh, No. 3, a corporation, S. D. Allen, George C. Wallace and William E. Cave, as executors of the estate of Benjamin H. Wisdom, Hansen Smith, Ernst Schultze, as assignee of People's Savings Bank; also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein,

Defendants.

SUMMONS.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby required and summoned to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of the said district court, 11th judicial district at Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, within twenty days, after service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of service thereof; and if you fail to answer the complaint within said time the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated March 10th, 1904.

J. B. RICHARDS,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Office, 310-311 1st National Bank Bldg.,
Residence, 2321 East 1st Street, both in Duluth, Minnesota.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.

District Court, 11th Judicial District.

The Onarock Company, a corporation,

Plaintiff,
vs.

William E. Lucas, as receiver of the Marine National Bank, Lydia A. Wentworth, Sion R. Wentworth, her husband, George K. Wentworth, Margaret H. Wentworth, his wife, Walter Van Brunt, Mary A. Van Brunt, his wife, Thomas Cullyford, Sarah W. Culver, Addie M. Maseau, C. M. Maseau, her husband, John C. Lavaque, E. Virginia Lavaque, John H. Lavaque, her husband, Cora A. Underhill, William D. Underhill, her husband, Jerome E. Cooley, Ella M. Cooley, his wife, Elon D. Humphrey, Ada Humphrey, his wife, Clinton D. Markell, Kate E. Markell, his wife, Michael Conia, Fred P. Huntress, Natalie Huntress, his wife, Samuel C. Brown, Fannie Brown, his wife, Moses O'Brien, — O'Brien, his wife, Joseph D. Lloyd, Frank R. Webber, as receiver of the Syndicate Land Company, William E. Richardson, Marshall-Wells Hardware Company, a corporation, the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, a corporation, as trustee, Charles Purdon, Fenton Gall, John G. Williams, Fargo National Bank, a corporation, Martin W. Brown, Frank L. Buell, Thomas A. Gall, Neilson T. Parker, C. M. Bailey, Isaac Wyman, John L. Dodge, E. S. Upham, John H. Upham, Josephine Sharvey, as administratrix of the estate of Paul Sharvey, deceased, August Fitger, Percy S. Anneke, George A. French, James A. Dingwall, T. W. Hoopes, F. B. Daugherty, L. K. Daugherty, Ezra T. Williams, Samuel Loeb, A. S. Chase, George F. Ash, Victor Stearns, as receiver of the Northwestern Loan and Investment Company, A. T. C. Pierson Chapter Rose Croix, No. 4, a corporation, North Star Lodge of Perfection, No. 6, a corporation, J. D. Ensign, William Craig, Joseph B. Cotton, Victor Stearns, Victor Stearns, as administrator C. T. A. of the estate of O. P. Stearns, Bernard Silberstein, Annie Bondy and B. Heller, as executors of the will of Isaac Bondy, Caroline E. Ray, Robert C. Ray, Marian Ray, Duluth Consistory, No. 3, a corporation, Charles H. Martz, Zenith Council Kadosh, No. 3, a corporation, S. D. Allen, George C. Wallace and William E. Cave, as executors of the estate of Benzamin H. Wisdom, Hansen Smith, Ernst Schultze, as assignee of People's Savings Bank; also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein,

Defendants.

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

Notice is hereby given that an action has this day been commenced in the court above described by the above named plaintiff and against the defendants and parties above mentioned in the title of said action. That the object of said action is to procure the judgment of said court decreeing ownership and title of the lands described in the complaint therein to be in the plaintiff above named and to exclude defendants and all parties unknown from any right, title, estate, lien or interest in said lands, or any part thereof. No personal claim is made against any defendant. The said lands are situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, and described as follows: Lots 124 and 126, in block 45, Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof; lot 388, in block 75, in Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the plat thereof; the south half of the southeast quarter of section 9, township 50 N. R. 14 west; and the se¼ of the ne¼ of Sec. 23, Twp. 60, N. R. 15 W.

Dated March 10th, 1904.

J. B. RICHARDS,
Attorney for the Onarock Company,
Plaintiff.

Duluth Evening Herald—April 12-19-26, May 3-10, 1904.

WE ARE NOW READY.

And if you are in need of CLOTHING, FURNITURE, CARPETS, CURTAINS, Etc., now is your time to buy as never before were we prepared to show you such a complete line of up-to-date goods and sell them to you on easy payments as now.

Your Credit is Good.

Call in and look over our several departments. You are welcome.

GATELY'S, 8 E. Superior St.

TOWNE IS BOOMED BY SENATOR GORMAN

(Continued from First Page.)

of New York and instructing their delegates for Parker. The convention will meet without anyone having control of it, and a grand talking match will be the result. Mr. Gorman thinks "get together" will be the keynote of Democratic desire, and that Judge Parker's weakness will be the fact that if he is nominated the Bryan-Hearst faction will probably bolt the ticket.

* * *

It is along this line of reasoning that Senator Gorman thinks there is a chance for Towne or for some other Democrat besides Parker. Towne was loyal to Bryan in both campaigns—so loyal that Bryan wanted him named for vice president in 1900. His nomination for president now would make all the old Bryan men feel that they had been fairly treated. There would be no "repudiation" of the principles and the leadership of the two battles. At the same time, it is claimed by men who favor Towne, that his nomination could not rouse any opposition among the conservatives or the Cleveland wing of the party. Although he is a free silver man, the money question is not an issue and cannot be made an issue. Towne's free silverism is a good deal like the free trade belief of many Democrats, and a few Republicans—simply a beautiful theory a philosophical notion; an academic conviction; not a thing which can be worked out in practice in our day and generation, and which no one seriously proposes to work out. Towne is not a free trader, but is a tariff reformer and he is "sound," according to the Democratic view on all the questions of the day, such as imperialism, trusts and limitations of the power and activities of the executive.

* * *

In seeking a candidate who would have a chance to beat President Roosevelt, the Democrats might go farther and fare worse. Charles A. Towne, as everyone knows, was a Republican up to 1896, when he joined the Democracy on the silver issue. He was a member of congress from Duluth, elected as a Republican and during his short stay in the house made at least two brilliant speeches. So far as brains are concerned, he is one of the ablest men in the Democratic party. He is as eloquent as Bryan himself, and has better logical faculties, a more evenly balanced mind than Bryan. He has less self-consciousness than Bryan, greater breadth of view, and far more appreciation of humor; and the successful success of the brilliant John Sharp Williams, as leader of the minority in the house, shows that a sense of humor is a saving grace and a mighty good thing to have in the equipment of a statesman. Towne is a wit as well as a student and philosopher.

* * *

Mr. Towne is now a dealer in county and municipal bonds, with an office in Wall street. It would be somewhat unusual for the Democracy to go right to Wall street for its presidential candidate, but Mr. Towne is not a regular Wall street product, and, if reports may be trusted, has not gathered a large fortune since he invaded the lair of the great beast of plutocracy. He is a Tammany man in good standing, and as on Leader Murphy's little list for a seat in the next house of representatives if nothing else happens meanwhile.

Will Charley Towne try to be the Bryan of the 1908 convention? Some of his friends think he will. He is a Tammany delegate to the St. Louis convention, and of course is instructed for Parker. But Parker instructions will not prevent him making a speech. And if he gets a chance to talk in that convention he may do just what his friend Bryan did at Chicago in 1896—charm, magnetize, fascinate, hypnotize 10,000 people, and make himself the nominee in a whirl. At any rate, Mr. Towne is a man we shall have to keep our eyes on henceforth.

In his cloakroom chats Senator Gorman has told his friends that in his opinion the chance of Democratic success this year lies in the cities of New York and Chicago. This idea was put forth some time ago in these dispatches, and I am glad to have the re-enforcing judgment of such an eminent and astute politician as the senator from Maryland. The argument of Democrats who do not like the idea of nominating Judge Parker is that it would be foolish to name a candidate to please the trusts and to drive away the support of the elements that are reached by the tongue of Col. Bryan and the newspapers of W. R. Hearst. The question is asked, "If Bryan and Hearst bolt Parker, what chance would there be to carry Chicago and New York by big enough majorities to win the presidency?" Whether or not Bryan and Hearst would actually bolt Parker cannot, of course, now be learned, but if they did not openly bolt they could do the cause a world of harm among the elements of society which are responsive to their influence, and these are elements which possess vast numbers of votes, even if they are a trifle deficient in intelligence and education. By thus looking ahead, the opponents of Parker and the friends of Towne think they see ample reason why the former should not be nominated, and why the latter should be.

They contend that the nomination of Parker would fail to reunite the party, because Bryan and Hearst are bitterly opposed to him. On the other hand, they say Towne would receive the support of every man who is or ever has been a Democrat, with the additional advantage that Bryan would go into the campaign with all his enthusiasm and energy and that Tammany would be so happy it could be depended upon to roll up a majority which would surely carry the Empire State into the Democratic column.

As I understand it, Senator Gorman is careful not to say that he is himself opposed to Parker or for Towne. Senator Gorman has not given up all hope of getting the nomination for himself. He is playing a shrewd game, as usual. He tried to use Tammany to prevent Parker instructions in New York. He induced Col. Guffey to withhold instructions in Pennsylvania. He coddled Mayor McClellan as a presidential possibility for a time, and now he suggests Towne. It is obviously Senator Gorman's purpose to do everything in his power to keep the nomination at St. Louis an open question. If he can check the Parker movement and in the end break it down there may be a chance for himself. When it comes to convention politics and combinations and maneuvering Senator Gorman plays a skilful hand. And he will be at St. Louis, busy as a beaver day and night.

The friends of Judge Parker have been confident they had the winner. But they are not yet out of the woods. They can find the means of winning Tammany's loyal support Leader Murphy and all his braves are likely to go to St. Louis talking like this: "We are instructed for Parker, and Parker is a good man—no objection to him personally. But, if you want to make sure of New York state, nominate Charley Towne."

And in the end Senator Gorman hopes to form a combination between the South and Tammany, not for Towne nor McClellan, but for Arthur Pue Gorman.

PRESIDENT LAXDAL HURT

In Wreck on the Great Northern at Clearwater River.

Crookston, Minn., May 3.—Passenger train No. 13, of the Great Northern, running from Duluth to Larimore, N. D., ran into a burning bridge over the Clearwater river, yesterday afternoon, resulting in serious injury to twenty-five or more people, but no one was killed.

Engineer Murray and Fireman Regan both jumped, after running their train across the bridge, with the exception of the last coach, which caught fire, thus causing a panic among the passengers, many of whose lives were only saved by the presence of mind of Conductor Bryant, who ordered a sysematic exit from the burning car. Several excited persons jumped from the car windows and rolled down an embankment, a distance of twenty-five feet, receiving serious injuries. Among those who were injured are Engineer George Ralph, of the state drainage board, back hurt seriously; Joseph Fencer, of the Crookston Lumber company, both hands badly burned; President Laxdal, of the Northern Baseball league, and Mrs. J. N. Hanson, of East Grand Forks, hands and face seriously burned and several others, slightly injured.

Locally but very little could be learned of the wreck. The division on which the accident occurred runs from Cass Lake to Minot, and the bridge through which the train went is a mile and a half east of Shevlin, about 198 miles from Duluth.

It is said that the fireman, Regan, is expected to die, but that this is the only fatality expected to result from the accident. Trains which have been run through over the line have had to transfer since the loss of the bridge, and No. 26, due here at 7:10 a. m., was marked three hours late at the depot this morning, owing to the transfer. It may be a couple of days before the bridge is comletely rebuilt for traffic.

WISCONSIN NOMINATIONS.

Milwaukee, May 3.—The Fourth district Republican congressional convention yesterday renominated Theobald Otjen, Charles F. Pfister and E. L. Philip, of Milwaukee, were elected delegates to the national convention.

William H. Stafford was renominated by the Fifth district Republican congressional convention, and William I. Greene, of Milwaukee, and Arthur James, of Waukesha, were elected delegates to the national convention. Both conventions adopted resolutions endorsing the administration of Roosevelt.

The Vital Health Principle.

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We make a specialty of packing and moving furniture and pianos. Leave your number and let us make you a price. 204½ W. SUPERIOR ST. Both 'phones 601.

TRUNKS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY.

THE TIME TO BUY

George L. Walker Presents Cheapness of Copper Shares.

Copper Firm with Prices Unchanged and Consumers Buying.

George L. Walker reports the copper metal market firm about the same prices as a week ago. Domestic consumers are reported buying more freely than for some time. Mr. Walker also presents the attractive investments offered by copper stocks at the present time. He says in his last letter:

"Copper is firm at about the same prices as last week. Lake is 13⅝ to 13½ cents and electrolytic 13¼ to 13⅜ cents. London quotations have made a substantial net gain during the week, and foreign advices are as a rule bullish. It is understood that domestic consumers have this week bought copper with more freedom than for some time previously. Producers all report that they find a ready market for their copper, and several of them have sold all of next month's output and more or less for June delivery.

The high price of copper is not a result of a stampede to buy on the part of consumers or speculators. It has come about through a heavy increase in the foreign demand, due largely to the Russo-Japan war aided by improving business conditions throughout Europe and Asia. There will be extensive additions to foreign naval and military equipment this year, and all previous records of European electrical development will be far surpassed.

"Many consumers doubt the legitimacy of the present copper market, and consequently are buying as little for future delivery as they feel obliged to buy. There is, however, absolutely no ground for the belief that metal market conditions are in any sense due to manipulation. The copper exported is going direct to consumers and is not being stored. There is no stock market speculation or activity such as there would be were metal prices being advanced to facilitate the unloading of securities; and no logical reason or explanation can be presented that will show how any interest has benefited or can hope to benefit from this rise in price except that it is a seller of copper, and if all interests have sold, market conditions are by no means fictitious. To claim that the Amalgamated company has advanced prices by buying and hoarding copper, in the meantime giving all of the independent companies an opportunity to sell at more than normal prices and secure great profits, is giving that company credit for a higher grade of philanthropy than it deserves. As a matter of fact the metal market is all right, and is still in a better position to advance than to decline.

COPPER SHARES.

"The failure of the copper share market to respond to the consequently advancing price of the metal is due to several factors. The peculiar absence of public confidence in the legitimacy of copper prices, the dullness of speculation in general, the prevalence of bearish sentiment and the Lawson-Rogers controversy are all operating to prevent buying. There is almost no selling, and there should be none while present conditions continue. Copper stocks are as a rule quoted about where they should sell on an 11-cent metal market.

"One of the greatest investment opportunities of a lifetime is undoubtedly presented now by the exceedingly low prices of copper mining stocks. The stocks referred to are those listed on the Boston exchange, stocks that have already been distributed and in which promoters are no longer interested except as officials or stockholders. Upwards of twenty of the different stocks represent producing companies, and about a dozen of these are earning money and enjoying great prosperity. Unlike other business enterprises, the copper mining companies went through their period of depression two years ago after the collapse of the copper corner. Last year the world's copper was produced at an average cost of about 9 cents and sold at 13 cents, a profit of 4 cents per pound. This year promises to see an equally good profit; and within two or three years net earnings promise to show a very large increase. The copper metal market is undergoing a great improvement, and copper mining stocks are not as yet reflecting the benefit that is coming to them in increased earnings. Copper stocks will advance, for in the end natural conditions always win in the stock market.

"The copper producing business has some advantages over all others. One is that copper sells at practically the same price in all markets of the world, and as a consequence when the demand falls off in one portion of the world it can also be depended upon to improve in another. The United States and Mexico produce the greater portion of the world's copper, and foreign consumers always buy heavily and our exports increase when prices are low. There is a growing demand for copper in every field in which it is used; and when it declines in price the uses to which it may be put advantageously multiply. It is by no means impossible that we may again see copper sell at 17 cents, and as a result, too, of natural conditions. Copper stocks are now selling on an average for less than half the prices they reached on the 17-cent metal market. Their net earnings on a 13-cent market are just about half as great on the average as they would be if the market price could be maintained permanently at 17 cents. The difference is that 17 cents was abnormally high, while 13 to 14 cents is the normal market price of copper. The profit of 4 to 5 cents per pound can be depended upon from year to year; and all of the companies have the same amount or more real property, mines, mills, smelters, cash assets, etc., now that they had when their stocks sold 110 per cent higher than at present."

SOUTHERN WHITES

Angry Because Naval Officer Was Disciplined.

New Orleans, La., May 3.—The action of the navy department in relieving from duty Lieut. D. Doyd, who recently opened a naval recruiting station here because he enlisted only white men, has met with much criticism in New Orleans and nearby cities. It may have a tendency to stop the enlistment of any white recruits here, as the New Orleans Picayune warns all Southern white men against enlisting in the navy, claiming it is evidently the policy of the administration to force social equality on them through that department.

Lieut. Boyd claims his instructions were to recruit only the best grade of men, and he could not accept negroes.

It is said in marine circles here that his drawing in of the race issue probably will result in reducing Southern enlistments, if not in breaking up naval recruiting stations in Southern ports.

BREWER TAKES HIS LIFE.

New York, May 3.—James H. Strouble, 45 years old, a wealthy brewer, committed suicide at his home on West Eighty-fifth street yesterday by inhaling gas.

LEHIGH DIVIDEND.

Philadelphia, May 3.—The board of directors of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company, yesterday declared a semi-annual dividend of 3½ per cent. This places the dividend on a basis of 7 per cent annually.

JERUSALEM AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

A Thousand Natives Are En Route to Occupy the Reproduced Capital of the Holy Land on the Exposition Grounds.

St. Louis, May 3.—Approximately a thousand natives of Jerusalem are now en route to America or are preparing to make the journey, their destination being the World's fair at St. Louis. They are coming not merely to see the exposition, but to become a part of it. They will live during the seven months of the fair in the walled city of Jerusalem, a reproduction of their native city, which occupies eleven acres inside the grounds of the World's fair.

In the gathering of people from Jerusalem are representatives of each of the three religions which have struggled for possession of the Holy City from early times—Jews, Moslems and Christians. They will occupy, in the reproduced city, houses such as they live in at home, and they will carry on lines of business such as they are engaged in there. Along the streets of the Jerusalem in St. Louis are many shops and bazars where various lines of Oriental curios will be sold. Metalsmiths and tinkers will ply their trades, selling the product to visitors. In every possible way the object of the enterprise is to show life just as it is in Jerusalem. The native costumes will be worn, the native languages spoken and the native customs adhered to with fidelity to detail.

In religion as in business and home life, these natives of Jerusalem will be at home. The Jews will find here their celebrated "Walling Walk," where they are wont to gather at certain hours and pray for the restoration of the Holy City to the sons of David. The Mohammedans will worship according to their faith, in the reproduced Masque of Omar and in little chapels elsewhere on the site. The Christians will carry on their forms of worship.

The Jerusalem of the World's fair is almost completed, the building of the city has been a stupendous task. No such enterprise ever before was attempted. The magnitude of it is such that one marvels how it could have been done. Inside the great walls which surround the city about 300 houses have been built. Of wood and staff, they are correct patterns of the originals at Jerusalem, and they are six-sevenths the actual size. Whole streets, famous in sacred history, have been reproduced. The outer walls, covered with staff so painted as to represent the time-stained stone masonry of the ancient city as it now appears, give a marvelous likeness of the original. The architects personally visited Jerusalem and studied the walls and buildings with minute attention to detail, and in every respect the original model has been followed.

The famous Jaffa gate, which is located in the World's fair replica, at the end of the road leading down from the Palace of Fine Arts, immediately attracts the attention of anyone who has visited Palestine. Thousands of pilgrims each year approach Jerusalem along the road from Jaffa, on the backs of camels or donkeys, or afoot, just as in olden days. Many others use the railroad that was opened a few years ago. At the Jaffa gate, both inside and outside the walls, there is always a picturesque scene. In the World's fair Jerusalem this scene within the gate will be reproduced faithfully.

Entering at the Jaffa gate the pilgrim in St. Louis finds himself inside the walled city. Before him the Street of David stretches, a wide thoroughfare, as wide as business goes in Jerusalem. To the left is the moat guarding the citadel. To the right is a line of quaint houses, where dwell some of the transported inhabitants, and farther along are two modern hotels, rebuilt just as they stand in the real Jerusalem. These hostelries are the Central hotel and the Grand New hotel. They are intended for the accommodation of the many persons connected with the enterprise in official or clerical capacities.

The Street of David crosses the Via Dolorosa, along which Jesus bore His cross on the journey to the crucifixion on Calvary. Here is shown the Ecce Homo arch, upon which stood Pontius Pilate when he cried out to the populace, "Behold the man!"

The wheat market, with dirt floor, in which Jew and Gentile strive for commercial mastery, is located on the right-hand side of the Street of David. During the fair it will be a place of lively activity, and no doubt will attract much attention from persons who know something of the struggle of bulls and bears "on the street" in New York.

The World's Fair Crusader of 1904 may pass through Christian Street to the south and enter a wide open space in which stands the Church of the Holy Sepulchre, which for centuries has been a subject of controversy between scholars and ecclesiastics. According to tradition, it is built upon the site of the crucifixion. The Emperor Constantine erected the original church of the Holy sepulchre upon the site in Jerusalem which corresponds to this. In the centuries of fierce struggle for possession of Jerusalem, wherein Mosleau and Christian clashed on bloody fields the church was destroyed and rebuilt repeatedly. When the Christians took possession of the city they enlarged the extent of the church considerably. The present edifice was built early in the nineteenth century. Certain features of the mediaeval architecture remain, which are faithfully reproduced at St. Louis.

The pavement of the large court in front of the church is worn by the feet of innumerable pilgrims, and these marks are reproduced. Beneath the central dome of the church, in a white marble edifice, is the Holy Sepulchre. This interior edifice is divided into two spaces, or sanctuaries. In the first is found reproduced the stone where the angels were seated when they replied to the holy women, "He is not here, but is risen." The second sanctuary encloses the sepulchre. The air is redolent with burning incense, and lamps of gold and silver are always lighted.

Many persons believe this sepulchre at Jerusalem to be the actual place of entombment of Jesus.

At the opposite side of the site is reproduced an architectural feature even more striking than the church of the Holy Sepulchre. This is the Mosque of Omar. Resting upon its mighty platform, with its wonderful dome towering high above the outer walls, this Moslem temple is visible from many points in the Exposition grounds. Though the site of the Holy Sepulchre is a matter of learned dispute, no one doubts that the ground upon which the Mosque Omar stands in the Holy City is the identical site of Solomon's temple and the temple of Herod the Great, from which Christ was scourged the money-changers. This considerable tract of land is known throughout Christendom as the Temple Area ,and by the Mohammedans it is called the Haram es-Sherif. For nearly 4000 years it has been holy ground. Upon it has been builded temple after temple, to fall before successive invaders. Assyrian, Roman and Mohammedan have built and destroyed temples here. Within this sacred area have worshipped the followers of the God of Abraham, the believers in Jesus of Nazareth, and the fanatic followers of Mohammed. A Pagan temple, built by Hadrian, has occupied the site of Solomon's magnificent temple.

For generations, time and again, the area has been but a tumble of ruins, yet it has not ceased for a moment to be venerated as a sacred place by the adherents of some great religious prophet. The powerful religions of the world has surged about these walls, struggling for possession of the Temple Area. The walls have been drenched in blood, and the malmed bodies of defender and aggressor have strewn the area. Even the Saracenic mosque now standing has changed masters repeatedly; it was taken by the Crusaders under Godfrey of Bouillon in the year 1099, when the Cross supplanted the crescent. Upon the expulsion of the Christians by Saladin, the moslem symbol again was planted upon the edifice.

The great Omar built the mosque which was the predecessor of the one now standing. The Mohammedan Turks now hold the Temple Area, and worship within the great mosque, or at the prayer-places here and there inside the area. For many years have Jews and Christians been permitted to enter the sacred enclosure. So zealous were its Moslem keepers lest the place be profaned by those who, from their standpoint, were unbelievers, that it was only at imminent risk to life that any person other than a Mohammedan could enter.

The Temple Area, as reproduced at St. Louis, will be given over to the Mohammedans during the exposition, the general visitor, of course, being admitted. Among other wonderful things reproduced within the area are the tomb of David, the tomb of Elijah, and the tomb of King Solomon.

The mosque is octagonal, each side measuring 67 feet. Underneath the dome is a remarkable limestock rock, of irregular shape, which is believed to be the natural surface of the rock of Mount Moriah. An iron railing surrounds this sacred stone, to protect it from the profaning touch of pilgrims. There is an excavated chamber at one corner of the rock, which, according to Moslem tradition, was successively the praying-place of Abraham, David, Solomon and Jesus.

Another point of general interest which has been reproduced is St. Stephen's Gate. Near this entrance to Jerusalem the stoning and martyrdom of Stephen took place. The gate leads to the Via Dolorosa, and also to the inner gate of St. Stephen, through which the World's fair visitor may pass into a hall in which a diorama of the Mount of Olives will show memorable scenes in the life of Christ, including the Garden of Gethsemane and other localities of sacred interest.

Among the thoroughfares that have been reproduced, with exact copies of the houses bordering them, are the Moorish street, Coppersmiths' street, Silversmith's street, Jewish street, etc. In Jerusalem the workers in one occupation pre-empt a whole street; all the coppersmiths have their shops on one street, all the chemists on another, and so on. In these streets at St. Louis will be native artisans and tradesmen, plying their vocations. Hardly any of the streets exceed ten feet in width. Fifty camels and many donkeys from Jerusalem will be on hand to furnish means of transportation, and in the narrow thoroughfares there promise to be good-natured rivalries for the right-of-way, as in the original city.

The Citadel should not be omitted in even the most cursory account of this wonderful reproduction. This is located near the Jaffa Gate. Herod erected his palace within the Citadel, building noble towers at three of the corners, for purposes of defence and ornamentation. He named the towers after his wife, whom he put to death because of jealousy; his brother, Phasaelus, and his friend, Hippicus, the Tower of Hippicus still stands, and is reproduced in staff. Newer structures have taken the place of the towers named for Phasaelus and for Marianne, the dead queen. One, the Tower of David, arises in staff opposite the Tower of Hippicus, and near the Jaffa Gate, in stone-like staff, arises the Tower of Phasaelus.

At the remaining corner of the Citadel is the Jewish synagogue, in which the Hebrew natives will worship during the exposition. ROBERTUS LOVE.

BITTER FEELING

Over Charges Against a School Superintendent.

Cedar Falls, Iowa, May 3.—The controversy over school matters will probably close in the near future. The president of the school board, announces that a date has been set for a trial of Superintendent Kelly on the charges made against him, and that on May 11 at 9 o'clock, in the city hall, the board will meet to hear them preferred. Several futile attempts have been made by those of the opposition to effect a settlement. As has already been announced, Superintendent D. M. Kelly was elected for his fifth year as superintendent of the city schools by the unanimous vote of the board. As charges of incapability, etc., were preferred just previous to the election, Superintendent Kelly accepted with the understanding that if he were proven guilty of the charges made, he would at once resign. Public feeling has been intense. The three gentlemen influential in the opposition, all prominent business men of the city, have been hung in effigy and so bitter is the sentiment that it has been feared that some terrible deed might be committed before the matter should be settled.

THE GENTLER SEX.

Will the sister who suffers in silence permit a word?

There are certain diseases peculiar to the female sex. They prostrate the maiden, wife or mother, upon a bed of sickness; perhaps never to rise again. Their cause may be often traced to impurities in the system, brought about by a disordered state of the liver or bowels. Constipation causes more than half the sickness of the world, and constipation can be quickly and painlessly relieved by the vegetable laxative known as Beecham's Pills. Consequently they give health, happiness and long life to all who use them. 25 cents at all drug stores.

Is it the World's Fair This Summer?

If so you want to call on your nearest ticket agent for reduced rates via the Burlington Route and for all detailed information about accommodations, hotels, means of transportation, not only between St. Paul and St. Louis, but to and from the grounds, hotels and points of interest in St. Louis, write to us. We are in position to serve you in settling any point.

Burlington Route

F. M. RUGG, N. W. P. A.,

A. L. EIDEMILLER, T. P. A.,

St. Paul, Minn.,

THE "BURLINGTON CHICAGO LIMITED" 8:40 P. M. DAILY FROM ST. PAUL.

PROUD KALGOORLIE!

The Story of an Australian "Boom" City.

Kalgoorlie, says the London Daily Mail, today is the proudest city on earth. It is ten years and four months old and has all the confidence of lusty youth. It owns the richest mile of gold-bearing land known. It has beaten its rival, Coolgardie, out of the field. It is inordinately proud of its water supply. One expert, Mr. G. H. Reid, declared that water is more talked about and less drunk there than anywhere else he has been. And, finally, Kalgoorlie is proud of itself. Never has adoring mother declared the weight of her three-months-old baby so often to admiring visitors as Kalgoorlie citizens declare the size and population of their favored spot.

Admittedly, there is some cause for pride. Come with me tonight on the balcony of the hotel in Hannan street, and look down. The broad thoroughfares are bright with electric lights. Electric tramway cars run in all directions. Telephone and telegraph poles run down the centre of the roadways. Zinc and iron canvas roofs are already giving way to brick and stone buildings. The shops are dear enough for Bond street. The lady whose carriage has just stopped at the hotel door is dressed by Paquin. The great lights on the hills, and the constant muffled roar of dynamite charges, announce the march of industry. Last and most wonderful, the scream of a locomotive comes through the air.

Ten years ago, at the beginning of June, 1893, this spot was desert, trodden by man at the risk of life. The burnt scrub, the hot, red earth, the absence of shelter and of water would have made it a fitting centre for a Dantesque inferno.

The story has often been told how, on a June day, Pat Hannan, at once luckiest and most unfortunate of prospectors, stumbled along here, done almost to death by thirst and heat. He had been out searching and had failed, and was now back on the long tramp and ride to civilization. His horse escaped, and Hannan ran after it. It kicked the soil in its struggle, and the prospector's gaze went down. In a moment the horse was forgotten, and he had flung himself on the earth. The horse had shown gold, and Kalgoorlie was found.

Ten years ago? Not such a long time back, and yet what a ten years they have been. The desolation of the wilderness is today a city of thirty-five thousand people. It has had its boom, its crash and its revival. It has had its epidemics, carrying off thousands of fine young fellows. Its land rose from nothing to as much as a hundred pounds a foot. European investors have taken millions out of it and have sunk millions more. The government has gained about £150,000 from the sale of its sites. And its wealth has helped to turn Westralia from a forsaken land to a coming crown of empire.

The old Kalgoorlie citizen will tell you, if you ask him, that the place is spoiled now. The real time was before the railway and the millionaire came, when you had to force your way up over two hundred miles from Southern Cross by camel or coach. Those were the grand days, when fresh meat, fresh milk or fresh vegetables were unknown; when water was often worth half a crown a gallon, and hard to get at that. The only thing easy to buy was whiskey, and it was of a kind warranted to kill an ordinary man in the briefest possible time. Every man worked like three.

What a mixed crowd it was! Here was the old hand who had been in a hundred rushes, and had, according to his own account, lost and found half a hundred fortunes. Here was the ex-Hussar, here the boy from a city office stool, here the Victorian farmer's son, here the English navvy. Every man was equal here, and none dare be other than honest. There was no escape for the thief, and at a "roll-up," the beating of a tin frying-pan, the camp would assemble to do justice to any offender. Those were the days when you might be without a shilling in the morning and worth £10,000 at night.

Then came the enteric, as it always does come under such circumstances, and doctors and nurses were pushed up to save a few from death. For tinned dog and bad whiskey, hard work in hot sun and hard pleasure after, bad water by the spoonful and bad champagne by the tumbler, kill as surely today as ever.

Those were great days, the veteran tells you with a sigh. Where are the men who made the fortunes, the happy discoverers who thought their future secure? Jones, who sold his share in the Great Bunkum for £25,000? He's cutting wood in the jarrah country now, earning nine shillings a day. I met him down South last week. Brown? Brown built a big house at Perth, but some one else lives in it now, and Brown has gone forth a ruined man. Robinson? He went to London with £50,000 two years ago. Last week I met him again at Mount Morgan fitting out a camel team with the last few pounds left. How did his money go? Better not ask.

The excitement has largely gone from Kalgoorlie today. It has become a prosaic business city, whose business is gold extraction. The individual prospector has no chance here now. One sometimes sees a lad dry-blowing in the hot sands. It is heartbreaking work, and he won't earn enough to pay for his meals.

Romance has departed. The daring prospector has been replaced by the working miner, who earns from 10s to 14s 4d a day. The old-time mine manager, who was not sure if telluride was a new mangelwurzel or an odd insect until he was told, has given way to the German and American expert. Meet a citizen in the street, and he will no longer talk of great finds, but of municipal progress, of tramways and bridges, as though he were on his way to Spring Gardens.

Water is no longer slowly distilled from the salt lakes or carefully boarded in water holes. It is pumped up hundreds of miles from the coast now, and you may have all you want. The itinerating whiskey vendor has been driven off by the limited company owning two-storied brick hotels. Churches are springing up in all directions. The theater attracts some of the best colonial travelling companies. The morning paper has grown, while its proprietor is still a young man, from a sheet the size of a small handkerchief to a handsome journal that would discredit no place. And the owner is now a rising member of the Federal Parliament at Melbourne.

Will Kalgoorlie last? Is it to sink as Coolgardie has sunk? Is it to be wholly removed, as Mount Margaret was? I, for one, cannot bellve so. It exists solely on gold, on nothing but gold. But there are no signs at present of the gold supply giving out. Mines are now being worked down as deep as 1600 feet below the surface, and the yield is steadily increasing. The Golden Mine of Boulder City, a suburb of Kalgoorlie, stands unequalled in the world. One great mine, originally floated as a "wild cat" on the London market, is returning a steady stream of gold to the happy simpletons who took it up. The growth of Kalgoorlie has amazed the mining experts, who at first, judging from other regions, thought there was little in it. And it bids fair to go on for some time yet.

But Kalgoorlie, I would say very emphatically, is no place for the young Englishman who wishes to emigrate. There are far more working miners here already than are wanted, and the out-of-work problem has for some time been a prominent question. The high wages paid to the men employed—none too high when one considers the discomfort of much of their surroundings—is leading the capitalists to minimize labor in every possible way and to forsake low-grade properties which with cheaper labor might be worked at a profit.

The young Englishman will find nothing to do here, and Kalgoorlie is not a nice place to go thirsty in. I say thirsty rather than hungry, for the alkaline desert around penetrates throat and nostrils, the fierce sun dries the blood, and drink—no matter what, but drink—is the one demand.

The Definition of Pleasure.

An agreeable sensation, resulting from a normal action of the physical organism; a form of feeling characterized by physical comfort of satisfaction. That may be all right, but a more understandable definition would be, "That agreeable sensation that the first breakfast of pillsbury's vitos, the pure wheat cereal food." Everybody understands that.

He Saved His Money.

Yes, he went to the

Duluth Wholesale Supply Co

And bought his Groceries at wholesale and saved his money.

YES, WE SELL DIRECT TO THE PEOPLE.

Office and Sample Room—102 W. Mich. St.

DULUTH'S LEADING HOTELS

THE SPALDING

Duluth's Leading Hotel.

FINEST CAFE IN THE NORTHWEST

Telephone in every room. One block from Depots and Docks. Capacity 400.

Am. Plan $2.50 up. European Plan $1 up.

New Building. New Equipment.

RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.

Hotel McKay

Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W., Duluth.

COOK'S HOTEL

New building.

Modern in every particular.

Julius Cook, Mngr. 210-212 W. Sup. St.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P. M.	A. M.	STATIONS	A. M.	P. M.
3:50	7:40	Lv...Duluth...Ar	10:30	3:40
4:05	7:55	Lv. 57th Av. W. Lv	10:15	3:25
4:20	8:15	Lv...Proctor...Lv	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Ar. Ir'n J'nct'n Lv	8:01	1:13
....	10:40	Ar. M't'n. Iron. Lv	.....	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv	6:55	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar...Eveleth...Lv	7:42	12:57
....	10:56	Ar...Sparta...Lv	.....	12:34
....	11:20	Ar...Biwabik...Lv	.....	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar...Hibbing Lv	7:15	12:27

Daily except Sunday.

Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry. for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS	M.	P. M
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	6:30
11:53	7:35	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	7:55	2:30
11:55	7:40	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	7:53	2:35
12:20	8:10	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:15	1:55
P. M.	P. M.	Daily, except Sundays.	P. M.	P. M

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave		Arrive
† 6:20 a.m	ST. PAUL AND	† 9:25 p.m
* 3:45 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	* 2:00 p.m
*11:15 p.m		* 6:10 a.m
* 8:45 a.m	Crookston, Grand Forks,	* 6:30 p.m
* 8:15 p.m	Montana and Const,	* 7:10 a.m
† 2:20 p.m	Swan River, Bidding, Virginia	†12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m	St. Cloud, Wilmar and	† 9:25 p.m
.....	Soo City.....	.....

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday

Twin City Sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 420 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44

All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m.	Lv. North Country Mail. Ar.	*8:55 a.m
	All Points East.	
†7:45 a.m.	Lv.....LOCAL.....Ar.	†8:00 p.m

Marquette and Copper Country.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m	Ashland and East	*11:15 a.m
† 8:00 a.m	Ashland and East	† 6:55 p.m
† 7:30 p.m	Minn. and Dakota Express	* 7:55 a.m
* 8:40 a.m	North Coast Limited	* 4:35 p.m
Leave	"Duluth Short Line."	Arrive
† 9:00 a.m	ST. PAUL	* 6:30 a.m
* 1:55 p.m		† 2:10 p.m
*11:10 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	† 7:00 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth		Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	†3:20 p.m
*4:00 p.m	St. Paul, Minneapolis	*9:45 p.m
*5:30 p.m	Twilight Limited	*10:45 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:45 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Appleton	*10:45 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac.	*10:45 a.m
*5:30 p.m	FAST MAIL	*10:45 a.m

Pullman Sleepers. ▫ Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

CARRIERS TO MEET

Three Duluth Postoffice Men to Go to State Convention.

Session Saturday at Stillwater—Banquet at Prison a Feature.

Three Duluth letter carrier will eat their supper in the state's prison at Stillwater next Saturday evening, May 7. They will not partake of the usual prison fare, however. The spread which they and other carriers from all parts of the state will enjoy will be more in the nature of a banquet, prepared under direction of their host, Warden Wolfer, and, what is more important still, they will be there because they want to and not because they have to.

The second annual convention of the Minnesota State Association of Letter Carriers will be held at the prison city next Saturday, and three letter carriers from Duluth, W. P. Pennell, R. G. Malcolm and J. S. Kriz, will be in attendance, leaving the Zenith City Friday evening. Mr. Pennell is the elected delegate from the local branch, while Mr. Malcolm is state vice-president and Mr. Kriz, state treasurer of the association. The two last played an important part last year in the organization of the state association, and were honored with these offices as a tribute to their services.

Delegates from nineteen Minnesota postoffices will be present at the convention. Practically every free-delivery office in the state will be represented. There is a gain of six over the number sending delegates last year. Among the business to come up will be the selection of delegates to the national convention to be held in September, 1905, at Portland, Oregon. A discussion of the bettering of the mail service and the bettering of the carriers' condition will be taken up.

Delegates will be royally entertained by the Stillwater carriers, and a dinner will be given to all the visiting delegates in the state's prison by the warden. Local delegates are looking forward to the event with much pleasure.

There are forty-five members in the Duluth branch of the association. Lewis Christianson is president, William E. Tusken, secretary; T. G. Thompson, treasurer; R. G. Malcolm, collector.

MOVEMENT OF BOATS.

Several Getting Ready to Go Down Lakes.

All the large boats are said to be chartered for loads of freight down the lakes as soon as the waters will permit them to navigate. The Frank Heffelfinger is loaded with 239,000 bushels of wheat and is lying at the St. Paul & Western coal dock. The Douglas Houghton has been pulled out from the shipyard, while the D. M. Clemson is being loaded.

The F. B. Wells has been removed to an elevator for load and the Frank Peavey was to be moved this afternoon.

The S. S. Curry, which has been in dry dock No. 1, at Superior, was expected to be taken to the Globe elevator this afternoon, while the America and the C. W. Moore, of the Booth line, go into the dry dock when the Curry leaves it.

The Jas. H. Reed is to be docked in No. 2 dry dock, possibly tomorrow.

Capt. Joseph Kidd leaves this evening for Lorain, where he will inspect the new steamer Sahara, to be launched next Thursday, and the A. B. Wolvin, which has already been launched.

New Railroad Offices.

New furniture is being installed in No. 430 West Superior street for the South Shore passenger office, which is being moved from No. 426 Superior street, and the office when completely repainted and fresh office fixtures put in, will be very attractive.

The Omaha ticket office is moved to the corner in the Lonsdale building, but it is not expected to be in homelike shape for a few days. The new furniture and ticket cases are to be of mahogany finish as well as all the woodwork in the room. The walls will be painted green and the ceiling a lighter tint of the same, in contrast with the dark furniture.

HAVE DEED OF PROPERTY

Lake Superior & Pittsburg People Own Land Absolutely.

Duluth investors interested in the Bonanza circle, in Arizona, in which Thomas F. Cole and his associates are prominent figures, are much interested in a report, which seems well founded, to the effect that the bonds on the Lake Superior & Pittsburg Development company lands have been closed upon in order to give the new owners a clear title to the property. This is in anticipation of the final payments which are expected to be made not earlier than June 1.

Originally the price of the property was $1,250,000, on which there was paid down $350,000, and then there were subscribed for 70,000 shares at $10 each, of $700,000, which added to the $150,000 originally paid, left $350,000 unsubscribed for. It is said that those principally concerned put up the remaining $350,000 in order to get hold of the property immediately, so they can develop it at once in accordance with their own plans.

MIDDLE OF MONTH.

Packet Lines Could Get Boats In Then.

Packet lines will be in full blast in Duluth by the middle of the month, according to the prediction of a well-known steamship agent this morning.

"Of course the waters are not clear yet," said he, "but they may be in 'navigable' shape almost any time now, as the warmth of the weather has been favorable to it. But you won't find any steamboat men who run regular freight and pasenger lines willing to start their boats up on a Friday or Saturday or Sunday. Friday is not an auspicious day on account of popular prejudices, and as Sunday is a day that nobody cares to use for an opener, it sort of keeps Saturday off the list, coming between the two as it does.

"So if we should have open water all the way the latter part of this week the chances are that no boats would be started until Monday and that would bring them here the latter part of next week or the first of the following week. They would not care to start anything up here now and run chances of waiting four or five days outside to get through the ice, as such a wait would kill all the profits of a trip."

SUES FOR SEALSKIN.

N. J. Miller Seeks to Recover From H. E. Gross.

The whereabouts of a sealskin coat is puzzling the municipal court authorities at the present time.

Nicholas J. Miller has brought suit against H. E. Gross, the furrier, to recover the value of a sealskin coat belonging to his wife, which is claimed to have been left with Mr. Gross for repairs, and not to have been returned.

Mr. Gross claims that the coat was stolen from his store by some person or persons unknown. When placed on the witness stand he stated that it had been left with him for repairs, but had not been called for until some months after being completed. When Mr. Miller finally appeared at the store and asked for the coat, it was gone.

Mr. Gross claims that he was not responsible for the coat since it had been left with him for repairs only, and not for storage, and that he was not responsible for its safe-keeping after the repairs had been completed.

The case is being tried by a jury and will take the greater part of the afternoon.

BUYS AT HUNTER'S PARK.

W. A. McGonagle Purchases D. E. Holston House.

The D. E. Holston home, at the corner of Woodland avenue and Oxford street, in Hunter's Park, has been purchased by W. A. McGonagle, vice president of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway company. It is understood that the property sold in the neighborhood of $10,000.

The house is a two-story frame structure of thirteen rooms and is beautifully located on approximately an acre and a half of ground. It was built in 1903 at a cost of about $18,000.

F. L. Barker, of Hunter's Park, has sold his two-story, eight-room frame residence, at Oxford street and Princeton avenue, to H. P. Nelson, chef at the St. Louis hotel, for a consideration said to be about $3500.

Dies of Tuberculosis.

Mrs. Lucy Matilda Johnson, wife of W. S. Jonnson, foreman of the Duluth Lithagraphing and Printing company, died last evening at 7 o'clock at the family residence, 209 Third avenue west. The cause of her death was tuberculosis.

Mrs. Johnson leaves a husband and four children, two daughters and two sons, the youngest of whom is 3 years old.

The funeral will be held Wednesday afternoon at 1 o'clock from the house, and interment will be made at Forest Hill cemetery.

"FLARE BACK"

Caused the Fatal Accident on Battleship Missouri.

Washington, May 3.—Acting Secretary of the Navy Darling today made public the report of the court of inquiry upon the explosion on the battleship Missouri off Pensacola, April 13. The accident is attributed to a "flare back" of gas remaining in the bore of the gun, after the discharge and the opening of the breech, and no one is blamed.

Admiral Barker in endorsing the report points to the need of a restriction upon the rapidity of fire of big guns with smokeless powder of unknown qualities and the necessity of inquiry by experts into the nature of these powders with a view to the revision of the management of turrets and guns. The department has not yet acted upon the report.

TROUBLE IN SOUTH AMERICA

Orders Issued for Mobilization of Brazilian Troops.

Rio Janeiro, May 3.—It is rumored that orders have been issued for the mobilization of Brazilian troops and for the concentration of all the forces in the first military district at points on the frontier where Peruvian troops are reported to have crossed into Brazil.

Disquieting incidents, it was announced from Rio Janeiro, April 23, were reported to have occurred on the Western frontier of Brazil, where the Peruvian troops in spite of repeated demands had refused to evacuate territory regarded as belonging to Brazil.

The territory in dispute includes the Jura and Purus valleys. The governor of the province of Amazonas, in October of last year, notified skippers going to the Upper Jurua that they should not submit their papers to the Peruvian consuls, as Brazil did not recognize the sovereignty of Peru over that part of the country.

U. S. STEEL CORPORATION.

Re-elects All of Its Retiring Officers.

New York, May 3.—All the retiring officers of the United States Steel corporation weer re-elected at the regular monthly meeting today. In the finance committee, Henry Phipps succeeds Charles M. Schwab. Francis H. Peabody resigned as a director, and Robert Windsor, of Kidder, Peabody & Co., of Boston, was elected his successor.

Found a Cure for Indigestion.

I use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets for indigestion and find that they suit my case better than any dyspepsia remedy I have ever tried and I have used many different remedies. I am nearly fifty-one years of age and have suffered a great deal from indigestion. I can eat almost anything I want to now. —Geo. W. Emory, Rock Mills, Ala. For sale by all druggists.

Don't Pay For Dirt.

But buy Clean Oats. What you get here is cleaned by a special process. Try it.

EAST END FEED & GRAIN COMPANY,

Foot of 3rd Ave. E.

PT. ARTHUR SHELLED

The Japanese Squadron Is Again Bombarding the City.

Gen. Kashtalinsky Said to Have Been Killed In Battle.

Port Arthur, May 3.—The Japanese squadron appeared off Port Arthur after daybreak today and engaged the forts and warships. The fight is still proceeding. Thirty Japanese prisoners have been captured.

JAPS PURSUE RUSSIANS.

Tokio, May 3, 6 p. m.—A supplemental report was received here today from Gen. Kuroki. It is dated today and says:

"Yesterday the enemy offered a stubborn resistance against our pursuit, adding about 300 to our casualties. The enemy stood with resolution until their artillery, consisting of two batteries, lost the majority of its men and horses. They then broke the breeches and closing apparatus of their guns and hoisted the white flag. According to a captured Russian officer, Maj. Gen. Kashtalinsky, commander of the Third East Siberian Rifle brigade, the colonels of the Eleevnth and Twelfth regiments, and the commander of the Rifle artillery battalion, were killed in the fighting at Hamatan.

"It seems that the enemy was entirely routed by our attack, because since yesterday many have come in and surrendered. Our prisoners include thirty officers, twenty of whom are wounded and 300 men, 100 of whom are wounded.

"A preliminary report from the chief surgeon of the First Japan army show that we had 798 men killed and wounded. These casualties are divided as follows:

"The Imperial Guards, 132; Second division, 350; Third division, 316."

St. Petersburg, May 3, 7:06 p. m.—It is now admitted here that both Gens. Zassalitch and Kashtalinsky were wounded and that twenty-seven guns were captured by the Japanese during the reecnt fighting on the Yalu river.

CZAR GRIEVED

Over Heavy Losses Sustained on the Yalu.

St. Petersburg, May 3.—The emperor is said to greatly grieved over the losses sustained on the Yalu. Those who have seen his majesty say that he was dumbfounded when he was informed of the heavy fighting which attended the passage of the river. As is well understood here, Gen. Kuropatkin's program did not contemplate such resistance to the Japanese advance. It is said, moreover, that Kuropakin himself was equally surprised and so chagrined over the miscarriage of his plans that he sent his first telegram to the general staff and not direct to the emperor. The understanding here is that Gen. Zassalitch had specific orders to avoid anything like a general engagement and it is believed that the Russian commander at the fort probably was deceived in his estimate of the strength of Gen. Kuroki's artillery, being entirely ignorant where 4.5 guns had been posted and got into a position from which he had the greatest difficulty in extricating his men. The only consolation for the loss of the guns is, that being without their breech-locks they are of no value to the enemy.

KUROKI'S REPORT

Says That the Russian Troops Fought Bravely.

London, May 3.—The Japanese legation this afternoon gave out General Kuroki's report dated the afternoon of May 1, as follows:

"The enemy offered stubborn resistance to our pursuit, adding three hundred to our casualties. The enemy fought bravely to the last. Finally two companies of their artillery after losing the majority of the men and horses surrendered, raising the white flag. The officers made prisoners assert that Gen. Kashtalinsky, the commander of the eleventh and twelfth infantry regiments, and the commander of the artillery were killed. Many other officers were killed or wounded. Many refugees subsequently returned and surrendered. The prisoners include thirty officers and three hundred non-commissioned officers and men."

KUROPATKIN'S REPORT

On Sunday's Battle on the Yalu River.

St. Petersburg, May 3.—7:05 p. m.—Gen. Kuropatkin's official report dated May 2 says, Gen. Zassalitch's force retreated in good order, eventually arriving at Feng Wang Cheng. He attributes the losses on the Yalu to the superiority of the Japanese artillery. The number of casualties are not specified by Gen. Zassalitch.

According to information just obtained from the general staff Zassalitch's entire force at the Yalu consisted of fifteen rifle battalions of 800 men each and five batteries or forty guns. One regiment of three battalions and two batteries is stationed at Antung, did not participate in Sunday's fighting and retired without loss. The heights of Kiu Lien Cheng and Husan were held by four regiments and four batteries, about 10,000 men and 32 guns, against 80,000 Japanese and 160 guns, in addition to sixteen 12-pounder siege guns landed from the gunboats. These guns are considered by the Russians to have been responsible for Gen. Zassalitch's defeat as the Russian guns were of a light field pattern with some mountain pieces.

The general staff asserts that Gen. Zassalitch had no reserves nearer than Fen Wang Chang. Reserves it is added were unnecessary as Gen Zassalitch's mission was only to observe and harrass, not to impede the Japanese.

It is like Gen. Kuriko's luck that Gen. Zassalitch should be such a headstrong commander, said an officer, it is admitted by the general staff that the Japanese flanking move affected the whole of the twelve battalions and some batteries at Kiu Lien Cheng and Litzevena, which acounts for the desperate character of the fighting. The Twenty-first and Twenty-second regiments suffered the most. A great number of officers were killed or wounded and the gunners of the captured pieces were either killed or wounded or made prisoners. One battery had every man killed.

Batteries of Russian horse artillery have 236 men in war time, horse mountain batteries have 245 men and Cossack artillery batteries have from 245 to 254 men.

CANNON FOR SECOND PLACE

President and Republican Leaders Discuss Matter With Speaker.

Washington, May 3.—There was an important conference at the White House Sunday night concerning the vice presidency, and as a result the chances are perhaps more than even that the Cannon candidacy will be pushed from this time on.

There were present at the conference the president, Secretary Cortelyou, who has been the president's political advisor for a number of months, Senators Aldrich, Spooner, Hale, Platt of Connecticut, Lodge and Allison, Speaker Cannon and Representative Hemenway.

The gentlemen have declined to discuss their conference in any way. Sunday night the impression got out that the president had called those influential Republicans together on the matter of the national platform.

It develops, however, that the prospective platform was not considered, even indirectly, and that all the evening was spent in an effort to induce Speaker Cannon to say he would accept the vice presidential nomination if it should be offered at the Chicago convention.

The speaker's position on it is well known. He does not want the vice presidency for obvious reasons. It would be a distinct come down, so far as political power and prestige are concerned for him to take the position which it is now becoming evident the president wants him to take.

But, at the same time, the pressure from this time on will be so great that it would be difficult to see how he can well decline. Even if he should, and the convention were to nominate him, he could not refuse to accept.

That he will be nominated, and that before the time for the convention he will fall into line with the plans of the gentlemen with whom he met Sunday all of whom agree as to the desirability of his going on the ticket with Roosevelt, is now considered quite probable.

As an evidence that the men who are behind Cannon mean business, the city of Washington is being flooded with Cannon buttons today.

Secretary Shaw, who does nothing of a political character without consulting the president, has a box of these buttons at his office and is busy pinning them on the coats of his callers.

The buttons are white and have Cannon's picture in the center. At the top are the words, "For Vice President, 1904," and at the bottom, "Uncle Joe Cannon of Illinois."

It is understood that these buttons, which were made in New York, are to be sent broadcast over the country, and the prediction is made that the Republican party everywhere will soon be on fire with Cannon enthusiasm.

It is doubtful if the president will admit that he has been at the bottom of this movement, but there is nobody in Washington today who doubts that the White House conference was for the purpose named.

Coming so soon after the adjournment of the congress, the public may now have a guess as to why the president was anxious to get rid of that body at so early a date this year. It would have been out of the question for such a conference to have been held with satisfactory results while congress was still sitting.

SAWS FOR FAY

Sent to Postoffice Robber in New Coat.

Chicago, May 3.—Evidence that outside aid has been offered to "Eddie" Fay, the so-called "king of postoffice thieves" came to light today when three raps saws were found sewed in the seam of a new coat that had been left at the jail for Fay. Fay was to have been taken to Madison today to answer to the grand jury for allegede conection with the $15,000 postoffice robbery at Superior, Wis., but his attorneys secured a stay order.

ATTENDANCE AT FAIR

On the Opening Day Given as 187,798.

St. Louis, May 3.—The official announcement of the attendance at the Louisiana Purchase exposition on the opening day, was made by President Francis late today. The total attendance was 187,798. The recorded admissions amounted to 178,423. The difference between the total attendance and the recorded admisions is the number of invited guests, employes, exhibitors, concessionaries and officials, some of whom are in the grounds all night and others of whom were admitted without having pasesd through the turnstiles.

Sealed Bids.

Sealed bids will be received up to May 6th by the Duluth Baseball association for privileges in the ball park for the season of 1904. Address your communication to L. Van Praagh, manager.

SLEEP, NOT DEATH

For Soldiers Is Idea of Hungarian Inventor.

London, May 3.—War is hell, said eGn. Sherman. A Hungarian benefactor, however, has invented a means for making it truly human—without its guilt, and with only 25 per cent of its danger, as Mr. Jorrocks observed in hunting.

This amiable genius, whose experience of war dates back to the Austrian campaigns against France in 1859 and against Prussia in 1866, has hit, he declares, on a solution of the problem of making military omelettes without breaking eggs.

He has invented a new kind of shell, which on bursting liberates a gas warranted to incapacitate all who breathe it, without producing any permanently serious effects. A single shell of the kind, bursting between the decks of a warship would convert it into the palace of the Sleeping Beauty; only when the crew recovered they would find themselves laid up in a hostile port.

The regiment thus put out of action would be none the worse in a few days but they would need to give parole not to fight again, or wars would never end.

This sounds like a fairy tale, but it is by no means scientifically impossible.

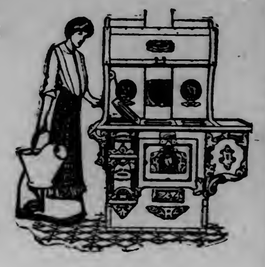
The inventor is full of confidence that he can do what he promises, and is now in communication with the Japanese government. His national hatred of Russia, dating back to 1848, prevented him from approaching the czar, to whose pacific tastes such an invention should specially appeal.

If the shells in question prove to be efficacious—as to which one must await the trials which the inventor is eager to undertake—The Hague convention must include a new clause, to the effect that all combatants once put out of action are to consider themselves dead until the end of the war. In the future army at least one-half will consist of ambulance corps for the removal of these inert bodies. More probably regular armies will be put down and there will be a premium on volunteering.

The income tax payer, at least, will be grateful.

"MOORE'S" STEEL RANGES

cook. They cook evenly and quickly, bake finely and being fitted with the handiest attachments are most satisfactory.



1st. The hinged key plate.
2nd. The controller damper.
3rd. The oven thermometer.

It is a range built to last and it will pay you to see our line. Moore's Steel Ranges priced at $15.00 to $56.00.

$11.39 for 4-Hole Steel Ranges.

This is our No. 248 A steel range, burns coal or wood, oven 14 inches wide and 19 inches deep, without high closet.

Fig. 1.

Our No. 348 A steel range without high closet for $13.18 each.

Nothing better at the price for small families. See these in our front windows.

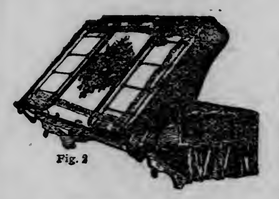


Fig. 2

Perfect Bed and Davenport Combined.

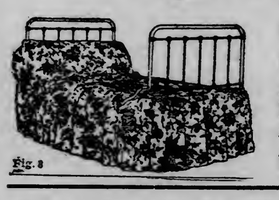


Fig. 3

The new invention that solves the problem. You sleep in a real bed with separate springs, removable mattress and bedding. No bed to be made up at night and no storing of bedding by day. Fitted with patent elastic felt mattress. Ventilation of bedding perfect. Demonstrated at our store. Made in many different styles upholstering—see samples at our store---------- **$59 and $87**

Watch for our Couch Special Monday, May 9.

21st Avenue West, on Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

R. R. Forward & Co. HARDWARE AND FURNITURE

21st Avenue West, on Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

Louisiana Purchase Exposition

St. Louis, Mo., April 30 to Dec. 1, 1904. For the above occasion "The North-Western line" will sell excursion tickets at the following rates:

Season tickets, $32.50, on sale April 15 to Nov. 15, final limit December 15.

Sixty-day tickets, $27.10, on sale April 25 to November 20, limit 60 days.

Ten-day tickets, $24.40, on sale April 27 to November 30, limit 10 days.

Chilldren of five and under twelve years of age, half the above rates. City Ticket office, Lonsdale building, 302 West Superior street.

PORTRAIT FOR FAIR.

Shanghai, May 3.—The portrait of the dowager empress of China, painted by the American, Miss Kate Carl, which left Pekin April 21, was despatched by the Pacific Mail steamer Siberia today. The portrait wil be sent to the St. Louis fair.

CABINET MEETING.

Washington, May 3.—Little business of importance was discussed at today's meeting of the cabinet. Secretary Shaw and Attorney General Knox brought up for consideration the details of the Panama canal payments, and they were talked over in an informal way.

WOODEND ARRESTED.

New York, May 3.—Dr. W. E. Woodend, of W. E. Woodend & Co., the suspended stockbrokers, was arrested at his home in this city today.

BOND ISSUE OVER SUBSCRIBED.

New York, May 3.—Bids were opened today by Comptroller Grout for $7,740,000 of city bonds at 3½ per cent, $10,000,000 for ten years and the balance for 50 years. The issue was over-subscribed about seven times.

DECIDE AGAINST NEGRO.

New Orleans, May 3.—After a long and hard struggle the leaders of the Lily White Republicans in caucus today decided against the negro and it was agreed to send a solid white delegation at large to the Chicago convention, instructed for Roosevelt.

Homeseekers' Excursions.

The North-Western line will place on sale May 3rd and continuing every first and third Tuesday from May to December inclusive "Homeseeker's" round trip tickets at One Fare, plus $2.00, limited to 21 days from date of sale, to points in Alabama, Arkansas, Canadian Northwest, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Indian Territory, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Minesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Washington and Wyoming.

City ticket office, 302 West Superior street, Lonsdale building.

The North-Western Line.

The new equipmbent announced to be placed in service on "The North-Western Line" between Duluth and Chicago, will not take place until May 9th, the management having been disappointed in getting cars ready for May 1st.

PHILIPPINE ABORIGINES.

The Igorrotes and Some of Their Good Traits.

It is a moment of great solemnity when a man stands for the first time in his career among a primitive people, says Bishop C. H. Brent in the Churchman. Never before has the unity of the human race been to me such a vivid reality. Nor is the uppermost feeling in my mind that of pity, for there is so much to admire. Life as we see it here is without veneer; the virtues stand out with almost dazzling brightness, and the vices have no house of tinsel and gilt into which they may retreat. More thn once I have felt a pang of shame as I have seen the contentment and merriment, the industry and patience, of these simple folk in the midst of their toilsome labor and trying conditions. It is quite remarkeble that though the place swarms with children and the music of children's voices is always in our ears, almost never do you hear the sound of weeping. It is not that the people are stolid or stoical, for they are quite the reverse. They have a keener sense of humor than I have ever found outside of the older civilization, and they are unreserved and communicative. The universal greeting is "apo," friend.

Once before the American people were privileged to touch primitive life, in the red man. None of us can think with satisfaction of how the privilege was used. In our dealings with the Igorrote we have a chance to redeem our past history. Not that the Igorrote is the counterpart of the North American Indian, but he is the survival of an older if not an aboriginal race, whose forefathers tilled the soil before the coming of the conquering Malays drove them inland. As yet he has been unspoiled by western vices. He is neither a gambler nor a drunkard, though some of his lowland neighbors are trying hard to make him both. We have the double duty of protecting him from the subtle attacks of foes that must be dealt with without mercy, and of devloping along the line of his own institutions and natural tendencies those laent posibilities that place him in a position favorable to progress.

The Igorrote is not a nomad. His institutions are founded upon family and communal life. In habits he is domestic. The town of Bontoc shows marks of considerable age, the very stones of the tribunals bearing testimony by their polished, black surface to the antiquity of the place. It is difficult to induce a native to leave his own province, even for temporary work, and each separate town has a marked esprit du corps. I have made mention of the tribunals. I cannot say how many there are in Bontoc, but there are a large number, radiating out from a common center. They are sione structures where the men of the district meet for deliberation and to settle the affairs of that part of the community that lies within their jurisdiction. At almost any time of the day you will see groups of men in solemn conclave in the various tribunals; and provision is made for a guard at night who acts as a watchman over his district. The orphans and the aged are cared for at the public expense in two tribunals, one for males and one for females.

One of the greatest need at present is that of medical and surgical aid. The lieutenant-governor, who is a physician, has endeared himself to the whole country side by ministering during the past three years to their bodily wants. As an illustration of how great the need is, I am told by Dr. Hunt that when anyone breaks a limb he is ipso facto doomed to death. His condition is considered hopeless, and after a canao or feast of farewell he takes a dose of poison; the same course is pursued with the victims of venereal disease, which happily is of rare occurrence. It is my hope and expectation to be able to establish medical work here at an early date, and also to make provision for educational and other Christian agencies. The government is preparing to establish an industrial school for the children who are being well instructed in English by their present teacher, though he has had a good deal of uphill work on account of there being no compulsory school law. No Christian church is doing anything in Bontoc; formerly there were a few friars (Augustinians) at different stations through the province, but for more than two years the field has been abandoned—not because it is unproductive, but because friars would not be tolerated by the people, and other Christian bodies have all they can do on the coast The interior highlands of Luzon posses a climate that is almost uniformly cool, and presumably Americans will be able to live in such places as Bontoc, which is 2800 feet above the sea level, with perfect comfort. There is never an excess of heat, and during our stay, though we had not been lightly clad, it has been necessary more than once to don extra clothing.

I have written the foregoing with the pen of a recent comer. There is much more that could be said by a person who has had long experience. But an observer, if he keeps within his limits, can dicern and declare broad aspects of a situation which later on may be hidden from his eyes by a distracting multiplicity of details. This is what I have tried to do. Today the Igorrotes rise before me as a special responsibility. The territory which they occupy in the island of Luzon has its own distinct problem; and while it is both right and natural that the larger emphasis should be laid on the responsibilities that cluster around the coast provinces, the Igorrote with his physical vitality, his industry, his possibilities of acquiring knowledge must not be ignored. At the present time he trusts the American and counts him a friend. Let us hope that our dealings with him will be such that 20 years hence he will trust us still.

Facts You Ought to Know.

1 Season tickets St. Paul or Minneapolis to St. Louis and return $25.50—Sixty-day ticket $21.35—Ten-day ticket $19.20.
2 Fair opens about May 1st, and closes December 1st.
3 Five daily trains to Chicago, each making close connections with St. Louis trains.
4 No extra charge to go via Chicago.
5 Tickets good on the Fast Mail and Pioneer Limited electric-lighted traine.
6 Full information about rates, routes and accommodations will be cheerfully furnished on application to,

W. B. DIXON, N. W. P. A.,
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry.,
St. Paul, Minn.

The North-Western Line.

The new equipment announced to be placed in service on "The North-Western Line" between Duluth and Chicago, will not take place until May 9th, the management having been disappointed in getting cars ready for May 1st.

The Herald has the circulation. Of this fact there is no doubt. Not only has it the circulation, but it has the circulation that counts. Try The Herald's want columns and get the best and quickest results.

WHEAT IS LOWER

Loss Is Small, Most of Decline Being Recovered.

Fine Weather Chief Bearish Influence—Flax Has Rally.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 3.—The wheat market opened weaker and sold down lower until it was more than a cent below the closing of yesterday. After that it rallied and closed but little lower. The break was due largely to the fine weather that prevails in the wheat sections and the Northwest seemed to lead in the downward movement early in the day. Covering of short wheat was apparently the cause of the rally.

In the Duluth market there was a decline of ¼c in May and the same in July. In Chicago May advanced ⅛c and July the same. Minneapolis May was ⅛c lower and July ⅛@⅜c lower and in New York May was ⅜c lower and July ⅛@⅛c.

Bradstreet's report showing a little more than a million bushels decrease as compared with a decrease of 5,110,000 bus. a year ago, was a bearish feature.

The Liverpool market closed ⅜@½d lower, Paris ¼c higher, Antwerp unchanged.

A report from King at St. Louis says that the guesses on the Missouri state report to be issued Wednesday are that a condition of 84 will be given against 81 last month and 86 last year.

Car receipts at Duluth were 12, against 16 last year, and at Minneapolis 49, against 110 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 61, against 126 a year ago. Chicago received 42 against 78 a year ago.

Primary receipts of wheat were 218,057 bus. last year 334,072 bus. Shipments, 394,713 bus, last year, 508,521 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated. 63,000 bus. Bradstreet reported an increase of 1,072,000 bus in the world's visible supply. East of the Rockies there was a decrease of 928,000 bus, and in Europe and afloat an increase of 2,000,000 bus.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¼@⅜d lower. In the Chicago market, July corn closed unchanged. July oats closed ¼c lower. Primary receipts of corn were 470,250 bus. last year, 434,815 bus. Shipments, 246,420 bus, last year, 564,689 bus. Clearances were 65,000 bus. Bradstreet reported a decrease of 1,367,000 bus in the world's visible supply of corn.

Trading was quiet on the Duluth board. The July option opened ½c lower at 89⅝c, fell to 89⅜c, at 9:58, rallied to 89¾c at 10:20, and then fell to 89¼c at 10:30. After that it worked up steadily to 90¼c at 12:45, and closed at 90⅝c. This was ¼c lower. May closed with the same loss at 96c. September was ½c lower, closing at 80¼c.

Cash offerings were next to nothing, and prices continued at May price for No. 1 northern, and 1½c under for No. 2.

Flax was dull and strong. May sold 1⅜c up, to $1.07¼, and closed there. July and October advanced ¾c, and September, 1c. oats lost ¼c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat, in store and to arrive. No. 1 hard, 91½c; No. 1 northern, 90c; No. 2 northern, 87½c; macaroni, No. 1, 88c; No. 2, 86c; May, 90c; July, 90½c; September, 80¼c. Flax in store, $1.07¼; to arrive, $1.07¼; May, $1.07¼; July, $1.05½; September, $1.06½; October, $1.09½. Oats, on track, 46c; to arrive, 46c. Rye, on track, 65c; to arrive, 40c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 12; last year, 16; oats, 3; barley, 5; flax, 27; last year, 9.

Receipts—Wheat, 4767, oats, 1222; barley, 942; flax, 6230.

Shipments—Wheat, 15,633; oats, 1000.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Decidedly Bearish Sentiment Pervaded the Wheat Pit.

Chicago, May 3.—A decidedly bearish sentiment pervaded the wheat pit today, due to the extremely favorable weather conditions. In consequence the market was weak and prices showed a loss of nearly a cent from yesterday's closing figures. July opened ⅛@⅝c lower at 85¾@84½c. Under liquidation the price dropped to 81½c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported 103 cars, against 102 cars a week ago and 188 a year ago.

Shorts covered freely during the latter part of the session causing a sharp advance. There was also heavy buying by an influential trader. From 83½c July steadily advanced to 84⅝c. The close was strong at 84½c, a net gain of ⅛c.

Liberal offerings with only a small demand caused weakness in corn. Lower cables, increased receipts and the decline in wheat were responsible for the selling pressure. July opened ⅛@⅜c to ⅞@⅝c lower at 47½@47¾c, selling off later to 47⅛@47⅜c. Local receipts were 224 cars, with 32 of contract grade.

The market followed wheat in its upward course, all of the early loss being regained. Covering by shorts was a conspicuous feature. The close was firm with July unchanged at 47¾@48c.

Oats were weak. There was considerable realizing by small holders, but the demand was comparatively light. After opening ⅛@¼c lower at 33¾@33½c, July eased off to 33⅛c. Local receipts were 110 cars.

Weakness in grains more than offset the influence of decreased receipts of hogs and higher prices at the yards, the result being an easier tone in the provision market. Slight gains were experienced at the opening, but the advance was all lost on selling by pit traders. July pork opened 2½@5c up at $12.05@12.07½. The price declined to $11.95. Lard was unchanged at $6.72½, and sold off to $6.67½. Ribs opened unchanged to 2½c up at $6.45 @6.47½.

Close: WheatMay, 89c; July, 81½c; old, 85¾c; September, 79¾@79¾c; old, 81c. Corn—May, 85¾c; July, 47⅝@48c; September, 47⅜c; December, 44¼c. Oats—May, 40¼c; July, 33½c; September, 30⅝c. Pork—May, $11.50; July, $11.72½; September, $11.92½. Lard—May, $6.47½; July, $6.62½; September, $6.77½. Ribs—May, $6.15; July, $6.40@ 6.42½; September, $6.55@6.57½. Rye—May, 70c; July, 64½c. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.04½; Southwestern, $1.01; May, $1.01; July, $1.04. Timothy—May, $2.92½. Clover—May, $16.25. Barley, cash 32@57c. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, $1.00@1.05; No. 3 red, $1.00@1.04; No. 2 hard, 89@90c; No. 3 hard, 87@90c; No. 1 northern, 92@94c; No. 2 northern, 90@94c; No. 3 spring, 87@94c. Corn—No. 2, 47½@48c; No. 3, 46¾@47½c. Oats, No. 2, 39½@40c; No. 3, 39@½c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 3.—Wheat—May, 91½c; July, 89½@8⅝c; September, 83c; December, 82⅞c. Corn, 55⅝c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 3.—Close: Wheat—May, 91⅝c; July, 91¼@¼c; September, 80c. On track—No. 1 hard, 95¾c; No. 1 northern, 94⅜c; No. 2 northern, 92⅝c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 3.—Wheat, spot, dull; 1 California, 7s; futures, dull; May, 6s 2½d; July, 6s 4¼d. Corn spot, steady; American mixed, new, 4s 3d; American mixed, old, 4s 7d; futures, quiet; May, 4s 3¾d; July, 4s 3d.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

May—	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
Open	89½B	91¼	88⅜-½	91½
High	90¼	91⅝	89	.....
Low	89¼N	90⅝	87¾	.....
Close	90	91⅝	89A	91½N
Close, 2nd	90	91½	88⅞	91⅞
July—				
Open	90A	91⅛	88⅞-⅞	88⅞-⅞
High	90¼	91⅜-½	89⅛	89⅝
Low	89⅝	90¾-¼	88⅜	88⅝
Close	90⅛	91⅜-¼	89⅛	89¼-⅜
Close, 2nd	90⅛	91½	89⅜	89½
Sept.—				
Open	80½N	80⅞	79¾-⅞	82⅞-⅝
High	81	80⅝-½	80	83⅝
Low	80¾	79½	79¼	82⅝-¾
Close	80¼	80	79¾-⅞	83
Close, 2nd	80⅜	80	80	83⅛

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	33½	47¾@47½	$12.06@12.07
High	33¾-⅞	48	12.07
Low	33⅜-¼	47¼-⅜	11.72
Close	33½	47⅝-48	11.72

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The closing ¼ higher to ¼ lower than yesterday. It was a fairly active but irregular market. The fine weather caused some liquidation and sharp break early. On the break there was quite a large buying of July wheat through commission houses with St. Louis connections, but which the trade concluded was covering of short wheat by Armour. This rallied the market sharply and the closing was quiet. News of the day was on the whole bearish.

Corn—Prices are practically unchanged from yesterday. Trading is almost wholly local. The pit conclusion was that the Patten houses were selling and that Armour was covering short July. Pending the opening of navigation and the settlement of the vessel strike, the cash situation is uncertain. Cash corn in other markets is fairly strong, however, and cash prices in this market are not far from a shipping basis.

Oats—Market ¼c higher to ¼c lower. Principal strength in May and weakness in September. Nothing new in the situation. The May stuff seems to have had fair support and the September is being sold on the fine weather and the prospect of a large acreage. Cash situation is still unchanged.

Provisions—Pork was 30c lower and lard and ribs 5c to 10c lower. There was some selling by Patten interests. Packers generally would like to get little cheaper hogs than they are now getting. The provisions showed small decrease in lard and ribs and small increase in pork for the month of April. We are inclined to think it won't hurt to buy products on the weak spots, although we must confess we see nothing very bullish in the situation.

Chicago Record-Herald: There was a moderate cash business in wheat yesterday, 30,000 bus No. 1 northern and 5000 bus hard winter. Fair prices were paid for No. 1 northern, but the demand for hard winter and milling grades was not so good. The decline permitted of a time export business at Duluth, six loads of Manitoba wheat and New York claimed fifty-five loads at the seaboard. There was a very small business considering the decline.

Winnipeg wired: Weather conditions perfect. Seeding generally in Manitoba and territory perfect. The ground could not be in better shape. Ten days of favorable weather will finish wheat and the acreage will be the largest on record.

There was no change in the wheat news from the Ohio valley. Everything from that direction was unfavorable.

"If they get in a big acreage of wheat in the Northwest," said James A. Patten, "I don't see how they can bull the July or September wheat."

• • •

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Only four years out of the last half century has navigation opened as last as the present year. These years were 1873, 1881, 1885 and 1886—May 5th, 1885 being the record. It is a singular coincidence that in all these years mentioned prices have been high, wheat selling at $1.46 in July, 1873, $1.42¾ October, 1881, 91¾c in April, 1885, $2 in September, 1886. The course of the market would appear to indicate in the years under discussion that the theory that a late spring is not favorable to big crops and low prices is correct. We pass this along for what it may be worth.

• • •

Coe Commission Co.: Wheat—Lower cables and continued favorable growing weather gave us a continuation of yesterday's weakness. The market opened from ¼c to ⅝c lower and ruled weak the first hour's trading, making a new low on all about 1 cent per bushel all around from yesterday's closing prices. Shorts, however, were anxious to secure profits. This buying and some demand from commission houses caused a good rally from the low point and the market acts as if it had had about break enough. We advise buying September wheat on all the breaks. Receipts, Minneapolis and, Duluth, 61 cars, against 126 cars a year ago. Bradstreet's world's visible increased 1,072,000 bushels.

Corn and oats opened easier with wheat and were heavy until wheat began to recover. The only bear feature in corn is the stock of contract which was accumulated at Chicago. Once that is merchandised or commences to decrease, corn will quickly react into the 50's. Oats are a purchase on all the dips.

Provisions—The provision list is again weak, due to the long stuff pressing on the market. Packers seem willing to pick up provisions on the breaks, but are against prices on the rallies and are evidently not ready to let prices advance very much at present, not until the May and June run of hogs are disposed of. We look for a steady market for some time, with rather narrow fluctuations.

• • •

B. E. Baker's Chicago grain letter: Wheat—The wheat bulls had a discouraging situation to face the first hour. The news seemed overwhelmingly bearish. Long lines went over on stop orders, and short selling was exceedingly popular with the local contingent. The weather was almost perfect over both wheat belts and the forecast gave no indication of a break. Northwestern markets were weak. All advices from there on the progress of seeding, the cash demand and the flour situation, were very bearish. With no change in the character of the news the whole tone and trend of the market was altered by the purchase of about 1,000,000 bus. of old July, which the crowd took to be for Armour. Local shorts became eager buyers, and the recovery carried prices above the previous close. Northwestern and Kansas City markets followed unwillingly. Receipts at all western points were considerably less than a year ago. St. Louis reported a fair business in No. 2 red winter wheat, and late advices claim the entire stock had been sold with the statistical position of the old crop futures is strong, but the lack of a noutside interest as the principal drawback for a material advance. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 15 cars.

Corn—Corn opened lower with a heavy trade both ways in the July. The market dwindled to a small affair and hesitated awaiting some guiding influence. The strength in wheat served to run shorts to cover and opening declines were largely recovered before the close. The situation is exceedingly weak. Stocks are heavy and advices from the country indicate a freer movement this way later in the month. Demand is poor, particularly for export. Counter bids made us on last night's offers were 1c to 1½c a bushel out of line on a very cheap freight rate and rye terms were asked at that. The weather is perfect and plowing and planting are progressing rapidly with exceptionally fine soil conditions. Iowa reports a record acreage likely.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., Seventy-fifth meridian time, May 3.

STATIONS—	State of weather.	*Minimum.	*Maximum.	Rainfall in inches and hundredths.
Alexandria	Clear	74	44	0
Campbell	Clear	76	40	0
Crookston	Clear	74	46	0
Detroit City	Clear	76	38	0
Grand Meadows	Clear	78	38	0
Minneapolis	Clear	76	52	0
Montevideo	Clear	76	42	0
New Ulm	Clear	78	46	0
Winnebago City	Clear	76	46	0
Worthington	Clear	72	46	0
Devils Lake	Clear	74	44	0
Langdon	Clear	74	46	0
Larimore	Clear	76	42	0
Lisbon	Clear	76	40	0
Pembina	Clear	78	46	0
Aberdeen	Clear	74	48	0
Millbank	Clear	80	50	0
Mitchell	Clear	74	46	0
Redfield	Clear	76	42	0
Bismarck	Clear	74	46	0
Duluth	Clear	55	40	0
Huron	Clear	74	46	0
La Crosse	Clear	74	50	0
Moorhead	Clear	76	44	0
Pierre	Clear	76	48	0
St. Paul	Clear	76	50	0
Winnipeg	Clear	80	52	0

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall. *For yesterday. **For twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m., Seventy-fifth meridian time.

Note.—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are may up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

Showers fell over Ohio valley states and Kansas. Temperatures were generally moderate.

H. W. RICHARDSON.
Local Forecaster.

CONDITION OF CROPS

Shown By the Weather Bureau's Weekly Summary.

Washington, May 3.—The weather bureau's weekly summary of crop conditions is as follows:

The Northern Rocky mountain districts and the states of the Upper Missouri valley have experienced a week of favorable temperatures, but throughout the Southern states, Ohio valley and the greater part of the Middle Atlantic states and New England it has been too cool for germination and growth. Rains have prevented farm work in the Ohio valley, Tennessee and portions of the lower lake region. Middle Atlantic states and New England, while drought in the South Atlantic and East Gulf districts and over the Southern Rockies and Western Texas continues with increased severity. In California and Oregon, as in the previous week, it was unseasonably cool, with damaging frosts in Oregon and in Washington and conditions were generally unfavorable. With the exception of Kansas, Southern Missouri and Arkansas, corn planting has progressed slowly, but preparations for this work throughout the corn belt have been extensive and with good weather, the coming week planting will be vigorously pushed in Nebraska, Iowa, Illinois and Indiana. In the coast districts planting is in progress as far north as Maryland, but rains have prevented this work in the Upper Ohio valley, Pennsylvania and New Jersey. In the East Gulf states and Tennessee, corn has suffered from drought and low temperatures, but the outlook is more favorable in the Central and West Gulf states where some has received final cultivation. In Nebraska, Kansas and Missouri, winter wheat has advanced favorably except where damaged by floods in the last named states.

In Illinois, Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, the Virginias, Maryland and North Carolina, an improvement is indicated, but in Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania much will be ploughed up and the outlook in Michigan is poor. Wheat is now heading in southern Kansas. The crop has advanced favorably on the Pacific coast the outlook being exceptionally fine in Washington.

With practically no rain in the spring wheat region seeding has been vigorously pushed, except in the Red River valley where the ground yet requires a week of dry weather. Seeding is nearly finished in central and southern Minnesota and South Dakota. Good stands are reported from Oregon.

Oat seeding is about finished in the northern portion of the central valley and is well advanced in the lake region. In Iowa the stands are better than were expected and while some complaints of slow germination are reported from Illinois, the general outlook in that state and in portions of Nebraska and Kansas, is promising. Considerable proportion of poor wheat in Pennsylvania will be sown to oats.

While most reports indicate that peaches have been extensively killed, the outlook continues promising in sections. Apples and other fruits in the more southerly districts have suffered less injury.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 3.—Cattle—Receipts 2500. Steady. Good to prime steers, $5@5.70; poor to medium, $3.90@4.90; stockers and feeders, $3@4.60; cows, $1.75@4.75; heifers, $2.25@4.50; canners, $1.75@2.60; bulls, $2.25@ 4.00; calves, $2.50@5.25; Texas steers, $4@ 4.65. Hogs—Receipts today, 14,000, tomorrow, 30,000. Strong to 5c up. Mixed and butchers, $4.65@4.85; good to choice, heavy $4.75@4.85; rough heavy, $4.60@4.75; light, $4.55@4.70; bulk of sales, $4.65@4.75. Sheep —Receipts, 4000. Steady. Good to choice wethers, $4.75@5.50; fair to choice mixed, $3.75@4.75; western sheep, $3.50@5.50; native lambs, $4.50@6.10; clipped western lambs, $5.15@6.10; wooled western lambs, $5@5.75.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that inasmuch as the market was heavily supplied with horses, selections by the buyers were quickly and easily made, bringing about the busiest day of the week. Values:

Drafters, extra	$170 to $200
Drafters, choice	150 to 170
Drafters, common to good	120 to 150
Farm mares, extra	130 to 160
Farm mares, choice	110 to 130
Farm mares, common to good	65 to 110

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 3.—Close: Money on call very easy 1½@1¾ per cent, closing bid 1¾, offered at 1¾. Time loans steady; 60 days, 2¼@2½; 90 days, 2¾ per cent; six months, 3@3¼. Prime mercantile paper, 3¾@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.95 for demand and at $4.84.85 @4.85.90 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.86 and $4.88; commercial bills, $4.84⅝@4⅞. Bar silver, 54¾c; Mexican dollars, 43¾c. Government bonds weak; railroad bonds irregular.

CALL MONEY CHEAP.

New York, May 3.—Call money loaned today at the lowest rate in years, something like $500,000 lending at ½ of one per cent.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 3.—The cotton market opened steady at a decline of 2@6 points under liquidation and room selling promoted by lower cables and more favorable weather reports, in connection with the estimated increase of 10 per cent in cotton acreage as reported by a leading trade authority. There was a fair demand at the decline with sellers of yesterday and last week covering at the small receipts and claims of an improved spot demand and the market after declining another 5 or 6 points showed rather steadier undertone with prices fluctuating within a 5 point range.

Cotton, spot closed quiet. 10 points lower; middling uplands, 13.55; middling gulf, 13.80. Sales 613 bales. Futures closed steady. May, 12.56; June, 13.35; July, 13.47; August, 13.19; September, 11.82; October, 11.31; November, 11.20; December, 11.15; January, 11.20.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

FRESH VEGETABLES.		
Lettuce, bushel	1 60	
Green Onions	25	
Radish, hothouse	65	@ 75
BUTTER.		
Creamery, prints	24	
Dairies, fancy	17	@ 18
Packing stock	11	
EGGS.		
Fresh	17½	
CHEESE.		
Twins, full cream	10	
Twins, full cream, old	10½	
Full cream, young America	15	@ 16
Brick cheese, No. 1	14	
Limberger, full cream, cheese	13	
Primost	7	
HONEY.		
New fancy, white clover	15	
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½@	13
Goldenrod	14	
Dark honey	14	
Buckwheat, dark	14	
MAPLE SUGAR.		
Vermont, per lb	12½	
Ohio, per lb	10	
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10	
PEAS AND BEANS.		
Fancy navy, per bus	2 50	
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 25	
Brown beans, fancy, bus	2 25	
NUTS.		
Filberts, per lb	12	
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16	
Cocoanuts, per doz	60	
Brazils, per lb	12	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8	
Almonds	16	
Mixed nuts	12	
FRUITS.		
Strawberries, La., quarts	5.00	
Strawberries, Miss., quarts	4 75	
Pineapples	4 75	
Apples, per bbl	4 00	@ 4 50
Smyrna figs	1 00	@ 1 85
Bananas	2 00	@ 2 50
Lemons, per box	3 00	@ 3 25
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25	
Sugar walnut dates	1 10	
California oranges	2 50	@ 2 75
VEGETABLES.		
Asparagus	3 00	
Asparagus, dozen	1 75	
Pie plant, box	2 00	
Spinach, box	2 25	
Green beets, doz	50	
Wax Beans, box	2 35	
Tomatoes, crate	2 50	
Green onions, doz	1 75	
New potatoes, bus	3 00	
Mushrooms	60	
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	4 00	
Carrots, per cwt	2 25	
Turnips	1 10	
Beets, per cwt	2 50	
Cabbage, per ct	4 25	
Parsnips, per 100 lbs	2 50	
Best cucumbers, per doz	1 75	@ 1 85
Potatoes	1 20	@ 1 25
POP CORN.		
Choice, per lb	3½	
Rice corn, shelled	6	
DRESSED POULTRY		
Chickens	15	
Hens	14½	
Ducks	14	
Turkeys	18	
Geese	13	
MEATS.		
Beef	5½@	7½
Lamb	9	
Mutton	6½@	7
Lard	8	
Pork loins	9½	
CIDER.		
Common juice, half bbl	3 75	
Fruit juice	6 50	
Duffy cider	3 25	

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 3.—Butter, steady; creameries, 14@23c; dairies, 13@21c. Eggs, steady; at mark, cases included, 16@½c. Cheese, easy; daisies, 9@½c; twins, 8½c; Young Americas, 10@½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 3.—Butter firm, receipts 10,317. Extra fresh creamery, 24@24½c; creamery, common to choice, 14@23½c, state dairy, common to choice, 14@23c, held creamery, common to choice, 13@20c. Cheese quiet, receipts 4735 packages. State full cream, large and small fancy, September, 10¾@11c; ditto, good to prime, 10@10½c. Eggs barely steady; receipts 21,361 packages. State, Pennsylvania and nearby average finest, 15c; ditto firsts, 13c; Western storage selections, 13½s; ditto firsts, 13c; Southern firsts, 14@15c.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

B. E. BAKER, STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN.
307 Board of Trade. Private Wires. 318 St. Louis Hotel Bldg.
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Members Chicago Board of Trade.
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306 W. Superior St. Both Phones.
Send Us Your Consignments
Main Office,
186-196 La Salle St.
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We Are Headquarters For
Arizona Copper Stocks
PAINE, WEBBER & CO.
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
328 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

BOND DEPARTMENT.
(N. Y. LIFE ARCADE.)
Our bond Sales which have been incidental to our general brokerage in
STOCKS AND GRAINS
have led us to establish a SPECIAL BOND DEPARTMENT.
We own and offer, or will buy—
Government Bonds,
Railroad Bonds,
Municipal Bonds,
and other High-Grade Securities For Cash.
Business can be done at any of our 105 Branch Offices, and delivery made from our general offices in Minneapolis through any of the 176 National and State banks which are our depositories.
Bond Lists Will be Sent on Request.
COE COMMISSION CO., Grain, Stocks, Bonds.
Gen'l Office: N. Y. Life Bldg., Minneapolis.
H. E. GOOCH, Correspondent,
220 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

PATENTS OBTAINED for INVENTORS. J. T. Watson, specialist. Palladio bldg.

S. T. WELCH. H. E. GOOCH.
S. T. WELCH & CO.
Members Duluth Board of Trade.
BANKERS—BROKERS
'Phones—Bell, 1131; Zenith, 1466.
104-105 Palladio Building.
Grain - Provisions - Stocks
Arizona Copper Stocks a Specialty
Private Wires to all Markets.

WEAKNESS IN STEEL

And This Had a Bad Effect on Other Stocks.

Closing Dull and Irregular With Little Interest Either Way.

New York, May 3.—The tone of the opening stock market was irregular and many of the leading active stocks were lower in spite of a better tone in the London market. Pennsylvania was freely offered on the poor showing of March net earnings but declined only ¼. Some of the coalers showed recoveries from yesterday's depression.

Standard stocks held well during the earlier dealings and ignored the selling of Metropolitan Street Railway. A few of the railroads made small advances, but these were quite generally lost before 11 o'clock. Metropolitan Street Railway was quite feverish and lost 1½. Biscuit preferred improved 1, Lackawanna 1¼ and General Chemical preferred 2 points. Minneapolis, St. Paul and Soo lost 1.

Selling of United States Steel preferred down to 55 carried the whole list off a fraction but it rallied to slightly above last night in sympathy with a rise of 1¼ in Union Pacific. Metropolitan Street Railway more than recovered its loss. The market became dull at the rally. Bonds were heavy at noon.

Representative stocks sold slightly higher, notably Union Pacific and St. Paul but the general demand was too small to affect prices materialdy. The inactive stocks moved more independently, St. Paul and Omaha preferred rising 5 and Consolidated Gas-Carolina Chemical 1. New York Air Brake 3¼, Sloss-Sheffield Steel 1½ and Wheeling & Lake Erie, 1.

Speculative interest in stocks was at a low ebb during the afternoon. The market made no further progress upwards and was inclined to sag before the end of the hour.

The market became irregular and United States Steel preferred sold down again to 55½. Consolidated Gas gained 1¼ and then lost it. Mexican Central, Pere Marquette, Wheeling & Lake Erie, first preferred and United States Rubber rose about a point. Kansas City Southern lost 2. Hocking Valley 1 and the preferred 2¼ with a recovery of 1⅜. The closing was dull and irregular.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 306 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stocks—	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	47½	46¾	46⅞
American Sugar	127½	126⅝	126⅝
American Car	76½	76	76
Atchison, Top & S. Fe	72½	71⅞	72⅜
do pfd	93	92⅝	93
Baltimore & Ohio	79¼	78¼	79¼
Brooklyn Rap Tran	46⅞	45¾	45⅝
Canadian Pacific	117	116½	117
Chesapeak & Ohio	30⅜	30¾	30¾
Chicago & Alton	38¼	37⅜	38¼
Chicago Gt Western	16	15⅞	15⅞
C., M. & St. Paul	143¼	142⅝	143⅜
Chi., Rock Island & P	22¼	22	22¼
Rock Island pfd	63	62⅝	63
Colorado Southern	15⅜	15¼	15¼
Erie	24½	23¾	24⅜
General Electric	157½	157½	157½
Illinois Central	130¼	130¼	130¼
Louisville & Nashville	107⅜	106⅞	106⅞
Manhattan	142¾	142¼	142¾
Metropolitan St. Ry	110	108⅝	110
Mexican Central	8⅛	7	8⅛
Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	60½	60	60
do pfd	16	16	16
Missouri Pacific	92	91½	91⅜
New York Central	115½	115⅜	115½
Norfolk & Western	56⅞	56⅜	56⅞
Pennsylvania	118	117¼	117⅜
Reading	43⅜	42¾	43¼
Republic Steel & Iron	6⅞	6¾	6⅞
Southern Pacific	47½	46¾	47½
Southern Railway	20½	20¼	20½
Tenn. Coal & Iron	36	35	35⅝
Union Pacific	84¾	83½	84⅛
United States Leather	7	6⅞	7
U. S. Steel	10½	10	10⅛
do pfd	55⅞	55	55¼
Wabash	37¼	36⅞	37
Wisconsin Central	17⅝	17⅜	17½
Northern Securities, 99 bid; 99½ asked.			

The total sales were 430,000 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgeley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: An incident of the coming week which it will be worth while to watch is the New York city $37,000,000 bond issue. This should test the investment market thoroughly. If the bonds are readily placed at a fair price, it will have an excelent effect on sentiment and vice versa. This ought to give you a good line of the market as anything else I know of. St. Paul, Pennsylvania, United States Steel preferred and New York Central should be the leaders. As these stocks go, the general list will follow.

• • •

Walker Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market at the opening was inclined to be very weak and traders sold the active stocks. Later there was a better tone with some support and when Union Pacific was taken up and showed strength, the rest of the market advanced. There was very little trading, however, and the market was quiet. The Steel stocks were weak in the afternoon and this had rather a bad effect. The close was dull and steady and with little interest one way or the other.

• • •

Wolf to B. E. Baker:—While liquidation has not been important in general as yet it commences to look to me as if it was starting in some quarters. Met. has been sold heavily yesterday and again this morning and now steel is breaking away. I look for lower prices.

• • •

S. T. Welsh & Co., stocks:—The initial trading this morning was at slight concessions from yesterday's closing prices. The early weakness, however, was not very pronounced and a fractional recovery followed quickly on the heels of shorts covering which gave the market a firmer tone. Metropolitan made a fair recovery. Trading the past few days shows a little more activity which pressages a fair recovery all along the line. As we advised you yesterday stocks are a purchase on all breaks such as we had yesterday.

• • •

Waldorf to B. E. Baker: Speculative sentiment continues to be dominated by influences which unprejudiced observers believe will result in a further recession in prices. It is commented by brokers that when operators for the decline realized how phenomenally great was the volume of buying orders which had accumulated over Sunday, they become at once aggressive in these stocks, which looked venerable, as Mat., U. S. Steel pfd, and Aml. Copper. As a matter of fact the morning's mail was so meager as to excite general market information in commission offices.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington May 3.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $220,102,122; gold, $112,790,241; silver, $20,616,028; U. S. notes, $663,554; treasury notes of 1890, $117,427; national bank notes, $12,511,559; total receipts this day, ...211,011; total receipts this month, $3,212,222; total receipts this year, $454,823,300; total expenditures this day, $1,920,000; total expenditures this month, 4,500,000; total expenditures this year, $454,963,599; deposits in national banks, $169,401,862.

Edwards, Wood Co. (Inc.)
DEALERS IN
STOCKS—GRAIN—PROVISIONS
MAIN OFFICE
Manhattan Building, St. Paul, Minnesota.
Branch Office: 310 Board of Trade Building, Duluth.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stocks—	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	47	47¼
Adventure	2	2⅞
Atlantic	7½	8
Allouez	5⅛	5¼
Arcadian	40c	50c
Bingham	21	21½
Copper Range	42¾	43
Centennial	19¼	19¾
Calumet and Hecla	465	470
Calumet and Arizona	..	110
Calumet and Pittsburg	28	33½
L. S. and Pittsburg	..	150
Isle Royale	7	7½
Mass	4	4½
Michigan	4½	5
Mohawk	41½	42
Old Colony	56c	65c
Mercur Con	33	35
National	..	1
Old Colony	1	1¼
Old Dominion	12½	13
Osceola	55	57
Phoenix	1½	2
Parrott	23¼	24
Quincy	81	84
Rhode Island	90c	1.00
Santa Fe	1¼	1⅜
Franklin	2⅞	3¼
Tamarack	50	55
Trinity	3⅞	4
Tennessee Copper	31	33
Utah	33⅜	33¾
U. S. Mining	19⅞	20¼
U. S. Oil	9⅜	9½
Victoria	3	3¼
Wolverine	71½	72
Wyandot	56c	75c
Winona	6	6½
Daly West	21½	21¾
Greene Cons.	15	15½
Calumet and Hecla	..	65
Pittsburg and Duluth	..	52
Union Land	2	3
Junction	20	23¼

COPPER GOSSIP.

The annual report of the Consolidated Mining company issued today shows aggregate receipts from sale of copper at average of 13.3453 cents, $4,054,635; expenses, $2,700,647; total increase from mining, $1,353,987; interest, taxes, etc., $167,802; net, $1,186,053; dividends to Champion and Tri-Mountain, $600,000; balance, $586,055. Added to these are $116,584 earnings from the Copper Range railroad, $143,000 from dividends and other income; $170,064, net receipts from Tri-Mountain agreement and other sources; total, $1,015,908. Deducting one-half undivided profits of Champion Copper company belonging to St. Mary Mineral company leaves

$250 will buy a good lot, 25x140, one block from Portland Sq.
$425 will buy lot 50x140, on Seventh street, just above Portland Square.
$150 will buy six fine lots in West Duluth, one block from Longfellow school.
$30 will buy two more in same locality.
$25 per acre will buy ten acres of fine farming land adjoining city limits.

We have several desirable lots, centrally located, on which we will build and sell on easy payment plan. Come and see us. Costs nothing to talk it over.

MONEY TO LOAN

Julius D. Howard & Co
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

FOR SALE
Six room house with bath—East Third Street — Near Court House—**$2800.**
PULFORD, HOW & CO.,
309-310 Exchange Building.

PARK POINT
Store and dwelling, with full size corner lot, for sale at a bargain.
G. G. Dickerman & Co
Alworth Building.

FOR SALE!
Fine 7-room house in Lakeside. Lot 50x140, well, cistern, barn, poultry house. Good repair. Price $1800.
R. B. KNOX & CO
Fire Insurance—Real Estate.
No. 1 Exchange Building.

FARM LANDS.
80 acres on road, near Arnold, 2½ miles from Woodland street car line, for $20 per acre, for a short time.
140 acres near Grand Lake station, D. M. & N. R. R.—Buildings, some cleared, good land—at, per acre $8
160 acres good land 1½ miles from Scanlon—at $7

CITY PROPERTY.
Modern homes in East End at $3000, $3500 and $4500. Others in all parts of the city. Also choice building sites.
D. W. SCOTT,
Zenith 'phone 685.
10 MESABA BLOCK.

HOUSES AT LAKESIDE AND LESTER PARK.
LAKESIDE—Five-room house with kitchen and woodshed; hardwood floors on first floor, well and fence; lot 50x140 feet in area—price..... $1050
LESTER PARK — Handsome house on London Road, with stone foundation and all conveniences; lot 50x140 feet in area—will submit offer of..... $3500
(Easy terms.)
LAKESIDE—Cozy eight-room house, hot water heat, electric light, hardwood floors—house in good condition; lot faces London road—price $4500
LESTER PARK—Nine-room house, bath, furnace and all conveniences; double corner—price $5000
N. J. UPHAM CO
400 BURROWS BUILDING.

JOHN A. STEPHENSON,
FIRE INSURANCE
MILLIONAIRE COMPANIES ONLY.
PROVIDENCE BLDG.

WEST END BARGAINS.
$1200 A very neat five-room house, with 80 feet frontage on Third street; city water in street; well located AT WEST END. THIS IS A SNAP.
$2100 A ten-room house, rented for $30 per month; water up and down stairs. WEST END.
$1400 Five room, lot 25x140 feet, on First street. VERY CENTRAL. WEST END.
$1600 Eight rooms for two families, near Lincoln Park, West End.
$2000 Eight rooms, lot 25x140 feet, on upper side Second street, WEST END.
$850 25x140 feet on Fifth street, NEAR FOURTH AVE. EAST.
T. G. VAUGHAN,
'Phone 789. 400 Lonsdale Building.

5% MONEY TO LOAN
JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.

125-127 W. 2nd St.
MRS. J. H. ROBIRSON will open, on ***MAY FIRST,*** a spacious boarding and rooming house at 125 and 127 West Second street, where she will be able, in the meantime, to meet and arrange to give careful attention to a few more wishing first-class board and room or meals.

BURRELL & HARMON,
No. 3 So. First Ave. E.,
BOTH 'PHONES.
FURNACE HEATING EXPERTS.
Agents for Strictly First-class Furnaces.
ROOFING WORK—all kinds—Cornice and Skylights, Steel Ceilings.
Tin and Sheet Iron Work of all kinds.

300 Acres in Western
Part of St. Louis County, near railroad station, to exchange for Duluth property. Adjoining land held at $6 to $7 per acre. GEO. R. LAYBOURN, 14 Phoenix Block.

CITY BRIEFS.

Plant sweet peas. Buy seed of Seekins.

Dr. Phelan has removed his offices to rooms 201-6-8 New Jersey building.

The Ladies' Aid society of Endion M. E. church will meet tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. George Schulenberg, 1730 London road.

The general land office at Washington has affirmed the decision of the local land office officials canceling the T. M. Hanson claim to a quarter section of land in section 25, township 151-27. The contest was brought by Casper E. Bergh, who claimed Hanson had not lived up to the requirements of the law.

PERSONAL.

Henry Fee, who has been at Battle Creek, Mich., for a few weeks, has left there greatly improved in health and has gone to Ottawa, Canada, to visit.

Rev. Thomas H. Cleland leaves this evening for Chicago and other points south.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Carlisle and Mr. and Mrs. W. Ayers left today for Hoquiam, Wash.

C. O. Duncan, traffic manager of the Port Huron & Duluth Steamship company, is expected here tomorrow from Port Huron.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Stanley are now occupying their new home at 5005 London road.

LITTLE BREEZE IN COMMONS

Liberal Member Makes Insinuations Against Chancellor of Exchequer.

London, May 3.—Quite a little breeze was raised in the house of commons today during the discussion of the budget resolution increasing the duties on tobacco and cigars, by Reginald McKenna, Liberal, who insinuated that the chancellor of the exchequer had been influenced by Joseph Chamberlain's tariff commission and a certain tobacco merchant who would reap direct benefit from an increased duty on stripped tobacco. Mr. McKenna remarked on the extraordinary increase in the importation of unstripped tobacco in March by this representative of the tobacco trade, who is a member of the tariff commission.

Both the chancellor of the exchequer, Austen Chamberlain, and his father jumped up and heatedly demanded that Mr. McKenna should formulate his charges in express terms.

Mr. McKenna then disclaimed the slightest intention of imputing anything dishonorable to the chancellor of the exchequer but he maintained that it was remarkable that a member of Mr. Chamberlain's commission anticipated what the budget proposals were going to be.

POWELL ASSURES MORALES

Of the United States' Interest In San Domingo.

San Domingo, May 3.—United States Minister Powell, who, on account of illness, is compelled to return to Port Au Prince, took leave of the provisional president, Morales, today. The minister, addressing the president, said that the government and the people of the United States had a profound interest in the future or Santo Domingo. They hoped revolutions would cease. Neither the government nor the people of the United States had the least idea of annexation. They desired that San Domingo should remain independent and in this the republic would have the support of the United States government.

Mr. Powell said his government would not consent to any portion of Dominican territory passing under the control of any foreign power. The future of the republic rested largely on the keeping of all obligations toward foreign creditors, on respecting the concessions the government made to foreigners.

CONFESSES MURDER

For Which Another Man Is In Prison.

Michigan City, Ind., May 3.—Karl Weinkowski, imprisoned in the state prison here for assault to commit murder, says in 1896 he killed a deputy game warden named Summerfield in Prussia and that a school teacher named Conrad Fritiz is serving twelve years in prison for the crime which he committed. The German government is investigating.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York, May 3.—The Red Star liner Switzerland from Antwerp for Philadelphia, passed Nantucket lightship at 11 a. m., signalling "All well." The Cunard liner Carpathia, from Trieste, Fiume, etc., for New York in communication with Nantucket lightship at 9:10 a. m. Arrived: Vaderland, from Antwerp; Nord America from Genoa. Vaderland, Antwerp; Nord America, Bremen; Prinz Albert, Genoa. Gibraltar—Arrived: Koenigen Luise, from New York.

A Face Without a Wrinkle and a Clear, Beautiful Complexion
is the proud possession of the woman who takes advantage of the scientific and thorough vibratory facial massage treatments as given at
Miss Horrigan's Drug Store,
over Gidding's style store.

NEW BLOCK GOING UP

First Street and Fourth Avenue West to Be Improved.

Three-Story Brick Building of Hundred Feet Frontage.

The Davis Real Estate company, which owns the northeast corner of First street and Fourth avenue West, will improve the property this summer by the erection of a modern 3-story brick and stone business block with 100 feet frontage on First street, and costing in the neighborhood of $30,000. C. P. Craig & Company are the local representatives of the owners.

The plans for the new building are being prepared by Architect John De Waard and it is expected that work on the foundations will begin inside the next two months.

The property is at present partially unimproved. The immediate corner is occupied by a one-story brick store building, while a small frame house occupies the rear of the lot.

There will be five stores in the building, two of which are now practically under lease, as is the second floor.

This important improvement is in line with the many improvements now underway or contemplated for West First street and marks its lively growth into one of the principal business streets of the city.

Of the two other large building projects on West First street this season, the Mendenhall building between Fifth and Sixth avenue West is fast nearing completion and the foundation work has begun on the new Duncan & Brewer building at the corner of Second avenue West.

NO FURTHER PARTICULARS

Nothing More Heard of Drowning Accident Near Kimberly.

A. D. McRae left last night for Aitkin, Minn., from whence he expected to drive to the Davidson & McRae ranch, located near Kimberley, where the four men who were drowned in Rice Lake Sunday morning were employed.

Olaf Ness, brother of Gilbert Ness, one of the drowned men, accompanied Mr. McRae. They are expected to return to the city tomorrow. The scene of accident is several miles from a railway station, and consequently no word is expected from them until their return.

Particulars of the casualty are meager, no further word of it having been received since the telegram received by Mr. McRae, Sunday night. Whether or not the bodies have yet been recovered is unknown, but from the fact that Rice Lake is at no spot very deep, it is inferred the bodies must have been found. The accident occurred so far from shore, however, that there may be considerable difficulty in finding the exact place where the men went down.

Gilbert Ness, Christopher Peterson, Oscar Johnson, of Superior, and Hoken Overland, of Winona, were duck hunting at the time of the accident, which resulted in all of them losing their lives. Ness and Peterson perished in an attempt to rescue their companions from the icy waters. Both men were residents of Duluth.

The men left the ranch shortly after 10 o'clock to hunt. Johnson and Overland occupied a one-man duck boat, and Ness and Peterson were in a two-man hunting skiff. The first boat overturned when the party was about a mile and a half from shore. The other boat was capsized while its occupants were trying to assist their friends. Before the hastily-constructed raft, put together on the shore by men who witnessed the casualty, could reach the spot, all the men had disappeared under the water. The efforts made Sunday to recover the bodies were to no avail. A hat and one of the boats were all that could be found.

TO ARRANGE WAGE SCALE.

Iron, Tin and Steel Workers Are In Session.

Cleveland, May 3.—The twenty-ninth annual convention of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers began here today with about 220 delegates in attendance and President Shaffer presiding. The first session was largely devoted to routine matters. Director of Charities H. R. Cooley, in the absence of Mayor Johnson, welcomed the delegates. Committees on rules and contested seats were then appointed and pending their reports the convention took a recess.

There are all sorts of rumors concerning the report which the scale committee will make. While the belief seems to be general that the report will recommend a reduction in the scale, President Shaffer and members of the wage committee positively refuse to discuss the matter.

AGREEMENT IN SIGHT

Between Seamen's Union and Lake Carriers' Association.

Cleveland, May 3.—The conference between the executive committee of the Lake Carriers' association and representatives of the Seamen's unions was continued today. It is understood that no great differences now exist, and it is likely that a settlement will be reached today or tomorrow.

A SYNDICATE DIVIDEND.

New York, May 3.—A dividend of about 2 per cent has been declared by J. P. Morgan & Co., as managers of the syndicate which took over the $35,000,000 of Atlantic Coast Line 4 per cent collateral trust bonds, issued to acquire control of the Louisville & Nashville road from J. W. Gates and his associates. The syndicate was to have expired last December, but was extended to May, 1905.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Milford, Mass., May 3.—James C. Cook, known as the oldest practical printer in the United States, if not in the world, died here today of old age in his 87th year. Mr. Cook was the senior proprietor of the Mildford Journal.

Danville, Ky., May 3.—Col. W. G. Welch, a prominent lawyer, who served as colonel in the Confederate army, died today at Stanford near here from blood dpoisoning.

St. Paul, May 3.—A special to the Dispatch from Crookston, Minn., says: Kristene O'Tangen, aged 102 years, is dead at her home in the village of Queen, north of here. Death was due to natural decay. She had never been seriously ill and was active until a few days preceding her death.

Chicago, May 3.—Mrs. Arabella Root Del Armitage, aged 76 years is dead here as the result of a paralytic stroke. She was the founder of the Drexel Boulevard Old Men's Social club and a member of the Progressive Health club and the Women's Relief corps. Mrs. Del Armitage has been active in charity work in London, Paris, Boston and New York. The duke of Edinborough and the shah of Persia invited her to sing before them and she was the composer of several songs and poems.

London, May 3.—Edgar Fawcet, the American author, died here yesterday morning, after being unconscious for several days. Death was caused by an internal disorder, which has not yet been diagnosed. Only a servant was present at the time of his death. Mr. Fawcett was born in New York, in May, 1847.

SENTENCED TO PRISON.

Crooked Trust Company Officials Get Just Deserts.

Freehold, N. J., May 3.—A. W. Twining, former president, and D. H. Cornell, former treasurer of the defunct Monmouth Trust company, of Asbury Park, were sentenced respectively to six years and four years in state's prison. The men were convicted of presenting false minutes of the trust company to the state banking department. Notice of appeal was given and the two men released under $5000 bail each.

Its Annual Kick.

The Duluth-Superior Bridge company, through its attorney, J. A. Murphy, filed in district court, this morning, its annual objection to the enforcement of its personal property tax, in this instance delinquent since April 1. The company claims that the city assessor has made an assessed valuation of $36,500 against the half bridge on the Minnesota side, with a tax of $2935.90, whereas the assessed valuation should have been $30,000 and the tax should have been $1500.

COMES FROM AUSTRALIA.

Game "Call on the Ace" Better Than Euchre.

Every winter sees some new candidate for public favor in the way of card games. None of them is absolutely new.

All the games which have lately become popular are offshoots or variations of older games. Penuchle is a variety of bezique; bridge is a combination of dummy whist and cayenne; set back and cinch are developments of seven-up.

Any new game, in order to command its share of popularity in this country, must have two things to recommend it. It must be easy to learn and it must be possible to play it with an ordinary pack of cards and counters, without the addition of special apparatus.

That the game may be difficult to play well does not matter, so that its elementary principles may be briefly stated to the beginner. The complications of such games as skat will always be a bar to their general adoption by American players.

Among the new games, one which is rapidly growing in favor, especially in New York, is an Australian variation of euchre, known as "Call on the Ace." Like most games which have been leened by hearsay and are passed along by one person to another without any definite or established authority or code of laws to guide them, the new game has been confused with others more familiar, and is played in various ways so that disputes frequently arise as to the important details. The following description of "Call on the Ace" has been sent by one of leading experts at the game in Australia, where it has become almost the national pastime:

Call on the ace is played with a pack of 32 cards, all below the seven being thrown out. Sometimes the joker is added to the pack, but it rather spoils the scientific points of the game.

The cards in plain suits rank in the usual order from the ace, king, queen, down to the seven. In the trump suit the jack is the best card, and is called the right bower. The jack of the same color, red or black, is the second best trump, and is called the left bower; so that if hearts were trumps the ranks of the trump cards would be: Heart jack, diamond jack, heart ace, king, queen, ten, nine, eight and seven. When the joker is used, it is always the best trump and ranks above the right bower.

today and deposit your valuables and important papers in our Safe Deposit Vaults. Wrapped up in the word "tomorrow" lies the cause of many losses, therefore, do not delay in securing yourself protection.

NATIONAL SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY,
located in the Savings Department of the
First National Bank of Duluth.

J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO.

We Have Just Opened Today Some Entirely New Models in Beautiful Waists

Of China silk, white and black—at **$3.75, $5 and $6.50.** Some plain tailored, some lace trimmed.

Genuine Pongee Waists, beautifully made—**$6.50.**

Foulard Waists, in large or small dots and figures.

Peau de Ceine Waists, Taffeta Waists, and "Messeline" Silk Waists—rich, lustrous silk, beautifully made—in tailored effects—at **$6.50, $9.50 and $12.75.**

Also some decidedly new novelties in waists of crepe de chine and other novelty silks—all beautifully made and the most perfect fitting waists in the city.

WE ARE ALSO SHOWING ENTIRELY NEW LINES IN COTTON WAISTS of lawn, linen and various other sheer fabrics—and show some exceptionally clever styles at **$1.00, $1.25, $1.75 and $2.00.**

The styles shown by us are confined exclusively to our house for the head of the lakes.

J. M. GIDDING & CO.

Mme. Dean, a professional corsetier, from New York, remains here this week and will be pleased to tell Duluth women of the exceptional fitting qualities of the La Vida Corset.

J. M. GIDDING & CO.

J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO.

A Special La Vida Model for stout figures.

In this new straight-front model, both heaviness and bulk are avoided, and a strong, sensible yet extremely swagger garment is presented. The material is coutil of great strength—the whaleboning is very thick. It is fairly low from the waist line up (barely supporting the bust), the hips are very deep and reach well down, so that undue adipose is symmetrically distributed, thus lending to heavy hips gradual sloping lines and an easy grace. For sale exclusively in Duluth by

J M Gidding & Co
WOMEN'S OUTFITTERS

trump and ranks above the right bower.

Five or six persons is the proper number to make up a table, six making the better game. The cards are either cut or thrown round for the first deal and choice of seats, the highest card having the choice. In cutting, the joker is the best card in the pack, but the jacks rank between the queen and ten, because there are no trumps in cutting.

Five cards are dealt to each player, two at a time the first round and three the next; or three the first time and two the next. Is is a misdeal if the same number of cards is not given to each player, including the dealer, on the same round.

The top card of those remaining in the stock is turned up for a trump. If this happens to be the joker, it may either be previously agreed that a certain suit, usually spades, shall always be the trump if the joker is turned, or the dealer may be obliged to name a suit before looking at any of his own cards. The first method is the better.

The trump turned, each player in turn, beginning on the dealer's left, must declare to pass or to order up the trump card and discard one from his original hand, or he can turn it down.

If any player, in his proper turn, order up the trump, the dealer must take it into his hand and discard, and the person ordering up becomes the player for that deal.

If all pass and the dealer turns down the trump, each player in turn, beginning on the dealer's left, has the privilege of passing again or naming any one of the three other suits for a trump. If no one will name a new suit, the hands are abandoned, and the deal passes to the next player.

When a player has ordered up the trump, or taken it up, if he is the dealer, or named a new suit after the first has been turned down, he may either play his hand alone against all the others at the table, or he may call on the best card of any plain suit for a partner (he cannot call on the best trump), and the player called on cannot refuse, but he does not disclose the fact that he holds the card called on.

A great many misunderstandings arise from the confusion between the name of the game, "call on the ace," and the actual fact that it is not the ace, but the best card of the suit, which is called on. The ace may not be in play, although it is 15 to 1 that it is in six hand.

With only five in the game, there are six cards left in the stock after turning up the trump, and it is not very rare for the ace, king and queen of the called suit to be all among these cards. In such a case the player holding the jack would be the one called on as the partner, but ,of course, he would have no idea of it until the suit was led.

It is evident that a player calling on the best card of a suit may discover that he holds the best of it himself, and is therefore really playing alone. This often happens when the caller has a king or queen of the suit he calls on and the higher card is not in play.

It is also evident that a person who is not the maker of the trump cannot be sure that he is not the partner called on, simply because he does not hold the ace of that suit. His king, queen or jack may be the best out.

If he fancies the ace is out, he will play against the maker of the trump, of course. If he does not think it is out, he will play as his partner, and the difficulty of the situation often add greatly to the interest of the game.

The player who makes the trump may call on the best card of a suit of which he has none himself, so that if the best card, played by his partner, is trumped, he can over-trump. If it is not trumped, he may get rid of a doubtful card.

He may also call for the best of a suit when he holds the ace of it himself, which is simply another way of playing alone. The result is precisely the same as if he had called, expecting to get an ace to help him, and found his own card the highest.

If the maker of the trump does not call on any suit, he must declare to play alone. The difference in the result of playing alone or with a partner is in the scores.

The object of the player who makes the trump is to get at least three tricks. If he takes three or four, but not five, he scores one point toward game, whether he has a partner or not. If he has a partner, each of them scores one.

"If he and his partner get five tricks, they score two points each. If the player is alone and wins all five, he scores a number equal to the number playing; five points in a five-hand game, six points in six-hand.

If the maker of the trump and his partner fail to get three tricks, they are euchred, and their opponents score two points each. If he plays alone and fails to get three tricks, all the others at the table score two points.

In case he is euchred in the first three or four tricks, the hands must be shown, in order to see whether or not he had a partner, if he called on one.

When a revoke is discovered and proved, the play stops immediately, and the side which is not in fault scores. If the player is alone and one of his adversaries revokes, the hands are abandoned and the player scores five or six points, as the case may be, even if he has already lost a trick. If the maker of the trump or his partner should revoke, all his opponents score two points each, the same as for a euchre, and the hands are abandoned.

When a player orders up, he should be careful, before calling on a partner, to see that the dealer has discarded. Otherwise the dealer may discard the suit called on, so as to trump it.

It is just possible that the dealer may be the maker's partner, and can discard to advantage, but the odds are against it. When the dealer takes up the trump himself, he has the advantage of the discard, especially for lone hands.

No matter who takes the trump, the player on the left of the dealer leads for the first trick. When a partner has been called for, it is usual to lead the suit called, so that his partner may be discovered.

If it so happens that the original leader is himself the partner, he leads trump, as a rule, and such a lead is generally interpreted as a sign that he is the one called on. If a player holds both ace and king of the suit called, he may, if he pleases, play the king. It is often of advantage to keep the opponents guessing, and it is sometimes well to coax the maker of the trump to ruff the king, so as to get the lead.

Those who are familiar with the American forms of five and seven-handed euchre will see that the Australian game is superior to either of them, on account of its simplicity.

In the American five-hand game an extra hand of three cards is dealt for a widow, and no trump is turned. A player may bid three, four or five tricks, according to the strength of his cards and his hopes of finding something in the widow.

He must name the suit on which he bids, so that others may bid up the same suit or bid against him in another suit. If he gets the play on three, he takes one partner at random, without calling any suit of ace.

If he bids four or five tricks, he has the choice of two partners. The successful bidder takes up the widow, selects what he wants from it and discards.

If he intends to take the widow but no partners, he may bid eight. If he is willing to play the carde dealt him, without either widow or partners, he may bid fifteen. In either case he must make all five tricks, or he loses. Some people introduce the calling on the ace so as to select the partner.

In the American seven-hand game the whole pack is used, seven cards being dealt to each player and four to the widow. The player bidding five tricks takes two partners; if he bids six or seven tricks, he takes three partners. A lone hand bids ten, and without either widow or partners, twenty.

In both five and seven hand the opponents score the number of points bid if the maker of the trump fails. Fifty or 100 points is game.

The objections to seven-hand euchre are the necessity for having exactly seven players, complications about the bids and the proper marking of the partners chosen, so that the players may remember who they are, and the difficulty of keeping the scores, which usually require the services of some person not in the game.

JAILED FOR SAFE KEEPING.

Cincinnati, May 3.—Henry Weidner, president of the German National bank of Newport, Ky., is in jail today for safe keeping. He lost his fortune through the peculations of Cashier Frank Brown, who has been in Honduras since wrecking the bank.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Nels J. M. Brink, of Carlton county, and Augusta Maria Hoglen.
Henry C. Eischem and Margaret McGraw.

BIRTHS.

ERICKSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Lars W. Erickson, of 1516 East Fourth street, April 30.
NELSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Nelson, of 1007 Garfield avenue, April 27.
MATTESON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Matteson, of 128 Sixty-first avenue west, April 25.

DEATHS.

SCHINKE — Frank Schinke, aged 64 years, died at the county poor farm, April 29, of tuberculosis.
MORFORD—Died at Deerwood, Minn., May 1, 1904, in the 75th year of her age, Frances M. Morford, wife of R. H. Morford, of Deerwood, Minn.

BUILDING PERMITS.

J. E. Cummings, frame dwelling, Lake avenue between Fourth and Fifth streets, to cost..... $ 2,500
John D. Kenna, brick flats, Third street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues east, to cost..... 4,463

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED—WOMAN OF GOOD REPUTATION to be more of a companion than for work, as husband has to go on business for six months. Two reliable second girls; twelve girls for general housework. Call at once at 215 East Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. No chamber work. 1514 East Third street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED MALE stenographer and clerk, in railroad office. Salary $65 per month. C 26, Herald.

The Wednesday Herald Always Contains the Thursday Bargains of Duluth's Leading Merchants.

ADDITIONAL WANTS ON PAGE 12

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—427 SEVENTH AVENUE east; modern house; nine rooms.

FOR RENT—THE UPSTAIRS OF 618 Sixth avenue east; no children.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM, FURnished house on Park Point; beautiful lake view; four bedrooms. Apply 206 Lake avenue south.

FOR RENT — A TEN-ROOM BRICK house, all modern conveniences, hot water heat, May 1. Call 502½ East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — SIX-ROOM HOUSE, IN the "Glen." Apply No. 7, Twelfth avenue West. J. E. Evans.

FOR RENT — SIX-ROOM FURNISHED house, all conveniences. Enquire at house, 1013 Second street.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FURNISHED house at Lakeside; hot water heat. W. C. Sargent & Co., 368 Lonsdale bldg.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED AND UNfurnished cottages, on Minnesota Point. H 41, Herald.

SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY, OCCUPYing large modern house, East End, will rent entire floor to club of six or eight young men. Breakfast and 6 o'clock dinner, if desired. X, care of Herald.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park Terrace. Heat and water furnished; $50 per month. 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. bldg. 'Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 16 Mason flats.

FOR RENT—THREE LARGE ROOMS—also sale gas fixtures and gas stove. Call room 5, over Big Duluth.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. Also two rooms for gentlemen. 134 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FRONT room, next to bath, in private family, to gentleman with references. 202 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, DOWN stairs. Inquire of Albert Johnson, 106 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR one or two gentlemen. 1208 West First street.

FOR RENT — MODERN FURNISHED room, bath, gas and use of 'phone, for gentleman only. 113 Second avenue east.

DESIRABLE FURNISHED ROOM, closet and bath. $9 month. 807 E. First St.

FOR RENT—LARGE, FURNISHED, front room. 323 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FOUR PLEASANT, NEWly furnished rooms, all modern conveniences, $6 and $7 per month. Also two very desirable unfurnished parlors, 453 Mesaba avenue.

THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS. 503 Third avenue west.

FOR RENT—ROOMS, AT 222 WEST Fourth street.

FOR RENT—WITH OR WITHOUT board, room for one or two young men; near Twelfth avenue east. Apply at Y. M. C. A.

FOR RENT—TWO UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. 16 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—TWO UNFURNISHED rooms. 22 West First street; upstairs.

FOR RENT—LARGE PLEASANT ROOM—closet and electric light. 331 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FOUR FURNISHED OR unfurnished rooms. Inquire at 527 West Second street.

FOR RENT—A LARGE, PLEASANT front room, furnished; location desirable and central; room suitable for two young men. Address D 17, Herald.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED OR unfurnished rooms, with board, if desired. 2909 Piedmont avenue West.

FOR RENT — ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping; central. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS. WATER, sewer and gas. 1325 London road.

FOR RENT—TWO PLEASANT, MODern, furnished rooms, with grate; lake view. 117 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT — FRONT ROOM, WITH bay window, furnished, overlooking town and harbor. 513 West Fifth street. Suitable for two young men; convenient to incline railway. Apply on premises, or 412 West First street.

FOR RENT — PART OF MICHIGAN street floor, Providence building. Apply W. B. Silvey, 204 Providence building.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM WITH board. 521 West Second street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FRONT room, next to bathroom. Private family. 202 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, $1.50 up. 32 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, 128 East Fifth street.

DESIRABLE SUITE FOR TWO FOR housekeeping. 5901 London road, Lester Park.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. 626 West Third St.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM; modern. 115 East Third street.

FOUR PLEASANT UNFURNISHED rooms for rent. 4701 Dodge street.

FOR RENT — OFFICES, MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

FOR RENT — MODERN FURNISHED front rooms en suite or single; use of phone. M 100, Herald.

ROOMS FOR RENT—27 EAST SUPERior street.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — VERY CHEAP, BRICK store building; nice flat; West End. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building. 'Phone 439.

FOR RENT—THE FINE BRICK STORE room 118 and 120 West Fourth street with well-lighted basements, formerly occupied by Crescent bakery. W. C. Sherwood & Co., Torrey building.

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.

GIRLS CAN FIND GOOD PLACES AND good wages at Mrs. Somers' Employment office, 17 Second avenue east.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WOMAN WANTS SEWING BY THE day. Address D 12, Herald.

WANTED — DAY WORK, WASHING and ironing or housecleaning. U 17, Herald.

WANTED AT ONCE—POSITION BY young lady of refinement, who has had a year's experience in office work; can furnish best of references. D 23, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS POLICY writer, or stenographer for all or part of day; have had experience in real estate and insurance work. Address Y 67, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK, WASHING or housecleaning. 336 Lake avenue south.

YOUNG LADY DESIRES A PLACE TO work for her board and attend Business college. Y 85, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS FIRST-CLASS cook or housekeeper. Address "H," 518 Garfield avenue.

A WIDOW WITH TWO CHILDREN would like place to work for board; good cook and good worker; farm preferred or city. Address Mrs. Hellen Cameron, Lake Park, Becker county, Minn.

WANTED—WASHING TO TAKE HOME. 278 Third avenue east.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY. Cleaning or washing. No. 5 Chester terrace.

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE POSItion as stenographer, or office assistant. Apply W 98, Herald.

WOMAN WOULD LIKE WORK BY the day. Washing, ironing or any kind of housework. Call at old St. Luke's hospital. Upstairs.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

AN EXPERIENCED BARBER WANTS situation. R. Walt. Address 114 First Avenue east.

BOY WANTED — APPLY DULUTH Lithographing & Printing Co., Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—BY MAN AND WIFE, A place to cook in hotel or boarding house; both good cooks and not afraid of work. Address D 14, Herald.

A MAN WITH EXPERIENCE IN TAIloring would like to finish trade. H. M. P., 16 East Superior street.

EXPERIENCED MALE STENOGRApher, operating Oliver and Remington machines, would be open to situation in about ten days. Address D 18, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN OF 26, A position as bookkeeper, stenographer, private secretary or correspondent. Can furnish gilt edge references. State salary in first letter. Address E. C. Watson, Box 147, Litchville, N. D.

FIRST-CLASS CUTTER AND TAILOR wishes position with clothing house; understands anything in the line of manufacturing clothes. Room 24, St. James hotel, Frank Dux.

WANTED — SITUATION BY WELL educated young man, work of any kind. Inside work preferred. Experienced. Address N 45, Herald.

YOUNG MAN WISHES SOME KIND OF work. Y 84, Herald.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FLAT OF four rooms, with bath. 2226 West First street.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM FLAT, 737 East Third street, $15 month, water included. Apply Abrahamson Agency, Palladio building.

FOR RENT—FLAT, OVER 127 EAST Superior street; opposite City hall. Apply 127 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — 5-ROOM FLAT, FIRST floor; gas, porcelain bath. 809 East Fourth street. Call at 811 East Fourth street.

SMALL FLAT IN WEST END—ALL conveniences. Apply N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN THREEroom flats, $13 and $14. 311 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT — A FEW VERY DESIRable flats and houses and two stores for rent at reasonable rentals from May 1. W. M. Prindle & Co., Lonsdale bldg.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM BRICK FLAT, all modern conveniences. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED — TWO UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. References given; state prices. Y 81, Herald.

WANT TO RENT — SMALL HOUSE about four rooms; state price per month; family of two. Address D 11, Herald.

WANTED—BY MECHANIC, SMALL furnished bedroom in private family, anywhere within access to street cars. Rent about $1.25 per week. Y 73, Herald.

WANTED—THREE OR FOUR ROOMS for light housekeeping, within walking distance of city hall. Address D 13, Herald.

WANTED TO RENT—BY QUIET COUple, three heated, modern rooms, unfurnished, for light housekeeping; between Fifth avenue west and Sixth avenue east. Address C 33, Herald.

FARM LANDS.

FOR RENT — FARM, FIVE MILES from West Duluth, with house and barn and fifteen acres cleared. Inquire 123 West First street.

FOR SALE — IMPROVED 80-ACRE farm, team, cattle and other personal property belonging to Perrault estate H. V. Goetchius, guardian.

INDIAN LANDS—FULL INFORMATION regarding opening of Indian reservations lands to agricultural settlement in North Dakota and Minnesota, $2. Being on the ground we are in a position to give fullest details of rules and regulations. Address Gerald A. Johnson, Postal Telegraph building, Washington, D. C.

FARM LANDS NEAR DULUTH in tracts of 40 acres or more, for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum bldg., Duluth, Minn.

PROFITABLE FARM AND RANCH lands in Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado and Wyoming. Low prices, ten years' time. Scientific agriculture. Mild climate. Maps free. Land department, Union Pacific railroad, Omaha, Neb. Mention this paper.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

A FEW STOVES WHICH WERE LEFT for repairing will be sold for cost of repairs and storage. Duluth Stove Repair Works, 217 East Superior street.

FOR SALE OR RENT — HOUSE NO. 211 St. Croix avenue. Apply 217.

FOR SALE, CHEAP, BY PARTIES leaving city—1 Buck steel range, 1 sideboard or buffet, 1 8-foot dining extension table, 4 dining chairs, 1 small coal heater and 1 oak chiffonier with mirror. 504 East Fourth street.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with another carload of fresh milch cows. Will sell and exchange for fat cattle. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone, 1387.

$1750 BUYS ONE OF THE BEST 6-ROOM houses at Lakeside. Inquire on premises, 4831 Dodge street.

FOR SALE—GOOD DELIVERY HORSE, cheap. 223 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—BALANCE OF PERRY Manufacturing company's stock cheap. One 1¼ inch stake dray and one 1⅜ inch express wagon. Both new. Must be sold at once. 414 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—GAS STOVE WITH OVEN, one cot and rug 6x9. Call at 302 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE—DRY, LOOSE SHAVINGS. Red Cliff Lumber company.

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT. 421 TOWER avenue, Superior.

FOR SALE—25,000 SHARES OF LITTLE Cracker Gold Mining & Milling company stock for 3 cents per share. Address D 16, Herald.

USED PIANO PLAYER, $160—PERFECT condition, worth new $250; a snap. Will play any piano. $10 cash and $8 a month. French & Bassett.

TWENTY-FIVE BUTCHER WAGONS. Modern, $48.74. 300-308 East First street. L. Hammel Co.

BABY GRAND PIANO, $275—EBONY case; standard make; in fine condition; cost $700 new. $25 cash and $10 a month. French & Bassett.

MUCIC AND MUSICAL MERCHANDISE —Edison's phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos, organs. Haakonsen & Westgaard, Duluth's leading music store.

LARGE HANDSOME OAK UPRIGHT piano, $148. Rented eight months with careful use; fine tone and action; good as new. $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—GAS RANGE CALL AT 102 West First street, upstairs.

FOR SALE—LEATHER-TOP, RUBBER-tired buggy, cheap. 625 Manhattan building.

PATENTS OBTAINED FOR INVESTors. J. T. Watson, specialist, Palladio building.

PIANO PLAYER, ALMOST NEW—PERfect condition, $175. $15 cash and $10 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—ONE GROCERY SINGLE delivery wagon in good condition. Call or address 102 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, STORE FIXtures, show cases, etc. Hub Clothing company.

SECOND-HAND WALNUT ORGAN, $10; $5 cash and $2 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE — GASOLINE LAUNCH, suitable for ferry. 605 Palladio building.

FREE TRIAL ON GAS ENGINES—NO good, no pay. F. B. Jordan, gas engine expert, Box 93. New 'phone 4617, Duluth.

FOR SALE—PATENT WRENCH, OR manufacturing firm make some. John P. Forsberg, Thief River Falls, Minn.

HANDSOME MEDIUM SIZE UPRIGHT piano, $165. Almost new with mandolin and harp attachment. Walnut finish case. $10 cash and $6 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—STEAM ENGINE ABOUT 75 H. P.; also machine shop tools for very light manufacturing. H. E. Smith & Co., Palladio building.

$1750 BUYS ONE OF THE BEST SIXroom houses at Lakeside. Inquire on premises, 4831 Dodge street.

COWS FOR SALE.

EVAN JOHNSON, 2308 WEST HELM street, will arrive May 5, with a carload of fresh milch cows and springers.

FOR SALE--CAR OF FRESH MILCH cows, just arrived. J. H. Markuson, Sixty-first avenue west and Redruth street.

FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH COWS, 821 Fourth avenue east. I. L. Levine.

HORSES FOR SALE.

A large and compelte assortment constantly on hand; also farm mares, general purpose horses and drivers. Look over our stock before purchasing elsewhere; the largest assortment to be found in the entire Northwest.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Midway Horse Market,
St. Paul, Minn.

HORSES FOR SALE—DRAFT DRIVing horses and general purpose. L. Hammel company.

FURNITURE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—NEW ROYAL piano, inquire of S. Mcrterud, 1921 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—FOLDING BED IN GOOD condition. 1927 West Third street, flat A.

MAHOGANY UPRIGHT PIANO, $185; beautiful tone and case. $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—FINE UPHOLSTERED baby's go-cart; used four months; good as new; half price. 1121½ East Third St.

FOR SALE—PIANO, FINE LUDWIG upright grand; almost new, $150; cost $400; Burl walnut case; can be seen at 15 East Superior street, room 4, upstairs. Manufacturer's agent.

FOR SALE—NEARLY NEW QUARTERsawed oak round dining table, extension; nine leather-seated chairs to match; walnut sideboard and china cabinet; walnut chamber suite cheap. Call forenoons. 1423 East Third street.

FOR SALE—BRASS BED, MAHOGANY dresser, Flemish oak dining set, living room and kitchen furniture. 150 Oxford street, Hunter's Park, or 402 Torrey building.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED — AGENTS AND CANVASsers, in every state and county; new patent; quick seller; big profits; exclusive territory given. Fred W. Wieland, 109 Manhattan building, Duluth.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—SECOND-HAND reclining go-cart. 408 East Fourth street.

WANTED TO BUY—IF YOU HAVE A bargain to offer in centrally located property, vacant or improved, send particulars. D 15, Herald.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—A COMPETENT HOUSEmaid, at 201 East Fourth street. Good wages. Two in family.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 721 East Third St.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of three. Mrs. Fred Reynolds, 226 Second avenue east.

WANTED — MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN to work for Minnesota firm. Apply flat No. 15, Green block, Twenty-fourth avenue west.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 318 West Third street.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL AT Nicollet hotel.

WANTED — TWO DISHWASHERS. Hotel McKay.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must be good cook and furnish references. Apply Flat E, Ashtabula Flats.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Flat B Ashtabula, 220 Fifth avenue east.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; family of three. 1610 East First street.

WANTED—COOK, DINING ROOM GIRL and laundry girl. Call at 215 East Superior street. M. C. Siebold.

WANTED—WAIST AND SKIRT MAKers; also apprentices for millinery. La Ferte, 17 West Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL TO HELP cook; also one for general work. 2532 West Superior street.

WANTED—A WIDE-AWAKE GIRL, who has had experience as clerk and some knowledge of bookkeeping. Apply 110 West Superior street.

WANTED AT ONCE—GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 2725 West Fourth St.

WANTED GIRL TO ASSIST AT housework. 2109 West First street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; good wages to the right party. Call 2207 West Third street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 211 Tenth avenue east.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS GENERAL servant, hotel and boarding house cook, dishwasher; places always open. Call 225 East Superior street.

"TING-A-LING!"

All it takes is a "ting-a-ling" at the 'phone and you're talking to The Herald's Want Department. In a trice you've explained your "want" and the next day brings fulfillment. It pays to tell it to 'phone 324.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS CHAMBERmaid. 217 St. Croix avenue.

WANTED—SIX HOTEL COOKS, 10 waitresses, kitchen girls, laundry girls, housemaid and girls for general housework, at Mrs. Somers' Employment office, 17 Second avenue east. Big wages and good places. Call today.

WANTED — GIRL TO ASSIST WITH general housework. 701 East Second street.

WANTED— GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1120 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in family of three adults. Apply evenings. 1422 East First street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR General housework. Must have references. Mrs. W. P. Mars, 1627 East Third street.

CALL AT 215 EAST SUPERIOR street, Mrs. M. C. Seibold's employment office, for good women to do washing or house cleaning.

WANTED—COOKS FOR IN AND OUT of town. Also girls for general housework. Call at 215 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Seibold.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of four. 810 East First street. Call mornings.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 112 East Third street.
WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Mrs. J. H. Whitely, 1828 East Superior street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Call afternoons. 1317 East Second street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. 214 Ninth avenue east.

PLACES FOR IN AND OUT OF TOWN. 215 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Siebold, employment office.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—GOOD 7-ROOM HOUSE lot 50 by 150 feet, five blocks from high school. For further information address "H. P. B.," Box 4, Underwood, Minn.

TEN HOUSES FOR SALE CHEAP—Anyone that wants to buy city property in West Duluth cheap call on A. P. Freeburg, 216 North Sixty-fourth avenue west, city.

FOR SALE CHEAP—HOUSE AND LOT, bay side, Park Point. Inquire 1921 Minnesota avenue.

FOR SALE—FINE SIX-ROOM HOME. 1727 Fiftieth avenue east, Lakeside; one block beyond Oneida street. Apply at house.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—WHITE FEMALE FRENCH poodle dog. Reward if returned to 17 Seventh avenue west.

LOST—SATURDAY EVENING — GARnet and rhinestone pin. Finder please return to Miss Helen Bell, St. Luke's Flats.

LOST—BULL PUP, THREE MONTHS old. Answers to name of "Bob." Color, white with brown on eyes. Missing since April 20. Reward for return to 11 West Fourth street.

LOST—SATURDAY, LADY'S WHITE taffeta silk collar; embroidered with white tiger lilies, between Buffalo Flats and Park Point. Reward for return to Herald office.

GOLD WANTED.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR gold and silver. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 334 West Superior street.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. AUGERMEYER, 219 FIRST AVE. E.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
DO YOU NEED MONEY?

We make loans on horses, waggons, furniture and pianos, etc. Any amount required. Also to salaried people without security. Lowest rates. Confidential treatment. Call and investigate our methods.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Bldg.
Bell 'phone 759 R. Zenith 'phone 936.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883. Old 'phone 636 M.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $1000. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only recognized reputable pawnbroker. Established 1887. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches and all goods of value. Very low rates. Everything confidential. The Crescent Bros., 413½ W. Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SALARY OR chattels; quick; confidential. Cosmopolitan company, 301 Palladio building. Zenith 761.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

EGGS FOR HATCHING.

PIKE'S CHICK FEED WILL SAVE and raise little chicks. All dealers or write R. A. Pike & Co., Minneapolis, Minn. Sample feed and catalogue, etc. Price list free.

EGGS FOR HATCHING FROM BUFF Plymouth Rocks; prize winners and good breeding stock. $1.00, $2.00, and $3.00 per setting. Eggs for incubator, $4.00 per 100. Mrs. R. Hodgson, Fifty-fourth avenue east.

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING from prize winners and good breeding stock. Single comb brown Leghorns and black Monorcas. $1.25 and $1.50 per setting. Zenith 'phone 1167, 421 East Second street.

NEW SEEDS JUST IN. ENTIRE STOCK fresh and Northern grown. Pike's chick feed for little chicks. Eggs for hatching. T. A. Scarlett's, 124 W. 1st St.

INCUBATORS, BROODERS, POULTRY supplies, chick food. Eggs for hatching from thoroughbred chickens. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED — BRIGHT, ACTIVE BOY. Apply employment department, Y. M. C. A.

WANTED—ELEVATOR BOY. HOTEL McKay.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO DO JANItor work for tuition. Apply Duluth Business University.

WANTED—AN OUT-OF-TOWN COLlector; must be sober and of good appearance. Apply Gately's, 8 East Superior street.

WANTED—BOY TO RUN ELEVATOR; 16 years of age or over. Apply M. S. Burrows.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Special opportunity this month. Particulars mailed free. Moler Barber College, 221 Second avenue south, Minneapolis, Minn. Established 1896.

WANTED—A BRIGHT, ACTIVE BOY, about 15 years of age. Apply Spalding hotel.

WANTED—PAPER HANGERS AND painters; permanent employment for competent men. Louis Frost, 117 First avenue west.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN FOR A GOOD position. Apply at Flat 15 Green block, Twenty-fourth avenue west.

KANSAS CITY BARBER COLLEGE; largest and best; teaches the trade; shortest time at small expense. Write for free catalogue. P. C. Bridgeford, 503 Delaware street, Kansas City, Mo.

WANTED—A WAGON PAINTER AT once; call us by either 'phone. McIntosh Wagon company, Iron River, Wis.

GENTLEMAN ROOMMATE WANTED in first-class boarding house, 231 West Second street.

WANTED—PARTIES TO BURN LACKawanna Coal. Finch Fuel company, 210 West Superior street. Telephone 1251.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

UPHOLSTERING.

UPHOLSTERING, REPAIRING AND mattress making neatly done. First-class workmanship. Wm. Peterson, 1530 West Superior street.

BEST WORK—LOW PRICES. STOCK & YOUNG, 504 E. 4th St. Zenith 'phone 1249-C. Old, 747-R.

PAINTING LESSONS.

MRS. MARY INMAN, 231 West Second St.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT. TOP FLOOR BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—Over Saffel's. HUMES.

HATS—106 W. Superior St. Miss Swenson.

ARCHITECT.

Young & Nystrom, 504-9 Manhattan bldg.

TELESCOPE EXHIBITION.

SEE THE STARS AND MOON EVERY clear night on Superior street, between Third and Fifth avenues west. Telescope four-foot long and very powerful convex lense. Price, 10c. E. Gibson.

LAKESIDE EXPRESS.

LAKESIDE AND DULUTH EXPRESS orders taken at 5 East Superior street. 'Phone 510; residence 'phone 6088. J. N. Wilson.

CARRIAGES AND WAGONS.

FIRST-CLASS VEHICLES OF EVERY description at right prices. J. C. Perry, 416 East Superior street.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN AND ASSISTANT will give readings to ladies for 50 cents till May 15; gentlemen as usual. Phone 4250 Superior. 1813 Eleventh street.

BOARD OFFERED.

NICE LARGE ROOM WITH BOARD AT the Ralston, 122 East First street.

TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY at O-at-ka beach, also cottage for rent. Old 'phone 1302-R.

GOOD TABLE BOARD AND NICELY furnished rooms, reasonable rates. 323 Fourth avenue west.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD. 521 WEST SECond street.

PRIVATE HOME; BOARD AND ROOM, first-class in every respect. 123 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD. Also table board. 218 West Third St.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD AND ROOM, AT 125 West Second street.

PERSONAL.

PURE, SAFE AND SURE! Dr. Roger's Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills. A test of forty years in France has proved them to *positively* cure SUPPRESSION OF THE MENSES. Special Price reduced to $1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Imported direct from Paris, France, by W. A. ABBETT, Druggist, Duluth, Minn., 302 West Superior street.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills ARE THE BEST. Safe, Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by RETURN MAIL. Ask your druggist Chichester Chemical Co. Philada., Pa.

STENOGRAPHER.

BLANCHE MAXWELL, 307 FIRST NAtional Bank building.

LEGAL WORK, MAILING LISTS PREpared, letters written, envelopes addressed, neatly, promptly. Charges right. No. 106 Palladio.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

AN DWATCH REPAIRING. M. HENricksen Jewelry Co., 334 W. Superior St.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug work. 1707-8 West Michigan St. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith 'phone, 666; residence, 1213.

HAIRDRESSING.

Shampooing, Hair Dressing, Manicuring, hair work. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Grueson, 31 West Superior St.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, May 16, 1904. Work—First degree. Stanley R. Holden, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting April 30th, 1904. Work—Second degree. Hugh R. Burgo, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary. Visiting brethren are welcome.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, May 4. Work—Royal Arch degree. Jos. D. Titcomb, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave May 3. Work—General business. John T. Black, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT NO. 1 MEETS EVERY Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Edward Thompson, Com., 12 E. Fifth St. J. B. Gellneau, R. K., third floor, Hunter block. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Ellis' hall, 118 West Superior St. Thos. J. McKeon, G. S.; W. P. Wellbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gail, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. C. H. Johnson, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder. O. J. Marveid, financier, 211½ East Sixth street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. John Newman, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick Benefit association meets same evenings at 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 55, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. J. H. Davis, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

GRANT LODGE, K. OF P. No. 3 (colored) meets first and third Thursday every month at Kalamazoo hall, F. J. Grant, C. C.; D. H. Saunders, K. of R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday at 8 o'clock at Hunters' hall. Jos. A. Mannheim, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary. Room 10, Hayes block.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, MEETS AT Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. F. Wiberg, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF Teamsters local No. 411, meets at Kalamazoo hall, No. 18 W. Sup. St., second and fourth Mondays of each month. Arthur Beattie, president, 2809 W. Helm St. J. M. Rock, recording secretary, 722 Garfield avenue; Archie McPherson, secretary and treasurer, 909 West Eighth street.

COOKS' AND WAITERS' UNION NO. 53.—Meets every second and fourth Tuesday of each month at the Kalamazoo building. President Marshal Hebner; vice president, Etta O'Donnell; secretary, Josie Wilson; treasurer, Fred McKelvey; financial secretary, J. R. McComber, 22 West Superior street; L. H. Copeland, business agent.

I. O. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting, May 6. Important business. R. J. Pickard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in G. A. R. hall, Temple building, 203 East Superior street. George F. Mackenzie, chief; Malcolm Macdonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary. Glass Block. Next meeting, Wednesday, May 4.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL.—No. 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, first and third Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. G. L. HARGRAVES, archon; L. P. MURRAY, scribe, 1524 East Fourth street.

16 Pages

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

16 Pages

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. LAST EDITION WEDNESDAY, MAY 4, 1904. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

OPPOSING ARMIES ARE RESTING AFTER FIERCE BATTLE NEAR THE YALU

The Next Engagement Likely to Be Fought Back of Feng Wan Cheng.

Russians Seem Disposed to Look on Yalu Fight as a Victory.

Gloom Which Prevailed at St. Petersburg Has Been Dispelled.

St. Petersburg, May 4.—Gen. Zassalitch's force is resting at Feng Wan Cheng. No renewal of the attack has been made. It is believed that Gen. Kuroki is also resting on the river.

There is a strong Russian position back of Feng Wang Cheng on a line parallel with Mukden and Liao Yang, where troops are concentrating and it is considered likely that a really decisive engagement may be fought there. To force the pass beyond Feng Wang Cheng directly is considered practically impossible.

GLORIOUS FIGHT

Made By Russian Troops Electrifies Czar's People.

St. Petersburg, May 4.—The gloom which prevailed here yesterday was almost dispelled this morning when the people read the story of the glorious fight made by eGn. aZssalitch's handful of rough regiments against the flower of the mikado's legions at the Yalu and of the utter defeat of Vice Admiral Togo's new attempt to seal the entrance to Port Arthur. It is now plain that not more than 8000 Russians were actually engaged in the fighting at the Yalu against the Japanese army, of a total strength of between 30,000 and 40,000. The losses on both sides, which are expected to reach 1600 and possibly 1200 in the Russian force and twice that number for the Japanese, make it one of the bloodiest fights in history. At the river corssing the Japanese dead lie piled up literally in heaps and Gen. Kuroki's success was purchased at such a heavy cost that the Russians are diposed to regard it as rather a defeat than a victory for him.

Gen. Kuropatkin's dispatch shows that the Russians fought with such bulldog tenacity and bravery against the overwhelming superiority of the enemy that the latter's nominal victory was eclipsed by the prowness of the czar's soldiers.

Gen. Kuropatkin's report also served to restore Gen. Zassalitch to public favor. Those who were disposed to criticise him, even at the headquarters of the general staff where it is considered that he made a tactical blunder, now say that he redeemed himself by his gallantry in action and the damage he inflicted upon the enemy. About bulletin boards the people are especially impressed with the desperate bayonet charge of the Eleventh regiment. The mental picture of the regiment advancing against the enemy with bands and bugles blaring and the priest with cross aloft at the head appealed to the dramatic sense of the Russian population as nothing else could. The survivors of this heroic regiment which cut its way out declare that the position was surrounded by more than 1000 dead Japanese.

The loss of the guns which, according to the best information obtainable, consisted of twenty-two field pieces and eight machine guns, is considered particularly unfortunate, even though they will be of no service to the enemy on account of the removal of their breech blocks, but members of the general staff say the science of war offers many instances where guns have been sacrificed to alow infantry to retreat in good order.

The official reports were issued too late for comment in this morning's papers.

STRICT NEUTRALITY

Will Be Faithfully Observed By the Chinese.

St. Petersburg, May 4.—The Chinese minister, who, in consequence of rumors of the possibility that China might not remain neutral, applied to Pekin for information, has received a cablegram from the Pekin government and Viceroy Yuan Shi Kai, which reads as follows:

"In reply to your telegram of April 23 and with the object of putting a stop to unfounded rumors, we request you to deny them, declaring again in the most formal manner that China and the Chinese people will faithfully observe neutrality. You are authorized to say that the central government has given rigorous orders to the local authority is strictly maintained and that the most complete order is preserved in the whole territory declared neutral. Moreover, we are able to guarantee that owing to the measures we have taken any renewal of events like those of 1900 is impossible."

MANY KOREANS

Are Assisting the Russians In Various Ways.

Seoul, May 4:—A customs officer at Sang Jiu, named Olsen, a Norwegian, reports that many Koreans, who are naturalized Russians, accompanied the scouting expedition of Cossack cavalry as interpreters, all being well received by the local officials. The captain of the Cossacks, after personally firing a customs warehouse, accompanied by a party of soldiers, searched the office which he was finally persuaded not to burn down. When it was explained to him that the property was Korean and not Japanese, he threatened to arrest Olsen as a Japanese spy.

English missionaries who have successfully intereceded with the civil authorities at Vladivostok have been urged to notify the governor of Hanheungdo that Russia is Korea's truest friend and to warn Korean vessels not to enter Vladivostok harbor, which has been extensively mined, except during hours of noon, also to request the people to aid the Russian troops with provisions and guides. Yi Hai Yung, minister of foreign affairs, has urged the cabinet to dismiss Yi Pom Chin, minister to Russia, on account of his persistent insubordination. He is also charged with being a noted Russophile and instrumental in inducing the emperor to take refuge at the Russian legation in 1896 during the palace anti-Japanese intriques, which he is reported to have encouraged.

An aditional force of 350 men has arrived to push the Seoul-Wiju railroad on to completion.

ARMIES ARE RESTING.

Russians at Feng Wan Cheng, Japs Near River.

St. Petersburg, May 4.—Since the emperor's removal to Tsarskoye-Selo, a new system has been introduced of communicating official messages intended for publication to a special commission of military and naval censors. Formerly all telegrams addressed to the emperor received direct at the winter palace were sent to Admiral Abaza, who deciphered them and forwarded them to a commission sitting in the telegraph office. The censors read the messages carefully, omitted a word or passage likely to prove useful to the enemy, and then a duplicate was given out to the correspondents quartered in an adjoining room. The only delay arose from the censors adjourning from 2 p. m. to 5 p. m. The present arrangement involves further delay. Messages have to come back from Tsarskoye-Selo after being deciphered. Those relating to the land operations go to the war ministry and those referring to the sea movements are taken to the marine ministry, which are respectively entrusted to give them out. Yesterday Gen. Kuropatkin's first telegram reached the war ministry at noon, but the official in charge had taken a train to Tsarskoye-Selo to report to the emperor, and consequently the dispatch did not reach the public till night.

The emperor has received additional details of Sundays' fight on the Yalu river from Gen. Kuropatkin, but probably they will not be given out till tonight.

The general staff explains that the Russian batteries at Kiu Lien Cheng and Fotietinsky succeeded in withdrawing to a second position, when they poured a murderous fire on the Japanese, who were occupying the heights the Russians left. The Japanese attacked at three points—frontal at Kiu Lien Cheng, on the flank at Chin Gow and on the other flank at Liatan Gow, or Liatun Gow, northeast and southeast respectively of Kiu Lien Cheng. The losses were very severe on the flanks, which protected the retreat of the main body from Kiu Lien Cheng. The Eleventh regiment made a heroic stand at Lian Fan Gow, the Russian second position along the heights, whence it was impossible to remove the guns on account of the nature of the ground and the heavy mud.

Gen. Zassalitch only had forty guns altogether and sixteen of these left Antung early Sunday morning and reached Feng Wang Cheng safely. The second and third batteries of the Sixth brigade lost all but two guns, namely twenty-two. Eight machine guns which, were used to cover the retreat were also lost.

OBVIOUSLY FALSE

Is the Rumored Japanese Attack on Newchwang.

New York, May 4.—The special telegram to the London Chronicle, dated Che Foo, asserting that the Japanese had taken Newchwang, is obviously false. Newchwang, which is on a river, and about thirty miles from the sea, could not possibly be taken except as the result of an attack of at least two or three days' duration. The Associated Press has American correspondents at Che Foo, Shan Hai Kwan, Newchwang and iYn Kow, any one of whom would certainly have reported an attack upon Newchwang.

COMPLETES GUN FIRING TEST.

Seattle, May 4.—The new cruiser Tacoma, now at the Bremerton navy yard, has successfully completed her gun firing test off Port Angeles and sailed from there for Honolulu at daybreak today.

DIAMONDS GO UP.

New York, May 4.—Diamond importers have been advised of another advance by the European syndicate in the selling price of stones. The change amounts to 5 per cent, and affects all grades of uncut diamonds.

HEARST SCORES A VICTORY IN CAUCUSES PRELIMINARY TO IOWA STATE CONVENTION

Secures Six Districts Against Five For the Antis.

Hearst Members of Resolution Committee Are Radical.

Temporary Chairman Cullison Makes a Strong Speech.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 4.— William Randolph Hearst scored a victory in the district caucuses preliminary to the state Democratic convention today, by securing six districts as against five for the anti-Hearst faction. The antis were successful in the First, Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth. The Hearst men controlled the Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth and Eleventh.

The Hearst members of the resolutions committee are radical for the New York editor and it is not unlikely the resolutions will carry a decided Hearst feature. Temporary Chairman Cullison was given an ovation when he rose to address the convention. He spoke in part as follows:

"Every trust magnate knows that as long as the protective wall is secure, his mastery over the masses of the people is assured.

"In the great struggle to drive the privileged class from political power and regain the possession and control of the nation, we must keep steadily in mind the charter of our liberties, the inalienable right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. Ours must be a government for the whole people and by the whole people. All must be protected in their persons and property. Each must have the right to freely contract and perform the conditions of his contract without fear of molestation. That is the soul of liberty. It is "liberty under law." In this way capital may have adequate return and labor receive its proper reward. We need only to apply our democratic principles to the administration of public affairs, and the trust evil will disappear. Remove the trust-protecting tariff; enforce economy in public expenditures; stop peculations in office; put an end to fraudulent government contracts; 'turn the rascals out' and the miasmatic political and business atmosphere in which we now live will be displaced by a wholesome and life-giving current of healthful competition in trade and scrupulous honesty in public life that will bring to us a prosperity by which the whole people can prosper. Why should we not give greater freedom to our trade? If we could unfetter our commerce, if this young, giant-like nation could be freed from the tariff baron's leash, it would spring to its world's work with an energy and determination the equal of which the world has never seen. It would become a world-power indeed. Not by virtue of its navies and armies, but by the all-conquering arts of peace. Our America would quickly become the leading mart of the world's great marts of trade.

"The great opportunity for our party is at hand. We need only with a steady and unwavering purpose embrace it and it is ours. We can by a united and patriotic effort bring to our beloved country the greatest and most beneficient reform it ever knew and make it the brightest star in the constellation of nations."

DEMOCRATS FILL TWENTY-TWO OUT OF TWENTY-NINE OFFICES IN ST. PAUL

Give the Republicans a Severe Drubbing In Tuesday's Elections.

Mayor Smith Re-Elected By Majority of Nearly 4000.

Council Will Have the Greatest Democratic Majority In Years.

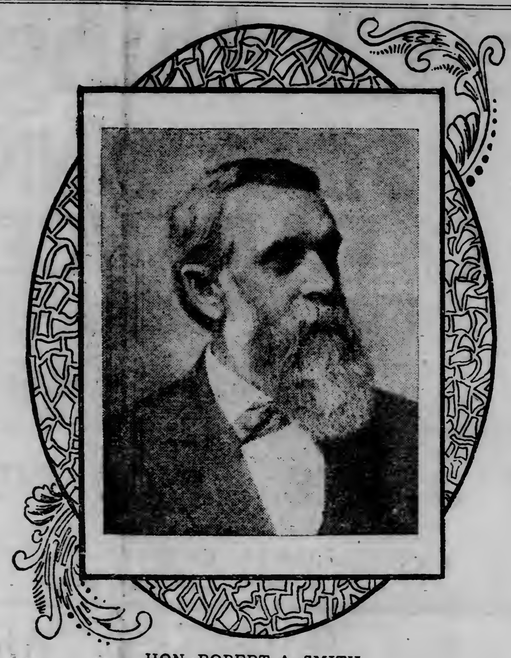
St. Paul, May 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Robert A. Smith is mayor again by nearly 4000 majority. This majority is practically the same as Wright beat Smith twelve years ago, and the Democratic candidate can consider that the defeat of 1892 has been evened up.

Smith carried all but the four reliable Republican wards, and Wright had a bare plurality even in these. Smith's greatest plurality was in the Fourth ward, where he led by 1000 votes. The vote in the Midway district was almost a stand-off, and even the First and second wards gave the smallest Republican majorities in years.

The Republicans have elected only the following corporal's guard of officers: One assemblyman, two aldermen, two justices of the peace, two constables—seven places.

The Democrats elected nearly everything—mayor, city comptroller, city treasurer, eight assemblymen, nine aldermen, one justice of the peace and one constable—twenty-two places.

The new council will be the most one-sided politically in years. There will be only three Republicans out of twenty members. Assembly, eight Democrats, one Republican; aldermen, nine Democrats, two Republicans.



HON. ROBERT A. SMITH,
Re-elected Mayor of St. Paul.

SAM PARKS IS DEAD IN PRISON

The Famous Labor Leader a Victim of Consumption.

He Was Convicted on the Charge of Extortion.

Ossining, N. Y., May 4.—Sam Parks, the New York labor leader, who was sent to Sing Sing prison some months ago, after his conviction on a charge of extortion, died in the prison today. He had consumption at the time of his conviction and had failed rapidly since he was sent to Sing Sing.

The prison physician visited Parks in the hospital at 9 o'clock last night. The patient was then barely conscious. Later he became unconscious and remained in that condition until his death. Only the hospital attendants and one or two prison officials were at his bedside when he expired.

Parks after his conviction was brought to prison on August 27 last. On securing a new trial he was released on bail on Sept. 5. After his second conviction he was brought back to the prison on November 6, to serve a term of two years and three months. He was at first put to work in the fibre brush shop but his condition soon became such that he was admited to the hospital and was under treatment there to the time of his death.

Sam Parks was prominent for years in labor circles, being a leader in Chicago before coming to New York, and the loyalty to him of his associates was remarkable. He was walking delegate, or business agent, of the local Housesmiths' and Bridgemen's union for several years and it was under his leadership that the big strike of iron workers in New York last year was inaugurated. That strike involved the National Iron Workers' organization and National President Buchanan finally announced himself as against Parks and the general strike throughout this country which the New York leader sought to have ordered. The contest was carried to the annual convention of the union where Parks won to the extent that he prevented the recognition of a rival local union, which had the approval of both President Buchanan and the New York contractors. During last summer charges of extortion were made against Parks and he was finally indicted, it being alleged that he had taken $500 from an employer on a promise to call off a strike. Other similar charges were made but both times he was tried on the same case.

After returning to New York from Sing Sing, the first verdict having been overturned by a higher court, Parks was one of the central figures in the labor day parade last September. When convicted the second time and sentenced to Sing Sing he announced that he had given up the fight for himself and for labor and wanted to die in peace.

Tim McCarthy, one of Parks' associates, was also convicted and sent to Sing Sing on the charge of extortion.

Since Parks' condition became more serious and death seemed only a question of a few days there was talk of making an attempt to secure his pardon but Governor Odell said yesterday that no application for a pardon had reached him.

THE COURT REFUSES TO SUSTAIN SULLY APPEAL.

New York, May 4.—Arguments on the appeals from Judge Holt's order, overruling the demurrer interposed in the interest of D. J. Sully & Co., with a view to quashing the involuntary bankruptcy proceedings brought against the cotton brokerage firm, were heard today by Judges Wallace, Lacombe and Coxe, sitting in the United States court of appeals for the second district.

Mr. Dospassios, in urging his petition for review of Judge Holt's decision, contended that the firm of Sully & Co., is not insolvent, but has simply suspended business.

At the conclusion of Mr. Despassios's argument the court refused to sustain the appeal. The defense was given five days in which to file an amended answer to the bankruptcy petition.

WOLF GETS POSITION.

Washington, May 4.—President Roosevelt today appointed Adolph Grant Wolf, of the District of Columbia, to succeed Judge Sulzebacher, as assistant justice of the supreme court of Porto Rico. Judge Sulzebacher recently was transferred to the United States circuit in Indian Territory.

BEDE IS IN BIG DEMAND

As a Speaker During the Coming National Campaign.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, May 4.—(Special to tThe Heald.)—Representative J. Adam Bede will undoubtedly be heard frequently on the hustings during the coming national as well as congressional campaign. He is much in demand since he made a hit in the house by his maiden speech.

Today Mr. Bede received a request for his services as a speaker from several members of the Republican national committee. They would like to secure his services for a six weeks' speechmaking tour during the coming autumn. Mr. Bede will undoubtedly accept, though his time will be pretty well occupied fulfilling engagements he has already to help out Republican friends in the house who desire his services as an orator.

UNITED STATES TAKES FORMAL POSSESSION OF PANAMA CANAL

Property Is Duly Transferred at Panama.

Attorney General Reports on Financial End.

Panama, May 4.—The United States canal commission today took formal possession of the canal route and of the property of the Panama Canal company. William W. Russell, the retiring United States minister to Panama (recently apointed United States minister to Colombia), Secretary Lee, of the United States legation, and Dr. Pierce, superintendent of sanitation work, were among those present.

From today the canal work will be under the direction of Maj. Mark Brooke, of the engineer corps of the United States army, who represented the canal commission at the ceremony of the transfer.

Immediately after the transfer, the United States flag was hoisted over the legation and over the canal offices in the Cathderal plaza.

Washington, May 4.—The president has received the following report from the attorney general on the Panama canal transfer:

"Department of Justice, May 4, 1904.

"The President: I have the honor to report that I have made an arrangement with the new Panama Canal company and Morgan & Co., whereby Morgan & Co. have been designated agents to make the transfer of the money due from the United States to the canal company.

"The $40,000,000 is to be deposited with Morgan & Co. at once, upon the delivery by the canal company to the United States of all the property included in the purchase, so that the deposit of $40,000,000 with Morgan & Co. by the United States, is acepted by the canal company as equivalent to a payment for the purpose of delivery of the property to the United States.

"Owing to the fact that a part of this money is due to the liquidators of the old company, under an arbitration authorized and subsequently confirmed by the French courts all parties entitled to the money agreed that if Morgan & Co. would bind themselves to make the distribution of the funds that delivery need not wait actual payment.

"Morgan & Co. will make the distribution as follows: They will place 20,000,000 francs in the Bank of France to the credit of Jean Pierre Gautron, the liquidator of the old Panama Canal company. This represents the value of the Panama railroad shares, title to which was not to pass to the new company until the completion of the canal, unless 20,000,000 francs were paid therefor to the liquidator of the old company; 5,000,000 francs will be paid into the Bank of France to the credit of the new Panama Canal company, which, under the award of the arbitrators, is due to the new company to reimburse it for the 5,000,000 francs paid in April, 1900, for the the extension of the concession. Of the remainder of the $40,000,000, 40 per cent thereof is to be pad into the Bank of France to the credit of the new company and 60 per cent to the credit of the liquidator of the old company, as provided by the decree of the French courts confirming the award of the arbitrators.

"As this arrangement was made for the accommodation of the French parties, all expenses incident thereto are borne by them, and the United States is protected from all costs whatever.

"Stated concisely, the arrangement is that the French interests accept our deposit with Morgan & Co., as equivalent to payment for all purposes of delivery of the property.

"The new Panama Canal company in liquidation has given a mandate or power of attorney to Renaudin, their representative upon the isthmus, with complete instructions concerning the delivery of property. This department has cabled similarly to Major Brooke, who was designated by the honorable secretary of war for that purpose, to act for the government in accepting delivery.

"The canal company has likewise, placed at the disposal of the United States, the personnel of its organization upon the isthmus for the purpose of temporary service in the preservation of the works and property pending the preparations by the canal commission to undertake active operations.

"I have notified the commission of the situation and nothing now remains to be done except to take possession of the property and direct the deposit of the consideration with Morgan & Co., in accordance with the terms of the contract.

"Yours respectfully,

"P. C. KNOX, Attorney-General.

WORLD'S FAIR EXPECTED TO BE COMPLETED VERY SHORTLY

St. Louis, May 4.—A large additional force of workmen was set to work today at the World's Fair grounds, now that the ceremonies of the opening have passed, and every effort will be made from this day on to rush the exposition to completion. The exhibitors have announced that their exhibits will have been fully installed by May 12, and the workmen are to bend their energies to the completion of the roads, putting the finishing touches on any of the buildings that require it, and place the entire exposition in a finished state. Then the exposition will be more properly open to the world and attenton will be directed to bringing in visitors from all parts of the country.

In addition to the increased force of workmen, a large number of painters began plying their brushes. Director of Works Taylor stated that he expects to have the exposition in gala attire by the middle of May.

There were no special features in today's program. The three bands began giving concerts early in the afternoon in different parts of the grounds and continued alternately all day.

In the Alaska exhibit are a number of totem poles. Workmen employed in the Alaskan building were yesterday instructed to erect these poles. They did so and today when the Alaskan natives inspected the work they were deeply chagrined to find that the American workmen, through mistake, had erected the poles upside down. The queer carvings had been wrongly interpreted by the workmen. They were immediately instructed to rectify the mistake.

The Indian school and reservation now provides plenty of interest to visitors, although the school does not formally open until June 1. The Indian band of forty pieces has arrived and tendered its first concert from the steps of the Indian school building today. Considerable interest is manifested in viewing the erection of Indian lodges and encampments. The Pawnees are at work on their mud lodges and the Wichitas are building their famed grass lodges. The oldest members of the tribes are directing the work.

Superintendent McGowan, of the Indian school, says that the school exhibit will afford an opportunity never before presented in this country for observation of the old Indian and the modern trained school Indian in sharp contrast. On one side of the central hall the old Indians weave blankets, do bead work and construct native baskets, while on the opposite side, Indian youths issue a daily paper and Indian girls perform domestic work.

It is estimated that 3000 newspaper men representing forty-one foreign countries and every state and territory in the United States, will attend the exposition during world's press week, from May 16 to 21. Many have already arrived to participate in the world's press parliament and an extensive program has been prepared. It is said that the assemblage will be the largest and most representative gathering of working newspapermen ever before brought together.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Omaha, May 4.—Frank Smith, a stock yard's employe, living in South Omaha, last night shot and killed his wife and 18-months-old son, and then fired a bullet through his own head. Domestic trouble is assigned as the cause for the deed.

THIBETANS THREATEN LINE OF BRITISH COMMUNICATION

London, May 4.—A report brought by a mounted infantry dispatch rider is to the effect, says a Times dispatch from Gyang-Tse-fort, Thibet, that the further side of the Karo pass on the direct road to L'Hasa is strongly held by the Thibetans, some of whom were drawn from the late garrison of Gyang-Tse fort. The British reconnoitering party, after crossing the summit of the pass and descending a short way, saw the road bared by a wall, and suddenly a heavy fire from Jingals and European rifles was opened, bullets striking the ground all round, but causing no casualties.

The number of Thibetans is estimated at 1500 and their position may threaten the British line of communication with Khangma.

No reply was made to the Thibetans except two or three shots to keep down the enemy's fire during the retirement.

This action on the port of the Thibetans finally disposes of the possibility of any useful purpose being served by the visit of the Amban from whom Col. Younghusband has received no further communication. It suggests, indeed, that the only object of the visit is to gain further time for the defense of L'Hasa road and probably for the arrival of expected help from the north.

Date of Sale Thursday, May 5, 8 a. m.

$1.00 Sateen Shirts 39c

75c White Shirts 39c

50c Neckwear 11c

$1.00 Neckwear 38c

15c Linen Collars 7c each 3 for 20c

25c Linen Cuffs 13c pr.

25c Boston Garters 16c

15c Black Hose 3c pair

25c Hose 9c pair

50c Hose 19c pair

35c Cashmere Hose 17c pair

$5.00 Shoes $3.12 a pair

$2.00 Shoes $1.19 a pair

NOTICE.

To Citizens of all Surrounding towns:

It will pay you to travel hundreds of miles to take advantage of the Great Bargains the Eagle Clothing House offers at their First Annual Clearance Sale in Clothing, Shoes and Furnishing Goods.

This is a good time to buy—just when you are in need of spring wearing apparel.

On account of the unusual late season we will sacrifice every dollar's worth of our immense stock of Clothing, Furnishing Goods and Shoes, at prices that will bring hundreds of eager buyers to our store.

Eagle Clothing and Shoe House,
321 West Superior Street.

On account of the unusual late season we will sacrifice every dollar's worth of our immense stock of Clothing, Furnishing Goods and Shoes at prices that will bring hundreds of eager buyers to our store.

Eagle Clothing and Shoe House,
321 West Superior Street.

NOTICE.

No goods will be laid aside during this sale, or credit given. This is a bona-fide sale and for Cash only, hence the great bargains.

Date of Sale Thursday, May 5, 8 a. m.

$4.00 Shoes $2.64 a pair

$3.50 Shoes $2.37 a pair

$3.00 Shoes $1.43 a pair

$2.50 Boys' Shoes $1.13 a pair

50c Underwear 19c a garment

$1.50 Garments 79c each

20c Ties 9c each

35c Ties 19c each

$2.50 Pants $1.39 a pair

$3.50 Pants $1.79 a pair

$4.50 Pants $2.39 a pair

$7.00 Pants $4.12 a pair

$2.00 Hats $1.14 each

$3.00 Hats $1.69 each

$4.00 Hats $2.39 each

$1.00 Hats 42c each

The Eagle Clothing and Shoe House

DON'T FAIL TO ATTEND THIS GREAT CLEARANCE SALE.

FIRST ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE

THE GREATEST SALE OF CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS AND SHOES IN DULUTH'S HISTORY. DON'T MISS IT.

Thursday, May 5, we Place on Sale a $50,000 Stock

Of High-grade Men's and Young Men's Clothing, Furnishing Goods and Shoes, all new, fresh stock, this year's styles, to be unmercifully slaughtered at prices that will surprise the most skeptical buyers. Our stock of clothing consists mostly of the Famous CHAS. KAUFMAN AND BROS.' Hand Tailored, Union Made Garments, exclusive novelties and all staple blues and blacks. HALF PRICE AND LESS! READ, NOTICE, THINK AND ACT PROMPTLY.

CLOTHING BARGAINS.

TABLE NO. 1—Suits worth up to $20.00, for $5.37—550 Suits, sizes from 34 to 37, not one suit in the lot that sold for less than $10.00 and up to $20.00—our clearance sale price—per suit..... **$5.37**

(Limit two suits to a customer. A great opportunity for both young and small-size men to buy a couple of suits.)

TABLE NO. 2—300 Suits of Kaufman's high-grade makes, all sizes, regular $15 and $18 and $20 values, every one this spring and summer's style—choice— **$11.25**

(Limit, 2 suits to each customer.)

TABLE NO. 3—No. 3 table consists of the highest grade and best ready-to-wear clothing in the world, the well-known Chas. Kaufman & Bros. hand-tailored suits—not a suit in this lot that retailed less than $18.00 and most of them are our regular $22.00 and $25.00 suits—Clearance sale price—(limit, two suits to a customer)—each..... **$14.35**

TABLE NO. 4—258 Suits, the cream of the celebrated Charles Kaufman & Bros.' make—strictly hand-made throughout—regular price $30—(one suit to a buyer) at.. **$15.65**

TABLE NO. 5—Spring Top Coats—320 of the new up-to-date spring top coats, light and dark effects—also fancy cashmere mixtures—regular $12.00 and $15.00 values—(limit one to each customer)—choice..... **$7.25**

TABLE NO. 6—Contains Charles Kaufman's Swell Top Coats, this season's novelties, regular $18.00, $20.00 and $22.00 values—Clearance Sale price—(Limit, one to each customer)—each..... **$13.75**

HANDKERCHIEFS AT LESS THAN COST.

10c HANDKERCHIEFS—while they last—(limit, 5 to each customer)—each..... **3c**

20c AND 15c HANDKERCHIEFS—white and fancy borders, your choice—(limit, 3 to each customer)—each..... **9c**

PURE LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS—regular 35c and 25c values—(limit 2 to every purchaser)—each..... **17c**

CRAVENET'ES

Charles Kaufman's hand-tailored $18 Cravenettes—Clearance Sale price— **$12.65**

Kaufman's finest and best-made Cravenette, the regular price $22.50, you may have one during our limited Clearance Sale for— **$13.95**

FANCY VESTS.

$1.50 grade, all sizes—for..... **98c**

$2.50 grade, swell patterns—these Vests are as good as the $3.00 kind you buy somewhere else—our sale price..... **$1.37**

Our $4.00 Vest goes during our Clearance sale at..... **$2.79**

Furnishing Goods Bargains.

Now is your chance to buy furnishing goods at prices unequaled by any house west of Chicago.

$1.00 SHIRTS FOR 37c—Negligee and Stiff-bosom Shirts—all new up-to-date patterns—regular $1 and 75c values (limit 2 to each customer), each. **37c**

MONARCH AND CLUET SHIRTS ON SALE—$1.00 and $1.50 Monarch Shirts—your choice—(limit 2 to each customer)—each..... **79c**

$2.00 and $2.50 Cluet Shirts, while they last (limit 1 to each customer), each..... **$1.39**

55 dozen Black Sateen and Fancy Negligee Shirts—regular $1.00 and 75c values—clearance sale price (limit 3 to each customer)—each..... **39c**

18 dozen White Shirts—regular 75c values—Clearance sale price each..... **39c**

50c NECKWEAR FOR 11c—100 dozen Neckties, four-in-hands, tecks and bows, regular 50c, 35c and 25c values—your choice (limit 6 to each customer)—each..... **11c**

$1.00 NECKWEAR FOR 38c—Our entire stock of Ascots, Four-in-hands and Tecks—regular $1.00 and 75c values—Clearance Sale price—(limit 3 to each customer)—each..... **38c**

MEN'S AND BOYS' SHOE BARGAINS.

Buy your Shoes now—an opportunity like this rarely presents itself.

The famous Packard Shoes at wonderful reductions. 270 pairs of Packard's $5.00 Shoes—your choice—(limit 2 pairs to each customer)—per pair.. **$3.12**

$4 grade of Packard Shoes Clearance Sale price—(limit 2 pairs to each customer), per pair— **$2.64**

The entire stock of Packard's $3.50 Shoes, in all leathers, in style and make—(limit two pairs to each customer)—per pair..... **$2.37**

300 pairs of shoes in broken lots—$3.00, $2.50 and $2.00 values—your choice—(limit 3 pairs to each customer)—per pair..... **$1.43**

Our entire stock of $2.00 and $1.75 Men's Shoes—your choice while they last—(limit 3 pairs to each customer)—per pair..... **$1.19**

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' SHOES—350 pairs of boys' and youths' fine Shoes—regular $2.50, $2.00 and $1.50 values—your choice—(limit 3 pairs to each customer)—per pair..... **$1.13**

HOSIERY—75 dozen Black Cotton Hose—15c value—Clearance Sale price—(limit 5 pairs to each customer)—per pair..... **3c**

60 dozen extra fine Black Hose, 20c and 25c values—sale price—(limit 5 pairs to each customer)—pair. **9c**

FANCY HOSE—50c and 35c values—Clearance Sale price—(limit 2 pairs to customer)—per pair. **19c**

CASHMERE HOSE—35c and 25c values—(limit 2 pairs to each customer)—per pair..... **17c**

LINEN COLLARS—the 15c grade—(limit 3 to each customer)—**three for 20c—each**..... **7c**

LINEN CUFFS—25c values—(limit 2 pairs to a customer)—per pair..... **13c**

BOSTON GARTERS—always 25c—Clearance sale price—(limit 2 pair to customer)—a pair... **16c**

UNDERWEAR BARGAINS.

50c GARMENTS FOR 19c—50 dozen Shirts and Drawers, medium weight, regular 50c value—your choice—(limit 4 garments to customer)—each... **19c**

26 dozen fine ribbed Men's Underwear, regular 75c values—your choice—(limit two garments to each customer)—each..... **33c**

65 dozen extra fine silk-finish Balbriggan Underwear—regular $1.00 values—while they last—(limit two garments to each customer)—each..... **39c**

36 dozen extra fine Summer Underwear, considered cheap at $1.50 per garment—your choice—(limit two garments to each customer)—each..... **79c**

PANTS BARGAINS.

$2.50 FINE PANTS FOR $1.39—A limited number of fine Woolen Pants—regular $2.50 values—your choice while they last, per pair..... **$1.39**

A large assortment of $3 and $3.50 Pants—Clearance Sale price, per pair..... **$1.79**

Be on hand early. They will not last long at that price.

$4.50 AND $4.00 PANTS FOR $2.39—A splendid assortment of Men's Fine Trousers, regular $4.50 and $4 values, your choice during our Clearance sale—(limit two pairs to customer)—a pair... **$2.39**

$6.00, $5.50 AND $5.00 PANTS, $3.69—Our entire stock of high-grade Trousers—$6, $5.50 and $5 values—Clearance Sale price—(limit two pairs to each customer)—per pair..... **$3.69**

SPECIAL—89 pairs of our regular $7 Trousers—while they last, your choice—(limit one pair to each customer)—per pair..... **$4.12**

HAT DEPARTMENT.

The greatest Hat bargains ever offered to the people of the Northwest.

$2.00 UNION-MADE HATS—in all colors and shapes—(limit 2 to customer)—each..... **$1.14**

OUR ENTIRE LINE OF $3 AND $2.50 HATS—(Gordon and Blake Hats excepted)—all new, up-to-date shapes—Clearance Sale price—(limit one to each customer)—each..... **$1.69**

OUR $4 AND $3.50 STIFF AND SOFT HATS—while they last—(limit one to each customer)—each..... **$2.39**

15 dozen Black, Brown and Gray Hats—$1.00 values—your choice while they last, each..... **42c**

This is a limited sale and for a limited time only, so be on hand early and take advantage of the greatest sale ever held in the city of Duluth. Unheard of bargains in every department. Space will not permit us to enumerate them all. Come, see for yourself, and be convinced. DON'T FORGET THE DATE, THURSDAY, MAY 5, AT 8 A. M.

The Eagle Clothing and Shoe House

321 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

Just purchased—25 dozen Boys' Knee Pants, that always retailed for 75c, $1.00 and $1.25 a pair—choice during our Clearance Sale—

35c a Pair

LIMIT ONE PAIR TO A CUSTOMER

Also 50 dozen Boys' Hose, regular 25c and 35c values; while they last only ..... **11c Pair**

Eagle Clothing and Shoe House

321 West Superior Street.

CITY BRIEFS.

Plant sweet peas. Buy seed of Seekins.

L. D. Campbell & Co., will break ground tomorrow morning on the beginning of their contract for the erection of the new Ribenack Bros.' hotel at the corner of Sixth avenue west and Superior street. The small buildings on the corner are being rapidly removed.

The first outing of the series to be given this summer by the boys' department of the Y. M. C. A. will take place Saturday when the boys will be given a tally-ho ride to Lakewood. At 2:30 p. m. two large drags will leave the building on Sixth avenue east and will take the London road drive to the pumping station returning to the city about 6 o'clock.

The main building at the Superior shipyards was damaged by fire in the amount of about $80, yesterday afternoon. Defective electric light wiring is said to have been responsible for the blaze. The building is a frame structure and the flames at one time threatened destruction to the entire plant.

2000 of those rosebushes which create such a furor every spring will be placed on sale at the Glass Block tomorrow at 10c a bush or three for 25c.—

Rosebushes, 10c tomorrow, at the Glass Block store.

American Beauty rosebushes only 10c, at the Glass Block store tomorrow.

Dr. Phelan has removed his offices to rooms 204-6-8 New Jersey building.

Rev. J. O. Hall, of Hillsboro, N. D., will conduct services every evening this week at the First Norwegian-Danish M. E. church, corner of Twenty-first avenue west and First street. Mr. Hall is known as an eloquent speaker.

Joseph A. Eckstein, of New Ulm, past grand master workman of the A. O. U. W. grand lodge of Minnesota, addressed the members of the order and their friends last night at the reception held at the Armory. It was the fourteenth anniversary of Fidelity lodge, No. 165.

Petitions and schedules in bankruptcy were filed today with Thomas H. Pressnell, clerk of federal courts, by George E. Pratt, clerk, and Henry L. Caldwell, coffee merchant, both of Duluth. Mr. Pratt's assets are placed at $372, while his liabilities are $947.13. Mr. Caldwell's liabilities are placed at $12,451.40, and assets at $160.

Inspection certificates were yesterday issued to the steamers Edna G., Bon Ami, Tempest and Gladiator.

The customs office today received what is known as a pulpwood scale, for the weighing of pulp so that the rate of duty may be exactly ascertained. The scale is so delicate that a pencil mark on a bit of paper will tip it.

Superfluous hair, warts and moles removed. Margaret Kelly, 131 W. Sup. St.

When the grand jury for the May term of district court was polled, this morning, one juror, Jergen P. Jensen was excused from jury duty, without pay, for the reason that he was not qualified to sit. Mr. Jensen came to this country when he was 13 years old. He has resided in America for twelve years, but has never taken out citizenship papers.

The tax and assessment committee of the board of county commissioners is in session today. The regular meeting of the board will take place tomorrow afternoon.

Capt. Ray T. Lewis has filed with the county auditor an affidavit of intention to run for the Republican nomination of members of the state legislature in the Fiftieth district, to succeed himself. Up to the present time there have been only eight affidavits filed by prospective candidates at the coming primaries.

The final account of Mary Ann Canning, administratrix of the estate of Charles Canning, deceased, was filed this morning, in probate court. The account shows the total including the personal property and sales of lands to have been $40,834.5. The total paid out for farm labor and on claims is given as $29,017, the balance remaining of the estate being represented by a farm and farming implements in Norman county worth $6,350 and dry goods and groceries worth $4232.38.

Abram Smallhill, of Proctorknott, was brought to Duluth this morning, in charge of a deputy sheriff, to be examined this afternoon for insanity. An information against him was filed by J. P. Murray.

Sivert Loostern and Lena M. Abrahamson, were united in marriage, yesterday afternoon, by Probate Judge Middlecoff.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.

—STEAMER—

BON AMI

Will leave Two Harbors for Grand Marais and intermediate points, Thursday, May 5, at 10 o'clock a. m., weather and ice permitting.

PERSONAL.

President House, General Freight and Passenger Agent Viele and Chief Engineer Angst, of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad, made an inspection tour of the road yesterday.

Norman Kline, assistant general superintendent of the Northern Pacific, and W. G. Johnson, auditor of disbursements of the same company, are in the city today from St. Paul.

H. B. Smith, traveling passenger agent of the Erie, from St. Paul, came up today, his first visit since his marriage in April. He was subjected to numerous congratulations.

Mrs. M. W. Nichols leaves today for Boston.

Gilbert M. Weeks, of the Union Match company, goes this evening to Chicago.

T. P. W. Russell will leave tonight for Chicago.

T. C. Burgess, Northwestern agent of the Grand Trunk, was here from Minneapolis today.

Mrs. J. Hudson starts tonight for Marquette.

McAuley's Specials

High-Grade Meats at ROCK-BOTTOM PRICES.

Armour's Gold Band Hams..14c
Armour's Gold Band Bacon..16c
Armour's Helmet skinned Ham 13c
Armour's Plymouth Bacon..14c
(Very fancy.)
No. 1 Steer Boiling Beef.....4c
No. 1 Shoulder Steak.....10c
Pot Roast .....6c, 8c and 10c
Round Steak 12½c
Fresh Pork Shoulders.....8c
Pork Loins 10c
Spare Ribs—3 lbs. for.....25c

T. W. McAuley & Co.

14 WEST FIRST ST.

THE BEST LIGHT COSTS NO MORE THAN THE OTHER KIND. . . . . .

Electric light is cleaner, safer, better. Do you use it?

Duluth General Electric Co.

216 West Superior St.

DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. } ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the **IDEAL BEER HALL.**

OFFICERS OF CONVENTION

Sub-Committee of National Republican Committee Selects.

Washington, May 4.—The sub-committee today decided to recommend to the Republican national committee for temporary chairman of the national convention, Elihu Root of New York. Charles W. Johnson, of Minnesota, was recommended as general secretary.

The committee also agreed to recommend the following officers:

Assistant secretaries—Chief assistant, John R. Malloy, Ohio; James G. Cannon, New York; Lucien Grey, Illinois; Willot M. Spooner, Wisconsin; Rome C. Stevenson, Indiana; John H. King, South Dakota; Walter S. Melick, California.

Reading clerks—W. D. Harrison, Nebraska; Dennis E. Alward, Michigan; E. L. Lampson, Ohio; T. W. H. Duckwall, West Virginia; James H. Stone, Michigan.

Clerk at president's desk—Asher C. Hinds, Maine.

Official reporter—Milton W. Blumenberg, Illinois.

Tally clerks—Fred B. Whitney, Illinois; George R. Buckiin, Nebraska.

Messenger to chairman—Gurley Brewer, Indiana.

Sergeant-at-arms—William F. Stone, Maryland.

First assistant sergeant-at-arms—David C. Owen, Wisconsin.

Chief of doorkeepers—Charles S. Montell, Maryland.

2000 rose bushes

on sale Thursday. The same high-class stock we have sold every spring. Will bloom this year. Good strong, hardy bushes, assorted colors—come quick.....

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT **10c 3 for 25c.**

BREAKING OF POOL

Much Concern Over Dissolution of Bessemer Ore Association.

Steel Corporation Believed to Have Been Responsible For It.

Just what the disturbing element was which induced the Bessemer Ore association to dissolve yesterday at Cleveland no one who is in a position to know seems willing to tell, but coming so soon after the New York meeting last month, when it was supposed that the price of ore was fixed at $3.50 for the season, it not only justifies the plentiful rumors which were heard earlier in the spring, but indicates that while strong efforts were made to keep the association intact and prevent the possibility of variance of prices, somebody was too fractious to stay in the traces.

This somebody is said to be the United States Steel corporation. As the corporation produces all the ore it needs, as a rule, and sometimes more, as is the case just now, it has been the subject of speculation by some people as to why it ever stayed in the pool. This is said to have been a matter of policy; in fact, the corporation is said to have fathered the pool and kept it going for its own protection and benefit, and solely in order to keep the smaller producers from continually trying to harpoon it.

But this year things have been looking more gloomy for the independents, who form the balance of the ore men, and are slightly in the minority as regards production, the Steel corporation mines representing a slightly larger output than the mines of the other members of the pool.

In consequence of the expected poor ore season the smaller producers are said to have decided to restrict production all along the line, or let each member produce its proportion, which would enable the entire body to keep a little stiffness in the market and thus support the price. This the corporation, it is said, was unwilling to do, as a season of unexpected prosperity in the use of ore might cause it to use up all the ore it has on hand and let it face the probability of going into the open market for ore. While such a prospect would seem remote, considering the fact that the ore market has been dull, it is said nevertheless to have been within sight ultimately.

It is said that when the meeting was held last month that the ore corporation interests desired a higher market price for ore to be set than the $3.50 agreed upon, but did not want to restrict the output. The price, so far as the corporation is concerned, would be merely a figurehead, producing its own ore, but if the price of ore was kept up the price of steel probably would also.

Word came down from Ely today that the Zenith and Sibley mines would close there tomorrow night on account of full stockpiles, which cannot be lowered until navigation opens. This added to the gloomy feeling at Ely than ever, as there has been considerable regret over the hasty action in attempting to evict Capt. Treona.

One feature of the filling of stockpiles is that at this time of the year this method of mining is unusually costly to the corporation. Usually navigation is open at this time, which means that part of the loading can take place at the same time the stock is dug out, and thus economize the cost of production. But this year the failure of navigation to open as early as usual is making the work more expensive to the corporation in this respect.

Miss Horrigan's Drug Store

For a vibratory facial massage that beautifies the complexion, removes wrinkles.

Dr. Reinhart, Dentist,

wishes to announce that he is now located in rooms 2, 3 and 8, Banning Blk., Second avenue west and Superior St.

ELIHU ROOT IS FAVORED

Most For the Office of Republican National Chairman.

Washington, May 4.—Speculation as to who will have the responsibility of managing Roosevelt's campaign has again come around to the name of former Secretary of War Elihu Root. Among all the possibilities mentioned for national chairman there is none who fills the bill so satisfactorily to the president as Mr. Root. It is well understood that the former secretary does not care to undertake the labor of a national campaign, but it is not certain that he will not be induced to do so. He has already performed some valuable political services for Roosevelt since his exit from the cabinet, helping to evolve a certain brand of harmony in New York Republican politics, and it is known that he has agreed to attend the national convention and make one of the keynote speeches there. The president feels that Mr. Root will consent to superintend the general lines of the campaign in case no one else is found who is entirely satisfactory. In such event a vice chairman would undoubtedly be appointed who would have charge of the Chicago headquarters, while Mr. Root looked after the campaign in New York and the East.

In its general investigation of the beef trust, the department of commerce and labor has been paying more particular attention to the quoted prices of cattle and meat, with the curious result that recently the price of cattle has gone up and the price of meat has declined. It is found that Texas steers are quoted in the Chicago market at $4.30 per hundred-weight for the fourth week of March, 1903, and at $5 for the fourth week of March, 1904, and native steers are quoted at $5.50 in the fourth week of arch, 1903, and $5.75 for the corresponding week this year. Yet family beef, which was quoted at $15 per barrel in the fourth week of March, 1904, Mess pork, which was quoted at $19 per barrel in the fourth week of March, 1903, is given at $15.50 in 1904. Lard, which was quoted at 10½ cents a pound in March, 1903, is quoted at 7.2 cents in March, 1904. Oleostearin (from which artificial butter is made) also shows a fall from 10 cents a pound a year ago to 7 cents now. Similar declines are noted in tallow and refined sugar, and statisticians are searching for a reason.

A money-saving proposition. Buy your clothing right in the heart of the season at enormous reductions, at the Eagle Clothing and Shoe House, 321 West Superior street.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.

DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

AT ST. PAUL ON JUNE 30

Republican State Central Committee Vote to Hold Convention.

St. Paul, May 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Republican state central committee met here this afternoon and decided to hold the Republican convention for the nomination of candidates for state officers in St. Paul Thursday, June 30.

SOUTH DAKOTA REPUBLICANS

Meet at Sioux Falls to Elect National Delegates.

St. Paul, May 4.—A special to the Dispatch from Sioux Falls, S. D., says: The Republican state convention was caled to order at 12:10 p. m. today by Frank Crane, chairman of the state central committee. Charles J. Buell was elected temporary chairman and his speech eulogizing President Roosevelt and the Republican administration of both the nation and the state, was enthusiastically applauded.

The Crawford supporters did not put an opposition candidate in the field.

After the selection of the other officers of the convention and the appointment of the committees, the convention adjourned until 3 p. m.

Miss Horrigan's Drug Store

Expert manicuring. Artistic hair-dressing.

JAPANESE JUBILANT

Thousands of People March Through Streets of Tokio.

Tokio, May 4, 9 p. m.—The reports which have been received here of the successful blockading of the entrance to Port Arthur harbor by the Japanese, coming on the heels of the news of the victory on the Yalu, stirred Tokio to another popular demonstration and tonight thousands of men carrying lanterns swinging high from bamboo poles paraded through the city. Half a dozen bands of music led the various processions. The offices of the war and navy departments and of the general staff were the scenes of the greatest enthusiasm. Two of the imperial princes visited the navy department, and the assembled crowd welcomed them with cheers. Then the throng demanded Admiral Ito, chief of the general staff and the hero of the fight on the Yalo during the China-Japanese war. He appeared in response to the calls of the people and saluted them.

It had been expected that tidings of the Port Arthur engagement would come from Vice Admiral Toga some time during the day, but none were received. The report which has reached here from Europe that Gen. Kuropatkin, the commander-in-chief of the Russian troops in the far East, is personally leading 20,000 men from Liao Yang to Feng Wang Cheng, is welcomed as good news on the theory that the more aggressive the Russians' campaign becomes the more speedy will be the Japanese final victory.

Port Arthur, May 4.—There have been no developments since the attack on Port Arthur of May 3.

During the bombardment the big guns of the Russian ships and batteries fired 2,500 shots, while the machine guns of the gunboat Gilliak fired 3,000 shots.

The Novi Kral says it learns that the Russophobe Chinese, headed by Viceroy Yuan Shi Kai and General Ma, are carrying on an active anti-Russian campaign and that traveling orators are spreading false reports of the strength of the Japanese and the magnitude of their victories and are telling malignant stories of Russian designs throughout the Chinese towns and villages, with the object of inciting the masses against Russia.

MOVED

The White Sewing Machine Company has moved from 129 West Superior Street to our new store — 106 West Superior Street. Next to 10c Store.

OFFICIALS SUSTAINED

Land Office Ruling In Peculiar Swamp Land Case.

Local land office officials today received notice from the general office at Washington that their decision in the swamp land contest case of Ole Hanson against the state, favoring the contestant, had been affirmed. The case contained several unusual and rather peculiar features.

The land involved was lot 4, section 3, township 65-17. Hanson filed a homestead application on the land, Aug. 6, 1902, alleging settlement on Feb. 1, 1901. He filed a contest affidavit on one of the printed forms, duly corroborated, attacking the state's claim to lot 4, section 4, 65-17, evidently intending, as affidavits since filed clearly show, lot 4, section 3.

No single nation, people or tribe on the face of the earth, possesses the per capita wealth, or will in another year, that the Winnebagoes possess. And no empire, affluent in material things and saturated with vice has gone into more rapid and more certain decadence than these wards of the government and the primeval giants of this country.

Within the year the final settlement must be made between government and tribe under the existing treaty. Then every man, woman and child of the remaining 1150 representatives of that once proud race, will be worth in money and lands, approximately $100,000.

This means, unless there is a restraining hand, which Mother Drexel hopes to provide, that with in an incredibly short time, these careless reds will be divested of their entire possessions and again sent adrift, a ruined and dismembered people.

Just at present they are engaged in the mad pursuit of liquor and indulgence of their animal desires. A payment of $40,000 was last week made to them. It was the interest on the $800,000 trust fund which the government holds and which must be turned over to the reds in the final settlement next year. Money to the Winnebago means just so much negotiable substance which can be exchanged for a good time. They have it, in their own way. Grafters and bootleggers are on hand, despite official precautions, to rob them by trickery or to render them nonresistent by administering—an easy task—liberal potations of firewater.

Besides this enormous trust fund almost within the grasp of the Winnebagoes, there are the 11,000 acres of land which they own by allotment and by inheritance. This land is worth from $15 to $35 per acre, which makes the wealth of these dissolute Indians unprecedented in the history of the American red man.

In setting about to redeem this perishing remnant, Mother Drexel first encountered an agreement made in President Grant's administration, that none but the Presbyterians should have religious privileges on the Winnebago and the Omaha reservations in Nebraska. The religious organizations made this pact, and it cannot be violated except by the consent of the Indian council. This tribal body had, through the efforts of Father Schell, given this consent. He met with difficulties, for the elderly aborigines feared a too active religious campaign would result in a prohibition of their medicine and ghost dances, which they still cling to with savage persistency. Acting on the principle that the old bucks are past redemption; that it is only the youth of the tribe possible of embracing salvation and education's progress, the priest agreed that no such idea had been thought of.

Though the plans for the school and church have not been definitely settled, they are known to embrace the idea of large land holdings, the teaching of crafts and agriculture, the uplifting of the mind and the leading away of these people from the path of ruin they are now treading so recklessly. The school will be entirely in the charge of the Order of the Blessed Sacrament, which was founded by Mother Drexel. The church would be supplied and controlled by the Nebraska Catholic diocese.

Both the intellectual possibilities of the race and the obstacles the proposed school will have are nicely illustrated in the case of Julia De Cora, a full-blooded Winnebago maiden. She has just been in Sioux City taking the civil service examination for matron at some Indian reservation. Her educational advantages have been unusual; five years at the government school at Winnebago, a year at a white mission school at New Castle, Neb., a brief time at the Government school at Genoa, Neb., a few terms in the public school at Dakota City, and a full course in a school at Hampton, Va., gave her education and ambition. She might have taught at Hampton, but love for her mother drew her back to the reservation. There her father had been replaceed by Peter Samson, a dissolute wretch of a red. He and his friends terrorized the gentle Julia, scoffing at her learning and compelling a return to abhorrent customs. Finally fightened nearly to death by a carousal of her stepfather and his intimates and apprehending the dread ghost dance was to follow, she managed to escape, and ran five miles over snow and ice to a friendly shelter She says she can teach other Indians, but not those of her own tribe.

TO REFORM INDIANS

"Mother" Drexel Will Attempt to Save the Winnebagoes.

Indolence, Debauchery and Love of Whisky Ruining Them.

Sioux City, Iowa, May 4.—In the desperate hope of rescuing the remnant of the tribe of Winnebago Indians, whose wealth, reckless indulgence in vice, disregard of the marriage vow and immeasurable indolence will soon render the tribe extinct, Mother Drexel, that saintly Philadelphia nun of millions of money is to endow a Catholic school and church at the Winnebago Indian agency for $500,000.

Father Schell, a French priest of Homer, Neb., has just succeeded in securing the necessary consent of the Indian council, to the establishment of this institution of civilization. Mother Drexel, whose life and wealth are devoted to Christianizing the negroes and the American Indians, has been told of the lamentable condition of the Winnebagoes. One expert in Indian affairs declares after investigation that twenty-five more years of debauchery and unrestrained indulgencies will serve to reduce the Winnebago tribe to a mere handful of savages.

Same Old Place,

1128 West Michigan St.

Open for business. First class meat at the lowest prices. Give us a call.

John Langlois.

Grand Removal Sale

As soon as the contractors have finished the entire remodeling of the building, which will be about May 15, we will move to our new location at 9 East Superior street. Previous to our moving and to celebrate the event we have decided to offer our entire stock at

ACTUAL WHOLESALE COST

Including FINE PICTURES, WALL PAPERS and DECORATIONS, BRIC-A-BRAC, MADE-UP PICTURE FRAMES, MIRRORS, ETC.

The Sale begins tomorrow morning. Early buyers obtain the benefit of full assortments.

Engels' Art Store,

17 and 19 3rd Ave. W.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

M. P. Schmitt, of Superior, and Leonie Daoust.
W. J. Harvey and Katie Harvon.
Jack Burns and Leah Blair.
Sivert Loostren and Lena M. Abrahamson.

BIRTHS.

STOLTZE—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Emil Stoltze, of 2118 West Fourth street, May 2.

MITCHELL—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. O. T. Mitchell, of 801 West Fourth street, May 1.

BUILDING PERMITS.

Merrill, Phelps & Smith, alterations to building between Second and Third avenues west on Superior street, to cost .....$ 6,800
A. L. Knehnow, frame dwelling on First street between Tenth and Eleventh avenues east, to cost.... 5,000

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AND DINING room girl. Good wages. 125 West 2nd.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM HOUSE with water and sewer. Call at 121 East Fourth street.

HOUSES FOR RENT—PARK POINT cottages for rent and for sale. 512 Burrows building.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL WHO CAN stay at home nights. Apply No. 311 Second Avenue west.

$1100 TAKES 4,000,000 FEET OF PINE; $5,920 takes 16,000,000 feet of redwood. Have some large tracts of redwood and pine for sale.512 Burrows building.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P. M.	A. M.	STATIONS	A. M.	P. M.
3:50	7:40	Lv..Duluth..Ar	10:30	3:40
4:05	7:55	Lv.57th Av. W.Lv	10:15	3:25
4:20	8:15	Lv..Proctor..Lv	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Ar. Ir'n J'nct'n Lv	8:01	1:13
....	10:40	Ar. M't'n. Iron. Lv	....	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar.. Virginia ..Lv	6:55	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar.. Eveleth ..Lv	7:42	12:57
....	10:56	Ar.. Sparta..Lv	....	12:34
....	11:20	Ar.. Biwabik..Lv	....	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar..Hibbing..Lv	7:15	12:27

Daily except Sunday.

Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry. for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

Duluth & Iron Range RR

A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS	M.	P. M
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	6:30
11:53	7:35	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	7:55	2:30
11:55	7:40	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	7:53	2:35
12:20	8:10	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:15	1:55
P. M.	P. M.	Daily, except Sundays.	P. M.	P. M

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave		Arrive
† 6:20 a.m	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	† 9:25 p.m
* 3:45 p.m		† 2:00 p.m
† 11:15 p.m		* 6:10 a.m
* 8:45 a.m	Crookston, Grand Forks,	† 6:30 p.m
* 8:15 p.m	Montana and Coast,	* 7:10 a.m
† 2:20 p.m	Swan River, Hibbing, Virginia	† 12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m	St. Cloud, Wilmar and Sioux City	† 9:25 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday

Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 396 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44. All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m. Lv.	North Country Mail	Ar. *8:55 a.m
	All Points East	
†7:45 a.m. Lv.	LOCAL	Ar. 10:00 p.m
	Marquette and Copper Country.	

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m	Ashland and East	*11:15 a.m
* 8:00 a.m	Ashland and East	† 6:55 p.m
* 7:30 p.m	Minn. and Dakota Express	* 7:55 a.m
* 8:40 a.m	North Coast Limited	* 4:55 p.m
Leave	'Duluth Short Line."	Arrive
† 9:00 a.m	ST. PAUL	* 6:30 a.m
* 1:55 p.m		† 2:10 p.m
*11:10 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	* 7:00 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday. Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m	St. Paul, Minneapolis	*3:20 p.m
*4:00 p.m	Twilight Limited	*9:45 p.m
*5:30 p.m	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:45 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Appleton	*10:45 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:45 a.m
*5:30 p.m	FAST MAIL	*10:45 a.m

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.

DAILY FAST TRAINS,

Elegantly equipped and with Dining, Buffet-Library, Sleeping and Reclining Chair Cars, from its northern and southern terminals connecting at its numerous gateways with trains from the

EAST, SOUTH AND NORTH.

Particulars of agents of the Illinois Central and connecting lines.

A. H. HANSON, Gen'l Pass. Agent, CHICAGO.

$8 $8

No extra charge for PAINLESS EXTRACTING.

Gold crowns (22k) $7.00
Gold Fillings up from..... $1.50
Porcelain Crowns, $5.00
Alloy Fillings, up from..... 75c

We have the largest dental practice in Duluth because we give you the best and guarantee our work.

JOHNSON & KAAKE, Dentists, Zenith 'phone 168. Bell 'phone 1389-M.

Mesaba Block—409 West Superior Street.

VERY COLD MONTH

April Keeps Up Record Made By Winter Months.

But Two Aprils Since 1871 That Were Colder.

There have been but two Aprils since 1871 that have shown a lower average temperature than last month. Thus the record of the preceding four months, December, January, February and March, as averaging lower in temperature than any like period since the establishment here of a United States weather bureau, may yet turned into a record half year, or even year.

The mean temperature for the month just closed, as shown by weather bureau records, was 34 degrees, or 4.3 degrees less than the average for thirty-four years. In 1874 the mean temperature for April was 33, and in 1893 it was 33. All other corresponding months during the past thirty-four years show a higher average.

Another remarkable feature about the 1904 April was its very low precipitation. The total for the month was only .50 inches, a record which has been lowered only three times in the past thirty-four years. The lowest total precipitation was .20 in 1873. The average of this month for thirty-four years is 2.13, leaving a deficiency for the present year of 1.63 inches.

The highest temperature for the month was 60, on April 30, and the lowest was 15, on April 20. The greatest daily range was 27, on the 17th, and the least daily range 6, on the 5th. There were twelve clear days, eleven partly cloudy and seven cloudy. The prevailing wind was from the northeast, reaching a maximum velocity from this direction of sixty miles an hour, on April 2.

The greatest shoe sale ever heard of now going on at the Eagle Clothing and Shoe House, 321 West Superior street.

TOWN AWAKENED

To Search For Missing Four-Year-Old Boy.

Long Prairie, Minn., May 4.—The ringing of the fire bell late Sunday night called out almost the entire population. There was no fire, but it was announced that a 4-year-old son of William Vandeford was lost in the woods east of town. Nearly 200 men and boys with lanterns at once commenced a systematic search.

About midnight the little fellow was found in a bog, half a mile from home, wet and fast chilling to death.

His little dog had not forsaken him, but was nestled close up against his sobbing little master, giving him all the protection and warmth possible.

The boy will suffer no permanent injury from his ten hours' of exposure.

Quick Arrest.

J. A. Gulledge, of Verbena, Ala., was twice in the hospital from a severe case of piles causing tumors. After doctors and all remedies failed, Bucklen's Arnica Salve quickly arrested further inflammation and cured him. It conquers aches and kills pain. 25c, at all druggists.

PUPIL'S EAR TORN

By a Teacher In a Minneapolis School.

Minneapolis, May 4.—Residents of Nicollet Island have asked Superintendent C. M. Jordan to investigate the alleged cruelty to Thomas Libby, 101 Main street northeast, said to have had his right ear badly torn by a substitute teacher at the Nicollet school.

The persons who reported the matter to Dr. Jordan say that because the boy disobeyed a command of the teacher, she grabbed him by the ear, giving it such a jerk that it was partially torn from his head. One of these declares he was an eye-witness.

Mrs. Libby said that although the boy's ear was injured, it did not require the attention of a physician. She has, however, secured a permit to transfer the boy to another school. She said the teacher came to her home and apologized, saying that she thought she had hold of his coat. Mrs. Libby does not feel disposed to make trouble, now that her son has been transferred.

Miss Alice Hamblin, principal of the school, says that Libby's playmates told her that his ear had been cut with a tin can while scuffling with other boys and that the old wound was slightly torn. The mother says that this is not the case.

MORPHINE

OPIUM AND OTHER DRUG HABITS

CURED FREE

MANY CASES ARE CURED BY THE FREE TREATMENT.

We will gladly send a large test bottle of this wonderful cure free, and patients will derive a great benefit, even though they do not continue the treatment.

A noted physician writes to a brother doctor: "It beats anything I have ever seen in the way of Therapy and Field of Antidotes. I cured my brother easily, after exhausting all my skill, and that of my colleagues in Europe. Too bad it is not known to the medical world in general." Dr. Charles Thompson.

Another physician, well-known throughout the East, a few days ago wrote as follows:

"I have given the Opium Habit years of study in China, India and this country, and I will admit that I am a child and novice in the presence of this AMAZING medicine. Surely there must be an astounding merit in a medicine comparatively unknown, within a few years, that could produce such good results."

Six thousand physicians use this medicine in their private practice. More cures made in the past two years than all others in the world combined.

Fifty thousand people attest its wonderful power. No suffering, no detention from work or duties, far better support than your old drug will give, a taste of real life and happiness, and a knowledge that you will be free once more. All these you will experience from the free test. Closest feeling of sympathy and confidence exists between our Medical Director and patients. All letters returned if desired. St. James Society. Suite 165. 1183 Broadway, New York.

WERE ONCE FOLKS

Opinion of the Vermont Oracle Regarding Smart Bears.

Says That "They're Buddhists an' Their Souls Transmigrate."

Sherburne, Vt., May 4.—"All b'ars be Buddhists an' git t' be humans sooner er later," declared Amos Cummings, oracle of Shrewsbury mountain, as he carefully examined the carcass of a scrawny black bruin on exhibition at the general store a few days ago. "They be, an' this 'ere varmint proves it," he added, surveying the startled faces of the aggregation. "Ye all agree thet th' critter committed suicide. Waal, thet's one of th' results of Buddhism."

The audience fairly gasped at this heresy, save Hen White, owner of the bear. The animal had fallen to him like manna from a clear sky, and he was willing to believe almost anything. While cutting ice on Rocky Pond more than two months ago he had discovered it taking its long winter sleep in the only cave on the mountain and had smoked it out, only to have it get away and hobble off on stiff legs to the pond, where it began to fish before it was fairly awake. The animal sat on the edge of the ice and shook and shivered and tried to scoop up passing trout, while the crafty Hen waited up the mouth of the cave. But the fish were deep in the water, and eventually bruin wobbled back to the cave to find the latchstring withdrawn. He was hungry, his feet were freezing and his gaunt body was racked with chilling pains, so he deliberately went back to the water, jumped in and swam under the ice. Here he was found when the pond broke up.

"Jest went and committed suicide because he was born Buddhist an' wanted t' transmigate int' suthin' else," explained Amos. "Nuthin' ever was plainer. Mebbe he'll be a tabby cat warmin' her snoot b' th' fire come fall. Er mebze he'll go int' a chicken t' be et of a Sunday, er a sand flea t' pester ye when yere fishin', er evon int' a hoss-fly. Leastwise, he's got through bein' a b'ar. B'ars be peculiar critters. I've watched 'em nigh ont' sixty year an' I cal'late I know suthin' 'bout 'em. There's two kinds—real likely smart b'ars, an' fool b'ars that don't know nuthin'. Th' smart b'ars is them thet hes been men and graduated, and th' fool critters is them thet got t' be b'ars before they was humans. Probably they was hawgs, er cats, er black gnats. Ye don't realize how durned knowin' they be til ye hev summered 'em and wintered 'em fer quite a spell 'of years. Then it sorter soaks int' ye like rain through one 'f them waterproof cuts, an' ye onderstand why some 'f 'em are ugly, and some tame, an' some greedy an' some measly tempered.

"I've seen b'ars most es intelligent es some folks. I rec'lect when I was blueberryin' back in '63 seein' an ole she-b'ar scoopin' out honey from a bee tree. She got some of the sweet in a sore tooth and danced 'round lively fer a spell. Then she went over to a crotched hardhack, stuck th' tooth in th' crotch an' yank d it out. She was one of th' likely smart critters an 'may have been a dentist.

"Ole Deacon Merritt, who was a chapl'in in th' Fust Vermont at Chancellorsville, hed an experience with one th' fool cusses 'bout a year after he come back home. It got th' hair on its back burned off while he was smokin' it out 'f a cave an' the next day it went to th' deacon's henhouse an' rolled in a mess of fresh laid aiggs. Sorter took an aigg shampoo, so t' speak. Waal, what d'ye suppose happened t' thet b'ar? Three weeks later th' deacon seen it an' its back was covered with pinfeathers, mottled jest like his Plymouth Rocks—an' he was th' only man in the valley who wasn't raisin' Leghorns. I knew of another varmint—he'd been a doctor, I reckon—thet raided pig pens till he got th' gaout in his feet and grew bristies. Then he went arter my honey and ketched th' hives. But he got well by soakin' his paws in th' hot springs down t' Sulphurville.

"When I was over to Barnard," went on the oracle, while his amazed congregation gave him rapt attention, "an ole she-b'ar used t' steal Parson Winslow's lambs every Sunday mornin' while th' dominie was t' meetin'. He hed probably heard thet th' parson was sot agin Sunday shootin'. Anyway, thet's what he did. One Sabbath, when there was only three ewe lambs left, th' dominie was took with rheumatics an' turned th' meetin' over to Elder Bugbe. 'Bout time for th' doxology he hobbled out t' th' barn with th' Old Testament in his pocket an' when th' b'ar come he stuck his head out of the loft winder and repeated th' Eighth Commandment three times. Then he preached a rousin' sarmon on steelin' thet hed a lot 'f brimstun in it. Now, that b'ar was one of the smart critters, an' he was so teched thet he went right away, hanging his head an 'cryin' like an ole woman. I cal'late he'd been th' son 't a hoss thief before he got t' be a b'ar an' hed t' support his mother while his dad was servin 'time t' Windsor. He never come back.

"Of course I hed t' take that story from th' parson, but I've seen things jest es remarkable with my own eyes. When Zeke Tunbridge an' me was fishin' up t' Rocky Pond thutty year ago, wo run ont' a hull mess 'f knowin' b'ars. We didn' hev a gun, so we jest watched 'em. I cal'late thet when they was human they went t' college, fer they was smarter'n steel traps. They was so neighborly 'mongs' 'emselves that Zeke allowed they hed belonged t' one 'f them secret societies down t' Amherst. Every one hed females thet was well eddicated, too. Things run 'long smooth until one day an ole he-b'ar ketched a young feller shinin' up to his wife. Then there was a turrible row. They got t'gether an' held a sort of court an' th' upshot was thet th' young feller got kicked out. He went t' th' bad fast after thet. He got t' stealin' sheep down t' th' Holler an' was finally ketched by Zeke milkin' one 'f his pet Jersey cows.

"I tell ye there ain't no gettin' 'round th' fact thet b'ars be all Buddhists. They hev got jest es much religion es folks, an' of they co'ld talk like's not they'd be holdin' meetin's tryin' t' convart ye sinners. But they can't an' thet's a wise provosion 'f providence."

"Say," spoke up Bill Jackson, breaking the silence of the listeners for the first time as Amos buttoned up his coat, "if we ever git t' be a b'ar an' a parson reads ye what th' Holy Writ says 'bout Ananias, will ye blubber er will ye go drowned yerself?"

FAVORED NATION CLAUSE

Does Not Carry Reciprocal Benefits to England.

New York, May 4.—A decision just handed down by the board of United States general appraisers holds that the "favored nation" clause in the treaty of July 3, 1815, with Great Britain, does not carry with it benefits for British good of the reciprocity agreements with other countries.

In this decision the board overrules a protest filed against the assessment of the fully duty of $2.25 a gallon on spirituous liquors produced in Great Britain. The importers asserted that under the "favored nation" clause of the treaty these liquors should be dutiable at $1.75 a gallon, the rate imposed under the reciprocal agreements with France, Italy, Germany, and Portugal.

Headquarters for golf goods

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Headquarters for tennis goods

The beauty of our fashions is excelled by but one fact—

And that is the lowness of the prices as compared with all other displays of women's and misses' frocks hereabouts. Ladies' tailors of highest repute designed and cut them. High class, well paid workers sewed them. They represent the finest ready-to-wear that is made in America. The materials are the finest, the trimmings are the finest, the styles are the finest.

The reason our prices are lower is simply because we buy thousands, where the little stores buy dozens. And we ask only a small, legitimate profit, where the little store MUST get twice as much in order to pay its extravagant expenses and live.

It is a mistake to judge style or quality by the steepness of the price. Low prices get the best styles here.

IT IS A FACT that not only in single cases, but throughout our entire suit, jacket and skirt stock you will find garments priced on a basis of comparison, as follows:

Covert Coats—our price $6.75, small store's price $10.00.
Covert Coats—our price $12.50, small store's price $18.00.
Ladies' Suits—our price $12.50, small store's price $20.00.
Ladies' Suits—our price $24.50, small store's price $40.00.
Ladies' Suits—our price $39.00, small store's price $55.00.

This difference is all in the price. The styles, materials, making, linings, findings, trimmings, are the same in both. Surely it is time for wise women to learn the lesson that the "big store" gets first chance at everything good. The little fellows take what's left and ask two prices for it.

$27.50 SUITS FOR $16.50—One rack of about 50 suits, in cheviots, broadcloths and new fancy mixtures, trimmed in a variety of styles, well tailored; choice of Etons, blouse and hip coat effects, walking or dress skirts—odd lines, one or two of a style; suits worth $22.50 to $27.50—to close them out the price is..... **$16.50**

$32.50, $37.50, $42.50 SUITS AT $29.50—Materials—voiles, etamines, cheviots, broadcloths; colors—black, navy, champagne, eminence, etc.; blouses, Eton and hip coat styles; some of these suits are all silk lined—on special sale tomorrow for **$29.50**

A handsome costume of fancy imported voile, silk-lined throughout—blouse style, showing revers of white moire silk with a touch of Bulgarian trimming and also medallions of imported lace and panne velvet—skirt pleated and panels—with a touch of the velvet—price..... $119

A gown of imported voile in the fashionable eminence shade, silk lined throughout—coat has linings of taffeta, and a beautiful collar of imported lace—with straps of silk and buttons—our price for this sale..... $89.50

NEW COVERT COATS arriving nearly every day to replenish the stocks which are finding such a popular sale. Our prices are simply so low others wonder how we can sell them. All wool covert coat in box and fitted styles, well tailored—would be cheap at $7.50—Thursday selling at **$5.75**

Better ones up to $24.50—all new strappings, best taffeta lining—perfect tailoring—no better tailoring to be had at any price.

CRAVENETTE COATS—$8.50 buys a guaranteed waterproof coat, double cape, belt, piped with red—colors, tan, oxford and olive—a good coat for rain or shine—Real $12.50 value at **$8.50**

Better ones at $12.50 to $37.50—novelties "one of a kind"—can be found here.

SILK WAISTS—$2.49 for a trimmed Jap. silk waist to the elegant lace waist at $25. In our line are shown all-over lace, crepe de chine, peau de cygne, taffeta, pongee—in endless variety of styles and colorings.

RUNABOUT SKIRTS—150 walking skirts just received, which we bought at less than cost of materials; good colorings; skirts which retail at $4.50 to $6.00—while they last, your choice at **$2.98**

Better ones at $3.98 to $14.98—in all the new Scotch mixtures, all the new strappings and button trimming—compare our prices with "style-talk" prices.

WASH WAISTS—Our department is filled to overflowing with the best productions of such celebrated makers as the "Geisha," the "Unique" and the "Griffon" waists. These makes have a world-wide reputation. We show wash waists at 49c and up to $12.50. One of a kind in the better grades.

NEW SILK SHIRTWAIST SUITS in all silk taffeta and fancy foulards. Waists elaborately trimmed, with skirt to match. Suits which would retail at $22.50 at the little shops—our price **$14.98**

SUMMER WASH SUITS—New shirtwaist suits, in white linens, Madras, lawn, satine, grass linens, etc. A great variety of styles—some lace trimmed, others tucked and plaited—we have them at $12.50 and as low as..... **$3.49**

The Big Store's millinery is another evidence

of the power of a big organization to reduce your cost of living. Under the antiquated small store system of dealing from "hand to mouth" the ladies who want to wear a really stylish creation are barred out, because that system doubles up the prices.

Our $25.00 trimmed millinery costs $45.00 at the little shops.
Our $20.00 trimmed millinery costs $35.00 at the little shops.
Our $15.00 trimmed millinery costs $25.00 at the little shops.
Our $10.00 trimmed millinery costs $18.00 at the little shops.

That is the way the modern department store, properly managed, has made it possible for ALL to share in the blessings of handsome dress. Take away the big department stores and return to the old system of little, exclusive shops, and in one year half the people who are now well dressed would be compelled to appear shabby because they couldn't pay the "little store" prices.

$3.95 GETS THE EQUAL HERE OF any $6.50 hat—you can compare as much as you will. Every hat you buy which has in it or on it as much value as is put into or on our $3.95 hats, will cost you $6.50 elsewhere. Come and see them. Compare them with all other hats. You cannot fail to come back here because our hats are the prettiest and our values the best.

Black Chiffon Hats—ready to trim, tucked—all the latest shapes—medium and large—89c to $5.75 each.

$4.95 BUYS AN EQUAL OF ANY $8.50 hat you can find in Duluth. Equal in style, equal in value, equal in beauty, equal in hand-making, equal in every way: We can do it because we buy more, sell more, and ask less profit. At this price we show new ideas in black, white, browns, navys—trimmed with flowers, laces, satins, ribbons and ornaments—hardly two alike.

Children's Headwear—in every style—bonnets, mull and silk hats—cloth Tam O'Shanters, straw sailors, etc.

Mull and Silk Hats, 25c to $4.50 each.
Cloth Tam O'Shanters, 25c each to $2.50 each.
Straw Sailors, 25c each to $3.50 each.

RAY IS ON TRIAL

Before Court on Assault Charge Made By Michael Conlon.

Different Versions of Leg Breaking Row Are Given.

James S. Ray, the Superior street safe dealer, is being tried in the municipal court today on the charge of assaulting Michael Conlon.

The case is the outcome of a quarrel which is alleged to have taken place on the evening of Feb. 27 in front of Ray's place of business.

Conlon got decidedly the worst of the fight, although he is much the larger man and has been laid up in the hospital for seven weeks with a broken leg and a sprained ankle.

It is claimed by Conlon that Ray hit him on the head with a "billy" knocking him senseless and then kicked him on the leg breaking the bone just above the ankle.

Dr. N. L. Linneman was called to the stand this morning. He testified that he had examined Conlon just after the fight, and found his leg broken, his ankle sprained and two very bad black eyes. He stated that the flesh on the leg was bruised and that the bone might have been broken by a kick. He also stated on cross-examination by J. D. Holmes that the break might have been due to a fall.

Ray claims that he was sitting in his office when Conlon opened the door and called him a vile name. Ray stated that he then started out to get a policeman and just outside the door ran into Conlon and they clinched. He denies that he had a billy in his possession or that he broke Conlon's leg by a kick.

The quarrel was one of long standing between the two principals. Conlon was formerly employed by Ray and discharged. He claims that he merely opened the door to speak to a friend of his who was sitting in the office talking to Ray, and that Ray jumped up and chased him out the door, clinching with him outside and knocking him senseless with a billy.

Considerable amusement was caused by the testimony of a man named Olson, who is employed by the Van Guard Clothing company and witnessed the fight.

"I saw Conlon stick his head in the door" said the witness, and then draw it out. Then Ray come out and they met and dug in just outside the door. I saw there was going to be fight and ran across the street and they were going some by that time. The little fellow dug in with both fists and the big one went down in the corner. I was picking up the hats so they wouldn't get hurt."

"So you care more about the hats than you do about the heads, do you?" asked T. J. McKeon, who had charge of the prosecution.

"Well, I'd give a little fellow like him a show against a big one like that one any day" said the witness. "I thought Conlon was big enough to take care of himself."

The case is being tried before Judge Windom. Court was adjourned at noon until 2 o'clock. The prosecution has rested its case, and the defendant's witnesses are being examined.

Now is your chance to buy your furnishing goods at less than half price, at the Eagle Clothing and Shoe House, 321 West Superior street.

ONE HUNDRED NATIVES KILLED BY HURRICANE.

Saigon, French Indo China, May 4.—A hurricane ravaged Cochin China May 1. About 100 natives were killed and great damage was done. All the telegraph lines in Saigon were destroyed. Many native vessels sustained injuries, but otherwise there was no damage to shipping here, though small craft in minor parts suffered.

THREE-YEAR-OLD CHILD KILLED BY STREET CAR.

St. Paul, May 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Adelaide Henle, a 3-year-old child, was crushed and instantly killed by a Fort Snelling car on West Seventh street, near Audubon street, last night.

The girl, with several other children, was playing tag in the street. The little girl was running away from a companion and did not see the approaching westbound car. Joseph Lather, the motorman, slowed down the car when he saw the child, and did not know that he had killed her until he was warned by the crowd of bystanders.

MARK GRAY LYON BURIED.

Keokuk, Iowa, May 4.—Mark Gray Lyon was buried here today. On April 23, 1879, Shakespeare's birthday, he caused much excitement by firing two shots at Edwin Booth, in McVicker's theater, Chicago, during the play, "Richard the Second."

NO FOREIGN OFFERS FOR SUBMARINE BOAT.

Bridgeport, Conn., May 4.—Capt. Simon Lake, who has arrived here from Newport on the submarine torpedo boat Protector, was asked about the reported sale of the boat to the Japanese government. He replied:

"You can say for me that I have received no offers from any foreign government."

He added that it was true that the boat has been examined within a few days by Japanese officers, but that naval attaches of other governments have also looked it over.

Cured His Mother of Rheumatism

"My mother has been a sufferer for many years with rheumatism," says W. H. Howard, of Husband, Pa. "At times she was unable to move at all, while at all times walking was painful. I presented her with a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and after a few applications she decided it was the most wonderful pain reliever she had ever tried, in fact, she is never without it now and is at all times able to walk. An occasional application of Pain Balm keeps away the pain that she was formerly troubled with." For sale by all druggists.

GIGANTIC HAULS

Were Made By "Old Bill" Vosburg, Who Died Recently.

No Equal In His Chosen Trade of Bank Sneaking.

New York, May 4.—From a two-story brick house on the upper East Side there was a funeral a few days ago, and in Woodlawn cemetery, over a freshly made grave, is a small tombstone bearing the name of William Vosburg. That name does not convey much meaning unless it is prefixed by the title of "Old Bill." Then it becomes interesting to students of criminology.

"Old Bill" Vosburg was very near the seventy-year mark when he died. During the last eight years he led an honest life. For nearly half a century he led a crooked one. Vosburg was one of the greatest crooks this country ever bred, and certainly one of the cleverest the police ever had to cope with. As a bank sneak he had no equal. During his career he stole over $2,000,000. He died a poor man.

Vosburg was born in Albany and came of good stock. His grandfather fought through the revolutionary war, and his father was in the war of 1812. His parents died when he was a child, and he went to live with relatives. He committed his first crooked act when he was 13 years old. In a talk with a Sun man a few years ago Vosburg told how he first started on the wayward path.

"Although only a kid, I had the gambling fever," said he, and my first chance to do wrong came when a neighbor sent me with a package to deliver to a cigar dealer in Albany. As I carried the package I became curious to know what it contained, and I opened it. There was $375 in the bundle. I thought how easy it would be to get money for myself by using my neighbor's money to gamble with, and I hurried to a house run by a couple of rascals. They must have been rascals or they never would have let a child like me into their place. I lost the money, of course, and then I began to wonder how I would ever get it back to return it to its owner.

"There was a man named Fleming who lived near where I did, and he had the reputation among his neighbors of being a thief. In my worry over losing the money in the gambling house, I went to Fleming and asked him to help me. I was just the kind of a kid he needed. Fleming was a burglar and made a specialty of robbing grocery stores. There were no safes those days, and it was easy work. That very night I met Fleming, and we turned off a grocery store and got $900. My share of the robbery more than returned the money I had stolen to gamble with. I returned that money, too. From that time on Fleming and I paid strict attention to the Albany grocery stores, and I don't believe there was one in the city that escaped us.

"That was how I got in the game, and I want to say that I never robbed anybody who couldn't afford to be robbed. I never carried a gun or knife and never hurt any one. The meanest thing I ever done was to marry a good woman. She didn't know for many years the life I was leading. Why, I used to walk out of the house and tell my wife I was going away on business. Several times I didn't return for a couple of years."

Vosburg's wife survives him, and her husband worshipped her. They had three children, daughters, and one of them married Harry Russell, the post-office thief. Mrs. Vosburg is a well-preserved, matronly-looking woman, and she began to weep when she was asked about her husband's death yesterday.

"He was a good husband and a good father, no matter what the rest of the world thinks about him," she said. "We were married forty years, and he never spoke an unkind word to me."

Vosburg was first arrested when he was 16 years old. A pal who got married in Albany received $200 and a gold watch as a wedding gift from him. The watch was traced and the pal arrested. He peached on the giver, but Vosburg managed to beat the case. He left Albany then and went to New Orleans.

Then he worked the Mississippi river boats for nine years by sneaking valuables from the staterooms. By standing in with the boat crews he was able to do this without being caught. Only once was he arrested during that time and then he didn't go to prison.

When the game got too warm for him he joined a crowd of safe blowers at Louisville. He was caught in his first job and did three years' time. Vosburg used to say that those three years were the longest of his whole life.

When he got out of prison he came North and settled in Buffalo, where he managed to keep out of jail and keep himself well supplied with money. When he came to this city to live it didn't take him long to get in with the good crooks. Dennis Troy was one of them, and in one haul he and Vosburg got $67,000 worth of bonds from a Madison avenue residence. They had no trouble in disposing of the bonds to a fence, but Troy came near getting nabbed for the robbery.

Vosburg saw it wasn't safe to try to get rid of negotiable paper through a fence, so he opened an account with a bank and let it be known that he was a dealer in bonds and other securities. He not only got rid of his own stolen paper this way, but every other good crook who wanted to dispose of bonds came to him for aid.

Vosburg used to say that bank clerks brought him paper to get rid of when they had fallen into crooked ways, but that he used to point to himself as a horrible example and tell them the penalty of being crooked.

The biggest bank sneak tricks that were ever worked in this town were pulled off by Vosburg and a crook named Coleman. The latter was catlike on his feet, and while Vosburg talked to the paying teller Coleman would sneak a package of bills and disappear. In one week this pair cleaned up $133,000 in this way. It was comparatively easy then, for the bank employes were not covered up by screens, and the bank officials hated to make known a big robbery, for fear of alarming their depositors.

Vosburg was in on another big robbery when "Peppermint Joe" sneaked $225,000 from a private banking concern. In those days Vosburg knew the interiors of all the banks in this city, even to the kind of keys and the locks they had on the doors. When things were dull here he would visit the newspaper offices, and never returned with a bank roll. Philadelphia was a great stamping ground for him. Vosburg used to run over there at least once a week. If he didn't come back with $1000 he considered his time wasted.

He was never arrested for the big robberies he took part in. He spent seven terms in prison, and never received longer than a three-year sentence. He was arrested last on Nov. 1, 1895, charged with swindling a man out of $600 by the green goods game. Vosburg went into the green goods business when the activity of the police made it uncomfortable for bank thieves, and Tom Byrnes let the fraternity know that he had established a dead line.

Just before Vosburg was last arrested Allen, Killoran and Russell made their sensational escape from Ludlow street jail. Russell was Vosberg's son-in-law. With the prospect of a term in prison staring him in the face Vosburg let the authorities know that he knew something about the escape of the postoffice robbers, and when Sheriff Tamsen was tried for the jail-breaking Vosburg was used as a witness against him.

The old crook was the star witness of the trial, and told how easy it was to carry revolvers, whisky and anything else into the jail under the Tamsen regime. For testifying in this trial sentence was suspended on him in the green goods case by Recorder Goff. Vosburg said then that he was going to be honest for the rest of his life, and he kept his word.

See our "ad" about **Suits and millinery** On page 4.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Golf goods headquarters, Fishing tackle headquarters, Base ball headquarters, Tennis goods headquarters, **At the Glass Block.**

Undermuslins and laces.

We offer only the best products of sanitary shops. All our muslin underwear from the cheapest to the best is guaranteed.

SPECIAL FOR THURSDAY.

35c corset covers.....19c
75c underskirts.....59c
39c drawers.....25c
65c nightgowns.....49c
75c chemise.....59c

From these bargains we lead you by gentle steps through an immense assortment at $1.00, $1.50, $2.50, $5.00 and up to $10.00 a garment. Every piece warranted underpriced.

Now for corsets

Don't try to wear your new suit over an old corset. Give the suit a chance to show itself at its best, with a good new and properly fitted corset. At the Glass Block you can choose from the La Grecque, La Fleur, Kabo, Thomson Glove-Fitting, G. D. and our cheapest line, the W. B. Also full line of Ferris waists and Good Sense waists. Every pair fitted by an expert corsetiere.

Special Thursday.

50 dozen batiste and tape girdles—pinks, blue and white, well boned—each..... **49c**

200 odd corsets, including W. B., Kabo, G. D., and J. B., straight front and long hip models—broken sizes, worth up to $2.50, Thursday. **95c**

Sale of suit cases.

Thursday will be the day to buy your suit case for your summer trip, because we place on sale three — count 'em· 3—grand good extra special bargains. The kind you can't get all the time even at the Glass Block.

$5.00 LEATHER SUIT CASE $3.95—The best and cheapest leather case ever offered in Duluth. Full size—sole leather corners—good lock and bolts—linen lined—you pay $5.00 or more elsewhere—our sale price for Thursday..... **$3.95**

$7.50 SUIT CASE FOR $5.00—Our case at $5.00 is linen lined with shirt fold, has bag handle, finished with French edge, sole leather corners put on with large rivets, all sizes, 22, 24, 26 inch—at. **$5.00**

$2.50 SUIT CASE FOR $1.35—The lightest and best case for summer use—a linen case in leather color—leather handle and corners, worth $2.50—each..... **$1.35**

Umbrellas.

Red, blue, fancy and black umbrellas for misses, ladies and children — rich lustrous black umbrellas for men. The stock is bigger than ever before. Lot of pretty novelty handles — You know, "Glass Block Prices."

500 Gloria Silk umbrellas—natural wood and fancy handles—paragon frames—guaranteed fast, special..... **$1.25**

100 all-silk umbrellas—in black and fancy colors—in natural wood handles—special each..... **$2.50**

50 Fancy Bordered all-silk umbrellas in blue, red, brown and black—very superior goods—special price..... **$3.25**

Our special Importation of Paris and London Novelty Parasols just received.

Great lace sale.

Thousands of yards bought to take good care of our wise patrons during the greatest lace season in years. Thursday come for these special values. You may not get the chance again.

50,000 yards English Torchon lace, edges and insertions, narrow, medium and wide—5c and 7c values—per yard..... **3c**

25,000 yards Pointe de Paris wash edges, 2 inches to 4 inches wide—broken lots, worth 25c to 35c a yard—for..... **10c**

125 pieces all-overs in new patterns for waists, yokes and sleeves, 18-in. wide, white and creams — per yard—from $4.50 down to $1.00, 89c, 75c, 69c, 50c and **45c**

Thousands of yards narrow trimming laces—French and Italian Valenciennes, hand-made Torchons, Mechlins and Plat Valenciennes—also real Valenciennes, edges and insertions to match—per yard $1.50 down to..... **5c**

Wash goods values.

The wash goods season is wonderfully brisk. We are selling thousands of yards every week. Don't wait until ALL the best pieces are gone. Come Thursday, while the selection is still full of beauty. The values at the Glass Block are beyond comparison.

A SEASON OF VOILES—This light-weight fabric imitates the more expensive wool fabrics so well that it is almost impossible to detect the difference. We have all the different grades in solid colors. Scotch mixed effects, mannish checks and beautifully mercerized—prices range .....39c, 29c, 25c, 19c, 15c and **12½c**

LINEN CRASH SUITINGS—A heavier fabric of the etamine family in plain and mixed effects for the shirt waist suit—per yard.....25c and **19c**

LIBERTY PONGEE—An excellent imitation of silk foulards—beautifully silky in pongee colors with colored dots; blue, green and brown grounds, with foulard designs; especially priced, per yard. **39c**

CREPE DE CHINE—A beautiful silk and cotton fabric in plain colors—embroidered dots and satin stripes; all the new light shades, including black and white—per yard.....59c, 49c and **45c**

PRINTED ORGANDIES—A new departure this season; white and colored grounds with floral designs; a very popular fabric at—per yard.....45c and **35c**

Special sale of Lorraine silk tissues.

A RARE BARGAIN—The goods are worth 39c and 49c a yard—the designs are beautiful, especially adapted for the shirt waist suit—while they last, per yard..... **15c**

A SPECIAL SALE OF GINGHAMS—The regular 10c quality—no second grade, but the best—about 1000 yards for..... **8c**

Shoe snaps Thursday

Time for spring shoes—time for oxfords right now—and right now we have the chance to offer several lots of ladies' good shoes for less than their actual worth. Come for them Thursday. Come early and be sure to get your size.

LADIES' SWELL OXFORDS—in light or heavy soles—fine vici kid or patent kid—military or French heels—latest spring shapes, in all sizes and widths—regular $3.00 values—four styles—per pair... **$2.48**

NEW SPRING OXFORDS—200 pairs — hand-turned soles—patent leather trimmed—high or low heels—soft vici kid stock—all sizes and widths—bought to sell at $2.50—to start them with rush, a pair. **$1.98**

LADIES' OXFORDS—100 pairs—last year's goods—worth up to $2.00—all sizes in the lot from 2½ to 7—on the Bargain Table at—per pair..... **98c**

WOMEN'S HOUSE SLIPPERS—kid or serge—plain or with one strap, all sizes 3 to 8—per pair.. **48c**

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Sioux Falls Girl Finds She Is Wife Number Four.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls—Now that Rev. Charles A. Lyons, who created a sensation by disappearing from Sioux Falls last December, has been arrested in St. Paul and brought back to this city, he will discover that his punishment for deceiving a young woman of Sioux Falls will be swift and sure. Lyons first appeared in Sioux Falls a year ago this month, and for a time made his home with Rev. E. A. Orr, pastor of the local Christian church. Lyons exhibited credentials which were apparently all right and which were satisfactory to the clergymen of the city. For a time he occupied the pulpit of the Presbyterian church, and also of the Baptist church. Last summer he met Miss Emma Pervis, stenographer in the Sioux Falls Savings bank, the leading financial institution of the city. He at once commenced to pay court to the young lady, and on Oct. 5 last, this culminated in their marriage. They lived happily together and Mrs. Lyons was nearly prostrated when on Dec. 22 her husband mysteriously disappeared. She was sure something had befallen him. While practically everybody in the city was convinced that Lyons was a rascal, his confiding wife continued to have confidence in him and believed he had met with foul play or had wandered away while temporarily insane. It was not until within the last few weeks that she became satisfied that she had been deserted and that the villain in whom she had reposed the utmost confidence was still alive. Then she determined to have Lyons brought to justice, and with this object in view opened a correspondence with every bookbindery and auxiliary institutions in the country. Lyons being a bookbinder by trade. During her investigations she also ascertained that Lyons had been married three times before he married her and that two of these wives were still alive.

Britton—Fire destroyed the home of Nelson Wallace, living seven miles southwest. The loss is $3000, only partly covered by insurance.

The Presbyterian congregation at Langford, S. D., has called Rev. J. M. Bates, pastor of the Congregational church at Bryant, S. D.

Word has been received of the death of M. W. Creaser at Excelsior, Minn., for a number of years he had resided near Britton.

Wheat sown before the snowstorm of April 15 is now up and looking well. The seed was not injured by the freezing weather.

Sioux Falls—Dr. John R. Hawkins, one of the most prominent physicians of the city and coroner of Minnehaha county, died of liver trouble, which baffled the attending physicians. Deceased was prominent in the state national guard circles and had a wide acquaintance throughout the state.

Dell Rapids—Peter M. Sorkilmo, of Dell Rapids, has been arrested at the instance of Miss Josephine Anderson on a charge of seduction.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Bismarck—Further to emphasize the absence of harmony in the city council, that body, at its meeting, directed Mayor F. H. Register to discharge City Attorney Edward S. Allen on the ground that he was interested in the Bismarck Telephone company, a corporation holding a franchise from the city. Mayor Register held that the law did not apply to a single stockholder in a corporation, and ruled the motion for Allen's discharge out of order, but it was passed by a vote of six to one. The council also directed the discharge of the day police officer, the one aimed at being J. C. Ritchey, chief of police, and an appointee of Register. The council also passed, over the veto of the mayor, a resolution vacating the present city hall, and provision to be made for holding meetings in the court house. Mayor Register stated that he would not discharge the city attorney on the showing made, and further intimated that he would not remove Ritchey as chief of police. Another meeting of the council will be held Thursday night, when there will be more fireworks.

The 4-year-old son of M. S. Seigley, of Oliver county, was shot and instantly killed by a shotgun in the hands of an 11-year-old brother.

Fargo—There is a renewed agitation here for a paid fire department. There are six paid men now in the three volunteer companies, and each man is paid for whatever time is put in at fires. The present council is said to be strongly in favor of an all-paid department, and an ordinance to that effect will probably be adopted at an early date.

The contract for the new Salvation Army barracks has been let to Bowers Bros. The entire structure is to cost $10,000, and will have a capacity of about 500 when all the rooms are thrown into a general hall. The cornerstone will be laid in two weeks, and the building will be dedicated Aug. 15, when a lot of the big officials will be in attendance.

Bismarck—J. E. Phelan, former railroad superintendent and afterward secretary of the state railway commission, is reported a candidate for the office of commissioner of agriculture and labor against R. J. Turner, of Stark county. The judgeship fight in this district is settled so far as the Republican nomination is concerned. The present judge, W. H. Winchester, already has a majority of the delegates to the judicial convention that meets at Mandan on May 21.

Faulkton — A farewell reception was given Rev. P. L. Curtis Saturday evening at the G. A. R. hall by the members of the First Congregational church at this place, where he has been pastor the past four years. Rev. Mr. Curtis was an especial favorite with the young people, and the church regrets his departure from this charge. He will leave this week for Webster, S. D., where he takes charge of the church at that place.

Catarrh

Invites Consumption

It weakens the delicate lung tissues, deranges the digestive organs, and breaks down the general health.

It often causes headache and dizziness, impairs the taste, smell and hearing, and affects the voice.

Being a constitutional disease it requires a constitutional remedy.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Radically and permanently cures catarrh of the nose, throat, stomach, bowels, and more delicate organs.

Read the testimonials.

No substitute for Hood's acts like Hood's. Be sure to get Hood's.

"I was troubled with catarrh 20 years. Seeing statements of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla resolved to try it. Four bottles entirely cured me." WILLIAM SHERMAN, 1020 6th St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Analysis of Menominee Water Shows Presence of Dangerous Germs.

Menominee—Analyses of water taken from faucets at Menominee by Professor Davis, the Des Moines expert recently engaged to make an investigation, show that the drinking water of Menominee contains intestinal germs in dangerous quantities. The Richard hotel samples showed 150 germs to the glass, and water taken from Sawyer's drug store is even worse—200 germs. These germs are known as the colon bacillus and are bred in the intestines of human beings and animals. They have no other source of origin. They are found in the water supply of the city, and the only construction to be placed on their presence is that they came from the fresh sewage of Marinette and Menominee washed into the bay and then pumped into the main. That the sewage is fresh is proven by the fact that the germs are alive.

The beets of the Upper Peninsula have surpassed the expectations of the most sanguine in the percentage of sugar they contained. The average of the entire crop received at the Menominee factory last fall was 15 per cent, which has no comparison in this state and which speaks volumes for the soil in Upper Michigan.

Superintendent Stephenson, of the boom company, make a gloomy report of conditions on the Menominee river. Late as the season already is, he declares he has no idea when they will be able to start sorting logs for the mills, for the reason he does not know when there will be any logs in the lower waters of the rivers to be sorted. Low water, the lowest spring water in years, is the reason he ascribes, and rain is all that will assist in getting logs down. The water is so low that the logs keep continually clogging and jamming. There is a crew of men engaged in breaking jams, and as fast as they break one they find more to be tackled.

Escanaba—The Citizens' bank at Escanaba is to be converted into a state institution, with a capitalization of $50,000. Numerous merchants and other business men have taken stock at the rate of $100 per share, the floation price.

Iron Mountain—The Michigan state census, including various statistics, was commenced in this city yesterday. The time of taking the same is limited to a month.

Sault Ste. Marie—The Cecelia Hill, the first boat of the season, arrived yesterday.

HAS PLATFORM

On Which He Thinks Democrats Can Unite.

New York, May 4.—The great deliverer for the Democratic party has been found. The man who would pull it from the slough and despond has come to the front.

Some months ago John Brisben Walker prepared a Democratic platform for submission at St. Louis, which he aimed to write from a conservative business man's point of view, bringing the issues down to six, which could be clearly defined, could be easily put in type and submitted to a number of leaders of the party in the hope it might be possible to secure an entirely harmonious action at St. Louis. Starting with men having the widest possible divergence of views Mr. Walker succeeded in bringing together many who had been for years bitterly opposed.

The financial principle was, of course, the most important. This already has been approved by men of such widely different views as Bryan, Col. Watterson, and Mr. Patterson, representing the silver interests in Colorado.

Col. Henry Watterson writes: "There is nothing in your platform which any intelligent Democrat might not indorse."

And Mr. Bryan says: "I have read the proposed platform. I think the bond scheme all right if proposed as the only legitimate elastic currency."

RUSSELL SAGE

May Quit New York on Account of Taxes.

New York, May 4.—Russell Sage threatens to give up his residence in New York City if the commissioners of taxes and assessment insist upon making him pay taxes on $2,000,000 worth of personal property. Dr. John P. Munn, representing Mr. Sage, called at the office of the tax department and conveyed this intimation clearly to Frank A. O'Donnell, president. Mr. Sage's course in regard to his personal taxes has puzzled the commissioners. Last year he did not make any effort to have his taxes reduced until long after the books closed. He paid on the sum of $2,000,000, the actual taxes on which amounted to about $29,000. Mr. Sage then said he would be on time this year, but he has not yet put in an appearance at the tax office. His physician, Dr. Munn, called three times during April and got extensions, saying Mr. Sage was too ill to appear. The last extension expired at noon on Saturday, and Mr. O'Donnell then announced that under no circumstances would further grace be granted.

"Neglected colds make fat graveyards." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup helps men and women to a happy, vigorous old age.

WAR IS IMPROBABLE.

Brazil and Peru Are Not Likely to Fight.

Rio Janeiro, May 4.—The Associated Press correspondent is assured by government officials who are in a position to speak by authority that while both the Brazilian and Peruvian armies are being reinforced on the frontier, between the two countries, war is improbable. The differences over the boundary line are the subject of diplomatic negotiations, and will probably result in arbitration. There is no excitement, as the people are utterly indifferent upon the matter.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more. DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO. 210 West Superior street.

YOUNG MAN!
Tell us the condition of your nerves, and we will tell you what sort of future you face. You want success. Nerve-Weak people can not attain it.
PALMO TABLETS
give you the nerve-strength that brings with it the sound, healthful energy which compels success.
They give you the ambition and magnetism which will not be denied.
Take this remedy and note how quickly the hollow cheeks will round out; how quickly your complexion will assume the glow of health and strength.
50 cents per box, 12 for $5.00. Book free.
The S. R. Feil Co., Cleveland, O.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, 13 West Superior street.

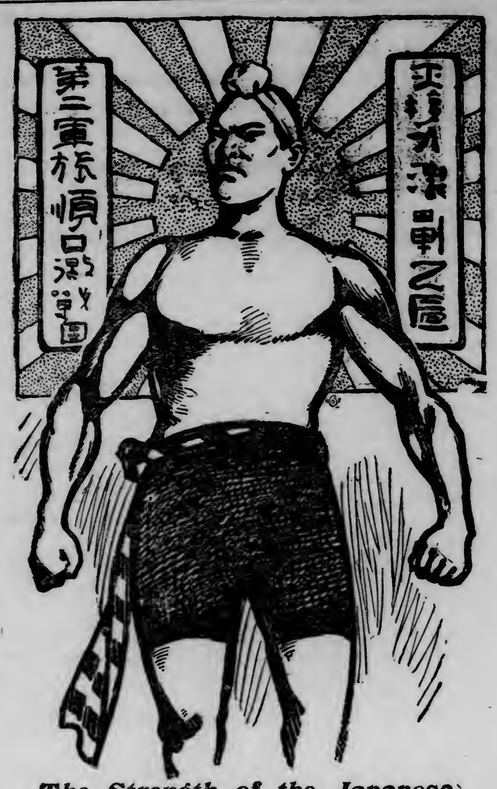
Sold by all Druggists.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANO great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; 1000 in Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

American Beauties, Meteors,

Brides, Pearls and Bridesmaid rose bushes, will bloom this year — on sale tomorrow at..... **10c** 2 for 25c

PANTON & WHITE CO.



The Strength of the Japanese.

JAPS VS. RUSSIANS.

FOR centuries the Japanese have practiced athletics. They have hereditary wrestlers under government protection, by which the male members of each succeeding family are trained to wrestling. Although the Japs are small in stature, yet they are alert, quick and possess so much science in wrestling that they can throw the best wrestlers of any other country, though twice their weight. Some years ago a little Japanese wrestler threw the terrible Turk, Yousouf, who was twice his size and weight. The Japanese quickness of mind and alertness may yet cause the Russian giants to sue for peace.

It is a proverb of Japan that a healthy stomach is the basis of all strength. The Japanese as a people are remarkable for their health, endurance, patience and skill. They have a system of physical training which is universally used. It is called the Jiu Jitzu, and by this they regulate diet, bathing, clothing, breathing, muscular development and boxing.

No man is stronger than his stomach. Let the greatest athlete have dyspepsia and his muscles would soon fail. Physical strength is derived from food. If a man has insufficient food he loses strength. If he has no food he dies. Food is converted into nutrition in the stomach. It depends on the strength of the stomach to what extent food eaten is digested and assimilated. People can die of starvation who have abundant food to eat, when the stomach and its associate organs of digestion and nutrition do not perform their duty. Thus the stomach is really the vital organ of the body. If the stomach is "weak" the body will be weak also, because it is upon the stomach the body relies for its strength. And as the body considered as a whole is made up of its several members and organs, so the weakness of the body as a consequence of "weak" stomach will be distributed among the organs which compose the body. If the body is weak because it is ill-nourished that physical weakness will be found in back and knees, in hands and feet equally. So also will the weakness be equally distributed among the organs, heart, liver, kidneys, etc., being proportionately weak according to the amount of the reduction of their daily ration of nutrition.

If then no man is stronger than his stomach and physical strength is created in the stomach and distributed from it, the very first question that a weak man should ask is, "What is wrong with my stomach?" If there are weak lungs, the condition also points to "weak" stomach. All physicians know that the cure of consumption is but a question of nutrition. If you can put flesh and fat on the body the lungs will take care of themselves. The one thing which baffles the physician in the cure of lung and other diseases is "weak" stomach. If the stomach was strong he'd feel sure of a cure. In fact, then, any condition of physical weakness at once suggests weak stomach. When the stomach is made strong, the whole body regains strength and every organ of the body, heart, liver, lungs, kidneys, etc., shares in this newly gained strength.

It is because Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition that it gives strength to the whole body. When the weak stomach is made strong by "Golden Medical Discovery" then food is perfectly digested and assimilated, the nutrition derived from food is distributed to the several organs of the body, and the "weak" heart which was weak because it was not well fed becomes strong again. So with the weakness of the other organs of the body, it is cured when the stomach is cured.

"I am pleased to tell you that three bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has cured my husband of liver complaint and indigestion," writes Mrs. G. Hall, of Novar, Ontario. "He suffered for a long time with pain in his right side and had to leave off work several times. Tried three doctors here but they did not do any good; also tried several kinds of patent medicines but received no benefit. Then I wrote to you and you advised us to try your 'Golden Medical Discovery.' We got a bottle at once and before my husband had taken all of this one bottle he was feeling ever so much better and able to work again. He continued with the 'Discovery' until he had taken three bottles and is now feeling better than for years. We both thank you, and, if you think by publishing this it will benefit other sufferers, you are at liberty to do so. We have got several friends to try your 'Golden Medical Discovery' for different complaints and I am pleased to say that it has never failed. We wish you every success."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, the best laxative for feeble people. They cure constipation and biliousness.

ANOTHER GOOD INDIAN DEAD

Aged Chieftain of White Oak Point Band Passes Away.

Cass Lake, Minn., May 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Word comes from the Winnibigoshish Indian reservation that Son-je-cumig, the aged chieftain of the White Oak Point band of Chippewa Indians, died a few days ago, and his remains were buried with all the pomp and fantastic ceremonies of the Indian nation. The old man was ailing most of the winter with a severe attack of la grippe, which later developed into quick consumption. He went out into the sugar bush, near the northeast shore of Leech lake, accompanied by a band of men and women members of his tribe, to gather in the maple sugar for the season. Son-je-cumig was an old friend of Bemidji, and when the latter died, Son-je-cumig was much depressed and failed rapidly in health. The dead Indian was much liked by his fellow-tribesmen, and also by the white people who knew him. Like Bemidji, he was ever of a peaceful disposition, and always counselled against outbreaks of any nature. He was a good Indian and his demise is regretted.

WOODEND'S AFFAIRS

Are Being Investigated Before Special Examiner.

New York, May 4.—An investigation into the affairs of Woodend & Co., the suspended stock brokerage firm, was begun today before Samuel Hitchcock, as special examiner under an order granted by Judge Holt, of the United States district court. Neither Dr. nor Mrs. Woodend, both of whom were expected to appear in court as witnesses, were present when the proceedings were opened. A lengthy examination of Mortimer H. Wigger, vice president of the Consolidated stock exchange, brought out little information beyond the fact that Dr. Woodend was a member of the exchange. Louis J. Bruck, who was managing clerk for Woodend up to April 1, told of the firm's method of doing business. He said the firm's troubles began subsequent to Feb. 1 last, with a great decrease in the volume of business which resulted in the loss of a great amount of money. The declining market, he said, had much to do with the decrease in the amount of the firm's business.

A little life may be sacrificed to a sudden attack of croup, if you don't have Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil on hand for the emergency.

The Stylish Hanan Shoes

For men and women are sold in Duluth only by M. S. Burrows.

SALE OF ROSE BUSHES

2000 fine red, white and pink rose bushes, will bloom this year. On sale tomorrow, main floor. Come quick and get all you want at—

10c 3 for 25c

PANTON & WHITE CO.

RESULT OF DRINK

Morris Connell Dies In City Jail From Alcoholism.

Has Been Wreck From Over Indulgence For Long Time.

Morris Connell, a prisoner, who was arrested by the police last evening for drunkenness, died this morning in the city jail as the result of alcoholism.

Connell was arrested last evening by Mounted Patrolman Schulte. He had been wandering about the vicinity of St. Mary's hospital, and the authorities there telephoned for an officer to place him under arrest. Patrolman Schulte answered the call, and the man was locked up at headquarters.

He appeared to be in good health at that time, although he was very much under the influence of liquor.

About 5 o'clock this morning, Lieut. Drennan, who had charge of the station, heard a noise in the lock-up and going in found the man lying on the bench. He was calling for liquor, and appeared to be in the throes of delirium tremens. Lieut. Drennan sent an officer out for some whisky and gave the man a small dose. It appeared to strengthen him and he rested more quietly. The lieutenant then left, thinking the man was all right.

About 5 o'clock the door was again unlocked to admit another prisoner and Connell was found lying dead on the floor. There was only one other prisoner in the jail at the time, and he stated to the officers that he was asleep at the time the man died and did not know anything concerning the matter.

Coroner Boyer examined the body and found that death was due to the effects of over-indulgence in drink. The man was a physical wreck.

Connell was booked upon the police register under an assumed name. When arrested he gave his name to the police authorities as John Murphy, but he was indentified by Coroner Boyer himself, who knew the man previous to his death.

Connell's story is a sad one. He has lived in Duluth a number of years. A few years ago his wife died, leaving him two children. One of the children died shortly after and the second one was given into the care of the wife's mother, who lives in the West End. Since that time Connell has gone from bad to worse and was almost continually under the influence of liquor.

Coroner Boyer decided that no inquest would be necessary.

CHANGES HANDS.

Tremont Hotel Now Under Management of J. F. Sullivan.

A great many people, and especially the traveling public, will be pleased to learn that the Tremont hotel, Lake avenue north, has passed into the hands of J. F. Sullivan, one of the best-known hotel men in this part of the country. Mr. Sullivan was for many years proprietor of the Athren, the popular hostelry at Ashland, which burned down a few months ago, and is also proprietor of the Hotel Burton at Hurley.

It is Mr. Sullivan's intention to conduct a strictly first-class and up-to-date $1.50-a-day house, for which he believes there is a good opening in Duluth. A specially good table will be set, and every care will be taken to give a strictly high-class service. The house is being renovated from basement to garret, and many improvements are about to be made. The following is the menu for today's supper, and Mr. Sullivan proposes to keep up the standard:

Consomme.
BROILED.
Sirloin Steak. Tenderloin Steak.
Mutton Chops. Sugar-Cured Ham.
FRIED.
Calve's Liver and Bacon.
ENTREES.
Pork Spare Ribs, with Apple Sauce.
Corned Beef Hash.
Eggs as Ordered.
POTATOES.
Baked. Hashed Brown.
SALAD.
Vegetable Salad.
Cold Meats.
Toast as Ordered. Rolls.
Griddle Cakes. Assorted Cake.
Bartlett Pears.
Tea. Coffee. Milk.

THE GOVERNOR HAS JOHNSON'S REPORT.

St. Paul, May 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—The report of State Examiner Johnson's investigations, covering the state timber land transactions, under the administration of Former Auditor Dunn and State Auditor Iverson, was filed with Governor Van Sant today.

Governor Van Sant turned the report over to Mr. Donahower, and that official gave notice that nothing would be given out until he had passed upon it.

TO COLONIZE POLES.

Alliance Expects to Locate 5000 of Them.

Milwaukee, May 4.—The Milwaukee branch of the Polish National Alliance, which proposes to establish new homes for 200,000 Polish miners employed in the coal fields of Pennsylvania, expects shortly to close a deal whereby 5000 of the miners will be brought to Wilsconsin. The members of the Milwaukee committee will leave tomorrow for Marinette to negotiate for 150,000 acres of land for the establishment of a Polish colony. Two weeks later the Milwaukee committee will go to Superior to investigate a proposition involving 100,000 acres of land for further colonization.

Fast Express Trains

Chicago to Pittsburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, and other eastern cities, via Pennsylvania lines.

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For full information regarding rates and time of trains call on your nearest ticket agent, or address A. W. Arnold, traveling passenger agent, Pennsylvania lines, 608 Guaranty building, Minneapolis, Minn.

The only convenient summer resort is Fond du Lac. We are offering lots reasonable. Interstate Land & Investment Co., Providence building.

WEST DULUTH

Lawrence O'Keefe, of Buffalo, fourth vice-president of the national organization of iron molders, who has been in the city for two days trying to adjust a slight difference existing between the local union and the National Iron company of West Duluth, left for Chicago last night. The result of his visit was hardly so satisfactory as some of the molders had hoped for, but he stated yesterday afternoon that the management of the plant appeared willing to come to some satisfactory agreement.

The molders claim that the iron company has not lived up to the agreement made when the recent strike was settled, and charge that the management has on different occasions discriminated against the men who struck. The leaders of the strikers have been discharged, for no good reason, they claim.

The company says no discrimination has been shown, and that the men were discharged because they did not do their work well.

WILL PLAY MILLERS.

West Duluth Ball Nine to Have Game Sunday.

Arrangements are practically completed whereby the West Duluth base ball team and Millers will play a game next Sunday. An attempt is being made to secure the Superior grounds for the event, but if this fails the contest will be pulled off on the Fifty-second avenue west diamond.

The West Duluth aggregation appears to be anxious to get a game with the White Sox, and Richard Schell stated this morning that, in behalf of the players interested, he challenged the league team to play the pick of the West Duluth and Second street aggregations for a purse of $100 on the West Duluth grounds Sunday.

The West Duluthians are looking for games with outside teams, and expect to play Hibbing on Decoration day. Managers looking for games should communicate with Thomas Faubister, 5602 Grand avenue.

EARLY MORNING FIRE.

The residence of Peter Thorson, 607 South Sixty-sixth avenue west, was badly damaged by fire at an early hour this morning. The damage will amount to several hundred dollars. It is reported that there is no insurance.

The blaze was discovered about 7 o'clock. When the fire department arrived at the scene a few minutes later it was found the burning house was situated so far from a hydrant that another trip to the West Duluth station was necessary to get a sufficient amount of hose to reach the whole distance, which was something over 2000 feet.

It is thought the fire started from the kitchen stove.

FINED FOR TRESPASS.

Byron Karn of West Duluth, arrested some time ago on complaint of the Hurd Refrigerator company of New Duluth, was found guilty in municipal court yesterday of trespass and fined $1 and costs, amounting in all to $17, which he paid.

It was alleged that Karn had gone on the company's property without any right to do so and against its orders. On being arraigned the young man pleaded not guilty. The evidence did not show that he had in any way offended other than to go on the property in question for the purpose of speaking to one of his friends who was working there. Karn had worked at the plant up to two weeks ago.

RIVER IS LOW.

The St. Louis river is said to be two feet lower than the normal this spring. The water has not been so low for several years in the spring of the year. Because of the heavy snows of the past winter it was thought the St. Louis and tributary streams would be unusually high this season. The lack of rain however, and the fact that the snow has gone off gradually has had much to do with the low stage of water.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The ladies of the West Duluth W. C. T. U. will meet at 2:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Crosby, 117 South Sixtieth avenue west. The subject will be "The Liquor Problem." Mrs. H. H. Gardner will act as leader.

Joseph Brotherton left this morning on an extended Western trip. He will visit Portland and other Oregon points in looking after land interests.

Leo Adlen, of Fifty-seventh avenue left yesterday for Mason City, Iowa.

William Blaney, of Fifty-seventh avenue west, who acted as engineer at the Duluth Stone Crusher company's plant, has accepted a position as engineer at the construction work now going on at the Superior entry.

The Duluth Stone Crusher company's plant at the head of Fifty-seventh avenue west, will be ready to start in on the season's work next week.

Owing to the remodeling of Dr. Graham's building, on Central avenue, Judge Flack and the West Duluth Republican club have removed their headquarters. The latter now has rooms upstairs at 326 Central, while Judge Flack has established himself in an office at 229 Central avenue.

The regular monthly meeting of the directors of the new Western State bank was held yesterday. The bank's affairs were shown to be in a very satisfactory condition.

For wall paper, go to Nygren's.

Euclid lodge, A. F. and A. M., will do work in the first degree at the regular meeting this evening.

Fred L. Wilson returned home yesterday from his homestead in Itasca county, where he has been for several weeks past.

Miss M. Reynolds has returned from visiting with friends at Princeton, Minn.

Mrs. Peter Hendrickson and little son, of Wadena street, left last night for the Twin Cities, where they will visit with relatives.

Paints and oils at Nygren's.

J. Allyn Scott, of the Western State bank, is still confined to his home by illness, but his condition is reported as slightly improved.

Superintendent R. E. Denfield of the city schools last night addressed a large audience of parents at the Irving school, taking as a subject "Educational Work in the Schools."

White Pine Lung Balsam will cure that cough. At Nygren's.

The Merrill & Ring sawmill started this morning, as announced yesterday, with a crew of 175 men employed.

The Dozen club held a pleasant meeting last evening at the home of Miss Hilda Knudson, on Elinor street.

The Delta Mandolin club will give a dance at the Great Eastern hall, Friday evening, May 6. Tickets, 50 cents. Ladies free.

Lauermann's shoes fit my feet.

Patterson, undertaker. 'Phone 3070.

SAND BOY WINS CUP.

London, May 4.—Sand Boy won the Chester cup, a handicap of 2550 sovereigns at the Chester meeting today. Mark Time was second and Throway third. Twelve horses ran.

Further Reductions In Stylish Spring Suits

Increased activity in the cloak room selling has hurried out the first of the broken assortments of fine suits. In the meantime other regular lines that held the post of honor in public favor, because of missing numbers, will be closed out Thursday at sharp reductions. Read every item—then come and benefit by the savings.

WOMEN'S ETON AND JACKET SUITS—of fine quality cheviot in black, brown and blue—trimmed with taffeta bands, braid and buttons—prettily tailored skirt—trimmed to match jacket—regular $16.50 suits..... **$11.89**

WOMEN'S $21.50 ETON SUITS $15.98—Of extra fine cheviot, in black and colors—jacket has shoulder capes—trimming of silk, gold braid and buttons—new girdle belt—all around even-length skirt, trimmed to match jacket—nobby suits that have always been $21.50—just for Thursday..... **$15.98**

WOMEN'S ETON AND JACKET SUITS—Of cheviots, homespuns and novelty goods, military coat, Eton and jacket styles—military braid and buttons form principal trimmings of jackets—skirts trimmed to match—a choice selection that are always priced $25—special bargain for Thursday..... **$18.00**

BLACK DRESS SUITS—of fine cheviot—Eton jacket—trimmed with silk braid and buttons—new porch sleeve—lined with good quality satin—skirt 19 gored—flared—trimmed with silk braid—entire suit beautifully tailored—compare this offer with any $28 and $30 suit in this city—for Thursday, you pay..... **$21.98**

WOMEN'S CRAVENETTE RAINCOATS $10.00—New spring models that are claiming attention—handsome ripple capes—full back with belt—new sleeve—54 to 58 inches long—marked in plain figures at $15.00—special for Thursday, at each..... **$10.98**

WOMEN'S $22.50 RAINSHINE COATS, $18.00—There are several styles in these handsome coats, full blouse front and back—single and double-breasted—with and without capes—the range of materials is a generous one—mohairs, sicilians and worsted cravenettes—in all shades. If you are going to the fair, you'll want one of these—they make a neat traveling garment—$22.50 the regular price—special for Thursday, each..... **$18.00**

SMART COVERT JACKETS $4.98—misses' and women's sizes—20, 22 and 24-inch lengths—all neatly tailored—stylish up-to-date models—some are plain tucked—others trimmed with strap of self materials—all are lined with satin or taffeta—you can't duplciate them for less than the regular prices $8.50 and $10.00—choice Thursday, each..... **$4.98**

WOMEN'S $15 JACKETS FOR $10.00—handsomely tailored jackets of tan covert cloth—pleated front and back—collarless—beautifully shaped and finished, and lined with tan-colored satin—search where you will you'll not find the equal of this jacket for less than $15—our special price..... **$10.00**

Freimuth's

COMPANY'S CLAIM

Barber Concern's Claim Is Still Before the Court.

Former City Attorney Oscar Mitchell Explains Decision.

"The decision of Judge Dibell in the injunction case does not decide the question of the legality of the asphalt company's claim against the city," said Oscar Mitchell, the former city attorney, who tried the case in question.

"Judge Dibell simply held that the original contract with the company was not valid and denied the action for an injunction restraining the city from paying over the money in question.

"The decision does not affect that provision of the city charter which allows an advance assessment of 80 per cent of the cost of any improvement to be levied before the improvement is made. In this case no advance assessment was levied. The property owners simply put up some money in order that the work could go on, and Judge Dibell held that the contract was one which could not have been enforced, although the work is now done and the question of the claim against the city is still to be decided.

"This question will come up in a case now pending before the court, and which will be tried at this term. Section 80 of the city charter provides as follows: 'When any claim of any person accepting the claim of an employe or officer of the city for wages or salary, is allowed and ordered to be paid in full or in part by the common council and such allowance or a resolution ordering the payment thereof is approved by the mayor of the said city, no order shall be issued in payment of such claim or any part thereof until the expiration of three days from the approval of such resolution by the mayor of the city of Duluth; and the city attorney of the said city, may in any case and if the amount so ordered exceeds $25 he shall, upon the request of seven taxpayers of the city, on behalf of and in the name of said city, appeal from the decision of the mayor and common council of the said city to the district court of St. Louis county.'

"Such an appeal was taken and during the hearing of this appeal the legality of the asphalt company's claim against the city will be determined.

"Judge Dibell's decision, therefore, merely denied an injunction restraining the city from paying over the money, and the case is now one directly between the city and the asphalt company as to whether or not the money shall be paid. In the injunction case there were three parties, the city, the company and the property owners who sought to restrain the city.

"The appeals from the assessments have nothing whatever to do with the case. They are a separate matter and the asphalt company is not mixed up in them."

REMODELING!

This is the season when you contemplate remodeling your premises.

Your plans should include

Wiring for Electric Lights

We Furnish FREE OF COST.

Our representative will call at any time to give you information and make estimates.

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Were you at the Wash Goods Sale Today?

Those 25c Oxford Waistings and Suitings at 12½c

Are being eagerly sought. Those who came for a single waist pattern have taken whole dress lengths. Understand, it is the manufacturer's loss, else we couldn't afford to give them at less than 25c instead of the 12½c we ask. Come tomorrow—the selection is ample.

PRETTY OXFORD CORDS—Medium weight—just right for the cool summer days, dainty Persian and floral patterns on white and cream—blue, green and pink grounds—a phenomenal bargain at 25c everywhere—sale price..... **12½c**

Muslin Underwear, Skirts, Dressing Sacques—Thursday Specials.

WOMEN'S CAMBRIC GOWNS—prettily trimmed with lace and embroidery—low-neck and short-sleeve style—regular price 89c—special for Thursday, each..... **75c**

WOMEN'S UMBRELLA DRAWERS—of fine quality cambric and muslin—Torchon lace and embroidery trimmed—regular price 50c—special for Thursday only..... **35c**

NEW UNDERSKIRTS—of fine quality chambray—in stripes of pink, blue and gray—75c values—for Thursday, each..... **59c**

WOMEN'S DRESSING SACQUES— of fine quality lawn—white grounds, with small pink, blue and black figures—large sailor collar—regular price 89c—special for Thursday..... **75c**

Four Shoe Bargains Thursday.

200 PAIRS OF WOMEN'S SHOES $1.19—shoes that have been selling at $1.75 up to $2.50—the last of several lines—broken sizes of others—mostly dongola kid—patent or stock tip—laced and buttoned—splendid values all of them—choice of any pair in the lot Thursday at—per pair..... **$1.19**

WOMEN'S $1.50 OXFORDS $1.00—all sizes and widths—in dongola kid—they're stock tip and military heel—new last—regular price $1.50—Thursday, per pair..... **$1.00**

MISSES' DONGOLA KID SHOES—patent tip, city heel,—military heel—regular price $3.00—Thursday, per pair..... **$2.00**

MISSES DONGOLA KID SHOES—patent tip, city heel, lace—a good school shoe—regular $1.75—Thursday, per pair.. **$1.25**

Freimuth's

DULUTH LEADS OTHER PLACES

Recruiting Office's April Enlistments Greatest of All Stations.

April enlistments in the Duluth recruiting station made that office second in the United States, ahead of Chicago, New York, Baltimore, Boston and a number of other places where soldiers are solicited for the government protection.

The number of enlistments last month in the Duluth district was 103 against 126 the month before, secured in this city and the sub-stations at Bemidji, Ashland and Hurley. This work is considered very good in view of the fact that the Duluth district and sub-stations are conducted by seven men, less than are used to do the work in offices of more pretentious size in other parts of the country.

San Francisco, while a large city, is said to stand very low in the comparative percentage of enlistments for the reason that there are more inducements offered to laboring men there which leaves less enticement to enlisting.

Some of the names which were added to the local roll last month are worth notice. There were 12 Johnsons and 9 Andersons. Among the peculiar names were Ylonen and Houdala, both Finns. One man, Pocket, was picked from the list as a good example of the queer cognomens.

Tan shoes will be all the rage this summer, and M. S. Burrows has now on saleall the snappy styles.

Ribbons.

2 Bargains.

BRILLIANT MOUSSELINE Taffeta, a fine all-silk ribbon, 3½ inches wide, all the standard shades—also black and white—32c the regular price; special for Thursday, per yard..... **21c**

100 PIECES FANCY RIBBON—3 inches wide, are the newest color combinations—pretty effects—regular price 18c—special for Thursday, only, per yard... **10c**

Wall Paper.

FROM THE MAY SALE.

6¼c FOR BEDROOM PAPERS—popular 12c and 15c patterns— we have 50 full bundles to offer, at per roll..... **6¼c**

10c FOR HALL PAPERS—worth up to 25c—18-inch blended borders to match; 45 patterns to choose from—for Thursday only they go at, per roll..... **10c**

Freimuth's

THE FIGHT RESUMED

Between the Dunn and Collins Forces In Ramsey County.

Dunn Men Claim Collins Will Not Carry a Precinct.

St. Paul, May 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—The close of the city election in St. Paul is the signal for a renewal of the contest between the supporters of Robert C. Dunn, of Princeton, and Judge Loren W. Collins, of St. Cloud. From now until the convention, these leading candidates for the Republican gubernatorial nomination will wage an aggressive campaign in Ramsey county, upon which the success of either candidate largely depends.

The Dunn men held their first representative meeting in Ramsey county at the Windsor hotel Monday night. The meeting was represented by men from every precinct in every ward in St. Paul, and plans for a vigorous campaign were discussed. The Dunn men have a closely knit and effective organization, and some of them are so sanguine as to believe that Collins will not get a precinct in the city.

This, however, is an exaggerated view of Mr. Dunn's strength. Judge Collins has many active young men, who put up an excellent fight in the city campaign and who each succeeding year become more influential in state and city compaigns. These young men are enthusiastic and as confident of victory as the older men in the camp of Mr. Dunn.

* * *

Judge Collins and Mr. Dunn, in addresses at ward meetings in Minneapolis, have, in a measure, outlined the platforms on which they are making their campaigns, and the addresses for this reason are being discussed by Twin City politicians as especially significant.

Judge Collins says that his platform consists of three main principles: First, preservation of competition between competing lines of railroads; second, an extension of the primary system so as to cover state offices, and third, the abolition of undue corporate influence in legislation and the transaction of the business o fthe state.

Mr. Dunn in his address denied the charge of some of the Collins supporters that he is a "merger" candidate and chalenged anyone to point to a single word or deed of Mr. Dunn's sustaining the charge. He said that Judge Collins was the candidate of "the state house clique" and that the proper thing for the judge to do was to remain a supreme court judge, a position to which he had been elected by the people of the state.

* * *

Simon Clark, of Duluth, surveyor general of logs and lumber of the Duluth district, called at the capitol yesterday to report to State Auditor S. G. Iverson the cutting of timber on state land during the season just drawing to a close. Mr. Clark turned over to the state auditor scale bills for timber aggregating 20,000,000 feet, and there are 40,000,000 feet yet to be reported.

ASSERT THAT HE WAS HASTY

Officers of Lumber Co. Say Fullerton Acted Unnecessarily.

The order issued by Judge Dibell, at the petition of S. F. Fullerton, executive agent of the state game and fish commission, directing the Tower Lumber company to appear in district court yesterday and show cause why it should not be restrained from breaking its log jam in Pike river, was dissolved.

Mr. Fullerton and other employes of the commission succeeded in catching and stripping all the eggs from pike that they desired before the time set for the hearing, and the matter was dropped, the lumber company not putting in an appearance.

Officers of the Tower Lumber company claim that Mr. Fullerton went to a great deal of unnecessary trouble, for they had given him their word that the log jam would not be broken until he caught the fish, and they did not intend to go back on their word. They say that the executive agent was too much influenced by street rumors.

The log jam was broken on Pike river yesterday and the logs are now on their way down to Lake Vermilion and the sawmill.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Toby Lespourance, aged 17, and his sister, aged 15, were drowned Tuesday while boating on the Lasalle river, near Winnipeg. The river is very high and their boat was overturned.

Al central Texas was visited by a terrible storm Tuesday. The principal streets were wrecked by the flood and great damage done to the fields. A number of bridges were washed away. Trains from the North came through water six inches deep.

News has just been received at Eden Valley, Minn., that Lizzie Bauer, of that city and Miss Thielen, of Shakope, were drowned Tuesday at Shakope in the Minnesota river.

South Brigantine station reports that the steamer Craigneuk, from Matanzas (before reported ashore off South Brigantine shoals) was floated and left for Philadelphia via Delaware breakwater.

A general strike of the union teamsters of Grand Rapids, Mich., was called Tuesday by a vote of the local union, the members demanding that the team owners meet them to arbitrate differences regarding hours and wages. About five hundred union men are said to have left the stables at midnight.

The storm which has practically suspended railroad traffic near Buena Vista, Col., broke out anew with added force Tuesday afternoon. Six feet of snow has fallen in the mountains. While the fall has been heavy in the valleys, only six inches remains on the ground, the rest having melted. Considerable apprehension is felt for the safety of the Twin Lakes reservoir, which is reported to be full.

WOMAN SHOOTS HIGHWAYMAN.

Eureka Springs, Ark., May 4.—Mrs. Rena Rhiel fired both barrels of a shotgun into a highwayman as he stood on her porch yesterday waiting for her to deliver up her cash and valuables. The masked bandit appeared at the Rhiel home a short time after her husband had started to town. Mrs. Rhiel appearing to acquiece the robber's demand, went to a closet, seized the gun and fired. The man fell at the first shot, but managed to get away.

Sheriff Morris and posse are searching the surrounding woods and his escape, in his weakened condition, is hardly possible.

THINK SMITH DID SHOOTING

Is Believed to Have Put Bullet In Carl Slather.

The sheriff and the Minneapolis police authorities are inclined to believe that Harry Smith, who was arrested in Superior last Saturday and who was returned to Minneapolis to answer the charge of jail breaking, is the man who shot and wounded Carl Slather, in Minneapolis, the evening of April 21.

Slather is the man who escaped from the rock gang here April 5, and who afterward escaped from the hospital, where he was taken after being shot.

According to Smith's own story he had a pal who got about $300 of his money, and whom he promised to kill if he had to hang for it. Tracing his subsequent movements, the authorities say that Smith was in Minneapolis the evening of April 21 when Slather was shot. Slather, when taken to the hospital, had about $200 on his person.

The supposition is that he was the pal who got Smith's money, and the latter, after shooting him, did not have time to recover the money.

VERDICT RETURNED.

Jury Awards N. J. Miller $75 For Sealskin Coat.

A verdict of $75 and costs was returned against H. G. Gross the furrier, by the jury in the municipal court yesterday afternoon.

Nicholas J. Miller brought suit against Mr. Gross to recover for the value of a sealskin jacket left with Mr. Gross for repairs. Mr. Miller claims he left the coat to be repaired at an expense of $40. When the repairs had been completed he was unable to pay the money at once, but made a deposit of $10 and said he would pay the rest later. He claims that Mr. Gross promised to return the coat the following day, and that he delayed sending the coat on different pretexts and finally when he went with the remaining $30 to get the coat, he was told that it had been stolen.

Mr. Gross maintained that the coat had been left with him for repairs and not for storage and that he was not responsible for its safe keeping after the repairs had been completed. He claims that it was stolen from his store by some person unknown.

The jury after deliberating half an hour returned a verdict of $75 and costs in favor of the plaintiff.

ASSOCIATION DISSOLVES

The Bessemer Ore Combine Goes Out of Existence.

Cleveland, O., May 4.—The Bessemer Ore association, which has for a number of years past fixed the selling price of Lake Superior ores, has practically ceased to exist. The members of the association met here yesterday, and, after a conference, announced that it had been found impossible to reach an agreement, and as a result, the association was dissolved. At the close of the conference the following statement was given out by a prominent producer:

"The ore meeting of today adjourned sine die, and each member of the association is now left to make such prices for his ore as seems to him best. The predominating reason for this failure to come to an agreement heretofore was that the so-called merchant ore producers felt it was inequitable that they alone should stand the entire restriction of output, that the diminishing demand seemed to call for."

It was pointed out by those who attended the conference that the failure to reach an agreement would have little tendency to demoralize the ore market, but the season's contracts have already largely been made. In addition to this, by far the largest consumer of ore in the country is the United States Steel corporation, which produces its own ore. Prominent mining operators predict that Bessemer ore will not be quoted much lower than $3.50, while non-Bessemer will be sold at close to $2.85 per ton.

HARMONY PREVAILED.

Threatened Contest Between Republicans Avoided.

Louisville, Ky., May 4.—The threatened contest between Former Governor W. O. Bradley and Commissioner of Internal Revenue John W. Yerkes for the control of the Republican state convention and the state central committee failed to materialize at the convention yesterday. In two speeches which won him ovations, Mr. Bradley declared for harmony. He moved that the rules and order of business be suspended before the report of the committee on credentials should be announced, and that Mr. Yerkes, the temporary chairman, be unanimously declared permanent chairman. The same motion applied to the retention of Samuel J. Roberts and Young E. Allison as permanent secretaries. The motion was carried unanimously, after it had been held up for some time by Former Congressman John D. White, who was finally howled down.

The platform adopted endorses the administration of President Roosevelt.

NEW ORLEANS POLICE BOARD ASKED TO RESIGN.

Chicago, May 4.—A dispatch to the Tribune from New Orleans says: Mayor Capdeville has asked the members of the board of police commissioners of New Orleans to resign as a result of charges by Commissioner John A. Woodville that the commissioners are "grafters" and are responsible for gambling houses and lottery shops. The mayor's action produced a sensation. Riotous scenes attended the meeting of the board, and, on adjournment, Woodville was cheered and carried about by a crowd of his supporters.

TO MEET AT BUFFALO

International Convention of Y. M. C. A. Held May 11 to 15.

Head of Lakes to Be Well Represented at Gathering.

Paul J. Gilbert, assistant secretary at the Duluth Y. M. C. A., Rev. R. A. Montgomery and E. S. Davis, secretary of the Proctor association, together with two delegates from Two Harbors, will attend the thirty-fifth international convention of Young Men's Christion Associations of North America, to be held at Buffalo next week, May 11 to May 15. The association quartet, consisting of C. M. Keeler, of Minneapolis, P. H. Metcalf, of St. Paul, E. W. Peck, state secretary, Minneapolis, and Mr. Gilbert, of Duluth, will hold a place on the four days' program.

This convention marks the jubilee of federation among the North American asosciations—a federation which was originated fifty years ago in Buffalo by the first meeting of the association delegates ever held on this continent. One impressive testimony to what the federation has accomplished during this half century of its existence will be given by the presence of delegates from many classes of young men, representing the proportions to which the association movement has grown.

Among these will be young men from the commercial classes, young men from the country belonging to the country organiaztions, students from colleges, preparatory and professional schools, railroad men and men from other industrial classes, soldiers, sailors, colored and Indian young men and boys from the growing boys' departments.

When the first annual convention of the Y. M. C. A. was called at Buffalo in 1854, there were only twenty-six associations in America. To the twenty-six associations of 1854 have been added more than twenty-six new organizations with each passing year of the half century.

The railroads have granted very low rates to the convention city, and a special train will leave Chicago over the Grand Trunk line on next Tuesday, May 10. The delegates from Duluth will go on this train.

A feature of the program will be the foreign work as presented by some of the secretaries of the international committee. Myron A. Clark, association secretary in Brazil, will visit Duluth at the close of the convention.

GILBERT'S NEW PLAY

Makes a Great Hit at the Garrick Theater.

London, May 4.—The eagerly awaited reappearance of William S. Gilbert in the dramatic field at the Garrick last night conducted his audience through a world of greater extravaganza than any into which he has before ventured. The new Gilbert play is entitled "The Fairy's Dilemma," further described as "An original domestic pantomime," and its scene is set in realms of "The supernatural," the whole being written in the droll'est and most absurd Gilbertian manner.

The plot turns on the tyranny of parental interference in matrimonial matters. In the second act the characters are suddenly transformed into those of a harlequinade and in a pantomime inexpressibly comic to see, Arthur Bourchier as the clown, Violet Van Brugh as Columbine and the others in the cast kept the house in roars of laughter. Verdicts differed, however, at the close and the opinions of the critics this morning vary as to whether it will prove a success.

THE THIBET INVASION

Purpose of British Mission Revealed By Recent Battles.

The Czar's Frontal Line Is a Menace to India.

London, May 4.—"India is like a fortress, with a vast sea as a moat on two sides and mountains on the third. Beyond the walls is a glacis of varying breadth and dimensions. We do not want to occupy it, but we cannot afford to see it occupied by a foe.

"We are quite content that it should remain in the hands of allies and friends, but if unfriendly influences creep up and lodge under our walls we are compelled to intervene, because our danger would thereby grow up and menace our security. That is the secret of the whole position in Thibet."

Thus spoke Lord Curzon in discussing the increasing range of England's responsibility in Asia in the Indian council on the last day of March. One day later came the news that the British political mission led into Thibet by Col. Younghusband had been engaged in a desperate encounter with Thibetans, who sought to sweep back the expedition.

"The British government cannot acquiesce in any change in the status quo in Thibet or countenance any attempt on the part of any foreign government to establish a predominant interest there."

Exactly two weeks after Lord Curzon had spoken in Calcutta, Mr. Broderick, the British secretary of war, made the foregoing declaration in the house of commons in addition, he declared that if any power was to be predominant in Thibet that power must be Great Britain. Simultaneously with Mr. Broderick's announcemtn of British policy came the news of further opposition to Younghusband's expedition, which resulted like the first battle in frightful loss to the Thibetans.

Add to these facts the permission to send Indian troops into Thibel, granted by the British government, and the fact that Gen. Macdonald has already left with re-enforcements for Col. Younghusband, and theer is no longer any possibility of concealment of the truth—that the supposedly peaceful political mission into the unknown country of Thibet is a plain and unmistakable warning to Russia that England will no longer permit the stealthy efforts which emissaries of the czar have been making for years to establish Russian influence at Lhassa.

It is so looked upon in England, where the real object of the mission has been shrouded in so much official mystery that it was only revealed by the first news dispatches which brought a meager account of a desperate attempt by the Thibetans to check the British advance.

Incidentally the dispatches revealed the fact that part of the equipment of the mission was a strong force of artillery. This is peculiarly significant. Much more significant is the news that among the "heaps of dead and wounded" left on the field after the British had dispersed the natives, rifles were found that bore the stamp of Russian manufacture.

As nearly as the public has ever been permitted to learn, Col. Younghusband's expedition to Lhasse, the mysterious capital of the country which Henry Savage Lander dubbed "the roof of the world," was first conceived with a view to opening up Thibet to trade, particularly to the constantly increasing trade of India. Col. Younghusband's first attempt to penetrate the unknown country with a small force proved a failure, and after he had proceeded some distance, he was forced to return early last year.

The present mission, consisting of a strong force of Indian troops was then organized. Like Lord Roberts in his famous dash through the Khyber Pass, Col. Younghusband and his force disappeared for months, until the news of fierce encounter reminded the public of the mission and its purpose.

It is extremely difficult to gauge the true inwardness of the mision, which has suddenly developed into an army of invasion. In theory Thibet is directly under the suzerainty of China, or was supposed to be until Russia obtained such powerful sway over that empire as to become virtual possessor of Manchuria and to secure trade rights to every dependency under Chinese influence.

Leaving the probable results of the present Russo-Japanese war aside, a glance at the map of Asia, recolored by the Russian diplomatic successes of the past few years, reveals Russia's long cherished ambition, written plainly. From the foot of the Persian gulf the frontal line of Russia now extends in a huge crescent all around the northrn boundaries of British India to Port Arthur, and for the past two years it has been drawn closer and closer every day.

The Russian loan to Persia some years ago added the western horn to this crescent. At one stride Russian control has passed from the Caspian Sea to the Arabian Sea, until she has now established a complete cordon around India. In all her slow and irresistible advance toward the East there is only one meaning to be read—a determination to conquer all Asia and absorb British India. However ephemeral such a wild dream of expulsion may be, it is taken as seriously in England today as it was in the days of Sir John Lawrence, when India was in the making.

RUSSIANS STOP STEAMER AND SEARCH THE MAILS.

Port Said, May 4.—The Peninsula and Oriental Steamship Osiris, nine hours out from Brindisi has been stopped, boarded and heir mails examined by the Russian warship Krabin (Khrabry?) which fired a blank shot across the Osiris' bows. The Russians detained the Osiris for two hours searching the mails. They demanded the Japanese mails but these were at the bottom of the mass of postmatter and remained untouched.

TO PROTECT HOTEL GUESTS

From Fire Is the Imperative Duty of Every Landlord.

Denver, May 4.—At the meeting of the Rocky Mountain Hotel Men's association today, John B. Laughlin, a member of the executive board read a paper on "Fire Trap Hotels." He said in part:

"Statistics showing the wholesale (and too frequently unnecessary) loss of valuable lives from hotel conflagrations in the past twenty-five years are so appalling that they almost stagger human credence.

"We cannot, may, must not, close our eyes to the fact that an immense proportion of these horrible calamities are caused by gross negligence, with an almost utter disregard of even the ordinary methods of proper protection to hotel guests, aside from those which the laws afford, and should compel.

"Hence it is up to the honorable hotel men themselves to bring about a thorough and radical reform in this direction, and that they can do it, if they set about it in the right manner, no sane person among them for a moment has a doubt.

"Fire trap hotels are not only a great menace to any community, but they are a distinct reflection upon the legitimate, important and expensive hotel business itself, so that in the interest of this important industry, as well as human life, these should be peremptorily closed and permanently, or their owners compelled to comply with the laws in rendering them as safe as it is possible to make them."

WAR ON RATS

To Be Made By Officials at Manila.

Washington, May 4.—Secretary of War Taft has served notice that war is to be waged by the Philippine government. The war department has placed orders in this country for a large number of ferrets, which are to be used in freeing Manila from rats.

At the time the bubonic plague raged in Manila it was determined that its spread was chiefly due to rats, and since that time a price has been placed on the little pests and many schemes for exterminating them have been tried.

According to reports received at the war department in January of the present year, 43,000 of the animals were killed in the Philippine capital, but the rate of extermination is not rapid enough to suit the Philippine commissioners.

It is pointed out that poison cannot be used, becaus the dead rats must not be allowed to remain in holes. The purpose of the extermination is to free all of the animals' haunts from traces of the disease.

Ferrets usually kill rats by fastening to them and sucking their blood. Consequently the little pest exterminators will be muzzled before sent into the rat holes, and traps will be placed where they will catch rats chased out of their hiding places by the ferrets.

ST. VINCENT FLOODED.

The Red River Continues to Rise There.

St. Vincent, Minn., May 4.—The Red river has not stopped rising at St. Vincent. It has risen seven and one-half inches from Friday noon until yesterday noon. It is on the floors of some of the lower houses, the water has run in through the ditches to opposite the Great Northern railway depot. Hellman's cold storage, the Ontario house and J. D. Johnson's store is surrounded with water. The river farms are mostly under water and very little seeding is done in the township. The river south of the village has backed up into Stella lake and is now running with a rush, under the railway culverts into Cameron's lake, and from there into the Red river at Emerson, flooding the farms between. Section men are night and day filling in brush and ties where the water crosses.

WOULD CURE WIVES OF EUCHRE HABIT.

New York, May 4.—Twenty-one husbands who reside in Bayonne, N. J., have met and organized the Married Men's anti-euchre and home preservation society. They declare it is high time their wives and other men's wives were cured of the progressive euchre habit and they propose to use all their efforts to establish such a cure. Several letters from other towns and cities were read endorsing the movement.

STRICTURE

"I cure Stricture without cutting or dilating, thus avoiding the horrors of surgery."

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

HAVE YOU ANY OR ALL OF THESE SYMPTOMS ?

Tenderness in urethra, at times accompanied by dull or shooting pains; frequent desire to pass urine, but not able to empty the bladder; voiding the urine at frequent intervals during the night; a gradual decline of virility, resulting eventually in complete loss of power. The physical suffering is equalled only by the accompanying mental distress, which generally takes the form of gloomy forebodings, and feelings of impending disaster.

OUR ELEOTRO-MEDIOAL TREATMENT

Will promptly correct this serious trouble. It acts immediately and directly upon the stricture, dislodging and completely removing all diseased tissue, allaying all irritation and inflammation; restores the sexual powers completely, and leaves the urinary canal entirely free from obstruction, and in a healthy and sound condition.

We do not treat all diseases, but we cure all we treat; we treat men only and cure them to stay cured. We cure to stay cured Varicocele, Stricture, Lost Manhood, Atrophied or Shrunken Organs, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Nervo Sexual Debility, Rupture, Kidney, Urinary Diseases, and all associate diseases and weakne sses of men. We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a LEGAL CONTRACT to hold for our promises. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes of men, and to which countless tongues gladly testify? If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

PROGRESSIVE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 1 W. Superior St. Cor. Lake Ave. Duluth, Minn.

References—Best banks and leading business men of the city. Consultation Free and Confidential Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Wouldn't You Kick?

If the Dr. Held up his finger at you at breakfast and said: "It's that COFFEE, you know, that causes your stubborn, sick spells and my medicines are useless, fighting against the daily poison to your nerves you take in coffee. You simply cannot get well until you quit coffee, so if you continue to use it we must consider you like to be sick all day as an exchange for the pleasure of a cup of coffee in the morning."

How We Do Hate Facts

And keep on drinking coffee and enjoying the headaches, stomach and bowel troubles, nervous prostration and the whole train of disorders that follow, after we have used coffee long enough to build in the diseased cells, and when these cells exist we simply cannot be well. We must stop the daily poison of coffee and let good old Dame Nature make new and perfect cells for us.

A Pleasant Way Out

And an almost immediate comfort and relief is to quit coffee absolutely. Have as many or more cups of Postum Coffee, but be very sure to know—insist upon knowing that it has been boiled, actual boiling, not less than 15 minutes. Many cooks try to prepare Postum by 5 or 6 minutes boiling, but that will not do. Of course there's no harm in drinking a weak, insipid cup of underboiled Postum, but where's the use, when it can be had rich, deep brown, with a decided crisp coffee snap, hot and delicious. Don't let them serve it to you half made. After a day or two you will find (probably to your surprise) that the old sick troubles are better.

That's Your Cue. Follow It.

"There's a Reason" for

POSTUM COFFEE

Look for the miniature book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg. of Postum and Grape-Nuts

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TO SUBSCRIBERS:
It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

WHEELS BEGIN TO HUM.

What was anticipated as a probability with regard to the spring opening is now a certainty. The extremely cold winter and backward spring weather is now being followed by a season of exceptional warmth, which is rapidly warming the earth, freeing lakes and rivers of ice and bringing near the time when all the wheels of summer industry can begin to hum.

The beneficent effects of this balmy weather are already felt in Duluth. Two of the larger sawmills have started their saws in motion for the season and several others will follow suit before the week ends. The near approach of the time when boats can begin to navigate Lake Superior, perhaps within a day or two, is causing activity among the owners and operators of local craft, who have plenty work to do as soon as the conditions will permit.

In all sections of the city preparations for a busy summer are being made. Considerable building is already in progress, while a larger amount will be undertaken within a few days. While there are plenty men to carry on the work there are but few idle and wages are comparatively good.

The present fine weather also insures a successful planting and sowing season and the farmer has every reason to expect bounteous harvests and a prosperous year. At present there are no unfavorable conditions affecting the welfare of Duluth, excepting possibly the restriction of iron ore output. But the Eastern mills and furnaces are resuming activity and it will probably be found before the shipping season ends that the mines will be rushed with orders in order to supply next winter's demands.

The business men of Duluth have reason to feel greatly encouraged over the present outlook.

HEARST IMPOSSIBLE.

Congressman John Lind, who has returned to Minneapolis from Washington, has promptly reiterated his opinions on the situation as regards the Democratic presidential nomination. There has been some talk on the part of a few Hearst enthusiasts in Minneapolis that they would compel Mr. Lind to keep his hands off the fight for delegates to the state and national conventions or they would make trouble about his own renomination for congress. But this little threat had no effect on Mr. Lind. He is not in the habit of asking any person's permission to state his position politically, nor is he easily scared by talk of opposition. He probably cares little about going back to congress again, but even if he was anxious to return he would not keep silent at this important juncture, even if by expressing his views he endangered his own re-election.

Mr. Lind says emphatically that the Hearst boom is practically dead; that Hearst does not stand any chance at all of getting the nomination, and that at present Judge Parker seems to be the probable nominee of the St. Louis convention. This confirms all the reports that come from the political centers, both East and West. Judge Parker may not be the nominee, but it is certain that Hearst will not. This being true, it would be unwise, to say the least, for the Minnesota Democrats to send a delegation instructed for Hearst. The Minnesota delegates should be left free to consult and act in conjunction with the states which can be depended upon to give Democratic majorities and the doubtful states whose electoral votes are necessary for Democratic success.

WOMAN'S RESPONSIBILITY.

Mrs. Eunice Waltham, writing to a New York paper, says:

"Whenever it has come to a fight American boys have shown an amount of manly courage and daring that has astonished the world. I saw by your paper the account of the sublime courage of three young American firemen who died doing their duty. Undoubtedly these young men were the product of our public schools, where they are taught by women teachers. In the face of such things how ridiculous is the report of the educational committee that announced—a mere echo, by the way, of an English criticism—that women teachers made weaklings and cowards of our boys!"

Here we have a woman who is not only proud of the fact that American boys are fighters, but brags about their courage and valor in warfare as being a result of feminine teaching, as though exceptional ability to kill and maim were a desirable human attribute. No doubt there is yet a vast majority of people who believe as she does, because they never stopped to think for themselves, but whether a cultivation of the love of warfare and fighting is right or wrong here is a woman who rightly claims for womankind the credit or blame that should attach to such education of mankind.

What have the advocates of woman's superiority to man to say in answer to this? Here is one who desires on behalf of womankind to claim the greater responsibility for the education of mankind. And she is right. Woman has much more to do with moulding the mind of the sons of the race than has the male sex. Therefore man in his morals and desires is but a reflection of what woman would have him to be. How, then, can one sex be superior to the other? He is a thoughtless creature or a knave who says such a thing can be.

A PARALLEL CASE.

Professor Goldwin Smith, of Toronto, one of the foremost educators of America, and a persistent advocate of reciprocity between Canada and the United States, calls attention to a parallel to the situation now existing in the trade relaions of these two countries. Before there was free trade between England and Scotland the protectionist opposition to the commercial union was strong on the English as well as on the Scotch side, and was proved by the result to be equally mistaken. Writing after the union had been effected, to his protectionist constituents at Bristol, Burke said:

"How much have you lost by the participation of Scotland in all your commerce? The external trade of England has more than doubled since that period; and I believe your internal (which is the most advantageous) has been augumented at least fourfold. Such virtue there is in liberality and sentiment, that you have grown richer even by the partnership of poverty. If you think that this participation was a loss, commercially considered, but that it has been compensated by the share which Scotland has taken in defraying the public charge—I believe you have not very carefully looked at the public accounts. Ireland, sir, pays a great deal more than Scotland; and is perhaps as much and as effectually united to England as Scotland is. But if Scotland, instead of paying little, had paid nothing at all, we should be gainers, not losers, by acquiring the hearty co-operation of an active, intelligent people toward the increase of the common stock; instead of our being employed in watching and counteracting them, and their being employed in watching and counteracting us, with the peevish and churlish jealousy of rivals and enemies on both sides."

There is in this letter a satisfactory and conclusive answer to every argument that may be brought by the opponents of freer trade relations between the United States and Canada. The man who cannot see that free trade between the United States and Canada would be to the distinct advantage of nearly all he people of both countries is a dullard, indeed, for if he denies this then he also denies that free trade between the different states is a benefit to the people residing therein.

The American farmer who thinks that he would be injured by free trade with Canada is just in the same position as the English agriculturalist who thought he would be damaged by free trade with Scotland. He is simply standing in his own light, retarding his own progress and injuring his own chances for prosperity.

THE TUBERCULIN TEST.

City Meat and Dairy Inspector William Langslow urges that all milk dealers submit their cows to the test for tuberculosis and favors the plan of making this test compulsory by state law and city ordinance. The inspector is a conscientious man and a good citizen, who is seeking to do his duty and anxious to protect the health of the people. But there is a question, and a serious one, whether this tuberculin test for cattle does not do more harm than good.

The test, of course, can do no injury where a critter is already infected with tuberculosis, but to pump this poison into well cattle is to invite serious consequences. There are good authorities and able physicians who claim, with a strong show of substantiation, that the injection of this tuberculin culture into the veins of well cows will often result in producing tuberculosis, and if there is any basis to the theory of germ infection, then it would seem that the tuberculin test is a dangerous one.

It is generally recognized that vaccination to prevent smallpox results in a mild form of variolоid, and there is now a widespread belief that the injection of this poison into the veins of human beings subjects them to greater danger than the risk they run in the matter of taking smallpox. In other words, vaccination is a preventative, but often brings greater evils than those it prevents.

There ought to be some way of finding out whether cattle are diseased without subjecting healthy ones to the danger of becoming diseased through the application of the test.

THE FIELD SURVEY

Since Carrie Nation has been elevated to the dime museum stage we may perhaps in future be spared repetition of the assertion that she was "honest although eccentric and misguided, perhaps." No person who attempts to take the law into his own hands and would destroy the property of another is honest, although some may think he is. It was merchantable notoriety that Mrs. Nation sought, not the welfare of humanity.

* * *

It is an assertion of the Memphis Commercial-Appeal that Mr. Bryan has found Judge Parker an unspeakable candidate.

* * *

When a woman becomes so enamored of her own form as to enter a shape contest and pose before the camera unadorned, she can no longer be considered a safe model of propriety for modest young women to pattern after.

* * *

Some Southerners talk as if President Roosevelt's entertainment of a negro at table compelled them to do the same thing.

* * *

Terrence V. Powderly is trying to place the trust and the labor union in the same category. Mr. Powderly has a big job.

* * *

Macaulay wrote this: "Many politicians of our time are in the habit of laying it down as a self-evident proposition that no people ought to be free till they are fit to use their freedom. The maxim is worthy of the fool in the old story who resolved not to go into the water till he had learned to swim." This answers with force and directness the argument of those who contend that people are not fit to govern themselves until they are educated up to the American sandard.

* * *

Bill Barlow, of Douglas, Wyo., for whom it is claimed that he was a pupil of Bill Nye, is the author of a little monthly magazine entitled "Sagebrush Philosophy." His motto is "Live, laugh and love—therell come a time when you cant." The spelling and punctuation are his. He also says "theirn" and such "moren" he should. However, he has some entertaining thoughts, which may or may not be entirely original, although he is the inventor of a new system of dress making for the American language. He also seems to think a great deal of the gentler sex—a little too much, perhaps, for his own good.

* * *

President Mellen states an evident fact when he says: "With business falling off, day by day, here in New England, I find my political friends opposing an enlargement of our markets and preferring a phrase 'stand pat' to the substance reciprocity with our neighbor Canada would give us."

* * *

It is claimed that the ore shipped from the Lake Superior district in one season (about 20,000,000 tons) would make a pile about equal in size to the great pyramid in Egypt. So it will readily be seen that a great amount of work was required in the construction of the pyramids.

* * *

The ability to write a story so entertainingly that nobody will know from the reading what actually happened is a talent of doubtful value possessed by some reporters, who draw high salaries from yellow journals and others.

* * *

If it was not for patent medicine how would some people ever succeed in getting their pictures in the paper?

* * *

After all the policeman is the best friend of the inebriate, for the officer of the law often saves him from accident, exposure and death by sending him home or locking him up when he is no longer able to care for himself. The man who has lost the power to remain sober should be thankful that there are officers to take care of him.

* * *

"The opinion recently expressed in a speech by Secretary Taft, that it will require generations to fit the people of the Philippines for self-government, coupled with a strong intimation that the day will never come, will be a stunning announcement to the philanthropic society of distinguished men who are advocating their liberation from colonial restraint. On the other hand it will be welcome news to the favored monopolists, who expect to make fortunes under high tariffs and government concessions." So says the Louisville Courier-Journal. Why this pronouncement of Secretary Taft should stun anybody is a problem. There is no law that compels any one to believe what he says, although he has been selected as Roosevelt's spokesman.

* * *

Now is a good time to make your back yard testify to the fact that civilized and cleanly people live in the house in front.

IF YOU DO NOT KNOW, YOU OUGHT TO KNOW:

That the conquest of Egypt by the Saracens deprived Europe of papyrus and caused a sort of hiatus in the history of the world for the simple reason that people making records, etc., scratched out ancient writings on that parchment in order to use it over again, thus losing to the world most valuable records.

* * *

That the Chinese Six Companies represent the six districts near Canton, China, from which almost all the immigrants come to this country. The companies bring the immigrants here, paying their passage, supporting them until they get work, taking care of them when sick and carrying their bones back to China, for all of which they exact enormous rates of interest, and blackmail their subjects from time to time as occasion arises. The Highbinders are simply the agents of the companies in blackmailing, or in removing the Chinamen who refuse to be blackmailed or are otherwise obnoxious to the companies.

* * *

That last year there were 8700 fires in New York city, netting a loss of $5,864,000; Chicago, 4108 fires, with a loss of $4,729,000; Philadelphia, 3079 fires, $2,009,000; then Boston, with 1683 fires and $1,489,000 loss. This year's record will, of course, be tremendously swelled by reason of the Baltimore fire. An abnormal record, granted, but nevertheless barring it, the regular yearly loss of about $100,000,000 in property, and besides many lives, is appalling, and that the conditions should be permitted to continue is nothing short of criminal, silly negligence. It is possible to throw such safeguards around about old buildings as to greatly lessen the danger. It is bad enough to have to use highly inflammable furnishings, and to store combustible materials in building, but with wood as expensive as it is today, there is neither economy nor good sense in using it anywhere about a building. Steel work for the framing of buildings, thoroughly encased and protected with fireproof tile and with external walls of brick and terra cotta, materials that have passed through fire in their manufacture, are the only materials that should be permitted in city buildings, particularly of any size. Air shafts, elevator shafts, and stair-walls should be enclosed in fireproofing; fire travels very slowly in horizontal directions while the moment you offer a vertical trend for it, it fairly rushes in its destructive course. Then, too, cities should at once install high pressure water services that are used only for fire, such as the service in Philadelphia. Heretofore less intelligence has been exercised in the prevention of fire in our cities than in any other municipal duty. It is high time to amend our ways.

* * *

That natural gas plays no unimportant part in our economy. It is now the fuel in 8000 factories in this country, is used for cooking in more than 500,000 homes, 4,500,000 people use it as an illuminant and it supplies the world with lampblack.

* * *

That in 1860 there were in the Southern states between 500,000 and 600,000 slave owners and slave hirers and there were 4,250,000 slaves, or about eight slaves to each owner. Since that time the South has expended about $140,000,000 for the education of the negro. Today the blacks own about 3.3 per cent of the personal property of the old Southern states. Arkansas, Georgia, North Carolina anr Virginia contain 30.39 per cent of the entire negro population of the United States. The proportion of blacks is from 85 to 93 per cent of all convicts in Southern penitentiaries.

HOTEL GOSSIP

An unusual array of well-known men are interested in the condemnation proceedings of the Minnesota & North Wisconsin railway now being heard in the district court of St. Louis county. The Brooks-Scanlon Lumber company, which owns the road, is making the fight, and the Weyerhaeuser interests are opposing the endeavor. R. M. Weyerhaeuser is stopping at the Spalding, as are also H. C. Hornby, of Cloquet; Burt P. Lum, George C. Ripley and John R. Van Derlip, of Minneapolis; W. P. Warner, of St. Paul; Eugene O'Neil, of Chippewa Falls, and F. C. Leonard, of Eau Claire. J. P. Keyes, general manager of the Brooks-Scanlon company, with Mrs. Keyes, and R. E. Smith, of the same company, are registered from Scanlon at the McKay.

* * *

Andrew A. Malum, who registered at the Spalding from Chicago, is a traveling salesman for himself. He is in the tailoring business and comes to this city about three or four times a year to see his customers. He has recently succeeded Sam Eckstein, who has gone out of the business. Mr. Eckstein was pretty nearly as well known as any regular arrival in this city, as he came here for years at stated intervals and had a large acquaintance.

* * *

W. F. Fitch, of Marquette, his daughter, Mrs. Peter W. Phelps, and Miss Bessie Smith, of New York, are stopping at the Spalding.

* * *

Miss E. M. Kasson, of Two Harbors, is among the Spalding arrivals.

* * *

M. O. Aubolee, county attorney of Lake county for several years and mentioned for the legislature from the Fifty-first district, was at the St. Louis last night.

* * *

L. S. Johnson was among the guests at the McKay yesterday. He is postmaster at McKinley.

* * *

Mrs. Smith and daughter and Miss Kate McLauchlan, of Two Harbors, are registered at the McKay.

* * *

"Just got a letter here the other day that reminded me of old times," said a visiting railroad man at the McKay a couple of days ago. The incident made him reminiscent.

"Don't you go and put me in the paper, now, because I don't want any notoriety, and besides I don't care about blowing my own horn too loud, especially if the other fellows are asleep. Lots of fellows make by blowing their own horn, and then there are others, like myself, who believe in keeping the horn quiet and getting there by another method. Every man to his taste, and mine's to say as little as possible about my own merits.

"But this letter really does me a compliment, and it was not intended for my sight when it was written, so you may draw your own conclusions. That's the reason I feel good about it, because it was not intended for me and shows a little act of mine was appreciated whether I knew it at the time.

"It was about eight years ago and I was in the South trying to get a little freight business for my company, when I got a special letter asking me to go to a certain section of Georgia and try to line up a few cars of melons to be sent over our road. According to this letter I made quite a record on that trip, and, in fact, I got 68 cars of the 'boulders' as they call them down there, in two weeks, more than I ever got before, and I honestly think more than any other fellow has since. But I had to do a stunt that was a little unusual for me. That is I did it on my own 'hook' and not by instruction, so the compulsion of it was my own choice and I had no kick coming on that score.

"Well, I went to the town as instructed in my letter, and found it was quite a melon center, and the farmers who raised the 'sponges', that's another southern name for 'em, or at least one that I heard used every once in a while—were thicker than flies in summer. They just swarmed the town. I could very readily see that no kid gloved business would take very well with them so I adopted other tactics.

"I put on an old suit of clothes that I got hold of and a rural styled straw hat and bought a few boxes of moderate priced cigars. I filled my pockets with those cigars and began to mingle. Who with? Why, with those melon makers, of course, and the way we got along together was a caution. I didn't worry 'em too much about my business but now and then I'd nail a car or two without much trouble and incidentally there was a distribution of cigars every little while by yours truly among the natives, and an occasional light refreshment in the liquid line.

"When I'd get through with a bunch of farmers I'd go down to the freight house and talk to the agents. I'd made a particular point to get hold of them and jolly them along in good style, and being a railroad man, got a pretty strong standin from the start. As it was the highest point in the melon shipments those poor railroad clerks were worked to death, almost, for they seldom had to do any real work and at that time of the year they were pretty nearly prostrated with the duties that came to them in the melon rush.

"Now, I'm an experienced operator on the telegraph key and it was no trick at all for me to relieve the fellow who was tired of the 'tapper,' and after I'd do that awhile I'd try a hand at billing and let the other fellow run the key.

"That was exactly the point where I got in my fine work. At least it was the finest of the work, for I had nothing to do but bill every single one of the cars that went into our territory over our line, and I guess some of 'em may have been a little longer than usual in reaching their destination, as I routed everything possible over the great and only melon route in the north. It was little hard on some of the melons, possibly, but we needed the money and needed it badly.

"Now the company had remembered my work down there at that time and is referring our agent in that territory to me for suggestions as to how to go and get the business. I shall write him and tell that the glad hand and warm heart is the real thing in the soliciting line, and that a mere distribution of a man's business card is no better than the use of handbills. I shall tell him to leave his cards in his other pants and go around in old clothes, carrying plenty of smiles and funny stories."

* * *

At the Spalding: A. J. McGee, Two Harbors; H. L. Bash, H. A. Bash, Zanesville, O.; Jas. A. Eckstein, Newulin; H. H. Wilkerson, H. B. Smith, W. P. Warner, St. Paul; W. B. Pillsbury, J. S. McIntosh, Minneapolis; A. H. Meader, La Crosse; H. Oldenburg, Carlton; W. S. Felton, Radisson; R. D. Taylor, A. W. Rankin, Minneapolis; John McNaughton, Fort William, Ont.; C. A. Barnett, T. C. Burgess, S. C. White, Jr., J. E. Loddell, St. Paul; Isaac Summerfield, Cloquet.

* * *

At the St. Louis: C. W. Erskine, Cloquet; T. L. Canfield, J. S. MacEwen, Minneapolis; E. G. Griggs, Mabel Griggs, Sam Saxon, Virginia; Wm. Murray, St. Paul; D. A. Monroe, Hurley, Wis.; E. R. Clark, Eveleth; J. B. Meyer, Cohasset; C. F. Moulton, Ashland; C. H. Gardiner, Stillwater; J. C. Campbell, Island Lake; F. B. Rossem, Nils Anderson, Rod McDonald, Virginia; R. M. McLeod, G. W. Howard, Minneapolis; H. C. Saehse, T. W. Mullen, R. F. Eldridge, J. T. McKenney, S. E. Wallis, St. Paul; S. G. Plummets, Hibbing; Henry Axness, Mason; O. J. Karn, Chippewa Falls; Mike Gleason, Hibbing; Geo. Mumford, Two Harbors; George E. Church, Jr., Skibo; L. H. Whitmore, Wabasha.

At the McKay: F. M. Woodfill, Two Harbors; C. B. Washburn, Oshkosh; P. J. Bestter, Lake Nebagamon; Chas. J. Miller, Minneapolis; Wm. G. Old, Jas. McNamara, McKinley; J. D. Altman, St. Paul; John W. Alton, Grand Rapids; C. L. Murray, Chicago; M. L. Dougherty, Minneapolis.

Fed By Jap Girls.

New York Press: The Japs are the neatest race I ever met. When you go into one of their houses you have to take off your shoes and put on a pair of slippers. Lieut. Col. Kilburne and I went to a Jap restaurant for lunch. We took off our shoes and put on slippers and went into a big square room which had a very fine matting on the floor. We were compelled to sit on the floor. As they do not use knives or forks, we were obliged to use chop sticks. We could not work the sticks, and the proprietor was amused at our efforts. But by paying 10 sen more he sent in two Jap girls to feed us. Well, I tell you it was comical. It would remind you of an old bird feeding her young one.

Fifty Years the Standard

DR. PRICE'S CREAM

BAKING POWDER

Improves the flavor and adds to the healthfulness of the food.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (central time), May 4.—Rainy weather continued in the Southwest, heavy rains occurring in Nebraska. The barometer is low over the Alberta region, and high in Northeastern states, and off the Oregon coast. Temperatures are cool in the Rocky Mountains but to the eastward the weather remains mild.

The following are the maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	72	Medicine Hat	66
Battleford	64	Memphis	82
Bismarck	74	Miles City	74
Boston	66	Milwaukee	48
Buffalo	72	Minnedosa	74
Calgary	62	Modena	52
Charleston	72	Montgomery	80
Chicago	60	Moorhead	74
Cincinnati	74	New Orleans	80
Davenport	76	New York	64
Denver	69	North Platte	58
Detroit	70	Oklahoma	70
Dodge City	62	Omaha	74
Duluth	68	Pittsburg	70
Edmonton	54	Port Arthur	50
El Paso	70	Portland	60
Escanaba	68	Qu'Appelle	60
Green Bay	62	Rapid City	60
Havre	64	San Francisco	56
Helena	60	Santa Fe	52
Houghton	74	Shreveport	82
Huron	76	Spokane	68
Jacksonville	76	St. Paul	54
Kamloops	62	Sault Ste. Marie	72
Kansas City	76	Swift Current	64
Knoxville	72	Washington	68
La Crosse	70	Williston	70
Lander	46	Winnemucca	66
Los Angeles	50	Winnipeg	78
Marquette	66		

Forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Thursday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Increasing cloudiness with possibly showers tonight and Thursday. Fresh and brisk southerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, May 4.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Thursday: Wisconsin—Showers Thursday and possibly late tonight. Warmer in east portion tonight.

Minnesota—Showers and possibly thunder storms tonight and Thursday.

The Dakotas—Probably showers tonight followed by fair and cooler Thursday.

THE JOKESMITHS.

Cleveland Leader: "Did she marry the young heir to the estate?"

"No; she married the attorney."

Washington Star: "Did you ever take a chance in Wall street?"

"No," answered Mr. Ardluck. "I put up my money several times; but I never got a chance."

Life: Josh—You'd orter see the punkin they've got up to Grigby's.

Hiram—He was tellin' me about it. Purty big one, is it?

Josh—I guess it is. It's 'most as big as he said it was!

Cincinnati Enquirer: "She's a dear, dear girl, just the same," said the fond mother, as she glanced approvingly at her fair daughter.

"Yes, she certainly is," growled the father, as he glanced disapprovingly at a bill from the fair daughter's dressmaker.

Philadelphia Press: "You don't mean to say you approve of these patent medicines?"

"Of course. They put all sorts of illness within the reach of rich and poor alike."

Washington Post: "I see that Mr. Zefferton is still running for office."

"No," answered Senator Sorghum. "He assumes to be running, but compared to the others, he's only sauntering."

Said the wife of a gallant old soldier:
"You know that I don't like to scoldier;
But if you ever again mention
I married your pension
I'll bust your old head—now I've toldier!"
—Life.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A woman's best years are those she forgets to count in confessing her age.

When a girl is ashamed to know a thing she wouldn't be if nobody else knew she knew it.

It is almost as lucky for a girl to wear a four-leaf clover in her shoe as for a man to see her put it there.

When a man doesn't dare look anybody in the face in a street car it is a sign he is wearing a necktie his wife picked out for him.

The fool tells a woman that she seems beautiful to him because he loves her; the smart man that he loves her because she is beautiful.

DANGERS OF THE REPUBLIC.

Colliers' Weekly: The United States now faces that danger from concentrated power which has produced violence and disintegration in so many lands, and from which it was the special effort of the Jefferson-Madison group among the founders to protect the nation whose course they planned. The danger, not near or great, is yet discernible. It is to be found not so much in personal executive encroachments, although they are to be regretted as furnishing precedents of evil for more hazardous days; not so much in the increased executive initiative made necessary by active foreign policies, although this inevitable development is to be scanned with eyes jealous for that individual liberty which it now requires some fanning to keep alive. The danger is to be found in contempt for law among the powerful, which may at any moment breed contempt for law among the masses. Legislators who steal, and the vast corporations of which they are the slaves, form the two greatest dangers to our stability, for they alone furnish a grievance so gross and lasting as to shake the belief that we live under a system essentially just and equal.

The anarchy branch of the Democracy today would not have grown to its present size without these twin grievances—the corrupt power of concentrated wealth and the subservience of the people's so-called servants. We welcome, therefore, with relief and satisfaction such an incident as Senator Burton's conviction, which, unless our too complicated legal system fails to work with technical exactness, will give us the spectacle of a United States senator in jail, where a considerable number of his fellows ought to be. The criminal law should also be executed upon a few of the worst of the law-defying trusts, when the task can be successfully undertaken. The tariff should no longer be made a device for enriching the wealthy at the cost of Filipinos, Cubans and Americans. If Republicans or real Democrats will take these steps toward common justice between man and man, the faction of violent and ignorant agitation will die for lack of nourishment.

SPRING'S HARBINGER.

They may talk of the bird with the plumage blue,
And the bird with the blossom red;
They herald the spring with the song they sing
And tell us old winter is dead;
But I bet on the bird without feathers on;
The safest prophet is he,
When he sings "Ker-munk-ker-dunk-ker-flunk"
Down in the marshy sea.

He isn't as sweet as the robin red,
Nor as fair as the birdie blue;
But I'll bet my dust on his wise old head,
For his prophecies aye come true.
No feathers are stuck on his blunt old tail;
Ah, a common old codger is he,
As he sings "Ker-flug-ker-glug-ker-slug"
Down by the willowed sea.

The straddle-bug isn't a patch on him,
And the ground-hog looks like a fool,
When he hears the song that is fresh and strong,
Down in the swampy pool.
He's loaded up right with horse-sense, high,
A wise old snoozer is he,
As he sings "Ker-flog-ker-mog-ker-slog"
Down in the cat-tailed sea.

Oh, he never gets left, for he waits till it comes,
For he knows the genuine thing;
When he sees by its way it has come to stay,
He hollers aloud, "It's spring!"
Oh, his back is green—his belly is drab,
A comical party is he,
As he sings "Ker-glung-ker-bung-ker-slung"
Down in the flag-filled sea.

And that is why Iam satisfied quite
That summer will never be near
Till out from the bog, from the top of a log,
The mellowing song you hear.
He slips no cog—does the old bullfrog,
Oh, a dear little lulu is he,
As he sings "Ker-glunk-ker-slunk-ker-plunk"
Down in the marshy sea.
—C. M. McLERIE, in Detroit News.

A Town Without Officers.

Fort Worth Record: Spokogee, a town in the western part of the Creek Nation, is the only town of 1000 population in the territory that has no town officers. The people there say they have no need of officers and do not want any. They pay no taxes and whenever they want any public improvement they call a meeting of citizens and raise the money. A deputy United States marshal is all that is needed to keep the peace. There is not a gambler or gambling house in the town. They needed a schoolhouse, so the people built a good two-story building.

Isaac Was First.

A school teacher of Bayonne explained with great care the ways in which the word "to" could be spelled and the meaning of it, as spelled in the different ways. Finally she decided to give a test.

Hardly were the words out of her mouth before up went a hand.

"Well, Isaac?" said the teacher, interrogatively, and the boy, who was the solitary Jewish child in the class, answered glibly:

"Two dollars is too much to spend."

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
C. A. Marshall, Manager.
TONIGHT—TONIGHT—FLORENCE STONE—
"CAMILLE"
Excellent Stock Company, Superb Production, Complete Orchestra. People's Popular Prices, 10c, 25c, 35c and 50c. "Camille" in Superior, Saturday, May 7th.
STETSON'S BIG DOUBLE
"UNCLE TOM'S CABIN"
Saturday matinee, 25c—night, 25c, 35c and 50c.

METROPOLITAN THEATER
Kennedy Stock Co.
TONIGHT
"GRIT, THE NEWSBOY."
Thursday, Friday and Saturday Nights and Saturday Matinee, "WICKED LONDON."
Night Prices 10c, 15c, 25c, 50c. Matinee 10c, 25c.
Commencing May 12—"Robert McCaire."
Commencing May 12—"Knobs o' Tennessee."

MONDAY EVENING, MAY 9,
MRS. FISKE
—In—
"MARY of MAGDALA"
Seats on Sale Saturday, 9 a. m.
Prices 50c, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00.

The F. S. KELLY Furniture Co.

The Satisfactory Store.

UNEQUALED VALUES IN FURNITURE

Compare for yourself and see if such special bargains have ever been offered before.

100-Pc. DINNER SETS.

47 pieces fine Porcelain Dinnerware; choice brown, blue or green flowered decorations. 100 pieces worth $10.00—for **$6.98.** 47 pieces worth $5.00—for

$3.98

DRESSER—Solid oak, fine finish, best construction **$6.95**

DINING CHAIR of oak, with cane seat; worth $1.25—sale price—

78c.

STEWART STEEL RANGES lead all others; priced with high warming oven from

$25 UP

DAINTY RUFFLED CURTAINS

Eight patterns to select from; worth $1.25 and $1.50—per pair

79c.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

VERY EASY PAYMENTS.

10 GO CARTS AT HALF PRICE

They are sample go-carts and have become slightly shopworn—otherwise as good as new.

$32.00 Go-Carts now	$16.00
$22.00 Go-Carts now	11.00
$19.50 Go-Carts now	9.75
$18.50 Go-Carts now	9.25
$16.00 Go-Carts now	8.00
$14.50 Go-Carts now	7.20
$12.00 Go-Carts now	6.05
$ 8.75 Go-Carts now	4.38
$10.50 Carriage now	5.25
$10.00 Carriage now	5.00

Duluth's Largest and Best House Furnishers The Finest Goods at the Lowest Prices.

METHODIST ZEAL

Apparent In Notable Gathering of Churchmen at Los Angeles.

Thirty-First General Conference Opens With Large Attendance.

Los Angeles, May 4.—The thirty-first general conference of the M. E. church opened at Habard's pavilion in this city today. When Senior Bishop Stephen M. Merrill walked to the front of the stage and rapped for order he faced one of the most notable gatherings of churchmen in the history of Protestantism in America.

Seated in the auditorium proper were 798 representatives of Methodism gathered from the four quarters of the earth, earnest in their zeal for the good of the common cause and eager to discuss the problems of and to legislate for the welfare of the church. Upon the stage were the governor of California, the mayor of Los Angeles, representative citizens of southern California and leaders of Methodism in this end of the continent, ready to extend a welcome on behalf of the state, the city and the church. In the galleries were expectant crowds of visitors and citizens.

The great building was fragrant with the bloom of fifteen thousand calla lilies which formed a hedge extending entirely across the front of the broad stage, and beneath these a beautiful frieze work of smilax and ferns reached the floor.

Rev. D. S. Monroe, secretary of the conference, called the roll of delegates. The entire morning session was given up to the assignment of seats to various delegations. It was impossible to transact any business during the first two or three hours, owing to the confusion that prevailed.

Owing to the fact that it was impossible to secure any degree of composure and quiet among the delegates, the speeches of welcome by the governor, the mayor and representative California Methodists, this part of the program, planned for the opening feature, was postponed until evening.

There was no afternoon session of the convention proper, but the standing committees met during the afternoon in half a doezn different places.

There are four standing committees and their sessions were almost as interesting as the conference itself, for it is these various bodies that largely determine both legislation and elections in the interest of the church.

The committee on episcopacy will have as one of the first and most important subjects to consider, the number of new bishops to be elected at the present conference.

REPUBLICANS IN CONFERENCE

President Meets Leaders to Arrange For Coming Campaign.

Washington, May 4.—An informal conference between leading Republicans in the senate and President Roosevelt, in the nature of a continuation of the conferences which have been held nearly every day or night since the adjournment of congress, was held at the executive offices today. Senators Allison, Cullom and Spooner were with the president a considerable time. They weer joined by Secretary Cortelyou, of the department of commerce and labor, who remained with the president until some time after the other parties to the conference had gone.

While all those who talked with the president were reticent, the senators saying they had called merely to pay their respects to the president before leaving for their home, it is known that the preliminary campaign work, including the Republican platform and the selection of a chairman of the national committee, was considered informally, but carefully. No decision was reached.

Later in the day the president had conferences with Senator Aldrich, Senator Platt of New York, and Speaker Cannon.

Senator Aldrich left today for Hot Springs, Va., where he will rest for a few days. Incidentally he will devote himself to the preparation to at least one of the planks, and perhaps two or three, of the platform.

Speaker Cannon will leave for home at 5:40 p. m. today. He expressed the belief that he had punctured effectually his boom for the vice presidential nomination.

Senator Spooner said he would leave for Wisconsin in a day or two, and that he did not expect to again see the president before his departure.

WOULD LIKE THE TROUSERS

Dr. Robinson Wishes the Thieves Would Return Them.

Two pairs of trousers, two overcoats one of which was an otter lined ulster and one or two vests, were the result of a visit of some unknown thieves to the rooms of Dr. Robinson, formerly city health commissioner.

George Edward and John McMaster were arrested by the police this morning on suspicion of being connected with the theft, and they will be arraigned in the municipal court this afternoon.

The theft was committed while Dr. Robinson was out of his rooms. The waiting room door is left standing open and the office adjoins it. The thieves entered the waiting room and finding it empty proceeded to explore. They discovered the wardrobe in the inner apartment and broke open the door. After taking what they wanted they decamped, without anyone being the wiser.

"If they had closed the wardrobe door again, I might not have discovered the theft for several days" said Dr. Robinson this morning.

"The police succeeded in recovering the overcoats, one of which was new and worth about $100. I wish they could get back those extra pairs of trousers, however. I don't need the fur overcoat now, but I do need the trousers. The only pair they left me was the pair belonging to a dress suit, which they evidently thought they could not use. They were also considerate enough to leave me a rain coat, which kindness I appreciat very much, for the spring rains will soon be due."

The police discovered the overcoats in a Bowery second hand store, and located the two men from descriptions furnished by the proprietor.

A charge of grand larceny will be preferred against them if the evidence is found to be sufficient to warrant it, and meanwhile the police are making every effort to locate the missing trousers.

EIGHT SEAMEN SHIPWRECKED

Were Removed From Austrian Barkentine In Mid-Ocean.

New York, May 4.—The North German Lloyd steamer Prinzess Irene, which arrived here today from Genoa, Naples and Gibraltar, brought eight shipwrecked seamen from the Austrian barkentine Mariji, Capt. Bartolozzi, of Ragsavecchia, which was abandoned in mid-ocean May 1. When sighted by the Prinzess Irene the Mariji was tossing helplessly at the mercy of the waves, her hold nearly filled with water, her boats washed away, and the eight men of her crew were huddled together on the roof of the afterhouse. The barkentine was a hopeless wreck, and after the crew had been taken off by a lifeboat from the steamer, the craft was fired. Capt. Bartolozzi said that his vessel, while bound for Aruba, Venezuela, with a full cargo of guano for Genoa, was dismasted in a gale nine days before she was sighted by the Prinzess Irene. So badly was she strained in the gale that the water poured into the hold faster than it could be removed by the pumps. After nine days of continuous work at the pumps the crew became discouraged at times and tried to abandon their labors. The captain, however, stood over them with a revolver, compelling them to continue. Although food and water were ample for their necessities, the health of the men gave way under their desperate exertion. The cok was taken ill, and others became so exhausted that they were unable to work. Only four men were fit for duty when the steamer rove in sight.

HENRY FOLZ

is now at his new location,

114-116 W. Superior St.

Big Sale at the Eagle.

In this issue of The Herald is announced the first annual clearance sale of the Eagle Clothing and Shoe House, and the firm is celebrating the event by offering tremendous values in all departments. The season has been an unusually late one, and sooner than run the risk of carrying anything over into next season, the firm has decided to obtain a quick disposal of all lines by making the biggest sacrifices in its history. Included in the sale are men's and young men's clothing and furnishings of every description, and the prices quoted indicate that two articles can now be bought for the actual price of one.

CLOUDBURST STALLS TRAINS.

Austin, Tex., May 4.—As a result of the cloudburst in central Texas and this section not a train has moved to the north. About five miles of the International & Great Northern tracks have been washed out north of here. Five children were drowned in a creek five miles from this city.

The Reliable Furniture Dealers.

Bloedel & Ebeling

Third Floor Gray-Tallant Co.

We carry a full line of well made Furniture. Couches from $7.50 to $65.00. Davenport for parlor, good covers, from $24.00 to $75.00. Davenport Bed from $28.00 to $60.00, well made, none better. Leather Chairs and Rockers in mahogany and oak finish. We can save you from 20 to 40 per cent over installment houses. Look us over before you buy.

Remember the Place—117-119 West Superior Street

Gray-Tallant Co

4 Bargains Every Hour

You know our reputation on bargain giving sales, perhaps you have participated in some of them. We are planning to break all records tomorrow and are offering bargains that will make it costly for you to remain at home. Four different bargains for every hour from four different departments. Read them carefully.

Hourly Sale in Suit Room.

One hour 9 to 10 — **$5.00 WALKING SKIRTS, $2.48**—Walking Skirts made of good quality suiting; colors—dark oxford and light grey mixtures; tailored seams; skirts worth to $5.00—your choice for the one hour from 9 to 10 o'clock, at but $2.48.

One hour 10 to 11 — **$14.50 DRESS AND WALKING SKIRTS, $6.75**—Dress and Walking Skirts, made of voile, etamine, and also a choice lot of Walking Skirts of Mohair and Melton cloth; all colors; worth up to $14.50. It is fair to state that while the assortment is large those coming as nearly after 10 o'clock as possible will stand the least chance of not being disappointed.

One hour 11 to 12 — **$12.50 STYLISH COVERT JACKETS AT $9.50**—These jackets are not such as you generally expect to find at a sale. They are all high class garments cut in price to assist in making this salesday a memorable one; tan, red or brown; some taffeta lined; fly front. $12.50 values at $9.50.

One hour 12 to 1 — **$12.50 TAFFETA JACKETS, $10.50**—Think of such a chance to save on your spring jacket; collarless taffeta jackets with shirred sleeves, pouch at elbow, fancy stitched with braid; a splendid value at $12.50. Here is a counter attraction for your noonday meal—a saving of $2.00.

One hour 1 to 2 — **$30.00 AND $25.00 TAILORED SUITS AT $20.00**—A special you will not forget soon. Tailored suits, all colors, all sizes — Eton, blouse and military walking suits—silk-lined jackets; suits worth $25.00 to $30.00, for just this one hour, at but $20.00.

One hour 2 to 3 — **$35.00 AND $37.00 DRESS SUITS AT $25.00**—Were profit the thing we are seeking in this sale we would not make this price. We want a record-breaking salesday, and so offer $35.00 and $37.50 Dress Suits, made from fine voiles, etamines, cheviots and broadcloth, in all sizes, at $25.00.

One hour 3 to 4 — **$15.00 AND $18.00 TAILORED SUITS, $10.00**—You need have no fear of any garment purchased of us while on sale. These are correct in every detail. This lot is composed of all this season's styles—of cloths which are undoubtedly right in style. High-grade suits at a popular price from 3 to 4 o'clock.

One hour 4 to 5 — **$5.00 CHILDREN'S COATS $2.98**—Children's coats of fine wool suiting—ages 3 to 6—plain colors, blue, brown, red and castor—all nicely trimmed — puff sleeves, trimmed cuffs—these coats sell up to $5.00. All in one lot for this hour's selling at but $2.98.

One hour 5 to 6 — **$3.00 SHIRTWAIST SUITS, $1.98**—In grey, tan, blue and mixed goods, with pleated waists and skirts in separate garments—a grand bargain for the last two hours of the day. You cannot make a mistake in coming for this bargain.

Every Garment offered during this sale is of this season's latest style.

Hourly Sale of

Hosiery and Underwear.

One hour 9 to 10 — **$1.25 "MUNSING" UNION SUITS, 79c**—high neck, long sleeve, ankle length, half open front, white only. A value not to be had ordinarily. Just for the one hour, 9 to 10, at 79c.

One hour 10 to 11 — **50c LADIES' SLEEVELESS VESTS, 29c**—low neck, plain or lace yokes; white, ecru, pink and blue. We are sacrificing more than profits to give you this bargain. Come between 10 and 11 o'clock for it. 50c vests, 29c.

One hour 11 to 12 — **50c LADIES' LISLE HOSE, 35c**—made by the Wayne mills, of an excellent quality of mercerized lisle yarn, high spliced heel and double soles; full fashioned; an unequalled black dye. 11 to 12 o'clock, 50c hose, 35c.

One hour 12 to 1 — **50c LADIES' UMBRELLA DRAWERS, 35c**—of a splendid fine white lisle thread, Swiss ribbed, lace trimmed; a large saving on a popular-priced article, but it is just for one hour, 12 to 1 o'clock. 50c Drawers, 35c.

One hour 1 to 2 — **25c LADIES' VESTS OR PANTS, 15c**—Natural grey, lightly fleeced cotton vests; high neck, long sleeves, ankle length pants to match. This makes a saving of 20c a suit if bought between 1 and 2 'clock. 25c Vests or Pants, 15c.

One hour 2 to 3 — **75c LADIES' EMBROIDERED HOSE, 59c**—embroidered and open work hose; black embroidered with white, red and blue. You have this bargain during the popular shopping hour of the day, from 2 to 3. 75c Hose at 59c.

One hour 3 to 4 — **35c CHILDREN'S VESTS AND PANTS, 25c**—Children's heavy cotton vests and pants; vests high neck and long sleeves, ankle length pants; sizes from 3 to 6; white only. During the hour between 3 and 4 o'clock, at 25c each.

One hour 4 to 5 — **25c LADIES' LACE LISLE HOSE, 18c**—all lace and lace boot; black, red and blue; seamless; a warranted fast black. Your opportunity to secure your summer hosiery at a saving of 7c a pair. 25c hose at 18c.

One hour 5 to 6 — **50c BOYS' OR GIRLS' UNION SUITS, 39c**—These suits are of the famous "Munsing" make; high neck, long sleeves, ankle length or high neck, short sleeves and knee length. From 5 to 6 o'clock at 39c the suit.

Hourly Wash Goods Sale.

One hour 9 to 10 — **18c AND 15c 36-INCH CURTAIN SWISS, 9½c**—What bargain could be more enticing right now during housecleaning time? Fine Curtain Swiss, in stripes, dots and floral designs; not remnants, but perfect goods from full pieces; none sold to dealers; don't ask for this before 9 or after 10. 15c and 18c qualities at 9½c.

One hour 10 to 11 — **25c MERCERIZED GINGHAMS AT 15c**—That silk-like material which gives such excellent wear for shirt waists, children's dresses and shirtwaist suits. At 25c we have sold hundreds of yards; plain colors and fancy stripes.

One hour 11 to 12 — **12½c SILKOLINES AT 9½c**—Not a pattern reserved—we offer you the choice of any piece in the stock. We couldn't give a more seasonable bargain. You'll need silkoline for screens, draperies, etc., now that housecleaning is on.

One hour 12 to 1 — **30c WAISTINGS AT BUT 19c**—The best-selling line of shirt waistings we have had this year. A new line we secured off a jobber at a price that will allow of a decided bargain. Patterns are the neatest and colorings are the best. Sold at 30c the yard and were splendid values at that price. One hour at but 19c.

One hour 1 to 2 — **10c DRESS PERCALE AT 7¾c**—Our regular 10c percale, the quality you have always bought here at that price; full 30 inches wide; a large selection of patterns and colorings.

One hour 2 to 3 — **15c SHIRTWAIST SUITINGS, 7½c**—Fifteen pieces of the newest and most desirable Shirtwaist Suitings in our stock; full 27 inches wide; pretty checks and mixtures, in the very best colorings. We should receive 15c the yard for them, but to make a bargain for this hour in the afternoon we price them at but 7½c.

One hour 3 to 4 — **15c DIMITIES AND SWISSES AT 11c**—Plain colored and figured—the pick of the new goods; the greater amount of them are the small, neat, figured patterns particularly adapted for waists and children's dresses. We have always asked and will continue to ask you 15 a yard for them with the exception of this one hour on Thursday, from 3 to 4 o'clock, when you may have your choice for 11c the yard.

One hour 4 to 5 — **75c WHITE WAISTINGS, 39c**—Soft, fine satin damask waistings, cream or white; fifteen different designs, all new and summer weights; never was a prettier assortment offered at a bargain sale. Worth up to 75c the yard. Thursday, from 4 to 5 o'clock, at 39c the yard.

One hour 5 to 6 — **39c AND 45c MOUSSELINE DE SOIES, 29c**—A bargain in imported Mousseline de Soies such as you have not had offered you, recently, at least. The lot is composed of our choicest shades, in plain and figured Mousseline de Soies which sell in the regular way at 39c and 45c. Remember this is the quality that washes. All at but 29c.

Hourly Sale o

Muslin Underwr, Petticoats

One hour 9 to 10 — **$2.00 CAMBRIC DRAWERS, 98c**—A big snap for early forenoon buyers; umbrella cambric drawers, trimmed with wide plat Valenciennes lace and insertion; they are a little dust soiled but not damaged. 9 to 10 o'clock, $2 drawers, 98c.

One hour 10 to 11 — **25c CORSET COVERS, 13c**—Here is a half price sale on a splendid plain cambric Corset Cover, with full front and round neck; were we to sew a little lace on this garment you would pay 50c for it. One hour at 13c.

One hour 11 to 12 — **$1.89 MOTHER HUBBARD CHEMISE, 89c**—a saving of one dollar on a garment of this price should be sufficient to bring you into the store; three rows insertion, ruffled at bottom, edged with Valenciennes lace, beading with ribbon—89c.

One hour 12 to 1 — **$6.00 SILK PETTICOATS AT $2.98**—A noon hour bargain, the saving on which will pay for a number of lunches. Silk Petticoats, in colors only, trimmed with deep flounce and cording; only a few in this lot. One hour, $2.98.

One hour 1 to 2 — **$1.39 WHITE CAMBRIC PETTICOATS, 89c**—Made with a deep flounce and one row of insertion, edged with torchon lace. This is a saving such as you will not secure in many a day, only obtainable between 1 and 2 o'clock—89c.

One hour 2 to 3 — **$1.25 AND $1.00 INFANTS' LONG CAMBRIC SLIPS, 49c**—We have not forgotten the baby in this bargain giving. These have tucked yoke, embroidery insertion, and collars and sleeves are edged with embroidery. $1.25 and $1.00 Slips for only 49c.

One hour 3 to 4 — **$1.75 LADIES' MUSLIN GOWNS, 89c**—An exceptional bargain in a muslin gown at just the time you would most naturally select for your shopping hour. All-over round lace yoke, edged with Valenciennes lace. $1.75 values at only 89c.

One hour 4 to 5 — **98c PLAIN WHITE PETTICOATS, 49c**—A very little price for the big value you will secure. Plain white petticoats, with full flounce of embroidery; many in the lot selling regularly up to 98c. From 4 to 5 o'clock, 98c qualities at 49c.

One hour 5 to 6 — **$2.00 W. B. CORSETS AT 89c**—The last hour offers by no means the smallest bargain. We have a lot of W. B. Corsets which sell at $2.00 each; sizes are for the most part small; straight front, heavy coutil; black and white only. $2 qualities, 89c.

IN WOMAN'S SPHERE

Social, Musical and Art Circles.

Holmes (not Sherlock) or somebody else advised a young man before he asked a girl to marry him to think how it would be to eat breakfast with her for 11,863 mornings and more. If all young men contemplating matrimony would take the appearance of the young women this morning at the May morning breakfast at the Young Women's Christian association as a criterion, the marriage license department of the court house would doubtless do more rushing business. Possibly some such idea was with the originators of the May morning breakfast idea when it was started in the Eastern associations.

The morning was ideal and the sun pouring in the windows, the girls in immaculate shirt waists and shining morning faces, with the shine taken off with just a bit of powder—a daintily prepared and served breakfast, and everything tended for the comfort of the men who were especially invited.

The breakfast was served from seven to nine and the dining room was pretty with the tables spread with the shining cloths and green springlike vines laid gracefully over the tables. A large number breakfasted there and many of the business men who were especially desired attended. Many of

MISS MABEL MILHAM,
State Secretary of Y. W. C. A.

the prominent men of the city subscribe liberally to the work of the association, but know little of the rooms and the methods and this gave them an opportunity to see personally. Many expressions of approval were heard from them in regard to the present cheery rooms and the coveniences that the business women of the city may enjoy. The first May morning breakfast was a decided success and a most enjoyable affair.

STATE SECRETARY HERE.

Miss Milham of Y. W. C. A.—Event Concerning Her.

Miss Mabel Milham, state secretary of the Young Women's Christian association, arrived in the city last evening. She will remain in the city for a few days to inspect the work here and help with suggesting ways that it may be improved. Tomorrow a reception will be held at the Y. W. C. A. rooms in her honor and the women of the city desiring to meet her may do so at that time.

The following from the Minneapolis Times of yesterday will be of interest to Duluthians at this time:

"Miss Mabel Milham, who has been one of the most successful state secretaries in the history of the Y. W. C. A., will, within the next few days, give up her position to go to New York city, where she is to be married in June.

"Miss Milham will become the wife of Dr. Charles K. Roys, one of the foremost surgeons of Gotham, at present connected with the Presbyterian hospital as house surgeon. Immediately after the marriage, Dr. Roys and his bride will sail for China, where the former is to establish a hospital and the latter will assist as a missionary.

Miss Milham is a Minnesota woman, the daughter of Col. and Mrs. E. H. Milham, of Merriam Park, but since her graduation she has spent much of her time in the East. She was engaged for some time in the student volunteer work and later served as state secretary for the Y. W. C. A. in New York.

"During her seven months' work in Minnesota she has done much to advance the association work in the state. There are now eleven college associations, the only two city associations being in this city and in Duluth. Miss Milham has visited all the associations during the winter. In many of the cities she has held parlor conferences where she explained the work to the women of the city.

"In several smaller towns visited by Miss Milham, she succeeded in starting gymnasium and other branches of the work, which she hopes will eventually culminate into a regular association. The educational institutions that support regular Y. W. C. A. are Carlton, Hamline, Macalaster, Mankato normal, Parker college, Windom institute, Winona normal, school or agriculture and the state university.

"Miss Milham leaves this morning for Duluth to visit that association which, in spite of its youth, already numbers 725 young women. She will return the latter part of the week and will speak at the Y. W. C. A. building next Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock. This will probably be her last public appearance before leaving for the East the following Wednesday."

Birthday Party.

Mrs. C. A. Peterson entertained at a delightful little birthday party yesterday afternoon in honor of her little son's seventh birthday. Games and a birthday feast made the afternoon a happy one for the following:

Misses—
Ethel Krantz, Irene Krantz,
Maud Frazer, Irene White.
Isabelle Russell,

Masters—
Earl Scott, Harley Russell,
Richard Johnson, Mitchel Spearin.

Home Culture Club.

The annual meeting of the Home Culture club was held last evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Hubbard, of 213 Twenty-fifth avenue west. The business of the club was transacted and the eletcion of officers for the coming year took place. The following officers were elected: President, E. F. Alford; vice president, Mrs. W. M. Hubbard; secretary, Mrs. J. Robinson and treasurer, Mrs. I. I. Corby.

Women's Relief Corps.

The regular monthly card party of the Women's Relief corps of the G. A. R. was held yesterday afternoon at the Masonic temple. The prizes were won by Mrs. Rachel Ross. Those present were:

Mesdames—
Groff, D. Buchanan,
J. H. Sullivan, P. H. Levy,
N. F. Hugo, McLean,
J. L. Armstead, Benjamin Campbell,
A. Salter, Ichman,
Abel, Fred Jackson,
Constantine, H. Krantz,
D. P. McDonald, Irene Cook,
R. L. Myrick, Hanson,
N. A. Gearhart, Bartholmew,
W. F. McPherson, W. A. Klambach,
Rachel Ross, Wisenberg,
Stewart, Robert Gillon,
B. F. Anderson,
Peter Butchart,

Events of Interest.

The last meeting of the Bishop's club was held last evening at the library. "The Women of Germany" was the topic for the evening's study, and interesting papers were read by Miss Lydia Poirier, Miss Malloy and Miss McCue. Mrs. Thomas was leader for the evening. The Bible study was from Proverbs, and was conducted by Bishop McGolerick. At the next meeting the election of officers for the coming year will be the business of the meeting.

* * *

Mrs. Frank Henrich will entertain the members of the Lady Maccabees, Anna Stang hive, Friday evening, at her home, 5325 Grand avenue east.

* * *

Mrs. R. L. Myrick, of 15 Second avenue east, entertained Circle 5 of St. Paul's church this afternoon.

* * *

The Ladies' Aid society of the Endion M. E. church met this afternoon with Mrs. George Schulenberg, of 1730 London road.

* * *

This afternoon a delightful reception was held at the parlors of Pilgrim Congregational church. The members of the Ladies' union of the church were hostesses and a large number called for an informal afternoon. A fine musical program was given.

* * *

This evening the Art club will meet at the club room of the library.

* * *

The Lakeside club will hold its regular business meeting this evening at the town hall. Although few women attend the meetings, a nummber of committees have been appointed by President L. N. Case, composed entirely of these silent and absent members of the club, and an interest is being shown by them in the fact that the committees have begun plans for work already. A large attendance is desired this evening.

* * *

Stanley and Lolita Lamb, who have been playing in "Two Little Waifs," the past season, arrived in Duluth yesterday to be the guest of Mrs. T. P. Getz., of Lakeside, during the summer. They have many friends in the city, having spent last summer here, and played here during the last season.

Miss Catherine Neff left last evening for St. Louis, where she will visit her sister, Mrs. Francis S. Cullyford, and attend the exposition. She will be gone for a month.

A WHISPER FROM SPIRIT LAND

By Symmes M. Jelley.

(Copyright, 1904, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

The morning sun of a beautiful spring day glinted the unfolding leaves, here and there scintillated a trembling, dew-bathed bud, the scent of fresh earth from a nearby garden was in the air, and over all nature brooded in silent preparation for the full of summer.

A ruddy-breasted robin hopped across the graveled walk which led to a vine-clad cottage, and, after furtively eyeing the long streamers of crape which fell from the door knob, spread his wings and soared to a neighboring tree.

A child's shrill trebble echoed from the house across the way, and a woman's voice in soothing accents closely followed. Far up the street a toiling farmer's wagon slowly approached. Two women came from the opposite direction. As they passed the house they ceased talking and glanced toward the token which told of a departure to the beyond.

"She is dead," remarked the younger, in a half whisper.

"She died this morning," replied her companion, her eyes turned toward the closed windows.

"I didn't know she was so low."

"Last week I made a call and I knew she wouldn't live. She wasted away like a violet in the sun."

The sound of their footsteps was grating as they moved over the gravel walk, and occasionally a small stone rattled against others as it chanced to be struck by their feet.

"Have they heard anything from him?" queried the first speaker. There was curiosity in her voice.

"I heard he came last night."

"He did?"

"So the doctor told me this morning as he passed my house. It was a sad affair."

"Do you suppose he was in time to see her die?"

"The doctor said he came into the room as she was dying."

"Did she recognize him?"

"I didn't learn."

"What a pity she had to die! Everyone is so sorry. He is just as guilty of her death as if he had murdered her."

"I don't think that way about it."

"Well, I do."

"I don't reiterated the older woman. "She played fast and loose with him for over a year, and he was tired of her trifling. What else could he do than go away and get rid of seeing her making eyes at all of her old flames. I'd like to know. No man of spirit could stand that forever."

"No one thinks she was untrue, and even if she was a little gay that was not good reason for his deserting her," was the protesting answer.

"I have known Rollo Ward since childhood, and a better man does not live in Rising Sun. He was a kind husband and did what was right. He provided for her during his absence, too."

"But she loved him."

"After ruining his happiness she saw her mistake. It was too late then."

"He should have returned when she began failing so rapidly."

"She was too proud to write to him."

"It is a very sad thing."

The man of whom these worthy villagers were talking was gazing at the white face of his wife. He stood motionless, his chin touching his breast, and his hands clenched together. He was alone with his dead. His arrival was too late to make known to the dying woman—and her last breath, they told him, was a murmur of his name. They understood her to faintly say: "Rollo—forgive."

As he stood there looking down at the pallid features of the woman who had been his ideal his memory faithfully served him. Like a fairy panorama the old golden days of their courtship swept before him. He lived again the exultant glory of his passionate wooing. The stings of careless words, the cutting stabs of all which had made him miserable in the past did not mar the sweet pictures which floated up from the past. All he felt was the old love and admiration for his queen among women. He saw her coquettish glances, heard again her laughter, and the tones of her low voice—her beauty and little graceful poses had ever been his admiration.

She lay there, white and still. Between her slightly parted lips gleamed her even, pearly teeth, and the yellow band of their wedding ring made her waxen finger seem whiter. He had been too severe, he thought. She had turly loved him, forgiven him, and had asked his leniency with her last breath.

How white her cheeks against the pillow!

He had not understood, and had gone away when she really loved him above all others. Better judgment would have prevented the loneliness of the past two years.

Her brown hair lay in wavy masses across her shoulders, a silken sea of beauty!

Separation had in some way deadened the living truth of the tie which had bound him, and now the angel Israfil had touched her with his destroying finger. The erosion of passing months had made it easier for him to lose her, he thought, yet the past was full of her. He did not think of the future as without her. The past only came to him.

Out of it all came a new sensation. All the old happiness had been—it might be again—might be his and hers if she were alive, but—she lay dead!

"Dead!" came in a whisper from his lips. They trembled with the word. His fingers clasped and unclasped. A sigh escaped him. His face paled and a tempest of emotion worked to and fro in his breast. He reeled in his suffering, and with an incoherent cry he half fell with his arms across the still form.

A minute—five minutes—passed. The weight of his agony went deep, but nature was not overthrown. His brain cleared and he stood erect.

He stared vacently about, and muttered the single word:

"Strange!"

He passed his hand across his eyes in a bewildered way.

"Did I dream it—am I losing my senses?" he half whispered looking around curiously. Turning to the bed he said, suddenly;

"Did you speak to me, Julia?"

He bent forward anxiously, as if expecting the pallid lips to move in reply to his question. He picked up one of the little hands and stroked it in a mechanical fashion.

"Say it again, my darling! Tell me again you are not dead—that you will soon speak to me!"

He uttered the words doubtingly, yet with a certain expectancy.

"I must have dreamed it," he muttered, as he bent over the bed; "yet it seemed a reality."

The reaction came with the realization that only his loved one lay dead before him, and amid bitter tears has choking sobs told the tale of his sufferings as he knelt at her side. At last he arose, pressed a caress upon her lips and turned away. As he laid his hand on the door a ray of sunshine fell across the brown hair on the bed, lighting it into gold. His glance caught it and his eyes followed the beam as it rested on the beloved face.

He went again to the bedside, and as he leaned to touch the curved lips they sweetened with a smile, and two loving eyes looked into his.

It was when the mellow, hazy, autumn days made the loss of the beautiful summer a pleasant recollection that Rollo Ward and his wife spoke again of his strange experience as he lay unconscious by her bedside.

"Yes, dear, I did speak to you. I tried to put my arms about you, and I said, 'Rollo, I am not dead, but I cannot move—do something to waken me—do not leave me—I will speak very soon.' You see, I was only in a condition of suspended animation."

"It seemed like a dream, though."

"Not to me, Rollo. It was real to me, and—suppose they had buried me so!"

"Thank God, you are here!"

Does it pay to advertise in The Herald? Ask B. E. Baker.

Rummage Sale

Endion M. E. Church.
16 East Superior St., Friday and Saturday, May 6 and 7.

NORTHERN SECURITIES

Seeking a Way to Legally Pay Dividend.

New York, May 4.—J. P. Morgan & Co. are at work on a plan to distribute the dividends of the Northern Securities company in such a way as to avoid contempt of court and give stockholders funds to which they are morally entitled.

The plan is to have some big financial institution bid for assignments of the dividends and anticipate their payment reimbursing themselves when the court distributes the assets. It is said that the dividend will be at the rate of 1¼ per cent this quarter, instead of 1½ per cent as heretofore. It is probable that either the National Bank of Commerce or the Morton Trust company will be selected.

BROWN'S Bronchial Troches
Quick, Sure Relief for
COUGHS AND COLDS.
Sold in Boxes only.

For You to Supply Your Needs in Furniture, Carpets, Rugs, Lace Curtains, Stoves, Ranges, Crockery, Baby Carriages, Etc., Here!

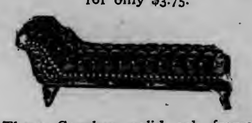
We save you a dollar here and a V there, which if taken in the total for your entire needs in our line, will be a surprisingly large amount. Here are a few samples of our dollar savings. Look them over and then compare our quality, which you will find the best.

This beautiful all-hardwood 3-piece chamber suite for only $13.50.

This beautiful solid oak, 6-sectional book case—$10.

This beautiful $24.00 Go-Cart for only $12.00.

These sanitary steel couch beds—for only $3.75.



These Couches—solid oak frame—for only $3.75.

Big cuts in prices on Carpets and Rugs, Stoves and Ranges at $1 down, $1 per week. Your credit is good. We should be pleased to open an account with you. We make terms to suit you.

BAYHA & CO.,

Present Location, News Tribune Bldg.
Future Location, 1st St. and 2nd Av. W.

TAMMANY CHECKS

Boom For Parker and Compromise May Be the Result.

Tammany Hall Holds Key to Situation In New York.

Washington, May 4.—A big question mark must be put after Judge Parker's name in connection with the Democratic presidential nomination. Within ten days the situation has changed materially, and while he is still the leading candidate, his success is not nearly as certain as it seemed to be at the time of the Albany convention.

The reason is quite plain. New York must be carried or the Democrats cannot win the presidency. In order to carry New York they must have the hearty support of Tammany. Should that great organization sulk, or give the ticket only a nominal support, the Democratic campaign will be for naught. Why, then, start the campaign with a ticket against which Tammany has arrayed all its strength, and which it declares it will never support?

In order to accomplish Parker's defeat, Tammany is sending its agents into all the states, asking party leaders not to instruct delegates. They may be for him if they want to be, but there must be no instructiones. This request is being very generally acquiesced in. The result will be that the majority of the delegates to St. Louis will probably not be instructed. If Parker should control a two-thirds majority of them, Tammany may yield. If he does not, the way will then be open for the selection of some such a man as Folk, of Missouri.

Tammany leaders insist that under no circumstances can Parker win. They say the convention will select some compromise man. The Parker men, while still saying that Parker will be nominated, aren't saying it with as much emphasis as formerly. They now realize that the majority of the delegates to St. Louis will not be instructed, and will be likely to support some compromise man if the attitude of Tammany at that time demands such a course.

Tammany is the key to the entire Democratic situation. With its enthusiastic support, the Democratic leaders think they see an opportunity to carry New York, Connecticut, Rhode Island, New Jersey and Delaware. Anything which would tend to throw New York to the Republicans, such as the lukewarmers of Tammany, would tend also to throw the other states named to the Republicans. Tammany must, therefore, be brought into line and some candidate nominated whom it will support.

STEAMER CAREENS.

Passengers Are Rescued Through Cabin Windows.

Bracebridge, Ont., May 4.—The steamer Oriole has careened in the Muskoka river, about half a mile from here. She had just started on her regular trip with about thirty passengers and a heavy cargo of freight for up the lakes. As the boat was turning a bend she was caught on the side by the current, which is very strong at this time of the year, and slowly turned on her side. The crew broke the windows in the cabin and rescued all the passengers there. A number of the women were taken out through the lower cabin windows.

THREATENED STRIKE IN 'FRISCO AVERTED.

San Francisco, May 4.—The threatened strike on the United railroad lines in this city, has been averted by the acceptance today by the Carmen's union of the terms of the company submited through Mayor Schmitz. This company agrees to recognize the union and promises notto discriminate against any of its members and it is satisfactory to the company, if its employes join the union. The company also agrees in the event of the discharge of any member to notify the president of the union, except when the dismissal is for a failure to register fares.

HOSPITAL ANNUAL

Year Meeting of St. Luke's and Election of Officials.

Reports Show a Condition of Affairs Highly Satisfactory.

The annual meeting of St. Luke's Hospital asociation was held last evening. Mrs. W. R. Stone, J. W. Lyder, Jr., and T. T. Hudson were re-elected on the board of directors, and F. L. Gilbert was elected to fill a vacancy.

In the subsequent re-organization of the board, Dr. A. W. Ryan was re-elected president and J. W. Lyder, Jr., secretary-treasurer of the association.

The variosu reports showing the condition of the hospital were very pleasing to the members of the association, particularly the reported advancement in the mater of surgical and maternity cases taken care of at the hospital. The increase in such cases over previous years is taken to imply the confidence of the public and the physicians in the conduct of the hospital and its management.

The past year has been a fairly prosperous one with the hospital association and it has gradually been paying off its floating indebtedness.

The financial report by Secretary-Treasurer J. W. Lyder, Jr., shows the total disbursements of the association for the year to have been $26,068.84. Among the important items in the disbursements were the following: Provisions, $8,423.69; wages of nurses and other employes, $6,416; water bill $603.59; fuel bill, $1,697.09; light bill, $511.84; medical supplies, $1,302.59; surgical supplies, $677.71; interest on bonds, $1,375.

The receipts were as follows:

Beds and rooms	$21,104.85
Special nurses	2,030.95
Operating room	1,054.50
Training room	102.39
Donations	2,290.91
Sundry sources	258.99
Transfer from buildin fund	182.07
Total receipts	$27,024.66
Total disbursements	$26,068.84
Balance on hand May 1, 1904	$ 955.82
Balance in the bank	935.13
Balance in hands of superintendent	20.69

To the financial statement is added bilis payable in the amount of $2800.

The following report of the hospital for the twelve months ending April 30, 1904, was submitted by Mary G. Thornton, the superintendent:

Number of patients remaining in the hospital April 30, 1903	55
Number of patients admitted from May 1, 1903, to April 30, 1904	1,096
Total number of patients treated for the year	1,149
Number of patients remaining April 30	54
Highest number of patients in hospital (Oct. 3, 1903, and Jan. 16, 1904.)	70
Lowest number of patients in hospital (March 7, 1904.)	37
Males admitted	653
Females admitted	441

The report also shows the nativity of the patients, American born predominating, with 452 in number. Sweden had 246 representatives, Norway, 109; Canada, 97; Finland, 63; Germany, 25; England, 14; Russia, 14. Bohemia and Wales were each represented by one patient and a few other nationalities from two to eleven in number.

The statistics showing the religion of the patients treated were as follows: Lutheran, 428; Roman Catholic, 120; Methodist, 108; Presbyterian, 79; Episcopalian, 64; Baptist, 50; Congregationalist, 25; Hebrew, 23; Protestant, 8; Disciples, 5; Unitarian, 3; Quaker, 1; Menomite, 1; no religion, 180.

During the year there were 525 surgical cases treated, 401 medical cases, 62 obstetrical cases and 109 unclassified.

The death rate is shown to be comparatively low, there being only 74 deaths from all causes. Of these, five were infants under a week old, and several were "fatal injury" cases.

In her annual report relative to the hospital training school Miss Thornton gives the following statistics:

Number in the school May 1, 1903	24
Nuhber graduated and whose aerms expired	11
Number rejected or resigned	4
Number expelled	1
Number remaining April 30, 1904	24

"The general health of the nurses has been better—several cases of la grippe, one of typhoid fever, one of scarlet fever, one rather protracted case of rheumatism.

"The pupils performed 746 days of special nursing, not including emergency calls on charity, obstetrical cases.

"The character of the work done by the pupils has been in the main satisfactory.

"There has been no marked change in the course of study. An earnest and constant effort for improvement in this is being made with entire success.

"In June graduating exercises were held for the class of 1903, five nurses being presented.

"Owing to the amount of surgical work that is now being done in the hospital, it was found necessary to have a supervising nurse. Miss Margaret Dunlop was engaged to fill the position, and her work has proven eminently satisfactory.

"Our thanks are due the examining board and to the physicians who have lectured to the nurses during the past year, also to those who have attended the nurses during illness."

Miss Thornton's report closes with a long list of the donations and the donators to the hospital during the past season.

Miss Dunlop has again been tendered the position of supervising nurse by the board of directors of the Hospital association.

MOVING TO PARK POINT

and all parts of the city done by the

People's Moving and Storage Co.

We make a specialty of packing and moving furniture and pianos. Leave your number and let us make you a price. 204½ W. SUPERIOR ST. Both 'phones 601.
TRUNKS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY.

A Sure Thing.

It is said that nothing is sure except death and taxes, but that is not altogether true. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption is a sure cure for all lung and throat troubles. Thousands can testify to that. Mrs. C. B. Van Metre, of Shepherdtown, W. Va., says: "I had a severe case of Bronchitis and for a year tried everything I heard of, but got no relief. One bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery then cured me absolutely." It's infallible for Croup, Whooping Cough, Grip, Pneumonia and Consumption. Try it. It's guaranteed by all druggists. Trial bottles free. Reg. sizes 50c, $1.00.

CHIEF LITTLE BEAR

To Take Charge of Deserted Sioux Infant.

Chicago, May 4.—When the sun has reached the zenith on Thursday a weird ceremony will be performed on the lake front, immediately south of the temporary postoffice building. Chief Little Bear, of the Cherokees, will adopt Little Screaming Eagle, the Sioux Indian papoose who was born shortly after its mother, Mrs. Screaming Eagle, and who abandoned it, was injured in the recent wreck at Maywood.

Chief Little Bear, otherwise known as Henry Rice, is a resident of Chicago. He heard of the little waif, and decided to adopt her.

The ceremony will be conducted in accordance with Indian rites and customs, for the red man does not believe in the white man's method of adoption.

The Eagle Clothing and Shoe House offers great bargains, so be on hand early and avoid the rush. 321 West Superior street.

MELLIN'S FOOD
FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS

Thin babies become plump babies when fed with Mellin's Food. Mellin's Food nourishes.

Whether you nurse your baby or use Mellin's Food you will find our book, "The Care and Feeding of Infants," very useful. Simply write for it. It will be sent free.

MELLIN'S FOOD CO., BOSTON, MASS.

The great, good advantage about
COMMANDER FLOUR
Is that it always makes excellent bread. Order a bag of COMMANDER from your grocer.
Manufactured by—
GREGORY, COOK & CO., DULUTH.

Money-saving Sale!

Thursday and Friday

As a reminder that thousands are making their dollars do the work of two at the Van Guard. Then, why don't you get in line and look for the place where the great purchasing power of the almighty dollar does the work of TWO.

LOOK!

Astonishing Men's Suit Values.

$8 and $10 Suits at $4.75
$12 Suits go at $6.75
$14 Suits go at $8.75
$16 Suits go at $11.75
$18 and $20 Suits at $14.75

PANTS!

$2 Pants go at 98c
$3 Pants go at $1.48
$4 Pants go at $1.98
$5 Pants go at $2.48
$6 Pants go at $2.98

Hats In all the latest shapes and colors

$2 Hats, union made $1.25
$2.50 Hats, union made, $1.50
$3 Hats, union made $2.00

Shoes at ⅓ off

$1.50 Shoes at 98c
$2.00 Shoes at $1.48
$3.00 Shoes at $2.25

Boys' Suits

Ages 2 to 14 years, at
$1.69 $1.98 $2.48 $2.88 $3.98
Worth double the money.

Youths' Suits

Ages 16 to 20 years, at just
HALF PRICE

The Van Guard Clothing Co.,

Come and see. 407 W. Superior St. Come and see.

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Fine Suits, Overcoats and Cravenettes.

Ely Meyers and M. C. Simon Fine Suits, Overcoats and Cravenettes.

Henry W. Cain & Co.'s Fine Boys' Suits and Overcoats....

The Anker Brand Shoes.

You pay no more for this class of merchandise here than you pay for inferior makes in other stores.
These makes are handled in Duluth exclusively by

KENNEY & ANKER

WILL PLAY FRIDAY

White Sox to Meet the Pick of Duluth Amateurs.

Team Now Down to Proper Size—Ashland Here Saturday.

The first opportunity of witnessing the Duluth Northern league team perform will be given Duluth fans Friday afternoon, when the White Sox will line up against a team composed of local amateurs.

The opposing team will not be the Duluth Fashions as at first announced, but will be an all-star aggregation chosen from the fastest amateurs in the city. The Duluth Fashions, the Big Duluths, Freimuths, and the teams in the Commercial league will all contribute men to the team, and it should give the White Sox a good game.

Ball and Hughes are xepected to arrive in the city this evening and the team will then be complete with the exception of "Rusty" Owens who will not report until May 10.

On the arrival of Ball, Wilkes will be shifted to his regular position in the outfield, and Ball will hold down the position at short stop.

Hughes will probably be retained as a substitute catcher and infielder, as from present indications Winnipeg will hold Annis, and Kennally will remain in the South. Manager Van Praagh still has Berry, the crack infielder of the Connecticut league on the string, but if Ball shows up in the form expected of him, Berry will not be ordered to report. Lagger will also probably be released as there is no position open for him.

* * *

Noldin, who remained in Eau Claire when the team went to Minneapolis Saturday, reported in Duluth last evening. He remained to pitch for the Eau Claire team against Chippewa Falls, and succeeded in winning his game from George Wilson the colored twirler. Eau Claire offered Van Praagh $100 for Noldin's release, but the Duluth manager needed him in his business, as Noldin is the only southpaw in the bunch.

* * *

The team is now down to its proper size, and it will probably line up as follows, when it opens in Fargo on May 19.

Pitchers—Shaw, Gehring, Noldin, Koukalik, Owens.
Catchers—Hughes and O'Leary.
First base—Zink.
Second base—Martin (captain).
Short stop—Ball.
Third base—Quillan.
Right field—Corrigan.
Center field—Wilkes.
Left field—Randall.

It is likely that one of the pitchers will be allowed to go after they have all been given a thorough trial, but otherwise no changes in the line-up are contemplated.

* * *

The game Friday is expected to attract a large attendance of the fans to size up the new men at work, and on Saturday another opportunity will be given when the team will meet at Ashland. No such disastrous opening will take place this year, as was reported last season when the Duluth team was walloped by the boys from the High School. The White Sox come home from spring practice with a clean record of five victories against three fast teams, and there seems to be no reason why they should not take Ashland and the Duluth amateurs into camp also.

The members of the team had a good work out yesterday. They are becoming acclimated to the colder weather and showed up well before a large delegation of the faithful.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
At Boston—Boston, 4; New York, 1.
At Chicago—Chicago, 15; Pittsburg, 3.
At Philadelphia—Brooklyn, 8; Philadelphia, 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
At Detroit—Cleveland, 10; Detroit, 2.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 2; Chicago, 1.
At Boston—Boston, 4; Philadelphia, 2.
At New York—New York, 8; Washington, 2.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.
At Louisville—St. Paul, 6; Louisville, 3
Second game—St. Paul, 5; Louisville, 3.
At Toledo—Milwaukee, 2; Toledo, 0.
At Columbus—Kansas City, 9; Columbus, 5.
At Indianapolis—Minneapolis, 10; Indianapolis, 3.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	13	10	3	.769
Brooklyn	13	8	5	.615
St. Louis	13	7	6	.538
Chicago	13	7	6	.538
Cincinnati	16	9	7	.529
Boston	14	6	8	.428
Pittsburg	14	5	9	.357
Philadelphia	12	2	10	.167

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	14	11	3	.787
Philadelphia	12	7	5	.583
New York	12	7	5	.583
St. Louis	11	6	5	.545
Chicago	15	8	7	.533
Detroit	13	6	7	.46.
Cleveland	11	5	6	.454
Washington	12	0	12	.000

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
St. Paul	11	8	3	.727
Minneapolis	11	6	5	.545
Indianapolis	10	5	5	.500
Milwaukee	10	5	5	.500
Louisville	11	5	6	.454
Toledo	11	5	6	.454
Columbus	9	4	5	.444
Kansas City	10	3	7	.300

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Florence Stone Stock company in "Camille."
METROPOLITAN — Kennedy Stock company in "Grit, the Newsboy."

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Saturday afternoon and evening, Stetson's "Uncle Tom's Cabin."
METROPOLITAN — Monday, Mrs. Fiske in "Mary of Magdala."

"CAMILLE."

The Florence Stone company presented "Camille" at the Lyceum again last evening. Miss Stone's conception and interpretation of the famous role meet with the strong approval of her audiences, and it is conceded that the part offers her scope for the display of her finest talents in the emotional line and that is her field. The play was given again this afternoon and tonight will be repeated.

KENEDY STOCK CO.

Two fine presentations of "Grit, the Newsboy," were given the patrons of the Metropolitan theater last evening and this afternoon and the popular drama will be played again tonight. Miss Greenwood continues to win friends with her sweet voice and dainty acting and the Flamme Sisters are "solid" with their audiences.

MRS. FISKE.

Mrs. Fiske, who will soon appear here in "Mary of Magdala," evoked in San Francisco the same enthusiasm in this play that marked her appearances in Chicago and New York. Ashton Stevens, in the course of a long criticism in the Examiner, said of the crucial point of this great drama and Mrs. Fiske's work in it:

"The big fourth act, where the Roman tempts and Judas threatens, and Mary waits for the Roman until midnight, and then, at the supreme moment, refuses to unbar the door and at that price purchase the great life that is at stake—here is where the drama strikes sparks from her, and you thrill and the marrow of your spine says to you 'This is acting.'"

"UNCLE TOM'S CABIN."

Stetson's "Uncle Tom's Cabin," which will be at the Lyceum Saturday afternoon and evening, has many attractions. Col. Sawyer's pack of Siberian bloodhounds is one of the features with this company, as well as the prize Shetland ponies. New and novel specialties are introduced by the Creole Ladies' quartet, John Loery, champion buck and wing dancer, assisted by the Mississippi singer, Lu Ocette; the Lone Star quintet in vocalizations and the grotesque Limber Lee.

KILLED IN RIOT.

Three Lose Their Lives at Buenos Ayres.

New York, May 4.—Three persons were killed and probably 100 wounded in the riots last Sunday, says a Herald dispatch from Buenos Ayres, Argentine.

The trouble grew out of an encounter between the police and the federation workmen, who were parading the streets in celebration of Labor day. Some of the workmen molested women who were on their way to a tram car.

When the police intervened, one of the workmen fired a revolver at the police, who shot into the air. A fight ensued, resulting in one policeman and two rioters being killed. About 100 persons were wounded.

The Pioneer Fuel Company
HAS
MOVED
ITS OFFICE TO
405 W. SUPERIOR ST.
MESABA BLOCK.

THE TOBACCO TRUST.

Cigarmakers Ask That It Be Investigated.

Atlantic City, N. J., May 4.—A resolution has been adopted in the annual convention here of the National Cigar Leaf Tobacco association asking congress to investigate the leading tobacco company of the United States, charging that it is being conducted in violation of the Sherman anti-trust act. Officers were elected as follows: President, J. A. Friedman, Chicago; vice president, M. Krohn, Cincinnati; treasurer, E. Eckerson, Philadelphia; secretary, Jonas Brown, Chicago.

TO BUILD SKYSCRAPER.

Pulitzer Acquires Site For Another Big Building.

New York, May 4.—Joseph Pulitzer, proprietor of the New York World and owner of the Pulitzer building, is contemplating the erection of another great skyscraper overlooking the Brooklyn bridge entrance, and doubling the size of the building with the gilt dome. To that end, according to a report current in real estate circles, Mr. Pulitzer has secured by lease and purchase the remainder of the block of land in which his tall structure stands. The easterly portion of the block is now owned by the New York Press club. It is occupied by old buildings that yield but a small income, not more than $14,000 gross per annum. As the club paid $247,500 for the property, this rental brings in about 3 per cent net on the club's equity.

BABIES BEING LEFT

On the Doorsteps of Chicago Fashionable People.

Chicago, May 4.—The fact that in one week two infants have been left on doorsteps of fashionable North Side homes, apparently by the same woman, has led the Chicago avenue police to believe that a traffic in children is being engaged in by some one in that precinct.

The first child was placed on the rear doorstep of the home of Hubbard Carpenter, on Lincoln Park boulevard, by a woman. She was seen running from the place. The other child, about three weeks old, was left last night on the front steps of the home of Mrs. M. E. Moffitt, on Ontario street. Neighbors told the police they saw a tall woman running from the place.

MAY START SOON

Foundation For New Poorhouse May Go In This Year.

Building Completed Next Year—$50,000 Structure Planned.

It is said to be practically assured that a new poor house will be erected in St. Louis county next year. If the plans of the board of county poor commissioners are carried out the foundations of a $50,000 building will probably be laid the coming fall.

Friday of this week the commissioners will go out to the poor farm to inspect the county institutions and to locate a site for the new building.

The poor board expects to have enough funds on hand this year to provide for the foundations for a new poor house. It is expected that the next tax levy will be made to cover the cost of the new building, and it is expected that at least $50,000 will be raised by it.

The board holds that it is not practicable to build the poor house this season, for the reason that a special levy would have to be made, and the returns would not be available until next spring.

The old poor house building is inadequate for the present needs of the county, and will be even more so in the years to come. It is the intention of the commissioners to erect a structure that will have ample room and all the conveniences to meet the demands for many years to come. The old building is said to be a veritable firetrap, while the new building will be made as nearly fireproof as possible.

The commissioners will go out to the farm at 9 o'clock Friday morning, and will remain there all day.

SAY WHITNEY DIED POOR

Stock Market Disturbed By Unpleasant Rumors Regarding Estate.

New York, May 4.—One of the disturbing factors on the stock market is a report by way of Boston concerning the actual value of the estate of William C. Whitney, and the prospect that when it is wound up it may prove that instead of leaving a fortune of about $25,000,000, Mr. Whitney died actually in debt. The story started with the report that the Whitney mansion in Fifth avenue, said to be the finest residence in the country, and worth approximately $3,000,000, had been sold for $2,000,000, and that the proceeds would be welcome to the estate.

At the time of his death Mr. Whitney was estimated to be worth $25,000,000. At one time, it was said, he was borrowing as much as $50,000,000, and that one account alone showed a loss or shrinkage of $5,000,000. At the lowest prices of the recent depression it is doubtful if he would have come out even. He had a mortgage of $800,000 on his Fifth avenue house, and he borrowed $1,500,000 besides from a personal friend.

There have been reports from time to time since Mr. Whitney's death that some of the sales of Metropolitan Street Railway securities, which caused a decline in the prices of those stocks, were for the account of his estate, but persons in a position to know said that such was not the case.

It is said that Harry Payne Whitney, who succeeded his father as a director in all the important enterprises with which he was connected, is a very able business man, and that his father trained him carefully with a view to his taking up his various interests. It was thought the son would be able to work out the problem before him of saving and nursing the estate satisfactorily.

The entire stock of the Eagle Clothing and Shoe House is being sacrificed at half price, and some instances for less. 321 West Superior street.

NO MORE OPERATIONS.

Man Has Notice Tattooed on His Body.

Cleveland, Ohio, May 4.—Having been twice under the surgeon's knife, Clement Farley is not taking any chances. Farley is subject to fits, and both operations to which he was subjected were performed while he was unconscious. He was seized with a fit yesterday and was taken to St. Clair hospital.

The physician in charge concluded that he needed an operation, and in preparing for it the following inscription was found tattooed around his body:

"Don't operate. I've been operated upon twice for appendicitis."

A SETTER WANTED!
APPLY
Hubbard & Vincent Mill.

MORE RURAL CARRIERS.

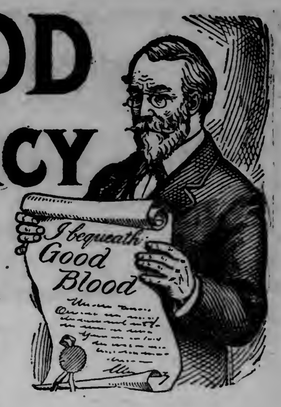
Washington, May 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Harry C. Dols has been appointed regular and Michael Dols substitute rural carrier at Glencoe, Minn.

NOVELIST VERY ILL.

Buda Pest, May 4.—Marus Jokai, the Hungarian novelist, whose serious illness was reported yesterday, is much worse today and his death is hourly expected.

Cluett
THE MARK OF THE BEST
SHIRT
CLUETT, PEABODY & CO.
MAKERS OF
CLUETT AND ARROW COLLARS

GOOD BLOOD
THE BEST LEGACY



Riches take wings and fly away—are squandered and lost in extravagance and speculation, and more often prove a curse than a blessing. A foolish desire to accumulate wealth for the benefit of posterity, has led to the physical undoing of thousands. Health is lost in the mad pursuit of riches, diseases are contracted, the vitalizing, nutritious properties of the blood are almost exhausted by demands of the nervous system, and it is little wonder that children born of such parents are sickly, weak, anæmic and illy developed. Better to be born poor and healthy than rich and sickly.

Good blood is the best legacy, for that means strong, vigorous bodies, well nourished systems and nerves, muscles and all the machinery of the body in perfect condition. When handicapped by some inherited disease, not only is life's struggle made harder, but existence becomes a lingering misery, and even if blessed with riches, sickness is a hindrance to their enjoyment. Through the blood, diseases are carried from one generation to another. Parents transmit them to their children, and so it goes on for years unless the taint is removed from the blood. Cancerous Ulcers, Rheumatism, Blood Poison, Scrofulous Sores and Swellings, Skin Eruptions of various kinds, are all evidences of a depraved and poisoned blood. "Like begets like" is true of the vegetable world, and is true also of the animal kingdom. We know that certain seeds produce certain plants, and sickly parents or those in whose blood is a taint of some old family ailment or blood poison; diseases are apt to develop in their children, either in infancy or later on in life. If you can't leave a legacy of riches, at least start them out in life with pure and unpolluted blood; this they can with reason expect, for it is their rightful inheritance. Often some old chronic illness that might have been uprooted and driven out of the blood is neglected, and posterity is made to suffer the consequences of this neglect. If you have any disease for which bad blood is responsible, to neglect it is almost a crime—you are unjust to yourself and false to your offspring to do so. Purify your blood; get rid of the taint and leave to others good blood which, after all, is the best legacy. No remedy ever discovered is so reliable in diseases of the blood as S. S. S. Experience and a thorough test have proven its efficacy. It has been in use for nearly fifty years and has been growing in popularity all the time, and ***"S. S. S. for the Blood"*** is known throughout the country as the standard remedy in all chronic, deep-seated blood troubles. S. S. S. is the only blood medicine guaranteed entirely vegetable and which does not contain a single mineral ingredient. Because your disease may be inherited from a long line of ancestors is no reason it cannot be cured. Get your blood in good condition, and through it new energy and strength are imparted to all parts of the system, the circulation is quickened, and the old taint, humor or poison causing the disease is driven out through the natural channels. Keep your own blood uncontaminated if you hope to leave a welcome legacy to those who come after. If you have any chronic trouble or stubborn skin disease due to bad condition of the blood, write us about it and our physicians will cheerfully advise you without charge.

SSS

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

INHERITED SCROFULA.

Dear Sirs:—I inherited Scrofula, and about seven years ago suffered intensely from it. Tried every doctor available at great expense, but grew rapidly worse; in fact, had given up all hope of being cured, and as a dying man will grasp at a straw, I was persuaded by my brother, much against my will, to try S. S. S. After taking six bottles, I felt a wonderful change for the better. I continued to take it for about six months, taking in all about fifteen bottles, which entirely cured me.

It is with pleasure that I recommend your medicine, and I cannot say too much in its praise. It is certainly better than all doctors for diseases caused by impure blood, whether inherited or otherwise. In addition to being much less expensive, it does its work thoroughly and without fail. Wishing you unlimited success, which your medicine so justly deserves, I remain,

W. H. STOCKTON, Montgomery, Va.

SATISFIED MEMBERS

Minnesota Delegation Is Pleased With Bills Enacted By Congress.

Many Measures That They Introduced Have Become Laws.

Washington, May 4.—Members of the Minnesota delegation express themselves as well satisfied with the local legislation enacted during the two sessions of congress just closed. Many bills introduced by the two senators and nine members have become laws, the most important of which will open up large tracts of land in the northern part of the state to settlers. Owing to the fact that the leaders of the house declared that no new public buildings would be authorized this year, and that no general river and harbor bill would be passed, bills for these improvements which were introduced were allowed to lie in the committees on public buildings and grounds and rivers and harbors.

In the enactment of general legislation, Representative Stevens of St. Paul has been foremost. By reason of his membership on the committees on military affairs, interstate and foreign commerce and merchant marine and fisheries, he has had a hand in many measures that will help the Northwest.

The two last-named committees have had charge of legislation for the government of the Panama canal strip, for carrying government supplies in American bottoms, on which Mr. Stevens made the majority report; the shipping commission, which passed the house last Saturday, and the bill to extend the coastwise laws to the Philippines.

As a member of the committee on military affairs he had much to do with framing the military appropriation bill, the fortifications bill and the military academy appropriation bill, three of the most important budgets prepared in the house.

Representative Lind, the only Democrat on the delegation, has been one of the leaders on his side of the house. He is one of Leader Williams' advisers in the formation of Democratic policies, one result of which was the pushing forward of Canadian reciprocity as one of the issues most discussed in the house.

Mr. Lind, after a lively scrap with James Knox Taylor, supervising architect of the treasury, induced that official to see light and expend the $25,000 appropriation on new elevators for the Minneapolis federal building.

He and Stevens have co-operated in inducing the war department to make proper allowances for completing the approved plans for improvements at Fort Snelling. It is expected that about $200,000 will be expended there during the coming fiscal year.

Taking up special measures by districts, Steenereson's efforts appear to have been of most benefit to the state, in that, through the passage of the Red Lake bill, twelve townships of agricultural land will be opened to settlement and entry during July. Steenerson also secured the passage of a bill authorizing the Soo railroad to build a bridge at Thief River Falls, and of a bill enabling homesteaders who had taken out their first citizenship papers before United States commissioners, to get their lands by validating their entries. He also passed a bill to increase the allotments to Indians on the White Earth reservation to 160 acres each.

Bede secured the passage of a bill for the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi in Itasca county, and one granting certain lands to the diocese of Duluth, and for changing the dates of holding court in the state.

Davis secured the passage of a bill permitting the construction of solid bridges across the Minnesota river above LeSueur, which, it is believed, will encourage the extension of railroad facilities in that section. Through his efforts, the appropriation for the bureau of animal industry was increased so that thorough investigation of swamp fever in horses, a fatal disease which is now prevalent in Minnesota, will be made. Agents of the department will be sent out from Washington in a short time for this purpose.

Buckman has passed more dam and bridge bills than an other member. Through his efforts, authority has been given to construct dams at Elk River, Sauk Rapids and Watab, and bridge construction has been authorized at Elk River.

Volstead, through his membership on the public lands committee, has taken a prominent part in the discussion of various bills affecting the disposition of the public domain. He did not initate any measures of this character, but has done well for a first termer, in acquainting himself with the method of procedure in the national legislature.

Senator Nelson has taken a prominent part in Alaskan legislation. He also introduced and secured the passage through the senate, of a bill granting the state of Minnesota 20,000 acres of land for forestry purposes, which was reported favorably in the house. His membership on important committees like commerce and public lands has enabled him to help along bills introduced by members of the house.

Senator Clapp, as a member of the committee on Indian affairs, has been able to look after legislation affecting Minesota Indians and their lands.

Representative Tawney has been busy all session in two capacities, first as chairman of the committee on industrial arts and expositions, arraigning legislation for the expositions at Portland, Oregon, and Jamestown, Virginia, and, second, as the speakers' lieutenant, or the Republican whip. Tawney is the best man who has had this position in a good many years.

Representative McCleary has been busy all session with the appropriation committee. Most of his work has been done in connection with District of Columbia affairs. He is chairman of the subcommittee having district matters in charge. Neither Tawney nor McCleary has had much time for local legislation, nor have their districts called on them for it.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

Ayer's Hair Vigor
Only 35? Your gray hair makes you look 20 years older. No need of this old age. Restore the color. Keep young.
J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

MOVING and STORAGE
The Old Reliable
Duluth Van Co.,
210 West Superior St. Phones 492.

MEN'S SPRING SUITS, TOP COATS and CRAVENETTES

EXTRAORDINARY VALUES AT $10, $12, $15, $18 and $20

The "Ericson" Clothing fits as though to your exacting order. It not only looks good, but is good by reason of Superior Style and workmanship.

MEN'S NEW SPRING HATS.

The Hawes, in Stiff and Soft--$3.00
The Stetson, Soft----$4, $5 and $6
The Tiger, in Soft and Stiff----$3.00
Other Popular Styles---$1, $1.50 $2

Great Variety of Caps.

For Street and Yachting in new and fetching Styles at **50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.**

The Best in Quality and Style that the price you pay can buy anywhere.

C. W. ERICSON, THE CLOTHIER

219 W. Superior Street.

BUTCHER GIRLS

Five Hundred Strong Young Women Replace the Men.

Now Handle the Knife and Cleaver In New York.

New York, May 4—"Good sirloin steak, about two pounds? Yes, ma'am."

The butcher girl turned to a huge piece of beef on the block in front of her, wielded the keen knife with a strong, firm stroke and separated a fine looking sirloin from the joint. She trimmed off the fat and threw the steak on the scales.

"Two pounds and a quarter," she said. "Forty-two cents, please. Pay at the cashier's desk."

There were eleven more butcher girls just like her in a market in West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street. All of them wore black gowns with white aprons suspended from the shoulders and tied in a huge bow at the back. They were very much like the costumes worn by waiter girls in restaurants. The market was full of customers and the butcher girls worked swiftly and silently. There was no shouting of "Cash," and no running to and fro, as girls in department stores sometimes do. Every butcher girl was expected to stick to her own particular block.

The man who employs them has spent two years training them to do it. He began with two girls, and found them such a success that he increased the number to twelve, and persuaded butchers down town on the East and West Sides, and in Brooklyn, to follow his example. Incidentally he has stirred up a hot fight with the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher workmen.

There are now about 500 butcher girls steadily employed in New York and Brooklyn. They receive form $5 to $10 a week, as compared with $12 and $15 a week paid to young men for the same work.

W. C. Wellman, business agent of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters, who has an office in First avenue, near Forty-sixth street, says the butcher girls are lowering the wage scale in the trade. He has begun steps to oust them. The Meat Cutters' union is affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, and can, Mr. Wellman says, make matters warm for the butcher girls. Francis X. Butler, counsel for the Meat Cutters' union, says that the organization concerns itself mainly with the affairs of men in slaughter houses, and that the butcher girl question had not been put up to him as a legal proposition yet.

None of the girls in the Harlem shop or in shops on the East Side would talk about the Lady Meat Cutters and Salesladies' Protective association that they are getting up. They declare that Mrs. E. Julius, who is their organizer and corresponding secretary, had instructed them not to talk until the organization was complete. They said that Mrs. Julius had no office, and they did not know where she lived. But she visited around at the various stores where butcher girls are employed, and reported that the new Saleslaidies' union was getting along swimmingly. Mr. Wellman said he knew that, although he did not know Mrs. Julius. But the butcher girls were getting so formidable he was going to make it his business to become acquainted with her.

"The butcher girls are organizing on the quiet," said Mr. Wellman. "They send out girls to invite other girls to their meetings. There is no disputing the fact that butcher girls are becoming popular in New York. At some of our local unions we have received complaints from men that their places were filled by women. They alleged that whenever a man was compelled to work overtime, or in any other way to conflict with union rules, he was discharged and his place filled by a woman. We have investigated five stores, in which women are employed, and find that the complaints of the men are just. The butcher girls are large and strong. They can lift and cut meats as well as a man. Employers have confessed to us that women meat cutters draw custom and build up trade."

Terrible plagues, those itching, pestering diseases of the skin. Put an end to misery. Doan's Ointment cures. At any drug store.

$1,000 paid in June

To those who will use a little patience and skill in

Spelling Egg-O-See

These cash prizes will be distributed among those who send in their lists as follows:

To the one sending the greatest variety of spellings	$100.00
To the second sending the greatest variety of spellings	75.00
To the third sending the greatest variety of spellings	50.00
To the fourth sending the greatest variety of spellings	25.00
To the fifth sending the greatest variety of spellings	10.00
To the 740 sending the next greatest variety of spellings $1.00	740.00
Total	$1000.00

The prizes will be awarded immediately after the close of the contest.

The competition is open to all. It is only necessary to spell the word so it could properly be pronounced Egg-O-See, and to send it to the Egg-O-See Co., Quincy, Ill., on or before June 15, 1904. The only other condition being that for each five ways of spelling you must send in one of the little folders, (same as used in the school children's contest) found inside of each package of the food. Be sure to write your name and address plainly. Save the folders as you will need one of them for each five different ways of spelling "Egg-O-See."

Some of the ways you can spell Egg-O-See are as follows: Eg-O-Sea, Eg-O-Cy, Egg-O-Ce, Egg-O-Cie. Save the folders and get your friends to help you and it will be easy to get one of the prizes.

We have paid many thousand dollars to the school children of America to familiarize all with the merits of the incomparable food, Egg-O-See, and we are offering these spelling prizes for the same purpose.

EGG-O-SEE

Flaked wheat is now recognized as the most healthful, nutritious and delicious of all foods. It only remains for you to select the best. Grocers report now that they are selling practically nothing but Egg-O-See, because it is far and away the best and a large package retails for 10 cents.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR THE GREEN PACKAGE.

If your grocer does not keep it, send us his name and 10 cents and we will send you a package, prepaid.

Address all communications to Egg-O-See, Quincy, Ill.

CANNON WOULD NOT CONSIDER

Nomination For Vice Presidency Under Any Conditions.

Washington, May 4.—"Even at the risk of being accused of declining that which I could not get if I desired it, I answer most unequivocally that if the nomination were tendered to me, I would not accept it under any circumstances whatever."

Thus strongly did Speaker Cannon, in an authorized interview with a Post reporter yesterday, emphasize his determinaion with reference to the vice presidency. As he concluded the speaker added:

"If there is any language which can be more decisive, write it in."

"What are your reasons for such a seatement," he was asked, and he replied:

"I have been for almost thirty years a member of the house of representatives. I have been nominated by the Rpublicans of the congressional district in which I have resided and have accepted the nomination. I have every reason to hope that I will be re-elected.

"If the Republicans have a majority in the next house," he added, "I shall be a candidate to succeeed myself as speaker. If the Republicans do not have a majority I will take my place on the floor. In my judgment I can give better satisfaction as a member than anywhere else."

At this moment Senator Burrows entered, escorting a couple of his constituents, who wanted "to meet the present speaker and the next vice president."

"I am glad you retain your senses," said the senator.

"I have no ambition touching the public service," said the speaker.

"One word more. There are many men in the middle West who are better equipped for the vice presidency than I am and who would give better service and my decision in final."

"It has been suggested that your candidacy on the vice presidency is necessary to carry Illinois."

"There is nothing in the suggestion," he replied.

"MARRYING JUSTICE"

May Perform Ceremony Amid Clouds at Fair.

St. Louis, May 4.—Three captive balloons will give visitors a chance to secure a bird's-eye view of the World's fair. The balloons will be located on different parts of the grounds. One will be stationed on the aeronautic concourse, back of the Administration building. The balloons are a concession, and the award will shortly be made by the department of transportation exhibits. George T. Tomlinson, an aeronaut, of Syracuse, N. Y., is an applicant.

"Marriages in balloons" are advertised as a specialty for these ascensions. Special arrangements will probably be made with Justice Greensfielder, the "marrying justice" of Clayton, who has established an office on the grounds to look after couples who want to begin wedded life from an elevated station. The balloon contract provides that the concessionaire supply his balloons to the aeronautic committee for use as "stake "bouts" for the airship races when required.

INSURANCE RATES TO BE ADVANCED IN WEST.

Chicago, May 4.—It has been practically settled by the committee of the Union Fire Insurance association, to advance premiums in the West at least 20 per cent within a month.

This organization of underwriters has decided that in view of losses caused by the Baltimore, Rochester and Toronto fires, rates in the "conflagration districts" of large cities are too low and has determined upon the advance. By June 1, it is believed, that the insurance rates in Chicago, Milwaukee, Des Moines, Omaha, St. Louis, Denver, Salt Lake City, San Francisco, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Kansas City and other large cities in the West will be increased.

Traveling by the New York Central lines—the Michigan General, or the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern from Chicago, if you miss one train, you have only to wait a very short time for another.

Eight trains a day, Chicago to New York.

THOUSANDS KILLED

Terrible Slaughter In the Battles on the Yalu.

General Kuropatkin Makes Detailed Report to the Czar.

St. Petersburg, May 4.—In a report received by the emperor from Gen. Kuropatkin, under yesterday's date, it is stated that at least from 3000 to 4000 men were killed in the Yalu river fight. The dispatch is as follows:

"Gen. Zassalitch's report dated today on the fight of May 1 says that the battle was fought under the following circumstances:

The Twelfth and Twenty-second regiments and the Second and Third batteries of the Sixth brigade of artillery were engaged in the battle which began with heavy cannonading of our right flank by siege guns at Wiju and field batteries in the distance.

"After a lull the fighting was resumed with extraordinary violence against the left flank of our main position at Turenchen and our position at Potietnsky. A fusillade was also begun by small parties of Japanese across the Al river.

"The situation of the defenders' position became increasingly difficult, especially at Potietinsky, which was bombarded on the front and on both flanks.

"Thirty Japanese guns were pitted against our battery at Potietinsky, which after having silenced the enemy's mountain battery directed it fire on the Japanese infantry and sustained few losses so long as it was not obliged to take up another position owing to the withdrawal of our infantry from the bank.

"The Japanese under our fire made continual bayonet attacks on our troops. Japanese bodies lay in heaps at the river fords.

"Simultaneously with the attack at Potietinsky, which after having silenced the enemy's mountain battery, directed its fire on the Japanese infantry and sustained few losses so long as it was not obliged to take up another position owing to the withdrawal of our infantry from the bank.

"Finally all of the supports were brought up into the firing line, but owing to the great distance from our main reserves it was impossible for them to reach the advanced force in time and our men retired from the principal position to another position in the rear of Turenchen, followed by the concentrated fire of the Japanese who could not make up their minds to descend from the crest they occupied a heavy artillery fire on our new positions and began to turn our left flank back toward Chingtow.

"Two battalions of the Eleventh regiment and third battery of the Third brigade of artillery belonging to the main reserve were ordered to Laotunhou.

"They ocupied a position with a double firing line, thus permitting our advance line, which had suffered heavily, and our wounded to retire.

"A battalion of the Eleventh regiment, both flanks of which were repeatedly turned by the enemy, advanced with fixed bayonets, preceded by buglers to clear a passage. The Japanese, however, declined a hand-to-hand conflict and recoiled.

"In front of the regiment a chaplain bearing a cross was struck by two bullets.

"It was only by advancing on the Japanese with the bayonets that the Seventh regiment was able to retire.

"On the arrival of the battalion of the Tenth regiment all the troops were able to beat a retreat.

"The loss of the Eleventh and Twelfth regiments were very great, but they are not yet exactly known. In the Eleventh the killed included Colonel Laming and Lieutenant Colonels Dometti and Raievski. The twelfth lost nine company commanders killed or wounded.

"The second and third batteries of the sixth brigade having lost the greater number of their men and horses, were compelled to abandon their guns after rendering them useless. For the same reason six guns of the third battery of the third brigade of artillery and eight Poulmetts which could not be brought away, were also disabled. The mountainous nature of the country made it impossible to save the guns by means of drag ropes.

"Up to the present eight hundred wounded, including fourteen officers have been brought to the hospital at Fengwangelsewhere is assured.

"The Japanese cavalry appeared to the southeast of Fangwangcheng, but seeing two companies with two guns opposed to it, it did not venture to approach.

"The transportation of the wounded by hired Chinese bearers to Fengwangcheng was very difficult. Two wheeled carts and horese lent by the cavalry were also utilized for this purpose. Most of the wounded, however, arrived on foot, assisted by their comrades and reached Fengwangcheng within 24 hours.

"Lieut. Gen. Zassalitch declares that the troops retained their morale notwithstanding the heavy losses and are ready for fresh engagements.

"The Japanese losses were very heavy at the passage of the Ai river, at their position at Turenchen and on the hill occupied by the two battalions of the Eleventh regiment.

"According to the statements of participants in the battle at least 3,600 to 4,000 were killed."

Sealed Bids.

Sealed bids will be received up to May 6th by the Duluth Baseball association for privileges in the ball park for the season of 1904. Address your communication to L. Van Praagh, manager.

The Best Way

What do we know without trial

Hunter Baltimore Rye

The perfect Whiskey has stood every test. Between good and bad, trial is the test and taste the umpire.

It is particularly recommended to women because of its age and excellence.

Sold at all first-class cafes and by jobbers.
WM. LANAHAN & SON, Baltimore, Md.

WISCONSIN JUBILEE

Fiftieth Anniversary of Graduation of the First Class.

The Program of Exercises at Madison Is Now Complete.

Madison, Wis., May 4.—The preparations, now complete, for the celebration of the jubilee of the university of Wisconsin, the fiftieth anniversary of the first class in 1854, indicate that it will be an event of importance not only to those interested in education but to the people of the whole state. The jubilee is to be held during the first week in June and besides the semi-centennail celebration, the usual commencement exercises, and the inauguration of President Van Hise, will include many class reunions as well as the alumni banquet, all of which will be of particular interest to former students. The occasion will be one that will bring to this city not only a large number of alumni of the university and citizens of the state, but also many representatives of the large colleges and universities all over the United States, as well as delegates from a number of European universities. The committee on arrangements for the celebration is now engaged in raising $20,000 as a guarantee fund with which to provide for the various features of the jubilee, some of which are to be the striking of a bronze medal in commemoration of the occasion, and the publication of a series of volumes that shall embody the results of the original research in letters and science that has been carried on by university professors during the last few years. One friend of the university has subscribed $1000, and other subscriptions are now being solicited from alumni and others interested in the university, to raise the amount required to insure the success of the celebration.

REUNIONS OF ALUMNI.

The program for the exercises which are to begin on Sunday, June 5, and to extend through Thursday, June 9, is a varied and interesting one including as it does both the social functions and spectacular features incident to such a celebration, and a series of addresses by a number of distinguished men who have been prominently identified with higher educational interests of the country. The greater part of two days will be devoted to alumni meetings, which will include the alumni association meeting and alumni banquet on Monday; class and society reunions and dinners on Wednesday afternoon and evening; and the alumni reception and ball on Thursday evening.

PRESIDENT BASCOM TO SPEAK.

The exercises on Sunday will consist of services in the morning in the several churches of the city at which addresses will be delivered by well known clergymen who are alumni of the university. In the afternoon the baccalaureate address will be delivered in armory hall by Professor John Bascom, who was president of the university for thirteen of the most important years of its history, from 1874 to 1887, and whose great personality left its impress on the hearts and minds of all the students who came in contact with him. As this may be the last opportunity that the alumni will have to greet President Bascom, the occasion will be a memorable one.

ALUMNI DAY.

Monday of jubilee week is to be devoted to the alumni who, from reports thus far received, will return to their alma mater in much larger numbers than on any previous occasion in the history of the university. The list of graduates of the university during the first half century of its existence shows a total of over 5000 alumni, and it is expected that the reunions of all the classes and the alumni banquet will be attended by a considerable proportion of this number. The morning will be devoted to the informal gathering of alumni. The annual meeting of the alumni association will be held in the afternoon. In the evening the alumni banquet will be served in armory hall, at which it is the plan to have as large a number of prominent alumni as possible respond to toasts. A reception will be given in the afternoon by President Van Hise to the delegates and official guests of the university. The spectacular feature of Monday's festivities will be a torch light procession by 2000 undergraduates. The procession after traversing a line of march extending from the university, around the capitol and through the principal streets of the city, will return to the lower campus where will be held the pipe of peace ceremony, which has always been a unique feature of the commencement exercises. For a score of years each senior class on the evening of class day, has gathered around the monster bonfire on the lower campus, giving class yells, singing college songs, as it gathers for the last time as a class, and after smoking the great pipe of peace decorated with the ribbons of each class during all these years, has handed it down to the junior class, its successor the following year.

INAUGURAL EXERCISES.

On Tuesday President Van Hise will be formally inaugurated president of the university. The inaugural ceremonies will include an address presenting the greetings of the other American universities, presented by President William Rarey Harper of the university of Chicago. Governor La Follette, '79, on behalf of the state of Wisconsin, will welcome his old classmate to the presidency; Professor Frederick J. Turner, '84, will respond on behalf of the faculty; Superintendent of Public Instruction C. P. Cary will welcome the new president to the public school system of the state; Congressman John J. Esch, '82, will represent the alumni, and Eben H. Minahan, '05, will speak for the students. The formal installation exercises will close with the inaugural address by President Van Hise. After the exercises in the morning a buffet luncheon will be served on the spacious terrace of the library. A reception will be given in the evening by President and Mrs. Van Hise at their home on Langdon street, in connection with which will be presented the most brilliant spectacle of the whole celebration, a Venetian water fete on Lake Mendota.

SEMI-CENTENNIAL DAY.

Wednesday is to be celebrated as semi-centennial day, and on that occasion will be emphasized the origin and development of the state university idea as eyemplified in the history and growth of the university of Wisconsin and sister institutions. In connection with these semi-centennial exercises an address of congratulation on behalf of the American universities will be delivered by President Daniel C. Gilman, formerly of the Johns Hopkins university, now president of the Carnegie Institution of Research. Short addresses extending the felicitations of sister state universities of the far West, the South and the Middle West will be delivered by President Benjamin Ide Wheeler of the university of California, President Jesse of the university of Missouri, and President Cyrus Northrup of the university of Minnesota. One of the principal addresses of the occasion will be that on "The State university," by President James B. Angell of the university of Michigan. A university dinner in Armory hall, to be followed by a number of toasts responded to by prominent delegates of other universities and foreign guests of the occasion, is to be another pleasant and interesting part of the semi-centennial day. The afternoon will be devoted to class reunions, preparations for which were begun by most of the classes several months ago. The evening is to be given over to the reunions of alumni and undergraduate memebrs of literary societies, fraternities, musical, social, dramatic and other clubs and associations.

CONFERRING OF DEGREES.

The exercises of commencement will be held on Thursday in Armory hall, when the bachelor's degree will be conferred on 325 members of the graduating class. The degree of doctor of philosophy will be given to some twenty graduate students who have been pursuing advanced research work for several years past in the graduate school of the university. As a fitting part of the jubilee celebration, the honorary degree of doctor of laws will be conferred upon thirty prominent guests who are distinguished for their achievements in various fields of activity. The exercises of the week will close on Thursday evening with the alumni reception and ball to be given in Armory hall, an occasion which will bring back to many an alumnus the happy memories of the class parties and junior "proms" of his undergraduate days.

JUBILEE PUBLICATIONS.

In connection with the jubilee it is proposed to publish a series of volumes embodying the results of research in pure and applied science, and in letters, that has been carried on by the members of the university faculty during the past decade. As a permanent record of the results of scholarship in scientific, literary, historical and economic investigation that is being carried on by the university professors, this series of publications, in many respects, will be one of the most imprirtant results of the semi-centennial celebration. While the desirability of the proposed publications is unquestioned, the final arrangements for carrying out the undertaking have been delayed by the consideration of the financial element involved. Although the subscriptions received from the alumni and others interested in the university have been liberal, the arrangement committee of the jubilee has been compelled to postpone final decision in the matter of the publication of this series of jubilee volumes until the amount of the guarantee fund warrants the undertaking.

The plans for the series as at present formulated by the board of educators of some 400 pages each. The material which is already in sight is more than sufficient to fill a series of this kind, and if the finanlial conditions are favorable, it is probable that the series will be increased to fifteen volumes. Like the anniversary publication issued recently in connection with similar occasions at Yale university and the university of Chicago, the proposed jubilee volumes will include both the results of recent investigation now published for the first time, and summaries of important pieces of research work, some of the details of which have already appeared in short papers from time to time. The subject matter of these articles will be of the widest range, from geology and chemistry to history and economics, and from agriculture and engineering to philology and literary criticism.

RESULTS OF RESEARCH.

During the last ten years investigation and research have been carried on by a considerable portion of the university faculty, the results of some of which have attracted attention both in academic circles, and in the industrial, commercial, and technical world. In a number of instances the results have not been published in full as yet and hence will be available for the jubilee volumes. The list of contributions and their subjects includes the following: President Van Hise, ore formations; Professor Babcock, a new theory of the nature of matter and energy; Professor R. T. Ely, the theory of monopoly and its history; Professor Paul Reinsch, international politics; Professor B. H. Meyer, railroad transportation; Professor E. T. Owen, the relation of thought and language; Professor W. F. Giese, literary criticism; Professor Louis Kahlenberg, the nature of solutions; Professor Victor Lenher, tellurium and tellurides; Professor A. Trowbridge, a substitute for the coherer in wireless telegraphy; Dean Trueasure, Professors Jackson, Swenson and Burgess, engineering; F. J. Turner, history of the West; Professors Russell and Babcock, the curing of cheese, and Professor W. A. Henry, practical agriculture.

It is estimated that the edition as at present planned, will involve a cost of not less than $10,000 only a portion of which could be defrayed by sale of the volumes. While the sum is not a large one when compared with that expended for similar purposes by other institutions of corresponding rank, the fact that the university has not often made appeals for endowment or similar funds from the alumni and citizens of the state generally, makes it more difficult to determine in advance how liberal will be the response. If the plans can be carried out successfully as the result of such support, however, this series of volumes will mark an important epoch in the history of scholarship in the university.

TO STRIKE A MEDAL.

In commemoration of the semi-centennial it has been decided to strike a medal of appropriate design, copies of which will be presented to all the American and foreign universities officially represented at the jubilee. The medal which will be about two and a half inches in diameter, will be of bronze and will bear an appropriate inscription. The design is now being prepared by Adolph Brenner, the well known New York artist and designer, who has recently executed a number of similar commissions.

WILL MARK A NEW ERA.

While all the details of the celebration are not as yet completed, the favorable responses with which the efforts of the arrangement committee have met and the acceptances of invitations that have been received from alumni and the universities of this country and those abroad indicate that the jubilee will be a brilliant success and that it will mark the beginning of a new era in the history of the university.

"DOCTORS SAY" that habitual Japan tea drinkers can never be really well.

"SALADA"

CEYLON AND INDIA NATURAL GREEN tea is pure, delicious and beneficial to health. Sold in the same form as "Salada" black tea.

In sealed lead packets only. 50c, 60c and 70c per lb. By all Grocers.

TRY A TEN-CENT SAMPLE PACKET.

Trade Supplied By GOWAN-PEYTON-TWOHY CO.

Whooping Cough.

"In the spring of 1901 my children had whooping cough," says Mrs. D. W. Capps, of Capps, Ala. "I used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy with the most satisfactory results. I think this is the best remedy I have ever seen for whooping cough." This remedy keeps the cough loose, lessens the severity and frequency of the coughing spells and counteracts any tendency toward pneumonia. For sale by all druggists.

CHARGES AGAINST MILLS.

Washington, May 4.—Some time ago Col. Mills, superintendent of the military academy, caused to be removed from the academy grounds Capt. J. P. Walker, a retired officer, alleging scandalous conduct on his part. The captain has brought formal charges against Col. Mills of brutal, arrogant and tyrannical conduct. War department officials do not attach any importance to the charges, but the routine investigation required by the regulations will be made.

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STANDARD SIZE

better than you have ever bought before—made on the new machines—and infinitely superior in every way to any other match. Last longer—burn stronger and never sputter and lose their heads. The price is 5c a box. Save your carpets by buying the Doll House Match.

UNION MATCH COMPANY, Duluth

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Undimness to marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele, and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prematurity, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores. The reason sufferers are not cured by doctors is because ninety per cent. are troubled with **Prostatitis. CUPIDENE** is the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5,000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if six boxes do not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box; six for $5.00 by mail. Send for free circular and testimonials. Address **MAYO MEDICINE CO., San Francisco, Cal.**

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Compare Our Methods

You will realize then why Schlitz beer is pure.

You wash a cooking utensil once. We wash a bottle *four* times, by machinery, before we fill it.

You use city water. We bore down 1400 feet to rock for ours.

You prepare food in the air of the room. We cool Schlitz beer in plate-glass rooms and filter all the air that touches it.

Then we filter the beer by machinery—filter it through white wood pulp.

Yet your methods are cleanly. Ours are cleanliness carried to extremes.

Then—for fear of a touch of impurity—we sterilize every bottle after it is sealed. We double the necessary cost of our brewing to give you a healthful beverage pure.

Do you wonder that we sell over a million barrels annually?

Ask for the brewery bottling.

Phone Zenith 358,
Duluth Branch, 35 E. Railroad St., Duluth

5

The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous.

A BUFFALO HUNT

Vivid Reminder of Frontier Days to Be "Pulled Off."

To Take Place on Ranch 101 in Oklahoma Territory.

Kansas City, May 4.—On ranch 101, about 316 miles from this city, in the northeast corner of Oklahoma, about 360 Indians will gather in their tepees next Sunday, and it is expected that fully 10,000 white people will also be there to witness one of the most important events in recent years, so far as the red men are concerned—the great buffalo hunt, when real big Indians will don the togs of their fathers and will chase sure enough buffaloes across the plains. Especially important is this occasion to the Ponca Indians, for the ten most successful hunters will be chosen as the great and wise council for Horse Chief, the new ruler of the Poncas. This will be the first buffalo hunt the Indians have had for so many years that they are wild with delightful anticipation of the event, and are leaving nothing undone to make the occasion one never to be forgotten by any one who sees it.

R. D. Johnson, who was writing for Kansas City newspapers ten years ago, but who during the past few years has been among the Indians most of his time, and is really a privileged character among them, is visiting in Kansas City, and to a number of his friends yesterday related in a very interesting manner the reasons why the hunt is being held and what preparations are being made for it.

"Horse Chief, the new ruler of the Poncas, was selected at the Sun dance last June to succeed his aged father, White Eagle," Mr. Johnson said. "He is the eldest son of the old warrior, being about 40 years old. It is tradition among the Poncas that unless the chief has a great and wise council of ten, he is only one of the tribe, and his power amounts to nothing, and there is absolutely no way of selecting the council, according to the religion of these Indians, except by having the buffalo hunt. As the Indians believed no buffaloes were alive now, the new ruler has been held in obscurity since his appointment, and it seemed that the Poncas would never again have a new ruler, until the three buffaloes were secured for the hunt.

"Horse Chief's father, White Eagle, is 78 years old, but do not think for a minute that he retired from the position of chief on account of old age. His retirement was necessitated by reason of the fact that he did not have ten members in his council, and, therefore, in the minds of the Indians was no longer a chief. It was just before the last Sun dance that one of his councilmen died, leaving only nine members. Since then another has passed away.

"You see, when the Indians inaugurate a new chief, they hold the buffalo hunt when sixty bucks form ten twelve hunting parties of five each, to chase the animals. The ten most successful in the hunt are selected as the council, and when one of these dies, the next best hunter among the remaining fifty who participated in the chase is put in his place. The Indians have been dying so fast that out of the sixty who hunted when White Eagle was inaugurated, only eight are alive, and as there was no way for him to get a full council, he had to step down and out.

"White Eagle was inaugurated forty years ago, when the Poncas were living along the Niobrara river in Nebraska. At that time the buffaloes were plentiful on the plains, the tribe was removed to the present reservation in 1871. Their present home contains 106,000 acres, of which the 101 ranch, where the hunt is to be held, occupies a part. This ranch is the largest in the world where miscellaneous farming is carried on, as it contains 37,000 acres. It is owned by J. C. Miller and his two brothers, George and Zach. They do not own all the land, but only that part which was sold to them by heirs of the dead Indwians, while the rest is leased. This ranch, itself, is worth going many miles to see. On it horses, mules, cattle, fancy stock, polo ponies, wheat, corn, oats and all other products found on first-class farms are to be seen.

"An arena 3000 feet long and 1500 feet wide has been laid out for the hunt. It will be enclosed by two woven wire fences six feet high. The enclosure will be double, so, if a buffalo should get through one fence, he would still be unable to get away. On the west side is a grand stand which will accommodate 10,000 people.

"The Indians from the twelve tribes in Indian Territory and Oklahoma have been invited and many have already arrived. They bring their tepees with them and their cooking utensils, a frying pan and a kettle, and the Poncas will furnish them with provisions.

"Some idea of the decrease in the number of the Poncas can be realized when it is known that forty years ago, when White Eagle was inaugurated, there were 6000 in the tribe, while today not more than 600 are alive. They were so certain that the buffaloes were gone that when told the hunt would take place they winked one eye and shook their heads, saying, 'No buffalo. All gone. We won't see them until we reach happy hunting ground.' And they wouldn't believe the animals were on the ranch until they saw for themselves."

The hunt will begin about 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Mr. Johnson says the Indians, however, refuse to tell in what way they will hunt the animals, believing that they should keep that part a secret. The three buffaloes were secured by J. C. Miller from the Goodnight ranch in the Panhandle of Texas, where sixty-four of the animals are kept. Many people in Kansas City have signified their intention of attending the event. So big is the crowd of visitors to be that the Santa Fe has made arrangements to run seven extra trains to Bliss, O. T., one mile south of the place where the chase will take place.

PEANUT BELT MOVING NORTH

Missouri Is Already Experimenting With the Goober Plants.

Columbia, Mo., May 4.—The increasing hardiness of the peanut plant is making its profitable cultivation possible in states where Indian corn is grown. From a plant indigenous to a warm climate, it is being transformed into a hardy northern plant, and in a year it will probably be grown in many states where heretofore it has been considered impossible.

It is believed by the faculty of the Missouri Agricultural college that many counties in this state are adapted to the cultivation of the peanut. The fact that many Missouri gardeners grow peanuts in small quantities for their own use is a practical demonstration of the theory.

In the botanical world the peanut occupies a unique position. Like a few other cultivated plants it never has been found wild, and there are differing views as to its native country. Most authorities, however, agree that it is a native of America. Its habit of clinging close to the soil, closing its leaves at sunset, or on the approach of a storm, the beautiful appearance of a field of it when full grown and the swartlike excrescences found upon the roots, are some notable characteristics.

A warm, loose soil in which sand predominates is required for the peanut. The color of the soil should be gray, with few or no traces of iron to stain or color the pods. Any land that will produce corn at the rate of five or ten bushels per acre will yield 75 to 80 bushels of peanuts to the acre.

The critical period in peanut culture is the week after the seeds are planted, before the plant will hold its own, and while cold winds and rain may retard its growth and cause the plant to turn yellow, it will start anew at the first spell of sunny weather and rapidly change to its normal green. A very slight frost will destroy the germinating plant.

HAS FIGHT WITH WIFE

Then Colored Street Sweeper Gives Her $50,000.

New York, May 4.—For nearly forty years Louis H. Scroggins, a colored street sweeper, and his wife saved from the man's wages, and the rewards of his deals in cotton, until they had $100,000. Then came their first quarrel.

It culminated in a battle royal, in which the woman used flat irons and Scroggins his fists. The woman was worsted and had the old man arrested. They met at the police station, and Scroggin said:

"Maybe we can never patch up this trouble. You take half, $50,000, and I'll take half and call it quits."

Mrs. Scroggins jumped at the offer, and had the charge against the old man dismissed, and he went back to his broom and shovel in West One Hundred and Twenty-fourth street.

"Sure, we have $100,000," declared Scroggins to an inquirer. "It's where it can be easily divided, and the old woman can get her share."

"No, I didn't make it on the $13.50 a week I get now, but I saved the first $1000 while a soldier at $13 a month. Right after the war the old woman and I hooked up.

"We went south to the cotton farms, and I started in as a picker. I learned all about cotton, what the extent of the crop was, the condition of the market, and in 1890 I began to invest.

"I made money, but kept on working in the fields. Eight years ago I came to New York, and I think was worth about $50,000 at the time. After a while I began to invest in cotton here, and I was successful.

"Just before the recent slump I pulled out, and I didn't lose a cent by it. Now I have begun to invest in real estate, which I think is safer."

ONION IN HER EAR.

It Had Been There Forty-Three Years.

Derby, Conn., May 4.—Forty-three years ago Mrs. I. F. Hough, of Stratford, placed a small seed onion in her ear to alleviate earache. She failed to get it out, and the ear became totally deaf. Yesterday, in a fit of violent coughing, the onion, in a state of perfect preservation, was ejected. Her hearing has since greatly improved.

Mrs. Hough had tied the onion to her ear on retiring, and during the night it worked its way far into the passage. She was then a school girl in New York city.

Physicians were able to extract only small pieces of the substance. They then told her the remainder would decompose and cause no permanent injury. Instead, she always has felt a hard lump in her ear.

When expelled the onion was an inch long. Doctors now think that the human vitality and warmth kept the vegetable alive and caused it finally to grow, which process forced it along the passage till it slipped out.

Bad blood and indigestion are deadly enemies to good health. Burdock Blood Bitters destroys them.

HEARST IS DOOMED

To Sure Defeat For Nomination, Says John Lind.

Judge Parker Now Seems the Most Available Man.

Minneapolis, May 4.—"I cannot see how it is possible, by any course of reasoning, for a person to conclude that Mr. Hearst has any claim to the Democratic nomination for the presidency."

This was the declaration of Congressman John Lind, who returned to Minneapolis Monday evening for the first time since congress was called in special session in November of last year. Mr. Lind is staying at the West hotel.

"I have the greatest admiration for Judge Parker, but this by no means precludes me from supporting some other candidate. I do not know that Judge Parker will be the nominee, but at the present time he seems the most available man.

"In the house of representatives, where it is possible to secure the concensus of opinion, there were only five Democrats favorable to Mr. Hearst, and only two of these came from the south. One of them was Mr. Griggs of Georgia, who at one time was chairman of the Democratic congressional committee.

"The candidacy of Mr. Hearst is illogical and he cannot win. I hear he has closed his headquarters in New York and has abandoned efforts in that section. I see no reason why he should seek the votes of Minnesota, which cannot help him should he receive the nomination. But he won't receive it.

"I do not mean to be understood that I favor any candidate who may be able to get the votes of the doubtful pivotal states,' continued the congressman. "I prefer to lose on principle rather than to win at the sacrifice of Democratic ideas."

These statements from the congressman from the Fifth district will give little comfort to the supporters of Mr. Hearst in Minneapolis who have opened headquarters and have declared in loud and defiant tones that should the congressman seek to influence the selection of delegates from the Fifth district opposed to the nomination of the New York publisher, there would be all sorts of trouble for him when he came up for election this fall.

"Hadn't heard of that," said the congressman. "I have stated my position and am ready to stand by it.'

"Is not Bryan standing behind Mr. Hearst; has he not indorsed him for the nomination?' was asked.

"I don't believe he has. If he has, it will make no difference. Mr. Hearst will not get a single vote from the Southern states. Mr. Bryan has a strong following but he is not strong enough to nominate Mr. Hearst."

The congressman asked some questions regarding local politics. He claimed to be unenlightened, although his secretary is closely in touch with conditions in Minnesota.

To the question if he would be a candidate for re-election, he said it would be time to cross that bridge when it was reached.

Next he was asked regarding the story that an effort might be made to force the Democratic gubernatorial nomination upon him should the action of the Republican state nominating convention leave some sore spots.

"Count me out on the governorship," said the congressman. "I have had all I want of it."

In discussing the work of congress, which adjourned earlier than usual, Mr. Lind said that little general legislation was enacted.

"They passed the bill giving American ships the monopoly of the trade with the Philippines, and also agreed to Cuban reciprocity after the Sugar trust had corraled this year's crop. Of course, the appropriation bills were passed. The people may draw their own conclusions why several important measures were postponed until after election."

In discussing John Sharp Williams, the house leader, Mr. Lind declared he was a coming man. He might not be president because of the opposition of certain sections to a Southern man.

"They could do worse than make Mr. Williams president," said Mr. Lind.

Questioned whether Bourke Cockran's free trade speech, delivered during the closing hours of congress, would militate against the arguments in favor of reciprocity that Mr. Williams and others had made, he said he did not think it would make good Republican campaign timber for the reason he discussed free trade in the abstract and did not make a single concrete proposition.

Yesterday Mr. Lind went to his farm for the purpose of fixing his fences—they are not political. He was accompanied by his younger daughter. Mrs. Lind is in New York, visiting her older daughter, who is attending school. During the session of congress Mr. Lind made a record for attendance, having missed only one day.

In discussing the contents of the Congressional Record, he said he had made only one speech, but said he understood Congressman McCleary had received "leave to print" two more.

A Startling Test.

To save a life, Dr. T. G. Merritt, of No. Mehoopany, Pa., made a startling test resulting in a wonderful cure. He writes, "a patient was attacked with violent hemorrhages, caused by ulceration of the stomach. I had often found Electric Bitters excellent for acute stomach and liver troubles so I prescribed them. The patient gained from the first, and has not had an attack in 14 months." Electric Bitters are positively guaranteed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation and Kidney troubles. Try them. Only 50c, at all druggists.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-two hundred five and 59-100 ($2205.59) dollars, principal and interest, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Lucy M. Kennedy and W. A. Kennedy, her husband, mortgagors, to Maria Dewey, mortgagee, bearing date the tenth day of May, 1900, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, on the eleventh day of May, 1900, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 190, of mortgages, on page 52.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Maria Dewey, mortgagee, to Rolla Porter Chadbourn, by written assignment dated the 23d day of September, 1903, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds, on the 21st day of April, 1904, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 147, of mortgages, on page 417.

And no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.:

All the tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered thirteen (13), in block six (6), Lester Park, First Division, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county and state, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the tenth day of June, 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars, attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 27th, A. D. 1904.

ROLLA PORTER CHADBOURN,
Assignee of Mortgage.

A. L. AGATIN,
Attorney for said Assignee.
Duluth Evening Herald—April-27-May-4-11-18-25-June-1, 1904.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE ON FILING PETITION TO SELL LAND.—State of Minesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 26, 1904.

In the Matter of the Estate of E. K. Baxter, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Sarah B. Baxter, executrix, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into her hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of; the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased, as far as the same can be ascertained; the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof; the persons interested in said estate, with their residences; and praying that license be to her granted to sell all the real estate situated and being in St. Louis County, Minnesota. And it appearing, by said petition, that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said Sarah B. Baxter, executrix, to pay said debts, the legacies or expenses of administration, and that it is necessary for the payment of such debts, legacies or expenses to sell all of said real estate;

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in said estate appear before this court on Tuesday, the 31st day of May, 1904, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Court House in Duluth, in said county, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said Sarah B. Baxter, executrix, to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as shall be necessary to pay such debts, legacies and expenses.

And it is further ordered, that this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks, prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, Minnesota.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 26th day of April, A. D. 1904.

By the court.
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—April 27, May 5-4-11, 1904.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Boar Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE
Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable *Brent Good*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

TURKISH TROPHIES

CIGARETTES

All Turkish Tobacco 10 for 10c.

Biggest Seller in the World

FREE NEW PICTURES

25 dainty maids of as many nations, each holding her country's emblem. Full of snap and go, the finest set of pictures we have ever issued—you know what that means. Full set free for 60 Turkish Trophies coupons.

Anargyros
New York

A NEW PRINCIPLE IN MEDICAL SCIENCE.

For years it has been the practice of medical men to treat patients suffering from piles by local, external applications. These treatments give but temporary relief, but have never affected a positive cure.

After months of research and study, accompanied by actual experience with various patients, Dr. C. A. Perrin arrived at a positive conclusion as to the exact action of the various parts of the bowel system, under different conditions, and when subjected to various prescriptions.

He finally prepared that wonderful internal remedy known as DR. PERRIN'S PILE SPECIFIC, which is put up in bottles, retailing at all reliable drug stores for $1.00 each. This internal remedy has been on the market for the past ten years, and in all of that time there has been but three cases where a positive cure has not been effected.

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific is sold under a positive guarantee by the druggist making the sale, to refund the full purchase price, providing the remedy fails to cure. This is the absolute proof of its merit. Any man or woman who suffers from blind, bleeding, itching or internal piles can try this internal remedy with the absolute certainty that it will cost nothing unless it cures. Here is what one sufferer says of this wonderful remedy:

Dr. C. A. Perrin, Helena, Mont.—I wish to thank you for the cure your wonderful medicine has done for me. I had the piles some five years, and under the advice of a doctor had them removed by the knife and felt free for awhile, but they returned and I at once got a bottle of your Perrin's Pile Specific and one bottle has entirely cured me, and I am as good as I ever was.

Yours truly,
JACK SULLIVAN,
October 16, 1902. Chicago.

Better get a bottle of your druggist today and get relief from present and future suffering.

DR. PERRIN MEDICAL CO., HELENA, MONT.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN the conditions of a certain mortgage made by Ronald M. Hunter and Josephine C. Hunter, his wife, mortgagors, to the Laurel Glen Cemetery Association of 1894, a corporation, mortgagee, bearing date the tenth day of April, 1897, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 10th day of April, 1897, at 3:40 o'clock p. m. in Book 179 of Mortgages on page 5.

Said default consists in the failure to pay seven hundred eighty-nine dollars, principal and interest, due and unpaid upon the notes secured by said mortgage, and in the failure to pay twenty-one and 42-100 dollars, delinquent taxes upon the mortgaged premises for the years 1901 and 1902, paid by the mortgagee on March 30th, 1904, whereby there is claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice, including taxes so paid, the sum of eight hundred ten and 42-100 dollars.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to statute in such case provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit:

Lots number nineteen, twenty and twenty-one in block number one in Hunter's Park, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said county at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county at ten o'clock in the forenoon on Saturday, the 28th day of May, 1904, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and twenty-five dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption as by law provided.

Dated April 11th, 1904.

LAUREL GLEN CEMETERY ASSOCIATION OF 1894,
Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
408-9-10 Exchange building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald—April 13-20-27, May 3-10-17, 1904.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, April 19, 1904.

In the matter of the estate of Nels Hall, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of J. J. Eklund, administrator de bonis non of the estate of Nels Hall, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 16th day of May, A. D. 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 19th day of April, A. D. 1904.

By the Court.
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
STEARNS AND HUNTER,
Attorneys.
Duluth Evening Herald—April 20-27, May 4, 1904.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 18th, 1904.

In the Matter of the Estate of Robert Smith, Deceased:

Letters of testamentary on the estate of Robert Smith, deceased, late of the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, being granted to Abbie Fiske Smith.

It is ordered, that six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 24th day of October, 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 18th day of April, A. D. 1904.

By the Court.
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, April-20-27-May-4 1904.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, April 20th, 1904.

In the matter of the estate of Ben Mandelholm, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Ida Christina Mandelholm, administratrix, with the will annexed, of the estate of Ben Mandelholm deceased, representing among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Friday, the 13th day of May, A. D. 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 20th day of April, A. D. 1904.

By the Court.
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—April 20-27, May 4, 1904.

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made by Malcolm Macaulay, mortgagor, to the Laurel Glen Cemetery Association of 1894, a corporation, mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of April, 1895, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 13th day of April, 1895, at 1:55 o'clock p. m., in Book 123, of mortgages, on page 277.

Said default consists in the failure to pay forty-eight hundred dollars, principal and interest, due and unpaid upon the notes secured by said mortgage, and in the failure to pay sixty-six and 94-100 dollars, delinquent taxes upon the mortgaged premises for the years 1901 and 1902, paid by the mortgagee on March 30th, 1904, whereby there is claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice, including taxes so paid, the sum of forty-eight hundred and sixty-seven dollars.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to statute in such case provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit:

Lots number three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten and eleven, in block number six, in Hunter's Park, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said county at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, on Saturday, the 28th day of May, 1904, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and seventy-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption as by law provided.

Dated April 11th, 1904.

LAUREL GLEN CEMETERY ASSOCIATION OF 1894,
Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
408-9-10 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-13-20-27, May-3-10-17.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

WHEAT IS HIGHER

After Lower Opening, Market Stiffens and Holds Advance.

Duluth Market Strongest —All Rail Wheat Sold to East.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 4.—The wheat market was not very active today and prices opened lower but rallied and closed at better figures than yesterday. The Duluth market for some reason showed greater strength than other markets, the May here advancing ⅝c and the July ½c, while Minneapolis was unchanged on May and a shade lower on July. Chicago ¼c up on May and a shade on July and New York ⅝c higher on May and ⅛@¼c on July. There was much interest in the state reports to be made by Missouri, Ohio and Michigan. The Missouri report came out before the close of the session and showed a condition of 81 which was the same as last month whereas 84 was predicted. The condition of 81 and an estimate of 6 per cent less area than was harvested last year, means a crop of 38,500,000 bus., against 22,194,000 bus. last year and 56,000,000 bus. two years ago. A report had it that Tennessee would show a condition of 75 against 78 a month ago.

A rumor was afloat this morning that all of the Minneapolis and some Kansas mills are to shut down for a few days.

The weather in all parts of the wheat raising territory continues very favorable and the bulls cannot get a crumb of comfort out of it.

The Liverpool market closed ½d higher and Antwerp unchanged.

A Duluth shipper this morning sold 10,000 bus. of wheat to be shipped all-rail to the seaboard mills at a figure which looks pretty high. The trouble among vessel interests and the masters is alarming those who must have wheat and they do not want to take any further chances. Exporters sold five loads of Manitoba wheat for shipment abroad.

Car receipts at Duluth were 8 against 9 last year and at Minneapolis 74 against 70 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 82 against 79 a year ago. Chicago received 16 against a year ago. Winnipeg receipts were 66 cars against 71 a year ago.

Primary receipts of wheat were 264,000 bushels, last year 573,000 bushels. Shipments 244,000 bushels, last year 422,000 bushels. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 125,915 bushels.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ½d higher. In the Chicago market July corn closed ½c higher. July oats closed ⅜@½c higher. Primary receipts of corn were 385,000 bushels, last year 444,000 bushels. Shipments 254,000 bushels, last year 314,000 bushels, clearances were 72,539 bushels.

Trading in wheat was quiet on the Duluth board. July opened ¾c lower at 89¼c, advanced to 90¾c at 9:26, fell to 89⅝c at 9:59, and advanced to 90¾c at 11:15. It fell back then to 90¼c at 11:32, sold at 90⅝-¾c at 12:32 and closed at 90¾c. This was ½c higher than yesterday. May was extremely dull and closed ⅝c higher at 90⅝c. September closed only ¼c higher at 80¾c.

Cash offerings were very light and the basis of prices continued unchanged.

Flax was dull, May sold from up to $1.08¼ and fell back to $1.07½ and held at that point, at which it closed ½c higher than yesterday. July and October had the same advance.

Oats to arrive advanced 1c and on track ¾c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—In store, No. 1 hard, 92¾c; No. 1 northern, 90⅝c; No. 2 northern, 90¾c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 92¼c; No. 1 northern, ——; No. 2 northern, 90⅝c; macaroni, No. 1, 88c; No. 2, 86c; May, 90⅝c; July, 90¾c; September, 80¾c. Flax, in store, $1.07½; to arrive, $1.07½; May, $1.07½; July, $1.08¾; September, $1.09½; October, $1.09½. Oats, to arrive, 41c; on track, 40¾c. Rye, on track, 65c; to arrive, 66c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 8; last year, 9; flax, 2; last year, 12.

Receipts—Wheat, 4997; oats, 2316; rye, 564; flax, 3099.

Shipments—Wheat, 15,385; oats, 2520; barley, 238.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Fine Weather Gives Wheat an Easier Feeling.

Chicago, May 4.—Exceptionally fine weather both in the Northwest and Southwest caused an easier feeling in the wheat pit today, prices showing slight declines from yesterday's closing figures. Intimations that the crop reports of Ohio, Michigan and Missouri, to be issued today, would show a moderate improvement over the previous month's estimates, helped to create a bearish sentiment. July opened ½c to ¼c lower at 84¼c to 8.3½. Firm cables and small receipts brought out a fair commission house demand, resulting in an advance to 84¾c, but selling by pit traders carried the price back to 84¼c. Duluth, Minneapolis and Chicago reported receipts of 98 cars, against 71 cars last week and 119 cars a year ago.

Pit traders and shorts became active buyers of wheat later in the day and as a result, the market developed a strong undertone. Prices here were affected to a considerable extent by the strength in outside markets. July advanced to 85c, but reacted on profit-taking. The close was firm with July at 84½@85c, a shade higher than yesterday's final quotations.

Corn was easier in sympathy with wheat and under the influence of favorable weather conditions. Owing to firm cables and smaller receipts with a decrease in percentage of contract grain traders were inclined to withhold offerings and in consequence prices made only slight declines. July opened shade to ⅛c lower at 47⅝@47¾c to 47¾c. After selling at 48c, the price eased off to 47⅝@47¾c. Local receipts were 103 cars with nine of contract grade.

During the latter part of the session a prominent commission house was an active buyer of the July option. In response to this demand the price advanced to 48¼c. There was also a better export demand. The market closed firm with July up ¼c, at 48⅜@48¼c.

Liquidation of May delivery had a depressing effect on the entire oats market. The selling was due largely to the easier tone in wheat and corn, although reports announced favorable progress being made in seeding. July opened unchanged to shade lower at 33⅜@33½c to 33⅝c. An advance to 33¾c was followed by a reaction to 33⅜c. Local receipts were 29 cars.

Provisions were firm in sympathy with a strong hog market. July pork opened unchanged to 7½c higher at $11.72½ to $11.80 and sold up to $11.85. July lard started unchanged to 2½c higher, at $6.62½ to $6.65, and advanced to $6.67½. Ribs were up 2½@5c at $6.40.

Close: Wheat—May, 89¼c; July, 84½@84c, old 85¼@87⅝c; September, 79¾c; old, 81c. December, 79⅝c. Corn—May, 46¼c; July, 48⅝@47¾c; September, 48c; December, 45¾c. Oats—May, 40⅝c; July, 37¾@39c; September, 30⅝c. Pork—May, $11.60; July, $11.82½; September, $12.02½. Lard—May, $6.55; July, $6.70; September, $6.85. Ribs—May, $6.25; July, $6.47½@6.50; September, $6.62½@6.65. Rye—May, 63¾c; July, 61½c. Flax—Cash, northwestern, $1.08½; southwestern, $1.01; May, $1.01; July, $1.04. Timothy—May, ——. Clover—May, $10.75. Barley—Cash, 32@57c. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, $1.04@1.05; No. 3 red, $1.00@1.01; No. 2 hard, 89@92c; No. 3 hard, 83@89c; No. 1 northern, 92@95c; No. 2 northern, 90@94c; No. 3 spring, 87@92c. Corn—No. 2, 48@48¼c; No. 3, 47@48¼c. Oats—No. 2, 39½c; No. 3 39c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	....90¼N	91⅝	87⅜	.....
High	.....	91⅞	89⅜	92
Low	.....	91⅜	88⅝	91⅞
Close	....90⅜B	91⅝A	89¼	91⅞A
Close, 3rd	.90	91⅝	89	91½
July—				
Open	....90¼A	90¾	84¼-⅜	89⅛-¼
High	....90¾	91½-⅝	85¼	89¾-⅞
Low	....89¾	90¼	83⅜	89⅛
Close	....90⅜B	91⅛	84⅛-⅜	89⅝
Close, 3rd	.90¼	91⅜-½	84½	89¼-⅜
September—				
Open	....80B	79¾	79¾-¾	83
High	....80½	80⅝	80¼	83¼
Low	....80B	79⅝	79½	83
Close	....80⅜B	80¼	79¾	83⅛A
Close, 3rd	.80¼	80	79¼-⅞	83

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	....33½	47⅜@47¾-¾	$11.72@11.80
High	....33¾	48⅛	12.05
Low	....33⅜	47⅜-¾	11.72
Close	....33⅝-⅜	48⅛-¼	11.82

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 4.—Wheat—Spot, dull; 1 California, 7s; futures, quiet; May, 6s 3¼d; July, 6s 4¼d. Corn—Spot, steady; American mixed, new, 4s 3d; American mixed; old, 4s 7d; futures, quiet; May, 4s 3⅝d; July, 4s 3½d.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 4.—Close: Wheat—May, 91⅜c; July, 91¼c; September, 80¼c. On track, No. 1 hard, 95⅝c; No. 1 northern, 94⅝c; No. 2 northern, 92⅝c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 4.—Close: Wheat—May, 91⅞c; July, 89½c; September, 83½c. Corn—May, 50½c; July, 53c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—It was an irregular market but on a small volume of trade. The dull cables and fine weather made little liquidation early and the bullish local sentiment brought about a reaction but the improvement was lost at the close. The trade expected bullish state crop reports. Outside interest is very small and the trade is almost wholly professional. The prevailing sentiment is still bullish but the short interest is small and the situation is handicapped by the bearish statistical position.

Corn—It showed considerable strength early but only partially held the improvement. There seemed to be a play made against local shorts which resulted in free covering. There is nothing definite about the cash situation although there is some talk of contracts being made for shipment. The general interest is small and the outside trade light. We see no special tendency to the market.

Oats—Patten houses are still supporting the May oats and this induced a good deal of covering by shorts in July. September oats act heavy on favorable crop news.

Provisions—It was a very strong market in the early part of the day and prices advanced through the whole list. The advance, however, made some profit-taking and some raiding by pit traders later in the day and about half of the improvement was lost. On the whole the buying is better. Packers seem disposed to take a little stuff on the weak spots and there is less pressure from scattered liquidation. Receipts are likely to be light for the immediate future and there is a fair distributive demand. While we see nothing to make any great advance in provisions at this time, we are inclined to think they are cheap enough to buy on the soft spots for the present.

* * *

Kansas City wires: Do not think there will be any increase in wheat movement until new crop. This is expected to be early, however, bets are being made that cutting will commence in southern Kansas by June 10.

* * *

B. E. Baker's Chicago Grain Letter: Wheat—Was a nervous local market. After an opening break on the magnificent weather everywhere and brisk milling news, the market became strong on cash advices. Country millers were good buyers of cash wheat at Minneapolis, and sales were placed as high as 90c. St. Louis sold 45,000 bus No. 2 red, and locally vessel room was engaged for 115,000 bus of No. 1 northern and 45,000 No. 2 red sold at $1.02. Receipts were light at all primary points, and 40,000 bus under the shipments. The weekly crop bulletin reports a general improvement throughout the winter wheat states, but notes the poor condition in Michigan and considerable plowing up of fields in Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania. Private advices from the Southwest all note improved prospect of the crop. Winnipeg says weather is fine and seeding in Manitoba is being rushed. The small stocks of wheat keeps the trade in the July very nervous and sensitive to even a limited amount of cash business. Shorts are easily scared. Liverpool closed fractionally higher. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 20 cars.

Corn—Covering by the local shorts was the chief feature and source of strength in the corn market. The tone of wheat also had a bracing effect. The domestic demand was slightly better. Forty-six thousand bus were loaded from store yesterday, and receipts for 179,000 were cancelled. The export outlook is very discouraging. There is a little shortage of good corn in Liverpool for delivery on May contracts, and to fill in this demand Liverpool will pay but a trifle over May price, and this for shipment by the fifteenth of the month, and condition guaranteed on arrival. For deferred shipment we cannot even get an indication of buyers' ideas. Country purchases were more liberal, and an increase in local receipts is anticipated. There does not appear to be any legitimate reason for the present corn values. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 220.

Oats were a quiet, strong market, but trade was not particularly heavy. Cash news was strong; 110,000 bus of standard were sold today for shipment at ¼c over May; 42 000 bus were loaded out of store, and receipts for 182,000 bus were cancelled. The weather throughout the belt and country advices are favorable to the new crop.

* * *

Chicago Record-Herald: "The contract stocks of wheat will be all gone by the end of this month," says a A. O. Manson, "and there is nothing they can make any more out of. The exhaustion of the contract stocks will make the situation a very nervous one. I should care to be short and I do not consider the situation particularly a weak one. The smallest have their gentlemen's agreement and they are effectually using it to reduce flour stocks and to lower wheat prices. But the reduction of stocks and the lowering of prices cannot go on for ever by agreement. The shipping directions for flour are, I understand, coming much better."

Minnesota weekly crop report: A week of almost continuous sunshine has been favorable for all farm work, and for starting the growth of early seeded grains. The week opened cool for the season, but the middle and latter parts were considerably warmer, the temperature reaching 90 degrees on the 30th in several localities. The soil has dried rapidly, and on all but the level lands of the Red river and lowlands elsewhere the soil is in splendid condition for seeding. No seeding has been done so far in the Red river valley, but wheat seeding has been going on in the latter part of the week on the higher lands east of the valley as far north as Northern Kittson county. In central and southern parts of the state wheat and oat seeding is rapidly nearing completion, and some barley has been seeded in southern and southeastern counties. Early sown wheat and oats are beginning to come up nicely. Plowing for corn, flax and barley is going on in the south, and gardening is general. Potato planting is begun in a number of southern counties. Grass is beginning to show green a little, but there is not yet sufficient for feed.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, May 4, 1904.

STATIONS—	State of Weather.	•Minimum.	•Maximum.	Rainfall, inches and hundredths.
Alexandria	clear	74	44	0
Campbell	Clear	74	44	0
Detroit City	Clear	74	42	0
Grand Meadows	Clear	80	40	0
Minneapolis	Clear	76	54	0
New Ulm	Clear	78	50	0
Winnebago City	Pt cloudy	78	50	0
Worthington	Clear	74	42	0
Langdon	Clear	72	48	0
Larimore	Clear	74	50	0
Pembina	Cloudy	74	50	0
Aberdeen	Pt cloudy	78	34	0
Milibank	Clear	66	40	0
Mitchell	Clear	78	50	0
Redfield	Clear	74	46	0
Bismarck	Clear	74	46	0
Duluth	Clear	68	47	0
Huron	Pt cloudy	76	50	0
La Crosse	Clear	76	52	0
Moorhead	Clear	74	48	0
Pierre	Cloudy	76	52	0
St. Paul	Clear	78	54	0
Winnipeg	Cloudy	78	54	0

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall. •For yesterday. ••For twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m. Seventy-fifth meridian time.

Note—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are may up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

Showers fell over Ohio valley states, Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma and Western South Dakota. Temperatures were moderate.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report a favorable market although exclusively on retail basis. Values:

Drafters, extra	$180 to $210
Drafters, choice	160 to 180
Drafters, common to good	135 to 180
Farm mares, extra	130 to 160
Farm mares, choice	100 to 130
Farm mares, common to good	65 to 100

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 4.—Cattle—Receipts 19,000; steady to strong. Good to prime steers, $5.10@5.70; poor to medium, $3.90@4.90; stockers and feeders, $3@4.40; cows, $1.50@4.40; heifers, $2.25@4.75; canners, $1.50@2.60; bulls, $2@4; calves, $2.50@5; Texas fed steers, $4@4.55. Hogs—Receipts today 24,000; tomorrow 25,000; about steady. Mixed and butchers, $4.40@4.85; good to choice heavy, $4.75@4.85; rough heavy, $4.60@4.75; light, $4.50@4.75; bulk of sales, $4.65@4.75. Sheep—Receipts 14,000; strong; lambs strong. Good to choice wethers, $4.75@5.40; fair to choice mixed, $3.50@4.60; western sheep, $4@5.50; native lambs, $4.50@6; western lambs, clipped, $5@5.90; western lambs, wooled, $6.25@7.10.

MAY REINSTATE LODGES.

Cleveland, May 4.—Today's session of the annual convention of the Amalgamated association was largely devoted to the reading of reports and the appointment of various committees. It is stated that one of the most important matters to be taken up by the convention will be the question of reinstating a number of lodges said to be located in Milwaukee, Chicago and Joliet whose members failed to stop work or returned to their places during the strike of the association in 1901.

At the annual convention following the strike the lodges in question were each fined $10,000. They have been unable to pay these fines and as a result have no standing in the organization. It is reported that the delegates at their convention are divided as to whether the Western lodges shall be reinstated without paying the fines.

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Our bond Sales which have been incidental to our general brokerage in
STOCKS AND GRAINS
have led us to establish a SPECIAL BOND DEPARTMENT.
We own and offer, or will buy—
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Arizona Copper Stocks a Specialty
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STEADY IN STOCKS

But the Market Was Dull Throughout the Session.

No Decided Pressure to Sell and Tone Was Good.

New York, May 4.—A rise of ⅜ in Union Pacific was the widest change shown at the opening today in the list of active railroad stocks. Amalgamated Copper gained as much. Otherwise prices were eitheer unchanged or an eighth to a quarter higher or lower than last night and the transactions were very small.

Buying orders for moderate amounts caused a fractional rise throughout. Union Pacific and Delaware & Hudson exceptionally rose a point. Large offerings of United States Steel preferred were thrown on the market later depressing it to 54⅞. Other stocks reacted in sympthy but showed some resistance. Business was largely congested in Union Pacific and United States Steel preferred.

The conflicting movements in Union Pacific and United States Steel stocks confused sentiment and held the general list suspended. Union Pacific touched 85¼, United States Steel preferred 54⅞, and the common 9⅞ during the second hour. Rock Island preferred rose a point, Virginia, Carolina Chemical preferred lost 1 and Detroit Southern preferred 1¼. Bonds were irregular at noon.

The tendency of the market was upward, despite the large gold engagements, but the general advances were small. Rock Island preferred showed unusual activity and brought 65½, a gain of 2½. Northwestern preferred. St. Louis & San Francisco second preferred, Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo, Sugar, Realty preferred and Railway Investment preferred improved 1 to 1⅝.

Prices ruled below the highest in the afternoon. There was no decided pressure to sell, the market reacting on the limited demand. Sugar receded nearly a point, while Railway Investment preferrred increased las advance to 2½.

The market drift was featureless and difficult to detect at all. Northwestern pfd and Realty pfd rose a point. The close was easy.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 306 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stocks—	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	47⅜	47	47⅜
American Sugar	128⅛	127¼	127¾
Atch., Top. & S. Fe	72⅝	72¼	72½
Baltimore & Ohio	79¾	79	79⅜
Brooklyn Rap. Tran	46⅛	45⅝	46
Canadian Pacific	117⅝	117¼	117½
Chicago & Alton	37¾	37¾	37¾
Chicago Gt. Western	15¾	15⅝	15⅝
Chic., Mil. & St. Paul	143¾	143	143⅜
Chic., Rock Island & P.	22⅝	22⅛	22¼
Rock Island pfd	65½	63⅝	65
Erie, common	24⅝	24⅛	24¼
General Electric	158	157½	157½
Louisville & Nashville	107½	106⅝	107¼
Manhattan Elevated	142⅞	142⅝	142⅞
Metropolitan Street Ry.	110¾	109½	110¾
Mexican Central	17⅛	17	17⅛
Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	61½	60⅝	61⅛
Missouri Pacific	92⅜	92	92⅜
New York Central	115½	115⅛	115½
Pennsylvania	113⅜	117⅝	117⅝
People's Gas of Chic.	97	96¾	96¾
Reading	43⅝	43¼	43⅜
Southern Pacific	47⅞	47½	47⅝
Southern Railway	20¾	20⅜	20⅜
Tennessee Coal and Iron	35½	35⅜	35⅜
Union Pacific	85¼	84⅝	84⅝
United States Leather	7	6⅞	6⅞
U. S. Steel	10⅜	9⅞	10
do pfd	55⅜	54⅝	55⅛
Wabash	37⅜	37¼	37½
Western Union	88⅜	88¼	88¼
Wisconsin Central	17½	17¼	17½
Northern Securities, 99 bid; 99½ asked.			

The total sales were 213,500 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgeley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: Three facts bearing on the financial situation stand out: First, general business is contracting, almost to depression in some lines; second, railway earnings are steadily falling off; third, idle money is accumulating to a degree embarrassing to the banks. The third can hardly be considered as an offset to the other two, especially as the owners of this idle wealth show no disposition to hand it over to Wall street. Hundreds of millions of good bonds are awaiting issuance as soon as the public can be induced to buy, so there is very little chance of any wholesale demand for stocks for months to come. A good rally is now due through out the list. Would keep a close stop order on all long stock purchased around 60 levels.

* * *

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market maintains a rather strong tone. There is still pressure on the Steel issues, but aside from that stocks are well held and liquidation is not in evidence except to a moderate extent on the part of the bears. There is some suggestion in today's gossip of a little broadening of the interest, but it is not apparent and it is still a very dull market. There is no doubt a liberal short interest, but nothing sufficient in conditions to disturb them to any great extent. The market is simply killing time and is without tendency.

* * *

C. G. Gates & Co. to B. E. Baker: The short interest in the market is of fair proportions and it does not appear to have been reduced to any extent by yesterday's covering movement, as new lines were evidently put out on the advance.

* * *

Waldorf to B. E. Baker: Comment on the market tonight reflects the great disappointment which both brokers and traders feel because of the continued dullness and ebbing away of prices. It is the testimony of those observers that the current selling partakes more of the character of liquidation by discouraged holders than any that has taken place in a long time. The belief that the phenomenal rise of money would lead investors to buy largely of the standard stocks is being abandoned for the theory that stagnation in business and the apathy of important interests mean a declining market. Naturally the situation from the speculator's view point, is one that gives bear operators courage and it is said that from now on the latter will be increasingly aggressive. The large loss in net earnings reported by the Pennsylvania for March, and unfavorable advices from Pittsburg regarding the outlook for the steel trade are the principal motives of bearish speculators. Friends of prominent steel men at Pittsburg are confident that the directors will take the action and assert that H. C. Frick, who has a powerful voice in the management of the United States Steel corporation, is in favor of the reduction of the dividend from 7 to 5 per cent.

* * *

Evans to Paine, Webber & Co.: The ore pool has been dissolved. Its effect on iron prices is apt to be bad, of course, and will cause selling of Steels. Wall street is full of bull tips and stories, the advice to buy Union Pacific being the one most frequently given out. Do not be bamboozled into buying any stock at the present time. The tendency of the market is downward; stocks should be sold on every rally.

Walker Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.:

Edwards, Wood Co. (Inc.)
DEALERS IN
STOCKS—GRAIN—PROVISIONS
MAIN OFFICE:
Manhattan Building, St. Paul, Minnesota.
Branch Offices: 320 Board of Trade Building, Duluth.

The market today was very quiet and steady. There was little commission business and the traders were inclined to take the bull side. Steel stocks were sold early and had little support. There was no news of importance and the market continued steady and dull until the close. The tone was good, and on any good news the market should improve.

* * *

Harriman to Paine, Webber & Co.: It is the general impression, and we share it, that certain Standard Oil interests are responsible for the marking down of Steel preferred. They probably are reasonably sure the dividend on Steel preferred will be reduced the next quarterly meeting and then expect to buy the stock around the 50s. The railroad market shows strength and any buying of moment would easily advance prices.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stocks—	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	47⅛	47⅜
Adventure	1¾	2 1-6
Atlantic	7½	8
Allouez	5	5¼
Arcadian	40c	50c
Elm River	2	2⅛
Bingham	21	....
Copper Range	43¾	43⅞
Centennial	19⅜	20
Calumet and Hecla	..	467
Calumet and Arizona	..	105
Calumet and Pittsburg	30	33½
L. S. and Pittsburg	..	155
Mass	4	4¼
Michigan	4½	5
Mohawk	42⅜	42¼
Mayflower	50c	65c
Mercur Con	33	35
National	..	1
Old Colony	1	1¼
Old Dominion	12½	13
Osceola	51	..
Phoenix	1⅞	2
Parrott	23¼	....
Quincy	81	83
Rhode Island	90c	1.00
Santa Fe	1½	1⅝
Franklin	1½	5
Tamarack	90	95
Trinity	3⅞	4
Tennessee Copper	31	33
Utah	23½	24
U. S. Mining	20	20½
U. S. Oil	9¼	9½
Victoria	3	3¼
Wolverine	71	72
Wyandot	50c	75c
Winona	6	6½
Daly West	22	23½
Greene Con	15⅞	16
Calumet and Bisbee	..	6¾
Pittsburg and Duluth	..	53
Union Land	3	3
Junction	26	2¾

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The bear leader in the market on the unfavorable character of Pennsylvania's latest statement of earnings and sold stocks this morning. They failed to turn the course of prices, however. Steel was the weak feature and its influence was to prevent a still better improvement in prices. Copper was depressed in the London market, but domestic advices were so favorable that it had no influence on the copper share market. Copper Range was the most active and strongest of the coppers. Traders sold it dawn a point at the opening, but it recovered, selling higher than yesterday. The feeling that copper stocks should sell higher is growing and we look for increased activity all round.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, May 4.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve set apart for redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $220,503,240; gold, $116,390,219; silver, $20,246,539; United States notes, $7,052,317; treasury notes of 1890, $121,; national bank notes, $12,583,849; total receipts this day, $1,734,659; total receipts this month, $4,946,891; total receipts this year, $456,596,062; total expenditures this day, $2,640,060; total expenditures this month, $6,362,000; total expenditures this year, $456,103,589; deposits in national banks, $168,520,245.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 4.—Money on call, easy, 1@1½ per cent, closing bid 1¼; offered at 1½; time loans, easy and dull; 60 and 90 days, 2¼@2¾ per cent; 6 months 2½@3%. Prime mercantile paper, 3¾@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87 for demand, and at $4.84.87@4.84.90 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.85@4.00 and $4.88; commercial bills, $4.84¾. Bar silver, 54⅝c. Mexican dollars, 43¾c. Government bonds firm; railroad bonds irregular.

THE COTTON MARKET.

Cotton spot closed quiet, 15 points higher; middling uplands, 13.70; middling gulf, 13.95; sales, 2135 bales. Futures closed quiet; May, 13.45; June, 13.52; July, 13.51; August, 13.33; September, 11.90; October, 11.37; November, 11.28; December, 11.26; January, 11.27.

M. S. Burrows sells the best $2.50 and $3.50 shoes for women.

MILLIONS OF PIKE SPAWN

State Authorities Do Well In Pike River Gathering.

Archie Phillips, the game warden, came down this morning from Tower with a crew of men that he took up a week ago to gather pike spawn from the Pike river, seven miles west of Tower. They got 100,000,000 eggs, more than in any previous season, and these were shipped on down to St. Paul, at 1:55 o'clock this afternoon, over the Northern Pacific. Accompanying the party in the spawn gathering was Bernard Kittel, superintendent of the state fish hatcheries, and he came down with them today.

Warden Phillips is much pleased with the result of the work this season, as for a time it looked dubious whether the amount of spawn taken would be as much as desired over the threatened run of logs down the Pike river by the Tower Lumber company. For the past two years the hatcheries have been unable to get any spawn from the Pike river, owing to the logs, which have been running just at the time it would be desirable to go after spawn, and the logs have, it is claimed, killed many fish and spoiled many spawn.

This year an amicable arrangement was made with the Tower Lumber company to have them hold their logs until the workers were through gathering spawn, but Saturday noon the company sent word that they wanted to start logs down immediately. As the men were not through, and did not want the catch spoiled, they arranged to enjoin the company from starting logs until they were through, and they finished their work last night.

The warden says an effort will be made to get a bill passed in the legislature to protect fish culture by delaying the running of logs at such times and places as would jeopardize the gathering of spawn.

Attend the great clearance sale at the Eagle Clothing and Shoe House. Bargains for everybody. 321 West Superior street.

$3200 for a 9-room house—all modern improvements. Centrally located—easy terms.
H. A. WING & CO.
210 Palladio Building.

ADDITIONAL WANTS.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

TURKISH BATHS.
ARE A GUARANTEED CURE FOR rheumatism, kidney trouble and colds. 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies, 415 W. Mich. St.

SIGNS.
E. RALPH, GENERAL SIGN WORK. 323 West First street.

MASSAGE.
MISS BACON, Phoenix blk., 4th Ave. W.

MERCHANT TAILOR.
CARL DELIN, MERCHANT TAILOR. Room 16, Phoenix block. Suits cleaned and pressed.

OLD CLOTHES.
GOOD PRICES PAID FOR MEN'S OLD clothes. A. Winer, 11 N. Fifth Ave. W.
HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR OLD clothing. E. Schulz, 112 First Ave. E.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.
A GUARANTEED CURE AT DR. REISland's, 707 Palladio.

DYE WORKS.
ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—Practical dyers and French dry cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Superior street, Duluth; 919 Tower, Superior. Both 'phones.

PICTURE FRAMING.
DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.
SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 W. Superior St.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.
MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MIDwife, female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone, 1225.

STOVE REPAIRING.
DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS. 217 East Superior street, Both 'phones.

ASHES REMOVED.
J. MAHER. BOTH 'PHONES 48.
CALL 570-C. NEW 'PHONE—DULUTH General Teaming Co., 1004 West First street.

MOVING.
REDUCED FREIGHT RATES TO PAcific coast points, on household goods or emigrant movables. For particulars address the Boyd Transfer & Storage Co., or call on our local agents, the Duluth Van & Storage company.

LITTLE & NOLTE INSURANCE REAL ESTATE LOANS UNDER AM. EX. BANK. ESTABLISHED 1883.
Special Spring Sales

$6500 Large modern home in Lakeside, beautiful grounds—full lake view, good barn, 72-1.
$9000 Elegant modern home on 50-foot corner lot on East First street, 17-1.
$3000 Eight-room modern home, stone foundation, hot water heat, 50-foot lot, Lester Park. 77-3.
$2500 for good modern home on large lot in Hunter's Park. $1000 cash. 89-1.
$2500 for 75 feet on upper side of East Second street. 172-1.
$300 for 50-foot lot in Oneota, car line.
$2500 for seven-room home in Eas End; water, sewer, toilet. 16-16.
$1700 buys ten-room house in East End; water, sewer, improvements in and paid for. Water in house. Two families. Rents for $30.00 per month. 15-3.
$4500 for fine modern home on upper side of London road in East End. Finely decorated, large lot. 15-6.
Houses and Stores to Rent.

Secure a Home of Your Own!

Now is the time to buy forty acres or more of good farm land, within driving distance of Duluth, at prices ranging from $5.00 to $10.00 per acre, a small cash payment, balance on easy terms, with timber enough on lands to pay for them. Better investment than placing your money in savings banks.

For maps, pamphlets and full particulars call on

Boston & Duluth Farm Land Company,
18 FIFTH AVENUE WEST.

$1200 Six-roomed house and lot. Good well. Good location, on East Fifth street.
$1750 House of eight rooms, with well; also barn. Corner lot, 50x140, on Lake avenue North.
$2400 Seven-roomed house. Water, sewer, bath, stove heat. On First street near Seventh avenue East
$2500 Seven-room house, water, sewer, bath, stove heat. Lot 25x140. Fine location on Second street, near Tenth avenue East.
$3000 Eight-room brick house, water, sewer, bath, hot water heat. Land 23x50. Very central.
For sale exclusively by
W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
First Floor Lonsdale Building.

$2600 Takes a six-room house with water, sewer, bath, gas and electric light, on Third street, in heart of city.
Before you buy or sell, come in and see us.
A. C. VOLK & CO. 202-203 Palladio Bldg.

5% MONEY TO LOAN 6%
Any Amount—All Privileges—No Delay.
ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
300 Exchange Building.

BOCHNER SUED

Remington Typewriter Company Claims Shortage of $1844.50.

Alleges That He Absconded, Taking Funds With Him.

According to a suit instituted in district court, this morning, by the Remington Typewriter company against Edson H. Bochner, its former local agent, who disappeared from Duluth during the first part of April last, Bochner's shortage in accounts amounts to $1844.50.

The typewriter company attempts, through the civil action to recover the amount and its representative, W. A. Rhoden, has filed an affidavit of attachment on any property that the missing agent may have.

In its complaint, filed by Marshall & Whipple, as attorneys, the Remington company alleges that E. H. Bochner was its duly authorized agent in Duluth ad that at divers dates since March, 1903, he has collected large sums of money on account of sales and exchanges, which he has neglected to turn in to the company, but has fraudulently and wrongfully converted into his own use.

The company alleges that April 7, 1904, Bochner absconded from and left Duluth, taking its funds with him and that he has not since been in the city, but is now a fugitive from justice on acount of his fraudulent appropriation of the money belonging to his employers.

It is understood that Bochner's dealings with the typewriter company will be investigated by the grand jury, now in session, and the probabilities are that an indictment alleging embezzlement will issue against him.

FOR KEEPING DIRTY PLACE

Andrew Anderson, Dairyman, Is Arrested By Health Inspectors.

At the instigation of Health Inspector Kitchen, Andrew Anderson was arrested last evening on the charge of violating the health ordinance.

Anderson is the owner of a dairy at Fifth avenue east and Eighth street. For many months past the department has been receiving complaints that he keeps his yard in a very unsanitary condition. He has been warned several times to clean up his place, but the health authorities claim their orders have been ignored.

He was arraigned in the municipal court this morning and pleaded not guilty. His hearing was set for tomorrow morning, at 10 o'clock.

"The man's yard is a public nuisance," said T. J. McKeon, the assistant city attorney. "It is about a foot deep in manure, and the neighbors claim that if the nuisance is not abated they will be compelled to move out of the neighborhood."

"What have you to say about this?" asked Judge Windom.

"Well, there is not more than a few inches of manure there," said Anderson. "I started to plough it under to make a garden, but the frost is not out of the ground yet and I couldn't do it."

"The notice of the health department was served on him a week ago," said Mr. McKeon, "and he has not cleaned up yet. He merely stirred up the manure with the plow and made it all the worse. I would like to have a speedy trial, as the people up there have stood this nuisance long enough, and as the warm weather comes on it grows wrose daily. He has laughed at the orders of the health department, and has completely ignored them."

Anderson stated that he could be ready for trial tomorrow morning, and the hearing was set for 10 o'clock.

MAY TERM OF COURT OPENS

Eighty-One Cases on Calendar For Trial After the Call.

The regular May term of district court began this morning with Judge Ensign presiding at the call of the calendar, for Judge Cant, who was busy with a special term case.

Of the ninety-three court and jury cases noted for trial on the present term calendar, only nine were continued and but three were stricken, leaving eighty-one cases that will be tried. This practically assures a busy term of court.

The grand jury assembled at 1 o'clock and was given the usual instructions, after being sworn, by Judge Dibell. There were eighteen grand jurors in attendance, and Cameron R. Rust, of this city, was appointed foreman.

The grand jury began its investigations immediately, but no report is expected in court before tomorrow morning.

MAY COME SOON

Opening of Navigation May Not Be Far Distant.

Report That Masters and Owners May Reach Settlement.

While no definite word has been received as to an agreement between the vesselmen and masters, the chances seem to be that the opening of navigation will see things in peaceable shape, for private telegrams have been received in the city to the effect that a settlement seems to be in sight, and the Associated Press sent the following message this afternoon:

"Cleveland, May 4.—With their demands considerably modified, the representatives of the Seamen's union met with the executive committee of the Lake Carriers' association this afternoon for another conference on the season's wage scale. It is said the chances are excellent that an amicable settlement will be reached soon.

"Members of the committee of masters and pilots, which meets with the Lake Carriers tomorrow, are arriving in the city. A prominent vesselman stated this afternoon that there are strong indications that an agreement will be reached without much delay and that as a result the embargo placed on lake navigation because of the differences between the two organizations will, in all probability, be raised before the present week closes.'

One message received here from an eastern agent of a well known freight line was to the effect that the outlook was more favorable than for some time. The message stated that the masters might take their vessels out as soon as the water permitted whether the conference was ended or not and that the settlement of the questions in dispute would be left to the arbitration of committes appointed by either side.

If all these indications are true, which they would appear to be, the gloomy outlook for the people interested in navigation will soon be dissipated, and when navigation does open it will be with more of a hum than ever. The question of the settlement of the terms between the masters and their employers has been more of an absorbing topic locally than it was a short time ago. With the firm holding on of winter weather the chances were that navigation would be very late, indeed, but with the past ten days of mild weather indications pointed to navigation before the matters of difference between the two sides would be settled. A good many of the vessel owners, masters and more humble of the employes interested in seeing the vessels under way are wearing a more contented look since the change of conditions has come about.

The Burrows' Regent, $3.50 shoes, never disappoints.

BRISK FIRE AT ST. PAUL

Building of United States Bedding Company Destroyed.

St. Paul, May 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—A raging fire, fanned by a high south wind, totally destroyed the four-story brick building occupied by the United States Bedding company, Seventh and Bradley streets, and for a time threatened two blocks of residences north of Seventh street. The total loss will probably reach $40,000.

The fire originated in the mattress room, a small frame structure in the rear of the Bedding company's building. The origin is unknown as no one was in the room. The mattress room and the entire brick building was filled with baled sea grass and other inflammable material, and within five minutes after the fire was discovered the interior of the structure was a roaring furnace.

The alarm of fire cried through the building caused a panic among the operatives and there was a rush for safety. Only a few of the employes took time to gather their personal effects.

In a moment's time the frame houses directly across the street began to flame about the roofs and the fire marched in a seemingly resistless progress towards Partridge street.

It was finally checked.

SELF DEFENSE

Will Probably Be Plea For Mrs. Powell.

Dover, Del., May 4.—Attorney General Ward expects to rest the state's case against Mrs. Mary A. Powell today. There are only five more witnesses to be called for the purpose of proving that the prisoner maliciously murdered Estelle Albin. What defense will be offered by the attorneys for Mrs. Powell is a subject of conjecture. From the cross-examination of the commonwealth witnesses it is probable that self-defense will be the plea offered in extenuation for Mrs. Powell's confessed crime.

The usual large crowd of spectators was present when court opened today.

LIVE ROSE BUSHES 10c.

The great bargain we have for you every spring. Beautiful hardy plants, red, white and pink. Thousands of our roses adorn Duluth yards. Only 2000 bushes on sale tomorrow.....

10c 3 for 25c.

Panton & White Company.

BEAUTIFUL THINGS AT POPULAR PRICES! "The Style Store." SUPERIOR STREET AND FIRST AVENUE WEST.

Notable offerings for tomorrow's..

A Suit and Coat Buyers!

Mrs. Bailey, formerly of Mannheimer Bros., of St. Paul, will fit your corset for you at no extra charge.

Splendid examples of how low in price high-grade, beautiful things can be bought—for everybody who has been here has been delighted with the store and more than delighted with the lovely things on display!

But we wish to impress it upon you again and again—no high prices are attached to the handsome things and exclusive styles!

See our New Waists—of cotton and Silk—$1 up.

See our new and beautiful models in Rayne-Shine Coats and Cravenette Coats—$10 up!

All of the new spring models in Corsets—W. B., R. & G., and C. B., A La Spirite—splendid values at 50c and $1.00.

J M Gidding & Go
WOMENS OUTFITTERS

Superior Street and First Avenue West.

You can get splendidly Tailored Suits trimmed in good taste and of excellent quality cloth—

guaranteed for wear and durability—at **$12.50**—that no store in town will sell even at a "sale" price for less than $15.00.

You can get the prettiest kind of Tailored Suits at $15.00, $16.50 and $18.00

that no store in this city would think of selling at less than from five to ten dollars more.

You can get your choice of possibly thirty styles in Tailored Suits at $25.00!

Every one of them of which would bring from ten to fifteen dollars more at any other store in town—if they could show you the style at all. Every suit new and fresh from the most important makers in the land—in many different cloths—plain broadcloths, cheviots, Venetians, etamines and beautiful fancy mixtures—all trimmed in various ways; all with full, broad shoulders so much wanted by women of fashion just now. Some of the suits are silk lined throughout, some of the jackets only are silk lined. Again we say it—not one of these suits can be matched by any other store in this city at less than from ten to fifteen dollars more. All the season's best shades—all sizes, from the woman who wears a 32 bust up to a 44. $25.00 for a great choice.

Everybody knows that we excel in suits at $30.00, $35.00, $40.00 and upwards—so there's very little to tell on this score. In Tailored Suits, Dresses, Shirtwaist Suits, etc., we've a stock second to none in the entire Northwest.

EXCEPTIONAL VALUES in Covert Coats—everybody in town is talking about our great lines and our popular prices.

$7.50 FOR BEAUTIFUL COVERT COATS—satin lined and perfect fitting, with coat collar; black also, if wanted.

$9.50 FOR THE NOBBIEST KIND OF COVERT COATS—with flat tailored collar, belted back, satin lined and finely tailored throughout.

$12.50 FOR THE MOST POPULAR COVERT COATS IN THIS CITY

Twelve tailored straps back and front — tailored epaulets over shoulders—belt effect at back; lined with best quality taffeta or satin. You can't match this coat in value in the city at $15.00 to $16.50, and you can't get the same style effect at any price.

At $15.00, $16.50, $18.00, $21.50, $25.00, $27.50 and up to $45.00 we show many high class and exclusi models that women of fashion will appreciate.

WE WILL CONTINUE TO OFFER FOR TOMORROW the following important skirt values:

$10.00 Skirts, $6.75—Wool materials in fancy mixtures; grey, tan, oxford; some with just a dash of color here and there—some are the new pleated skirt—some with new fan-shaped bottoms—some with small tailored panel effects—and some with strapped yoke effect. **All have been sold for $10.00** and worth that in any store in the land—on sale at **$6.75.**

$7.50 Skirts at $4.50—Line of splendidly made and well tailored Walking Skirts, in all wool mixtures, with scalloped edge trimming, perfect fitting. No better value sold in this city for $7.50—**$4.75.**

HOSIERY FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

A new line of fancy and black lace Hose, in all colors—blue and white, pink and white, grey and white, tan and white, and the plain black, ankle embroidered; also the plain lace, in black—at **25c.**

We have an especially fine line of Children's Hose, in all colors; cotton, lisle and silk.

Also Infants' Socks, in all colors.

UNDERWEAR for WOMEN and CHILDREN.

An extra fine quality of Ladies' Silk and Lisle Vests, low neck and no sleeves—**50c.**

We also have an especially good number in Lisle Vests—low neck and no sleeves, lace trimmed; regular 35c values—at, **25c** tomorrow.

Attractive Values in Muslin Underwear.

An especially good number of Corset Covers, made of cambric, trimmed with torchon lace and insertion and colored ribbons—for tomorrow, **25c.**

An extra fine quality Cambric Corset Covers, with yoke of two rows of insertion and beading, and trimmed all around yoke and sleeves. Also another style with six rows of insertion down the front and trimmed around neck and sleeves with tucks in back. For tomorrow, **50c.**

25c for Beautiful Neckwear, 50c and 75c values. Mostly white, some colors. Not one of them worth less than 50c and some are worth 75c.

New "London" Collars for women and misses. Raised dots and figures or tucked effects, and hemstitched effects, 25c, 50c and 75c.

Fine Cambric Drawers, with wide flounce and edged in two-inch torchon lace—for **35c.** Also a better one with hemstitched flounce and insertion—for **45c.**

An extra fine quality Cambric Drawers, with three hemstitched tucks and wide flounce, trimmed in 2½ inch fine torchon lace—**75c.**

An unusually good number in Cambric Gowns, with tucks across the front and trimmed around sleeves and neck with a neat embroidery—for tomorrow, **50c.**

Still a better gown in high and low neck, with hemstitched tucks and embroidered insertion; regular $1.00 value—tomorrow, **85c.**

Some Special Values in White Skirts.

We will place on sale for tomorrow an extra fine quality White Skirt, with wide flounce and edged with a five-inch embroidery ruffle—for **$1.00.**

A beautiful Cambric Skirt with wide flounce and two rows of insertion two inches wide and wide flounce of lace, four inches; regular $2.50 skirt for **$1.75.**

CONTEMPT IS ALLEGED

Duluth Logging & Contracting Company Is Accused of It.

At the special term of district court, next Saturday, the attorneys for the Fidelity and Casualty company will make a motion that the Duluth Logging and Contracting company, of this city, be held in contempt of court for refusing to comply with the court's order that it furnish for the inspection of the Casualty company its books, papers and other instruments.

The Fidelity and Casualty company instituted a suit in district court some weeks ago against the local corporation, to recover certain alleged excess premiums claimed to be due on policies of employers' liability insurance. In order that it might find out from the accounts of the logging and contracting company how many employes it had on the payroll, the casualty company asked for and was granted an order that the local concern should furnish its books for inspection.

T. A. Garrity and George L. Smith, representing the casualty company, have filed affidavits alleging that they made application to see the logging company's books, but were refused by one of its officers.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Kansas City, May 4.—Frank D. Roberts, collector of internal revenue of Kansas City, died today at Excelsior Springs, of Bright's disease, aged 42 years.

New York, May 4.—Ashbel P. Fitch, president of the Trust company of America, and former comptroller of the city of New York, died today at the age of 58 years.

Philadelphia, May 4.—Dr. William Barton Hopkins, well known in Philadelphia society, died today of cholera morbus. Dr. Hopkins was the author of many valuable medical articles, and his book on fractures is widely known.

Columbia, Mo., May 4.—Jerry H. Murray, a prominent Missouri Democrat, died here today of pneumonia.

The M. S. Burrows showing of women's Oxfords, sandals and slippers is simply magnicent.

TO SHIP AS FREIGHT

Scheme Concocted By Some Italian Miners on Range.

Hired Box Car to Ship to Ship Themselves to Seaboard.

Life in a Pullman car was too luxurious for some thirty Italians living in one of the range towns.

The soft side of a plank on the floor of a box-car was good enough for them in their travels, and they needed the money. No clean sheets, colored porters, and dining cars for them. A heap of straw, bread and cheese and a box-car suited them.

Some thirty Italians living on the range were desirous of returning to their old homes in sunny Italy. Loath to spend their hard earned savings for traveling expenses they cast about for a way to get to New York cheaply. They saw freight shipped away in box cars at so much a pound, and the idea struck them as a good one.

They went to the railroad company and engaged a large airy box car. They fitted it up as a kitchen, with all the cooking utensils, provisions and other adjuncts of a first-class boarding house. Beds were made of straw and little rooms were partitioned off for the men and the women. And they were all ready for their trip.

But the railroad company bucked. This arrangement was likely to become popular and if it were allowed to be carried out there would be an end to the passenger business from the ranges to New York. It is said an offer was made to load them into a cattle car and feed them with hay at the different way stations, but the Italians were not vegetarians and the deal was off. There was no rate in the freight books for live human beings and the Italians could not be persuaded to fulfill the requirements that would be necessary to allow the company to express them as corpses. The Italians figured they could be shipped to New York for about a cent a pound, and loud were their lamentations when they found that they had to travel in the coaches at so much a head.

This is the tale as told by a local physician with a reputation for honesty and it is backed up by a prominent attorney.

The incident is claimed to have come to light only yesterday, and the professional men vouch for its truthfulness.

Daoust-Schmitt Wedding.

Miss Leonie M. Daoust, for several years past cashier at the Panton & White store, was married this morning to M. P. Schmitt, of Superior, member of the firm of Schmitt & Howe, grain commissioners and brokers. The ceremony was performed by a cousin of the bride at the French Catholic church, West End. The wedding was a quiet one, with only immediate relatives of the contracting parties present. Miss Mary Schmitt acted as bridesmaid and the bride's brother as best man. Mr. and Mrs. Schmitt left this afternoon for Eastern points. On their return they will reside in Superior.

Plain and Fancy Creams
At Popular Prices.
DULUTH ICE CREAM CO.,
For Churches, Lodges and Family Use.
Zenith Phone 140. Duluth Phone 45 M.

The Thursday Bargains of Duluth's Leading Merchants Are Advertised Tonight!

ADDITIONAL WANTS ON PAGE 14

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — BOARDING HOUSE — Fourteen rooms, 537-39 Garfield avenue. Apply G. G. Dickerman & Co., Trust building.

FOR RENT — NICE MODERN 7-ROOM brick house; choice location. East End. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange bldg.

FOR RENT—427 SEVENTH AVENUE east; modern house; nine rooms.

FOR RENT — A TEN-ROOM BRICK house, all modern conveniences, hot water heat, May 1. Call 502½ East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — SIX-ROOM HOUSE, IN the "Glen." Apply No. 7, Twelfth avenue West. J. E. Evans.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FURNISHED house at Lakeside; hot water heat. W. C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale bldg.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED AND UNfurnished cottages, on Minnesota Point. H 41, Herald.

SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY, OCCUPYing large modern house, East End, will rent entire floor to club of six or eight young men. Breakfast and 6 o'clock dinner, if desired. X, care of Herald.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park Terrace. Heat and water furnished; $50 per month. 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. bldg. 'Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—THREE NICE ROOMS, $6 per month. Adress 513 First avenue east.

FOR RENT — FOUR ROOMS, DOWN stairs, city water and sewer, $12.00, possession at once, 210-11th Avenue West.

FURNISHED ROOMS—$1.50 AND UP per week. 19 1st Avenue West.

LARGE FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, bath, suitable for two gentlemen. No. 11, 4th Avenue East.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, NO. 16 Mason flats.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS over Criterion restaurant. 206 West Superior street. Apply same.

NICE, LARGE, FURNISHED ROOM; private balcony overlooking lake, in private family; light, bath and both 'phones. 229 Fourth avenue west.

ROOMS FOR RENT. 524 LAKE AVENUE north.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED PARLOR and bedroom, second floor, 126 East First street.

FOR RENT — MODERN FURNISHED front rooms en suite or single; use of phone. M 166, Herald.

FOR RENT—THREE LARGE ROOMS—also for sale, gas fixtures and gas stove. Call room 8, over Big Duluth.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. Also two rooms for gentlemen. 134 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FRONT room, next to bath, in private family, to gentleman with references. 202 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR one or two gentlemen. 1208 West First street.

FOR RENT — MODERN FURNISHED room, bath gas and use of 'paone, for gentleman only. 113 Second avenue east.

DESIRABLE FURNISHED ROOM, closet and bath. $9 month. 807 E. First St.

FOR RENT—LARGE, FURNISHED, front room. 323 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FOUR PLEASANT, NEWly furnished rooms, all modern conveniences, $6 and $7 per month. Also two very desirable unfurnished parlors, 456 Mesaba avenue.

THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS. 503 Third avenue west.

FOR RENT—ROOMS, AT 222 WEST Fourth street.

FOR RENT—WITH OR WITHOUT board, room for one or two young men; near Twelfth avenue east. Apply at Y. M. C. A.

FOR RENT—LARGE PLEASANT ROOM —closet and electric light. 331 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FOUR FURNISHED OR unfurnished rooms. Inquire at 527 West Second street.

FOR RENT—A LARGE, PLEASANT front room, furnished; location desirable and central; room suitable for two young men. Address D 17, Herald.

FOR RENT — ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping; central. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS. WATER, sewer and gas. 1325 London road.

FOR RENT — PART OF MICHIGAN street floor, Providence building. Apply W. B. Silvey, 204 Providence building.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. $1.50 up. 32 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, 128 East Fifth street.

DESIRABLE SUITE FOR TWO FOR housekeeping. 5901 London road, Lester Park.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. 636 West Third St.

FOUR PLEASANT UNFURNISHED rooms for rent. 4701 Dodge street.

FOR RENT — OFFICES. MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

ROOMS FOR RENT—27 EAST SUPERior street.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — VERY CHEAP, BRICK store building; nice flat; West End. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building. 'Phone 429.

FOR RENT—THE FINE BRICK STORE room 118 and 120 West Fourth street, with well-lighted basements, formerly occupied by Crescent bakery. W. C. Sherwood & Co., Torrey building.

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.

GIRLS CAN FIND GOOD PLACES AND good wages at Mrs. Somers' Employment office, 17 Second avenue east.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED — TWO UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. References given; state prices. Y 81, Herald.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

AN EXPERIENCED LADY WOULD like position to assist with books or do general office work. M 46 Herald..

WOMAN WANTS SEWING BY THE day. Address D 12, Herald.

WANTED — DAY WORK, WASHING and ironing or housecleaning. U 17, Herald.

WANTED AT ONCE—POSITION BY young lady of refinement, who has had a year's experience in office work; can furnish best of references. D 23, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS POLICY writer, or stenographer for all or part of day; have had experience in real estate and insurance work. Address Y 67, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK, WASHING or housecleaning. 336 Lake avenue south.

YOUNG LADY DESIRES A PLACE TO work for her board and attend Business college. Y 85, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS FIRST-CLASS cook or housekeeper. Address "H," 518 Garfield avenue.

A WIDOW WITH TWO CHILDREN would like place to work for board; good cook and good worker; farm preferred or city. Address Mrs. Hellen Cameron, Lake Park, Becker county, Minn.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY. Cleaning or washing. No. 5 Chester terrace.

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE POSITION as stenographer, or office assistant. Apply W 98, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED — BY STEADY AND SOBER man, good gardener and handy around the house, a place to work. Address Frank Droz, 115 Fifty-eighth avenue south, West Duluth.

A YOUNG MAN, COLLEGE GRADUate, and of good habits, wants position in office or store. Can speak Scandinavian, German and English; willing to work. References. D 8, Herald.

WANTED—WORK. STORM WINDOWS taken off and carpets beaten. M. Peders, 928 East Superior street.

YOUNG MAN STENOGRAPHER WILL do office work for $6 per week for experience. Railroad work preferred. 'Phone, Zenith, 3107.

AN EXPERIENCED AND RELIABLE bookkeeper would like a position, especially proficient in lumber office. Y 80, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED BARBER WANTS situation. R. Walt. Address 114 First Avenue east.

WANTED—BY MAN AND WIFE, A place to cook in hotel or boarding house; both good cooks and not afraid of work. Address D 14, Herald.

A MAN WITH EXPERIENCE IN TAIloring would like to finish trade. H. M. P., 16 East Superior street.

EXPERIENCED MALE STENOGRAPher, operating Oliver and Remington machines, would be open to situation in about ten days. Address D 18, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN OF 26, A position as bookkeeper, stenographer, private secretary or correspondent. Can furnish gilt edge references. State salary in first letter. Address E. C. Watson, Box 147, Litchville, N. D.

FIRST-CLASS CUTTER AND TAILOR wishes position with clothing house; understands anything in the line of manufacturing clothes. Room 21, St. James hotel, Frank Dux.

WANTED — SITUATION BY WELL educated young man, work of any kind. Inside work preferred. Experienced. Address N 45, Herald.

YOUNG MAN WISHES SOME KIND OF work. Y 84, Herald.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—MODERN THREE ROOM flat. $15.00. 305 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN THREEroom flats, $12 and $14. 311 Sixth avenue west.

TWO FLATS FOR RENT, FOUR ROOMS each; water and sewer. Call at 510 East First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FLAT OF four rooms, with bath. 2226 West First street.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM FLAT, 730 East Third street, $15 month, water included. Apply Abrahamson Agency, Palladio building.

FOR RENT—FLAT, OVER 127 EAST SUperior street; opposite City hall. Apply 127 East Superior street.

SMALL FLAT IN WEST END—ALL conveniences. Apply N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN THREEroom flats, $13 and $14. 311 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT — A FEW VERY DESIRable flats and houses and two stores for rent at reasonable rentals from May 1. W. M. Prindle & Co., Lonsdale bldg.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM BRICK FLAT, all modern conveniences. Cooley & Underhill. 207-8 Exchange building.

FARM LANDS.

FOR SALE—FORTY ACRES OF GOOD farm land near Duluth, on good road; $8.50 per acre. A. Scott, Box 18, postoffice.

OREGON TIMBER CLAIMS LOCATED. Fine timber; reasonable fees; information free. Write. Whitten & Bryant, Room 11, Mulkey bldg., Portland, Ore.

FOR SALE — IMPROVED 80-ACRE farm, team, cattle and other personal property belonging to Perrault estate. H. V. Goetchius, guardian.

INDIAN LANDS—FULL INFORMATION regarding opening of Indian reservations lands to agricultural settlement in North Dakota and Minnesota, $2. Being on the ground we are in a position to give fullest details of rules and regulations. Address Gerald A. Johnson, Postal Telegraph building, Washington, D. C.

FARM LANDS NEAR DULUTH in tracts of 40 acres or more, for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum bldg., Duluth, Minn.

PROFITABLE FARM AND RANCH lands in Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado and Wyoming. Low prices, ten years' time. Scientific agriculture. Mild climate. Maps free. Land department, Union Pacific railroad, Omaha, Neb. Mention this paper.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—RICH MAHOGANY DAVENport "Karpen" make, upholstered in emerald silk velour; elegant parlor cabinet and mahogany table; new Brussel net curtains with sun curtain, large velvet rug, cheap. Call forenoons, 1508 East Third street.

FOR SALE—ONE-SEATED SECOND-hand buggy, cheap. 2029 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—BICYCLE, ALMOST NEW. Call at 514 East Fourth street.

MUCIC AND MUSICAL MERCHANDISE —Edison's phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos, organs. Haakonsen & Westgaard, Duluth's leading music store.

FOR SALE—BALANCE OF PERRY Manufacturing company's stock cheap. One 1¼ inch stake dray and one 1⅝ inch express wagon. Both new. Must be sold at once. 414 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—DRY, LOOSE SHAVINGS. Red Cliff Lumber company.

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT. 421 TOWER avenue, Superior.

FOR SALE—25,000 SHARES OF LITTLE Cracker Gold Mining & Milling company stock for 3 cents per share. Address D 16, Herald.

USED PIANO PLAYER, $100—PERFECT condition, worth new $250; a snap. Will play any piano. $10 cash and $8 a month. French & Bassett.

TWENTY-FIVE BUTCHER WAGONS. Modern, $18.74. 300-308 East First street. L. Hammel Co.

BABY GRAND PIANO, $275—EBONY case; standard make; in fine condition; cost $700 new. $25 cash and $10 a month. French & Bassett.

LARGE HANDSOME OAK UPRIGHT piano, $148. Rented eight months with careful use; fine tone and action; good as new. $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE — TWO LOTS, ANOKA street, Woodland, with barn and large chicken house. Room 507 Palladio bldg.

CAMPERS AND EXPLORERS BETTER look at Poirier & Nordstrom's new camp stove, nothing better. We also keep on making anything in canvas, tent awnings, packsacks, sails, anything you want. Poirier & Nordstrom, 101 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—FULL SET OF LAUNDRY machinery; easy payments. Charles Edmondsen, Cloquet, Minn.

FOR SALE—LEATHER-TOP, RUBBER-tired buggy, cheap. 625 Manhattan building.

PATENTS OBTAINED FOR INVESTors. J. T. Watson, specialist, Palladio building.

PIANO PLAYER, ALMOST NEW—PERfect condition, $175. $15 cash and $10 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—ONE GROCERY SINGLE delivery wagon in good condition. Call or address 102 West Michigan street.

SECOND-HAND WALNUT ORGAN, $10; $3 cash and $2 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE — GASOLINE LAUNCH, suitable for ferry. 605 Palladio building.

FREE TRIAL ON GAS ENGINES—NO good, no pay. F. B. Jordan, gas engine expert, Box 93. New 'phone 4617, Duluth.

HANDSOME MEDIUM SIZE UPRIGHT piano, $165. Almost new with mandolin and harp attachment. Walnut finish case. $10 cash and $6 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—STEAM ENGINE ABOUT 75 H. P.; also machine shop tools for very light manufacturing. H. E. Smith & Co., Palladio building.

HORSES FOR SALE.

A large and compelte assortment constantly on hand; also farm mares, general purpose horses and drivers. Look over our stock before purchasing elsewhere; the largest assortment to be found in the entire Northwest.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Midway Horse Market,
St. Paul, Minn.

FOR SALE OR RENT, IN THE CITY—Horses. Red Cliff Lumber company, barn, Twenty-ninth avenue west.

FOR SALE—GOOD DELIVERY HORSE, cheap. 223 West Superior street.

HORSES FOR SALE—DRAFT DRIVing horses and general purpose. L. Hammel company.

FURNITURE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, FINE OAK dresser, in good condition. Address D 9, Herald.

FOR SALE—ALL KINDS HOUSEHOLD goods, cheap. 1528 East Third street; account, leaving city.

FOR SALE, CHEAP, BY PARTIES leaving city—1 Buck steel range, 1 sideboard or buffet, 1 8-foot dining extension table, 4 dining chairs, 1 small coal heater and 1 oak chiffonier with mirror. 504 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—NEW ROYAL piano. Inquire of S. Morterud, 1931 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—FOLDING BED IN GOOD condition. 1927 West Third street, flat A.

MAHOGANY UPRIGHT PIANO, $185; beautiful tone and case. $10 cash and $7 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—FINE UPHOLSTERED baby's go-cart; used four months; good as new; half price. 1121½ East Third St.

FOR SALE—PIANO, FINE LUDWIG upright grand; almost new, $150; cost $400; Burl walnut case; can be seen at 15 East Superior street, room 4, upstairs. Manufacturer's agent.

FOR SALE—NEARLY NEW QUARTERsawed oak round dining table, extension; nine leather-seated chairs to match; walnut sideboard and china cabinet; walnut chamber suite cheap. Call forenoons. 1423 East Third street.

FOR SALE—BRASS BED, MAHOGANY dresser. Flemish oak dining set, living room and kitchen furniture. 130 Oxford street, Hunter's Park, or 402 Torrey building.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED — AGENTS AND CANVASsers, in every state and county; new patent; quick seller; big profits; exclusive territory given. Fred W. Wieland, 109 Manhattan building, Duluth.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

CASH FOR YOUR REAL ESTATE OR business, no matter where located. If you desire a quick sale send us description and price. Northwestern Business agency, X 313 Bank of Commerce building, Minneapolis, Minn.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSE WORK, small family. 1121 East Third.

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE care of baby; call evenings. 721 East Sixth street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of three. No children. 1422 East First street.

WANTED — A NURSE GIRL. MRS. Freimuth, 1366 East Second street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; family of two. Mrs. J. W. Cousins, 5812 Grand avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply morning or evening, 215 Third avenue west.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. No chamber work. 1514 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework. 1001 East Second street.

WOMEN TO SEW AT HOME. $9 PER week. Materials sent everywhere free, steady work, plain sewing only. Send addressed envelope for full particulars. W. D. Y., Du Pont, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; three in family. 123 West Fourth street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT HOUSEmaid, at 301 East Fourth street. Good wages. Two in family.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 721 East Third St.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of three. Mrs. Fred Reynolds, 226 Second avenue east.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 318 West Third street.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL AT Nicollet hotel.

WANTED — TWO DISHWASHERS. Hotel McKay.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must be good cook and furnish references. Apply Flat E, A-ha-bula Flats.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; family of three. 1410 East First street.

WANTED—WAIST AND SKIRT MAKers; also apprentices for millinery. La Ferte, 17 West Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL TO HELP cook; also one for general work. 2531 West Superior street.

WANTED—A WIDE-AWAKE GIRL, who has had experience as clerk and some knowledge of bookkeeping. Apply 110 West Superior street.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS GENERAL servant, hotel and boarding house cook, dishwasher; places always open. Call 225 East Superior street.

YOUR FAULT

if that room remains vacant. In less than a moment you could step to the 'phone and "tell it to 'phone 324."

HELP WANTED—FEMALE. (Continued.)

WANTED AT ONCE—GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 2725 West Fourth St.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 211 Tenth avenue east.

WANTED— GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1120 East Third street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR General housework. Must have references. Mrs. W. P. Mars, 1627 East Third street.

CALL AT 215 EAST SUPERIOR street, Mrs. M. C. Selbold's employment office, for good women to do washing or house cleaning.

WANTED—COOKS FOR IN AND OUT of town. Also girls for general housework. Call at 215 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Selbold.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of four. 810 East First street. Call mornings.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 112 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Mrs. J. H. Whitely, 1828 East Superior street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Call afternoons. 1317 East Second street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. 214 Ninth avenue east.

COWS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—CAR OF FRESH MILCH cows just arrived. J. H. Markuson, Sixty-first avenue west and Redruth street. Phone 3044-L.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with another carload of fresh milch cows. Will sell and exchange for fat cattle. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone, 1387.

EVAN JOHNSON, 2608 WEST HELM street, will arrive May 5, with a carload of fresh milch cows and springers.

FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH COWS, 821 Fourth avenue east. I. L. Levine.

PAINTING LESSONS.

MRS. MARY INMAN, 231 West Second St.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE — SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, corner lot, 50x140. 501 East Sixth street.

FOR SALE — SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, corner lot, 50x140. 501 East Sixth street.

FOR SALE OR RENT — HOUSE NO. 211 St. Croix avenue. Apply 217.

$1750 BUYS ONE OF THE BEST 6-ROOM houses at Lakeside. Inquire on premises, 4831 Dodge street.

FOR SALE—GOOD 7-ROOM HOUSE lot 50 by 150 feet, five blocks from high school. For further information address "H. P. B.," Box 4, Underwood, Minn.

TEN HOUSES FOR SALE CHEAP—Anyone that wants to buy city property in West Duluth cheap call on A. P. Freeburg, 216 North Sixty-fourth avenue west, city.

FOR SALE CHEAP—HOUSE AND LOT, bay side, Park Point. Inquire 1921 Minnesota avenue.

FOR SALE—FINE SIX-ROOM HOME, 1727 Fiftieth avenue east, Lakeside; one block beyond Onelda street. Apply at house.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—FIVE ACRES OF garden land in section 30-50-14, or in neighborhood; state price. Address S. Ryden, 2029 West Fifth street.

WANTED — A CHINA KILN IN GOOD condition. Must be reasonable. Address D 10, Herald.

GOLD WANTED.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR gold and silver. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 334 West Superior street.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. AUGERMEYER, 219 FIRST AVE. E.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
DO YOU NEED MONEY?

We make loans on horses, waggons, furniture and pianos, etc. Any amount required. Also to salaried people without security. Lowest rates. Confidential treatment. Call and investigate our methods.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Bldg.
Bell 'phone 759 R. Zenith 'phone 936.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.
Old 'phone 636 M.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $1000. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only recognized reputable pawnbroker. Established 1887. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches and all goods of value. Very low rates. Everything confidential. The Crescent Bros., 413½ W. Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SALARY OR chattels; quick; confidential. Cosmopolitan company, 301 Palladio building. Zenith 761.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

WANTED STOCK FOR PASTURE.

WANTED—COWS TO HERD IN WEST Duluth; will be responsible for damages; $1 per head per month. Leave orders at 4069 Magelen street, upstairs.

WANTED—HORSES AND CATTLE TO pasture at Spirit Lake. Zenith Phone 3113-C.

UPHOLSTERING.

UPHOLSTERING, REPAIRING AND mattress making neatly done. First-class workmanship. Wm. Peterson, 1530 West Superior street.

BEST WORK—LOW PRICES. STOCK & YOUNG, 504 E. 4th St. Zenith 'phone 1249-C. Old, 747-R.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—BULL PUP. THREE MONTHS old. Answers to name of "Bob." Color, white with brown on eyes. Missing since April 30. Reward for return to 11 West Fourth street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO DO JANItor work for tuition. Apply Duluth Business University.

I WANT A WELL DUG IN MARTIN'S division. W. W. Allen, Osborne-Andrews block, city.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED MALE stenographer and clerk, in railroad office. Salary $65 per month. C 26, Herald.

Wanted—Parties to burn Lackawanna Koal. 210 W. Sup. St. Tel. 1291.

WANTED, FOR U. S. ARMY — Ablebodied, unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — MAN UNDERSTANDING transplanting trees, care of garden and lawn. H. W. Coffin, Manhattan.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED AND well-dressed salesmen to solicit subscriptions for Leslie's Weekly and Judge. Intelligent and reliable man can earn good income. W. E. McCue, 8 to 9 a. m., 5 to 6 p. m. No. 615 Palladio bldg.

BOY WANTED — APPLY DULUTH Lithographing & Printing Co., Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — BRIGHT, ACTIVE BOY. Apply employment department, Y. M. C. A.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Special opportunity this month. Particulars mailed free. Moler Barber College, 221 Second avenue south, Minneapolis, Minn. Established 1893.

WANTED—A BRIGHT, ACTIVE BOY, about 15 years of age. Apply Spalding hotel.

WANTED—A WAGON PAINTER AT once; call us by either 'phone. McIntosh Wagon company, Iron River, Wis.

GENTLEMAN ROOMMATE WANTED in first-class boarding house, 231 West Second street.

EGGS FOR HATCHING.

PIKE'S CHICK FEED WILL SAVE and raise little chicks. All dealers or write R. A. Pike & Co., Minneapolis, Minn. Sample feed and catalogue, 6c. Price list free.

EGGS FOR HATCHING FROM BUFF Plymouth Rocks; prize winners and good breeding stock. $1.00, $2.00, and $3.00 per setting. Eggs for incubator, $4.00 per 100. Mrs. R. Hodgson, Fifty-fourth avenue east.

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING from prize winners and good breeding stock. Single comb brown Leghorns and black Monorcas. $1.25 and $1.50 per setting. Zenith 'phone 1107, 421 East Second street.

NEW SEEDS JUST IN. ENTIRE STOCK fresh and Northern grown. Pike's chick feed for little chicks. Eggs for hatching. T. A. Scarlett's, 124 W. 1st St.

INCUBATORS, BROODERS, POULTRY supplies, chick food. Eggs for hatching from thoroughbred chickens. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

POULTRY SUPPLIES, CYPHERS AND Pikes' chick feed, in any quantity. Incubators and brooders always on hand. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—Over Suffel's. HUMES.

HATS—106 W. Superior St. Miss Swenson.

ARCHITECT.

Young & Nystrom, 504-9 Manhattan bldg.

LAKESIDE EXPRESS.

LAKESIDE AND DULUTH EXPRESS orders taken at 5 East Superior street. 'Phone 510; residence 'phone 6083. J. N. Wilson.

CARRIAGES AND WAGONS.

FIRS.-CLASS VEHICLES OF EVERY description at right prices. J. C. Perry, 416 East Superior street.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN AND ASSISTANT will give readings to ladies for 50 cents till May 15; gentlemen as usual. Phone 4250 Superior. 1813 Eleventh street.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD AND ROOM IN MODERN house; pleasant and home surroundings; central, $22 per month. N 58, Herald.

NICE LARGE ROOM WITH BOARD AT the Ralston, 122 East First street.

TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY at O-at-ka beach, also cottage for rent. Old 'phone 1302-R.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD. 521 WEST SECond street.

PRIVATE HOME; BOARD AND ROOM, first-class in every respect. 123 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD. Also table board. 218 West Third St.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD AND ROOM, AT 125 West Second street.

PERSONAL.

THERE IS A SOCIETY KNOWN AS against cruelty to animals; here is where we should form ourselves into a society to know which is the best and which will do us the most good. Dr. Hickox's Malarial Capsules are the best, for night sweats, colds and no appetite. Go to Kugler's.

ANYONE HAVING ONE OF THE large pictures of Mattson's Island, Isle Royale, taken by Crandell & Fletcher, please communicate with Gust Mattson, 2709 Helm street, Duluth.

LADIES! OUR MONTHLY REGULAtor never fails. Box free. Vita Co., Station A., Detroit, Mich.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills ARE THE BEST. Safe, Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by RETURN MAIL. Ask your druggist. Chichester Chemical Co. Philada., Pa.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

AND WATCH REPAIRING, M. HENricksen Jewelry Co., 334 W. Superior St.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug work. 1707-8 West Michigan St. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-L.

STENOGRAPHER.

MISS MAXWELL, 207 1st Nat'l Bank Bldg

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith 'phone, 660; residence, 1213.

HAIRDRESSING.

Shampooing, Hair Dressing, Manicuring, hair work. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Grueson, 31 West Superior St.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, May 16, 1904. Work—First degree. Stanley R. Holden, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 4. Work—Royal Arch degree. Jos. D. Titcomb, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave May 10 at 4 p. m. Work—Orders of the Red Cross and Temple. Dinner served at 6:30 p. m. John T. Black, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT NO. 1 MEETS EVERY Wednesdty evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Edward Thompson, Com.; 12 E. Fifth St. J. B. Gelineau, R. K., third floor, Hunter block. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. Thos. J. McKeon, G. S.; W. P. Wellmanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. C. H. Johnson, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder. O. J. Murvold, financier, 211½ East Sixth street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. John Newman, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick Benefit association meets same evenings at 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 55, meets every Tuesday evening 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. J. H. Davis, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

GRANT LODGE, K. OF P. No. 3 (colored) meets first and third Thursday every month at Kalamazoo hall, F. J. Grant, C. C.; D. H. Saunders, K. of R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday at 8 o'clock at Hunters' hall, Jos. A. Mannheim, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, Room 10, Hayes block.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, MEETS AT Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and fourth Thesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Wiberg, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF Teamsters local No. 41, meets at Kalamazoo hall, No. 18 W. Sup. St., second and Fourth Mondays of each month. Arthur Beattie, president, 2809 W. Helm St. J. M. Rock, recording secretary, 722 Garfield avenue; Archie McPherson, secretary and treasurer, 909 West Eighth street.

COOKS' AND WAITERS' UNION NO. 53.—Meets every second and fourth Tuesday of each month at the Kalamazoo building. President Marshal Hebner; vice president, Etta O'Donnell; secretary, Josie Wilson; treasurer, Fred McKelvey; financial secretary, J. B. McComber, 22 West Superior street; L. H. Copeland, business agent.

I. O. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3383, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting, May 6. Important business. R. J. Pickard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in G. A. R. hall, Temple building, 203 East Superior street. George F. Mackenzie, chief; Malcolm Macdonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary. Glass Block. Next meeting, Wednesday, May 4.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL.—No. 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, first and third Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. G. L. HARGRAVES, archon; L. P. MURRAY, scribe, 1524 East Fourth street.

14 Pages

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

14 Pages

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. LAST EDITION THURSDAY, MAY 5, 1904. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

SECOND BATTLE SAID TO HAVE BEEN FOUGHT WITH AWFUL LOSS; NAVAL ENGAGEMENT WITH VLADIVOSTOK FLEET IS REPORTED

St. Petersburg Story Says Japs Lost 10,000 Men and Russians 7000.

Battle Resulted In Japanese Being Driven Back In Disorder.

Persistent Rumors That Vladivostok Squadron Has Been In Fight.

London, May 5.—A dispatch to the Central News from St. Petersburg says a rumor is current there that a second battle has been fought at Kin Lien Cheng, in which the Russian loss was 7000, the Japanese loss 10,000 men and resulted in the Japanese being driven back in disorder. The dispatch adds that no confirmation of this report is obtainable.

London, May 5.—A dispatch to the Central News, dated at Seoul, Tuesday, says:

"Heavy cannonading was heard off Gensan (on the east coast of Korea) Monday and this morning. It is supposed that Rear Admiral Uriu's fleet has succeeded in engaging the Russian Vladivostok squadron."

A rumor to the effect that the Japanese succeeded in bring the Russian Vladivostok squadron (of four cruisers) to battle off Vladivostok, was circulated in Paris yesterday but up to this morning no confirmation had been obtained. Evidently the above dispatch refers to the same rumor.

St. Petersburg, May 5.—There are persistent rumors here of a naval engage ment between the Vladivostok and Vice Admiral Kamimura's squadrons, but no confirmation of the reports had been received here up to 1 o'clock this afternoon.

The admiralty says no further news has been received here from Port Arthur.

BANDITS LIKELY TO RISE.

Seoul, Korea, May 4.—Korean officials admit that if the Japanese are not victorious in their operations on the Yalu river the Tonghaks (bandits) of Northern Korea will rise in open rebellion. Their leaders are now, it is said, awaiting any Japanese reverses.

It is probable that the southern branch of the Tonghaks has already risen, as they are now troubling the district officials, annoying the Japanese workmen on the Seoul-Fusan railroad and trying to intimidate the Korean coolies to stop work.

Only effective military occupation has silenced the northern agitation, and it probably will be necessary for the Japanese to take stringent measures to quiet Southern Korea. It is rumored that Kil Yung Su, a former mayor of Seoul, who was believed to have been the fomenter of the Pedlar riots last March, has a theatrical plot, in the event that Russia is victorious, to combine the Tonghaks and alleged Catholic converts and murder several French priests, hoping thereby to force the stationing of French garrisons in the troubled districts in order to complicate the situation.

FIGHTING BLOOD UP.

Russians Are Anxious For Revenge on the Japs.

St. Petersburg, May 5.—Gen. Kuropatkin has gone to the front from Liao Yang to inspect the situation personally. Troops are being hurried forward from Liao Yang and Mukden line to a position near Feng Wang Cheng.

All the Rusian wounded have been sent back toward Liao Yang in order not to encumber the operations of the Russian army. It appears evident that Gen. Kuropatkin is preparing to give battle to Gen. Kuroki's army if circumstances warrant. Private reports are to the effect that the fighting blood of the Russian soldiers is up and that they are thirsting for an opportunity to revenge the slaughter on the Yalu, but although the commander in chief is greatly chagrined at the miscarriage of his plans on the Yalu there is no idea here that he will act rashly on that account. His decision as to the extent of the opposition he will make at Feng Wang Cheng depends on the location and success of Japanese landings in Manchuria. Descents or attempted landings are now momentarily anticipated near Newchwang and the head of Korea bay. Occupying an interior line and pursuing the tactics of Napoleon, Kuropatkin's problem will be to prevent a juncture of the enemy's forces. It is necessary for him to await the development of the Japanese plans to ascertain the direction, strength and whence the other column will come before deciding how to fight his adversary in detail.

It is believed here that the Japanese plans for concerted action have been embarrassed by their failure to block the entrance to Port Arthur Tuesday and a repetition of attack on the Yalu is momentarily expected.

Vice Admiral Togo's fleet was sighted off Port Arthur last night and indeed, unconfirmed rumors say he attacked at daylight this morning and that fighting is now in progress there. At least the cutting off of Port Arthur if not the fate of the fortress, depends in the opinion of the general staff upon Gen. Kuropatkin's preventing a juncture of the Japanese forces.

It is understood here that Gen. Zassalitch has already been relieved of his command for disobedience of orders and that his action is under investigation.

In connection with the obstinate stand made by the Russians at the Yalu against instructions, and in face of an overwhelming superiority of men and especially of guns, an interesting bit of history of what occurred during the maneuvers near St. Petersburg last summer is being recounted which illustrates this trait in General Zassalitch's character. He commanded an infantry division and insisted on storming heights commanded by artillery and in the face of a fire, which theoretically wiped out his command. The judges were so disgusted that they rewarded the blunder with a zero mark against the general's name.

Under the old rules and traditions of the Russian army the Second and Third batteries of the Third artillery brigade and the Third battery of the Third brigade, which lost their guns at the battle of Kin Lien Cheng, would be stricken from the army list forever. The names of batteries losing guns and those of regiments losing their colors or otherwise disgracing themselves formerly disappeared from the list. This was the case of the celebrated Immortal Hussars in 1825, which participated in the conspiracy against Emepror Nicholas. Only a few years ago the regulation was rescinded, owing to a realization of the fact that it would work great injustice in the case of batteries and regiments forced by circumstances to sacrifice themselves, as was the case on Sunday.

No further official news has been received regarding the Russian losses, but Gen. Kashtalinsky's estimate, 2000 men, is accepted as representing practically their full extent. It is generally believed that the Japanese lost between three and four thousand men. This is based upon reports of eye witnesses. There has been absolutely no statement of the number of prisoners captured by the Japanese, but the general staff is inclined to admit that 500 each were captured, though the staff asserts that it has no actual means of knowing definitely how many prisoners are in the hands of the Japanese.

Not a single newspaper dispatch has yet been received beyond the several colorless telegrams from the Russian headquarters at Liao Yang, which simply repeat the official news.

The correspondent of Novosti, who was at the front was killed.

RUSSIAN LOSSES 2000.

Official Estimates of Results at Battle on Yalu.

St. Petesburg, May 5.—The Russian losses at the battle of Klu Lien Cheng were 2000 men and forty officers—far greater than previously reported.

This is the official estimate of Maj. Gen. Kashtalinsky, who directly commanded the division that suffered the brunt of the attack and whose report was received yesterday by the emperor. Many are inclined to place the Rusian losses even higher. Gen. Kashtalinsky mentions also that more than 700 wounded had arrived at Feng Weng Cheng and these may not be included in his calculations. He made no attempt to estimate the Japanese losses, merely stating that they must have been colossal.

The magnitude of the Russian losses had an almost stunning effect on the authorities and aroused general grief, mitiflated only by the satisfaction by the bravery displayed by the Russian troops.

Not for a moment was there any intention to pay such a terrible price for delaying the enemy's crossing of the Yalu. This fact was known throughout the city and gave rise to renewed reports, attributed to official sources, that Gen. Kuropatkin had officially censured Lieut. Gen. Zassalitch. If this was so Gen. Kuropatkin's telegraphed criticism of Zassalitch was carefully cut out of the dispatches which have been published and the general impression now held is that he will remain in Manchuria.

ATTACK EXPECTED.

Japanese Ships Again Cruising Off Port Arthur.

Port Arthur, Wednesday, May 4.—(Delayed in transmission.)—The enemy's ships were visible crusing on the horizon this evening and a fresh attack is anticipated. It has been ascertained that twelve fireships participated in the latest attempt to block the entrance to the harbor. The wrecks of eight of these have been definitely located, the positions of two others are yet unknown, and the remaining two, unable to withstand the terrific fire of the Russian guns, turned back. They were the Shibata, Kokura, Asagao, Mikawa, Totomi, Fudosan, Yedo, Nagato, Otaru, Sagami, Aimoku and Sakusa, the later 3000 tons.

This dispatch, though written when the Russians had the opportunity to ascertain the location of eight of the ten fireships, makes no mention, it will be noticed, of the blocking of the harbor entrance, as reported in Tokio. The first dispatch from Port Arthur expressly stated that the attack failed to close the channel.

HACK DRIVERS DEFEATED.

Kansas City, May 5.—After a struggle of several weeks duration, in which a non-union man was murdered and much other violence done, the striking hack drivers of this city have admitted defeat and the strike has been declared off. The Hack Drivers' union advised the strikers to resume work, each man being allowed to arrange his own wage scale.

LIVES OF FIVE MEN GO OUT ON SCAFFOLD

Three White Men Are Hanged For Murder at Winchester, Tenn.

White Man and Negro Meet Death Bravely at Pittsburg, Pa.

Winchester, Tenn. May 5.—Henry Judge, Joe Delp and John Evans were hanged here today for the murder of Simon Bucher and his wife last August.

The trap was sprung at 5:43 a. m. The three men exhibited the same indifference and stolidity that marked their conduct during the trials and walked without assistance onto the scaffold. Each of them made a short speech in which they expressed their preparedness and said their only regret was that they were leaving their wives and children. None of them made any reference to the deed for which they paid the penalty.

A large crowd was expected and threats had been made to tear down the fence enclosing the scaffold in order that the execution might be made public. Sheriff Stewart was prepared for such an emergency, but set the execution for an early hour in order to prevent trouble.

The crime for which these three men paid the extreme penalty was the murder of Simon Bucher and his wife on Aug. 5 last. It was Judge who conceived and planned the deed and his motive is said to have been prompted by a desire to get rid of Bucher, because he had the oversight on some mountain land upon which Judge wanted to trespass for the purpose of stealing timber. Judge employed Evans and Delp to do the murder. The conspirators reached the Bucher home late in the afternoon and asked to be shown the garden. Bucher led the way and when a short distance from the house was shot in the back by Delp.

The assassins then returned to the house where Evans shot Mrs. Bucher. There was then set on the house and the murderers left both victims for dead. Bucher was conscious when found next morning and lived long enough to make a declaation in which he told of the assault. Evans and Delp were shortly afterward apprehended, and Judge's arrest followed soon afterward. The excitement following the arrests was so intense that the men were removed to Nashville for safe keeping.

Delp made a full confession on the witness stand, in which he said that he and Evans had been hired by Judge to put Bucher and his wife out of the way. Evans denied on his trial that he killed Mrs. Bucher and sought to saddle the responsibility on Delp. An unusual procedure was the admission of the ante-mortem statement of Bucher, which was taken on a slip of paper by a minister and afterwards typewritten. Applications for a new trial were denied.

TWO HANGED AT PITTSBURG

White and Colored Man Executed For Murder.

Pittsburg, May 5.—William L. Hartley, white, and James Edwards, colored, were hanged today in the Allegheny county jail yard. Both men showed nerve. They were hanged separately. Hartley coming to the gallows at 10:03 and was cut down at 10:19. Death was due to a broken neck. Edwards mounted the scaffold at 10:28 and was cut down at 10:43, dying from strangulation.

While on the gallows Edwards said to the deputy:

"Put the rope on properly, boss, so it won't strangle me, tighten it up good and strong."

Hartley asked that he be not hanged with a negro as he feared his family would have to bear the disgrace of the public having the impression that he committed crime with a negro. His request was granted by Sheriff Dickson. Hartley killed Ernest O. Johnson in a barber shop on the southside on March 28, 1903. The trouble grew out of some remarks Johnson was alleged to have made about Hartley's wife.

Edwards, the negro, pleaded guilty to the killing of Clinton Banks, a negro on July 4, 1903, at Borland. The men quarreled over a girl. Edwards said when the death warrant was read to him, that he was not guilty saying he had shot at but he did not hit Banks.

SIXTY HORSES BURNED AT CHICAGO

Chicago, May 5.—Many tenants of the Lessing and Lessing Annex buildings, two fashionable apartment structures, were driven to the street today by fire, which destroyed Warner Bros.'s storage warehouse at 18 Evanston avenue. For a time it was thought the flames would spread to the Lessing annex, which adjoins the warehouse, and three calls for firemen were sent in. After a hard fight the blaze was confined to the building in which it was started.

The family of E. H. Warner, proprietor of the warehouse, lived on the top floor of the building, which was a three-story structure. They were awakened in time to save their lives, though they were forced to flee to the street in their night clothing.

Sixty horses confined on the ground floor were burned to death. The big warehouse, filled with furniture, was destroyed. The loss is estimated at $75,000.

ARRANGING FOR SINEWS OF WAR

London, May 5.—Further inquiries show that a Japanese loan of $50,000,000 will be issued next week. It will take the form of seven-year 6 per cent bonds, and the issue price probably will be 93½, the security being a first charge on the Japanese customs. The loan will be issued simultaneously in New York and London, the only detail remaining to be determined being regarding the amount which shall be alloted to each nation. It is anticipated that London will get $25,000,000 and New York $15,000,000.

Paris, May 5.—Parties connected with the negotiations for a Russian loan give the following statement:

"The loan is not yet signed, but it is certain that it will not be long deferred. M. Hottinger, representing French financiers, is now at St. Petersburg arranging the details. It is understood that it will be at 5 per cent for five years, and that it will sell between 98 and 98.50."

INCREASE OF POSTAL SERVICE AT DULUTH

Bede Urging Recommendations of Postmaster---Opening Fond du Lac Reservation.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, May 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Bede today called at the postoffice department to press several recommendations of Postmaster Fisher, looking to increasing the efficiency of the Duluth postoffice. Postmaster Fisher believes that the ceration of the office of superintendent of mails would greatly facilitate the more prompt handling of mails. This proposition Mr. Bede has caused to be taken up by the postoffice officials and an inspector will look into the case and report at an early day.

* * *

Mr. Bede is also urging the department to take favorable action on Postmaster Fisher's recommendation for the appointment of a letter carrier to serve the residents of Hunter Park. An effort was made last year to secure this additional service, but it failed. It is said that business has so increased in this section recently as to warrant an extra carrier.

* * *

Representative Bede called at the land office today relative to the opening of the Fond du Lac reservation. The agricultural lands in this reservation were not included in the order opening the Chippewa lands on June 15, because the surveys for allotments to be made there have not been completed. Mr. Bede is paving the way at the department so that an early date for the opening of the Fond du Lac agricultural lands will be fixed.

MRS. POWELL CLAIMS SELF DEFENSE FOR THE BRUTAL MURDER OF ESTELLE ALBIN

Denver Woman Takes Stand and Testifies In Her Own Behalf.

Says Girl Seized Her By the Throat and Choked Her Severely.

Attempt to Show Relations With Husband Ruled Out By Court.

Dover, Del., May 5.—Mrs. Mary Powell, who is on trial here for the murder of Estelle Albin, today went on the witness stand in her own defense. Her counsel first endeavored to show the improper relations existing between the woman's husband and the dead girl. Attorney General Ward objected to the testimony on the ground that the evidence was immaterial. He contended that the knowledge which she had for years was no ground for a palliation of the offense. The objection was sustained.

The defense endeavored to bring out the issue in another form, but was prevented by the court from doing so.

Mrs. Powell was asked to detail her movements on the day Miss Albin was killed.

She described the house and said: "There were some glass jars and bottles on a dresser in the summer kitchen. Essie was just inside the door of the wash house watching me. She looked mad. I said nothing to her and she the same to me. I bottles and started way of the hall stai garret door, closing "While I was puttin tles I heard the garr saw the form of a pers stairs. It was Essie. by the throat and choaked me so badly that I hit her twice with a bottle that was in my hand. She pulled me to the floor with her. She again grabbed me by the throat, and she would choke me to death. She took off her apron and tried to place it in my mouth. I took a knife from my pocket and opened it. Essie tried to get it from me. The knife was in my sore right hand, and I knew if Essie got it she would take my life. I did not know what to do. I did not want to cut her. I then changed the knife to my other hand, and when she again tried to get it I cut her. I did not know what to do and I was blood all over. Something said to me: 'Put the knife in her hand, it will look like suicide,' and I did so."

Mrs. Powell finished her story shortly after noon.

WARM FIGHT IN CONNECTICUT

Hearst Making Strong Effort to Control Convention.

Strength Will Not Be Apparent Until a Vote.

Hartford, Conn., May 5.—In anticipation of an unusually interesting state convention at the Auditorium tonight and tomorrow, Democrats from every uart of Connecticut poured into Hartford today, thronging the rooms of the state central committee at the Allyn house and also the headquarters of Alexander Troup, the state leader of the movement in favor of the nomination of William Randolph Heart for the presidency.

The convention will choose delegates-at-large and district delegates to the St. Louis convention. Whether they will be for Hearst or for Parker cannot be detemined, except by the convention itself, as the party leaders admit that they are unable to accurately analyze the returns of town caucuses which named the delegates. Conservative Democrats incline to the opinion that Mr. Hearst's strength will be an unknown quantity until shown by a test vote of the convention. Mr. Troup has announced that he will make the test at the very outset by an effort to have rejected the state committee's selection of Judge Rede as temporary chairman. The Hearst men have declared their objection to Mr. Rede on three grounds, namely, that he was named by State Committee Chairman Walsh, who usurped the powers of the state committee; that he is not a delegate, and that he is not a Democrat. Aside from the uncertainty over the factional complexion of the convention great interest attaches to the selection of a new state central committee to succeed Homer S. Cummings, of Stamford, who four years ago defeated Mr. Troup for that place. Both men are again candidates for the position.

The situation as regards the resolutions committee is also chaotic. If the Parker delegates control, resolutions will be presented. On the other hand, the Hearst men say they will fight any attempt to pass resolutions outlining a platform, believing that matters should be left to the national convention.

EXPENSIVE MISTAKE.

Woman Placed Trunk Check in Wrong Hands.

Minneapolis, May 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Lawnsberry, of Fargo, N. D., is shy $3000 worth of property through mistaking an unknown man for a baggagemaster. When coming into Minneapolis Wednesday she gave her trunk check to a man on the platform to have the trunk sent to the home of Maj. H. G. Morgan, 1001 Sixth street, S. E.

She has not been able to get trace of the trunk since. It contained a Persian shawl, valued at $1000, and other articles worth $2000 more.

HORRIBLE ACCIDENT IN CHICAGO STEEL WORKS.

Chicago, May 5.—Making a misstep while walking on the edge of a vast caldron of boiling metal, Hainy Anderson, an employe of the Illinois Steel company, at South Chicago, clung for life to the edge today while his feet burned off. Then, his strength gone, he slipped with a shriek into the seething mass below. In a few moments his body was literally consumed. One of his fellow workmen fainted with horror at the spectacle.

MAN FATALLY SHOT IN NEW YORK SALOON.

New York, May 5.—John Comstock was fatally shot today in a saloon in Seventh avenue and William Donlon, 26 years old, a bartender, is under arrest charged with the crime. The police claim that when Donlon was arrested he was in the act of putting the revolver in his pocket.

The police have also apprehended "Con." McVey, a former prize fighter and Nona Mack, 22 years old, in connection with the case.

It is alleged that the shooting followed a quarrel between Comstock and Donlon over the Mack woman.

NOMINATED FOR CONGRESS.

Sioux City, Iowa, May 5.—E. H. Hubbard, of Sioux City, was nominated for congress by the Republicans of the Eleventh district, defeating Congressman Thomas and other candidates.

HAS HIS LIVER FIXED.

Paris, May 5.—M. Waldeck Rousseau, the former premier of France, was successfully operated upon for a malady of the liver today.

EXPEL BROKERS FROM EXCHANGE

New York, May 5.—T. H. Leary, exchange member for the firm of T. P. Leary & Co., and J. Frank Hale, exchange member for Longley, Hale & Co., of Boston and New York, were expelled from membership on the Consolidated exchange today on charges of irregularity in transactions. This action followed a long session yesterday of a committee which, for nearly a year, has been investigating the business of members of the Consolidated exchange. J. F. Hale, one of the members whose expulsion was announced today, was before this committee, and last night he was arrested on a charge of larceny of a customer's securities. Thomas H. Martin, the complainant, charged Hale with having stolen bonds and stocks valued at $7500. However, President Randolph of the Consolidated exchange declared today that the expulsion of Hale was on an entirely different charge, but he did not make public what this charge was.

J. F. Hale was arraigned today and held in $4000 bail for examination next Tuesday. Hale was arrested on complaint of Theodore Martin, a merchant, who alleged that Hale retained stocks and bonds to the value of $7500. Martin declared that he had deposited the securities with the firm for collateral and that since that time he could not get an accounting.

President Randolph of the Consolidated Exchange, speaking of the expulsion of Longley and Hale, said: "There was no charge of bucketing orders against either of the two expelled. They had been under investigation for sometime. Their expulsion had nothing to do with the suspension of Dr. Woodend."

FIRST SUICIDE FROM NEW BRIDGE

New York, May 5.—The first suicide from the new Williamsburg bridge, which spans the East river a mile above the old Brooklyn bridge, was recorded today, when an unknown woman leaped to death in the river 135 feet below. The woman was observed by the various policemen, but before they could reach her side she leaped over the railing and shot down to the water. As she descended feet foremost her skirts filled, forming a sort of parachute, and just before reaching the water her body turned and she went into the water headfirst. The officers shouted and blew their whistles to attract the crew of a tug boat which was passing within twenty feet of the woman, but they were unsuccessful and she sank.

EXPLOSION BRINGS ON A RIOT

Philandelphia, May 5.—An explosion of a gasoline tank in the freight yards of the Pennsylvania railroad, at Thirtieth and Market streets today, by which twelve firemen were burned, was followed by a riot among Italian emigrants. Assistant Chief Waters of the fire department was seriously burned.

Half an hour after the fire started a trainload of immigrants arrived from New York. The new comers tried to leave the cars and break through the fire lines. A fight ensued, in which Railroad Detective Conner was shot in the side by one of the Italians.

Underground in the yard some distance from Market street are tanks of gasoline. Fire starting near them was quickly communicated to the storage house. Just as the city firemen got a stream on the building, it exploded. All the men nearby were literally bathed in flames.

MAY BE COMPROMISE ON CHARLES A. TOWNE

For Presidential Candidate, Says Congressman Cushman of Washington.

Tacoma, Wash., May 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—On his return home from Washington today, Congressman Cushman said: "It seems to me that the Democrats can do no wiser thing than to choose Judge Parker to carry their banner, yet strange as it may seem Hearst's strength is growing even in the most conservative states of the East. Yet I do not believe that he can or will be nominated over a man who has the spotless record of Judge Parker. In the event of the Parker and Hearst faction coming to an agreement on the failure of either to control the convention, it seems to me that Charles A. Towne will be and should be the compromise candidate. He is liked by the Bryan people and he can draw to himself a majority of the conservative wing of the party."

DEFECTIVE PAGE

WRINGER SALE

The Lovell make of wringers are the ones used in almost all the laundries because they have the reputation. This is the make we sell.

No. 790 Guarantee, 5 years' guarantee; regular price $4.50—sale price, only **$3.85**

No. 670 Domestic, 3 years' guarantee; regular price $3.00—sale price, only **$2.20**

No. 15 Ideal, 3 years' guarantee, regular price $2.50—sale price ... **$1.85**

Ruby, iron frame, 1 year guarantee; regular price $2.50—sale price ... **$1.70**

No. 110 Brighton, 1 year guarantee; regular price $2.00—sale price ... **$1.55**

No. 50 Falcon, 1 year guarantee; regular price $1.85—sale price .. **$1.45**

No. 690 B Guarantee Bench Wringers, 5 year guarantee; regular price $6—sale price **$4.65**

No. 110 B Domestic Bench Wringers, 3 year guarantee; regular price $4.50—sale price.. **$3.25**

KELLEY HDW. CO.

ATTEMPT

To Kidnap Delegates to Illinois Convention.

Peoria, Ill., May 5.—At the county convention held here Tuesday the Peoria delegation wrangled over Committeeman W. E. Hull being a candidate for renomination opposed by County Clerk Lucas Butts. At noon Butts kidnapped one of the delegates from the country who was standing in front of the National hotel, putting him in a closed carriage in which two men were waiting.

They drove off rapidly, intending to get their prisoner out of the city and keep him away from the caucus.

He fought them for fourteen blocks and succeeded in making his escape and returned to the hall with his clothes in rags and covered with blood.

Three other country delegates, friends of Hull, reported attempts to kidnap them.

GOTHAM'S POSTMASTER

Is To Be Ousted by President Roosevelt.

New York, May 5.—Whether Postmaster Van Cott, of New York, will be asked to resign before his term expires, ten months hence, depends entirely upon the nature of the report of the second investigation of the New York postoffice, which now is going on by order of the president.

If nothing more conclusive than was contained in the first report develops Van Cott will be allowed to serve out his term.

But Van Cott will not be reappointed. When Senator Platt sought this information of President Roosevelt he was informed that he and Senator Depew must look around for a new man.

LAKESIDE CLUB

Meeting of Much Interest and Announcement of Committees.

Many Improvements Are Planned—H. W. Pearson Makes Address.

Last evening the Lakeside club held its regular meeting at the town hall. President L. N. Case announced a complete reorganization of the committees of the club and the new ones were appointed. The prospect for a profitable season with great improvements for Lakeside are fine. The following committees were appointed:

Public affairs—L. B. Manley, chairman; D. A. Reed, W. G. Joerns, John Jenswold, J. B. Greenfield and T. A. Clarkson.

House—H. Blackmarr, chairman; Selby T. Brown and Dr. W. S. Storer.

Finance—W. A. Hicken, chairman; J. K. Persons, W. E. Magner, S. H. Smith, J. C. Wesenberg.

Entertainment—Rev. C. F. Davis, chairman; C. J. Marshall, Mrs. Bert Fester, Mrs. S. H. Rothermel and H. G. Inman.

Club grounds—Frank Crassweller, chairman; Dr. J. D. Park, Miss Georgia Everest, Miss Susie Holmes and C. J. West.

Grounds and street improvements—A. H. Crassweller, chairman; Rev. H. B. Sutherland, Miss Annie M. Hicken, Miss Gertrude Carey and Dr. W. Webster.

The club grounds committee will arrange for the improvement of the square at Forthy-seventh avenue for the summer pleasure-seeker. Both ball grounds and a tennis court will be arranged for.

L. A. Gunderson offered the use of the new pavilion at Lester Park for another of the public entertainments to be given some time during the month of April and the offer was accepted with thanks. The time of the social evening and the manner of entertainment will be announced later.

The latter part of the evening was taken up with a talk by H. W. Pearson on the subject of the boulevard and other ancient beaches as bearing on this theory of the periorical submergencies of the several hemispheres and variations of the sea level and the resultant formation of the stratified portions of the earth's crust including the deposit of coal. This theory is based in part on the suggestions of Werner and other older scientists and is in direct antagonism to the present accepted one of geologists to upheavals of the earth's crust. Mr. Pearson has appeared before Lord Kelvin, Darwin, the duke of Devonshire and other noted English scientists and has earned their recognition and support. However, it has as yet been impossible for him to obtain even a hearing before the Smithsonian institute. Carnegie institute and other American scientific organizations, though his recent appearance before a body of scientists in Detroit may now pave the way to such recognition.

WEST DULUTH

A mass meeting of citizens to consider plans for the holding of a Fourth of July celebration in West Duluth this year will probably be called for next week by the West Duluth Commercial club.

At its meeting last week the club appointed L. S. Neuman as a committee of one to make a preliminary investigation as to the steps necessary to be taken to insure the celebration a certain success. In his report at the regular meeting of the organization tomorrow night, Mr. Neuman will recommend that a mass meeting be called, and will also recommend that the club have nothing to do with the event as a body, other than to give it an endorsement.

It is generally believed that it will be much better if the preparations are made and the program arranged and carried out by the citizens themselves, exclusive of any organization. Of course, club members will take an active interest in the affair, and will do all they can to make it a success, but their efforts will be as individual citizens and not as club members.

PLANNING DEBATES.

Democrats Would Meet Republicans at Club Meetings.

A series of debates on party policy will occur in the near future between the West Duluth Democratic and Republican clubs, if plans now laid by the Democrats are carried out. Members of the newly organized Democratic club are anxious to debate this question with the other organization, and it is said the Republicans look with favor upon the idea.

A feature of the meetings of the former club, to be held the second Thursday of each month, will be a debate and general discussion on subject of a political nature. The subject of the debate at next week's meeting wil, it is understood, be: "Resolved, that it is an insult to the average voter for any candidate to ask for support merely because he belongs to the party."

It is expected that visiting Democrats from Duluth and Superior will be present at the meeting next Thursday evening.

FOR COMMISSIONER.

Andrew Miles, of Fifty-eighth avenue west, has announced it as being his intention to try for the nomination of county commissioner on the Republican ticket. Charles Koppi, who is at present commissioner from the Eighth ward,, has held this office for eight years. Mr. Miles is a logging contractor, well known and popular in West Duluth. He has many friends who will work for his nomination and election.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The Zenith Suspender factory is today being moved from 5407 Ramsey street to 118 First avenue west.

The West Duluth A. O. U. W. lodge gave a social dance at Gilley's hall last evening, for members only. The event passed off very plensantly.

The Royal Neighbors gave a successful dance at Schell & Wade's hall last evening.

Julia Marlowe shoes at Lauermann's.

The Delta Mandolin club, which has been furnishing music at the swellest society functions in Duluth and Superior, will give their dance at the Great Eastern hall tomorrow evening. Lovers of good music will find it a treat to attend. Tickets, 50 cents.

The Jenswold street subway, by the driving park, has been made fit for the use of teams within the last few days, by placing several loads of pulverized rock along the car tracks, so that teams going to West Duluth will not have to take the temporary road over the hill to one side.

For wall paper, go to Nygren's.

The West Duluth Social club has secured the services of Henry Logee, of Superior, to star in the play to be given by the club at the Great Eastern hall on the evening of May 15.

Mr. and Mrs. David Sang left for Dalles, Wis., this morning, to visit with friends.

Paints and oils at Nygren's.

O. S. Lund, of Sixty-first avenue west, has gone to Willow River, Minn., to work for a lumber company.

John Winnnis, Fifty-sixth avenue west and Cody street, left last night for St. Paul.

White Pine Lung Balsam will cure that cough. At Nygren's.

Miss Inga M. Parson and Jacob E. Johnson, of Cambridge, Minn., were married last evening by Rev. J. C. Hartley. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson left last night for Cambridge, where they will reside.

Leo Adlen, of Fifty-seventh avenue west, left yesterday for Mason City, Ia.

Budd's baby shoes at Lauermann's.

C. S. Peters, of Virginia, is a guest at the home of his brother John, on Fifty-fourth avenue west.

The funeral of Miss Mary Yandel, who died last Sunday night, was held this morning, at 8:30 o'clock, from the new St. James' Catholic church. Services were in charge of the Lady Foresters, of which lodge the deceased was a member. Interment was at Calvary cemetery.

Patterson, undertaker. 'Phone 3070.

PARCEL WAGON.

Innovation Established by J. W. Sheridan & Co.

The Duluth Van and Storage company, operated by J. W. Sheridan & Co., has established a feature which will undobutedly prove very popular. This is a 10-cent parcel wagon. A very handsome vehicle, lettered in such a way that its purpose is apparent to all who see it, has been purchased, and this will deliver parcels for the modest sum mentioned to the central portions of the city. One trip will be made during the day to the West End, and parcels will be carried as far as Fifteenth avenue west for that sum. To the East End two trips will be made daily, and the district will extend to Eighteenth avenue east. Beyond these points a small additional charge will have to be made.

The parcel wagon has proved very popular in other large cities, and doubtless will in Duluth. At the present time to get a parcel delivered it is necessary to pay a messenger boy 25 cents and 10 cents for car fare, a cost that is practically prohibitive.

PROBABLY MURDERED.

Body of Man Found In Yellowstone River.

Helena, Mont., May 5.—The body of a man found in the Yellowstone river, at Grey Cliff, was taken to Big Timber and an inquest held. It was impossible, however, to identify the remains. The body was almost entirely nude. The left arm, right leg and lower jaw were broken. The upper jaw and nose were also fractured. The remains are evidently those of a man between 20 and 30 years old.

Ray Is Fined.

J. S. Ray was found guilty of an assault on Michael Conlon yesterday afternoon by Judge Windom, in the municipal court, and sentenced to pay a fine of $10 and costs and furnish bonds of $150 to keep the peace for six months.

It was charged by the state that Ray assaulted Conlon with a "billy" on the evening of Feb. 27. Ray denied that he had been the aggressor, or that he carried a "billy."

Conlon has been laid up in the hospital for eight weeks as the result of the fight and is still compelled to go about on crutches.

A BROKEN HEART.

Girl Dies of Grief Over Mother's Death.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 5.—Grief has caused the death of Miss Florence E. Guether. The physicians say it is a bonafide case of that rare malady, a broken heart.

Her mother was taken suddenly ill and in a few moments was dead. The daughter seemed stunned. She did not weep, but her breathing was like a low moan. In the evening she became unconscious.

Two days later her senses returned to her, but she was immediately seized with hemmorrhages. She begged to attend the funeral, but her condition would not permit of it. In the evening she became unconscious again, and that night she died. She was buried beside her mother.

Miss Guether was 26 years old, and lived at 2028 North Seventh street.

Does it pay to advertise in The Herald? Ask B. E. Baker.

Calumet Baking Powder

A wonderful powder of rare merit and unrivaled strength.

THE PERPETUAL WAR

There is always a fight going on in every human body between health and disease. On one side are poor food, bad air, over-work, worry, colds, accidents. On the other are sunshine, rest, cheerfulness and nourishment.

The reason Scott's Emulsion fights so powerfully for health is because it gives so much more nourishment than you can get in any other way. Get in the sunlight and try Scott's Emulsion.

We'll send you a sample free upon request.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

BEATS HIS BRIDE

Of Romance Because She Bothered Him While Painting.

Young Artist on Long Island Is Sent to Jail.

Sayville, L. I., May 5.—Nothing has caused so much excitement in this part of Long Island in a long time as the arraignment in Judge Crum's court of John Hodge, a young artist of Bayport, charged with cruelly beating and choking his young wife and threatening to kill her with a knife because she bothered him while he was painting.

The young wife appeared in court with a babe in her arms and standing by her side was the painter's white-haired mother, who insisted on going with him to jail after he had been sentenced to 20 days in the Riverhead jail.

In the courtroom also were the young woman's father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. John Bennett of Blue Point, who disowned her three years ago when she ran away from home to marry Hodge. The assault made upon her yesterday by the husband softened the hearts of the parents, and they took the young woman and her two children home with them. They are wealthy and prominent, and at the time of the daughter's elopement the matter was given considerable space in the New York newspapers.

Hodge admitted to Judge Crum that the charge of beating, kicking and choking his wife was true, but denied that he had attempted her life with a knife. The only excuse he gave for his assaults was that she bothered him and that he was of a very sensitive and irritable temperament. Judge Crum told him that his conduct deserved punishment of the severest nature, but on account of his young wife and two children he would give him a light sentence, with the hope that he would control his temper in the future.

"He is my boy," said the white-haired mother, "and I know his disposition better than anybody else. If he has done wrong it is because he has been driven to it. If you send him to prison I shall go with him." At first Judge Crum told the aged woman that she could not accompany the prisoner, but her pleadings were so insistent that he permitted her to go with him to the lockup, where she remained until midnight.

Three years ago young Hodge was employed by Mr. Bennett to paint some pictures at his home. During the two weeks he was there he fell in love with the daughter of his wealthy patron, but when he attempted to see her afterward he was ordered to leave the house.

Clandestine meetings were arranged between the couple, and when the father finally forbade his daughter to leave the house without permission she stole out one night and fled with her sweetheart. They were married and sought her parents' forgiveness, but that was denied. Mr. Bennett sent word to the girl that she need not return to his house or look to him for assistance. For three years she and her husband have lived in Bayport without communicating with her parents, but yesterday when word reached the Bennett home that Hodge had attempted to kill their daughter they lost no time in going to her rescue.

NOTICE!

The California Restaurant Co. wishes to announce that it is connected with no other restaurant than The California, at 620 West Superior Street.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Business Section of Republic Wiped Out By Fire.

Republic—The greater part of the business district of this town was wiped out by fire which started Wednesday afternoon in the Finnish Co-operative store.

The business blocks owned by the Co-operative society, Munyon & Peterson, J. O. Utberg and the Republic Store company, and the residences of Dr. E. E. Lamb and J. O. Utberg, the South Shore depot and several warehouses were wiped out.

Ishpeming sent a steamer and firemen to give aid. The loss is in the neighborhood of $100,000.

Menominee—Forest fires are raging near Madeau, Nathan and Packard, Menominee county. The farmers fear that unless rain falls soon they will lose their homes. The house of Frank Desar, west of Nadeau, has already been burned. Rhinelander, Wis., reports forest fires raging about the city outskirts. The summer cottages of Frank Parker and Dana Joslin at Lake George were burned, with the contents, and James Peterson, a homesteader, east of the city, had to abandon his home. Unless rain falls thousands of acres will be burned over.

Bessemer—At the meeting of the council Mayor Knight read the following appointments: City attorney, Conrad Carlson; chief of police, Andy Byrnes; health officer, Dr. Modajeoski. A special meeting may be held to create an official city interpreter, as some of the new appointees are decidedly raw on the English language.

THE HIGHEST STANDARD OF PERFECTION

In the art of brewing is shown in the "Moose Brand Beer," made and bottled by the Duluth Brewing & Malting Co. It is absolutely pure, free from noxious chemicals or other deleterious ingredients, possesses all the good qualities of a genuine, natural beer, and has made many friends through sheer merit.

Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.

Either Phone No. 241.

Negaunee—Miss Lily Rodgers and Richard Kemp were married Wednesday at the home of the bride's parents, Capt. and Mrs. T. H. Rodgers, by Rev. S. M. Gilchrist. The bride was attended by the Misses Margaret Rodgers and Mabel Menhennet, and the groomsmen were Messrs. John Pearce and William Rodgers.

Escanaba—Fire, which is thought to have been of incendiary origin, completely destroyed the home of Prosecuting Attorney John Cummisky and caused a loss estimated at $10,000. Not a thing in the building was saved, and but $5000 insurance was held on the building and contents. An empty kerosene can was found at the rear of the house, and it is thought that kerosene oil was poured over the floor of the storehouse at the rear of the building and fire started there. Attorney Cummisky was forced to leave the building from his bedroom window, saving nothing but his clothes. It is thought the fire was set by some enemy which Attorney Cummisky has made in the practice of his profession here and while acting as prosecuting attorney.

DR. HERRON'S "AFFINITY."

Her Mother Pays Alimony to Deserted Wife.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 5.—After two years of silence and secrecy, the terms of the famous Herorn divorce decree have been made public this week by Judge Quarton, of Algoma, who granted Mrs. Herron the divorce. Judge Quarton says the alimony was $60,000 and was paid to Mrs. Herron by Mrs. Rand, of Burlington, Iowa, mother of Miss Carrie Rand, Dr. George D. Herron's "affinity," whom he took as his companion acording to his peculiar ideas governing the married state. Mrs. Rand firmly insisted that Mrs. Herron should have plenty of money with which to educate her children properly, and it was she who named the alimony sum at $60,000 and promptly paid it.

Mrs. Herron went to North Carolina and devoted herself to her children. Dr. Herron and the new Mrs. Herron went to New York for a time and then to Europe, returning last winter. Recently little has been heard of Dr. Herron, excepting now and then in an address to the Socilists.

GAMBLERS SUED

By a Des Moines Youth Who Lost Others' Money.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 5.—Vernon Wilson, the 19-year-old boy, who was recently apprehended in California and brought back to Des Moines on a charge of embezling hundreds of dollars from his employer, L. Harbach, and who left a bride of a few days in California, has commenced suit against Jap Locke, a wel-known gambler of this city, and others, to recover upwards of $1000, which he claims was fraudulently taken from him for the purpose of "gambling and cheating people." He claims he was tempted beyond his strength when visiting these gambling places to collect bills for his employer. Wilson, who with his wife, formerly Miss Myrna Zimmerman, come of two of the best families in the city, is out on bond awaiting his trial for embezzlement, which promises sensational developments.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Aberdeen Loses Heavily By Fire a Second Time.

Aberden—An incendiary fire destroyed for the second time the thrasher warehouse of John McCarthy & Son with a loss of $5,000 and insurance of $3,000. Five traction engines, three thrashing machines, a large number of wagons, seeders and drills were burned. The barn of J. J. McCaughey in the residence section was set on fire earlier in the night and the department was fighting it when the McCarthy fire started. Since the former McCarthy warehouse fire a month ago the Pinkerton men have been here, but went home a few days ago, and Monday night a dozen special plain clothes men on duty nights were laid off and the fire immediately followed, thus making it evident that a fire bug is at work.

Watertown—The spring term of the circuit court was to have opened in Watertown, Tuesday afternon, but owing to the illness of Judge Bennett court was opened and adjourned until Monday, May 9. There are several criminal and forty-six civil cases on the calendar.

Sioux Falls—The last business house at the old town of Bon Homme, situated on the Missouri river in Bon Homme county, eight miles below the town of Springfield, has been sold, thus wholly obliterating one of the earliest landmarks and towns of Dakota territory. After lingering for two or three weeks, Dr. John R. Hawkins, one of the leading young physicians in this part of the state, died Wednesday.

The cause of his death was liver affection, which baffled the attending physicians.

Dr. Hawkins was coroner for Minnehaha county, was prominent in the state and national guard circles and had a wide acquaintance throughout the state.

Pierre—Since the completion of the new gas well at this city, the supply is estmated at 200,000 feet per day. This supply will be sufficient for all present purposes and will bring the city a good revenue. The rate at present is $1 per 1,000 feet for the first 3,000 feet used per month and 50 cents per 1,000 for any additional amount, with yet lower rates for manufacturing purposes. By using the gas for power at the city pumping station, a saving of about $200 per month on fuel is made, and that, with the sale of gas brings a revenue which more than pays the running expenses of the city.

JOHN FARREL

Makes a Junk Shop of His Stomach.

New York, May 5.—John Farel, "the human chain swallower," was operated on today at the German hospital in Williamsburg. Two years ago he was operated on and a number of nails, pins, keys and knives removed from his stomach. The operation today lasted for three hours, and at the end of that time the following articles had been taken from the man's stomach: Six knives of different sizes, a watch chain, one key ring, one chain, one doorkey, one desk key, four Yale keys, one buttonhook, fourteen wire nails, two iron nails, four horseshoe nails, and two pens. The operation left him in a critical condition.

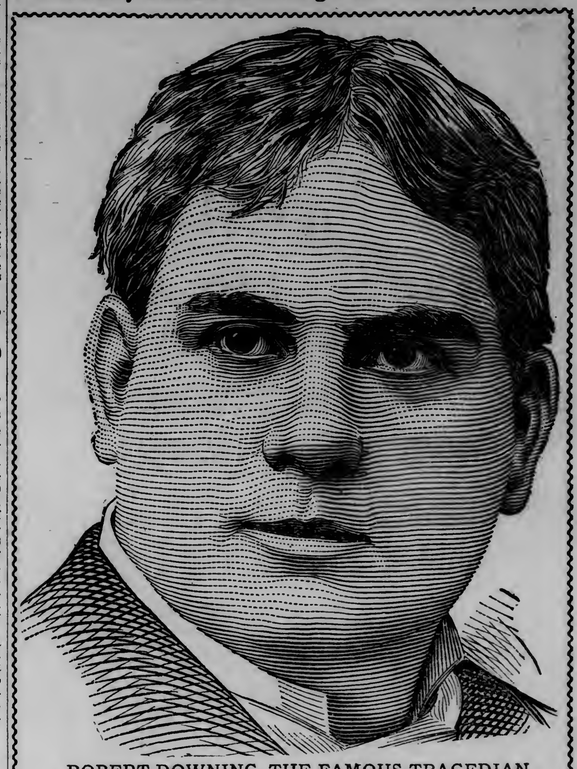
The North-Western Line.

The new equipmbent announced to be placed in service on "The North-Western Line" between Duluth and Chicago, will not take place until May 9th, the management having been disappointed in getting cars ready for May 1st.

SYSTEMIC CATARRH

SO LITTLE UNDERSTOOD

Claims Many Thousands. A Tragedian's Thanks to Peruna.



ROBERT DOWNING, THE FAMOUS TRAGEDIAN.

In speaking of Peruna, Robert Downing, the famous tragedian, says:

"I find Peruna a preventative against all sudden summer ills that swoop upon one in changing climates and water. It is the finest traveling companion and safeguard against malarial influences.

"You may notice that persons in poor health always find the heat most intolerable; this I avoid by using Peruna. I know by the thermometer that the weather is hot, yet I have felt the heat less this summer than ever.

"The cooling action of Peruna on the mucous membrane makes it invaluable to actors and singers, as it does away with that tendency to sudden hoarseness so apt to overtake one on emerging from a hot dressing room to a draughty stage.

"To sum it up, Peruna has done me more good than any tonic I have ever taken."—Robert Downing.

Dr. Hartman was the first physician in the United States to accurately describe systemic catarrh. His remedy Peruna, the only systemic catarrh remedy yet devised, is now known all over the civilized world. A person having used it once can never be persuaded to be without it when in need of such a remedy.

Write for a copy of Dr. Hartman's latest book entitled "Summer Catarrh." Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.

MERRILL SAYS

He Will Make Bryan Admit Having Indorsed Parker.

"He Talks Too Much," Says Former Campaign Manager.

Kansas City, May 5.—"So Mr. Bryan denies that he ever indorsed Judge Parker for vice-president."

This was the first question of J. L. Woods Merrill, Mr. Bryan's campaign manager of 1900, when shown a dispatch from Chicago quoting Mr. Bryan as denying he was for Parker for vice-president in 1900.

"Well, Mr. Bryan can deny it all he wants to," said Mr. Merrill, "but I have the proof, and I will lithograph the letter that will make Mr. Bryan admit that he did favor Judge Parker for the vice-presidency.

"I talked to Mr. Bryan about Judge Parker over the telephone and I know that it was Mr. Bryan at the other end of it.

"Then, I have a letter which Mr. Bryan wrote me when Judge Parker's name was mentioned. I cannot talk about the contents of that letter more than to say that Mr. Bryan's memory will be suddenly awakened when he sees that I have kept it. Mr. Bryan talks too much."

"Why do you suppose Mr. Bryan made this statement about Parker when he knew he had written such a letter in favor of Judge Parker?" Mr. Merrill was asked.

"Simply because Mr. Bryan has so many things on his mind that he overlooked it," was the reply. "Besides, he did not know but that the letter was destroyed, and, in addition, he never looked for me, of all the men in the world, to be the one that should happen to find that Bryanism was not the best thing for the Democratic party.

"Let this thing go a day or two longer and then we will show Mr. Bryan a thing or two that he didn't learn at school.

"When you have to deal with a man like Bryan you have to hit him, and hit him hard, before you put him out. I know him. I ought to know him, oughn't I? Wasn't I working under his instructions in 1900? Didn't he know every move I made?

"Hasn't the letter been printed showing that Judge Parker refused the nomination in a letter to me in 1900? Do you think that I would write a letter when I was Bryan's campaign manager asking a man that Bryan didn't want to be his running mate? Well, hardly."

"Why don't you give out that letter from Bryan about Parker?" Mr. Merrill was asked.

"Because," here Mr. Merrill showed the corner of a letter which bore a New York date, "because I am working under instructions. Do you understand what that means? We are going to nominate Parker at St. Louis. Bryan is a Populist and he can go out of the party if he wants to. The Populists are mostly Republicans anyway."

Ladies Auxiliary.

The Ladies' auxiliary of the A. O. H. held a regular meeting last evening and initiated several new members. Rev. Father Floyd, the newly appointed chaplain, gave a very interesting talk, pertaining to Ireland and Irish history, which was interesting and instructive and thoroughly appreciated by the members. A large delegation from both the West Duluth and West Superior divisions were present. Musical numbers were rendered by several of the members and refreshments were served.

COME NOW!

If you need a Baby Carriage, Go-Cart, Furniture or Clothing as we have everything in shape now to show them to you.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

and we sell these Goods on easy monthly payments.

GATELY'S

8 EAST SUPERIOR ST. **Watch for our ad. tomorrow.**

F. D. DAY & CO.

Solid Silver Sale

In order to clean up odd sets of Sterling Silver Knives, Forks and Spoons we will make the following prices on these sets. (Six pieces per set.)

2 sets "Louis XV" Dessert Spoons, $8.25 cut to..... **$6.00**

1 set "Imp. Chrysanthemum" Dessert Spoons, $12.50 cut to **$9.00**

2 sets "Madam Kathrin's" Dessert Spoons, $12.48 cut to.. **$9.00**

2 sets "Flanders" Dessert Spoons, $8.00 cut to..... **$6.50**

4 sets "Flanders" Dessert Forks, $8.00, cut to..... **$6.50**

2 sets "Flanders" Dinner Knives, $11.50, cut to..... **$9.50**

2 sets "Meddow" Tea Spoons, $4.80, cut to **$3.00**

5 sets "Fern" Tea Spoons, $3.00, cut to **$2.00**

11 sets "Gorham" Tea Spoons, $3.25, cut to..... **$2.50**

The above embraces good patterns from Gorham, Whiting, Towle and all the leading silver manufacturers.

These prices are below the actual value of the silver.

These pieces will be picked up quickly — sale will commence at 9 o'clock Friday and stop short at 6 o'clock of the same day, lasting ONE DAY only.

Extra charge for engraving.

F. D. Day & Co.,
Fashionable Jewelers,
315 West Superior Street.

COMMERCIAL CLUB FUND

Subscriptions Being Invited For Furthering Interests of Duluth.

Letters are being sent out by the Commercial club to prepare the various interested business people of Duluth to contribute to the fund which is to be used for the purpose of advertising the city and taking care of the various projects which would otherwise have individual solicitors to call on the firms and others who might be interested.

The club's correspondence is very large now, probably larger than at any previous time in the institution's history and is growing all the time. An average of 5000 envelopes per month is being used to carry on the different branches of the work. Less than two months ago a lot of 16,000 envelopes were bought and of these there are now but a little over 6,000 left.

Some of the members are anxious to see another ladies' night held soon but up to this time there have been no steps taken to decide upon it. The first occasion was a decided success in every respect.

NEW NATIONAL BANK.

Washington, May 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The comptroller of the currency today approved the application of George H. Newbert, David R. Eaton, Raleigh M. Pope, Charles Keith and Reuben F. McClellen to organize the First National bank of Mora, Minn., with $25,000 capital.

KNOX HATS

Summer Styles Now on Sale.

The World's Best.

EXTRA QUALITY

M. S. BURROWS

RAILROAD NEWS

Forms of Ticket For Passengers to St. Louis Fair.

Another Cause of Fifth Avenue Switching Trouble Presented.

Excursion tickets which are now being sold by the railroads for St. Louis exposition give the buyer a choice of routes, although they are not interchangeable. The holder can go to the Fair City via Chicago or the Twin Cities, but must make the return journey via the same route as the going one.

St. Paul and Minneapolis have a slight advantage in this respect as a form of interchangeable ticket is being sold in those cities which provides that the passenger may go by rail and return by boat, or vice versa. The arrangement is made, however, to benefit both the boat and rail lines, as for a person to ride both ways via the one route would cause complaint from the one which got no share of the revenue.

If tickets were sold and the holders rode both ways by water the railroad people would protest. So they must decide by which transportation they want to go and return the other way to give both carriers a share of the business. Of course, there are also straight boat tickets on sale for both hauls.

ONE CAUSE OF TROUBLE.

New Theory As To Switching on Fifth Avenue.

One of the principal causes of the switching across Fifth avenue is the fact that cars of different lengths have to be put in place at the freight depot by the five roads whose freight is handled there. Nearly seventy cars per day are loaded at this point and the work is done on four tracks.

When the tracks are being filled with cars the object is to get the open doors of all on the four tracks opposite the doors of the freight house. When this is accomplished it makes a set of four cars opposite a freight house door with a passage through them so the freight handlers can cross from the freight house to the fourth car, or any of the cars between, with trucks of freight. The getting of these cars into place is a feature of the switchman's art, which requires skill and calculation, owing to the different lengths of the cars.

New Dining Car.

Yesterday there was placed in service on the Gopher limited, over the Great Northern, a new dining car, fresh from the shops of the Barney & Smith Manufacturing company, of Dayton, O., one of the best known railway equipment manufactories in the United States. The new car has mahogany finish inside, and is furnished with moveable chairs to seat thirty people.

Another feature in the way of new equipment for the same train is a buffet library car, which is to be done, it is expected, by June 1, and on this car there will be the literary service of the Booklovers' library, which has become quite a convenient feature of traveling accommodation of late. This buffet library car will also be a new one.

To Enlarge Corn Crop.

Occasionally railroads go to a great expense to further some idea which is not only of considerable benefit to them, but to the public. An instance of this was furnished in Iowa last week by the Rock Island road, which is said to have put $1000 into an effort to help the farmers get hold of an idea which would increase their crops of corn, and thus increase the amount of such freight carried by the company.

A certain professor, who had an idea that the corn crop could be increased by the farmers if they would plant only choice seed, was furnished with a special train so that he could make speeches on the subject in fifty different points on the Rock Island's rails.

The Duluth Humane Society

Offers a reward of $5.00 for information which will lead to the conviction of anyone caught robbing a bird's nest or killing birds.

TO ORGANIZE PIPERS' BAND

Clan Stewart Will Back One—High Officers Coming.

The only thing that saves Duluth from having a pipers' band is the failure of the members to secure a place to practice.

They were offered the use of the ice field in the lake at a nominal rental in the belief that they would certainly break it up, but they declared that the acoustic properties were not right, and the deal was off.

The innocent public is not out of danger yet, however, for the members of the proposed band threaten to persevere in their efforts and get a hall some place in the city.

The decision to form a pipers' band was arrived at last evening at the regular meeting of the Clan Stewart, after the courts had closed for the day and it was too late to get out an injunction.

Several pipers have recently arrived in the city and the clan has plenty of material from which to choose. The clansmen have promised to furnish the necessary funds, and if the band can secure a suitable place to practice, it will be a prominent feature at the entertainments of the clan in future.

Hugh J. McLean was initiated into the clan last evening, and the secretary reported that the royal chief, W. H. Steen, and the royal secretary, Peter Kerr, would visit Duluth on June 3. A committee was appointed to prepare a suitable reception for them.

SOZODONT
TOOTH POWDER
There is no Beauty
that can stand the disfigurement of bad teeth. Take care of your teeth. Only one way—
SOZODONT

WEDDING GARMENTS

And Bridegroom But No Bride Appeared.

Brooklyn, N. Y., May 5.—Man proposes, but woman disposes. Kate Allen, 20 years old, was to have been married to Dr. William Strong on Sunday evening. The guests had arrived, the minister was ready, and the bridegroom with his best man were in a joyous mood.

The joy was short lived. When Miss Allen's sister-in-law went to get the bride it was discovered that she had disappeared. Her wedding garments, surmounted by a bridal wreath, were laid out carefully, but the bride-elect was missing. The only explanation was a hurriedly written note, in which she declared that she did not love Dr. Strong and could not marry him.

After dismissing the clergyman and the guests the relatives of the runaway girl began a search. She had last been seen at a florist's arranging for a bridal wreath. From this point she was traced to the Grand Central station. One of the friends of the missing girl volunteered the information that Kate loved a soldier stationed at Fort Totten. The soldier denied having seen the girl.

He said he intended to marry her as soon as his finances warranted.

CONDITIONS VOLCANIC

At the Baltimore Fire, Declares Dr. Euhler.

Baltimore, Md., May 5.—The Baltimore fire has no parallel in its origin or effect, declared Dr. Philip Euhler before the Maryland Academy of Sciences, of which he is president. Chicago and Boston had nothing like it in their conflagrations. The conditions, he declared, were volcanic. "The superheated steam, gas, electricity, etc., had everything to do with the starting and spreading of the fire," said Dr. Euhler. He cited the fact that while the Hurst building was burning there was no black smoke rolling from the structure, as is usually seen in an ordinary fire. Instead there was nothing more than heat, which simply had the effect of melting everything before it instead of burning or charring. "The wood in most of the buildings," he said, "was evaporated, not having a chance to char. The heat was above and not below, and it floated in the air just like a balloon, and took its course with the wind. The center of popularity for this destructive heat was on the large and particularly the high buildings."

METROPOLITAN THEATER.
MONDAY EVENING, MAY 9.
MRS. FISKE
In "MARY OF MAGDALA."
Seats on sale Saturday, 9 a. m. Prices 50c $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00.

IN SERIOUS JEOPARDY

Aged War Veteran Found to Have Stolen a Fur Overcoat.

John W. Thompson, an aged war veteran, who is serving a short sentence in the county jail for petty larceny, may have to face a charge of grand larceny when he is released.

Thompson was convicted in the municipal court a short time ago of stealing some tools from the Clyde Iron works and given a sentence in the county jail. A valuable buffalo skin overcoat was found in his possession at the time he was arrested. This morning Professor Denfeld, superintendent of the city schools, discovered the loss of a buffalo overcoat and reported it to the police. He was shown the overcoaot taken from Thompson and identified it as his.

He is very loath to prosecute the case against Thompson and it will likely be dropped, as the prisoner is very aged and feeble.

The coat was stolen from the High school building several days ago, but the loss was not discovered until today.

Thompson is a veteran of the civil war and draws a pension from the United Staes government.

FIVE THOUSAND SHOE WORKERS ARE IDLE.

Chicago, May 5—Five thousand members of the Boot and Shoe Workers' union are idle as the result of a lockout declared by six of the largest shoe factories in Chicago. The shoe manufacturers have notified the national officers of the union that the manufacturers will disontinue the use of the union stamps and will hereafter run the factories as open shops.

YOUR SAVINGS DEPOSITED
on or before May 10 in the
DULUTH SAVINGS BANK
Will draw interest from May 1st.
3% Interest 3%
Compounded Every Six Months on Your Savings.

MEMBERS OF ROYAL FAMILY OF GERMANY AT WORLD'S FAIR

Several Princes and Princesses With Others Attend the Dedicatory Reception at the Hall of Oak In German National Building.

St. Louis, May 5.—The feautre of today at the World's Fair was the dedicatory reception at the German building, which was attended by Prince Hohenlohe, the Princess Elizabeth Hohenlohe, his sister, Prince Ratibor, cousin of Prince Hohenlohe, the Princess Ratibor, sister of Prince Ratibor, and Prince Victor Ratibor, the latter's nephew. Prince Hohenlohe is the eldest son of the late Prince Hohenlohe, chancellor of the German empire. Several members of the royal party will proceed to California. After visiting the exposition for several days Prince and Princess Hohenlohe will go to Cincinnati, to attend the May festival.

The massive silver pieces presented to Emperor William upon his marriage in 1881 by several of the cities of his empire, have been placed in the Brandenburg room in the German building.

The reception today was held in the Hall of Oak, on the second floor. In this room, which is panelled in oak and contains the bronze statues of former emperors and reigning princes of Germany, Dr. Theodore Lewald, the German commissioner to the World's Fair received the guests.

The German building is situated on the brow of the plateau of states and is a faithful replica of the central part of the royal pavilion of the castle of Charlottenburg, and bears the distinction of having been selected by Emepror William as a characteristic example of German architecture.

The French section in the fine arts palace was formally opened today. Michael LaGrave, commissioner for France, and all the members of the French commission, were present. The guests were received by M. Andrew Saglio, French commissioner offine arts, who delivered a brief address.

The bronze statues of Gen. Sheridan, Admiral Farragut, Gen. Dodge and Gen. Henderson, which will be placed at the north front entrance of the Iowa building, have arrived and workmen today began placing them in position. These statues were presented by Governor Larrabee, president of the Iowa commission.

In order that the beauty of the cascades may not become common-place, the executive committee of the exposition has decided that the three torrents of water shall pour down festival ill only four times a day, one hour at a time. The schedule has been arranged so that visitors in the forenoon, afternoon and evening may enjoy the spectacle.

BLIND PIGGERS PAY THEIR FINES

St. Paul, May 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Six of the blindpiggers all changed their pleas in the police court today from not guilty to guilty and were given the maximum fine of $50 with the alternative of 60 days. As each had up $1000 bail the money was promptly substracted. Those fined were A. Alton, Charles Gaughan, T. A. Monchow, Matt Towey, John Seymour and Thomas L. Warburton.

Assistant County Attorney O'Neil asked for an order to the sheriff to destroy all the liquors taken on search warrants and Judge Hine said such an order would be issued.

The case of Mrs. Mary de Francy, held on the same charge, was continued to tomorrow owing to the illness of her attorney, J. D. O'Brien.

DUTIES RIGHTFULLY COLLECTED

Washington, May 5.—The court of claims today decided that duties collected on goods shipped from United States to the Philippines after the treaty of peace with Spain, and before the establishment of civil government, were rightfully collected, although by military authority, and not by law. The decision follows the insular decision of the supreme court, in that the Philippines are United States territory. The case decided was the claim of Warner, Barnes & Co., a British corporation, which sued the United States for $81,126. Other claims are pending, resting on exactly the same foundation, aggregating between $7,000,000 and $8,000,000. By the decision this amount will be saved to the government.

SAVES THE DAY

Rain Prevents White Sox From Getting Frightful Drubbing.

Duluth "Coppers" Nine Was to Have Humbled Them Properly.

The rain saved the reputation of the White Sox. Their finish was due this afternon, but old Jupiter Pluvius intervened and saved them from defeat.

The Coppers' baseball team was billed to meet the Northern league bunch at the driving park at 3 o'clock, but the game had to be called off on account of the rain.

The coppers butted into the local baseball arena yesterday afternoon, when the first practice game was held. The location of their grounds is kept a dark secret, as they have some new trick plays which they are going to spring on an unsuspecting public when they meet the Superior bunch.

It is claimed that one of the tricks is to pick up the first base and carry it around the diamond, scoring a home run for every single base hit. They also intended to cross their fingers when they get tagged between bases, so the "out" won't count.

These are but a few of the fine points of the game that they picked up at their first practice and they have plenty more of them up their sleeves. They will certainly keep the Superior coppers guessing at the grand final tournament, which is to be held some time during the season.

The team this year will be no worse than last year's nine. That much is promised by Manager Resche and he has furnished a bond to guarantee his statement.

Kennell is going to pitch once more, since there is no one else available. He has a new ball which he calls a fooler."

"I pretend I'm going to hrow a curve and then I throw a straight slow ball right over the center of the plate," he said in describing the trick to a circle of admiring friends, who were "feeling his muscle" after the practice yesterday. "It fools them every time."

Capt. Resche landed on one of the "foolers' yesterday and drove it somewhere in the direction of Fond du Lac.

"You're out," said Chief Troyer, who was umpiring the game.

"Out?" said the captain. "Chief, let's argue the matter. Now see here—"

"You're out," repeated the umpire. "Over the fence is out."

"That's where the 'fooler' gets in its work," said Kennell, as he prepared to dish up another to the next batter.

The next "fooler" caught Officer Blackwood some place behind the ear and he dropped to the ground.

"You're out," said the umpire. "You have no right to interfere with the catcher that way."

And just at this point the team fell upon the chief and put his out.

The men showed up so well yesterday that Manager Resche wanted to play Superior at once, but the rest of the team thought they ought to have a little more practice with an easier team and they selected the White Sox for their victims.

The only new member of the team this year is Officer Bailey, who was secured by Manager Resche at a heavy expense from the "Holy Terrors" of Jones' Corners, Ia. He has a batting average of .056 and a fielding average of .123 in the official averages of the Epworth league.

The postponed game will be played some time next week if the White Sox keep their nerve.

RIGHTS OF GOVERNOR

In Suspending Writs Will Be Decided By Court.

Denver, May 5.—Arugments on the writ of habeas corpus issued on behalf of Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners, who has been deprived of his freedom since March 30, by order of Governor Peabody and is now held as a military prisoner at Telluride, which is under martial law, were heard by the state supreme court today. Many lawyers and judges of minor courts from all parts of the state assembled to hear the speeches. Two full days will be consumed in argument.

The question at issue is whether the governor has authority to establish military rule for the purpose of suppressing what is termed "a state insurrection and rebellion, due to acts of strikers," in his proclamations declaring martial law. Governor Peabody denies the jurisdiction of the court in the case of Moyer and claims the right to suspend the writs of the courts and to arrest and hold as military prisoners any persons whom he deems guilty of inciting "insurrections."

PENSIONERS ARE RUSHING

For More Money Under New Ruling of Department.

Washington, May 5.—Application for original pension and increases under order No. 78, which was promulgated by Secretary Hitchcock under direction of the president, making 62 years of age evidence of physical disability sufficient to grant a pension of $6 a month, have rolled into Commissioner Ware's office to the number of 11,500 from April 13, when the order was made effective, to April 30.

Even with this data Mr. Ware says it is impossible to ascertain definitely the approximate number of applications that will result from the order.

The amounts of pension range from $6 to $12 per month, according to the age of the applicants. Every application has to be forwarded to the war department for comparison with the records, besides being scrutinized in the pension office.

Mr. Ware believes that few of them will be granted before June 1. Payment will accrue from the date of application. There is now available for disbursements under order No. 78, $1,500,000 appropriated in a $4,000,000 pension item in the general deficiency bill.

This appropriation will lapse after June 30, when the payments will be made from the pension fund.

"Many veterans will refuse to avail themselves of this means of obtaining a pension," said Mr. Ware today.

"One man visited me here the other day and asked for particulars about the order. When I had given him all the information he turned around and said: "That's a pauper's pension. I would not accept any money under it."

He Saved His Money.

Yes, he went to the
Duluth Wholesale Supply Co
And bought his Groceries at wholesale and saved his money.

YES, WE SELL DIRECT TO THE PEOPLE.

Office and Sample Room—102 W. Mich. St.

DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds.
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

CALL FOR REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

Washington, May 5.—Postmaster-General Payne, acting chairman of the Republican National committee and Secretary Dover of the committee, today, issued a call for a meeting of the national committee at Chicago, June 15. At this meeting the committee will hear and determine such contests as may be presented for its consideration and prepare the temporary roll of delegates.

SOLDIER BOY LEFT HER.

Alice Blakeman's Honeymoon Was Very Brief.

Detroit, Mich., May 5.—Alice Blakeman is a pretty little dressmaker, who married soldier boy Charles Blakeman last July after a short acquaintance, but she didn't know he was a soldier boy until he was apprehended as a deserter and taken to the Fort Wayne guard house, she said. Before that Blakeman had also deserted her, she told the judge in divorce court. They met and were married in St. Paul, Minn., and Blakeman left her in Toledo. Mrs. Blakeman was given a decree for non-support, with permission to resume her maiden name of Poole.

San Francisco or Los Angeles, Cal., and Return, $50.00.

April 23rd to May 1st the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets, account Methodist Episcopal Conference and Grocers' Convention, to San Francisco or Los Angeles and return for $50.00, good returning until June 30th. Stopovers allowed in both directions.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

A Special Selling of..... **Notions** *Tomorrow --Friday, only*

You can make quite a saving here tomorrow. Dressmakers should take advantage of these prices. Duluth's representative notion department.

1c spool for Belding's Twist.
1c for package good Hair Pins.
1c for box Mourning Pins.
1c for Mending Cotton, all colors.
1c for Aluminum Thimbles.
1c for Corset Laces.
2c for card Hooks and Eyes.
2c for spool Cotton, all numbers.
2c for pair good Shoe Laces.
2c for Chinese Ironing Wax.
2c for box Invisible Hair Pins.
3c for Darning Balls.
3c for Iron Holders.
3c for Emery Balls.
3c for bottle good Mucilage.
3c for bottle Writing Ink.
3c for Kid Curlers.
3c for dozen Button Molds, all sizes.
4c for dozen Safety Pins, all sizes.
4c for 100-yard spool Linen finest Thread.
4c for Curling Irons.
4c for Milward's Needles, all sizes.
4c for dozen Brass Rings.
5c for two papers good Pins.
5c for three bunches linen Carpet Thread.
5c for four Shell Hair Pins.
5c for card Embroidery Initials.
5c for Tip Top Curling Iron Heater.
5c for small Pin Cubes.
5c for 50c and 75c sterling Belt Pins.
5c for doz. indestructible Lace Pins.
5c for dozen Fancy Buttons.
5c for half dozen Beauty Pins, 10c value.
6c for sterling silver mounted Shoe Horns.
6c for sterling silver mounted Curing Iron.
7c yard for sterling brush Skirt Binding.
7c for 10c Pearl Buttons.
7c for six yards Finishing Braid.
7c for 10c Tape Measures.
8c for new Waist Sets, 15c value.
8c for 12c Collar Forms.
8c for 15c package up-to-date stitched Dress Stays, all colors.
10c for pair "Peerless" Dress Shields.
10c new Waist Sets, in gold and jet, 15c value.
12c for 20c unbreakable Combs.
15c for 25c Whisk Brooms.
19c for "Stein" Hook-on Hose Supporters; 35c value.
25c for 35c and 50c large nickel plated Scissors.
25c for fancy ribbon pin on Hose Supporters; worth 50c.
50c for choice of 75c Sewing Scissors.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

Belfast Mesh

We probably know more about Underwear than you do and we say unqualifiedly "Belfast Mesh Linen."

We want to sell you something that will bring you back by its goodness.

M. S. BURROWS

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Redfern, Style A.

Appeals to the eye on account of its line and the daintiness of its trimming. It fits the form with such firmness and ease it is a delight to the wearer. The hose supporters holding it well down to place add much to the general comfort. It is boned throughout with Genuine Greenland Whalebone —the best the market affords.

Redfern Corsets are equipped with hose supporters of superior quality webbing and the famous "Security" button and loop.

Redfern, style A, price, $4.00.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

Sole Agents.

GET YOUR SHOES REPAIRED
AT THE UP-TO-DATE SHOE SHOP.
Men's Sewed Soles 75c
Men's Nailed Soles 50c
Also Shoe Shining 5c
N. NURICK, 229 E. Sup. St.

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We secure patents that protect. Guide book free. Write for particulars.
Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence,
204-5 First Nat'l Bank Bldg. Patent Lawyers.
Eby G. Gridley, Duluth representative.

The Greatest Skill!
The most experience—14 years.
We grind our own lenses.

C. D. TROTT,
OPTICIAN.
3 West Superior Street.

IN WOMAN'S SPHERE

Social, Musical and Art Circles.

The governing board of the Minnesota State Art society invites the artists, designers and art students in the state of Minnesota to submit designs in competition for the following:

1. A seal.
2. A certificte of membership.
3. A diploma.
4. A medal of award.
5. A letter-head.

Cash prizes are offered to the successful competitors as follows:

A first prize of $15.00 for the best, and a second prize of $5.00 for the next best design for each of the five subjects stated.

Conditions governing the competition may be learned by applying to the president, Robert Koehdler, 4816 Portland avenue, Minneapolis, or to the secretary, Mrs. William E. Thompson, 879 Pascal avenue, Hamline. All designs must be submitted on Wednesday, July 6, 1904, at the rooms of the State Art society in the capitol at St. Paul. Competitors may submit one or more designs of each of the five subjects. While firms may enter the competition, it is understood that a prize can only be awarded to the individual designer.

The governing board of the association consists of the following: Robert Koehler, president, Minneapolis; Miss Margaret Evans, vice-president, Northfield; Mrs. William E. Thompson, secretary and treasurer, Hamline; Miss Mary Moulton Cheney, St. Anthony Park; Harry W. Jones, Minneapolis; William Yungbauer, St. Paul; Samuel R. Van Sant, governor of Minnesota, (ex-officio); Cyrus Northrop, president state university, (ex-officio.)

IT SURPRISES HER.

Miss Milham Astonished at Y. W. C. A. Development.

Miss Mabel Milham, state secretary of the Y. W. C. A., left last evening for Minneapolis. She was unable to stay the number of days desired as many engagements in the next few days must be filled by her. Miss Milham, who is widely experienced in Y. W. C. A. work was astounded at the growth and size of the local association. The membership which is now 1244 was nearly twice as large as she thought and the rooms and plan of work that is carried on was highly commended by her.

Miss Milham will leave soon for Brooklyn, where her marriage will take place, after which she will leave for China. Miss Milham was a school friend of Mrs. Burton St. John, who was formely Miss Io Barnes of this city, and will visit her for a short time after arriving in north China. Mis Milham has a very charming personality and many in Duluth are glad she was able to make even so short a visit here.

Ladies Union Receives.

The reception yesterday afternoon at which the members of the Ladies' Union of the Pilgrim Congregational church were hostesses was a most delightful affair. The parlors of the church were prettily arranged and decorated and during the afternoon many of the women of the church called. Mis Mabel Milham gave a short talk of the work of the Young Women's Christian association state work and Mrs. Ward Ames spoke entertainingly on tapestry. Miss Mary Morris, and Miss Frances Woodbridge sang charmingly and Miss Eleanor Pineo played several piano numbers. Punch was served by Mrs. Charles E. Adams and Mrs. F. D. Day and Mrs. Eugene Bacot poured tea. A large number called during the afternoon.

WONDERFUL CAREER.

Mrs. Fiske's Achievements on Stage Without Parallel.

The visit of Mrs. Minnie Maddern Fiske to Duluth next Monday evening when she will present "Mary of Magdala" at the Metropolitan, will be an event of much interest and delight. Mrs. Fiske is at the head of actresses on the American stage. The foremost critics have conceded that this gifted woman has no peer on the American stage for the brilliancy of her conceptions and the splendid power and artistic beauty which she can bring to bear in her interpretations. The career of those who achieve greatness in any field cannot but be of interest.

Mrs. Fiske was born in New Orleans, the daughter of Thomas Davey and Elizabeth Maddern, and in her earlier stage career took her mother's name. Her father was a prominent theatrical manager in the South. Her mother was a daughter of Richard Maddern, an English musician, who came to this country with a large family and organized a traveling concert company of his own children. The organization was known as the Maddern family. Mrs. Fiske's mother was a remarkable musician, and became a well-known actress later under her husband's management.

Minnie Maddern made her debut in Little Rock, Ark., at the age of 3 years as the duke of York in Richard III. She played and traveled continually until the age of 11, acting in a marvelous variety of parts. She appeared with Laura Keene in New York city in "Hunted Down" during the run of that play, being then but 5 or 6 years of age. She later played Prince Arthur in the notable revival of "King John," at Booth's theater, with John McCullough, J. B. Booth and Agnes Booth in the cast.

Before attaining her fourteenth year, Miss Maddern acted many of the leading parts, and occasionally old women's parts, so remarkable was her stage adaptability. Long before she wore long dresses off the stage she assumed them in the theater. When but 12 years of age she played Francis in "Richelieu," and Louise in "The Two Orphans." When 13 she assumed the part of Widow Melnotte with astonishing success. She played the round of child's parts with Barry Sullivan, and later with Lucile Weston; she was the original Little Fritz in J. K. Emmet's first production at Wallack's and Niblo's; and she appeared as a child prominently with Mrs. Waller, Carlotta Le Clerq, Yankee Locke, E. L. Davenport, Mrs. Scott-Siddons and other notable players.

Brief periods were spent by the young actress in French and convent schools in the cities of New Orleans, St. Louis, Montreal and Cincinnati. Her education, which might be presumed to have been desultorily pursued, owing to her constant change of locality, was, nevertheless, methodical. It was carefully supervised by her mother, a woman of broad culture, who devoted her life to the purpose.

Mrs. Fiske became a star at the age of 13. Since that time and up to the time of her temporary retirement she became identified with several plays, among them being "Caprice" and "In Spite of All." When she married in 1890 and retired from the stage, she had no thought of a permanent relinquishment of the theater.

Mrs. Fiske's occasional appearance for charity in New York during the period of her temporary retirement in plays that had tested the powers of great actresses, and the number of parts she has played since her return to the stage have illustrated her marvelous expansion and genius. Her repertoire includes the parts of Nora in "A Doll's House," Marie Dolache in "The Queen of Liara" (Le Menteuse), Sesarine in "La Femme de Claude," Madeline in "Love Finds the Way" (Marguerite Merrington's adaptation of the German play, "Das Recht auf Gluck.") Cyprienne in "Divorcons," "Magda," Gilberte in "A Light From St. Agnes," "Not Guilty," and "A White Pink;" and "Tess of the D'Urbervilles" and "Becky Sharp," founded on Thackeray's "Vanity Fair." Her marvelous artistic activity last season, when she not only originated the roles of "Miranda of the Balcony," and that of "Marian Hatch" in "The Unwelcome Mrs. Hatch," and also revived several plays of her repertoire, is remembered. This season she appears in the most notable plays of her career, Paul Heyse's "Mary of Magdala" and Ibsen's "Hedda Gabler."

Events of Interest.

The West Duluth W. C. T. U. met this afternoon with Mrs. D. A. Crosby, of West Duluth. Mrs. H. H. Gardner was leader for the afternoon, and "The Liquor Problem" was discussed.

* * *

The Square Circle of Pilgrim Congregational church met this afternoon with Mrs. H. I. Pineo, of 520 Fourth avenue east.

* * *

The Ladies' Guild of St. Luke's church met this afternoon in the church parlors.

* * *

The Art club met last evening at the club rooms of the library. A fishing boy was the model for the evening.

* * *

Tomorrow evening the pupils of Gerard Tonning and a number of Miss Elizabeth Morton's pupils, assisted by Miss Lillian Kuhn, soprano, and Mrs. G. S. Richards, contralto, will give a recital at the First Baptist church, on East Second street.

Personal Mention.

Miss Ethel Farmer left yesterday for Nashville, Tenn., for a visit with school friends for six weeks.

* * *

Mrs. Nellie French and daughters, Miss Maud French and Miss Ella French, of 4021 West Fourth street, have returned from San Antonio, Texas, where they spent the winter.

* * *

Mrs. J. Wilcox, of Kenton, Mich., is the guest of Mrs. W. F. Murnian, of West Duluth.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. G. Blake, of Toronto, are the guests of Mrs. F. A. Pentar, of West Third street.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John H. LaVaque left yesterday for Hankinson, N. D., where they will remain indefinitely.

* * *

Miss Ethel Maxted left Tuesday for an extended visit with friends at Valley City, N. D.

NATIONAL THEATER

Is Advocated and Endowment of $5,000,000 Is Proposed.

Art Must Not Go Too Far From the Masses.

New York, May 5.—Emerson McMillin, formerly of St. Louis, has come into the limelight in New York as the champion of the National theater.

Mr. McMillin, whose large fortune was made in gas companies, has been an active member of the National Theater and Art society since its organization, but it was not known until he volunteered a subscription of $25,000 that he took more than a passing interest in an endowed theater. He has long been known to take a great interest in art, and he is regarded as a connoisseur, but his taste has not run to the drama so much as to painting, sculpture and architecture.

"Only a few days ago before the banquet of the society I had been talking to the president and other members upon the subject," he continued, "and I learned from them that opinions differed as to the amount needed. Some thought it would require fully $10,000,000, others were sure $5,000,000 would be enough, and still others thought a substantial nucleus could be formed with $3,000,000.

"Having these things in mind when I was called upon to speak—I not being on the regular program—it occurred to me that half of the five millions needed might easily be raised if an appeal was made in the proper way, and as there was never a time since my connection with the society that I would not have been willing to do my share, I said as explicitly as I knew how that I would be one of a hundred men to create this fund of $2,500,000.

"I had no idea it would create so much comment as it has, both in the newspapers and among those who take an interest in dramatic art.

"I believe this theater will be endowed by public-spirited citizens who realize the value, not to say the necessity, of developing the artistic taste of the people. I do not wish to be considered a dommating or domineering spirit in the movement. Far from it.

"The proposition to be one of a hundred to subscribe $25,000 each was made in an impromptu address, but in all sincerity.

"The president understood me to say I would give $50,000. Well, I might. If the scheme promised success I would not wish, and I believe there are many others who would not wish, so to be limited to a first donation. That is a matter so far in the future, however, that it is hardly worth discussing now.

"Differences of opinion might arise as to the functions of an endowed theater, and all these differences should be settled in advance.

"For instance, I might have views not in harmony with one whose ideas were altogether classic; my idea being that a dramatic production should be made with an eye single to instructing the public while it entertains. Well, a theater supported from an endowment fund could not consistently confine itself to a quality of art beyond the comprehension of the masses.

"The cultivated man or woman who enjoys Shakespeare as a classic is in most cases able to pay his or her way. This does not always hold true, and, of course, classical plays would be produced, but not to the seclusion of others. That is my view. Others willing to give might think differently. I therefore say that such questions should be settled in advance.

I believe a school should be maintained in connection with the National Theater when it is established, and that this school should be as thorough in its methods as any other; that its work should be so perfect that honor men and honor women from it—that its prize-winners would be accepted as true artists in after years as a matter of fact, just as the painter who receives official recognition in Paris is accepted as a person of talent."

Mr. McMillin is still on the sunny side of 60, although he served in the civil war as a commissioned officer. He is one of the most unassuming of New York's multi-millionaires, and has never thrust himself forward in search of notoriety. He is a member of the G. A. R. and the only article of personal adornment he wears, if it can be called such, is a button showing his membership in the Loyal Legion.

Freimuth's FRIDAY BARGAINS

Notion Bargains.

SMALL THINGS AT SMALLER PRICES.

MOURNING PINS—Jet heads—best steel points, black and white—in boxes—regular price 3c—Friday, per box..... 1c

IRONING WAX—With wooden handle—regular price 3c—Friday, each..... 1c

SHOE LACES—5-4 and 6-4 sizes, regular price 3c—Friday, per pair..... 1c

HAIR-PIN CABINETS—containing 100 pins, all sizes—reg. price 5c—Friday, each..... 3c

TAPE MEASURES—metal tips—60-inch, regular price 5c—Friday..... 3c

PIN CUBES—100 pins on each—black, white and assorted—regular price 5c—Friday..... 3c

LINDSAY'S SAFETY PINS—Nos. 1, 2 and 3—nickel color—reg. price 5c—Friday, a card 3c

PREMIER SKIRT FASTENERS—sizes 1, 2 and 3—black and white—10c a dozen regular—Friday, per dozen..... 5c

BELT PINS—on sheets—the best made, regular price 10c—Friday, each..... 5c

HAT PINS—best tempered steel—12 pins on card—white or black—regular price 10c—Friday per card..... 5c

HOOKS AND EYES—Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4—white and black—regular price 5c—Friday .....Two for 5c

DARNING WOOL—all colors, on cards, regular price 3c—Friday THREE CARDS FOR.. 5c

MME. ELSIE HAIR CURLERS—12 in a package, regular price 5c—Friday, per pkg..... 2c

DRESS SHIELDS—double covered and rubber lined, regular price 15c—Friday, a pair.. 8c

12½c BIDS' LAWN BINDING—put up 12 yards on card, regular price 12½c—Friday each..... 7c

Drapery Department.

LOOM ENDS OF MUSLIN—10 to 15 yard lengths—pretty dots and figures for bedroom curtains—special values at 12c—special for Friday, per yard..... 9c

ADJUSTABLE CURTAIN RODS—sizes 30 to 54—regular 10c kinds—complete Friday at 4 for 25c, or each..... 7c

6-ft OPAQUE SHADES—mounted on good spring rollers—25c always—special for Friday each..... 19c

FLOOR OILCLOTH—pretty designs—regular 25c kinds, for Friday, per yard..... 15c

PAPER-COVERED NOVELS—3 for 25c—new assortment, 300 titles to choose from, all the popular authors including works of Nouchette, Carey, Dumas, Elliot, Augusta Evans, Marie Corelli, May Agnes Flemming and scores of others—regular 25c editions—Friday's special,... 3 for 25c

Gloves.

WOMEN'S $1.00 GLOVES 49c—Here's good news for Friday shoppers—50 dozen of German lamb kid gloves, glace or suede—in the popular shades of mode, brown, gray—also black, 2-clasp—plain and embroidered backs—regular $1.00 quality most of them, in all sizes—Friday's special price per pair..... 49c

Wall Paper.

35c AND 40c PARLOR AND DEN papers, 17½c—special effects in two-toned stripes—tapestry and burlap grounds in denim effects—values up to 40c, for Friday, special, a roll..... 17½c

12½c AND 10c BULGARIAN top collars 6c—cream and white grounds—Oriental colorings; also a lot of pure linen turnovers, with hemstitched edges, none worth less than 10c, mostly 12½c kinds these—choice Friday, any in the lot, each..... 6c

Shoe Barg'ns

WOMEN'S $1.50 HOUSE SLIPpers 98c—two-strap patent leather slippers, opera heel—regular $1.50 kind—special for Friday— per pair..... 98c

WOMEN'S $2.50 SHOES $1.19—Broken lines of fine dongola kid shoes that have been selling rapidly—numerous lasts, patent or stock tip—button or lace styles—$1.75 and $2.50 kinds all of them—choice of any in the lot, all sizes, at per pair..... $1.19

For the Garden.

Seeds and Utensils at Bargain Prices Friday.

We are showing a full line of seeds from the "Seltzer Seed Co." They are northern grown seeds, hence best for this climate. Save on them Friday. (Basement.)

ALL KINDS OF VEGETABLE SEED and flower seed—regular 5c packages—tomorrow, each..... 2½c

FRESH SWEET PEA SEED—best quality—at per pound..... 48c

LAWN GRASS—worth 35c per pound—at per pound..... 23c

BIRD SEED—our own mixed seed—at per pound..... 5c

HEADQUARTERS FOR POULTRY NETTING—all sizes—Poultry Netting Staples, at per pound package..... 7c

GOOD GARDEN HOES—regular price 25c—at each..... 15c

HANDY GARDEN TROWELS—worth 10c each..... 5c

SHEEP OR GRASS SHEARS—worth 25c, at each..... 19c

PRUNING KNIVES—worth 40c each—at..... 23c

CHILDREN'S GARDEN SETS—regular price 15c, at per set..... 10c

CHILDREN'S GARDEN SETS—worth 25c, at per set..... 15c

Drug Store Sundries.

PETROLEUM JELLY—perfumed—a household remedy for burns, wounds, sprains, etc., regular 10c bottle—Friday's special—per bottle..... 6c

ELECTRIC CLOTH—the great all-around metal cleaner and polisher, regular price 10c—Friday's bargain price, each..... 6c

20-MULE TEAM BORAX—chemically pure powdered borax for medicinal and other purposes—the regular 10c kind—Friday's price, per pkg..... 7c

GLYCERINE AND ROSE WATER—put up in 2-oz bottles—the purest glycerine—regular price 10c—Friday's special..... 7c

TALCUM POWDER—Perfumed to soften and preserve the skin—regular price 12½c—Friday's price, per can..... 6c

GRADUATED NURSING BOTTles—finest flint glass, 8 oz size—regular 10c quality—Friday each..... 7c

ROOT BEER EXTRACT—one bottle makes 5 gallons of root beer, regular 10c per bottle—Friday only..... 7c

MISSION SERVICES.

Archdeacon Webber Arrives Here to Conduct Them.

Archdeacon Webber arrived this morning from San Francisco and will begin the mission which he will conduct as St. Luke's Episcopal church, at the West End, this evening. The first service will be at 7:45 o'clock, and Bishop Morrison will officiate and Archdeacon Webber will preach his first sermon, Philip Gordon Brown will sing.

Services will be held every day, as follows: Holy communion at 7:30 a. m., morning prayer and sermon at 10 o'clock, afternoon service and sermon at 2:30 o'clock, evening prayer and sermon at 7:45 o'clock.

These services will, of course, be open to all and the attendance of those not members of the church is particularly desired.

That's Your Business

KEEP DRINKING

Coffee

and sick half the time, or quit and have the

Supreme Fun

Of being well again.

Postum Food Coffee

Is a deep well of comfort in time of need.

"There's a Reason."

Get the little book, "The Road to Wellville" in each package.

THE EVENING STORY.

PIKE'S LUCK

By J. C. Plummer.

(Copyright, 1904, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Capt. Pike finished his beer. "So you're 'ard aground eh?" said Capt. Meecham, leaning against the bar.

"Yes, way up on the beach," replied Capt. Pike, with gloom.

"Suppose some 'un would hoffer you a berth of 15 pun a month and your passage paid back 'ome?" suggested Meecham, carelessly.

"For 15 pun I'd sail a ship to——"

"You are not hespecially fond o' the name of Pike, I suppose?" inquired Meecham interrupting.

"I hate the sound of it."

"Meecham is prettier. Ow would you like the name o' Meecham?"

"In the baptisin' business, now?" asked Pike, sourly.

"Hi've signed to take a bloomin' steamboat from Bristol to Trieste," said Meecham, "and deliver her to some dagos who 'ave bought 'er. Now, a better job is hoffered me and I can't 'ave both. Hif you're willin' to paint out Pike and put Meecham on your bows here's a job o' 15 pun a month and passage back 'ome."

It looked queer enough. But Pike had been out of a berth for a whole six months, and in his mind's eye he beheld the Pike family without a roof and the little Pikes crying for bread. For five years he had been a magnet for the needle of bad luck. Turn as he would, that baleful instrument revolved on its pivot in his direction, and, what with collisions, strandings, long passages and various damages, he had become a horror to ship owners and could not get a berth, even as mate, for his life. And yet the board had never removed his certificate, for they found no neglect on his part; simply bad luck.

"I'd call myself Judas Iscariot for 15 pun," said Pike. "Man, it's a berth or the workhouse for me."

"It's a go, then," said Meecham. "You report to Bristol as 'Arry Meecham and take the steamboat Cicero to Trieste. Mind, 'Enery Pike, you are Meecham in Bristol, and Pike, he stays with his hinterestin' family in Whitby. Nobody knows either of us in Bristol, and the thing is as plain as walkin' the bridge. Gord, Pike, hif you kept your name you'd sink the Cicero afore she'd got hout o' Bristol channel."

"Wot becomes o' you?" asked Pike. "Do you turn into Pike?"

"Never mind me," retorted Meecham. "Maybe I am goin' on a hexploring trip to the Hareetic regions. You take the Cicero and be thankful."

Pike, under the name of Meecham, did not sail from Bristol until ten days had elapsed, for the machinery of that world-weary old craft called the Cicero needed a lot of tinkering, but when he finally cast off his lines and found himself afloat, with Bundy island on his starboard beam, he felt exhilarated. Maybe his luck had changed. He might find something good down Trieste ways, who knows? The thump of the propeller was very music to his ears.

Then the weather changed, a long ugly sea tumbled up from the sou'west, and the Cicero, sorely tossed thereby, groaned, wheezed and rattled, until one might think she meditated shaking out her rivets and taking a well-earned rest on the bottom of the Atlantic. A fog came down with the night and things were about as clear to the forward lookout as if he was peering through a glass of tar.

Pike hated fogs. They had done him a lot of damage in his time.

"It's a bloody smudge, but there's plenty of sea room," he remarked to his chief officer, uneasily.

There came a wild-high-pitched shriek from the man at the bow, something darker than the dusky bank ahead loomed up, and there was a jar, then an awful grinding and ripping as if the plates, one by one, were being torn off the Cicero.

Baleful experience made the sound familiar to Pike, and at its first beginning he had telegraphed "reverse speed" to the engine room, then he plunged forward.

The two ships clung together like two dogs with teeth agrip, for several minutes, then they swung apart, one diving under the waves and the Cicero, wounded but floating, drifting off to leeward.

Several men from the sunken steamer had leaped onto the Cicero when the crash came, but Pike hadn't noticed them, being busy investigating his own condition. Miraculous as it seemed, the Cicero must have run into a boat older and more worthless than herself, for, while her bow was badly bent, and some forward plates stove above the water line, she was making no water. Ordering her headed for Queenstown, Capt. Pike went into his cabin.

"'Harry Meecham!" he gasped, as he confronted that gentleman.

"Pike's luck!" growled Meecham. "Hi might a' knowed that nobody but 'Enery Pike would bust into me and spoil my job."

"What ship was it?" asked Pike.

"Norwegian steamer Fortuna, Harwich to Sligo, commanded by Capt. Pike," replied Meecham, grimming.

"Any lives lost?" asked Pike.

"No; heverybody jumped on your boat. There were only seven of us."

"Her captain's name was Pike, I believe you said," remarked Pike, musingly.

"Let's go into your stateroom, Pike," said Meecham, looking around at the men in the cabin. "Hi'll clear hup matters."

Pike led him into his stateroom, closing the door.

"You see," began Meecham, coolly, seating himself on a locker, "some gentlemen got tired o' owning the steamboat Fortuna. They was lookin' for an hunlucky captain who 'ud be likely to lose her, seein' she was well insured. Hi took the job and was goin' to put her nice and easy on the Hirish coast, where there'd be no inquiry, and 'ere you comes and busts into me, and the whole thing must go before the board."

"Those Harwich gentlemen was a lookin' for a unlucky captain by the name o' Pike, wasn't they?" murmured Capt. Pike. "What did they offer the unlucky captain?"

"Two 'undred pun," replied Meecham, uneasily. "Now, don't cut up nasty, Pike; I saved you from the work'us."

"You kindly gave me Meecham's job of 15 pun, and takes Pike's job of 200. Now, it's curious, but that's exactly what I charges for the use o' my name. There's no name like it for bad luck, and it comes high."

"What do you mean?" blustered Meecham.

"I mean you will take the Cicero on to Trieste and I will report the Fortuna's loss to the owners."

"Hand the 200 pun?" exclaimed Meecham, turning pale.

"Oh, Capt. Pike gets that. He lost the steamboat."

"I'll see you in 'ell first," snapped Meecham, rising to his feet.

"You'll see yourself and the Fortuna people in prison if you make any fuss," rejoined Pike. "My name stinks enough now of bad luck without risking my certificate by losing ships for insurance money. It's 15 pun and a voyage to Trieste for you, or it's a five year serve in prison. Take your choice."

The Cicero sailed, when repaired, for Trieste, with a crestfallen man named Meecham on her bridge. Capt. Pike, armed with the necessary papers, was journeying to Harwich to report the loss of the Fortuna to her owners, and, incidentally, to collect the 200 pounds.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

OFFICIALS RESIGN.

Municipal Muddle at Helena Reaches an Acute Stage.

Helena, Mont., May 5.—The heads of the police, fire and street departments have tendered their resignations to Mayor Purcell, and their successors, W. H. McCann, Frank O'Connell and Frank Andrews, respectively, have been placed in charge, despite the fact that the Republican city council refused to confirm their nominations. Republican councilmen assert they will not do so until the mayor recognizes their right to make their own committee assignments. The Republicans have a majority of four in the council, and in consequence the mayor will probably be compelled to send in for confirmation at each council meeting the names of his appointees. City Attorney Horsky has not as yet relinquished his office to Mayor Purcell's appointee.

STRAIN TOO GREAT.

Hundreds of Duluth People Find It So.

The hustle and worry of business men,
The hard work and stooping of workmen,
The woman's household cares,
Are too great a strain on the kidneys.
Backache, headache, sideache,
Kidney troubles, urinary troubles follow.

A Duluth citizen tells you how to cure them all.

Mr. A. Ebmer, of 331 Fifth street east, says: "A heavy, dull, persistent aching pain through my loins was most distressing, for I could not rest well, and no position seemed comfortable. I tried a great many different times to get relief, but no medicine I could find gave me any material benefit. I was advised to try Doan's Kidney Pills, procured a box and used it. I obtained relief right away, and since then I have never had them fail to relieve me promptly whenever I had a slight recurrence, say, from catching cold or straining myself."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents.

Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

SUIT BY BANK ON A DRAFT

By Insurance Company on Which Payment Was Stopped.

Crookston, Minn., May 5.—The Scandia-American bank of this city has started suit to recover on a draft of $1600 issued by the Commercial Mutual and on which payment was stopped. The draft was purchased by the bank from one A. Maha, who formerly conducted a store at Pisek, N. D. A fire started in Maha's store some time in January and burned up the greater portion of the town. Maha carried $2000 each in the Merchants' Mutual and the North Dakota of Valley City, $1600 each in the Implement Dealers' association and Commercial Mutual. Apparently the loss was a total one and an adjustment was made for the full amount. The Commercial Mutual and the Merchants' Mutual settled their losses with 60-day drafts.

Maha moved to Iowa and shortly after his departure the companies were advised that there was something peculiar about the origin of the fires and the part that Maha played in them. A detective was assigned to the case and he found that shortly before the fire Maha had shipped several trunks filled with different kinds of merchandise to Iowa, and immediately after the fire he had shipped others. The detectives worked several weeks on the case and the result was that the Commercial Mutual notified the up-country bank that they had stopped payment on the draft. Maha was advised and he promptly paid up the amount that he raised on the draft and took it up.

The Commercial Mutual contends the Scandia-American is not an innocent purchaser in the eyes of the law, and will claim that they have sufficient proof to show that Maha was making an effort to defraud the insurance companies carrying risks on his Pisek property. The insurance company will not give up without a fight and the trial may bring out some interesting facts in regard to the fire.

SET FIRE TO HIDE ROBBERY.

Lancaster, Pa., May 5.—A big tobacco warehouse, occupied by B. M. Mowery & Co., and W. R. Cooper, dealers in leaf tobacco, was badly damaged by fire today and its contents weer practically ruined by the smoke. An examination of the place disclosed the fact that a quantity of Sumatra tobacco had been stolen and it is believed the place was set on fire to hide the robbery.

HUSBAND ON TRAIL

Of Man Who Ran Away with Wife.

Helena, Mont., May 5.—A warrant has been sworn out at Miles City by Mrs. Fred Caton for the arrest of her husband, who is alleged to have eloped with Mrs. Simms, wife of a resident of Jordan. Caton is 35 years old and the father of six children. Caton left Thursday night, having a ticket for Forsyth. Mrs. Simms lived in Blackfoot with her husband. She also left here Thursday for Billings. Both parties have been traced through conductors to the latter place. Simms, accompanied by his little girl, in search of his runaway wife, reached Billings last night. Simms was armed with a huge revolver, and had he found Caton trouble would have surely ensued. Chief Morse, whose service he enlisted, compelled Simms to leave his gun at headquarters, and the tow made a search of the town, but were unable to find a clue to the elopers.

DETERMINED EFFORT

To Make the Next Congress Democratic.

Washington, May 5.—Movements about the Democratic congressional headquarters here indicate that the minority intends to make a determined effort to secure control of the next house of representatives. A gain of fifteen seats would put the Democrats in control.

The contest will be concentrated in about forty of the closest districts, for, of course, the Democrats will lose on a presidential vote some of the districts they now hold, and they must overturn many more than fifteen.

New York will be looked to for an increase in the number of Democratic representatives, as her delegation is composed of twenty Republicans and seventeen Democrats.

The Democrats also hope to gain several members in Illinois, which now sends seventeen Republicans and eight Democrats. In Indiana they hope to gain two or three seats.

Chairman Cowherd has already put the congressional committee to work. The Democratic speeches delivered in congress during the closing days are going out rapidly as campaign documents. Babcock and Overstreet of the Republican committee recognize this fact and are preparing to act accordingly.

SENATOR CLARK TO WED.

Will Return From Europe With Young Bride.

Washington, May 5.—The secret of Senator Clark's European trip, his Washington friends say, is that when he returns he will bring a bride, Miss Anna La Chappelle, daughter of a prominent physician in Butte, Mont., now dead. Senator Clark was left guardian for Dr. La Chappelle's children, and his interest in Miss Anna dates from her early girlhood. She has spent the last eight years in Paris studying the harp and vocal music, and is a musician of rare skill. Senator Clark's failing health is given as the reason for his hasty and quiet marriage, although his friends assert that he has been engaged to his ward for three or four years.

His children are opposed to his remarriage and there has been trouble between the younger members of the Clark family and the La Chappelles, dating for years back. Miss La Chappelle is described as an exceedingly handsome young woman, about 25 years of age. Her mother lives in Minneapolis with her married daughter.

SECRETARY HITCHCOCK

Asks Bids for Timber at Cass Lake.

Washington, May 5. — Secretary Hitchcock has directed the reoffering of timber on lands in the Minnesota forest reserve which were put up for sale Dec. 2 last, but withdrawn because the prices offered were not satisfactory.

The land from which the timber is to be sold embraces 16,852 acres, on which there is estimated to be 5,047,000 feet of white pine and 7,920,000 feet of Norway pine.

Bids for this timber will be opened at the Cass Lake land office, Nov. 17.

Only 95 per cent of the timber will be cut under the supervision of the forestry officers of the department of agriculture, as provided in the Morris act. Rules and regulations governing the cutting will be promulgated later.

RURAL DELIVERY.

Washington, May 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Rural free delivery service will be established on June 1 at Rice, Benton county, Minn., with one carrier.

Tonight

Just before retiring, if your liver is sluggish, out of tune and you feel dull, bilious, constipated, take a dose of

Hood's Pills

And you'll be all right in the morning.

BLOOD POISON

"I cure Blood Poison by my Original Perfected System of Anti-Toxine Treatment, thus avoiding the horrible effects of Poisonous Drugs."

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

THESE ARE YOUR SYMPTOMS:

On account of its frightful hideousness, Syphilitic Blood Poison is commonly called the king of venereal diseases. It may be hereditary or contracted. Once the system is tainted with it, the disease may manifest itself in the form of scrofula, eczema, rheumatic pains, stiff or swollen joints, eruptions or copper-colored spots on face or body, little ulcers in the mouth or on the tongue, sore throat, swollen tonsils, falling out of the hair or eyebrows, and finally a leprous like decay of the flesh and bones.

OUR ELECTRO-MEDICAL TREATMENT

improves the patient from the beginning. Our special treatment for Blood Poison is practically the result of my life work, and is endorsed by the best physicians of America and Europe. It contains no dangerous drugs or injurious medicines of any kind. It goes to the very bottom of the disease and forces out every particle of impurity. Soon every sign and symptom disappears completely and forever. The blood, the tissue, the flesh, the bones, and the whole system are cleansed, purified and restored to perfect health, and the patient prepared anew for the duties and pleasures of life.

We do not treat all diseases, but we cure all we treat; we treat men only and cure them to stay cured. We cure to stay cured Varicocele, Stricture, Lost Manhood, Atrophied or Shrunken Organs, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Nervo Sexual Debility, Rupture, Kidney, Urinary Diseases, and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men. We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a ***LEGAL CONTRACT*** to hold for our promises. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes of men, and to which countless tongues gladly testify? If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

PROGRESSIVE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 1 W. Superior St. Cor. Lake Ave. Duluth, Minn.

References—Best and banks leading business men of the city. **Consultation Free and Confidential** Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

MYSTERY SOLVED

Iroquois Theater Child Was Daughter of Contractor W. E. Dee.

Picked Up By a Doctor Who Now Sues Her Father.

Chicago, May 5.—The Iroquois baby mystery has been solved.

The little one whose story has caused the entire city to marvel was the 16-months-old daughter of William E. Dee, millionaire contractor, living at 3133 Wabash avenue.

It was rescued from the fire by Dr. J. Charles Brydges, who has offices in the Masonic Temple, taken to his home and nursed. There the little one died after two days of pain, but not before its father had found it and claimed it for his own.

The story of the baby, its identity, and history, came out yesterday when Dr. Brydges filed suit for $2000 against the contractor, alleging that he had not been paid for the medical attentions he paid the child.

"Mr. Dee evidently didn't appreciate what I did in saving the one remaining member of his family," said the physician.

Dr. Brydges has made an exorbitant charge," the contractor told his lawyer.

"Nobody but those who worked with me over the child for forty-eight hours can understand the labor and care which was given the infant," said the physician. Then he went on to tell how he came to rescue the little one.

"I was in my office on the afternoon of Dec. 20 when a friend rushed in and called out that the theater was on fire. He said I was needed, and I ran out and went to Thompson's restaurant. I worked there until the last victim had been carried out of the playhouse.

"After five hours over the people who had been burned there, I was about to leave the restaurant when I saw something beneath one of the tables move. You remember that we used the tables in place of cots, and that when life went out of some of the unfortunates the bodies were lifted off and placed on the floor beneath the tables to give room for others.

"The nervous strain had been such that it was several seconds before I could convince myself that I was not the victim of an illusion. Then I looked again and saw a tiny hand, the wrist showing a bit of white edged with blue ribbon, extended from that dreadful pile of corpses.

"It was the work of only a minute to lift the bodies away and there I found this baby, still alive, but barely so. The things we had there were too crude to help this infant. So, without a moment's hesitation I wrapped it in my coat and ran out into the street.

"I boarded a car and rode to my home. I was exhausted and the perspiration was pouring from me, but I was in a chill and my condition was noted by a friend I met by chance.

"'What's the matter, doc?' he asked me. 'Then I told him that I had rescued a baby and was taking it home and hoped to save its life. I suppose somebody overheard what I said and that started the story of the lost Iroquois fire baby.

"Life barely was in the little one when I got home. I called one trained nurse and she 'phoned for another. The three of us remained beside the child for forty-eight hours. We used every method we knew to keep breath in the tiny body, giving oxygen and other stimulants, and finally the child opened her eyes and we knew we had wone our battle.

"It was not until several days after that we thought of looking for the parents. Then we saw in the newspaper reports that William E. Dee, who had lost his wife and three children in the fire, had not been able to find the body of his baby.

"That gave us a clew, for, tucked in the sleeve of the baby's dress, we had found a pocket handkerchief embroidered with a 'D.' I went to see Mr. Dee and brought him to my home. He recognized his child at once, and as he picked it up and kissed it he said it was all that he had left in life worth living for.

"Although I did what I did with humane intent and would do the same tomorrow if I knew the child was that of a street laborer, I felt that Mr. Dee, being financially able, should recompense me. I made repeated demands upon him, and each time he refused to pay me. Finally he answered me with the remark that I did not dare bring suit against him because it would ruin me to let the public know I demanded money for caring for a child found under such circumstances. This nettled me, and I filed my bill."

Isadore Plotke, counsel for Dr. Brydges, said that his client and Mr. Dee had heard the story about the "lost Iroquois theater baby" and had laughed when they saw the tale in print, but neither ever thought to tell anybody that Margaret Dee was the supposed missing child and that she was safe.

WOULD GO TO THE SENATE

La Follette Said to Have Decided Upon New Program.

Milwaukee, May 5.—The story was started here again yesterday that Governor La Follette would not be a candidate for re-nomination. It is asserted that if he controls the state convention Ira B. Bradford of Augusta will be nominated for governor and Governor LaFollette will become a candidate for the seat of United States Senator Quarles, whose successor will be elected next winter. The story is based on the action yesterday in the fourth senatorial district, where resolution indorsing Senator Quarles were turned down. This, it is asserted, means a fight on Senator Quarles. T. C. Froemming, who was nominated by the Republican convention yesterday for senator in the district said today that while he had not pledged himself to vote for Senator Quarles, it looked as though the senator would be the only candidate for the place, and therefore, he probably would vote for him. Mr. Froemming said the only pledge he had made was to vote for a railway rate commission. He said he was neither a "stalwart" nor a "half-breed," but just a Republican. Wherever the stalwarts have control in assembly or senatorial district conventions, unless they are absolutely sure of the nominee, he is pledged to support Senator Quarles.

Another rumor current here is that in case the governor has control of the state convention State Treasurer Kempf will be tossed overboard and William Keickhefer of this city be nominated for treasurer. This program may not be carried out, as the opposition will have so many delegates in the convention that they may, by combining with administration men who have ambitions and are not afraid of the governor, cause such changes in the slate as will astonish La Follette and his friends. It was with the help of the "stalwarts" two years ago that Mr. Kempf managed to secure the position on the ticket, for which another man had been slated by the governor.

TO STATE CONVENTION.

Charles J. Hector to Represent Duluth Maccabees.

The Maccabees of Duluth tent No. 1, at their meeting last evening, unanimously elected Charles J. Hector as their representative to the state convention to be held in Minneapolis June 16, and J. P. Peterson as alternate.

The convention committee has been busy the past month in making arrangements for the entertainment of the guests. The degree work will be exemplified by St. Paul and Minneapoolis degree teams on the evening before the convention in Minneapolis. A reception will also be given on the 15th to the supreme officers and delegates, and a joint entertainment will be held on the 16th with the auxiliary branch of the order, the L. O. T. M.

It is planned to have a large delegation go down from Duluth and West Duluth. The membership of Duluth tent No. 1 is 546, and the state has a membership of 10,000, with 144 subordinate lodges.

COUSINS RENOMINATED.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, May 5.—Congressman Robert G. Cousins was renominated by acclamation for a seventh term by the Fifth district Republicans today. The convention adopted "stand pat" resolutions. The Prohibitionists of the Fifth district have named as their candidate Rev. O. Nellitt, of Marshalltown.

125-127 W. 2nd St.

MRS. J. H. ROBINSON will open, on ***MAY FIRST,*** a spacious boarding and rooming house at 125 and 127 West Second street, where she will be able, in the meantime, to meet and arrange to give careful attention to a few more wishing first-class board and room or meals.

today and deposit your valuables and important papers in our Safe Deposit Vaults. Wrapped up in the word "tomorrow" lies the cause of many losses, therefore, do not delay in securing yourself protection.

NATIONAL SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY,
located in the Savings Department of the
First National Bank of Duluth.

SAGES WILL STAY.

Have No Thought of Leaving New York.

New York, May 5.—Mrs. Russell Sage declared yesterday that she is going to stick to New York. Although Mr. Sage believes he has been unjustly treated by the assessors, she says, he has no thought of moving away from the city, despite the threat made by his counsel.

The Sages will not even leave their town house for the summer.

"Mr. Sage and I always expect to make New York our home," said Mrs. Sage. "Mr. Sage is willing to do his part in paying taxes to support the city, but he feels he has not been treated fairly. The valuation on his personal property was raised in a single year from $600,000 to $2,000,000, when its value had not increased a dollar."

REFORMING CRIMINALS.

The following statement on the reformation of convicts was contributed to the New York Sun by ex-Convict No. 1500, founder and former editor of the Star of Hope, the paper got out by the prisoners at Sing Sing:

"Despite the prevailing sentiment abroad that the criminal cannot be reformed, facts with statistics from one agency that has done quiet and unostentatious work for the past eight years prove decidedly the contrary. I speak of the prison branch of the Volunteers of America.

"It was my misfortune to become an inmate of Sing Sing prison in February, 1897, and for six long years I plodded the weary round of the monotony of prison life. In May, 1896, a few months before my term began, there came to the institution Mrs. Maud Ballington Booth, for the purpose of inaugurating her work among the prisoners, and from that day, when twenty-six men volunteered to be enrolled under the white standard of the Volunteers' Prisoners' league, up to the present time, its membership has reached 24,000 men.

"That means that that vast number of the prisoners of this country, from the coast of Maine to the Golden Gate, resolved to lead better lives. What is the result? Seventy-five per cent of this number were permanently reformed, 20 per cent were doubtful and 5 per cent went back to their old life of crime.

"Since the first post organization of the league was started in Sing Sing, in sixteen other penal institutions the work has been successfully inaugurated. These Hope halls are places where released prisoners find a welcome and it may be truthfully stated that these places of refuge have done more to reform men than any other plan ever adopted.

"No one but the ex-prisoner knows how unfit he is for taking up the duties and active responsibilities of life the day he steps out into the free world, his nervous system shattered and general physical condition broken. Mrs. Booth says to every prisoner as she travels from prison to prison:

"'I want every man within the hearing of my voice to come to Hope Hall, where a home is waiting until employment can be found for you. I care not what your creed is or your race. You are all welcome.'

"The ringing message has been taken up and the invitation accepted, and during the eight years of work of this organization 3200 men have been aided to positions and are today living respectable lives.

"There could be no stronger endorsement presented of the great work Mrs. Booth is doing for the prisoners of this country than those of the prison officials who have given voluntarily their words of commendation. The warden of Sing Sing, Addison Johnson, says:

"'Mrs. Booth's work in the prison has supplied spiritual as well as practical help to the inmates. Thework of the Volunteers' Prisoners' league has produced excellent effect upon the general conduct of its members and upon their relations with their fellow prisoners. The home for discharged men, known as Hope Hall, has harbored many a man until he could find employment and who has thus been saved to an honorable and worthy life.'

"The warden of the United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth, R. W. McClaughry, says:

"'No more really trying day comes to a prisoner of honest purpose than the day of his release—when he steps out into the busy world and feels as lonely and desolate as a stranger feels in the heart of London. There is little that he can at first do but look up and hope. If he looks down he must soon despair.

"'It is then that he appreciates the aid and friendship of your league. For all that yourself and your fellow laborers have done in the way of work and self-sacrifice to aid these men I am sure that you are receiving today the gratitude of every prisoner and ex-prisoner who has ever known you.' Also of every prison officer whose burdens have been made more clear by your kindly counsel and helpful enthusiasm.'

"Warden Thomas Wilkinson of the state prison at Folsom, Cal., gives the following endorsement:

"'I am pleased to be afforded the opportunity of signifying my appreciation and endorsement of your noble work in behalf of prisoners. I refer particularly to the establishment of the Volunteers' Prisoners' league. The league is a source of comfort to its members and exerts a strong influence for good on the other prisoners as well.'

"These are only a few of the cordial endorsements of a great and humane work, a work that is reaching out daily to abnormal proportions. And it is clear that it is the only fruitful channel that brings results quite to the contrary of the prevailing sentiment that the criminal cannot be reformed. I have given facts and figures that should at once remove all doubts as to the error that is made in entertaining such an opinion, and with one result—the criminal, whether accidental or voluntary, can be reformed."

OBJECT TO LINE

Some Property Owners Remonstrating Against Building Line.

Cite Instances In Which It Might Prove an Injustice.

A petition is being circulated among the property owners on the south side of Superior street, between Sixteenth and Nineteenth avenues east, to have the building line easement proceedings for this district, discontinued.

The council requested the city engineer to look into the matter, and state what would be a suitable building line for East Superior street, between Sixteenth and Twenty-second avenues east. The majority of the property owners on the north side of the street aer said to be favorably inclined toward a building line, but there is considerable objection to a line for the south side of the street. There are a number of houses already built, which are placed within a few feet of the sidewalk, and the owners of vacant property claim it would be an injustice to force them to build back from the sidewalk and have their view completely shut off by the houses already built.

While the petition is being circulated only among the property owners between Sixteenth and Nineteenth, there is some talk of having it include all the property owners on the south side of the street, between Sixteenth and Twenty-third.

In the block between Seventeenth and Eighteenth avenues east the lots front on two streets. They are 180 feet deep, and the owners of them are for the most part planning to build on both ends. They claim that the easement line would work a hardship by shortening their lots, so that there would not be sufficient room for two houses on the lot.

The report of the engineer, which was filed with the city clerk today, may cause many of the objections to be removed, however. The engineer has proposed an easement of only eighteen feet on the lower side of the street and thirty-six feet on the upper side.

There are but few houses on the lower side which are less than eighteen feet from the sidewalk, and these do not project much outside the proposed easement line.

The easement line does not refer to porches, and these can be placed outside the line.

Whether the report of the engineer will have any effect in removing the objections to the building line remains to be seen. The petition has been signed by a number of the property owners, but when it is found that the line will not materially affect them, many of the objections may be withdrawn.

Condemnation proceedings have not yet been commenced, and the only action that has been taken by the council is to call for the report of the engineer.

CUPID MIXED HIS TARGETS

The May and December Marriages of the Johnsons.

Battle Creek, Mich., May 5.—If Cupid had arranged things in the "usual" way he would have wedded Mrs. W. J. Johnson, Sr., to W. J. Johnson, Jr., instead of making her mother-in-law to the younger man; and would have united Mrs. W. J. Johnson, Jr., to the elder Johnson. Then this peculiar table would have been different:

W. J. Johnson, Sr., 36; Mrs. W. J. Johnson, Sr., 23.

W. J. Johnson, Jr., 25; Mrs. W. J. Johnson, Jr., 52.

Mrs. Johnson, Jr., has a father-in-law of about her own age, and a mother-in-law young enough to be her daughter.

Mrs. Johnson, Sr., has a daughter-in-law who might well be her mother, and the junior Johnson has a mother-in-law younger than himself, while the elder Johnson has a daughter-in-law but four years younger than himself.

The son started it March 3, when he married Mrs. Caroline Sam, widow of J. W. Sam, of Houston, Texas, and very wealthy.

April 20 the elder Johnson reversed his son's precedent and married a woman very much younger than himself. She was Miss Estella Burroughs, of this city, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Burroughs, well-to-do farmers living near Olivet. Rev. F. H. Foster, of Olivet, performed the ceremony. It is said that the father of the bride is a few years younger than her husband. The two have left for Chester, Pa., Johnson's home.

MICHIGAN LAD

Killed In a Quarrel Near Holguin, Cuba.

Grand Rapids, Mich., May 5.—Thomas Benson, of this city, has received a letter from the authorities of Holguin, Cuba, stating that his son was killed in a fight in the outskirts of that city.

Benson was returning to his home, eight miles in the country, and becoming engaged in an altercation with two unknown men, was struck on the head and his skull fractured. Young Benson left Grand Rapids two years ago as a member of a Calhoun county party, seeking to acquire land near Holguin. He was successful, and expected to return home this month. Mr. Benson left Monday for Holguin to bring the body home. His boy was 24 years old and a member of the K. P.'s, Maccabees and Woodmen.

Dr. D.W. RIESLAND

CHIROPRACTIC PHYSICIAN,

Cures Epileptic Fits.

707-708 Palladio Building.

Call or Write for Booklet.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Summer sports

will cost you less than otherwise if you come to headquarters for all sporting goods at the Big Glass Block Store. We positively sell all these goods at the lowest prices in Duluth.

Fishermen!

Save half your tackle bills! You can do it by buying here.

FISH LINES SPECIAL — Here you are! Start right in on a big lot of enameled silk and oiled silk lines in green, brown, gray and yellow — light, medium and heavy, at less than half value—three lots:

19c worth up to 50c.

29c worth up to 75c.

39c worth up to $1.25.

RODS — Up to the finest Orvis rods or jointed steel rods, and down to the plainest rod for the smallest boy—It's all here. up to $35.00 and down to **10c**

REELS — Splendid sure-acting reels, that do the business and do it right. From the simplest up to the slickest quadruple action—from $12.50 to as low as..... **50c**

SNELLED HOOKS— all sizes—per doz, up from. **15c**

BOYS' LINES—complete with hook, sinker and wood reel —as low as..... **5c**

Spoons, spinners, flies, rubber baits, rod cases, minnow pails, bait boxes, tackle boxes, trout baskets, landing nets, mosquito guards, shade hats, lunch baskets— save you money on all these things.

Ball players

From the 5-year-old to the professional, this is your headquarters.

CLUB OUTFITS—Complete, including suits, caps, shoes, stockings, bats, balls, gloves, masks, pads and bases. Get our figures!

BOYS' OUTFITS—Special—complete baseball outfit for one boy—padded pants, shirt, belt cap, bat and ball—all for.. **98c**

Other outfits for boys at $1.98 and $2.75 complete.

GLOVES—Boys' gloves from 10c up. Professional players' gloves for infield, outfield and catchers.

MASKS—Beauties—the best ever sold in Duluth and for less money than the other kind. Some elegant snaps in masks. See them!

BALLS—See our "League Special" professional ball at..... **95c**

(It's the ball for this season. Don't let that get away from you.)

Other balls to as low as.....5c

BATS—all sizes, light and heavy, plain and pointed—It's up to you to "save the money."

The golfer.

We are exclusive agents for Patrick Bros.' entire line of Golf clubs and specialties. These are the finest goods made. They are made in America by Scotchmen who are players of the game of golf, know all its fine points and know what the golf player wants.

Every Patrick club is tested and balanced by hand before it is offered for sale.

We are also sole agents for Slazenger's celebrated golf clubs, which we sell at retail for lower prices than you will pay at the factory. For instance, a driver which would cost you $3.50 at the factory, we will sell you for..... **$2.75**

CADDY BAGS, tees, golf gloves, ball cleaners and other accessories, all at a saving if you buy here.

Tennis goods.

RACQUETS, nets, balls, shoes—we outfit the tennis player and do it for less money than it can be done for elsewhere.

Racquets.....$1.19 to $7.50
Balls..... .....19c to 48c

2 hours 8 to 10 a.m. Friday.

15c wall paper, per roll 5c

Sidewalls and ceilings to match—beautiful colorings and patterns. A big collection of 1000 rolls of different styles of wall paper for all sorts of rooms. Regular prices 10c and 15c a roll—from 8 to 10 a. m. Friday only—5c a roll. Limit 25 rolls to a customer, and none sold to dealers.

$3.50 jap. silk waists $1.69

One small lot, about 80 waists, all beautiful soft Japanese silk, all black and all white, tucked back and front, plaited, hemstitched and lace trimmed, all sizes and worth up to $3.50 each. Waists worth up to $3.50. Will close them out, from 8 to 10 a. m. Friday—at $1.69 each. Limit 1 to a customer.

30c Ward's envelopes, pkg 9c

1000 packages Marcus Ward's celebrated envelopes—white only—linen, kid and plate finish—large and small, square and oblong. Regular prices of these are 15c, 20c, 25c and 30c a package. For two hours only—8 to 10 a. m. Friday, we give your pick from the entire lot at 9c a package, or three for 25c. Limit 6 packages to a customer. None sold to dealers.

Camphor moth balls, pound 5c

Camphor moth balls in bulk for packing away your furs and woolens. You pay 5c for two ounces in some stores. Other stores charge you 10c for ¼ lb. For two hours—8 to 10 a. m. Friday—we will sell you a full pound, 16 ounces, for 5c. Limit, 1 lb to a customer.

Soapoline cleans, a cake 2½c

In our big basement bazaar, from 8 to 10 o'clock Friday morning, we will sell Soapoline, which is just as good as Sapolio that sells for 10c a cake. We want to introduce Soapoline into every Duluth home, so for two hours we will sell this wonderful cleaner for 2½c a cake. Limit 6 cakes to a customer.

2 hours 2 to 4 p.m. Friday.

35c wall papers for only 10c

Another big wall paper bargain—higher-class papers—artistic, new, up-to-date in every sense of the word. Sidewalls and ceilings—wide borders to match. Only 500 rolls in this lot, and no more can be sold at this price—Friday, 2 to 4 p. m.—10c a roll. Limit 25 rolls to a customer, and none sold to dealers.

$1.75 muslin underw'r 89c

A grand and enticing bargain for the ladies—A table full of high-class undermuslins. Garments worth up to $1.75 each—skirts, drawers, gowns, chemise and corsets covers—beautiful lace and embroidery trimmed. Exquisite pieces in the lot. To close out all broken lines in the finer grades we put these all on one table and will close them out—2 to 4 p. m. Friday—at 89c each. Limit 3 pieces to a customer.

75c sheet music for only 5c

1000 pieces of high-class popular sheet music—vocal, instrumental, marches and dances. Many of the new and popular pieces of the day. We put these all on sale from 2 to 4 p. m. Friday, although the publishers' prices are up to 75c, for 5c each. Limit, 6 to a customer.

35c fancy hosiery only 15c

Ladies' fancy striped cotton hosiery that sells regularly at 25c and 35c a pair—fast colors and seamless. All sizes—from 2 to 4 p. m. Friday only—15c a pair. Limit 3 pairs to a customer.

39c china fruit bowls at 15c

About 100 Vienna china salad, fruit and berry bowls—clear white with beautiful floral designs, gold stippling and embossed fancy edges—regular prices up to 39c each. Friday, 2 to 4 p. m. only—15c each. Limit 2 to a customer.

ANCIENT TREASURE.

There are millions of pounds, said a retired dealer in antiques, hidden away in the house of the poor in the United Kingdom, and there is a small army of men constantly employed—and earning good incomes—in trying to get on the trail of these treasures, says London Tit Bits.

In a farm house, near Higham, there is a collection of furniture, Sheraton, Chippendale, and so on, which the richest millionaire could not tempt the owner to part with, although he is comparatively a poor man. There is a single piece of old oak furniture there worth at least £5000, and the whole collection could find a purchaser any day at from £30,000 to £100,000.

Then there is a wonderful collection of old china in a small cottage at Claydon, for which millionaires have competed in vain for years. One rich New York collector offered as much as £30,000 for it, but twice this sum would not induce the owner to part with it.

To mention only two other instances out of many, there is a farmer near Upton who owns a splendid oak bedstead in which Charles I. once slept. Collectors from every part of the world have tried their utmost to gain possession of this historic bedstead, but to no purpose, an offer of £20,000 having been once decisively refused for it; while the owner of some very valuable old silver the Elswick plate, has returned a blank check sent by one of the richest of American millionaires, and has refused a definite offer of £40,000 for it, although he is a man who works hard for an income of a few hundreds a year.

But there are hundreds more still in the hands of people who have no idea of their value, and who are an easy prey for the gentlemen who prowl about the land to spy them out. There are hundreds of them to be found in farmhouses and cottages, either discarded as useless or filling some very, very humble purpose. You can pick them up for a sovereign or two apiece and sell them in London for, roughly, about the same as much. In the cottages of peasants you may any day light on an old clock, a spinning wheel, an antique wardrobe or chairs, or a few pieces of china handed down from generation to generations, and, unkown to the owners, probably worth more than all the rest of the furniture, or even the cottage itself.

Occasionally one of these furniture spies will come across a perfect nest of these ancient treasures, and then makes a big haul. Perhaps in this connection one of my own experiences may be interesting. I was in Northwest Yorkshire doing a little fishing, and had made my headquarters at a small village inn. In my sitting room I was quick to notice an old chair inlaid with ivory, and I asked my landlord if he had any more furniture like it. "Oh, aye!" he said; "there's a lot of old rubbish in a loft ower t' stable. Would ye like to see it?" "I should be delighted," I answered, and off we went together.

When I entered the loft my breath was almost taken away by what I saw. There were Louis XV chairs—half a dozen of them—upholstered in Gobelins tapestry, a writing table and two cabinets of the same period, a Louis XVI clock with enameled dial, some valuable old china, bronzes and so on, all heaped together and smothered with dirt and dust. Well, I bought the lot for £50—I could have had them for £5 if I'd wanted—and did the best day's work I ever did in my life, for I made over £2000 out of them.

No, I never learned how they came there—they had been left by the former tenant, and that was all my landlord could tell me about them; but I should say they had originally come, somehow or other, from a neighboring dismantled old manor house.

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It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

FIRST STREET'S IMPORTANCE.

For retail business First street is soon destined to become of primary importance. The substantial growth and expansion of Duluth's business district is mainly in that direction. Already the street contains several buildings of the first class, such as the government building, the Board of Trade, the Wolvin, etc. Several substantial store buildings are already on the street and many more are in process of erection or soon will be.

It is an interesting phase of this growth that it is spreading in such a way as to indicate that it will have a tendency to hold Duluth's business center in the place laid out by nature—in the vicinity most convenient to the docks, the depots and the railroad yards. The business district will neither spread east nor west to any great extent until all available space in the vicinity of this natural center is utilized. For this reason First street property running from Third avenue east to Seventh avenue west in bound to come into stronger demand as time passes and a result of this demand must be a large advance in the value of the property. There is no point in the city today which offers better returns for capital invested than this section of First street.

A few years more and this section of the street will be lined on either side by splendid retail store buildings, and it will become the fashionable shopping thoroughfare of Duluth. In the meantime the city authorities can do much to advance the interests of the street by driving away from it that element which has lent certain portions an unpleasant notoriety for several years past.

FRIENDSHIP IN INTERNATIONAL TRADE.

The fact that Russia's imports from the United States are steadily decreasing is made the subject of some caustic comment by certain newspapers that do not take much stock in the bear's constant protestations of friendship. Those papers imagine, of course, that international trade is a natural result of international friendship, but that they are mistaken in their conclusion does not alter the fact that Unied States custom house figures for 1902 show exports to Russia of but $14,314,000; while the Russian custom house figures show imports from the United States of $20,162,000. The figures disclose that the volume of our trade with Russia has been steadily declining since 1896. In that year the imports of American goods recorded at Russian custom houses aggregated $33,952,000; they have declined to $25,780,000 in 1898; fell still further to $22,543,000 in 1899; and were down to the figures given above in 1902.

If Russia is gradually ceasing to buy from the United States it is simply an evidence that she is able to make her purchases cheaper at home or elsewhere. Whether her government is friendly to ours or not does not make a particle of difference as long as her ports are open to the trade of the world without discrimination. Her merchants and importers will buy where they can buy at the smallest price.

But in international trade tariffs are often a great hindrance and it is barely possible that if our trade with Russia is decreasing, it is our own fault. Our importations from Russia have increased but that is probably because Russia is constantly extending her borders.

Our protective tariffs may be a good thing, but they do not encourage other nations to trade with us. Only low prices will do that.

NO USE IN REPINING.

That all is not fair sailing for Eastern railroads is shown by an address recently delivered by President Charles S. Mellen, president of the New Haven railroad, formerly president of the Northern Pacific, and a man well known and highly esteemed throughout the Northwest. There were mutterings of dissatisfaction from the employes of his road on account of the increased cost of living and less work, hence lower earnings, and, being a broad-gauged man, he called them together and reasoned with them.

While deprecating the extent to which labor unions sometimes go in the way of using force and other means of oppression, President Mellen recognized the necessity of labor organizations under present industrial conditions, and advised his employes to join the railroad orders.

Referring to the cause of discontent and the reason for his address, Mr. Mellen said: "If our employes could only know the struggle it has been the past few months to keep so many of them at work at all, they would feel our officials have had their interests in mind much more than they are willing to admit. No man is more worried over the tendency of modern business development than myself. I regret the passing of the small proprietor, the banker, the merchant, the small manufacturer, the man who worked in his shop with his own hands and whose employes were as welcome at his own table as the best in the world. I believe the progress of our country, its prominence in the world's affairs, has been largely due to him. It is with apprehension I see him disappear and become a part of the modern industrial machinery, but shall I struggle against the inevitable, or adjust myself to the new conditions and, perhaps, help shape and influence them for the better?"

Recognizing the moral worth to the community of the business man of small means, Mr. Mellen, as well as the remainder of mankind, is forced to see him pushed aside for the new industrial system which makes fewer employers and many more employes. It is but natural that the man who sees the opportunities for business advancement being curtailed by combinations and trusts becomes dissatisfied. But his dissatisfaction is useless. There will never be a return to former conditions. Why not, like President Mellen, recognize the facts, adjust oneself to the new conditions and, instead of railing at the trusts, pick out a good one and get into it? The difficulty now experienced in picking out a good one that will deal honestly with the investor will be lessened when the government makes and enforces laws that will compel these creatures of the state to deal honestly and justly by the public. Either this must be done and done soon or the people will take all monopolies into their own hands.

WHY GUNS EXPLODE.

An investigation into the cause of the explosion of the battleship Iowa's 8-inch guns reveals the fact that the forgings of these guns contained defects and sand cracks and that the inspectors objected to them. The manufacturers, however, secured rehearings and resurveys, until finally the defective forgings were accepted. The strain by the increase of muzzle velocity was enlarged about to per cent over what the guns were planned for and this, of course, increased the hazard. But the underlying cause was the greed and dishonesty of the manufacturers.

It is not difficult to see that these forgings were finally accepted through intrigue with government officials and no doubt somebody besides the manufacturers made financial profit by the transaction. It was not so long ago that the armor plate furnished for some of our battleships was found to be defective, and this was also accepted by the government after these defects were known. This is worse than the vice of throwing away the people's money. It is murderous criminality.

Yet the American people are expected to go on from year to year squandering their money on worthless junk for the purpose of adding to the ill-gotten gains of a few advocates of "world power, duty and destiny."

Considering the facts revealed by this report it is plain to be seen why the demand for more battleships is insistent and will continue so to be as long as the taxpayers will stand for it. If justice were done, the men who manufactured that defective forging and the officials who accepted it would be given an opportunity to dangle at the end of a rope.

THE FIELD SURVEY.

The May-day edition of the Standard, of Anaconda, Mont., was issued under the auspices of the Butte Woman's club. It is a splendid number and the ladies did themselves great honor. The editorials are particularly interesting, as voicing the sentiments of women on the leading topics of the day. Mrs. Clinton H. Moore makes a plea in behalf of juvenile courts and the probation system and notes the beneficent effects wherever the plan has been tried. She arrives at the usual conclusion that "the success of the system depends largely on the wisdom of the judge and the quality and character of the probation officers." The Mormon question is handled by Mrs. W. J. Christie, who deprecates the admission of Mormon women into club membership, but she also finds that Mrs. Mary G. Coulter, of Ogden, Utah, a member of the legislature and a prominent club woman, voted for Reed Smoot for senator, showing that he has feminine admirers outside his own church and family, while "Mrs. Rebecca Douglas Lowe, former president of the general federation, quietly marries in her beautiful apartments at a fashionable hotel in Atlanta, Ga., George B. Gunton, of Gunton's Magazine, Washington, D. C., Mr. Gunton having but recently been released from a former marriage by the convenient laws of Dakota." Mrs. William E. Currah makes a strong argument in behalf of public playgrounds for children, something that is lacking in many sections of Duluth. The editorial paragraphs are done by "Mrs. Grundy," and that the Montana woman takes a lively interest in Democratic presidential possibilities may be seen by a perusal of the following paragraphs from "Mrs. Grundy's" pen:

> I used to be a good Bryan girl, but if anybody thinks I am pining away for love of Bryan now his think-tank needs flushing.
>
> If you want to know what I think of Grover Cleveland, I shall have to send for Mary MacLane and all her profanity to assist me in voicing my sentiments.
>
> I have been toiling and moiling for a quarter of an hour trying to write a scintillating bon mot about Judge Parker, but I can't think of anything to say. Neither can Judge Parker.
>
> As for William R. Hearst, I declare whenever that man crosses my thoughts I feel like screaming "scat."

* * *

The world will not be entirely civilized until there is but one code of honor for both nations and individuals, and that based upon the golden rule.

* * *

A Democratic party has been organized in the Philippines and will send delegates to the National convention at St. Louis. While these Filipinos cannot participate in our government or their own they can tell us how they would run things if they were permitted to vote. And that helps some. The American people may learn in time that the Filipinos know better what they want than we do.

* * *

Now that the Japs have succeeded in crossing the Yalu it may be stated without running any risk that they are still on the other side of the river.

* * *

Chicago has started a school for the education of policemen. This will somewhat jar the generally accepted notion that, like editors, they know everything already.

* * *

This is the way the Philological society of London and the American Philological association would mutilate the spelling of our language:

single	singl	league	leag
eaten	eatn	battle	batl
leather	lether	written	writn
above	abuv	enough	enuf
tongue	tung	laughter	lafter
trouble	trubl	abuse	abuze
rough	ruf	catch	cach
guess	gess	pitch	pich

A glance at these mutilations at once puts one in mind of a woman who had lost an arm or a man who had his nose bitten off. If that is called spelling reform, it will be of mighty slow growth.

* * *

When Indians complain that they are robbed by the government they at least have company.

* * *

As prophesied by The Herald, it is improbable that Joseph Folk will have smooth sailing in purifying Missouri politics, even if he is nominated and elected. The Kansas City Journal calls attention to the fact that the boodlers and the machine, after the manner of St. Paul, are troubled on every side, yet not distressed; perplexed, but not in despair; cast down, but not destroyed. Having practically lost the governorship, they have turned their attention to other parts of the field and are striving with might and main to name the rest of the candidates on the Democratic state ticket and to get men nominated for the legislature whom they can control. And, according to the Journal, the present indications are that they will succeed in their endeavor.

* * *

"Business interests in America always feel easier when congress adjourns," says the morning paper. What!--a Republican congress?

HOTEL GOSSIP

"Did you ever borrow any money without collateral?" asked a traveling man from Chicago in the Spalding the other day.

"It's a pretty hard thing to do when you can do it at all, but it has been done. I know, for I managed to accomplish it once upon a time. And you know the old adage, 'What man has done may by man be done again.' I remember that saying particularly well, because I learned it in a shorthand book before I got a job in our office as stenographer.

"Well, our firm was in need of a little money, and in need of it very badly, and I was commissioned to get it, it being part of my job.

"Do they send their traveling men to borrow money in your business?"

"Not much they don't. This was not the firm I'm with now, but when I was living down East and secretary of a foundry and forge company not so very, very far from Cleveland. Times had not been just as good with us as they might have, and not only were the times against us so far as the disposition of product was concerned, but when we would sell anybody stuff it was on time, and those whose bills were due did not come to the scratch worth a cent.

"So it was a case of borrow. Ten thousand dollars was settled on as the amount to go after, and I went after it. I went to a bank with which we had done some business, and which bank had on different occasions discounted our paper for various purposes, but always on security of some kind, and we could have secured the bank this time with our plant, but we did not think it necessary.

"I went into the cashiers' office and told him I wanted $10,000 for thirty days on our note, discounted. He laughed at us, or at me, rather. But I had an accumulation of nerve with me that was not to be bluffed out by any such treatment as that. Laughter was cheap, and I thought he might have all of it he wanted if I could only get the boodle.

"Well, I talked to that fellow for an hour and got the money. I don't remember all I said to him, and don't believe he does either, but it may be that he chose the easier method of getting rid of me, for I was full of oratory that morning. When you see the liability of your business going to smash you can talk a little more lively than you can under some other conditions, and taht was the way of it with me. Yes, sir, we got that money without a scrap of security other than our written promise, and we made good that promise. But such concerns as those which lend such amounts on no security are bound to suffer in time, and this one did. It was suspended and reorganized last fall, and went into the hands of a receiver this spring.

"I guess the moral of the story is that you should borrow all the money you can without collateral, and then quit doing business with the bank that permits it. Of course I mean that you should pay your own debts to the bank first."

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Arnold, of Hibbing, are registered at the St. Louis.

* * *

Thomas Bardon, a well known lumberman, of Ashland, and S. J. Cusson, of the Hines Lumber company, at the same point, are guests of the Spalding.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Moore and children, of Deer River, are McKay arrivals.

* * *

Miss Grace Johnson, of Red Wing, was registered last night at the Spalding.

* * *

D. C. Behrens, of Wright, who is at the McKay, was in the sewing machine business in this city until about four years ago. He is now farming and keeping a general store at Wright, and has been very prosperous in his new field.

* * *

F. C. Erkel and W. W. Woodbeech, of Minneapolis, are at the McKay waiting for navigation to open. They are interested in some land along the north shore of Lake Superior and are going up to arrange for developing it.

* * *

"While I have not been to the St. Louis fair since it opened I think it is a safe bet that it is far from complete," says Allen Maxwell, a Buffalo commercial traveler, who was at the McKay yesterday.

"I was there a short time ago and what I saw indicated that it was not much use for anyone to go before the first of June if they expected to see the fair complete and in proper shape. But of course it's worth going to see now or at any time, for it's undoubtedly the largest show of the kind ever attempted, at least in this country and the Chicago fair could be stuck in about half the space that the Mound City enterprise is covering. The buildings will no doubt be in every way as beautiful as those were at Chicago, when they are all actually finished and relieved of the marring effect of all the exhibits being moved about. Anybody who stays away because they think they are not going to see something great and stupendous, either now or later, is going to miss a grand opportunity. I don't believe any exposition was ever brought to absolute readiness on the advertised day, for they are gigantic undertakings and cannot well be established on a schedule of time. They have postponed this fair already one year to get it in proper shape, so one can make a guess at its importance from this fact."

* * *

Slang terms for conversation are of all sorts and are found in many different places. A good many of them are contractions that serve to give the meaning of a whole phrase and one of these lately discovered by a stranger in Duluth is worth telling about.

Bill posters have long brushes that are very handy for them when they want to reach the upper geography of a ten or twelve-foot billboard and very unhandy for the pedestrian when they don't, or at least when they are working from a sidewalk and trying to get the poster smooted out along the lower part of the board.

The other day a bill poster was putting up some theatrical notices on a sign board while his helper was unrolling some of the pictures and making ready to take up a second brush. A man was approaching with a baby carriage and the man with the brush was taking long sweeps with it, up and down the board and paying no attention to the right nor to the left, raking the air over the sidewalk at every stroke.

The helper saw the baby carriage coming along with the man pushing, and said in a very audible tone:

"Bridge."

The brush went up against the beard and stayed there while the man who had been wielding it looked around to see whose road he was getting it out of the way of. After the baby carriage passed he started to work again.

This saying is much like the one in use on canals when the canal boats are about to pass under bridges. In these cases the pilots yell "Low bridge" or "Bridge," so that everybody will be reminded to stoop down in time to avoid being knocked down.

On railroads to warn brakemen on freight trains of bridges being approached are placed sets of hanging ropes attached to frames built over the tracks. These are placed at a sufficient distance from the bridge to give the brakeman that they hit time to stoop before the bridge is reached. They act surely, night or day, and save many a broken bone.

* * *

At the Spalding: C. H. Pettit, C. L. Easton, Minneapolis; Martin Abel, Chicago; R. D. O'Brien, W. J. Allen, J. J. Ellis, Thos. Marshall, St. Paul; E. S. Wheeler, A. B. Feigh, Chicago; C. J. Tyler, Boston; J. W. Robinson, Baltimore; S. K. Fitch, Ashland; L. B. Larson, Grand Rapids; O. G. Singer, Indianapolis; E. O. White, Astoria, Ore.

* * *

At the St. Louis: B. S. Spaulding, T. Grogan, L. D. Skell, W. D. Simpson, J. W. Gilboy, J. L. Schneider, St. Paul; E. R. Clark, Eveleth; Mrs. C. D. Rutherford, Floodwood; C. F. Moulton, Oliver Forney, Ashland; Charles H. Robinson, F. D. Cooke, D. F. Fay, Jr., F. M. McCord and wife, H. E. Crossette, O. F. Wissler, Chas. Brown, Minneapolis; C. R. Horsfall, Fostoria, O.; A. J. Norcrosss, St. Louis; E. J. Love, Eveleth; A. J. Thomas, Ely; W. H. Nelson, Decorah, Ia.; Eugene O'Neal, Stillwater; P. Lovell, Marquette; R. Tridewick, Marshfield, Wis.; G. E. Miller, Marshalltown, Ia.; H. C. Haley, Bayfield, Wis.; A. B. Coates, Virginia.

* * *

At the McKay: J. H. Smith, J. D. Altman, John H. Hull, St. Paul; Mrs. Cash, the Misses Busha, Cloquet; Ed. J. Felix, Chicago; E. V. Dodge, Milwaukee; M. J. Corcoran, Stillwater; C. H. Ainey, Knife River; F. J. Wilson, John Deno, Joseph Forsyth, Bemidji, J. B. Holt, Dean Holt and wife, Scanlon; J. J. Fleming, Lewiston, Mont., Alex. McNell, Dayton; H. A. Barnes, Birch Ranch; C. B. Conlin, Port Arthur; O. W. Holmes, E. J. Stenerwald, Two Harbors; K. L. Davidson, Excelsior; C. W. Dawson, J. J. Croke, Two Harbors.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (central time), May 5.—The barometer remains low over the eastern slopes of the Rockies, the center of the disturbance being north of the Dakotas. Pressures continue high in northeastern states and north Pacific districts. Rains fell over the middle Mississippi and Missouri valleys and eastern slopes, heavy at Memphis. It is cooler in the far Northwest. East of the Rocky Mountains temperatures continue mild.

The following are the maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	82	Medicine Hat	58
Bismarck	76	Memphis	82
Boston	80	Miles City	68
Buffalo	70	Milwaukee	58
Calgary	62	Minnedosa	72
Charleston	72	Modena	68
Chicago	66	Montgomery	90
Cincinnati	72	Moorhead	76
Davenport	76	New Orleans	80
Denver	60	New York	68
Detroit	70	North Platte	64
Dodge City	70	Oklahoma	74
Duluth	74	Omaha	68
Edmonton	56	Pittsburg	74
El Paso	78	Port Arthur	64
Escanaba	62	Portland	54
Galveston	74	Qu'Appelle	64
Green Bay	78	Rapid City	62
Havre	60	San Francisco	62
Helena	58	Santa Fe	68
Houghton	76	Shreveport	82
Huron	74	Spokane	54
Jacksonville	68	St. Louis	76
Kamloops	54	St. Paul	80
Kansas City	74	Sault Ste Marie	76
Knoxville	68	Swift Current	68
La Crosse	80	Washington	70
Lander	60	Williston	70
Los Angeles	70	Winnemucca	66
Marquette	80	Winnipeg	80

Forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Friday: Duluth Superior and vicinity—Partly cloudy tonight and Friday with showers. Slightly cooler. Fresh to brisk easterly to southerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, May 5.—Forecast till 7 p. m., Friday: Wisconsin—Showers and thunder-storms tonight and Friday. Warmer in southeast portion tonight.

Minnesota—Showers tonight and possibly Friday. Cooler in south and west portions Friday.

The Dakotas—Showers tonight followed by fair Friday.

PLANT A TREE.

He who plants a tree
Plants a hope.
Rootlets up through fibers blindly grope
Leaves unfold into horizons free.
So man's life must climb
From the clouds of time
Unto heavens sublime.
Canst thou prophesy, thou little tree,
What the glory of thy boughs shall be?

He who plants a tree
Plants a joy;
Plants a comfort that will never cloy,
Every day a fresh reality;
Beautiful and strong,
To whose shelter throng
Creatures blithe with song.
If thou couldst but know, thou happy tree,
Of the bliss that shall inhabit thee!

He who plants a tree
He plants peace.
Under its green curtain jargons cease.
Leaf and zephyr murmur soothingly;
Shadows soft with sleep,
Down tired eyelids creep,
Balm of slumber deep.
Never hast thou dreamed, thou blessed tree,
Of the benediction thou shalt be.

He who plants a tree
He plants youth;
Vigor won for centuries, in sooth;
Life of time, that hints eternity!
Boughs their strength uprear.
New shoots every year
The old growths appear.
Thou shalt outstand the ages, sturdy tree,
Youth of soul is immortality.

He who plants a tree
He plants love;
Tents of coolness spreading out above
Wayfarers he may not live to see,
Gifts that grow are best;
Hands that bless are blest;
Plant a tree! 'tis God's behest!
Heaven and earth help him who plants a tree,
And his work its own reward shall be.
—LUCY LARCOM in Nashville Banner.

DISTRUST THE BATTLESHIP.

Ambrose Bierce in New York American—The passage of the naval appropriation bill was preceded in the senate by some very sensible talk anent the probable abandonment of the modern battleship. In expressing their doubt of this costly, complicated and cumbrous creation's efficiency in actual service, Senator Hale, Senator Gorman and others voiced a very common sentiment; distrust of the battleship has long been felt, both in and out of naval circles. A battleship may cost as much as $8,000,000—a lot of eggs to put into a single basket. It may carry 800 human lives—a far more serious matter. For $8,000,000 we could build forty light, swift, seagoing gunboats, armed with one heavy and several light guns each. Can any one doubt what would be the result of a combat between the battleship and forty gunboats? Some of the gunboats might go to the bottom; the battleship certainly would. The invention of gunpowder put an end, virtually, to body armor, which, always costly and cumbrous, was no longer protective. Torpedoes, mines, "submarines" and high-power projectiles will inevitably do away with the battleship, probably with the armored cruiser, and navies will again "fight in their shirt sleeves." A ship costing ten times as much as another is not ten times as destructive, ten times as fast, nor ten times as secure. It is a few times as destructive, very little less vulnerable, and no faster. In ones private affairs one would not think of securing so small an increase of effiecency by so large an increase of expenditure.

Americans In Hawaii.

Brooklyn Eagle: "Everyhting is very quiet in Hawaii now," said President Dearborn of the American-Hawaii Steamship company in the course of a conversation regarding the conditions on the islands. "But the Kanaka hates the American and would gladly see him out of the islands. Only a year ago a bill was introduced in the Hawaiian legislature excluding all Americans from the territory. It was not passed, for it would have required the signature of the governor to become law, and it was certain that the governor would veto it. But that shows the spirit that is at work in the land.

"The unrest is particularly noticeable at the present time, because there is a decidedly low ebb to trade. The whole thing has been overdone. Too many plantations have been started and there is too much competition in the markets to suit the natives. When the islands came into our possession they were thought to be a haven for all the needy who wanted to make the most money with the least amount of work. The result was that planters and business men poured into the place. Now that a slack period has come upon them and there is really not enough business to go round, the Hawaiians blame the Americans for it, and would gladly see them exclude."

Everybody Satisfied.

Boston Evening Record: William Redmond, M. P., once arose to speak in the house of commons, and there came a question, hurled at him from the right side of the house:

"Will you vote for this bill if it comes up?"

Mr. Redmond looked from one side of the house to the other and slowly answered:

"I will——"

Immediately the right side of the house burst into a storm of applause. But Mr. Redmond continued, as soon as he could be heard:

"——not——"

Then the storm came from the left side, and as soon as it subsided for a moment he completed what he started to say:

"——answer that question."

And perfect silence reigned on both sides.

There is no Substitute for

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

It is a Matter of Health

TO DRIVE DULL CARE.

Philadelphia Press: "I suppose," said Miss Bitter, with the suspicion of a sneer, "you prefer the male poets to the female, Mr. Pensell."

"Sure!" replied the editor. "When the male species butt in on me I can swear and relieve my feelings."

Philadelphia Telegraph: "Mamma, what would you do if that big vase in the parlor should get broken?" said Tommy.

"I should whip whoever did it," said Mrs. Banks, gazing severely at her little son.

"Well, then, you'd better begin to get up your muscle," said Tommy, "coz pop's broke it."

Chicago News: "What would you suggest as a name for my new yacht?"

"Why, it seems to be the Floating Debt would be appropriate."

Chicago Post: "Why," they asked, "have you ceased to be outspoken in your opposition to gambling?"

"Because," replied the property owner, "I have discovered that too much reform would put some of my tenants where they couldn't pay rent."

Chicago Record-Herald: "I don't know what it is," said the man who was examining the mysterious substance which he had just touched with his tongue, "but it's powerful good stuff for the human system."

"Why? How do you know?"

"It tastes so nasty."

An antiseptic baby lived on antiseptic milk;
His clothes were antiseptic, made of antiseptic silk.
In antiseptic carriages he rode, with time to spare;
He had an antiseptic nurse, breathed antiseptic air.
And though upon this mundane sphere he did not long abide,
They placed him in an antiseptic coffin when he died. —Smart Set.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Starbuck Times: There has set in during the last few weeks a remarkable undercurrent of sentiment in favor of Eddy for governor. Thinking Republicans are getting disgusted with being hounded and nagged continually, and are naturally turning to a man who acts on the assumption that the voters know what they want to do without being told.

Minneapolis Telegram: It is to laugh. The office of railway and warehouse commissioner was made elective, "so that the people could select the men"—and since then the railway companies seem to have had it all their own way. Perhaps the next state Republican convention will change all that—if the delegates remain in the hall long enough to checkmate the railroads.

Mankato Free Press: The La Crosse Republican and Leader throws this hot shot into Minnesota: "The same state that throws into jail, fines $50 and confiscates the supplies and clothing of a hunter who took a shot at a wild duck is the same one which turned the Youngers loose." Yes, and this state also has game laws upon its statute books that preclude the majority of ordinary people from enjoying a taste of game. The next legislature should amend the present game laws. Will it have the courage to do so?

St. Cloud Times: Secretary Taft shouted the other day to his Chicago audience: "The Philippines for the Filipinos!" And that very week he acquiesced in a Republican project to exploit the Filipinos for the benefit of American railroad speculators.

PHILIPPINES FOR EXPLOITERS.

Indianapolis Sentinel: We shall all be proud, no doubt, of the great success of the tremendous exposition opened last Saturday, but it appears that it will be rather costly for Mr. Roosevelt's Oriental subjects, however profitable it may be to some others. The poverty of the Filipinos has been constantly kept before us by former governor, now Secretary Taft, and in and out of season he has been pleading with congress for a reduction of the tariff and for permission to issue bonds so that large public improvements might stimulate trade. Now, from St. Louis comes the information that an expenditure of $1,600,000 will probably be made for the Philippine exhibit. What, as originally planned, was to cost $250,000 already has approached the million mark, and that it will require $600,000 to carry on the exhibit, including all salaries, and at the close of the fair transport the natives back to the islands.

As it has been reported that thousands of Filipinos are on the verge of starving it would seem to be wrong to expend the money wrung from them by taxation to make an exhibit so much beyond their means. The war department and the Philippine commission appear to be the officials who have authorized this uncalled for expenditure and an investigation would doubtless expose a scandal of magnitude. The heartlessness of such an enormous waste of money is apparent when at the same time bonds or certificates of indebtedness have just been sold to keep the Philippine government from bankruptcy which will have to be repaid by increased taxation. Whether the Filipinos will gain anything by the great expenditure is doubtful, and it is not believed that the exhibit has been undertaken for their exclusive benefit. There must be an exploiting syndicate or something of the kind in the background that will reap the principal profit.

The war department is run on such an extravagant basis that a matter of a million or two seems nothing to those who have the ordering of how the Philippine funds shall be expended, and when the matter is finally investigated another scandal will be added which will probably exceed those already charged to this administration.

Precept and Practice.

Houston Post: Governor Bob Taylor's wife has secured a divorce from the lecturer on "Love, Laughter and Song." Possibly Bob did his loving away from home, his laughing at his better half, and his singing on the way home at 3 o'clock in the morning.

His Short Experience.

This spring reminds the Redfield Journal Observer of a story told on the Alberta country. It seems that a stranger from a warmer climate was traveling through that country about the middle of April, and, wondering at the continued cold, asked a business man how long the winter usualy lasted. The business man replied, "I don't know. I have only lived here ten months."

THEN AND NOW.

New York World: It is a misfortune for a politician to have a short memory. But for this affliction Mr. Bryan would not have asserted in his Chicago speech that Judge Parker was "not a fit man to be nominated either by the Democratic party or by any other party that stands for honesty or fair dealing in politics."

The interesting statement of J. T. Woods Merrill, of Kansas City, in yesterday's World, shows that four years ago Mr. Bryan tried to induce Judge Parker to accept a nomination for vice president on the ticket with himself. At that time he said: "I consider Judge Parker an able, conscientious and energetic statesman, broad-minded and full of progressive ideas, and his nomination would be most pleasing to me."

An able, conscientious and energetic statesman, broad-minded and full of progressive ideas, seldom changes in four years into a man unfit to be nominated by any party that stands for honesty or fair-dealing in politics. But Mr. Bryan did not need a memory long enough to reach four years to save him from his Chicago blunder. It was less than one year ago—on May 14, 1903, to be exact—that Mr. Bryan wrote to Mr. Merrill: "I am investigating Judge Parker, but I think there is no general objection that applies to him."

Of course, there has been a change in the past four years, and even in the past year, but it has been in Mr. Bryan, not in Judge Parker. A steady decline in influence has been accompanied by a souring temper. In 1900 Mr. Bryan was a man of consequence—the unquestioned ruler of the Democratic party. Even in 1903 he could still imagine himself a power. Now he feels that he is on the shelf, and he is embittered by the knowledge. The Judge Parker that he thought he could patronize appeared to him in a very different light from the Judge Parker who has superseded him in his party's regard.

And yet it is not Judge Parker's fault that the discarded leader is without standing or influence. Mr. Bryan ought to bear in mind the well-established fact that no man can be destroyed in politics by anybody but himself.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: It is high art in a woman to learn to blush at things there is no need to.

A woman's idea of a good husband is one who will let her boss the man who is making the garden, though he really knows how to do it.

A woman is very proud of herself when she has faith enough in a man to believe he is worthy at the office when she knows he is at the race track.

It makes a woman awful careless of her feet to wear baby-blue stockings. A bachelor may suspect what he has escaped, but it takes a widower to know with a conviction profound.

A woman never dyes her hair to change it, but to restore it to its color.

The only thing a woman likes better than fooling a man is to fool herself.

A man always knows less than he pretends and a girl more than she lets on.

Generally a woman has an idea all the men in a street car would stare at her if she didn't keep looking to see them do it.

Russian vs. Jap.

Detroit Tribune: Senator Beveridge of Indiana, who three years ago whirled through Russia, Siberia and Manchuria, and looking out of the window absorbed much knowledge of Russian character, says:

"The Russian has immense staying qualities. He can live on a small amount of plain food. He can endure enough exposure and hardship to kill most men, for he has a deep chest, broad shoulders and stout legs, and appears to be almost without nerves. He believes in the future destiny of his country as the one designated by the Almighty for the redemption of the world. Like the Boer, he prays and sings as he fights, and being a fatalist, is as formidable as Cromwell's trooper, and there are millions of him. Can Japan stand up for any length of time against such an antagonist? I think not."

Military conclusions drawn at the rate of a mile a minute may furnish filling for a dollar-a-seat lecture, but on the other hand comes Frank Beardsley, of Flint, who was in the Chinese Boxer unpleasantness and saw both Russians and Japanese on the march and under fire, and he says the Japanese were much better soldiers than the Russians. Those desiring to make bets are now in a position to stake their money.

The Mutilated Calf.

Kansas City Star: The way Ross Stubbs is acting about the senatorship in Kansas recalls a story about a calf that is told by an editor in that state: "They had to pull the calf's ears off," he said, "to get it up to the milk pail, and then they had to pull its tail out to get it away."

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
TONIGHT—TOMORROW NIGHT—
FLORENCE STONE IN
"CAMILLE"
Superb production, complete orchestra. Prices 10, 25, 35 and 50 cents.
SATURDAY, matinee and evening, May 7, STETSON'S Big, Double Uncle Tom's Cabin Co. Matinee, 25; evening, 25 35, and 50 cents.
NEXT WEEK, Florence Stone in "The Charity Ball," and the great American Biograph.

METROPOLITAN THEATER
TONIGHT AND THE REST OF THE WEEK.
"WICKED LONDON."
Night Prices, 10c, 15c, 25c, 50c; Matinee, 10c, 25c.
Commencing May 10, Robert McCair; commencing May 12, "Knobs O' Tennessee."
Mrs. Fiske in "MARY OF MAGDALA" May 9th.

The BIG DULUTH
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

The BIG DULUTH
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

NOTHING BETTER IN CLOTHES FOR MEN

Than those that wear The Big Duluth label. Look where you will, you'll not find their equal, except in the best tailor's made-to-measure garments and ours are priced 50 per cent less than the tailor's.

The New Top Coats,
The Smart Spring Suits,
The Popular Rain Coats,

$10 $15 $18 $20 $25

More New Arrivals in MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

Negligee Shirts—The finest line in the city. Every shirt new and of the latest patterns..$1.00 to $3.50

Neckwear — Bright and attractively patterned scarfs .....25c to $1.00

Fancy Hosiery—A pleasingly different assortment .....25c to 50c

New Belts, Gloves, Waist Coats, Underwear, Pajamas, Golf Sirts, Jewelry, Collars, Cuffs.

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Boys' and Children's Clothing.

"BUSTER BROWN" SUITS, in Russian, Sailor and Norfolk styles—$10.00 down to **$4.95**

TWO-PIECE AND NORFOLK SUITS—All colors and materials—$10.00 down to **$1.95**

THREE-PIECE SHORT PANT SUITS—Serges, Cheviots and Cassimeres—$12.00 down to **$3.95**

NOBBY LONG PANT SUITS—Single or double breasted, plain and fancy colors—$25.00 down to..... **$4.95**

TOP AND RAIN COATS—for boys 2½ to 20 years; large assortment—$16.50 down to **$4.95**

Boys' Peg Top Trousers ..... $5.00 and $4.00

Boys' Long Trousers ..... $5.00 down to $1.00

Boys' Knee Breeches .....$1.50 down to 50c

Latest styles in Boys' Hats, Caps, Shirts, Blouses, Fancy and White Vests, Neckwear, Underwear, Hosiery, Night Shirts, Pajamas, Belts, Suspenders, Shoes, Sweaters.

New Styles in
Men's and Boys' Shoes

Not one store in a hundred supplies shoes as cheap as we do—value for price. None of them can show more correct or desirable styles.

Men's Shoes at $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50 and $5.00.
Boys' Shoes at 98c, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, to $3.00.
Children's Shoes at 50c, 75c, 98c, to $1.75.

New Styles in Men's Soft and Stiff Hats Just In.

See the new $2.00 soft hats
See the new $3.00 soft hats
See the new $3.50 soft hats
See the new $2.50 stiff hats
See the new $3.00 stiff hats
See the new $4.00 stiff hats
See the new spring caps at 50c, $1, $1.50, $2, $2.50

FREMONT VOTERS

To Hold State Convention at Jackson, Mich., May 18.

Will Once More Declare Lofty Principles That Actuated Them.

Jackson, Mich., May 5.—A state convention that is without parallel in the history of the United States has been called to meet in Company D Armory hall here on Friday, May 18. It is a convention of those men, still living, who had the courage and patriotism in 1856 to break away from the party ties of a lifetime to vote for Gen. John C. Fremont, the first Republican nominee for president of the United States. The remnant of these heroes of the ante-bellum days numbers in this state, it is estimated, about 6000 men. At any rate the names and addresses of over 5000 have already been collected, and it is expected that through the medium of this state convention a practically complete roster will be made, to be filled with the state historical society as a permanent record of great value and interest.

The object of the state convention is to arrange for a proper representation of the Fremont voters at the great celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the birth of the Republican party, to be held upon the birthplace, under the historical oaks, in this city, July 6, this year. Furthermore, the convention is called to have this surviving remnant of those who, with hearts of oak, stood for human liberty in 1856, give to the country a final declaration of the abiding principles that led them to desert the old parties of their day for the purpose of forming that party which saved this country from dismemberment.

The call for the convention says, respecting this proposed declaration, addressing itself directly to the Fremont voters of Michigan:

"One great duty still remains for the patriotic men of 1856 to perform. It was to them that the Republican party owed its birth, and it was to them that the United States became indebted for the election of Abraham Lincoln and the successful solution of the tremendous problem then facing this country. You and all your fellow patriots are now far along in years, and before you pass off the stage of this life you should hold one more great state convention and give to the country an expression of that wisdom which has come to you with the years, in order that in the years to come the nation may have the benefit. For who is better equipped to advise for the future than our present grand old men who had the courage in their youth to help carry their country safely through a crisis that threatened its destruction?

"Your new declaration of principles should be made a great state paper that will not only wield a wide influence among the young men of Michigan, but carry a message to all people for all time as showing the stuff the men are made of who saved the American union from dismemberment. It should be made a paper that will have a wholesome effect not only in the state, but in the nation, and in the pending national campaign, and then go down to posterity as a declaration that will serve for all time as a guide for every free and self-governing people."

With this lofty inspiration before them the Fremont voters in various portions of the state have already held meetings and commenced the work of organization, and it is confidently expected that the convention, when held, will be participated in by many of the most distinguished of the older citizens of Michigan. And although it cannot be stated at this time, of course, what the action of the convention will be, it is expected here that the declaration of principles, when adopted, will be ordered engrossed and offered to the birthday celebration on July 6, to be read before the great throng expected here that day, as the official contribution of the Fremont voters of Michigan to the celebration program.

Much interest is felt here in the convention. The hall for it to meet in was secured by Hon. James O'Donnell and Judge McGee, the latter of whom is in charge of arrangements and should be addressed by those delegates who desire information from here. As the call asks for only one delegate for every ten Fremont voters in any county, it will be seen that the convention will not be so large as to congest the city, and so it is expected that all who some will be made comfortable.

MEDERINE
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
CURES
RHEUMATISM!

Shawano, Wis., March 29th, 1904.

MEDERINE REMEDY CO., Duluth, Minn.

Dear Sirs: A year ago last February I was taken with a most severe attack of Inflammatory Rheumatism, so that it was impossible for me to help myself. I called a doctor and he prescribed some medicine for me and I doctored with him for two months without any help. Then I went to taking patent medicines but they did not help, and I was nearly discouraged, till finally I saw your advertisement and started to take MEDERINE. After I had taken three bottles I was able to work but I finished the whole course and am perfectly cured, if not it would have come back before this time. I most gladly recommend Mederine for Rheumatism. One of my children is taking Mederine for Eczema with great success.

Yours truly, A. O. ANTES, Shawano, Wis.

Mederine is sold at $1 per bottle or 6 for $5 by all dealers. Write for booklet.

MEDERINE REMEDY CO., DULUTH, MINN.

IRATE FATHER SAYS

Daughter Was Under Age For Legal Union.

Albert Lea, Minn., May 5.—William E. French last Saturday came here from a point near Austin and applied to the clerk of the court for a marriage license. Clerk Hayes exacted an oath that the lady of his choice, Miss Nellie T. Farrell, lived in Freeborn county and was 18 years of age. The couple were married and now the bride's father has sworn out a warrant charging French with perjury and stating that the girl is only 17 years of age. Sheriff Fossom has gone after French.

FOLLARD IN Cluett BRAND
QUARTER EACH, QUARTER SIZES
CLUETT, PEABODY & CO.
MAKERS OF CLUETT AND MONARCH SHIRTS

JOHNSON THROWS A BOMB IN DUNN CAMP

Report on State Auditor's Office Filed With the Governor.

The Collins Men Prevented the Convention Coming to Duluth.

St. Paul, May 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Twin city politicians are of the opinion that Public Examiner S. T. Johnson has thrown a bomb into the camp of Robert C. Dunn of Princeton. The public examiner yesterday filed with Governor Van Sant a report of his examination of timber trespass settlements during the administration of the Princeton candidate for governor, and it is generally believed that the purpose of the report is to show that Mr. Dunn in some instances failed to collect double damages as required by law.

State house politicians refuse to discuss the report, and there is a good deal of mystery connected with the affair. Governor Van Sant last night admitted that the public examiner had filed the report with him, but he said he had referred it to Attorney General W. J. Donahower and that nothing would be given out until the attorney general had perused it. Mr. Donahower said last night that he had not looked the report over yet and that until he did so he was not at liberty to discuss it.

It is generally believed that this is the report on which Public Examiner S. T. Johnson has been working for several months. It concerns the investigation which Expert Accountant Barry of Minneapolis begun early in the spring and which was taken up later by Deputy Examiner P. M. Kerst Mr. Barry quit the employ of the public examiner before completing the report, and the information which he had gleaned was conveyed to the public examiner at a hearing to which the expert accountant had been subpoenaed by Mr. Johnson.

Shortly after this hearing Mr. Barry made a statement and gave it to the press of the Twin Cities that Mr. Johnson had said to him: "Unless we find something, Mr. Dunn will be the next governor." On this statement of Mr. Barry and on the confession of several Republicans who purport to know the object of Mr. Johnson's investigation, the belief is entertained generally that Mr. Johnson sought to find something in Mr. Dunn's office that would reflect to the discredit of the Princeton candidate for governor.

* * *

The feature of yesterday's meeting of the Republican state central committee was the contest over the selection of the meeting place. Those who favored the proposal to hold the convention in Duluth attribute the defeat of the plan to the united front of the Collins men in an effort to keep the convention in St. Paul.

"If the Collins men had not dipped into the game, we would have carried the convention to Duluth," said Millie Bunnell last night. "A majority of the members of the committee were in favor of going to Duluth, but when the Collins leaders passed the word to oppose the plan, the members favorable to Collins fell in line. Some of the Dunn men were opposed to going to Duluth, Mr. Dunn having taken no part in the contest, but we would have carried the day, had it not been for Collins' supporters."

There were no contests except on the proposal to nominate the judges of the supreme court before the governor and the other officers.

St. Paul at 10 o'clock on the morning of June 30, and to take the vote of Wm. McKinley in 1900 as the basis of representation. This will make 1176 delegates, as compared with 1045 on the basis of Governor Van Sant in 1902. The judges of the supreme court will be nominated before the governor and the other officers. The county conventions will be held Tuesday, June 28. Senator Moses E. Clapp, of St. Paul, was unanimously elected temporary chairman.

The contest on the question of nominating the supreme court judges was not waged on gubernatorial lines. Several who favored this plan are Dunn men and several are in the ranks of Judge Collins. The following members voted for the change in the regular order of making the nominations: C. A. Morey, Winona; H. J. Miller, Luverne; Albert Johnson, Red Wing; M. D. Flower and Oscar Hallan, St. Paul; Robert Jamison, Excelsior; C. C. Whitney, Marshall; James A. Martin, St. Cloud; Gus Widdel, Mankato; C. C. Eastman, Wadena; P. A. Cosgrove, Arlington; Henry Nupson, Preston; Howard Dykeman, Breckenridge; A. H. Southerland, Cambridge. The vote on this question was thirteen to fourteen.

The meeting place for the convention came nearest to being waged on gubernatorial lines. The supporters of Judge Loren W. Collins, who had a majority of the members of the committee, were practically a unit against the plan to go to Duluth, but some of the Dunn men sided with them, making the vote seven to nineteen. Millie Bunnell, of Duluth, made an excellent fight to secure the convention for the Zenith City, and he had a strong supporter in C. A. Morey, of Winona.

"Probably more than two-thirds of the 1100 delegates who will go to the convention have never seen the growing city of Duluth, and it will be an excellent chance for them to visit the Zenith City," said Mr. Morey. "There are many advantages in favor of going to Duluth, which ought to be a consideration at this season of the year when the convention is to be held. Moreover, St. Louis county has saved the Republican party in three state elections in my memory. It is one of the coming cities of the world. It is visited by more people outside of the United States probably than any other city in the country. It is noted for its enterprise, and it should be recognized by the Republicans of Minnesota."

* * *

Henry Nupson, of Preston, member of the Republican state central committee, who was in St. Paul yesterday, said that A. D. Gray, of Preston, has decided to become a candidate for the Republican nomination for railroad and warehouse commissioner.

"Mr. Gray called on me just before I left for St. Paul and said that he has consented to make the run," said Mr. Nupson, "I believe he will be a formidable candidate. Fillmore county will instruct its delegation for him and will probably not say anything about the governorship."

* * *

Col. C. H. March, of Litchfield, district delegate to the Republican national convention, believes that the Republican party should go on record in favor of tariff revision and reciprocity at the national convention. He believes that three out of every four Republicans in Minnesota are in favor of a revision of the tariff.

* * *

Millie Bunnell and Odin Haldin, of Duluth, called at the headquarters of Robert C. Dunn, of Princton, yesterday.

RAILROAD RATE WAR ON.

Cutting Is Brisk Among Northwestern Lines.

Chicago, May 5.—Notice was given yesterday by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway that a rate of $3 would be made for the round trip between Chicago and St. Paul for the convention of the Women's Catholic Order of Foresters. The reason given by the St. Paul road for the rate is the existence of a $10 rate offered by the Burlington.

The passenger rates to the Northwest were further complicated by a notice from the Wisconsin Central that it would put in a basing rate of $10 for the round trip from Chicago to Yellowstone Park and about twenty-five other points in the Northwest.

The announcement by the Wisconsin Central was the cause of a hurried meeting of passenger men. Mr. Pond of the Wisconsin Central, explained that the Burlington had practically made this rate before it was declared by his road, by announcing a rate of $36 from St. Paul and Minneapolis and $46 from Chicago to the Yellowstone Park and return. An effort to induce the Wisconsin Central to withdraw its new basing rate was ineffective.

The Pioneer Fuel Company
HAS
MOVED
ITS OFFICE TO
405 W. SUPERIOR ST.
MESABA BLOCK.

NICKERSON MILL.

This Is Expected to Be Its Last Season.

W. R. Chamberlain, of the lumber manufacturing firm of DeLong & Chamberlain, at Nickerson, Minn., was in the city yesterday on a business trip.

Mr. Chamberlain says the Nickerson mill, which does contract sawing for the Scanlon-Gipson company, of Minneapolis, has been closed down for several days while the customary spring repairs are being made. It will start up soon for a steady summer's cut on a ten-hour shift. Up to April the mill ran with a double shift.

Last season DeLong & Chamberlain ran their mill on an eleven-hour shift, but not long ago the men asked for shorter hours, and this was granted. Agreement was made by the mill workers that the total cut of the mill for the season would be in no way diminished by cutting off an hour in the running time per day.

It is expected that the present season will witness the finish of the pine lumber business in the vicinity of Nickerson.

Sent to Asylum.

Jacob Hill, a Finlander from Proctorknott, was yesterday afternoon adjudged insane, at an examination held before Probate Judge Middlecoff, and an order has been made committing him to the state asylum at Fergus Falls.

Hill has a wife and several children living in Finland. He recently served a sentence in jail for vagrancy, and while in that institution attempted suicide by hanging. He claims to have no recollection of the attempt, and at times acts very stupidly, having been heard to make threats of taking his own life. Hill maintains that he is not insane. He says he does not remember where he came from, nor does he know why he was imprisoned.

Transforming three meals into a full day's work is a pretty intricate and trying process.

The point about "FORCE" is that it meets Digestion more than half way and the two work hand in hand to accomplish it.

Sunny Jim

Barley malt, when combined with wheat, partially digests it.
It thus saves your poor stomach a lot of hard work.
"FORCE" is Whole Wheat malted, flaked, and cooked into a delicious Brain and Brawn food.

Choose Your Route to St. Louis.

The Burlington offers you choice of routes, either direct over its own tracks, following the east bank of the Mississippi for 360 miles, thence through Galesburg and Beardstown, or via Chicago. How will you go? Make up your mind and see us, or see us and let us decide for you. Tickets via the Burlington Route at reduced rates can be had at all ticket offices. Write or call for particulars.

Burlington Route

F. M. RUGG, N. W. P. A.,
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THE "BURLINGTON CHICAGO LIMITED" 8:40 P. M. DAILY FROM ST. PAUL.

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CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR.

TORTURED AWFULLY

By Wild Savages Was Shipwrecked Captain In South Seas.

He Died an Old Man In the Hawaiian Islands.

Honolulu, May 5.—Horace Holden, who is said to have been the first white man to make his home in Hawaii, died the other day in Tillamook, Ore., at the advanved age of 94 years. Holden's claim has been often disputed by descendants of the early settlers, but it is true that the old man came to the islands in 1837, which was a good many years before the early missionaries began their work in Hawaii.

Holden was a whaling captain and had some remarkable experiences among the savages of the South seas. Some years ago a story was published to the effect that Holden had been tortured almost to death by Sandwich islanders, but the missionaries investigated the story and discovered that the remarkable adventures befell him in the Pelew or Gilbert islands. It was just after he had recovered from the tortures inflicted by the Gilbert islanders that he came here.

Holden attempted to inrtoduce the silk industry in Hawaii, but after seven years of experimenting decided that it was not a success. He married Miss Mary Millin in Boston in 1836 and she accompanied him to Honolulu.

Holden sailed from the Atlantic on a whaling ship, the Mentor, which was bound for an Indian ocean cruise. He was then 18 years old and his first cruise was taken in 1828. The Mentor, according to the story told later in Honolulu by Holden, was wrecked in the South seas at an island which he believed then to be Hawaii of the Sandwich islands group, but which he since learned was one of the Gilbert island group.

The Mento went down with all on board but Holden and another sailor of the name of Gorman, who were thrown on a coral reef more dead than alive. From this perilous position they were rescued by a crew of natives, who rowed over to the dangerous reefs in a long canoe. They were taken to a small island by their captors, who left them unbound, and they were surrounded by thousands of natives, men and women, all perfectly nude.

The arrival of the white men, the first that the natives had ever seen, caused great excitement and visitors came from the neighboring islands to view the curiosities. Men, women and children, after their first fright, approached the two men and pinched the fair skin to see whether it was a natural or an artificial covering, also pulling the light-colored hair out by the roots to see if it was real. When either of the men moved the children drew back in some astonishment, but before long the natives lost their superstitious feeling of awe when they discovered that the whites were unable to climb trees or row and swim with the same agility as themselves.

After that they were treated with contempt and often with atrocious cruelty. The clothes worn by Holden and his companion were torn from their bodies in order to make them as near in appearance to the natives as possible. For months the two men took turns in sleeping in order to ward off a threatened attack, and in this manner were able to postpone their torture.

They were finaly tied to trees to be left at the mercy of millions of mosquitoes and gnats. The natives gathered to witness their contortions as they tried to get rid of the bonds and the attacking pests. At that time the natives had not discovered the use of fire and all food was eaten uncooked, the fish, squid etc., being eaten while still alive.

The two whites were furnished with no other nourishment and Gorman, whose stomach rebelled against the food offered him, finally starved to death. Holden became accustomed to the food and was able to live as well off raw fish as did his captors.

Seeing that he was healthy and strong, the surviving white man was put to work as a slave in the fields. He was compelled to slave in the tare patches without the slightest covering for his body, and, as a result, his skin was literally burned from his body. Finally he fainted. The chief, to whom he had been given, detailed some of his women to care for the sick man, but they tortured him anew by pulling off the new skin as it formed over the burned skin, to see how it happened that the new formation was white instead of black, as their own.

To amuse his friends also a husky native with clawlike finger nails tore away Holden's skin from the neck to his knees. The agony was indescribable, the nails tearing into the tender flesh and skin like redhot irons. While recovering from this new torture the helpless victim was tide to a tree and the natives amused themselves by throwing stones and clubs at him, laughing at his futile attempts to dodge the missiles.

This life continued for about ten months, during which time daughters of native chiefs tried all their arts and wiles to induce Holden to marry them. He refused all the offers of marriage, however, and the chiefs, to punish him, decided to tatoo the unfortunate man as they were in order that he might never be able to join with his own people again. The tribe tatooers were put to work on the captive and for seven months he was in their care. Daily they picked his tender skin with wooden needles on the ends of which was coloring matter. Figures of sea birds, tropical flowers and trees were spread upon his body and the tatooers spared no pains in making the job an artistic one.

Holden was laid up for months after the completion of the work, but he found that he was then immune from further petty tortures at the hands of the people. He learned the language and became the adviser of the chiefs and was allowed to do very much as he pleased, provided he made no attempt at escape.

During his two years' residence Holden several times saw ships passing the islands at a distance, but had no way of signaling them. Finally, when he had about given up hopes of ever quitting the island, a ship appeared almost inshore.

The natives were very much frightened at its size and the chiefs could not be induced to visit it until Holden had excited their cupidity with tales of the great wealth that might be obtained from the strangers. He feared to show his anxiety to reach the boat, but it was finally determined by the chiefs to attempt to lure the strangers into the reef.

Taking Holden along, they went out toward her in their canoes, but could not be induced to get within range of the ship, and the latter finally sent a crew out in a smal boat. The whites were spoken by Holden, who told of his captivity, but they were afraid of the natives, who were all armed with spears and far outnumbered the ship's crew.

They would not approach the canoes and the savages would not go near the small boat. Carrying on a conversation in English, which the natives could not understand, Holden told the sailors that ht would make a swim for their boat if they would come closer, although he feared that the savages would spear him in the water.

They advised him to swim under water and approaching as close as they dared, Holden made a sudden leap from the canoe, escaping the vigilance of the watching savages. He remained under the water, the natives meanwhile watching for his reappearance with spears poised for hurling. A couple of them dived after him, but he did not reappear on the surface, swimming for nearly half a mile under the water.

Holden was taken on board the visiting vessel, which proved to be the British ship Britannia. For the first time then Holden learned the day of the year, which was Oct. 20, 1834. The Britannia was bound for Lintin, China, and Holden was taken into that port, later securing passage to Bedford. He shiped again from there in 1837, arriving in that year at Honolulu, where he remained for seven years. He was probably the first white man to make his home in Honolulu, although sailors were cast upon Hawaii's hospitable shores some years previously.

DROP

A Postal FOR This Book FREE

Your health is your greatest blessing. Guard it as your life. Find out the truth about yourself, whether you are sick or well. Learn how to get well and keep well—and how to get well should you become ill. Poor health is the result of your failure to obey nature's laws. How can you obey these laws unless you know what they are? Do you suffer from headaches? Is your appetite poor? Do you lay awake at night? Are you nervous and irritable? Then you are on the down-road to poor health. Get on the up-road. Dr. McLean's book tells you how to regain lost health or to retain the health you have.

Dr. J. H. McLean has prepared many remedies to help those who suffer. One of them is

McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm

This remedy reaches the organs that are most susceptible to disease; the organs that must be kept in good working condition to secure good health for you. McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm puts these organs in good order and keeps them so; makes them throw off disease germs; relieves untold suffering; brings health and strength to those who use it. At all druggists. $1.00 the bottle.

THE DR. J. H. McLEAN MEDICINE CO.,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

WILL KEEP STEADY

Duluth's Northern League Team Takes Pledge of Temperance.

Determined to Have Clean Ball—Amateurs Getting Ready.

The members of the Duluth team will be required to report for practice at 9:30 o'clock every morning during the coming season. This means that regular hours must be kept and the rule will be rigidly enforced. As long as the men are required to show up each day at 9:30 o'clock they will have to seek their downy couches some time before midnight.

The team will also be a temperance bunch this year. Every member has taken the pledge to abstain from the use of intoxicants and will forfeit the sum of $25 for the first drink.

The example set by the Duluth team will probably be followed by the other teams in the league. The players in the Northern league this year are about as gentlemanly a set of men as can be found in professional baseball. Many of them are college players, and they are all anxious that no signs of rowdyism be allowed to creep into the game.

It is probably the first case on record where the members of a team have bound themselves to total abstinence from all kinds of intoxicants, and it indicates the determination of the players to land the pennant.

* * *

Manager Van Praagh is congratulating himself that he took Koukalik from the Millers instead of Converse. He was offered his choice of the two men and chose Koukalik. Converse went to Winnipeg.

While the White Sox were taking the Javas into camp, Winnipeg was walloping Fargo at St. Paul on Sunday, but it was not due to Converse. Converse went in for the first two innings and got so unmercifully hammered by Perry Werden's bunch that he had to be taken out after five runs had been made off his delivery in the two innings. Then B mis went in and shut the Fargo men out for the remaining seven innings.

* * *

It is not likely that Winnipeg will again secure the services of Bartos and Corbett. The two star twirlers of last year's champions are making good with St. Paul and will no doubt be retained.

* * *

The White Sox turned out for practice yesterday morning and yesterday afternoon, and are showing up in fine form. "Hank" Gehring returned last evening from Minneapolis and Hughes and Ball were due to report today. They have been mixed up in the political game in Chicago and were late in reporting for this season. "Rusty" Owens is due Saturday.

* * *

The line-up of the amateur team which will meet the White Sox tomorrow is about complete. Earl Lowe will be in the box and Potter, who caught for the high school team that defeated Van Praagh's bunch last season, will be at the receiving end of the battery. Church will probably play first base, Peterson third base, and the Irwin brothers at second base and shortstop. "Si" Bennett will hold down one of the outfield positions and Elmer Whyte may fill one of the others. The third outfielder is not yet decided upon. The amateurs are "laying for" the Duluth team and are determined to administer a drubbing to the professionals if possible.

DOES NOT FEAR IT

Dr. Robinson Does Not Expect More Virulent Smallpox Epidemic.

Several Cases and Deaths at Minneapolis Arouse Apprehension.

Is the epidemic of mild smallpox which has been prevalent in the Northwest for the past year or more, assuming a more virulent form?

That is the question which health authorities in the larger cities of this part of the country are asking themselves.

Duluth has been practically free from smallpox for the past three or four months, although the few cases that have been reported here during that time have been severe. There are at present but two patients in the pest house. One case is a mild one, but the other was severe and the patient has been ill for several weeks.

During last spring and last summer there were a large number of cases, but the majority of them were scarcely more serious than a case of agravated chickenpox.

Recently several severe cases of smallpox have come under the notice of the health authorities at St. Paul and Minneapolis, while the epidemic of milder cases is also on the wane.

Four cases of the disease have also been reported at Nickerson. The first patient came from Minneapolis and he is believed to have communicated the disease to the others. They were somewhat more severe than the average cases of the past year.

Dr. Robinson, who was health commissioner, at the time the epidemic was prevalent in Duluth, stated yesterday that he did not believe there was much foundation for the rumor.

"It is just possible that the mild form of the disease is developing into something more serious," he said, "but I do not think there is much foundation for it. It is true that there have been one or two severe cases of the disease in Duluth during the past winter. One of the most severe cases I have ever seen was discovered just at the close of my term of office, but from all I can hear Duluth is better off than most cities in this respect.

"I have heard that in some of the cities in the Northwest the disease has taken a more virulent form, but I hardly think there is any danger of an epidemic of the more serious forms of the disease."

SOUTH DAKOTA REPUBLICANS

Nominate State Ticket and Endorse Roosevelt For President.

Sioux Falls, S. D., May 5.—Republicans of South Dakota yesterday, in state convention, indorsed Roosevelt for president, elected delegates, who were instructed to vote for Roosevelt's nomination at the national convention, named preidential electors, nominated a full state congressional and judicial ticket and at 7 o'clock adjourned sine die after being in session about six hours.

The state ticket:

Governor, S. H. Elrod, Clark county; lieutenant governor, J. E. McDougla, Marshall; secretary of state, D. D. Wipf, Hutchinson; state treasurer, C. B. Collins, Brown; state auditor, J. F. Halliday, Kingsbury; superintendent public instruction, George W. Nash, Lincoln; state commissioner of school and public lands, C. B. Bach, Turner; attorney general, Philo Hall, Brookings, railroad commissioner from Black Hills district, Dr. W. G. Smith, Mead.

Most of the state ticket is made up of men who now are filling the positions to which they were nominated by acclamation.

The delegates to national convention are: O. A. Ringsrud, Elk Point; Harry Goddard, Edgemont; R. H. Driscold, Deadwood; C. E. Warner, Bryant; S. H. Davis, Plankinton; John Hughes, Gettysburg; N. L. Finch, Webster; T. E. Andrews, Geddes.

Judges Haney, Carson and Fuller were nominated for re-election to the supreme court.

J. M. Greene, of Chamberlain, was re-elected as South Dakota's member of the national committee.

Congressmen Martin and Burke were nominated by acclamation for re-election.

The principal contest was between S. H. Elrod and Coe I. Crawford for nomination for governor. Mr. Crawford was supported by those opposed to the present state organization. The state organization controlled the convention throughout having nearly 800 of the 1014 delegates.

Resolutions were adopted reaffirming allegiance to the principles of the Republican party, as set forth in the national platform of 1900, congratulating the American people because of the unexampled prosperity they are enjoying, strongly commending the national and the state administrations, praising veterans of the civil and the Spanish wars and lauding Senators Gamble and Kittredge and Congressmen Martin and Burke for their services in behalf of the state and its people. The action of the national administration in reference to Panama was indorsed.

MINNESOTA STATE FAIR.

Premium List, Just Published, Makes Attractive Book.

In this year's issue of the premium list of the Minnesota state fair of 1904, the management has departed from the usual hackneyed form and has produced an artistic and very attractive little book. It is larger than has been used for some years and is bound in silk fibre cloth of blue color with a very handsome design stamped in blue of a darker shade on the front cover. Within, the paper and type are good and the arrangement clear and concise.

Besides getting out a creditable book, the officers of the state fair have improved the list in other ways. The entire offerings of premiums have been revised carefully. In every department of the fair additions have been made and in all several thousands of dollars have been added to the total. With increased purses in the racing program the entire prize offerings of the Minnesota state fair this year will reach the enormous sum of $50,000.

The new premium list shows that the national exhibitions of the American Shorthorn Breeders' association and the American Hereford Breeders' association will be again held in connection with the Minnesota state fair and that the popular auction sales of cattle of these breeds will be a feature.

The introduction also states that the popular night programs will be continued and that the new manufactures building will be completed in time for the opening of the fair. This building will be completed in time, entirely fireproof and a very handsome and creditable structure in every way. Half fare rates to the next fair have already been assured by the railroads. Copies of the premium list may be obtained by addressing Secretary E. W. Randall, state fair grounds, Minn.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Florence Stone Stock company in "Camille."
METROPOLITAN—Kennedy Stock company in "Wicked London."

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Saturday afternoon and evening, Stetson's "Uncle Tom's Cabin."
METROPOLITAN—Monday, Mrs. Fiske in "Mary of Magdala."

"CAMILLE."

"Camilee" continues to draw good houses at the Lyceum, and the production given by the Florence Stone company is making it many new friends. The role of Camille is one that is considered for the display of the talents of the leading actresses of the world, and Miss Florence Stone finds in it a part that is particularly adapted to her abilities and gives a version of it that compares favorably with the best. The play will be repeated this evening and tomorrow evening.

KENNEDY STOCK COMPANY.

The Kennedy Stock company closed its performance of "Grit, the Newsboy," last night with a splendid portrayal. Tonight the sensational comedy-drama, "Wicked London," will be presented, with a complete change of specialties.

MRS. FISKE.

The magnificence and beauty of Mrs. Fiske's production of "Mary of Magdala," in which she will be seen at the Metropolitan on Monday, have been dwelt upon by the press in New York, Chicago, San Francisco and other cities in which she has appeared. One critic says of it:

"Scenically the production is beyond comparison. For the manner in which the play has been put on the stage there can only be praise and admiration. No more beautiful or artistic series of tableaux has ever been seen in this city. The storm in the last act, with its vivid flashes of lightning, its rolling thunder and the howling wind, was a remarkable example of stage art."

"UNCLE TOM'S CABIN."

The scenic features of Stetson's "Uncle Tom's Cabin," which will be at the Lyceum Saturday afternoon and evening, are said to be among the finest features of the production. These, together with the ponies, dogs and other adjuncts, make a complete performance.

SELECT GUFFEY FOR CHAIRMAN.

New York, May 5.—Col. James M. Guffey, of Pennsylvania, has been selected by the supporters of Judge Alton B. Parker for chairman of the Democratic national committee, says the Herald. Conferences which have been held between Col. Guffey and personal representatives of Judge Parker here are given as the basis for this belief.

TWENTY HURT IN WRECK.

New York, May 5.—Twenty persons were slightly injured last night in a head-on collision between two passenger trains in the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western yards at Hoboken, N. J. The trains were the outgoing Mont Clair local and the incoming Phillipsburg express. Both engines were derailed. C. P. Miller, engineer, and J. W. Booth, fireman of the express, were pinned under their engine, but not seriously injured. The passengers hurt were cut by broken glass.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	14	11	3	.785
Brooklyn	14	9	5	.643
Cincinnati	17	10	7	.588
Chicago	14	8	6	.571
St. Louis	14	7	7	.500
Boston	15	6	7	.400
Pittsburg	15	5	10	.333
Philadelphia	13	2	11	.153

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	15	12	3	.800
New York	13	8	5	.615
St. Louis	12	7	5	.583
Philadelphia	13	7	6	.538
Chicago	15	8	8	.500
Detroit	14	7	7	.500
Cleveland	12	5	7	.417
Washington	13	0	13	.000

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
St. Paul	13	10	3	.769
Indianapolis	12	7	5	.583
Milwaukee	11	6	5	.545
Columbus	10	5	5	.500
Minneapolis	13	6	7	.461
Louisville	12	5	7	.417
Toledo	12	5	7	.417
Kansas City	11	3	8	.272

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

RADICAL CONCESSION

Made to Masters By Lumber Carriers' Association.

Detroit, May 5.—The Free Press says that the board of managers of the lumber carriers made a radical concession to the Masters' and Pilots' association yesterday. The masters and pilots refused to negotiate regarding a date for a labor conference unless the lumber carriers would first agree to withdraw the proceedings started in Chicago last Thursday against two steamboat mates, who are charged with refusing to navigate their vessels, and whose license the lumber carriers sought to have revoked. Last night it is said the lumber carriers acceded to the demands of the Masters' and Pilots' association and agreed to withdraw their action in Chicago. A conference was then arranged between representatives of the lumber carriers and the Masters' and Pilots' association.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
for hard colds, chronic coughs, consumption, old cases, severe cases. Ask your doctor if he has better advice.
J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Gray-Tallant Co

Friday and Saturday Selling at Fractional Prices of

Misses' and Children's Coats!

WE HAVE set aside Friday and Saturday as special children's days in the suit room and will offer coats and suits for young folks at reduced prices for two days. Mothers will find a visit to this store Friday or Saturday immensely profitable.

$5.00 Children's Coats, in wool; blue, brown, red and castor; neatly trimmed, made with puff sleeves and trimmed cuffs. Coats that have sold up to $5.00. A chance for economy that does not come often—two days at **$2.98**

$6.50 Pongee Coats for children from 3 to 6 years old, lined or unlined; handsomely trimmed with silk or linen braid and lace. Would sell at $5.00 and $6.50 had we not been fortunate enough to secure a limited number at a great concession from the regular price—Friday and Saturday only **$3.98**

$7.50 Misses' Coats, in wool, blue, castor and brown, trimmed with gold cord and velvet piping on collar, sleeve and cuff; for ages 8 to 14; regular prices run up to $7.50 — Friday and Saturday at **$4.98**

$12.50 Silk Coats for misses and women, made in loose or semi-fitted styles, trimmed with silk braid, lace and medallions; in shirred, tucked or plain effects; selling up to $12.50—special for Friday and Saturday **$7.98**

$15.00 Misses' Suits for misses of 14, 16 or 18 years of age, in plain or mixed colors, stylishly trimmed Eton or coat effects; regularly up to $15.00—Friday and Saturday **$9.50**

$30.00 Women's Suits, in dress or walking length, mixed materials, cheviots, broadcloth, voiles, in blue, brown and black, appropriately trimmed; selling all the season up to $28.00 and $30.00; nearly every size—Friday and Saturday **$20.00**

Infants' Coats,
both long and short, in the prettiest of baby styles at Gray-Tallant Co. prices

All broken lots of Covert Coats, Cravenettes, Sicilian, Silk and Linen Coats from a large variety of styles at greatly reduced prices.

ORE SELLS AT LOWER PRICE

Standard Mesaba Bessemer Goes at $3.00 Per Ton.

Cleveland, May 5.—The Iron Trade Review in its current issue says:

The decision of the merchant producers of Lake Superior to maintain no association this year and agreement as to price or output, is not so significant as it would have been two months ago, as in the meantime term contracts involving considerable amounts of ore have been negotiated leaving not more than 3,000,000 tons that will require to be bought in the open market this year. The prices of 1904 ore, under these new term contracts are somewhat lower than the $3.50 base tentatively referred to in the resolution of the merchant ore men adopted in their separate meeting at New York two weeks ago. Standard Mesaba Bessemers are understood to have gone at about $3. These contracts are on a sliding scale based on the pig iron market. The lake labor situation is threatening, wage advances on a declining market naturally meeting determined resistance.

The rail trade next to one is the most interesting feature of the week. Sales of standard sections for the week included 70,000 tons taken by the Lackawanna steel company, and 20,000 tons by the United States Steel corporation. The New York Central road placed 10,000 tons with each company. The Chicago rail mill of the corporation is kept busy with western orders and is assured of full operation until late in the year. The Edgar Thomson mill is operated to only about 60 per cent of capacity.

REORGANIZATION

Of Consolidated Lake Superior Company Perfected.

Philadelphia, May 5.—It was announced last night that the details of reorganizing of the Consolidated Lake Superior company are in such shape that the plan of reorganization will be declared operative either Thursday or Friday. The charter of the new company which will be known as the Lake Superior company, has been drawn up and forwarded to Judge Walter K. Noyes, of New London, Conn., in order that the company may be incorporated in that state. The old company was also chartered in that state. Numerous mortgage papers are being prepared and the banks at Montreal, Toronto, to which the old company was indebted, are being consulted in regard to the reorganization. The Lake Superior company will have a capital of $40,000,000 first mortgage bonds of $10,000,000 and income bonds of $3,000,00. The new company will start operations with $10,000,000 cash. This will be secured by an assessment of $3,000,000 on the stockholders; a $5,000,000 subscription to bonds and a $2,000,000 loan guaranteed by the Ontario government.

After the plan is declared operative by the Moffly commission of stockholders, two weeks will be given to the stockholders who have not paid their assessments.

A little more than half have been paid. Speyer & Co., of New York, who bought the old company's properties at the Soo at foreclosure sale, has consented to transfer the properties to the Canadian Improvement company when the firm's direct share in a $5,000,000 interest and foreclosure expenses are paid, all of which amounts to about $2,000,000.

WANTS BACK MONEY

He Gave to Help Lord's Work Along.

Kansas City, Mo., May 5.—John Crowe, a farmer of Marion, Ind., complained to the county prosecutor that he had given $2000 to a traveling evangelist who was not using it for the Lord's purpose, and wished to get it back.

"He told me I must sell all I had and give it to the Lord," said Brother Crowe. "So I sold my farm and gave him $2000."

They went to Chicago, Minneapolis, Seattle, Los Angeles and Kansas City. Seven of them came together in Kansas City, Crowe paying the freight. He says he has $6000 yet in bank in Marion. The prosecutor advised him to go there and hold onto it, and let some one else do the Lord's work.

The Life Companion.
"Expect to use Orangeine Powders all my life. Save many bad hours."
W. H. FORBES, Harrisburg, Pa.

SCANTY BATHING SUIT

Worn By Wife Good Ground For Divorce.

Pittsburg, Penn., May 5.—Because his wife went in bathing at Atlantic City in a short suit, Frank B. Mann, formerly a hotel mon of that place, secured a divorce in the local courts. Some peculiar testimony developed, Mann charging his wife with wearing such a bathing suit that the police refused to allow her to come from the water until a bathrobe had been procured for her. Mann said he left Atlantic City, and while away heard of his wife's actions. He said he went to assure himself and found the reports true.

The bathing suit in question was made of white silk and had a short skirt.

PAYS ELECTION BET

By Pushing Wheelbarrow From Cleveland to 'Frisco.

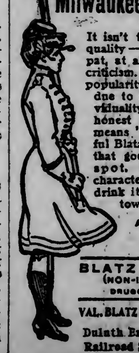
Cleveland, Ohio, May 5.—Without a cent in his pockets and expecting to earn his way as he walked, pushing a wheelbarrow in front of him, D. P. Evans began his long and tedious journey to San Francisco Monday morning to pay an election wager. He is from Bowling Green, Ohio, and made his wager on the election of Mayor Johnson for governor. He expects to do advertising along the way to defray his expenses. He was dressed in an ordinary street suit, and carried no extra clothing, aside from an overcoat and a change of linen.

Sealed Bids.
Sealed bids will be received up to May 6th by the Duluth Baseball association for privileges in the ball park for the season of 1904. Address your communication to L. Van Praagh, manager.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

The North-Western Line.
The new equipment announced to be placed in service on "The North-Western Line" between Duluth and Chicago, will not take place until May 9th, the management having been disappointed in getting cars ready for May 1st.

Blatz Wiener BEER
Bottled Goodness
Milwaukee's Banner Brew



It isn't talk that counts, it's quality — Quality that stands pat, at all times, for honest criticism. The unprecedented popularity of Blatz Wiener is due to its pronounced individuality—that indescribable, honest flavor that always means "Blatz"—that delightful Blatz Wiener "smack" that goes straight to the spot. Drink it for beer character—For health's sake drink it. Ask for it down town. Send a case home.

ALWAYS THE SAME GOOD OLD "BLATZ."

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE (NON-INTOX.) TONIC
DRUGGISTS OR DIRECT.

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., Milwaukee
Duluth Branch, Lake Ave. and Railroad St. Telephone 63.

Gray-Tallant Co

Friday Bargains

It's worth while making a special trip down town tomorrow for the bargains in this list.

$1.50 Feather Pillows $1.29—All feather pillows—size 21x27, with good quality, heavy twilled ticking, blue and white, 7 pounds to the pair—warranted odorless. The same pillows that are sold by other stores at $1.50 and called a bargain at that price—Friday, our price, a pair **$1.29**

$1.25 Black Taffeta $1.00—A 36-inch guaranteed quality, selling regularly at $1.25. The right weight and finish for drop skirts, ruffles and linings—Friday a bargain at **$1.00**

95c Cheviots and Etamines 75c—50-inch cheviots and basket etamines, in light gray, tan and cadet blue. The popular cloth for jackets and street suits—95c a yard is our regular price—Friday at, per yard only **75c**

$1.25 Rainproof Serge 98c—A splendid wearing cloth, in black only, made shower-proof for the popular long rain coats, suits or skirts—$1.25 values—Friday at **98c**

10c Hat Pins 7c—One dozen hat pins on a card, black or white, with bright or dull finish—every day 10c—Friday **7c**

5c Hooks and Eyes 3c—the Mutual hooks and eyes, used by all dressmakers, sizes 0 to 4—black or white—Friday **3c**

25c Box Toilet Soap 10c—3 cakes of Armour's scented toilet soaps, on sale Friday at **10c**

15c Talcum Powder 9c—the well-known Royal Pearl Talcum in glass bottles, with screw tops regularly 15c—Friday **9c**

35c Men's Suspenders 19c—With kid or leather ends, lisle or web backs, new goods selling daily at 25c and 35c—Friday **19c**

Wash Goods Remnants—They accumulate with such rapidity that we scarcely know how to rid ourselves of them. Friday, we place a large line of them—some selling as high as 25c the yard—at but **5c**

7c and 8c Ginghams 5c—Dress and apron ginghams—equal qualities would sell at 7c and 8c the yard—to make this a real Bargain Friday, we add this line and offer them at **5c**

NEW BOOKS IN LIBRARY

Some of Those Added During Month of April.

Books added to the public library in the month of April were as follows:

PHILOLOGY, RELIGION, SOCIOLOGY.
Briggs, "School, College and Character."
Booth, "After Prison—What?"
Butler, "Lives of the Fathers."
Fiske, "The Modern Bank."
Hamong, "Chelro's Language of the Hand."
Hudson, "Evolution of the Soul."
Mahan, "Types of Naval Officers."
Oldfield, "Failure of Christian Missions in India."
Poole, "Index to Periodical Literature."
Prangley, "Fortune Telling by Cards."
Pattison, "Martineau's Philosophy."
Smith, "Children of the Future."
Smith, "Emigration and Immigration."
"Student's Reference Work; a Cyclopaedia for Teachers," etc.
Van deWarker, "Woman's Unfitness for Higher Co-education."
Williams, "History of Ancient Education."
Williams, "History of Mediaeval Education."
Wingate, "What Shall Our Boys Do for a Living?"

SCIENCE AND ART.
Addison, "The Art of the Pitti Palace."
Brown, "The Taxidermist's Manual."
Carter, "Millionaire Households."
Dalziel, "Breaking and Training Dogs."
Egan, "First Steps in Science."
Ganthony, "Bunkum Entertainments."
Rook, "Money-Making and Merry-Making Entertainments."
Sergi, "The Mediterranean Race."
Walton, "A Hermit's Wild Friends."

LITERATURE, POETRY AND DRAMA.
Ashton, "Modern Street Ballads."
Blake, "Hasty Pudding Poems."
Boiles. "From Blomidon to Smoky."
Burgess, "The Bible in Shakspeare."
"Columbian Second Reader."
"Columbian Third Reader."
"Columbian Fourth Reader."
"Columbian Fifth Reader."
Conant, "Primer of German Literature."
Dobson, "Eighteenth Century Vignettes," third series.
Egan, "Studies in Literature."
Foster, "Patriotic Primer for the Little Citizen."
Hugo, "Dramas."
Hugo, "Poems."
Hugo, "Selections, Chiefly Lyrical From Poetical Works."
Leland, "Songs of the Sea and Lays of the Land."
Masson, "Little Masterpieces of American Wit and Humor."
Morley, "Studies in Literature."
Reed, "Modern Eloquence."
Saunders, "In a Poppy Garden."
Thompson, "Fairy Tale and Fable."
Thompson, "For Childhood Days."

HISTORY, BIOGRAPHY AND TRAVEL.
Bancroft, "California Inter Pocula."
Bancroft, "History of Alaska."
Binion, "Ancient Egypt."
Brigham, "Geographic Influences in American History."
Brownell, "The Heart of Japan."
"Commemoration of the Founding of the House of Chickering & Sons."
Collier, "Japan, Her Strength and Her Beauty."
Dunlop, "Memoirs of Spain During the Reigns of Philip IV. and Charles II."
Gale, "Korean Sketches."
Geismar, "Deutschland im Achtzehnten Jahrhundert."
Gross-Hoffinger, "Erzherzog Karl Von Oesterreich."
Israels, "Spain; the Story of a Journey."
Kelly, "History of Russia."
Lamb, "Memoir of his Own Life."
Lent, "Across the Country of the Little King."
Lingard, "Lingard's History of England."
McMurry, "Pioneer History Stories of the Mississippi Valley."
Main, "Cities and Sights of Spain."
Minnesota, North and South Dakota and Montana Gazetteer, 1904.
William Morris, "Some Thoughts Upon His Life, Work and Influence."
Nixon, "With a Pessimist in Spain."
Oge, "Opening of the Mississippi."
Penn, "University of Department of History. Translations and reprints from the original sources of European History."
St. Bris, "Discovery of the Origin of the Name of America."
Sastrow, "Social Germany in Luther's Time."
Stadling, "Through Siberia."
Symington, "William Wordsworth."
Vandamme, "Le General Vandamme et sa correspondence."
Vining, "An Inglorious Columbus."
Vivian, "Abyssinia."
Woodbury, "Talks with Ralph Waldo Emerson."
Williams, "Madame de Montespan."

FICTION.
Addison, "Florestane the Troubadour."
Allen, "Merry Hearts."
Barry, "The Dayspring."
Canfield, "Boys of the Ricon Ranch."
Carus, "Truth in Fiction."
Champney, "Witch Winnie in Holland."
Champney, "Witch Winnie in Venice."
Champney, "Witch Winnie's Mystery."
Chatterbox, 1869-1873.
Craigie, "The Vineyard."
Crockett, "The Adventurer in Spain."
Drysdale, "The Beach Patrol."
Eagan, "From the Land of St. Laurence."
Eagan, "In a Brazilian Forest."
Fisk, "Monologues."
Haley, "A Cornfield Summer."
Hamlin, "Catharine's Proxy."
Hopkins, "The Torch."
Hornung, "Dennis Dent."
Hugo, "Bug-jargal."
Johnston, "The Little Colonel at Boarding-school."
Loti, "Madame Chrysantheme."
Loti, "Ramuntcho."
McCutcheeon, "The Day of the Dog."
Macdonald, "The Herr Doctor."
Miller, "The Yoke."
Ohnet, "Le maitre de forges."
Pemberton, "A Daughter of the States."
Phillipotts, "The American Prisoner."
Pidgin, "The Climax."
Smith, "Four on a Farm."
Warren, "Tittlebat Titmouse."
Wells, "The Gordon Elopement."
Wright, That Printer of Udell's."
Young, "Sally of Missouri."

DEATH OF JUDGE

Causes Change of Arrangements In Cases.

Trenton, N. J., May 5.—Because of the death of United States Judge Kirkpatrick, Tuesday, the United States district court has been adjourned until next Monday. This means that the Harriman-Northern Securities case, which was to have been heard in Newark on Friday, will go over. It is probable that it will be heard here on Monday next, although this is not settled. Counsel in the case had a conference in New York and agreed to continue the status quo of the case until a hearing could be arranged.

Practically all of the cases that had been heard by Judge Kirkpatrick have either been decided or have been advanced to that stage where they can be taken up by another judge without any interruption. In the latter class is the United States Shipbuilding case.

Homeseekers' Excursions.
The North-Western line will place on sale May 3rd and continuing every first and third Tuesday from May to December inclusive "Homeseeker's" round trip tickets at One Fare, plus $2.00, limited to 21 days from date of sale, to points in Alabama, Arkansas, Canadian Northwest, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Indian Territory, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Minesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Washington and Wyoming.
City ticket office, 302 West Superior street, Lonsdale building.

NO PAIN!
$8 $8
DR. FERGUSSON'S
New System Painless Dentistry.
No Fear of Misfitting Plates.
PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.
PERFECT SATISFACTION WHEN WE DO YOUR WORK.
DON'T MAKE ANY CONTRACT TILL YOU SEE DR. FERGUSSON.

Full Set Best Teeth	$8.00
Teeth without Plates	$5.00
Crowns—guaranteed 22k	$5.00
Gold Fillings, up	$1.50
Gold Alloy	.75
Painless Extracting	.50
Extracting	FREE
Examination	FREE

DR. FERGUSSON,
Over Gidding's Style Store.
First Avenue West and Superior St., DULUTH.

DULUTH JOBBERS AND MANUFACTURERS

The merchant who buys once of Duluth jobbers buys always. When he thinks of buying he should think "Duluth." It will pay him.

ASBESTOS TEXTILE PRODUCTS

The Keasbey & Mattison Co
Largest Manufacturers of Magnesia and Asbestos Pipe and Boiler Covers in the World.
Boiler Covers and Packings of Every Description. Asbestos Roofing and Theater Curtains
H. W. Taylor, Mngr. 325 West Mich. St.

ART GLASS AND MIRRORS.

St. Germain Bros.
ESTABLISHED 1891
Manufacturers of art, leaded and metal glass for churches, residences and public buildings. All kinds of plain and beveled French mirrors. Designs and estimates on application.

BUILDERS' MATERIALS.

Thomson & Dunlop,
JOBBERS OF
Builders' and Painters' Supplies.
Samuel Cabot's, Shingle Stains.
Mantels, Fireplace Fixtures.
226-228 WEST MICHIGAN ST.

BRASS WORKS.

DULUTH BRASS WORKS Manufacturers of.... BRASS GOODS, BRASS CASTINGS, BABBITTS.

CABINET MAKERS.

POOLE & WILLIAMS,
214 East Superior Street.
Manufacturers of all Kinds of Show Cases, Counters, Shelves, Bars and Bar Fixtures.
Fine Cabinet Work a Specialty.
Estimates Furnished.
Furniture Made to Order.

CANDIES.

DULUTH CANDY CO.
Candy Manufacturers.
No. 20 East First Street.

John Wahl Factory.
National Candy Co.
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
CONFECTIONERY
John Wahl, Mngr. 7-13 19th Avenue W.

CIGARS.

RON-FERNANDEZ CIGAR CO.
"LaLINDA" a domestic cigar.
"LaVERDAD" clear Havana.
102-104 W. Mich. St.

CIGAR BOX FACTORY.

Minnesota Cigar Box Co.
Manufacturers and Dealers in
CIGAR BOXES,
Cigar Box Labels and Cigar Manufacturers' Tools and Supplies.
Zenith Phone 1195. No. 29 First Avenue W.
PETER J. VANVICK, Prop.

DRY GOODS.

F. A. Patrick & Co.,
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.
"Best Located."

DRUGS.

DeVelda Drug Co
Wholesale Druggists and Manufacturing Chemists.
Laboratories 613 to 621 West Michigan St.

LEITHHEAD DRUG CO.
Drugs and Druggist Sundries
223-227 South 5th Ave. W.

ENG'RS, F'NDERS, MACHINISTS.

National Iron Co.,
Manufacturers
HOISTING ENGINES, STRUCTURAL AND ORNAMENTAL IRON WORK.

ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES.

BURGESS ELECTRIC CO.,
312 West First Street.
Electrical Supplies of all Kinds
Manufacturers of Gas, Electric and Combination Chandeliers.

FRUITS AND PRODUCE.

The Thos. Thompson Co.
Wholesale Fruits and Produce.
126-128 West Michigan Street.

Fitzsimmons-Derrig Co.
Commission Merchants.
Importers and Wholesale Dealers. Foreign and Domestic Fruits.
122-124 West Michigan Street.

FRUITS AND PRODUCE.

Gamble-Robinson - Sheldon COMPANY.
Wholesale Fruits and Produce.
Car Lot Dealers, Butter, Eggs and Poultry. Foreign and Domestic Green and Dried Fruits
210-212 West Michigan Street.

FRUITS AND PRODUCE.

Knudsen-Ferguson Fruit Co
General Commission Merchants.
Wholesale Dealers and Jobbers in Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Vegetables, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Etc.
218-220 WEST MICHIGAN ST.

FLOUR AND FEED.

C. S. PROSSER & CO.
Members Duluth Board of Trade.
WHITE ROSE FLOUR
FLOUR, FEED, HAY, GRAIN AND SEEDS.
Both Telephones 461.
114-116 EAST MICHIGAN ST.

THE GREATNESS OF DULUTH....

as a jobbing center is due to the firms whose announcements appear on this page. The jobbing business of Duluth has been one of the most important factors in developing this city.

FLOUR AND FEED.

GREGORY, COOK & CO
MILLERS.
COMMANDER FLOUR.
701 to 703 Board of Trade.

H. F. DAVIS & CO
WHOLESALE
FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN AND HAY.
24-26-28-30-32 E. Michigan St.

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS.

CLYDE IRON WORKS Manufacturers of Logging Tools and Steam Log Rollers.

GROCERS.

Stone-Ordean-Wells COMPANY.
Importers and Wholesale Grocers.

Gowan-Peyton-Twohy Co.
WHOLESALE GROCERS.
"THE YOUNG GIANT."

GROCERS.

Wright-Clarkson Mercantile Company
IMPORTERS—
Wholesale Grocers, Manufacturers.

HARDWARE.

MARSHALL-WELLS HARDWARE CO.
HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL MERCHANTS.

HARDWARE.

KELLEY-HOW-THOMSON CO
HARDWARE.
LUMBERMEN'S AND MILL SUPPLIES.

HATS AND CAPS.

BLAKE & WAITE COMPANY
WHOLESALE
HATS, CAPS, GLOVES AND FURS.
LUMBERMEN'S SPECIALTIES!

KNITTED GOODS.

NELSON BROS.' KNITTING MILLS
Manufacturers of Knitted Goods.
2101-2103 W. Superior St.

LEATHER.

SCHULZE BROS. CO.,
Wholesale Saddlery and Shoe Findings.
302-304 West Michigan Street.

LUMBER and INTERIOR FINISH.

Scott-Graff Lumber Co Manufacturers of Lumber, Sash, Doors, Mouldings.
OFFICE AND STAIR WORK.

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

Christensen, Mendenhall & Graham.
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
Men's Furnishing Goods.
Lumbermen's and Miners' Wear a Specialty.
224 West Superior Street.

PLUMBING & HEATING GOODS.

Crane-Ordway Co.,
12 West Michigan Street.
Manufacturers of Pipe, Fittings, Valves and Steam Goods.
Jobbers of Plumbers', Steam and Gas-fitters' Supplies.

Northern Supply Co.
Plumbers, Steam, Gas and Water Works Supplies. . .
General Offices and Salesroom:
14 WEST MICHIGAN STREET.

PAPER.

Zenith Paper Co
Manufacturers Wholesale
Paper and Stationery.
Building and Roofing Paper.
222-224 West Michigan Street.

PRODUCE.

THOMPSON PRODUCE CO.
Wholesale Dealers in
BUTTER, EGGS, CHEESE, POULTRY, VEAL, ETC.
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
116 W. Michigan Street.

SANDERS & CO
BUTTER, EGGS, CHEESE AND POULTRY.
W. Michigan and 2nd Avenue

PROVISIONS.

THE BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL CO. COLD STORAGE
Butter, Eggs, Milk, Cheese, Cream.
16 WEST FIRST STREET

STATIONERY AND NOTIONS.

DULUTH PAPER AND STATIONERY CO.
—WHOLESALE—
Stationery, Notions and Paper.
18-20 W. Michigan Street.

STEEL CEILINGS.

DULUTH CORRUGATING & ROOFING CO.
Manufacturers of
Metal Ceilings, Corrugated and Iron Cornices, Skylights, Etc.
126-130-132 East Michigan Street.

SHOW CASE FACTORY.

Duluth Show Case Factory,
Show Cases, Bar, Barber, Office and Store Fixtures.
Zenith Phone 1260. Peter M. Carlson, Prop.

WALL PAPER.

H. A. HALL & CO
WALL PAPER.
16 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

Advertising in The Herald secures a name and a friendly, valuable introduction to prospective buyers that opens the way for correspondence or traveling salesmen.

GIVE THEM YOUR PATRONAGE!

CHICKENS COMING

Prairie Fowls Appearing In Burned Over Sections Near Duluth.

If Allowed to Develop Means Great Things For Hunters.

The big burned-over sections in Northern Minnesota and Wisconsin are fast developing into a prairie chicken country. Where a few years ago there were no game birds, excepting a stray grouse or partride here and there, there are now flocks of the pairie fowl.

Once the pairie chickens make their appearance in any particular section and their increase appears to be rapid, if they are not molested. This seems to have been the case over the territory in the vicinity of Duluth, at least. Railroad men on all the lines running into Duluth, particularly those on the Northern Pacific, Great Northern and Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, say that never before in the history of this northern country have these game birds been so numerous as this spring, and this in spite of the faot that they were hunted quite extensively last fall. It is argued from this that they will afford plenty of good hunting when the season opens next September.

Speaking relative to the matter yesterday, a Great Northern engineer, who is also an enthusiastic sportsman, said: "Many people are under the impression that once a region is devastated by forest fires it becomes without value as a game country. Here is where they err. Of course, there is never good hunting to be found in the wake of one of these fires until two or three years after the woods were burned, but after that the prairie chicken puts in an appearance, and the deer is also to be found in the open sections, in many instances, seeming to prefer them to the woods. The best deer hunting I found last fall was in a great burning.

"With the fast disappearance of ruffled grouse, more commonly called partridge hereabouts, the sportsmen are noting with no small degree of satisfaction the rapid incerase in the ranks of our new neighbors, the prairie prairie chickens and pin tail grouse, a bird only slightly differeing from the prairie hen in appearance.

"Before the hunters became well aware of the fact these birds were coming into this northern region, the latter had obtained a firm foothold in the burnings, and despite the vigorous manner in which they have been hunted during the past two years they have steadily grown in number. This means that they will afford sport for the hunter until long after the present generation of gun cranks is laid beneath the sod, for it is not so easy a matter to hunt them in a burning, with its masses of logs, fallen trees and stumps as on the prairie, where the man with a gun and dog can get about more easily. This sport is all the better in our burnings because of that fact, for the harder a man has to work for a thing the more he enjoys it when he gets it. Paticularly is this true in the case of the sportsman when in pursuit of game.'

THE PRICE OF HEALTH.

Many a Man Has Said He Would Give His Fortune for Health—Perhaps He Did Not Know He Could Buy It For a Quarter a Box—Meaning, of Course, the Sterling Remedy—Beecham's Pills. . . .

What! Only worth a guinea a box? Ask that man who was troubled with heartburn and indigestion for years. Ask yonder woman who went nearly crazy with bilious headaches. Ask the girl who used to be white as a sheet. Question the middle-aged maan who was troubled with cold feet and hands. Interview the elderly lady who was so nervous. Just ask them if Beecham's Pills are only worth a guinea a box, and they will tell you that the value of Beecham's Pills is above rubies. Ask any one the world over and all will speak in unison: "Beecham's Pills are first to relieve, first to cure, and first in the heart of the public." 25 cents a box; at all drug stores.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

A powder mill owned by the Northwestern Powder company, three miles from Newport, Ind., was blown up Wednesday. Four men were killed outright and two were injured. Ten thousand pounds of powder exploded and the bodies of the victims were blown into such small pieces other bodies were not badly mangled. The other bodies were noh badly mangled. The injured men will recover. The property loss was $7000.

On account of the small demand for their products, all of the flour mills in Minneapolis closed Wednesday night until trade increases to warrant resumption of business.

A. M. Centon, traveling freight agent of the Omaha road, has been appointed second assistant general freight agent at St. Paul, to succeed E. A. Gray, who was advanced to the position of first assistant general freight agent.

W. J. Bryan controlled the Democratic convention in his home county, Wednesday, and a platform reaffirming the Kansas City platform was adopted. No names for presidential choice were mentioned, the convention voting to adopt the unit rule and practically agreeing to act as Bryan thinks best in the national convention.

Millionaire John Oelhafen, of Tomahawk, Wis., had a narrow escape from death by fire Wednesday, while returning from his farm. John Raigel, a farmer, lost his barn and horses, and but for the timely assistance of a neighbor, his home would have been consumed.

The pioneer homestead of Governor Nathaniel P. Tallmadge, of Wisconsin territory, situated a few miles east of Fond du Lac, Wis., was destroyed by fire Wednesday. It was a historic landmark and contained twenty-two rooms. The house was the scene of many notable society events in pioneer days.

Mrs. Walter Brumitt, of West Vienna, without warning, shot and killed Samuel McCall, a prominent merchant in the street at Vienna, Ill. The cause for the shooting is not known.

A panic was narrowly averted at a circus performance at Marion, Ind., Wednesday night when one of the trick horses became uncontrollable and carried its rider out into the crowd, tramping on Bertha Williamson, 14 years old, who was seriously injured. Several women fainted and several others in their anxiety to escape trampled on others beneath them.

PRIEST DIES FROM INJURIES.

Omaha, Neb., May 5.—Rev. Father Edward Geary, pastor of the Holy Catholic church, died yesterday as the result of injuries inflicted on him by highwaymen Monday night. The assault occurred in front of the church by two men, one of whom called Rev. Mr. Geary to his aid, saying he was in distress. Before the highwaymen could search the priest's pockets, Father Fitzpatrick frightened them away. Father Geary was 75 years of age, and has been a pastor in this city for twenty-three years. A man giving the name of James Crandall is under arrest in connection with the assault.

CURES OTHERS, WILL CURE YOU.

Rea Bros.' Cascarin a Remedy of Merit.

You can't prevent a poisonous herb from growing by cutting off its leaves Neither can you prevent a disease from gaining ground by geting rid of its symptoms. With lots of medicine, all they do is to just ease the pain for a while, and leave the sufferer in hopes that he is cured, and then he finds, to his sorrow, when the lulling effect of such trashy medicines are worn off, that the trouble is worse than before. A medicine, to be of any real good, must uplift the disease, root and branch and all. Cascarin does this It goes right to the seat of the disease and overcomes and throws it out of the system forever Get your stomach and bowels in order. Cascarin will soon do that, and you will find that those sufferings you have so long and needlessly endured are ended at last. Put a stop to your unnecessary sufferings—unnecessary, when Cascarin will so readily cure you—give Cascarin the credit of one more added to its long list of cures. At leading druggists, 50c.

ANOTHER MAN'S VIEW OF ICE

Vessel Captain Thinks It Is Ready to Break Up.

"I don't know how firmly the ice field is attached on the south shore, if it is attached at all," said one of the vessel captains, this morning, who is here ready to take out his boat as soon as the ice field opens, "but I do know that the ice is free of the north shore and is so honeycombed now that it would take a very little wind to bunch and break it up.

"I believe that if we had a good stiff west wind for about a day the ice field would be carried out and broken up so that it would occasion little further trouble.

"The ice is disappearing surprisingly fast. Monday I passed over a slip at one of the lumber docks where the ice looked fairly solid. Yesterday I passed the same place and there was little ice there."

BEGINNING OF NEW SERVICE

Mail Clerks Go on Great Northern Night Train to West.

Today the new daily railway postoffice service will go into effect between Duluth and Grand Forks, on Duluth and Larimore trains 25 and 26. Train 25 is that leaving here over the Great Northern at 8:15 p. m. Tonight, for the first time in its history. It will carry a mail clerk, so that the small towns between here and the Dakota city, will all receive mail from it, where before only Grand Rapids, Bemidji, Fosston, McIntosh, Bagley and Crookston were thus benefited. The same train returning is numbered 26.

Clerks will run on these two trains between Duluth and Grand Forks, a distance of 297.86 miles, connecting at the latter point with clerks on the St. Paul and Havre second division. Between Crookston and Grand Forks the Duluth and Larimore mail cars in trains 25 and 26 will run in the same trams with the St. Paul and Havre trains, Nos. 8 and 25 and 26 and 8. The clerks in the Duluth and Larimore cars will not, however, perform any local service at offices between Crookston and Grand Forks. These offices will be supplied by clerks in the St. Paul and Havre cars.

Messrs. Frank Marr, Fuller, Storms and Flora will be employed as mail clerks on the new run. Storms and Flora have been working as clerks through the Dakota district. Marr lives in Duluth and has been running between here and Fargo via St. Cloud, on the Great Northern. Fuller has been on the Minnesota and International run.

INCENDIARY FIRE

At Brainerd Does Damage of About $20,000.

Brainerd, Minn., May 5.—Brainerd has been visited by another disastrous fire, and it is believed it was of incendiary origin. At midnight fire was discovered in what is known as the old Brainerd skating rink, but used by D. M. Clark & Co., furniture and hardware, for a store room. The building was totally destroyed. It is estimated there was fully $10,000 worth of goods stored there, most of it being a part of the new spring and summer stock of D. M. Clark & Co. It is estimated that the building was worth $3000. The Martin Shear and Clipping company factory, adjoining the rink, was also burned, entailing a loss approximating $5000, so that the total loss will be close to $20,000.

PRECAUTIONS TAKEN

To Prevent Fires on the Chippewa Reservation.

Cass Lake, Minn., May 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—During the past few days there have been several incipient blazes among the pine trees on the land included in the territory east of Cass Lake, which has been temporarily withdrawn from sale and settlement for the final selection for the Minnesota national forest reserve. These fires have been stopped, but have done some damage.

In order to check the fires, Eugene S. Brue, chief lumberman of the bureau of forestry, has detailed the members of his corps, (who have been marking the five per cent trees to be left as seedlings), to patrol a large amount of the territory in the proposed reserve. State Fire Warden Andrews has been notified and he will undoubtedly instruct the local fire wardeu to take suitable action.

Catarrhal Headache.—That dull, wretched pain in the head just over the eyes is one of the surest signs that the seeds of catarrh have been sown, and it's your warning to administer the quickest and surest treatment to prevent the seating of this dreaded malady. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder will stop all pain in ten minutes, and cure.—6.

CAPTAIN DEMANDS REDRESS.

Havana, May 5.— Capt. Curry, of the American schooner Irene, has applied to United States Consul General Steinhart for redress because of the seizure of his vessel by the Cuban revenue cutter Arana on the charge of sponge fishing in Cuban waters. The captain claims that the Irene was seized on the high seas, and explains the fact that sponges were found on board by saying that he caught them on the Mosquito coast. The consul general supports the captain's claim for $1000 as compensation for the delay occasioned by the seizure and the loss incurred.

Many Licenses Issued.

The month of April witnessed a fairly lively business in marriage licenses and first citizen papers among the range deputy clerks of district court. The reports of the deputies, filed with Clerk of Court J. P. Johnson, yesterday, show the following number issued: Eveleth, 20 marriage licenses, 4 first citizen papers; Chisholm, 4 marriage licenses, 6 first papers; Soudan, 6 marriage licenses, 4 first papers; Virginia, 6 marriage licenses, 5 first papers; Biwabik, 2 marriage licenses and 2 first papers.

HEARST SWEPT CONVENTION

Had Everything His Own Way With Iowa Democrats.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 5.—Wiliam Randolph Hearst swept the field in the Iowa state Democratic convention held here yesterday. He had a majority of over 150 in the convention, and Hearst resolutions were adopted, the Hearst delegations from the contesting counties were seated and Hearst delegates were selected. The convention was instructed to vote as a unit and stand by Charles Walsh as a member of the national committee.

The convention was boisterous and the orators, of whom there were many on both sides, were hissed, some of them being driven from the stage.

The spectacle was presented of Congressman M. J. Wade, the only Democratic congressman from Iowa; J. B. Sullvan, late candidate for governor; M. F. Healy, who came out of a retirement of six years to do it, and others appealing to their party in vain against instructions.

The Hearst people would listen to no compromise and Wade and Sullivan do not appear in the delegation. It is headed by J. M. Parsons, of Rock Rapids, and other delegates-at-large being Gen. J. B. Weaver, of Colfax; Judge N. M. Carr, of Manchester, and S. B. Wadworth, of Council Bluffs.

Cries of "bought," "brass collar," "how much did it cost?" met the Hearst speakers whenever they attempted to speak and pandemonium reigned in the convention.

The resolutions adopted were mild and included a paragraph touching on the evils of taxation, etc., and lays the greatest stress on the trusts and points to William R. Hearst as the champion of the anti-trust idea. This paragraph is as follows:

"Second, that we recognize in the predatory trusts the greatest danger that has ever threatened the life of the nation and the welfare of the people and denounce their scheme of levying tribute upon all producers and consumers as a modern system of brigandage, which, while masquerading under the cloak of the law in fact makes of law a mockery and justice a farce. In utter disregard of the natural and constitutional rights of the farmers, the merchants and the great army of wage earners, the trusts has ruthlessly seized upon every branch of production and distribution until every avenue of human endeavor is compelled to bow at the behests of these conscienceless criminals and pay tribute or cease to exist.

"Third, that we denounce the vicious tariff system fostered and perpetuated by the Republican party under which the trusts have been born, bred, fattened and the species multiplied until they have every industrial and commercial interest by the throat and we demand the repeal of every tariff which denies equal opportunites for all.'"

SCHLITZ The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous—
Duluth Branch, 35 E. Railroad St.
'Phone—Zenith 358.

Thousands of housewives in Duluth tried a first order of
COMMANDER FLOUR and continued to use it. Because with less trouble than usual Commander Flour produces extra good bread. An order to your grocer for Commander Flour will give you the same tangible results. Manufactured by
GREGORY, COOK & CO., Duluth, Minn.

A Cracker Barometer

A common soda cracker is as susceptible to atmospheric change as a barometer. That's why crackers bought in a bag taste worse one time than another. That's why you could never get a really good soda cracker until the National Biscuit Company made **Uneeda Biscuit** and protected them with an air tight package. Now, it makes no difference whether it's clear or rainy; dry or moist; warm or cold; you can enjoy at their best, the best crackers, the best bakers ever baked, by simply asking for

Uneeda Biscuit

The Crackle You Hear Is the Sign They are Fresh

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

5¢

AN OUTLAW QUEST

Desperadoes Come to Grief Through Jilted Indian Girl.

Brave Deputy at Last Accomplishes Capture Long Frustrated.

Muskogee, I. T., May 5.—A study of the records and intimate acquaintance with the marshals long in service proves that there were fewo fo the notorious bands of outlaws which were not carefully guarded by female friends who would risk their lives and homes for them at any time. The cunning of the woman in keeping between the United States officers and their outlaw friends and the fearlessness with which they exposed them if they became suspicious that their friends were not acting in good faith are without parallel.

From 1896 to 1898 there was a band of outlaws that had for headquarters the Green Leaf mountains, in the Cherokee nation. Mose Miller wantonly killed Tom Maddin and when the officers got after him he went into the Green Leaf mountains. Here he gathered around him Charles Greathouse, Bill Knave, Andy Petit, Cherokee Johnson, Bill Coulter and two others who were afterward killed by members of the same gang because they were suspected of betrayal. The first dash this band made was at the bank of Mayesville, over the Arkansas line, which they looted. They next attempted to rob the postoffice at Melvin and Zach Taylor, the postmaster, was killed.

The next sortie was at Checotah, when an attempt was made to rob the bank. There young Petit was killed and Greathouse captured by Frank Jones, a deputy marshal, and the death of Petit was the beginning of the end. Petit had a sister, Lucille Petit. She believed that her brother had been enticed from home by the rest of the band and that they had caused his death in the Checotah bank robbery. From that day she began to make overtures to the officers to assist in capturing the rest of the band.

Two years and the best efforts of two marshals and their deputies had been spent in useless effort to capture the outlaws, but from the alliance with Lucille Petit results came. She was a slip of a girl seventeen years old, and a half-blood Cherokee. She was born and reared in the Green Leaf mountains and there was not a path or trail she did not know or could not follow day or night. She had assisted the outlaws to evade officers before she knew their habits and haunts. But even with this assistance it was difficult to trap the outlaws, and they had to be caught unawares or it meant the officers would be wiped out or every outlaw killed. Every man, woman and child in the mountains was their friend either from sympathy or fear.

Mose Miller was the leader of the gang and every mountain home was a place of refuge for him. Many times the officers have gone to these houses and made inquiries for him and been told that such a man was unknown and had never been heard of in that section. Later developments would show that he had slept in the house and been gone less than an hour. The outlaws had a friend in the ferryman who ran the boat on which the officers had to cross the Arkansas river, and the minute an officer crossed the Green Leaf country the outlaws were notified. They knew the track of every horse in the mountains and if a stranger passed in the night the tracks of his horse were telltale and no time was lost in ascertaining who he was and what he wanted.

Bud Ledbetter, the oldest and most trusted deputy in the territory, crossed the river alone one day and went into the mountains. He took his life in his hands, for every outlaw in the territory knew Ledbetter. By good fortune he got close enough to the Miller gang to learn a good deal of their movements. For two weeks he remained in the mountains, living with his finger on the trigger of his Winchester and sleeping on the ground, often covered with snow, for to go to a house was to go to the enemy's camp and, besides, houses were mighty scarce at that time.

When Ledbetter returned he had a complete mental map of the country in which the outlaws were, a knowledge of their operations and the confidence of Lucille Petit. A posse of men who could shoot was organized and, following the path that Ledbetter led, they got into the Green Leaf by a narrow gulch which Lucille had showed him and which the outlaws left unguarded as a path within their own knowledge alone. The officers were on a still hunt, and for four days not a single soul saw them save this one girl, who brought them food from her cabin, coming and going in the night, her eye keen and alert and her heart crying for vengeance for the murder of her brother. A single sign, a misstep and the girl knew that her life would be whiffed out like snuffing a candle, for outlawry demanded sincerity, but she never faltered. The fourth day the officers had been brought their food before daylight as they lay surrounding a suspected house. The sun had just burst forth over the mountain top and the officers were preparing silently to depart, as none of the outlaws had been seen to enter the house during the night and the officers did not want their presence known. Lucille had almost reached the cabin when she heard a cry in the mountain. She turned and fairly flew back to where she could signal and she knew that from the house the reply would come that all was safe. The officers quickly deployed themselves and the girl retreated to the path by which she came and to her cabin.

Bill Knave came striding up the road to the house, quick, alert and with all of the confidence born of mountain breeding and years of successful fighting man for man. As he reached a point where the officers could crossfire an officer called him to halt, advancing in the meantime with his Winchester drawn. Knave did not halt. Like a flash his Winchester was brought into play and a ball cut the skin on Deputy Dobson's temple. This was Knave's last shot. He fell with two bullets close to his heart. In the fight that followed the only member of the Miller gang left was Mose Miller.

The story of Lucille Petit's part in this fight was never told by the officers until the outlaw spirit died out, for they knew that her life would have to answer for it. Mose Miller knew that some one had bertayed him, but was never able to find out who. He went further up in the mountains, still fighting officers and asking favors from neither friend nor foe. He trusted even the mountaineers no more and lived alone with his Winchester and his conscience. But the soul of man cries out for companionship. This call reached Mary Redbird, a full blood Indian girl, and they became sweethearts. Knave would not trust even the Indians now and would not go to their cabins. Mary Redbird met him in the woods and went to his cabin sometimes. She guarded him with Indian craft that has no equal.

Of her tribesmen Mary Redbird made spies who were as true as the old gang of outlaws had been and as unerring as nature itself. The officers knew that Mary Redbird and Miller were sweethearts and that she had foiled all attempts made to capture him. Officers were sent into the mountains one day and she was arrested and brought to jail on a charge of harboring outlaws. Behind the bars she never weakened and the officers failed to convict her. As soon as she was released she went straight to the mountain and to Miller. She found in her absence that Miller had become attentive to another Indian girl.

All the hate of her Indian nature flamed up at this evidence of his unfaithfulness, more bitter still it came while she was suffering a prison cell rather than betray her white lover.

Bud Ledbetter, who had sworn that sooner or later he would capture Miller, soon became aware of the changed relation between the white man and the Indian maid. Quietly and alone he went into the mountains, found Mary Redbird, and there in the wild mountains was re-enacted the old Biblical story of Samson and Delilah. She enticed Miller to go to a dance at a cabin in a white settlement and there got him drunk on whisky furnished by Ledbetter. She took him home and put him to sleep. When Miller was soundly sleeping she gave the signal from the cabin window and the officer stole silently in and bound their captive in his bed.

RHEUMATISM

IN FEET OR ANKLES USE AN

Tear an *Allcock's Porous Plaster* in two lengthwise, and apply on soles of feet; renew the plaster every time the feet are bathed. You will be surprised how it will relieve rheumatism in the feet or ankles.

For tired or lame feet relief is afforded at once.

Allcock's POROUS PLASTER

Allcock's Plasters are the original and genuine porous plasters and have never been equalled as a pain-curer. We guarantee them to contain no belladonna, opium or any poison whatever. Absolutely safe, wonderfully curative.

Never Accept a Substitute.

GROWTH IN EXPORTS

Of Manufactures From United States During Fiscal Year.

Extends to Large Proportion of the Manufactured Articles.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, May 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The growth in the exports of manufactures from the United States which is so strongly marked in the present fiscal year extends to a very large proportion of the list of articles included under that term, manufactures. This is shown by some tables just prepared by the department of commerce and labor through its bureau of statistics. They include all manufactured articles or groups of articles whose exportation aggregated, in the last fiscal year, as much as one million dollars in value, or seem likely to aggregate that sum in the present fiscal year.

Necessarily many of the articles can only be stated under the general classification to which they belong, such as manufactures of iron and steel, which are all stated in the single group, iron and steel manufactures. Leather, boots and shoes, harness, etc., are included under the term leather and manufactures thereof; reapers and mowers, plows, and other agricultural machinery are included under the general term agricultural implements; naptha, gasoline, and mineral oil for lighting are included under the general term of refined mineral oil; cotton cloths, wearing apparel of cotton, cotton yarn, and cotton-mill waste are included under the general term cotton manufactures.

Taking all manufactured articles or groups of articles whose exportation in the last fiscal year exceeded one million dollars, the bureau of statistics has brought together in one table all of those which show an increase in the value of exports in the nine months ending with March, 1904, over the same period in 1903, and in another table all of those showing a decrease in value of exports in the nine months ending with March, 1904, compared with the corresponding nine months of 1903. These two tables include about 95 per cent of the total exports of manufactures.

In the first table, which shows the articles in which there is an increase in value, article by article, or group by group, down to one million dollars in value, twenty-two articles or groups are shown, with an aggregate value for the nine months in question of 280 million dollars in 1904, while the table showing decreases includes but seven articles or groups of articles and aggregates $36,000,000 in 1904.

The articles or groups of articles which show an increase are iron and steel manufactures; mineral oils; copper; leather and manufactures; agricultural implements; chemicals, drugs, and dyes; wood, manufactures of; cars and carriages; paper and its manufactures; scientific instruments; manufactures of fibers; manufactures of india rubber; clocks and watches; paints and oils; gunpowder and other explosives; brass and manufactures thereof; soap; marble and stone and manufactures of; wool manufactures; jewelry; lamps and chandeliers; and sugar and confectionery. The articles or groups of articles showing a decrease in exportation are cotton manufactures; paraffin; tobacco; books, maps, and engravings; musical instruments; distilled spirits; and glass and glassware.

The 29 articles or groups of articles whose exportation is thus compared with that of last year include about 95 per cent of the total exports of manufactures. The group which includes those showing an increase aggregates $280,762,453 in alue for the nine months ending with March, 1904, against $241,344,902 in the corresponding months of last year, an increase of $39,417,551. The group which includes those showing a decrease aggregates $36,307,076 in value for the nine months ending with March, 1904, against $44,-835,897 in the corresponding months of last year, a decrease of $8,528,821. Of this total decrease of $8,528,821, as shown by the table of decreases, nearly $8,000,000 occurs in manufactures of cotton, of which the total exports in the nine months ending with March, 1904, amounted to $16,735,456, against $24,658,789 in the corresponding months of last year. Thus the chief article in which a decrease occurs in exports of manufactures is cotton manufactures, and this occurs largely in cotton cloths, of which the price has materially increased by reason of the unusually high price of cotton in the past few months.

The tables which follow show the exportation in the nine months ending with March of all articles or groups of articles whose export value in the last two fiscal years reached or exceeded $1,000,000. The first table includes all those in which exports show an increase and the second includes all those in which exports show a decrease. These two tables include about 95 per cent of the $317,069,529 of manufactures exported from the United States in the nine months ending with March, 1904.

Manufactures exported which show an increase in value in the nine months ending with March, 1904, over the same period of 1903.

(Includes all articles or groups of articles whose export value in 1903 or 1904 equaled or exceeded $1,000,000.)

Articles—	Nine months ending March— 1903.	1904.
Iron and steel manufactures	$70,965,720	$78,519,338
Mineral oils	44,229,773	53,313,478
Copper manufactures	29,891,617	43,180,731
Leather and manufactures of	23,771,937	24,491 269
Agricultural implements	13,316,787	15,715,943
Chemicals, drugs, and dyes	10,154,145	10,763 375
Wood, manufactures of	9,390,107	9,729,407
Cars and carriages	7,375,262	7,766,032
Paper, and manufactures of	5,312,302	5,338,819
Scientific instruments	5,383,146	6,990,429
Fibres, manufactures of	3,807,059	4,481,450
India rubber manufactures	3,168,670	3,410,528
Clocks and watches	1,586,041	1,728,682
Paints and oils	1,650,855	1,988,055
Gunpowder and explosives	1,800,083	1,819,589
Brass and manufactures of	1,563,417	1,671,067
Soap	1,727,597	1,919,131
Marble and stone manufactures	1,101,384	1,286,340
Wool, manufactures of	1,279,016	1,607,251
Jewelry, etc.	985,198	1,096,693
Lamps and chandeliers	784,056	1,145,518
Sugar and confectionery	2,310,000	2,538,523

Manufactures exported which show a decrease in value in the nine months ending with March, 1904, compared with the same period in 1903.

(Includes all whose value in 1903 exceeded $1,000,000.)

Articles—	Nine months ending March— 1903.	1904.
Cotton manufactures	$24,658,789	$16,735,456
Paraffin	7,661,877	6,792,338
Tobacco manufactures	3,845,143	3,814,022
Books, maps, and engravings	3,348,185	3,251,013
Musical instruments	2,575,339	2,549,814
Distilled spirits	1,760,325	1,734,208
Glass and glassware	1,596,229	1,430,223

Feel Better At Once

After Using the Marvelous New Discovery That Turns Age to Youth, Sickness to Health and Weakness to Strength.

A single tablespoonful of marvelous Chrystal Tonic will send a glow of new strength and vim through the system. Its continued use will build up a condition of abounding vitality and strength.

Chrystal Tonic is a pure, stimulating, invigorating strength giver. It feeds the nerves, brain, blood and muscles. It banishes the blues and drives away melancholy.

Chrystal Tonic cures rheumatism, constipation, consumption, torpid liver, kidney trouble, Bright's disease, heart disease, neuralgia, nervous exhaustion, male and female weakness, bad blood, headache, backache, dizziness, sleeplessness, dyspepsia, general debility, tired, brain, and any run-down condition of the system.

It does not contain an atom of impurity, or of anything that can by the remotest possibility injure even those in the most feeble health.

It is as bracing and invigorating as concentrated sunshine and pure mountain air.

It does not create a craving for the tonic, although it is pleasant to take. The price is only $1 for the biggest bottle of tonic that was ever sold.

Don't take our word for what Chrystal Tonic will do for you, try a bottle today. If, after using it, you are not delighted with the result write the company at Marshall and they will refund your money. What could be fairer?

Get Chrystal Tonic from your druggist at $1.00 the bottle or direct from the Chrystal Tonic Co., Marshall, Mich., prepaid, on receipt of price.

JERSEY IRON KING

Will Soon Move Into His Massive Castle.

New York, May 5.—Dr. Richard Moldenke's castle on the crest of the Watchung Hills, in New Jersey, is nearly ready for occupancy. He is a retired millionaire iron master, and his castle is said to surpass Carnegie's Skibo. The Jersey castle is built on the plans of one inhabited by Moldenke's ancestors in Germany during the middle ages.

Through this castle a troop of horsemen could ride a charge and retreat, for its ground floor is one great room, broken only by broad arches through which four horsemen could ride abreast. From foundation stone to turret top is a continuous suggestion of the days of chivalry.

The castle is not without its tradtional "dungeons," but these are not utilized for the same purposes as those of old. Dr. Moldenke was his own architect. His plans were the results of travels in Europe.

Found a Cure for Indigestion.

I use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets for indigestion and find that they suit my case better than any dyspepsia remedy I have ever tried and I have used many different remedies. I am nearly fifty-one years of age and have suffered a great deal from indigestion. I can eat almost anything I want to now. —Geo. W. Emory, Rock Mills, Ala. For sale by all druggists.

ALIENATION OF AFFECTIONS

Is Basis of Suit By Chicago Woman Against Widow.

Chicago, May 5.—Mrs. Anna R. Cooke has filed the declaration in her suit, charging Mrs. Jeanette Ford, a Kentucky belle, with the alienation of her husband's affections. The praecepe in Mrs. Cooke's $25,000 alienation suit was filed immediately after Mrs. Ford began her $25,000 damage suit against Edgar T. Cooke, of the Central Fire Underwriters' association, clubman, and husband of the North Side society leader.

Mrs. Ford is charged by Mrs. Cooke with destroying Cooke's affection for his wife through "blandishments and protestations of affection." The Kentucky woman, who says Cooke beat her in her apartments at the Sherman house, is charged by Mrs. Cooke with having kept him away from her by threats of poison and violence.

The suits of Mrs. Cooke and Mrs. Ford are the instruments in a remarkable war of love over one man. Mrs. Ford, it is charged, filed a damage suit against Cooke and took out warrants for his arrest in order to keep him away from his wife. Mrs. Cooke, in her fight against the Kentucky woman, filed a suit which she hopes will offset Mrs. Ford's suit and allow Cooke to live with his family unmolested.

Mrs. Cooke said: "The Kentucky widow met my husband in Cincinnati in September, 1901. He did not love her. She is mad with infatuation over him. She has followed him all over the United States since. She came here. She hounded him in his office, on the streets, at his club, even inviting him to come to her hotel when he was here. That caused the story of his assaulting her in a State street department store and at the Sherman house. In New York, where he was a stock broker, in June, 1902, Mrs. Ford assaulted my husband and injured him. Despite all these things he is determined to live in Chicago with his family."

UNITED CHRISTIAN PARTY

Appoints Committee to Select National Candidates.

St. Louis, May 5.—The national committee and the delegates to the national convention of the United Christian party, who have been in session here since Sunday, have appointed a nominating committee of twelve to select candidates for a national ticket at the next presidential election. The convention has adjourned to meet here after efforts have been made to secure the endorsement of one of the principal political parties of the planks contained in the Christian party platform, adopted last Monday. If the platform is endorsed, it is said, there will be no independent ticket, the United Christian party agreeing to support the nominees of the party endorsing its platform.

GROOM DIED

Before Pastor Had Concluded the Marriage Ceremony.

Columbus, Ohio, May 5.—Accompanying the return of a marriage license to the probate judge, Rev. R. R. Downs explained that the license would not be used because the prospective groom had died while the marriage ceremony was being performed. On Saturday, while uniting Alfred Roberts and Mrs. Judith Harris, both colored, in marriage, Roberts died. The wedding was first set for Sunday, but early Saturday morning Mr. Roberts suffered a stroke of paralysis. Dr. Mosby, who was called in, pronounced his condition critical.

A marriage license was hastily secured and Rev. R. R. Downs summoned. Mr. Roberts was propped up in bed and the wedding ceremony started. It was almost concluded when it was seen that he was gasping. The ceremony was stopped and an effort made to assist the suffering man, but it was too late, and he died while holding the right hand of his bride-elect.

The deceased was the owner of property at 43 East Spring street, which is valued at $12,000. He also possesses other property and money, said to make a total estate of $18,000. A lawsuit is sure to result over its disposition, as Mrs. Harris insists that the property was to have been given to her.

An Open Letter.

From the Chapin, S. C., News: Early in the spring my wife and I were taken with diarrhoea and so severe were the pains that we called a physician who prescribed for us, but his medicines failed to give any relief. A friend who had a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy on hand gave each of us a dose and we at once felt the effects. I procured a bottle and before using the entire contents we were entirely cured. It is a wonderful remedy and should be found in every household. H. C. Bailey, Editor. This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

Woman's Nature

Is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass usually is so full of suffering, danger and fear that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread. **Mother's Friend,** by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness, and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system for the ordeal that she passes through the event safely and with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "it is worth its weight in gold." $1.00 per bottle of druggists. Book containing valuable information mailed free.

Mother's Friend

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY PROMPT PRINTERS Old 'Phone 166-R New 'Phone 336 Mail Orders Promptly Attended to. WRITE FOR PRICES. Providence Bldg 4th Ave. W. and Sup. St.

"IT IS IGNORANCE THAT WASTES EFFORT." TRAINED SERVANTS USE

SAPOLIO

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Constipation, Stops Prematureness, Stops Nervous Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and tion. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Restores small, Varicocele, or Consumptive potency to every function. Twitching, of undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

50 CENTS

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

"LIKE MOTHER USED TO MAKE."

NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT

In 10c Packages with List of Valuable Premiums.

Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful **MARVEL Whirling Spray**

The new Vaginal Syringe. *Injection and Suction.* Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions in valuable ladies. MARVEL CO., Times Bldg., New York.

Sold in Duluth by Max Wirth.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, which was duly executed and delivered by Peter P. Bjerre and Ellen M. Bjerre, his wife, mortgagors, to John F. Duncan, mortgagee, bearing date November sixteenth (16th), 1893, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis county, Minnesota, on December eighth (8th), 1893, at eight o'clock a. m., in Book ninety-eight (98) of mortgages, on page one hundred seventy-four (174); and, whereas, Clara L. Duncan has been duly appointed executrix of the will of said John F. Duncan, deceased, by the Orphans Court of Union County, Pennsylvania, wherein said John F. Duncan resided at the time of his death, and a duly authenticated copy of her appointment as such executrix has been filed for record in the office of the register of deeds for said St. Louis County, Minnesota; such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum of eight hundred ($800) dollars thereby secured, and interest thereon from the 1st day of November, 1894, and also in the non-payment of taxes for the years 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1901 and 1902, and special assessment for street improvements, all of which have become due, and which said John F. Duncan was compelled to pay, and did pay, amounting to the sum of $152.75;

And, whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of fourteen hundred four ($1404) dollars, principal and interest, together with the additional sum of $152.75 for taxes and assessments so paid.

And, whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered twelve (12), in block numbered two hundred three (203), West Duluth, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the thirteenth (13th) day of June, A. D. 1904, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and said assessments and taxes paid thereon, and fifty dollars attorneys' fee stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 28th, 1904.

CLARA L. DUNCAN,
Executrix of the will of John F. Duncan, deceased.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Executrix.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-28-May-5-12-19-26-June-2, 1904.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, April 27th, 1904.

In the matter of the estate of Mary Morgan, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Edwin F. Morgan, administrator of the estate of Mary Morgan, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Tuesday, the 31st day of May, A. D. 1904, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 27th day of April, A. D. 1904.

By the Court.
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—April 28, May 5-12, 1904.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, all sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. F. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

Photographed from Life. **REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY** Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT **FRENCH REMEDY**

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., Trayner Building, CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH **PENNYROYAL PILLS** Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 395 West Superio st., Duluth

WALL PAPER AT HALF!

Beginning tomorrow morning and continuing all during our grand removal sale, we will sell:

All our 6c Wall Paper at..... 3c
All our 7½c Wall Paper at..... 4c
All our 10c Wall Paper at..... 5c
All our 15c Wall Paper at..... 7½c
All our 20c Wall Paper at..... 10c
All our 30c Wall Paper at..... 15c
All our 40c Wall Paper at..... 20c
All our 50c Wall Paper at..... 25c
All our 60c Wall Paper at..... 30c
All our 75c Wall Paper at..... 37½c
All our $1.00 Wall Paper at..... 50c
All our $1.50 Wall Paper at..... 75c

Everything else in stock will be disposed of at discounts of 30 to 40 per cent. This includes beautiful pictures, choice bric-a-brac, mirrors, made-up picture frames, etc. It is the buying opportunity of the year.

ENGELS' ART STORE,

17 and 19 Third Avenue West.

ICE VERY SOFT

Two Harbors Reports It in Decidedly Frail Condition.

Bon Ami Has Not Yet Made North Shore Start.

Up to 2 o'clock this afternoon the Bon Ami had not been started from Two Harbors for her first trip up the North Shore, but was expected to start at almost any time. A telephone message from Two Harbors this morning stated that practically all the ice had gone out at that point and that the lake was clear for a quarter of a mile from the shore. The boat made some trial moves around Two Harbors yesterday and what ice was encountered was found to be mushy and very easily broken and it was not thought she would have any trouble getting up the shore. There is reported to be no ice at Grand Marais, while there is some at Little Marais, Beaver Bay and Fork Bay.

It is believed that a good land breeze just now would do a whole lot toward clearing the Duluth end of the lake from the ice that is now in the neighborhood.

"Twenty-four hours of a pretty fair wind from off shore would do a powerful bit of work out there," mused one of the interested ones this morning as he looked out on the lake. "Most of the ice is well honeycombed and a stirring wind to start it moving would break up the majority of what is in sight. Then we could have navigaion sure enough."

No word has been heard up to late this afternoon, from the conference of wesselmen and masters at Cleveland, although it was pretty well believed that some conclusion would be reached before the close of the day, which would enable vessels to get a start. As to the boats starting out without an agreement, leaving the questions of dispute to arbitration, some of the interested ones question this, and say they believe things are in shape that will enable everything to be settled before navigation is begun.

The Sultana has finished loading and has in her hold a cargo of 115,000 bushels of flax and 62,000 bushels of wheat.

DO NOT WANT RECIPROCITY.

Boston, May 5.—A proposition to memorialize congress in behalf of Canadian reciprocity was defeated today in the Massachusetts house of representatives.

DIFFERENCE SSETTLED.

Brazil, Ind., May 5.—The miners and operators of the Block coal district reached a settlement of their differences this afternoon. The presence of National Vice President Lewis with the joint scale committees resulted in the settlement today.

Men's Tan Oxfords.

Comfort and fashion go hand in hand when a man puts on a pair of

TAN OXFORDS.

As we predicted, tans will be very popular this season and we do not believe that they will ever again be laid on the shelf.

Men, in particular, want them, and will have them.

Our men's tans are ready and we think you will want a pair as soon as you see them.

**Splendid leather—
Splendid shoemaking—
$2.50, $3.50, $5, $7.**

M. S. BURROWS

TORNADO IN IOWA

Fierce Wind Storm Strikes Just East of Meriden.

Sioux City People Alarmed By Approach of Storm.

St. Paul, May 5.—A long distance telephone message to the Dispatch from Sioux City, Iowa, says:

A tornedo formed just east of Meriden on the Illinois Central this afternoon. It struck Meriden, demolished a number of houses and barns and the torrent of water which fell washed out considerable tracks. The storm passed east taking a few buildings in its path. None has been reported injured or killed. The storm struck Cherokee and demolished a few buildings. The storm at 4 o'clock was approaching Sioux City and people are alarmed.

Des Moines, May 5.—A tornado has paralyzed telegraph service between Cherokee, Iowa, and Marcus, Iowa. It is feared that there has been loss of life.

Cherokee, Iowa, May 5.—A tornado which passed through this county today destroyed several houses and barns in the vicinity of Meriden. The buildings were totally demolished, but no lives were lost. A severe wind blew here during the progress of the wave that did the damage at Meriden, which is six miles north of here, but no damage was done in the immediate vicinity.

Kansas City, May 5.—A tornado is reported to have struck the town of Bridgeport, Okla., this afternoon. Up to 3 o'clock no details of the damage done had been received. According to Weather Observer Conner of the city, cyclonic conditions prevailed in this part of the Southwest today, accompanied by a terrific rain storm.

Bridgeport is a town of 100 on the Rock Island road, near the Canadian river, midway between El Reno and Arapahoe.

THE TYNER TRIAL

Clerk Tells Why More Fraud Orders Were Not Issued.

Washington, May 5.—Hayes Morgan was again called to the stand today in the trial of former Assistant Attorney General James N. Tyner and his assistant, Harrison J. Barrett, on charges of conspiracy in connection with their duties in the postoffice. A. S. Worthington, counsel for the defendants, resuming cross-examination, endeavored to ascertain why there was only one fraud order issued against bond investment companies in the year, July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901. This was the year to which reference was made by the prosecution in its presentation to the jury for the purpose of strengthening the government's contention that action was delayed by Mr. Barrett preparatory to his resignation and undertaking to further the companies' interests in the postoffice.

Mr. Morgan said the fact that only one fraud order was issued is explained by the fact that very few reports were made and that the data which did come to the department was not sufficient to warrant the issuance of such orders. He said that of the seventy-five cases pending before the department, not more than five or six were brought before the department by the inspectors. The others were the voluntary requests of the companies that an investigation be made to determine whether their business was in compliance with the postal laws.

It was brought out through the testimony of Mr. Morgan that the practice of the assistant attorney general for the last ten or twelve years has been to give bond investment companies an opportunity to make their plans of business conform to postal laws before proceeding against them.

Mr. Morgan said that to his knowledge Gen. Tyner had nothing to do with the preparation or the conclusions reached in the opinion of Mr. Barrett, which was sent to the bond investment companies. The witness said he had been associated with Mr. Barrett in the preparation of the opinion. He was asked whether he considered that Mr. Barrett was honest in his work in endeavoring to prepare a general opinion that would fit all of the companies under investigation.

"It never occurred to me that he was not honest," said the witness.

The testimony taken during the morning session was devoted almost wholly to a description of the events leading up to the preparation of the Barrett opinion. A recess was taken from 12:30 to 1:30 p. m.

A CASE OF PANIC

A. D. McRae Believes That Responsible For Kimberly Drowning.

Men Could Have Walked Ashore Had They Survived Cold.

A. D. McRae, of the firm of Davidson & McRae, owners of the ranch near Kimberly, Minn., on which the four men who were drowned in Rice Lake last Sunday morning were employed, returned to Duluth yesterday from a visit to the ranch and scene of the accident. He says that the bodies of the four drowned men, Gilbert Ness, Christopher Peterson, Oscar Johnson and Hoken Overland, have not yet been recovered from the waters of the lake, and that search for them has been abandoned as hopeless by all except Olaf Ness, of Duluth, a brother of Gilbert.

"There is something very peculiar about the accident," said Mr. McRae today. "There appears to be no reason why any of the men should have drowned, for in no spot is Rice lake more than four or five feet in depth. The only reasonable explanation offered for the tragic ending of the accident is that the men became badly frightened and completely lost their heads on being thrown into the icy water. They could have walked on the bottom of the lake to an island half a mile distant, or even to the mainland, a mile and a half away, provided they could have withstood the effects of the cold water.

"One man apparently did find bottom with his feet, for he was visible from the shore for a full half hour, standing upright, head and shoulders above water, after his friends had disappeared.

"It seems, however, that he made no attempt to walk to shore, evidently fearing that he would step off into deep water, and preferring to wait where he was until help arrived. He was overcome by the cold and died before friends could reach him from the shore on a hastily constructed raft. The other men probably did not try to stand up at all, but in their terror at sinking, kicked wildly about and tried to swim instead of having the presence of mind to straighten up and see if they could not find a place for their feet.

"The lake is muddy, with a mud bottom, and this is probably the reason the search for the bodies was fruitless. The county coroner and assistants, with several men from our ranch, helped in the search, but no trace of the missing men could be found. Because of the mud it was hardly practical to use a drag. The lake will be watched in the hope that the bodies will come to the surface of the water of their own accord, as usually hapens in a case of drowning."

The men were duck hunting when the accident by which they met their death occurred. The boat containing Johnson and Overland in some manner tipped over, and while Ness and Peterson, in their boat, were trying to rescue their friends, they also capsized. It was at first thought one of the boats had sunk, but later both were found.

It has been suggested to Mr. McRae that the reason the men did not walk to shore was the fact that the lake bottom was so muddy as to make walking on it impossible for any distance. He says that the depth of the lake, as measured in the deeper holes, was found by sticking the measuring rod as far down in the mud as a man would naturally sink.

"People on the shore say the men did not try to walk at all," he said. "Three of the unfortunates had disappeared within as many minutes, while the third simply stood still and called loudly for help."

TO NOMINATE ROOSEVELT.

Former Governor Black Selected For Principal Speech.

Washington, May 5.—It was announced at the White House today that former governor Frank S. Black, of New York would make the principal speech in nomination of President Roosevelt at the Chicago convention. He will be followed by several delegates with seconding speeches. One of which will be delivered by Harry Stillwell Edwards, the well known author of Macon, Ga. The expectation is that a decision regarding the chairmanship of the republican national committee will be reached before the Chicago convention assembles. The president has adhered to his determination that the nomination of a candidate for vice presidency ought to be determined by the party leaders in the convention without suggestion from him.

A. B. SIEWERT & CO.

SPRING UNDERWEAR

Light wools, balbriggans, lisles, mercerized cottons, silk and wool mixed, silk and lisle mixed, pure silks, pure linens, including

DR. DEIMEL'S LINEN MESH

both shirts and drawers and union suits. The best foreign and domestic manufacturers are represented. Prices 50c up to $21.00 per garment.

A. B. SIEWERT & CO.

Hatters and Furnishers.
304 West Superior St.

JAPS PREPARING TO LAND NEAR PT. ARTHUR

Mikado's Warships and Transports Appear Behind Liao Shan.

Believed That They Intend to Attack Port Arthur From Rear.

Port Arthur, May 5.—The Japanese squadron is behind the Liao Shan promontory, south of Port Arthur.

Transports have arrived at Pitsewo, northeast of Port Arthur, with the object of making a landing.

Pitsewo is situated on the east coast of the Liao Tung peninsula and about seventy-five miles northeast of Port Arthur. It is near the narrowest part of the peninsula along which passes the railroad connecting Port Arthur with Mukden and Harbin. Kin Chow bay, where Japanese transports are also reported to have been sighted is on the west coast of the Liao Tung peninsula and not far from Pitsewo.

Newchwang, May 5.—Five Japanese warships with a large number of transports have been seen near Kin Chow bay on the west coast of the Liao Tung peninsula, north of Port Arthur.

St. Petersburg, May 5.—There are rumors here which cannot be traced to a responsible source that the Russian troops in Northeastern Korea have swooped down upon the Japanese below the Yalu river, winning a big victory. The story is not credited.

Paris, May 5.—A dispatch to the Temps from St. cPtersburg confirms a previous report to the effect that the Japanese fleet reappeared off Port Arthur yesterday and that an engagemen occurred off Gensan, Korea, between a Japanese squadron and the Russian fleet from Vladivostok.

Che Foo, May 5.—Chinese junks which have arrived here report that a fleet of forty Japanese warships and transports was off We Hai Wei Tuesday, seaming northwest.

New York, May 5.—The Japanese merchant steamer Haginowia Maru, bound from Wonson to Fusan, is considerably overdue, and fears are entertained that she has met the same fate as the Kinshiu Maru, says a Herald dispatch from Seoul. Another Russian raid down the east cost was reported Tuesday.

New York, May 5.—A transport which was conveying the foreign military attaches to the scene of war, has been wrecked, striking a rock near Shimonoseki, acording to a World dispatch from Tokio. The attaches are being carried by another steamer to their destination.

BUILDING WARSHIPS.

United States Well at Head of List.

London, May 4.—A parlimentary return issued today giving the number of warships built and building of the seven strongest navies in the world, credits Russia with only one completed submarine boat. This is of 175 tons and was launched in 1901. Russia is credited, however, with fourteen others in course of construction but a foot note points out that it is uncertain whether all of these have actually been commenced.

The United States comes first in battleships building, with thirteen including the Idaho and Mississippi, in course of construction followed by Great Britain with twelve. The later is constructing seventeen armored cruisers against eleven for the United States, the third in order being France with nine armored cruisers building.

DESPERATE COURAGE

Displayed By Japs In Fire Ship Attack.

Port Arthur, May 5.—The Japanese displayed desperate courage in their fireship attack on the night of Tuesday. The ships, as they approached, were divided into three groups, all heading straight for the entrance of the harbor. While still far from the shore they ran on the Russian mines and they were under a murderous fire from the Russian batteries. Three torpedo boats followed the fireships to pick up the crews of the latter. When the first ship foundered the crew clambered up the mast, cheering for the emperor of Japan as they went down. From the masthead of the second vessel, as she began to sink, her crew waved lanterns to indicate her course to those astern. Their small boats, though soon riddled, did not raise the white flag.

A Japanese sailor, who came ashore at Electric hill, when summoned to surrender, sprang forward with a revolver in his hand and died fighting.

Another Japanese sailor, who was pulled out of the water, tried to throttle himself with his necktie.

One of the Russian rowboats which approached a sinking ship for the purpose of saving her crew, was met by small arm fire.

The Russian sailors showed every consideration for the captured Japanese, wrapping them up in their own coats and carrying them ashore.

One of the rescued Japanese officers committed suicide by disemboweling himself, declaring he would rather die than go home in disgrace.

FINDS MORE DEAD.

Tokio, May 5.—A telegram has been received from Gen. Kuroki, dated May 3, in which he reports that a careful search of the battlefield of last Sunday revealed 200 additional wounded and dead Russians. He expects that a complete search of the field will result in increasing this number.

Continuing, the Japanese general says that among the Russian prisoners is a medical field officer. The Japanese ordered him to assist them in caring for the Russians and their own wounded. The officer obeyed and he is now engaged in treating the wounded of both armies.

DOUBLE GUARD ON RAILWAY.

New York, May 5.—Dispatches from Harbin to the Times, say the forces guarding the Siberian railway have been doubled at each station and bridge and that companies of mounted frontier guards make daily excursions on either side of the railway for a distance of fifteen miles.

The object of these excursions is to clear the neighborhood of Manchurian brigands, collisions with whom had become increasingly frequent.

LEAVES FOR PORT ARTHUR.

St. Petersburg, May 5.—Vice Admiral Bezeobrazoff, who is to command the First division of the Pacific fleet under Vice Admiral Skrydloff, has left here for Port Arthur.

The new Russian battleship Orel, which ran aground on a sand bank in the Neva, May 1, has been floated and taken to Cronstadt. Only a few of her plates were injured.

IRISH LAD THE WINNER

The Running of the Metropolitan Handicap at Morris Park.

New York, May 5.—Irish Lad won the Metropolitan handicap; Toboggan, second; Beldame, third. Time 1:40.

New York, May 5.—The first big event of the racing season in the East came today with the running of the Metropolitan handicap at Morris Park. Beautiful weather and good card of starters and reports that the course was in fine shape all gave promise of a record crowd.

The Metropolitan handicap field of today distinctly lacks classes and equality. It is a big field, but there are not more than four really known high-graders in it. Irish Lad stands out, with Beldame, Stalwart, Pulshus and High Ball next in order of excellence.

Last year William C. Whitney's mare Gunfire scored a brilliant victory. This year Harry Payne Whitney's Irish Lad, racing in the name and colors of his partner, Herman B. Buryea, went to the post a favorite. It was the uncertainty surrounding the new comers which gave the real interest to the event.

STOLEN FROM GOVERNMENT

Fine Cedar Poles From Federal Land Offered For Sale.

S. J. Colture, special agent for the United States general land office, acting under orders from the commissioner of the general office, is advertising for sale about 1400 cedar poles unlawfully cut from government land in Cook county, and now lying on the bank of Lake Superior, in the southeast quarter of section 2, township 60-2, about one mile from the mouth of the Cascade river, which empties into the lake not far from Grand Marais. The poles were seized by the government agents when it was found they had been cut from public land, but when discovered they had already been sold to Charles J. Johnson, of Grand Marais, who did not know the timber was stolen when he puchased it.

The poles bear the stamp mark of the Pittsburg & Lake Superior Iron and Cedar company, and are of very fine quality, suitable for telegraph poles. The timber was cut during the past winter, supposedly by contract, but the name of the person who was responsible for the fact that they were cut on government land has not been given out. No arrests have yet been made, but it is understood that the tresspassers will be prosecuted.

Bids on the lot will be received up to 2 o'clock, May 21, when the bids will be opened in presence of Receiver Smith, and approved or rejected by him. The government reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

The exact number of poles is not known, for they are piled in a deep ravine in such a manner as to make an accurate count an impossibility. It is roughly estimated, however, that there are about 1400 in all, valued anywhere from $1600 to $3500.

Good Strike In Copper.

On April 28th Capt. Daugherty reported to the Calumet & Sonora Mining Co. that on the 26th inst. he had struck a body of Black Sulphyde of copper ore, in shaft No. 3, assaying $27.84 per ton on the 26th, and $26.52 on the 27th, or the following day; this property is adjoining the Green Consolidated properties. At a diretors' meeting, held at the company's offices, 610-611 First National Bank building, on April 23, it was voted to raise the price of stock to $4.00 per share after May 10.

TOURISTS HAVE NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH.

Livingston, Mont., May 5.—A party of tourists, traveling through Yellowstone park, had a narrow escape from being dashed to death in a chasm along the Golden Gate road, which leads into the park from Gardiner. A coach containing five passengers slipped over the side of a precipice. It was caught by bruush and its descent stayed for an instant, during which the passengers managed to extricate themselves and escape, clinging to the rocks and brush. The stage soon fell with a crask to the bottom of the canyon, 700 feet below, killign the horses and demolishing the vehicle. All the passengers were painfully bruised.

We Furnish GOLD BONDS

To secure stock or bonds of other corporations, have your stock secured with a Gold Bond, your customers will like it much better, for it eliminates all RISK against loss of principal. Call or write for information.

PACIFIC UNDERWRITING & TRUST CO.,

New York, Chicago, San Francisco, Wm. P. Mason, Gen. Agent, Minneapolis.

J. H. McGillivray

Local Agent, Duluth Minn.
206 Manhattan Building.

GENERAL CASTRO MADE PROVISIONAL PRESIDENT.

Carcas, May 5.—The Venezuelean congress having declared itself a constitutional assembly today conferred on Gen. Castro full dictatorial powers for a year with the title of provisional president. Gen. Yalle was appointed secaond vice president.

DEUTSCHLAND ARRIVES.

New York, May 5.—The Deutschland arrived today from Hamburg.

RECOVERED LOST FINGER.

"I had a premonition that that finger would grow back on my hand," said Mrs. Robinson W. Dean, of Winsted, Conn., to a World correspondent recently, "and I made the doctor put it back where it once belonged, despite the fact that he told me that the finger would not grow together."

Six weeks ago, when the reading on the thermometers in the Litchfield hills was 10 degrees below zero, Mrs. Dean accidentially lost the fourth finger of her left hand by having it severed with an ax. The frozen member was thawed out by Dr. J. W. Ives, of Cornwall, who, three-quarters of an hour after the accident, sewed and bandaged the live and dead portions. Today the finger is as healthy, as limber and as useful to Mrs. Dean as any of her other seven fingers.

Dr. Ives acknowledged that this was a surprise to him. "I have heard of a cut-off finger growing to a stump again after being placed back immediately after being severed, but this is the first time I ever heard of or saw a severed and frozen finger take in or come to life again,' he said.

Asked to relate how the accident happened, Mrs. Dean said that she was picking up kindlings in the back door yard, while Robert Winegartner, aged 15, who lives with Mr. and Mrs. Dean, was engaged chopping the fire wood. She thoughtlessly placed some wood on the chopping block as Winegartner brought down the ax and cut off her finger, glove and all.

Mrs. Dean sent for Dr. Ives, after going into her home and removing the glove. The doctor arrived half an hour later, and, not finding the finger in the glove, went out to the wood pile in search of it. He found the little member incased in the piece of glove and frozen to the ax.

"I think it wil be a useless task to try and save it," remarked Dr. Ives, as he showed the congealed flesh to its owner. But Mrs. Dean did not agree with the doctor, and to please his patient he proceeded to make Mrs. Dean's left hand whole again.

Dr. Ives said: "I placed the frozen finger in a saline solution to thaw it out, and after getting every particle of blood from it sewed it to the first joint part, back of the nail, taking four stitches. Antiseptic dressing was applied daily, and at the end of one week the stitches were removed, the parts having healed entirely. A new nail has commenced to grow on the finger, which, except for a circle around it, looks as well as any of the fingers. The fact that good circulation was kept up daily, drawing the blood from the end of the finger tip, probably accounts for the result."

The number of times in a year that a man uses The Herald's Want Columns is an idex to his interests and activities.

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.
Corner First St. and Third Avenue West.

Not What You Make But What You Save

makes you wealthy.

At this housecleaning season most everyone has some new things to buy. In buying be sure you get the best value for your money. The place to get these values is at this store. The savings on your purchases here will be from 10 to 20 per cent—and it's just those little savings that help to make rich. See to it that your spring household needs are supplied from this store.

Dressers $6.75.

Made of solid hardwood, in golden oak finish, French plate beveled mirrors, swell shaped top—a most excellent dresser for this price. Other dealers would say $12.50 for an equal value. We sell these for $6.75.

Dining Chairs 95c

Large, heavy diner; golden oak finish; hardwood, cane seated; braced arm; neatly carved backs; good and strong; other dealers would say $2.00 for an equal value.

A Large and Complete Assortm't Dining Chairs

Will be found here in all the different woods and finishes—in cane, leather and wood seat.

Special Sale Jardinieres.

A large assortment of sizes, shapes, and of different colors.

All regular 50c to $1.00 values for..... **48c**
All regular $1.00 to $1.75 values for..... **98c**
All regular $1.75 to $2.50 values for..... **$1.48**
All regular $2.50 to $3.50 values for..... **$1.98**

All Goods Sold on Easy Payments.

Facts You Ought to Know.

1 Season ticketa St. Paul or Minneapolis to St. Louis and return $25.50—Sixty-day ticket $21.35—Ten-day ticket $19.20.
2 Fair opens about May 1st, and closes December 1st.
3 Five daily trains to Chicago, each making close connections with St. Louis trains.
4 No extra charge to go via Chicago.
5 Tickets good on the Fast Mail and Pioneer Limited electric-lighted trains.
6 Full information about rates, routes and acommodations will be cheerfully furnished on application to,

W. B. DIXON, N. W. P. A.,
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry.,
St. Paul, Minn.

Louisiana Purchase Exposition

St. Louis, Mo., April 30 to Dec. 1, 1904. For the above occasion "The North-Western line" will sell excursion tickets at the following rates:

Season tickets, $32.50, on sale April 15 to Nov. 15, final limit December 15.

Sixty-day tickets, $27.10, on sale April 25 to November 20, limit 60 days.

Ten-day tickets, $24.40, on sale April 27 to November 30, limit 10 days.

Children of five and under twelve years of age, half the above rates. City Ticket office, Lonsdale building, 302 West Superior street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Jacob E. Johnson, of Isanti county, and Inga M. E. Parson.
John Latvala and Sofia Kortesmaki.
J. Allen Grose and Marie Arehson.

BIRTHS.

McRAE—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Alexander McRae, of 1421 East Superior street, May 2.
ANDERSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Peter Anderson, of 2621 West Twelfth street, May 1.

DEATHS.

PETERSON—Ole Peterson, age 75 years, died May 1 at his home on West Sixth street, of heart failure.
MAURICK—Mary Maurick, age 6 years, died May 2 at St. James' orphan's home of diphtheria.
YANDEL—Mary Yandel, age 21 years, died May 1 at 27 North Fifty-seventh avenue west, of peritonitis.
JOHNSON—Lucy M. Johnson, age 45 years, died May 2 at 219 Third avenue west, of tuberculosis.

BUILDING PERMITS.

J. A. Wieland, frame dwelling on Second street, between Twenty-first and Twenty-second avenues east, to cost ..... $ 4,000
Mrs. F. D. Day, frame dwelling on Superior street, between Twentieth and Twenty-first avenues east, to cost 6,500

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; highest wages paid. Call afternoons. 1317 East Second street.

FOR RENT — MODERN FURNISHED room, suitable for one or two gentlemen or young married couple. 205 Tenth avenue east.

FOR RENT — 213 THIRD AVENUE west; good 8-room house, furnace, bath, gas, $32.50, including water. William F. Moore, 201 Exchange building.

WANTED—TO RENT—SMALL HOUSE for family of two. Give location and rent per month. D 11, Herald.

MARKET IS HIGHER

Wheat Has Advanced and With Duluth Strongest Market.

Sensational Winter Crop Prediction Is Made by H. V. Jones.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 5.—The wheat market today made higher prices and largely on crop news. Minneapolis presents the rather unusual condition for that market of being the trailing interest, while Duluth is firmest so far as the cash wheat situation is concerned. Duluth May gained 7/8c and July 5/8c, Chicago May 1½c and July ¾c-⅝c, Minneapolis May was unchanged and July ⅜-½c higher, and New York May was up ½c and July ⅝c. September in Duluth advanced ⅜c and in Minneapolis was unchanged. The Winnipeg market was very strong and its advance prevented any export business.

The advices from the winter wheat territory continues to be unfavorable. An estimate made as to the coming Illinois report indicates an area that has not been as small but four times in the history of the state. Snow in a prediction also says that the May reports of the wheat conditions will not show as favorably as did those made April 1. Advices of poor conditions are coming in and the conviction is growing that the winter wheat crop may be from fifty to sixty millions, if not more, short of last year.

H. V. Jones of Minneapolis made a report on winter wheat conditions that caused much interest. He said:

"I want to be prepared for a sensation as to winter wheat. I mean by this that the crop is in tnat condition that by June 10, it can go to pieces if the weather is not right up to that time. The sensation will come from Indiana, Ohio and Michigan, anyway. State figures will not be low enough because the farmer reports forty per cent of condition when in many instances it should be ten to twenty. Eight states east of the Rockies will produce a little better than last year. Missouri alone will produce a little better than last year. Maryland and the Virginias are looking well and have the most normal growth in the country except in parts of Kansas. Kentucky is spotted. At the best the country will raise 20,000,000 bus. less than last year and it may run off 60,000,000 bus. from last year, if the weather is unfavorable. Very little growth to wheat for the season.

September wheat may break four or five cents if weather turns warm, on the other hand, the country may realize early the moderate prospects and September may not go much under 80. You must pass on these points."

From Minneapolis it was reported that all mills are down. Cash wheat there today was down one cent while Duluth was up about that much.

The cash demand from eastern millers is looking better and the bids that are coming here for wheat to be shipped all-rail indicate that the millers must have wheat and that they will buy well. If navigation should open soon.

On the other hand elevator agents in the Northwest are predicting a large amount of wheat still to be marketed as soon as the farmers have their spring crop sown. Primary receipts at the present time are falling heavily below those of a year ago every day and the decline is beginning to occasion considerable notice.

The Liverpool market closed unchanged to ¼d higher. London 1/16@¼d lower, and Paris ¾c lower.

Car receipts at Duluth were 5, against 11 last year, and at Minneapolis 81 against 88 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 86 against 99 a year ago. Chicago received 24 against 35 a year ago. Winnipeg receipts were 121 cars against 331 a year ago.

Primary receipts of wheat were 155,100 bus., last year 254,723 bus. Shipments 265,669 bus., last year 709,332 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 62,000 bus.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed unchanged at ⅛c higher. In the Chicago market July corn closed ⅜c higher. July oats closed unchanged. Primary receipts of corn were 274,900 bus, last year 263,697 bus. Shipments, 328,892 bus, last year, 263,434 bus. Clearances were 9142 bus.

Trading in the Duluth market was quiet. The July option opened ⅛c higher at 90⅜c, sold up to 91c at 9:21, reacted to 90⅞c at 9:46 and advanced to 91¼c at 9.56. It reacted to 90⅝c again at 10:06 and advanced to 91⅜c at 11:30, fell again to 91¼c at 11:40 and made the high point, 91½c, at noon. It then worked back to 91⅛c at 1:10 and closed ⅝c up at 91¼c. May was firmer, selling 1¼c higher to 91⅝c as compared with ⅞c higher for July. It closed ⅝c higher at 91⅛c. September closed ⅜c higher at 80¾c.

Cash offerings were dull and the basis of prices continued unchanged.

Flax was dead. It advanced ¼c to $1.07¾ and then closed unchanged at $1.07½. July and October closed ¼c lower and September ½c lower.

The strength in oats is becoming a feature of the market. They closed ⅜c higher today. Rye had an advance of 1c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat in store—No. 1 hard, 93c; No. 1 northern, 91½c; No. 2 northern, 89c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 93c; No. 1 northern, 91½c; No. 2 northern, 89c. Macaroni—No. 1, 88c; No. 2, 86c; May, 91½c; July, 91¼c; September, 80⅝c. Flax in store, $1.07½; to arrive, $1.07½; May, $1.07⅝; July, $1.08; September, $1.00; October, $1.00½. Oats to arrive, 41¾c; on track, 41½c. Rye on track, 66c; to arrive, 69c.

Cars inspected—Wheat 5, last year 11; oats, 2; barley, 2; flax, 18, last year, 7.

Receipts—Wheat, 13,614; barley, 484; flax, 12,561.

Shipments—Wheat, 269,482; rye, 70,675.

CASH SALES THURSDAY.

No. 2 northern wheat, 2000 bus.....$0.88
Macaroni, 1 car No. 2..... 89
Flax, 3 cars 1.07¾

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

General Demand Caused Bullish Sentiment in Wheat.

Chicago, May 5.—A bullish sentiment pervaded the wheat pit today and on an active general demand prices gained about a cent over yesterday's closing. The principal element of strength was the Illinois crop bulletin. This statement showed that in ten representative wheat counties of the state 12 per cent of the wheat seeded last fall had been destroyed by winter killing, flooding or drought at seeding time. There was also an improvement in the cash demand and cables were firm. July opened a shade to ⅛@⅛c higher at 84¾@84½c. With only light offerings the price steadily advanced to 85¼c. A slight reaction followed to 85c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 110 cars, against 73 cars last week and 123 cars a year ago.

A number of bullish reports in regard to the condition of winter wheat were received which accentuated the strength of the situation. Prices continued to advance until July had touched 85½@85⅝c. Late in the day pit traders sold considerable wheat bought earlier in the session. Some reaction occurred as a result of this selling, but the market closed strong with July at 85⅛c a net gain of ⅞@⅞c.

Covering by shorts on an improved cash business held corn firm in the face of favorable weather for planting. Receipts were small and helped create a bullish feeling. July opened a shade lower to a shade higher at 48⅛@48¼c, and advanced to 48½@48¾c. Local receipts were 212 cars, with 27 of contract grade.

Strength in wheat was a material help in the corn pit. There was an active commission house demand throughout the day and shorts covered freely. The market closed strong with July up ⅜c at 48½@48⅝c after the price had touched 48¾@48c.

Shorts were active buyers of May oats, and the resulting strength of that delivery caused firmness throughout the entire list. A big cash business and small receipts were the main bull factors. Offerings were light. July opened unchanged to a shade higher at 53 cars.

Provisions were firm in sympathy with grains and on a small advance in price at the yards. Packers were moderate buyers, but offerings were not heavy. July pork opened 5c higher at $11.87½, selling up later to $11.97½. Lard was up 2½c at $6.72½. A slight advance to $6.85 followed. Ribs opened a shade to 2½c up at $6.50@6.52½, and advanced to $6.55.

Close: Wheat—May, 89¾c; July, 85¾c; old, 86c; September, 81½@82c; December, 80¼c. Corn—May, 46c; July, 48½@48⅝c; August, 48¼c; September, 48¾c; December, 43½c; May (1905) 44c. Oats—May, 41¼c; July, 38⅞@39c; September, 29⅝c. Pork—May, $11.65; July, $11.90; September, $12.07½. Lard—May, $6.57½; July, $6.70; September, $6.85. Ribs—May, $6.30; July, $6.50@6.52½; September, $6.55@6.67½. Rye—May, 76c; July, 65c. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.06½; Southwestern, $1.01; May, $1.01; July, $1.04. Timothy—May, $2.87½; July, $2.97—May, $10.75. Barley—Cash, 33@57c. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, $1.02@1.06; No. 3 red, $1.00@1.04; No. 2 hard, 90@92c; No. 3 hard, 82@90c; No. 1 northern, 92@95c; No. 2 northern, 90@90c; No. 3, 82@89c. Rye—No. 2, 49@50¾c; No. 3, 48@49c. Oats—No. 2, 40½@41c; No. 3, 40@41c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	.905⅛B	91¾	89¾	.....
High	.91⅞	91⅞	90½	.....
Low	.905⅛B	91¾	89½	.....
Close	.91½B	91⅝-¾	89¾	92¾N
Close, 5th	.90⅞	91⅝	89¼	91⅞
July—				
Open	.90¾	91	84⅝-½	89½
High	.91¼	91⅜-¾	85⅛-⅜	90⅛-¼
Low	.90¾	91	84⅜	89½
Close	.91¼B	91¼-⅜	85⅛A	90¼
Close, 5th	.90⅝	91⅛	84½-⅝	89½
Sept.—				
Open	.80¼B	80¼B	79¾-⅞	81⅛A
High	.....	80½	80⅜-½	83⅜-¾
Low	.....	80¼-¼	79⅜	81¼
Close	.80¾B	80⅝	80¼-⅜	83⅛B
Close, 5th	.80⅜	80⅝	79¾	83⅛

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	.38¾@39	48⅛@48¼	$11.87
High	.39⅝-½	48½	11.97
Low	.38⅞	48⅛	11.87
Close	.38⅝-39	48¼-⅜	11.90

LIVERPOOR GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 5.—Wheat—Spot dull; No. 1 California, 7s; futures quiet; May, 6s 3¼d; July, 6s 4¾d. Corn—Spot steady; American mixed new, 4s 3d; ditto old, 4s 7d; futures dull; May, 4c 3⅝d; July 4s 3¼d.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 5.—Close: Wheat—May, 90⅝c; July, 90c; September, 83½c; December, 83½c. Corn—May, 50¼c; July, 53¾c; September, 53⅝c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 5.—Close: Wheat—May, 91⅝@9⅜c; July, 91⅜@9⅝c; September, 86¾c. On track, No. 1 hard, 94⅜c; No. 1 northern, 93⅜c; No. 2 northern, 91⅝c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: The tone was strong but the market can hardly be called active. There is not much selling pressure and prevailing sentiment is strongly bullish. The outside is not in the market to any extent and trading is mainly professional. Aside from the Price Current the bulk of the crop news was bullish. The most important feature in that line was Jones' estimate. Frumbull's cable rather more favorable concerning the Russian crop. In the meantime an unsettled and scalping market is likely.

Corn—It was another day of covering by shorts and with the trade mainly local and of a moderate volume. The market as a whole is without very much tendency. Iowa and Nebraska are getting quite a little rain and this is considered mildly unfavorable for planting. On present conditions it is likely to run into a shipping business on the dips.

Oats—The cash situation is a legitimate support to the near options as the cash demand is good. September oats act weak. There is more or less selling on the prospect of a large acreage and a large crop.

Provisions—The market has a steady tone and seems to be fairly well supported on the breaks. Receipts of hogs running about the same as last year in numbers and less in weight, and the shipping demand is a little better than a year ago. There is no great selling pressure and we are inclined to think the buying is of a fairly good character. While we see nothing to make much higher prices, yet we think they may be bought on the weak spots for moderate profits, at least.

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Pringle, Fitch & Rankin, Chicago: An advance bulletin on winter wheat has been completed by the Illinois department of agriculture from reports of correspondents received May 1, as follows: From reports from the ten largest winter wheat producing counties in the state, which will fairly represent the whole district, it is estimated that 13 per cent of the area seeded last fall, 1,500,000 acres, was destroyed either by winter killing or floods or failed to germinate owing to the dry weather seeding time. The area for harvest will be about 1,200,000 acres. But four times in the wheat reporting history of the state has so small an area as this been harvested. Reports from the American and Wabash, Okaw and Embarrass bottoms indicate that a large area of wheat has been completely drowned out and much of the damaged area will be planted to corn. With favorable weather until harvest, it is not believed that the crop can make much more than three-fourths of an average yield per acre, so that the total winter wheat yield will probably be short.

Chicago Record-Herald: Statistician B. W. Snow, in a crop summary furnished the pit, epitomizes his views of the wheat situation by saying: "Sufficient data has not yet been received to warrant the presentation of a figure of general average conditions, but it may be safely assumed that both public and private reports of crop conditions on May 1 will be considerably below the figures which were presented by the same authority on April 1. And the best that can be expected even with the most favorable weather conditions from this time forward, will be a rate of yields considerably below the normal."

Some people think the oats situation much like the wheat. That the May is likely to sell much higher, but that the September will sell much lower. One prominent coarse grain authority thinks it quite possible that May oats and the May corn will sell at the same price. But he expects to see a lower September oats price.

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Cincinnati Price Current: It has been a favorable week for growth and planting has made rapid progress. Winter wheat conditions has been maintained and is now fractionally better than a month ago. There is preparation for a large acreage of corn progressing favorably. All interior grain movements light.

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Indianapolis wires: Took a country run yesterday afternoon, saw eighteen twenty bu wheat fields. One fully balance from half down to worthless. Never saw as poor prospects as now, based on the territory covered.

Kansas City wires: Reports from eight different mill and elevator people from Oklahoma taken as a whole are very bullish. These indicate not over 50 per cent of a crop for Oklahoma and are from reliable firms. I saw letters and they are very discouraging.

B. E. Baker's Chicago grain letter: Wheat—Wheat proved to be a strong market. The immediate reason was a little hard to find early. Shorts were apparently uncomfortable over the situation regarding the old crop futures, and the local professionals were the largest buyers. Certificates were called yesterday to cover the sales of No. 1 northern and No. 2 red. Later in the day crop advices became very bullish. Some expect a lower condition the first of the month than on April 1, and Jones of the Commercial West is out with a statement which in some respects borders on the sensational. The Illinois crop bulletin places the acreage lost from various causes at 13 per cent. Duluth, Kansas City and St. Louis markets were strong but Minneapolis was inclined to drag, doubtless affected by the dull flour trade. Primary receipts everywhere were light compared with last year, and with the shipments. On the other hand may be noted the extremely favorable weather. Temperatures are seasonable and precipitation was general in the Southwest and scattered over the seeded area of the spring wheat territory. The Price Current reports a favorable week for growth. The Northwestern miller was bearish on the flour situation. The manager of the Pillsbury mills is very bearish on wheat, and reports four stocks East liberal. We feel rather strong on the old crop futures and would advise caution in regard to buying on these sharp bulges. Liverpool cables were indifferent. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 20 cars.

Corn—Some of the larger professional operators became uneasy because of the strength in wheat and covered short corn in a market rather bare of offerings. There was little in the legitimate situation to cause anxiety. A better cash trade yesterday than at first reported and the light primary movement possibly influenced a good many shorts. Country purchases this morning were heavy and demand is slow. The cash market was ½c lower for the low grades, but steady for the better ones. Retarded reports from Kansas and Nebraska show excellent plowing and planting conditions. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 225 cars.

Oats—May oats were strong and the July firm early, but eased off later to yesterday's closing figures. The May was influenced by the liberal sales yesterday of standard at a premium over the May. The demand today was moderate. The cash market was ½c higher; 64,000 bus were loaded from store and receipts for 65,000 bus were cancelled yesterday. Illinois advices report very small stocks in farmers' hands and the Price Current says "Country movement light." As affecting the September-May, be noted the beneficial rains in Nebraska. We feel friendly to the old crop options. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 75 cars.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul—Barrett & Zimmerman report that some trade was had from North Dakota local men, however, were the principal buyers. The bulk of the supplies were the common kind which sold from $55 to $100. Prime offerings were not so much called for. Values: Drafters, extra.....$175@225
Drafters, choice to good..... 150@175
Drafters, common to good..... 120@150
Farm mares, extra..... 135@150
Farm mares, choice..... 120@135
Farm mares, common to good.... 65@120

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 5.—Cattle receipts, 5000; market, steady; good to prime steers, $5.00@5.75; poor to medium, $3.90@4.85; stockers and feeders, $3.00@4.40; cows, $1.50@4.75; heifers, $2.25@4.75; canners, $1.50@2.80; bulls, $2.00@4.10; calves, $2.50@5.00; Texas fed steers, $4.00@4.60. Hogs receipts today, 22,000; tomorrow, 18,000; steady to 5c higher; mixed and butchers, $4.70@4.85; good to choice heavy, $4.75@4.90; rough heavy, $4.60@4.75; light, $4.60@4.75; bulk of sales, $4.70@4.80. Sheep receipts, 9000; steady; lambs, steady; good to choice wethers, $4.75@5.40; fair to choice mixed, $3.50@4.60; Western sheep, clipped, $4.00@5.40; native lambs, clipped, $4.25@5.75; Western lambs, clipped, $2.75@5.90; Western lambs, wooled, $6.00@6.90.

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DECLINE IN STOCKS

Market Firm to Delivery Hour, When It Eased Off.

Closing Was at About Lowest Prices of the Day.

New York, May 5.—Opening prices of stocks today were higher throughout than last night, but the gains were insignificant and the dealings on a very small scale. Gains of ⅜ for Union Pacific and Amalgamated Copper were the nearest approach to features in the market. Cast Iron Pipe preferred rose 1⅝ over an old preceding sale.

Fluctuations were trivial during the first hour. Metropolitan Street Railway and Realty preferred were exceptions, showing variations of ½ or so from yesterday. Pennsylvania met some large selling orders above 115 and reacted ½. Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo rose 1 and the preferred 2. Morris & Essex also gained 4 points.

There was some pressure against Pennsylvania which carried it ¾ under last night's prices with the dividend off. Amalgamated Copper gained as much. Changes generally were narrow and irregular. Rock Island preferred, Car preferred and Biscuit rose 1 to 1½ and New York Air Brake 3. Republic Steel preferred declined ¾. Bonds were irregular at noon.

The usual midday period of dullness was not attended by any noteworthy price movement.

Bond transactions had fully as large a representation on the tape as stocks. Slight movements either way occurred in the active stocks, with the drift inclining downward at 2 o'clock.

The trifling movement of prices prompted some slight throwing over of stocks by disgusted holders and prices receded to the lowest of the day. Pennsylvania lost ⅞, United States Rubber a point and Metropolitan Street Railway 1¾. Lead and Twin City Rapid Transit rose about a point. The decline was checked before proceeding far. The closing was heavy and stagnant.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 306 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stocks—	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	48¼	47½	47¾
American Sugar	127⅞	127⅛	127½
Anaconda	76	76	76
Atchison, T. & S. Fe.	72⅝	72¼	72½
do pfd.	93	92⅞	92⅞
Baltimore & Ohio	79¼	78¾	78⅞
Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	46⅛	45⅝	45⅞
Canadian Pacific	117⅞	117¼	117¼
Chicago & Alton	37½	37½	37½
Chicago-Gt. Western	16	15⅝	15⅞
C., M. & St. P.	143⅜	142½	142⅝
C. R. I. & P.	23½	22⅝	23
do pfd.	66¼	65	65¼
Eric com.	24½	24⅝	24⅜
Gen. Electric	157	157	157
Illinois Central	130	130	130
Iowa Central	18¼	18¼	18¼
Louisville & Nashville	107¼	107¼	107
Metropolitan Street Ry.	110⅜	109	109⅜
Mexican Central	7⅜	7⅛	7⅛
Minn. St. P. & S. S. M.	62⅜	61½	62½
do pfd	118	118	118
Missouri Pacific	92¼	91⅜	91⅝
New York Central	116¼	115	115½
Norfolk & Western	67	66¾	66⅞
Pennsylvania	115⅛	114	114⅜
People's Gas of Chic.	97¼	97	97¼
Reading	43⅞	43¼	43¾
Republic Steel & Iron	6⅞	6¾	6¾
Southern Pacific	47⅞	47	47⅛
Southern Railway	21	20⅞	20⅞
Tennesee Coal & Iron	35⅞	35⅝	35⅝
Union Pacific	85¼	84⅝	84⅞
United States Leather	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
U. S. Steel	10⅛	10	10
do pfd.	56⅝	56⅛	55⅜
Wabash	37⅜	37⅛	37⅝
Wiconsin Central, pfd	40	39	39
Northern Securities, 99¼ bid; 99¾ asked.			

The total sales were 178,500 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to B. E. Baker: Commenting on the day's transactions, traders say that nine-tenths of the current business in stocks is professional. Bears are restive and their buying is responsible for the better tone to the market. In one or two instances, however, there is continued but quiet accumulation of stock for what is expected to be an exceptional movement. The sugar trust for example, is making a great deal of money and has a big cash surplus and there is more than a suspicion that the principal buyers of this stock in the last sixty days know that the stockholders later will get an increased or extra dividend.

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Evans to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market yesterday was uninteresting. In a general way it may be said that there was strength in Union Pacific and weakness in Steel with the rest of the list unchanged. This morning brings out a batch of very unfavorable railway reports. The old question comes up again which will prevail in its effect upon the market, easy money or poor business. To my mind there can be no doubt that poor business will prove the stronger factor and that prices will soon again begin to decline. I favor selling on the rallies.

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New York to B. E. Baker: Private advices say that London is still somewhat bearish on Steel pfd on account of the unsatisfactory state of the iron and steel trade. It is reported that the Butlers have placed supporting orders in Steel pfd around 64. Content has been operating at 55 buying and selling.

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Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: Nothing of interest can be said regarding the market. There is also no business and the market is wholly without tendency. There is occasional manipulation against the short interest as in the Rock Island issues today. There is no indication, however, of any effort or desire on the part of the powers to be established to maintain prices. The only thing we can see to do is to buy stocks when the bears sell them cheaper than the owners are disposed to do and take moderate profits.

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S. T. Welch & Co.: The stock market opened steady to firm. The active issues have ruled strong all morning. Steel stocks show a firmer tone than yesterday, dullness, however, is still the ruling feature. The market is still waiting for the outcome of the Northern Securities matter, a decision is to be rendered today. With this bugaboo out of the way stocks should do better. Harriman's interview yesterday has left a more optimistic feeling in financial circles and has induced some investment buying. The short interest is large. Would buy railroad stocks on all the little recessions. The short in trest is especially large in Steel stocks, the preferred is a purchase for a turn.

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J. S. Bache to Paine, Webber & Co.: The trading today deserves but slight comment. Business was at a low ebb. The opening was at about unchanged figures. The market was firm until about the delivery hour when it eased off, seemingly of its own weight and closed at about the lowest of the day.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 5.—The cotton market opened steady at a decline of 5@12 points, in sympathy with disappointing cables and contianued favorable weather reports, which prompted some liquidation, while there also seemed to be some selling of the summer months by a certain spot house. The extremely light movement and talk of a better spot demand restricted general selling, however, and while the demand was no more than moderate, the market soon after the opening rallied gradually to within a point or so of the closing prices of yesterday. Trading was quiet.

Cotton spot closed steady, 10 points up, middling uplands, 13.80; middling gulf, 14.05; sales, 11,08 bales. Futures closed barely steady; May, 13.57; June, 13.64; July, 13.73; August, 13.43; September, 11.93; October, 11.39; November, 11.28; December, 11.27; January, 11.28.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stocks—	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	47½	47¾
Adventure	1¾	2⅛
Atlantic	7½	8
Allouez	5	5¼
Arcadian	.....	50c
Elm River	2	2⅛
Bingham	20¾	.....
Copper Range	43¾	43½
Centennial	19⅞	20
Calumet and Hecla.....	462	465
Calumet and Arizona.....	.....	110
Calumet and Pittsburg.....	30	33½
Lake Sup. and Pittsburg.....	.....	155
Isle Royale	6½	7
Mass	4	4¼
Michigan	4½	6
Mohawk	42	42¾
Mayflower	50c	60c
Mercur Con.....	33	35
National	.....	1
Old Colony	95c	1.00
Old Dominion	12¾	13
Osceola	57	58
Phoenix	1¾	2
Parrott	24	24¾
Quincy	81	85
Rhode Island	1⅜	1½
Santa Fe	90c	1.00
Franklin	7½	8
Tamarack	90	95
Trinity	3⅞	4
ennessee Copper	31	33
Utah	33⅞	34
U. S. Mining	20½	20¾
U. S. Oil	9½	10
Victoria	3	3½
Wolverine	71	72
Winona	.....	6½
Daly West	22¾	23
Greene Cons.....	15¾	16¼
Calumet and Bisbee	.....	6¾
Calumet and Cochise	.....	6
Pittsburg and Duluth	.....	50
Union Land	2	3
Junction	20	24

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: Traders make a further effort to depress prices on Saturday, offering down Pennsylvania and St. Paul and endeavoring to start a general movement. The market, however, developed little more than increased dullness. Wall street advices were all bearish, but somewhat the discouraging talk and short selling do not seem to bring any new liquidation of long stocks. The coppers showed increasing activity and improvement all along the list. Even Amalgamated showed better buying. Floor brokers report that there is very little manipulation and that the legitimate buying demand is steadily increasing. There is a disposition around to pick up good coper stocks.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 5.—Close: Money on call, easy, 1¼@1½ per cent; closing bid, 1¼; offered at 1½ per cent. Time loans, firmer; sixty days, 2½ per cent; ninety days, 2¾ per cent; six months, 3@3¼ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3½@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange easy, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.90@4.86.95 for demand and at $4.80.60@4.84.95 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½@4.86, and $4.87. Commercial bills, $4.84¾@4.85. Bar silver, 54⅝c. Mexican dollars, 43¼c. Government bonds, easy; railroad bonds, irregular.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, May 5.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $218,159,603; gold, $114,805,811; silver, $19,930,271; United States notes, $6,934,068; treasury notes of 1890, $113,393; national bank notes, $12,056,683; total receipts this day, $1,614,498; total receipts this month, $6,561,339; total receipts this year, $468,173,560; total expenditures this day, $1,502,066; total expenditures this month, $8,870,000; total expenditures this year, $458,023,599; deposits in national banks, $168,683,720.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, May 5, 1904:

STATIONS—	State of weather.	*Minimum.	*Maximum.	Rainfall, inches and hundredths.
Alexandria	Cloudy	78	48	.0
Campbell	Rain	78	50	.08
Crookston	Pt cldy	78	52	.0
Detroit City	Rain	74	46	T.
Grand Meadows	Cloudy	80	50	.0
Minneapolis	Cloudy	78	56	.0
Montevideo	Cloudy	80	54	T.
New Ulm	Cloudy	80	54	T.
Winnebago City	Cloudy	76	52	T.
Worthington	Pt cldy	76	52	.04
Devils Lake	Clear	74	42	.0
Langdon	Cloudy	74	52	.0
Larimore	Cloudy	74	46	.0
Pembina	Cloudy	76	54	.0
Aberdeen	Cloudy	58	50	.0
Redfield	Cloudy	76	48	.0
Bismarck	Cloudy	76	50	.0
Duluth	Clear	75	52	.0
Huron	Cloudy	74	50	.0
La Crosse	Cloudy	80	58	.0
Moorhead	Rain	76	52	.01
St. Paul	Cloudy	80	56	.0
Winnipeg	Cloudy	80	56	.0

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall. *For yesterday. **For twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m., Seventy-fifth meridian time.

Note.—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are may up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

REMARKS.

Showers fell over portions of all districts except the lake region and north of the Ohio.

Modern temperatures prevailed.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster, Weather Bureau.

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall.
* For yesterday. ** For twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

St. Paul, May 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Julius M. Goldsmith, treasurer of the State Savings bank, died late yesterday at his home, 163 Farrington avenue. Death was due to Bright's disease. Mr. Goldsmith had been seriously ill for the past ten days. Mr. Goldsmith was born in Port Washington, Wis., and was 47 years of age. Most of his life was spent in Milwaukee.

New York, May 5.—Joseph Stillwell Cain, known as the father of the celebration of Mardi Gras in this country, is dead here, aged 72 years. In 1865 he turned out on the streets of Mobile the first Mardi Gras parade.

New York, May 5.—Eugene Canfield, a well-known comedian, is dead here from pneumonia. His principal work in recent years, has been in the Hoyt farces.

TALK ABOUT MONEY.

New York, May 5.—A conference was held at the subtreasury today between Secretary of the Treasury Shaw, James Stillman, president of the National City bank, and George W. Perkins, of J. P. Morgan & Co., presumably in reference to Panama canal payments.

Edwards, Wood Co. (Inc.)

DEALERS IN

STOCKS—GRAIN—PROVISIONS

MAIN OFFICE:

Manhattan Building, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Branch Office: 310 Board of Trade Building, Duluth.

The North-Western Line Removal.

The city freight and ticket office of The North-Western Line, (Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha railway), is now located at 302 West Superior street, Lonsdale building.

GEORGE M. SMITH,
General Agent.

ADDITIONAL WANTS.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.

A GUARANTEED CURE AT DR. REISland's, 707 Palladio.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—Practical dyers and French dry cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Superior street, Duluth; 919 Tower, Superior. Both 'phones.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S. 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 W. Superior St.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MIDwife, female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone, 1225.

STOVE REPAIRING.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS. 217 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

ASHES REMOVED.

J. MAHER. BOTH 'PHONES 48.

CALL 570-C. NEW 'PHONE—DULUTH General Teaming Co., 1004 West First street.

MOVING.

REDUCED FREIGHT RATES TO PAcific coast points, on household goods or emigrant movables. For particulars address the Boyd Transfer & Storage Co., or call on our local agents, the Duluth Van & Storage company.

$250 will buy a good lot, 25x140, one block from Portland Sq.

$425 will buy lot 50x140, on Seventh street, just above Portland Square.

$150 will buy six fine lots in West Duluth, one block from Longfellow school.

$30 will buy two more in same locality.

$25 per acre will buy ten acres of fine farming land adjoining city limits.

We have several desirable lots, centrally located, on which we will build and sell on easy payment plan. Come and see us. Costs nothing to talk it over.

MONEY TO LOAN

Julius D. Howard & Co

Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.

216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

FOR SALE

Six room house with bath—East Third Street — Near Court House—$2800.

PULFORD, HOW & CO.,

309-310 Exchange Building.

FOR SALE!

Fine 7-room house in Lakeside. Lot 50x140, well, cistern, barn, poultry house. Good repair. Price $1800.

R. B. KNOX & CO

Fire Insurance—Real Estate.

No. 1 Exchange Building.

FARM LANDS.

80 acres on road, near Arnold, 2½ miles from Woodland street car line, for $20 per acre, for a short time.

40 acres near Grand Lake station, D. M. & N. R. R.—Buildings, some cleared, good land—at, per acre $8

160 acres good land 1

$2400 Easy terms, will buy an eight-room house on large lot; water, sewer, bath, furnace; good barn and carriage shed; one block from car line, Lakeside.

BUILDING LOTS We have five of the best lots in Lakeside, on graded street, with city water and sewer; will be sold at a great sacrifice. This is a great chance to get a good lot cheap.

PARK POINT Big bargains on Minnesota avenue.

ACRES Five, 10, and 20-acre tracts near the city.

WM. C. SARGENT & CO.,
303 Lonsdale Bldg.

BURRELL & HARMON,
No. 3 So. First Ave. E.,
BOTH 'PHONES.
FURNACE HEATING EXPERTS.
Agents for Strictly First-class Furnaces.
ROOFING WORK—all kinds—Cornice and Skylights, Steel Ceilings.
Tin and Sheet Iron Work of all kinds.

5% MONEY To Loan 6%
Any Amount—All Privileges—No Delay.
W. M. PRINDLE & CO First Floor Lonsdale Bldg

LOANS
If you want to borrow on your residence property—
If you want to borrow on your business property—
If you want to borrow in order to buy for cash—
If you want to borrow to build—
If you want the best contract at the least cost call at 302 Lonsdale building, and talk with—
R. M. NEWPORT,
F. I. SALTER, Agent.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P. M.	A. M.	STATIONS	A. M.	P. M.
3:50	7:40	Lv..Duluth..Ar	10:30	3:40
4:05	7:55	Lv.57thAv.W.Lv	10:15	3:25
4:20	8:15	Lv..Proctor..Lv	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Ar.Ir'n J'nct'n Lv	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. M't'n.Iron.Lv	-----	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia .Lv	6:55	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar..Eveleth..Lv	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar.. Sparta..Lv	-----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar..Biwabik..Lv	-----	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar..Hibbing..Lv	7:15	12:27

Daily except Sunday.
Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry. for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P. M
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	6:30
11:53	7:35	Ar..... Virginia Lv	7:55	2:30
11:55	7:40	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	7:50	2:35
12:20	8:10	Ar..... Ely Lv	7:15	1:55
P.M.	P.M.	Daily, except Sundays.	P. M.	P. M

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave		Arrive
† 6:20 a.m	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	† 9:25 p.m
† 3:40 p.m		† 2:00 p.m
*†11:15 p.m		* 6:10 a.m
* 8:45 a.m	Crookston, Grand Forks,	* 6:30 p.m
* 8:15 p.m	Montana and Coast,	* 7:10 a.m
† 2:20 p.m	Swan River, Hibbing, Virginia	†12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m	St. Cloud, Wilmar and Soo City	† 9:25 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday
Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.
City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44
All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m. Lv.	North Country Mail (All Points East.)	Ar. *8:55 a.m
†7:45 a.m. Lv.	LOCAL Marquette and Copper Country.	Ar. †8:00 p.m

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m	Ashland and East	*†11:15 a.m
† 8:00 a.m	Ashland and East	† 6:55 p.m
* 7:30 p.m	Minn. and Dakota Express	* 7:55 a.m
* 8:40 a.m	North Coast Limited	* 4:55 p.m
Leave	"Duluth Short Line." ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	Arrive
† 9:00 a.m		* 6:30 a.m
* 1:55 p.m		† 2:10 p.m
*11:10 p.m		* 7:00 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m	St. Paul, Minneapolis	†3:20 p.m
*4:00 p.m	Twilight Limited	*9:45 p.m
*5:30 p.m	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:45 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Appleton	*10:45 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac.	*10:45 a.m
*5:30 p.m	FAST MAIL	*10:45 a.m

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

PATENTS OBTAINED for INVENTORS. J. T. Watson, specialist. Palladio bldg.

DULUTH'S LEADING HOTELS

THE SPALDING
Duluth's Leading Hotel.
FINEST CAFE IN THE NORTHWEST
Telephone in every room. One block from Depots and Docks. Capacity 400.
Am. Plan $2.50 up. European Plan $1 up.

New Building. New Equipment.
RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.
Hotel McKay
Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W., Duluth.

COOK'S HOTEL
New building.
Modern in every particular.
Julius Cook, Mngr. 210-212 W. Sup. St.

WEST END BARGAINS.
$1200 A very neat five-room house, with 80 feet frontage on Third street; city water in street; well located AT WEST END. THIS IS A SNAP.
$2100 A ten-room house, rented for $30 per month; water up and down stairs. WEST END.
$1400 Five room, lot 25x140 feet, on First street. VERY CENTRAL. WEST END.
$1600 Eight rooms for two families, near Lincoln Park, West End.
$2000 Eight rooms, lot 25x140 feet, on upper side Second street, WEST END.
$850 25x140 feet on Fifth street, NEAR FOURTH AVE. EAST.
T. G. VAUGHAN,
'Phone 789. 400 Lonsdale Building.

5% MONEY TO LOAN
JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.

DIVORCE MILL

Now Grinding on Wholesale Plan, Twenty Cases Being Up.

Grand Jury Returns Indictments That Affect Five Men.

Two district judges gave their attention today to the consideration of misfit marriages, of which there are twenty scheduled for a hearing this week.

Divorces were granted in Judge Ensign's room this morning in the following cases: Anna Ouge against Arthur Ouge, Carrie L. Crone against John E. Crone. The case of Anna Vexal against Charles Veval was being heard when the noon adjournment was taken. In Judge Dibell's room divorces were granted in the following cases: Julius B. Holt against Jessie Holt, Adell Imbleau against Peter Imbleau, Mary Anderson against Erick Anderson. The case of Edward Gibbons against Mary Gibbons was partially submitted, and that of Anna Talbot against Ferdinand Talbot was not finished at noon.

Judge Cant is still hearing testimony in the condemnation proceedings started by the Minnesota & North Wisconsin Railway company, in which the Weyerhaueser interests appear as objectors.

The following jury cases are on call Monday, May 9, at which time the petit jury has been summoned to appear: Nos. 12, 15, 16, 17, 21, 25, 27, 29, 31, 32, 34, 37, 38, 40, 41.

FOUR INDICTMENTS

Offenses Fixed Against Five Men By Jury.

The grand jury made its first report in district court this morning for the May term, four indictments being returned against five men.

William Wahl is indicted for receiving stolen property, the information against him being that he received from Patrck Egan, April 14, a $10 bill and a railway ticket, belonging to Bert Bailey, and having knowledge that they had been stolen.

Patrick Egan is indicted for grand larceny in the first degree, being charged with stealing the property turned over to Wahl, April 14.

John Moran and Frank P. Sherwood are indicted for grand larceny in the first degree. The information against them is that they stole $3 in money and some brass checks from Charles Rolander, April 11.

Joseph Schutte is indicted for assault in the second degree. The information in Schutte's case is that he assaulted and wounded Frank Kusma, at Eveleth, with a knife, March 13.

No true bill was found against Antoine La Mont, Victor La Mont and George W. Thatcher, who were accused of grand larceny in the second degree.

The men against whom indictments were returned will be arraigned tomorrow.

The grand jury is not likely to make another report before tomorrow morning.

TO USE BIOGRAPH.

Lyceum to Use Successful Vaudeville Feature.

When the revival of David Belasco's "Charity Ball" is undertaken by the Florence Stone Stock company, at the Lyceum next week, the play will be augmented by a display of pictures from the biograph, which is a variety of the moving picture machine, which has probably more favorable comments for its work than any of the other "graphs" or "scopes" which are made for the purpose of giving similar displays.

The machine, in this instance, is the same one which has been used in Keith's theater in New York, where it has been enjoyed by many thousands of spectators, and has been brought from that house to Duluth for the purpose of giving illustrations of the Russo-Japanese war particularly.

A number of local pictures are to be taken by the men who are bringing the biograph, and when these are worked into shape for production through the machine, the audiences can sit in the theater and see familiar scenes around Duluth passed in review before them. The biograph is to remain during the stock company's season.

STEEL STEAMER LAUNCHED.

Toledo, Ohio, May 5.—The steel passenger steamer Indianapolis, owned by the Indiana transportation company, was successfully launched today at Craig's shipyards and the steamer will be ready for business on Lake Michigan in two weeks.

BRADFORD TO HEAR CASE.

Wilmington, Del., May 5.—Circuit Judge Gray today announced that he has designated Judge Edward G. Bradford, of the United States district court of Delaware, to hear the Northern Securities case at Trenton in place of Judge Kirkpatrick, who died on Tuesday of this week.

FROM THE KEG

Nicholas Ranka, Diminutive Finlander, Does New Drinking Stunt.

Quaffs His Bitters From J. D. Zien's Original Package.

Reclining flat upon his back and holding on his chest a five gallon keg of "bitters" from which he was quaffing long, luxurious draughts, Nicholas Ranka, a diminutive Finlander, was picked up by Patrolman Bob Smollett last evening under the old St. Paul and Duluth freight shed.

Ranka is scarcely more than four feet and a half in height but he tackled the huge keg with a vim, and had succeeded in disposing of a goodly quantity of the liquid when he was taken into custody.

It developed that he had purloined the keg from the rear of J. D. Zien's liquor store. When questioned by the officer he showed no hesitation in telling where he had procured the bitters, but led the officer to the spot and demonstrated to him how the theft had been committed.

When his debauch was interrupted he was about "three sheets in the wind" and had no little difficulty in navigating.

The keg had been tapped and a little tin spuot stuck in the hole, through which the little Finlander sucked the delicious beverage.

The arrangement excited the admiration of the police department. It was a "new one on them." They had seen prisoners who could hold their own in any company in the line of "booze fighting," but four feet and a half of humanity that could tap a keg and let it run down his throat was the limit. Had the keg been a little larger it could have held the Finlander himself.

He was arraigned in the municipal court this afternoon on the charge of petty larceny. The value of the keg and its contents was estimated at $12.50 and an employe of J. D. Zien identified is as the property of the firm.

Patrolman Smollett told the story of the debauch much to the amusement of the spectators in the court room. The prisoner admitted he had the keg in his possession but said that some other man had given it to him.

He was found guilty by Judge Windom and was sentenced to pay a fine of $30 and costs or spend forty days in the county jail. He chose the latter horn of the dilemma.

WANTED.
One shoe salesman, one "Wash Goods" man, handy man for hospital, several neat appearing boys. Apply
Employment Dept., Y. M. C. A.

SECOND TRIAL OF A. A. AMES

What the County Attorney Will Attempt to Prove.

Minneapolis, May 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—A jury having at length been secured, the second trial of former Mayor A. A. Ames on a corruption charge began today. The county attorney in his opening statement declared that he would prove that Ames sent Irwin A. Gardner to collect assessments from the women for "protection;" that Gardner made such collections, and among them $30 in December, 1901, from Bessie Lang, named in the indictment; that in the same month Gardner turned over a large sum of money thus collected to Dr. Ames in his private office in the presence of Thomas R. Brown, the mayor's secretary; that patrolmen were ordered to secure evidence against women who were not making payments, but were to make no arrests without Gardner's orders; that they were also ordered to arrest street walkers who were interfering with the "business" of the "protected;" that Detective Christopher Norbeck, now in the penitentiary, objected to taking orders from Gardner, but, appealing to the mayor, was told, "you do as Gardner directs;" that one woman who was arrested and fined had her line paid by Dr. Ames, because she had paid for protection.

When a Woman Comes here For Shoes—
There's no question or risk about style, fit or price. Our reputation is a guarantee of
Shoe Excellence.
There are new spring styles here of every good sort; light and dainty shoes, oxfords, sandals and slippers for dressy costumes, and stronger made kinds for street and general wear. A fascinating variety made of the latest and handsomest leathers, in the most fashionable shapes. We have a size, awidth, a style and a price for every woman's foot, eye and purse.
$1.50 way up to $9.
M. S. BURROWS

COMMITTEE WORK

Largely Occupies Time of Methodist Conference's Second Day.

Rev. J. B. Hingeley, of Minnesota, Is Elected General Secretary.

Los Angeles, May 5.—The second day's session of the Methodist general conference did not conene until 10:15. Important meetings of the various committees today necessitated the delay. But little actual work beyond simple organization will be accomplished by any of the committees at today's session. After the officers have been chosen and the work apportioned and outlined much interest will attach to these daily sessions, as many of the most important matters coming before the conference for consideration will be passed upon and finally settled in the committee rooms. Bishop Warren presided at today's session of the general conference at which the chief feature was the reading of the episcopal address. An important feature of today's proceedings was the opening of the magnificent missionary exhibit in the building formerly occupied by the Los Angeles chamber of commerce. The exhibit is under the personal supervision of Secretary Searl Taylor of the open door emergency committee.

REV. JAMES B. HINGELEY, Minnesota Clergyman Elected Secretary of the Methodist General Conference.

The exercises at the formal opening this afternoon were conducted by Bishop Andrews, of New York, chairman of the open door emergency committee.

The first day's work ended at 6 o'clock last evening with nothing accomplished except the selection of a conference secretary. This honor fell to Rev. James B. Hingeley, of the Minnesota conference, and it required three ballots to make a choice.

Frank Moss, ex-police commissioner of New York and a lay member of the New York delegation, is seriously ill with an attack of inflammatory rheumatism. Grave fears are felt by his friends.

Sympathies of World With Japan.

The great civilized powers of the world are practically unanimous in the opinion that in this war, right and justice are upon the side of Japan, while Russia is the real aggressor. It is also the unanimous opinion of everybody that for restoring health and happiness Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is without an equal. It is impossible to be happy if your stomach is out of order. Your meals don't agree with you and you are unable to rest at night. Consequently you are nervous, irritable and always out of sorts. If you will try a few doses of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters you will be convinced that it will cure you. It never fails in cases of indigestiuon, dyspepsia, heartburn, belching, constipated bowels, insomnia, nervousness and malaria. Try it today.

CITY BRIEFS.

Plant sweet peas. Buy seed of Seekins.

Dr. Phelan has removed his offices to rooms 204-6-8 New Jersey building.

Among the matters that will come up for consideration at the meeting of the board of county commissioners this afternoon will be the application of David Forte for a liquor license in section 14-58-19. Filed with the application is a petition largely signed by business men and residents of the town of Great Scott, asking that the license be not granted. The petition calls attention to a recent shooting affray in Forte's saloon, also the lack of police protection there.

Ever have chills? No use—buy a box of Dr. Hickox's Malarial Capsules at Kugler's.

Sanna Annala, a young Finlander woman, was brought down from Hibbing this morning by Matt Koski, a merchant of that place, and will be examined for insanity this afternoon. The information in her case was lodged in probate court by Mr. Koski. Miss Annala is about 27 years old and has been in this country five years, having resided at Hibbing for the past three years.

Superfluous hair, warts and moles removed. Margaret Kelly, 131 W. Sup. St.

Specifications are being prepared at the government engineer's office for the wiring of the Duluth ship canal piers and bids for the work will be called for very shortly. The bids will be submitted by May 15, the work to be completed by June 25. The wiring is being done by the government preliminary to the lighting of the piers by the city during the navigation season.

PERSONAL.

Miss Cornelia Cullyford has gone to St. Louis to visit the exposition. While in St. Louis Miss Cullyford will be the guest of her brother, F. S. Cullyford, formerly of Duluth.

L. B. Thompson, who has been with the Smith-Premier company in Duluth, has gone to St. Louis.

John Healy, of Hibbing, a well known business man, is at the St. Louis. He is a former candidate for sheriff in this county.

Mr. and Mrs. John Megins have returned to their residence in the St. Louis after a trip to Montreal.

A. M. Sutherland, assistant general superintendent of the South Shore, was in from Thomaston today.

D. T. Adams left this afternoon for Milwaukee.

Miss Draper goes to Chicago this evening.

Christopher Sonderbye, traveling passenger agent of the North German Lloyd, Oelrichs & Co., and other well known steamship lines, was here today on his way to Winnipeg from Chicago.

W. O. Root was among today's Chicago passengers.

C. W. Andrews, of the Zenith furnaces, leaves for Chicago this evening.

Mrs. Thomas H. Cleland and daughter go tonight to Chicago.

J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO.

We are showing new models in Cravenette and Rayne-Shine Coats

And direct particular attention to our new capeless models with pleats—in tans, olive tans, greys, and mixtures. One very pretty model in particular

At $21.50

We direct attention to some invoices just received of new and correct models in TAFFETA SILK GARMENTS, in—

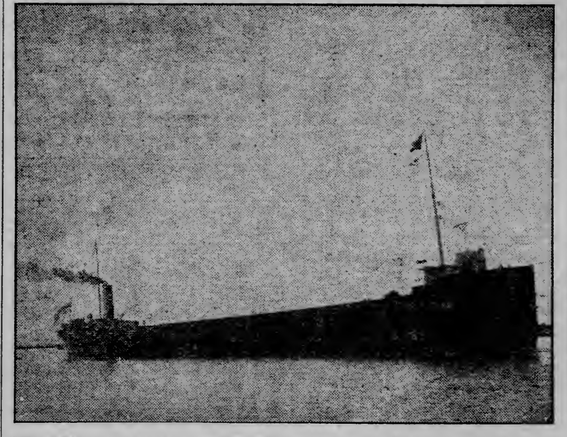
Short Blouse Coats.

Mme. Dean, a professional corsetier of New York, remains until Saturday night and will be glad to tell particular women the merits of the La Vida corset.

A special line at $15.00—in three-quarter coats, blouse effect, and in taffeta suits—in black, blue, brown, grey, champagne, and fancies. Styles that are exclusive with our firm.

TAFFETA SILK GARMENTS are one of the popular garments of the East at the present time.

J M Gidding & Co WOMEN'S OUTFITTERS
"THE STYLE STORE."



STEAMER SAHARA, OF THE G. A. TOMLINSON FLEET. LAUNCHED TODAY AT LORAIN, O.—SECOND LARGEST CARRIER ON THE LAKES.

This noon at Lorain, O., occurred the launching of the Sahara, the new steamer built by G. A. Tomlinson of this city and his associates. The occasion was not a public one and there were practically no invited guests, the owners and their families being the principal witnesses of the event. Miss Ruth Mauck, daughter of J. W. Mauck, president of Hillsdale college, Hillsdale, Mich., who is related to the family of Mr. Tomlinson, gave the boat its name.

The Sahara is 494 feet over all, with 29 feet molded depth and 52 feet beam and cost $340,000. She has seven cargo holds, 28 hatches and will carry 8500 gross tons of ore or 10,000 tons of coal. She is the second of the important boats launched by Duluth owners this spring, the A. B. Wolvin, the largest freight boat on the great lakes, being the other.

LANCED THE HEART.

Delicate Operation Successfully Performed.

Dr. Harlan A. Trask, of Colorado Springs, stuck a needle two inches deep into the heart of Miss Jennie Skube last week, and Miss Skube is alive to tell the tale, says the Denver Post.

She is extremely well, by the way, and she says she was never better in her life. So perishes the old heart superstition.

Miss Skube is 21 years of age. She and her father and mother, two sisters and two brothers, have lived in Pueblo for years. While the other members of the family all enjoyed the best of health, Jennie early exhibited symptoms of a delicate constitution.

At the age of 10 she suffered a severe attack of typhoid fever. For a week or more her life was despaired of.

When she was 12 she was attacked by measles. This time, too, she was seriously ill, and it was feared she would not recover.

As a matter of fact she did not entirely recover, for she has never been strong since. She was troubled with heart palpitation and shortness of breath and, two years ago, her ankles showed dropsical symptoms. Later rheumatism developed, and a month ago a severe attack of pneumonia overtook her.

She was brought through the pneumonia, but the shortness of breath continued and she suffered great pain in the region of her heart. The least exertion brought on great dizziness, and, altogether her case was a puzzling one. Her temperature varied from 90 to 101, and her pulse was abnormally quick and jerky.

On listening to the heart beats a peculiar to-and-fro sound was heard. This was greatly increased when she leaned forward. Then there was an affection of the liver which induced symptoms of jaundice.

All this caused the doctors to wonder. Finally it was recommended that the girl be taken Colorado Springs and be placed under the care of Dr. Trask, who had made a specialty of heart troubles.

The doctor took plenty of time to his diagnosis, and finally determined that there was an unusual disease in the heart and, after mature consideration, determined to attempt to reach the seat of the disease.

The work was of the most unusual kind. The doctor punctured the pericardium, or membrane surrounding the heart, at the fifth interspace, which means between the fifth and sixth ribs.

The pericardium was punctured two inches from the left border of the breast bone. It was extremely necessary that the needle be entered slowly and the vaccum turned on as soon as the needle was well entered into the flesh.

When the needle had entered about two inches, a caltry containing red, purulent fluid was entered. In entering the cavity at this selected spot great care was taken not to injure the internal mammary artery which lies close by. An injury to this vessel hight have resulted in death. There was a great shock from the operation, and all attending pryslcians witnessing it thought the patient was dead when the cavity was entered. The heart, at first, throbbed violently and then ceased beating momentarily. Stimulating hypodermics were at once given, having been prepared for the emergency. Inhalations of nitrate of amyl, together with normal salt solutions revived the patient. Her condition since the operation has greatly improved, the jaundice is about gone, the dropsy has entirely disappeared and the patient is able to sit up and expects to return to her home in Pueblo next week.

Dr. Trask says that the prospects of surgical treatment of diseases of the heart and the pericardium are much better than has been supposed.

Prof. Minni, of Europe, finds that only 19 per cent of penetrating wounds of the heart are immediately fatal. Profs. Elsburg and Prodrez and others, of Europe, and other heart specialists, consider heart operations both justifiable, and, under favorable conditions, successful.

This is a branch of surgery and the first of the kind ever performed in the West.

It is more; it is one of the most remarkable operations of modern times and it is a Colorado physician who had the courage, the skill and the confidence to perform it.

Miss Skube is a pretty girl and a great favorite in Pueblo. She says she feels better today than she has felt in years.

Some day soon one will write a book on the heart superstition, and it will be an interesting book, too. There, is nothing mysterious about the heart. It is simply a big muscle.

Nine people out of ten don't even know where the heart is situated. Ask the first man you meet to tell you where his heart lies and he will put his hand on his left side, way out of reach of the big muscle which keeps his blood going and be ready to argue you out of court when you tell him his heart is a good deal more to the middle of his body than it is to the left.

The "solar plexus" does a rushing business making credulous people think something happened to their hearts. When a man tells you that his "heart sank" he means his solar plexus got discouraged, and when he says his heart came into his mouth he is telling you the exciting performances of that same deceitful solar plexus.

The "abdominal brain," some doctors call the solar plexus, but it is the same old plexus whatever you call it, and it can make you think you have got a clear case of heart disease whenever it wants to. Many people who think they are suerfting from heart disease are simply victims of a depraved and deceitful stomach.

Miss Jennie Skube was not deceived at all. Her real heart was really affected, and the marvelous operation which Dr. Trask performed cured her of a complication of diseases which might have proved fatal if the heart had not been operated on.

Cravenette Umbrella Sale Friday and Saturday.
A beautiful line of ladies' and gentlemen's umbrellas. All umbrellas guaranteed for one year.
A. Gingold Umbrella Shop,
209 West Superior street, upstairs.
Repairing and recovering done on short notice.

HAIR, SKIN, NAILS,
All need careful and expert attention in order to be beautiful. The applications and methods that produce results are used at
MISS HORRIGAN'S DRUG STORE,
Over Gidding's Style Store.

WHAT THE UNION WANTED.

Brooklyn Eagle: The union was dissatisfied.

"What's the matter?" asked the employer. "You're getting the union scale of wages, aren't you?"

"Oh, yes," replied the walking delegate, "we're getting the union scale, or we wouldn't be working."

"And it's a union shop, isn't it?"

"Yes; it's a union shop."

"And the conditions of employment are just like the union want them, aren't they?"

"In all but one thing," replied the walking delegate. "We have no written working agreement with you."

"You had one, didnt you?"

"Yes, we had one."

"And you broke it when you went out on the last sympathetic strike."

"Well, yes, I suppose we did break it to help brother unionists in distress."

"And you broke the agreement that preceded this last one, too, didn't you?"

"Technically, I guess we did."

"Then what do you want of another?"

"Why, we've got to have something to break, haven't we? Can't you see that a sympathetic strike is twice as effective and shows ten times the devotion to the cause of labor when we break an agreement to declare it? Why, without an agreement of some sort, we walking delegates have got nothing to play with. Suppose we had to call another sympathetic strike? There'd be nothing to prevent, and we'd feel uncomfortable and lose interest."

"But these agreements seem to be binding on me and not on you," urged the employer.

"Precisely," said the walking delegate. "That's the joy of it. And, anyhow, we really must have something that can be busted to keep us feeling right. Otherwise we will die of ennui."

IN BLOCKS OF GLASS.

An Americanized Russian has patented a new process of embalming, which consists in casting a solid block of glass around the subject to be preserved, through which the features and outlines of the body will be perfectly visible. As no air can possibly enter, the remains are expected to last indefinitely, till some shock destroys the crystal block which encases them like so many flies in amber.

The inventor hopes that the relics of great men will be preserved in this way, remaining to aftertime in their habit as they lived, with vast mausoleums in which to place them, entrance to which will be deemed an honor like that of burial in Westminster or Santa Croce. The mechanical process by which all this is to be made possible, and on which the government has issued a patent, is quite simple.

The remains are first surrounded with a coating of sodium silicate, or water glass, which is allowed to dry. When the water has been sufficiently evaporated, the subject is placed in a mold, which is to determine the size of the glass block, and molten glass is poured in till it is filled.

Shade Trees
Fruit Trees, Hardy Shrubs, Peony and other Roots, Bulbs, Small Fruits, etc. Buy where you can see the stock and know what you are getting.
Seekins & LeBorious,
Greenhouses—921 East Third St.

Lives of great men all remind us
We should flood our stores with light,
And departing, leave behind us
Something over which to fight.

BIG FORTUNES BELONG TO THE WELL LIGHTED. LET US HELP YOU TO WINONE.

DuluthGeneral Electric Co.
216 West Superior Street.

THE RENTING PROBLEM,

For such it has become in Duluth, is more easily solved through The Herald than any other way. Houses, Flats and Rooms advertised in The Herald are easily rented, because it is on this page the people look for the best locations.

ADDITIONAL WANTS ON PAGE 12

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM HOUSE with water and sewer. Call at 121 East Fourth street.

HOUSES FOR RENT—PARK POINT cottages for rent and for sale. 512 Burrows building.

FOR RENT — NICE MODERN 7-ROOM brick house; choice location. East End. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange bldg.

FOR RENT—427 SEVENTH AVENUE east; modern house; nine rooms.

FOR RENT — A TEN-ROOM BRICK house, all modern conveniences, hot water heat. May 1. Call 502½ East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — SIX-ROOM HOUSE, IN the "Glen." Apply No. 7, Twelfth avenue West. J. E. Evans.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FURNISHED house at Lakeside; hot water heat. W. C. Sargent & Co., 308 Lonsdale bldg.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED AND UNfurnished cottages, on Minnesota Point. H 41, Herald.

SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY, OCCUPYing large modern house, East End, will rent entire floor to club of six or eight young men. Breakfast and 6 o'clock dinner, if desired. X, care of Herald.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park Terrace. Heat and water furnished; $50 per month. 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. bldg. 'Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED FRONT rooms and one side room. 231 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — TWO ROOMS, PARTLY furnished or unfurnished, for housekeeping. 309 Sith avenue west.

FOR RENT—FOR GENTLEMEN, SUITE of front furnished rooms, with bath. 325 East First street.

FOR RENT—TWO NICE ROOMS WITH conveniences. $8.00. Lower part of house 313 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT — TWO UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. 16 East Superior street.

FURNISHED ROOMS—$1.50 AND UP per week. 19 1st Avenue West.

LARGE FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, bath, suitable for two gentlemen. No. 11, 4th Avenue East.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, NO. 16 Mason flats.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS over Criterion restaurant, 206 West Superior street. Apply same.

NICE, LARGE, FURNISHED ROOM; private balcony overlooking lake, in private family; light, bath and both 'phones. 229 Fourth avenue west.

ROOMS FOR RENT. 524 LAKE AVENUE north.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED PARLOR and bedroom, second floor, 126 East First street.

FOR RENT — MODERN FURNISHED front rooms en suite or single; use of phone. M 100, Herald.

FOR RENT—THREE LARGE ROOMS—also for sale, gas fixtures and gas stove. Call room 8, over Big Duluth.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. Also two rooms for gentlemen. 134 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FRONT room, next to bath, in private family, to gentleman with references. 202 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR one or two gentlemen. 1208 West First street.

FOR RENT — MODERN FURNISHED room, bath, gas and use of 'phone, for gentleman only. 113 Second avenue east.

DESIRABLE FURNISHED ROOM, closet and bath. $9 month. 807 E. First St.

FOR RENT—FOUR PLEASANT, NEWly furnished rooms, all modern conveniences, $6 and $7 per month. Also two very desirable unfurnished parlors, 453 Mesaba avenue.

THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS. 503 Third avenue west.

FOR RENT—WITH OR WITHOUT board, room for one or two young men; near Twelfth avenue east. Apply at Y. M. C. A.

FOR RENT—LARGE PLEASANT ROOM —closet and electric light. 331 West Third street.

FOR RENT—A LARGE, PLEASANT front room, furnished; location desirable and central; room suitable for two young men. Address D 17, Herald.

FOR RENT — ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping; central. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS, WATER, sewer and gas. 1225 London road.

FOR RENT — PART OF MICHIGAN street floor, Providence building. Apply W. B. Silvey, 204 Providence building.

DESIRABLE SUITE FOR TWO FOR housekeeping. 5501 London road, Lester Park.

FOUR PLEASANT UNFURNISHED rooms for rent. 4501 Dodge street.

FOR RENT — OFFICES, MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

ROOMS FOR RENT—27 EAST SUPERior street.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — VERY CHEAP, BRICK store building; nice flat; West End. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building. 'Phone 439.

FOR RENT—THE FINE BRICK STORE room 118 and 120 West Fourth street with well-lighted basements, formerly occupied by Crescent bakery. W. C. Sherwood & Co., Torrey building.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED — TWO UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. References given; state prices. Y 81, Herald.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED — BOARD AND ROOM BY young man in private family; must be neat and reasonable; state price. Address D 7, Herald.

STENOGRAPHER.

MISS MAXWELL, 307 1st Nat'l Bank Bldg

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED — PLAIN SEWING. MRS. Harrison, 423½ East Fifth street.

AN EXPERIENCED LADY WOULD like position to assist with books or do general office work. M 46 Herald.

WOMAN WANTS SEWING BY THE day. Address D 12, Herald.

WANTED — DAY WORK, WASHING and ironing or housecleaning. U 17, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS POLICY writer, or stenographer for all or part of day; have had experience in real estate and insurance work. Address Y 67, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK, WASHING or housecleaning. 236 Lake avenue south.

YOUNG LADY DESIRES A PLACE TO work for her board and attend Business college. Y 85, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS FIRST-CLASS cook or housekeeper. Address "11," 518 Garfield avenue.

A WIDOW WITH TWO CHILDREN would like place to work for board; good cook and good worker; farm preferred or city. Address Mrs. Helen Cameron, Lake Park, Becker county, Minn.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY. Cleaning or washing. No. 5 Chester terrace.

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE POSITION as stenographer, or office assistant. Apply W 98, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED — BY STEADY AND SOBER man, good gardener, and handy around the house, a place to work. Address Frank Droz, 118 Fifty-eighth avenue south, West Duluth.

A YOUNG MAN, COLLEGE GRADUate, and of good habits, wants position in office or store. Can speak Scandinavian, German and English; willing to work. References. D 8, Herald.

WANTED—WORK. STORM WINDOWS taken off and carpets beaten. M. Peders, 228 East Superior street.

YOUNG MAN STENOGRAPHER WILL do office work for $6 per week for experience. Railroad work preferred. 'Phone, Zenith, 3197.

AN EXPERIENCED AND RELIABLE bookkeeper would like a position, especially proficient in lumber office. Y 80, Herald.

EXPERIENCED MALE STENOGRAPher, operating Oliver and Remington machines, would be open to situation in about ten days. Address D 18, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN OF 26, A position as bookkeeper, stenographer, private secretary or correspondent. Can furnish gilt edge references. State salary in first letter. Address E. C. Watson, Box 147, Litchville, N. D.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—MODERN THREE ROOM flat. $15.00. 305 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN THREEroom flats, $12 and $14. 311 Sixth avenue west.

TWO FLATS FOR RENT, FOUR ROOMS each; water and sewer. Call at 510 East First street.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM FLAT. 733 East Third street, $15 month, water included. Apply Abrahamson Agency, Palladio building.

FOR RENT—FLAT, OVER 127 EAST SUperior street; opposite City hall. Apply 127 East Superior street.

SMALL FLAT IN WEST END—ALL conveniences. Apply N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN THREEroom flats, $12 and $14. 311 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT — A FEW VERY DESIRable flats and houses and two stores for rent at reasonable rentals from May 1. W. M. Prindle & Co., Lonsdale bldg.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM BRICK FLAT, all modern conveniences. Cooley & Underhill, 207-8 Exchange building.

FARM LANDS.

HOMESTEADS LOCATED
HOMESTEADS LOCATED
HOMESTEADS LOCATED

in Chippewa Reservation. Choice locations.

416 Lyceum building.

FOR SALE—FORTY ACRES OF GOOD farm land near Duluth, on good road; $8.50 per acre. A. Scott, Box 18, postoffice.

OREGON TIMBER CLAIMS LOCATED. Fine timber; reasonable fees; information free. Write. Whitten & Bryant, Room 11, Mulkey bldg., Portland, Ore.

FOR SALE — IMPROVED 80-ACRE farm, team, cattle and other personal property belonging to Perrault estate. H. V. Goetchius, guardian.

INDIAN LANDS—FULL INFORMATION regarding opening of Indian reservations lands to agricultural settlement in North Dakota and Minnesota, $2. Being on the ground we are in a position to give fullest details of rules and regulations. Address Gerald A. Johnson, Postal Telegraph building, Washington, D. C.

FARM LANDS NEAR DULUTH in tracts of 40 acres or more, for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum bldg., Duluth, Minn.

PROFITABLE FARM AND RANCH lands in Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado and Wyoming. Low prices, ten years' time. Scientific agriculture. Mild climate. Maps free. Land department, Union Pacific railroad, Omaha, Neb. Mention this paper.

PAINTING LESSONS.

MRS. MARY INMAN, 231 West Second St.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

AND WATCH REPAIRING, M. HENricksen Jewelry Co., 324 W. Superior St.

WANTED STOCK FOR PASTURE.

WANTED—COWS TO HERD IN WEST Duluth; will be responsible for damages; $1 per head per month. Leave orders at 4909 Magelen street, upstairs.

WANTED—HORSES AND CATTLE TO pasture at Spirit Lake. Zenith Phone 3113-C.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE — CHEAP — TWO COMplete drilling outfits for the Mesaba range. C. d'Autremont, Jr., 714 Torrey building.

JUST ARRIVED, CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows, for sale. Harry Hill, 339 St. Croix avenue.

FOR SALE—ONE $1500 CONTRACT IN the National Home and Investment company; four payments made. Address D 5, Herald.

GROCERY STORE FOR SALE, 1814 West Superior street, including stock, fixtures, teams, three-year lease and insurance. Apply to M. J. Dahlstin, Parlor theater.

$1100 TAKES 4,000,000 FEET OF PINE; $5,920 takes 16,000,000 feet of redwood. Have some large tracts of redwood and pine for sale. 512 Burrows building.

FOR SALE—ONE-SEATED SECONDhand buggy, cheap. 2029 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—BICYCLE, ALMOST NEW. Call at 514 East Fourth street.

MUCIC AND MUSICAL MERCHANDISE —Edison's phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos, organs. Haakonsen & Westgaard, Duluth's leading music store.

FOR SALE—BALANCE OF PERRY Manufacturing company's stock cheap. One 1¼ inch stake drag and one 1¾ inch express wagon. Both new. Must be sold at once. 414 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT, 421 TOWER avenue, Superior.

FOR SALE—LEATHER-TOP, RUBBER-tired buggy, cheap. 625 Manhattan building.

PATENTS OBTAINED FOR INVESTors. J. T. Watson, specialist, Palladio building.

FOR SALE—ONE GROCERY SINGLE delivery wagon in good condition. Call or address 102 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE — GASOLINE LAUNCH, suitable for ferry. 605 Palladio building.

FREE TRIAL ON GAS ENGINES—NO good, no pay. F. B. Jordan, gas engine expert, Box 93. New 'phone 4617, Duluth.

FOR SALE—STEAM ENGINE ABOUT 75 H. P.; also machine shop tools for very light manufacturing. H. E. Smith & Co., Palladio building.

HORSES FOR SALE.

A large and complete assortment constantly on hand; also farm mares, general purpose horses and drivers. Look over our stock before purchasing elsewhere; the largest assortment to be found in the entire Northwest.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Midway Horse Market,
St. Paul, Minn.

FOR SALE—HACK AND TEAM, EASY payments if desired. Call 205 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—GOOD HEAVY WORKING horse, cheap. Apply 2504 West Eleventh street.

FOR SALE—DRIVING HORSE, HARness and buggy, cheap. Can be seen at Kendall's barn, Saturday from ten until three.

FOR SALE—GOOD DELIVERY HORSE, cheap. 223 West Superior street.

HORSES FOR SALE—DRAFT DRIVing horses and general purpose. L. Hammel company.

FURNITURE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—NICE FOLDING BED AND lounge. 459 Mesaba avenue.

FOR SALE — MAHOGANY DRESSER, lady's desk, two bookcases, leather chair, Flemish oak buffet, gas range. 139 Oxford street, Hunter's Park, or 402 Torrey.

FOR SALE — BEDROOM SET, FINE heating stove, combination bookcase and writing desk, Davenport, dining table, dining chairs, rugs, carpets, etc. Party leaving city. All sold on easy payments if desired. Call forenoon Friday, upstairs, at 2006 West Superior street.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, FINE OAK dresser, in good condition. Address D 9, Herald.

FOR SALE, CHEAP, BY PARTIES leaving city—1 Buck steel range, 1 sideboard or buffet, 1 8-foot dining extension table, 4 dining chairs, 1 small coal heater and 1 oak chiffonier with mirror. 504 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—FOLDING BED IN GOOD condition. 1927 West Third street, flat A.

FOR SALE—PIANO, FINE LUDWIG upright grand; almost new, $150; cost $400; Burl walnut case; can be seen at 15 East Superior street, room 4, upstairs. Manufacturer's agent.

COWS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—CAR OF FRESH MILCH cows just arrived. J. H. Markuson, Sixty-first avenue west and Redruth street. Phone 3044-L.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with another carload of fresh milch cows. Will sell and exchange for fat cattle. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone, 1387.

EVAN JOHNSON, 2008 WEST HELM street, will arrive May 5, with a carload of fresh milch cows and springers.

CANCERS AND TUMORS.

ALL STOMACH AND BLOOD DISeases cured by the Herbaqueen remedies and Dr. Pinsen's Ray. The Herbaqueen Manufacturing company, 319 First avenue east, Duluth, Minn.

UPHOLSTERING.

UPHOLSTERING, REPAIRING AND mattress making neatly done. First-class workmanship. Wm. Peterson, 1530 West Superior street.

BEST WORK—LOW PRICES. STOCK & YOUNG, 504 E. 4th St. Zenith 'phone 1249-C. Old, 747-R.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED — TO BUY — MANXMAN, Metropolitan or United Mexican mining shares, at low figures. If prices are not at bed rock, don't waste time answering. Address B 94, Herald.

WANTED TO BUY—FIVE ACRES OF garden land in section 30-50-14, or in neighborhood; state price. Address S. Ryden, 2029 West Fifth street.

WANTED TO BUY—IF YOU HAVE A bargain to offer in centrally located property, vacant or improved, send particulars. D 15, Herald.

WANTED — A CHINA KILN IN GOOD condition. Must be reasonable. Address D 10, Herald.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED AT ONCE — COMPETENT girl for general housework. 4252 London Road. Best of wages paid.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AND DINING room girl. Good wages. 125 West 2nd.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework who can go home nights. Hours: 8 a. m. to 7:30 p. m. Call 18 West Second street.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL WHO CAN stay at home nights. Apply No. 311 Second Avenue west.

WANTED — LADY STENOGRAPHER, having experience in lumber office. Address box 314 Postofficee.

GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSE WORK, small family. 1121½ East Third.

WANTED—COMPETENT NURSE GIRL. 2327 East First street.

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE care of baby; call evenings. 721 East Sixth street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of three. No children. 1422 East First street.

WANTED — A NURSE GIRL. MRS. Freimuth, 1306 East Second street.

WANTED -- COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; family of two. Mrs. J. W. Cousins, 5812 Grand avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. No chamber work. 1514 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework. 1001 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; three in family. 123 West Fourth street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT HOUSEmaid, at 301 East Fourth street. Good wages. Two in family.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 721 East Third St.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of three. Mrs. Fred Reynolds, 226 Second avenue east.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 318 West Third street.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL AT Nicollet hotel.

WANTED — TWO DISHWASHERS, Hotel McKay.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must be good cook and furnish references. Apply Flat E, Alhambula Flats.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; family of three. 1619 East First street.

WANTED—WAIST AND SKIRT MAKers; also apprentices for millinery. La Ferte, 17 West Superior street.

If You Have Real Estate to Sell,

This is the poorest time of the year to keep quiet about it, and the best time of year to advertise it, for hundreds of buyers are watching the ads every day in The Herald.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE. (Continued.)

WANTED AT ONCE — SIX DINING room and kitchen girls. A first-class cook wants place in town. Call at 215 East Superior street, the most respectable employment office.

WANTED—CHAMBERMAID. MIDLAND hotel, 210 West Second street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED CHAMbermaid. Spalding hotel.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL TO HELP cook; also one for general work. 2532 West Superior street.

WANTED—A NURSE GIRL. 122 EAST First street.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS GENERAL servant, hotel and boarding house cook, dishwasher; places always open. Call 225 East Superior street.

WANTED AT ONCE—GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 2725 West Fourth St.

WANTED—GOOD DINING ROOM GIRL. Phillips' hotel, West Duluth.

WANTED —.COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 211 Tenth avenue east.

GOOD WOMEN FOR HOUSE CLEANing, washing and ironing can always be found at 216 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Slebold.

WANTED— GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1120 East Third street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR General housework. Must have references. Mrs. W. P. Mars, 1627 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of four. 810 East First street. Call mornings.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 112 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Mrs. J. H. Whitely, 1828 East Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. 214 Ninth avenue east.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and for general housework can always find places at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 215 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Slebold.

GIRLS CAN FIND GOOD PLACES AND good wages at Mrs. Somers' Employment office, 17 Second avenue east.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—FIVE-ROOM HOUSE AT 2214 West Third street.

FOR SALE — SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, corner lot, 50x140. 501 East Sixth street.

FOR SALE OR RENT — HOUSE NO. 211 St. Croix avenue. Apply 217.

$1750 BUYS ONE OF THE BEST 6-ROOM houses at Lakeside. Inquire on premises, 4831 Dodge street.

FOR SALE—GOOD 7-ROOM HOUSE lot 50 by 150 feet, five blocks from high school. For further information address "H. P. B.," Box 4, Underwood, Minn.

TEN HOUSES FOR SALE CHEAP—Anyone that wants to buy city property in West Duluth cheap call on A. P. Freeburg, 216 North Sixty-fourth avenue west, city.

FOR SALE CHEAP—HOUSE AND LOT, bay side, Park Point. Inquire 1921 Minnesota avenue.

FOR SALE—FINE SIX-ROOM HOME, 1727 Fiftieth avenue east, Lakeside; one block beyond Oneida street. Apply at house.

GOLD WANTED.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR gold and silver. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 324 West Superior street.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. AUGERMEYER, 219 FIRST AVE. E.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug work. 1707-8 West Michigan St. New phone, 318; old, 705-5.

MASSAGE.

MISS BACON, Phoenix blk., 4th Ave. W.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
DO YOU NEED MONEY?

We make loans on horses, waggons, furniture and pianos, etc. Any amount required. Also to salaried people without security. Lowest rates. Confidential treatment. Call and investigate our methods.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Bldg.
Bell 'phone 759 R. Zenith 'phone 936.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.
Old 'phone 636 M.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $1000. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only recognized reputable pawnbroker. Established 1887. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches and all goods of value. Very low rates. Everything confidential. The Crescent Bros., 413½ W. Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SALARY OR chattels; quick; confidential. Cosmopolitan company, 301 Palladio building. Zenith 761.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

TURKISH BATHS.

ARE A GUARANTEED CURE FOR rheumatism, kidney trouble and colds. 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies, 415 W. Mich. St.

SIGNS.

E. RALPH, GENERAL SIGN WORK. 323 West First street.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

CARL DELIN, MERCHANT TAILOR. Room 16, Phoenix block. Suits cleaned and pressed.

OLD CLOTHES.

GOOD PRICES PAID FOR MEN'S OLD clothes. A. Winer, 11 N. Fifth Ave. W.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR OLD clothing. E. Schulz, 112 First Ave. E.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—BOY TO FEED PRESS AND run errands. Peachey & Lounsberry, basement Providence building.

WANTED — COMPETENT, EXPERIenced stenographer. Address "Wholesale," Herald.

WANTED AT ONCE—TWO LUMBERmen; must be first class. Apply St. Louis Lumber company mill office.

ONE PANTS AND ONE COATMAKER at once. Frank Burrows, 24 Third avenue west.

BOY ABOUT 15 OR 16 YEARS CAN GET a position at once. White Swan Drug store.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO DO JANItor work for tuition. Apply Duluth Business University.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED MALE stenographer and clerk, in railroad office. Salary $65 per month. C 26, Herald.

Wanted—Parties to burn Lackawanna Koal. 210 W. Sup. St. Tel. 1291.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Special opportunity this month. Particulars mailed free. Moler Barber College, 221 Second avenue south, Minneapolis, Minn. Established 1893.

WANTED—A BRIGHT, ACTIVE BOY, about 15 years of age. Apply Spalding hotel.

EGGS FOR HATCHING.

PIKE'S CHICK FEED WILL SAVE and raise little chicks. All dealers or write R. A. Pike & Co., Minneapolis, Minn. Sample feed and catalogue, 6c. Price list free.

EGGS FOR HATCHING FROM BUFF Plymouth Rocks; prize winners and good breeding stock. $1.00, $2.00, and $3.00 per setting. Eggs for incubator, $4.00 per 100. Mrs. R. Hodgson, Fifty-fourth avenue east.

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING from prize winners and good breeding stock. Single comb brown Leghorns and black Monorcas, $1.25 and $1.50 per setting. Zenith 'phone 1167, 421 East Second street.

NEW SEEDS JUST IN, ENTIRE STOCK fresh and Northern grown. Pike's chick feed for little chicks. Eggs for hatching. T. A. Scarlett's, 124 W. 1st St.

POULTRY SUPPLIES, CYPHERS AND Pikes' chick feed, in any quantity. Incubators and brooders always on hand. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—Over Suffel's. HUMES.

HATS—106 W. Superior St. Miss Swenson.

ARCHITECT.

Young & Nystrom, 504-9 Manhattan bldg.

LAKESIDE EXPRESS.

LAKESIDE AND DULUTH EXPRESS orders taken at 5 East Superior street. 'Phone 510; residence 'phone 6088. J. N. Wilson.

CARRIAGES AND WAGONS.

FIRST-CLASS VEHICLES OF EVERY description at right prices. J. C. Perry, 416 East Superior street.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN AND ASSISTANT will give readings to ladies for 50 cents till May 15; gentlemen as usual. Phone 4250 Superior. 1813 Eleventh street.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD AND ROOM OFFERED. 211 West Second street.

TABLE BOARD. 231 WEST SECOND ST.

GENTLEMAN ROOMMATE WANTED in first-class boarding house, 231 West Second street.

NICE LARGE ROOM WITH BOARD AT the Ralston, 122 East First street.

TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY at O-aat-ka beach, also cottage for rent. Old 'phone 1302-R.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD. 521 WEST SECond street.

PRIVATE HOME: BOARD AND ROOM, first-class in every respect. 123 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD. Also table board. 218 West Third St.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD AND ROOM, AT 125 West Second street.

PERSONAL.

MAGNETIC TREATMENT THE TRIumph of the age.—Dr. G. R. Horton, the eminent magnetic healer, has located permanently in Duluth, where he will be pleased to see all who need his services. Many of the leading people of the United States indorse his treatment. A few words from ex-Governor St. John, of Kansas: "Olathe, June 9, 1900.—My Dear Dr. Horton: Here is a kind word for you, with our best wishes: To whom it may concern: My wife was prostrated by la grippe a year and a half ago, and was confined to her room for thirty days, and suffered intensely. The la grippe was followed by rheumatism. We employed eminent physicians, but they seemed to give her no relief. The bearer hereof, Dr. G. R. Horton, a magnetic healer, was then employed, and I am glad to be able to state that he accomplished more in ten days in restoring her to health than the regular physicians had done in over a year. Dr. Horton is a gentleman in every respect, and we have found him to be honest and reliable. And I heartily commend him to the kind consideration of all good citizens.—John P. St. John." One trial treatment free. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Consultation free. 'Phone Zenith 639. Office 208 West Superior street.

TONIGHT! TONIGHT!

Grand opening dance at Lincoln Park pavilion.
Tickets 50 cents. Ladies free. Committee in attendance to introduce all strangers.

PURE, SAFE AND SURE! Dr. Roger's **Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills.** A test of forty years in France has proved them to *positively* cure **SUPPRESSION OF THE MENSES.** Special—Price reduced to $1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Imported direct from Paris, France, by **W. A. ABBETT, Druggist, Duluth, Minn., 201 West Superior street.**

ANYONE HAVING ONE OF THE large pictures of Matison's Island, Isle Royale, taken by Crandell & Fletcher, please communicate with Gust Mattson, 2709 Helm street, Duluth.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith 'phone, 660; residence, 1213.

HAIRDRESSING.

Shampooing, Hair Dressing, Manicuring, hair work. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and thorough manner. J. Grueson, 31 West Superior St.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 73, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, May 16, 1904. Work—First degree. Stanley R. Holden, W. M.; H. Nesuth, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 5, 1904. Work—Second degree. Hugh R. Burgo, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary. Visiting brethren are welcome.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, May 6. Work—M. M. P. M. M. E. M. Jos. D. Pincomb, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrock, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave May 10 at 4 p. m. Work—Orders of the Red Cross and Temple. Dinner served at 6:30 p. m. John T. Black, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT NO. 1 MEETS EVERY Wednesdty evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Edward Thompson, Com., 12 E. Fifth St. J. B. Gellneau, R. K., third floor, Hunter block. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. Thos. J. McKeon, G. S.; W. P. Wellbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 165, meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. C. H. Johnson, M. W.; W. W. Denstermacher, recorder. O. J. Murvold, financier, 211½ East Sixth street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. John Newman, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier, A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick Benefit association meets same evenings at 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 55, meets every Tuesday evening 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. J. H. Davis, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

GRANT LODGE, K. OF P. No. 3 (colored) meets first and third Thursday every month at Kalamazoo hall. F. J. Grant, C. C.; D. H. Saunders, K. of R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday at 8 o'clock at Hunters' hall. Jos. A. Mannheim, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, Room 10, Hayes block.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, MEETS AT Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. F. Wiberg, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF Teamsters local No. 41, meets at Kalamazoo hall, No. 18 W. Sup. St., second and Fourth Mondays of each month. Arthur Beattie, president, 2809 W. Helm St. J. M. Reck, recording secretary, 722 Garfield avenue; Archie McPherson, secretary and treasurer, 969 West Eighth street.

COOKS' AND WAITERS' UNION NO. 53.—Meets every second and fourth Tuesday of each month at the Kalamazoo building. President Marshal Hebner; vice president, Etta O'Donnell; secretary, Josie Wilson; treasurer, Fred McKelvey; financial secretary, J. B. McComber, 22 West Superior street; L. H. Copeland, business agent.

I. O. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting, May 6. Important business. R. J. Pickard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in G. A. R. hall, Temple building, 203 East Superior street. George P. Mackenzie, chief; Malcolm Macdonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary. Glass Block. Next meeting, Wednesday, May 18.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL.—No. 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, first and third Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. G. L. HARGRAVES, archon; L. P. MURRAY, scribe, 1804 East Fourth street.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

20 Pages

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

20 Pages

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, MAY 6, 1904. TWO CENTS.

THE JAPANESE LAND THIRTY THOUSAND MEN ON THE LIAO TUNG PENINSULA AND CUT OFF COMMUNICATION WITH PORT ARTHUR

Landings Have Been Made at Pitsewo and Port Adams.

Port Arthur Well Provisioned and Can Stand Long Siege.

Russians Believe That the Fortress There Is Impregnable.

Paris, May 6.—A dispatch to the Havas Agency from St. Petersburg says the Japanese troops who landed at Pitsewo cut the land communications with Port Arthur.

St. Petersburg, May 6.—The details of the Japanese landing at Pitsewo have just been received by the general staff. From information brought to Port Arthur by the Chinese, sixty transports are disembarking two divisions, numbering altogether 30,000 men of which 10,000 were landed yesterday evening.

No news has been received up to this hour of any other landing. Strict orders have been given to Rear Admiral Wittsoeft not to take out his warships from Port Arthur.

Newchwang, May 6.—It is reported here that the Japanese troops landed yesterday at Pitsewo, on the Liao Tung peninsula, numbered 10,000 men. Port Arthur, according to reliable information, is well supplied with provisions.

Washington, May 6.—The state department has received a cablegram from United States Minister Griscom at Tokio, confirming the press report of the landing of the Japanese in the Liao Tung peninsula, about 40 miles above Port Arthur. The location as given in the Japanese dispatch, is Kinchau. The apparent discrepancy is explained by the statement that Kinchau is a larger town and that Pitsewo is an adjoining suburb, a hamlet. This is the narrowest point on the peninsula and consequently, the minister says, the railroad is practically closed and the investment of Port Arthur has begun.

St. Petersburg, May 6.—The landing of the Japanese at Pitsewo, northeast of Port Arthur, is officially confirmed. It is expected that the railroad connecting Port Arthur with Mukden and Harbin will soon be cut.

The departure of Viceroy Alexieff and Grand Duke Boris from Port Arthur was hurried owing to the possibility of the interruption of railroad communication.

The Japanese landed in sufficient force to discourage the few hundred Russians watching at Pitsewo from offering any resistance.

London, May 6.—A dispatch to the Central News from St. Petersburg today says the Japanese landed at Port Adams, on the west coast of the Liao Tung peninsula, as well as at Pitsewo.

Port Adams is situated about 50 miles from Port Arthur, at the head of Society bay, and on the railroad connecting Port Arthur with Mukden and Harbin. Consequently it may be inferred that if the report of a Japanese landing there is correct, communication with Port Arthur has been cut off. Pitsewo on the east coast where the Japanese have landed, is less than twenty miles from Port Adams.

Rome, May 6.—According to a telegram received here from Che Foo, the garrison at Port Arthur has been reduced to 4000 men and all documents, money and field guns have been removed to Mukden.

Che Foo, May 6.—The expected landing of the Japanese on the peninsula of Liao Tung comenced (Thursday),

(Continued on page 5, third column.)

JAPAN'S VICTORIOUS OLD WARRIOR.

GEN. KUROKI.

Gen. Baron T. Kuroki, commander of the victorious Japanese troops in the great battle on the Yalu, is 56 years old, and was already famous for his successful operations in the late war between China and Japan. Kuroki comes of a race of warriors. For centuries back his ancestors have participated in the civil strife between the damyos, of Japanese barons, and it was through the influence of the house of Kuroki that the feudal system was abolished thirty-six years ago.

Emperor Mutsuhito, while acknowledged as the "heaven-born" and coming of a dynasty which antedates the flood, was in a precarious position while the damyos were having things their own way. He was in short only nominally emperor, and the real power in Japan was the Sho-Gun, to whom the damyos were subservient. The house of Kuroki brought a strong influence to bear upon the Sho-Gun and succeeded in restoring the power of the emperor. For this supreme service Mutsuhito is indebted to the father of the present Baron Kuroki.

Gen. Kuroki has been a student of the old methods of warfare and has also studied modern tactics in Germany. His thorough experience has enabled him to direct a wonderful campaign against Russia.

THE FIRST DEGREE

Indictment For Murder Is Returned Against Frank White.

Charged With Wilfully Killing Jerome Maniage —Other Bills.

Frank White, who shot and mortally wounded Jerome E. Maniage, a bartender, the night of April 26, was indicted by the grand jury, this morning, of murder in the first degree, and he will be tried during this term of district court. The shooting affray occurred so recently that the story is familiar. White is claimed to have been attempting to force a drink on a cripple, when Maniage interfered and told him to attend to his own business. White left the saloon in an angry mood, returning shortly afterward. Stepping inside the door he drew a revolver and fired a shot at Maniage. The latter started for White and chased him out on the street, when the accused is claimed to have turned and fired twice, both bullets taking effect. Maniage died at the hospital April 28.

Five other indictments were returned this morning, charging crimes of a less serious nature.

George Edwards is indicted for grand larceny in the first degree.

Edwards is claimed to have been the person that entered Dr. John Robinson's office the night of May 3, when the doctor was busy in another room, and stole a fur lined overcoat, valued at $70, a coat valued at $15, two pair of trousers valued at $8 each and a vest warth $1.

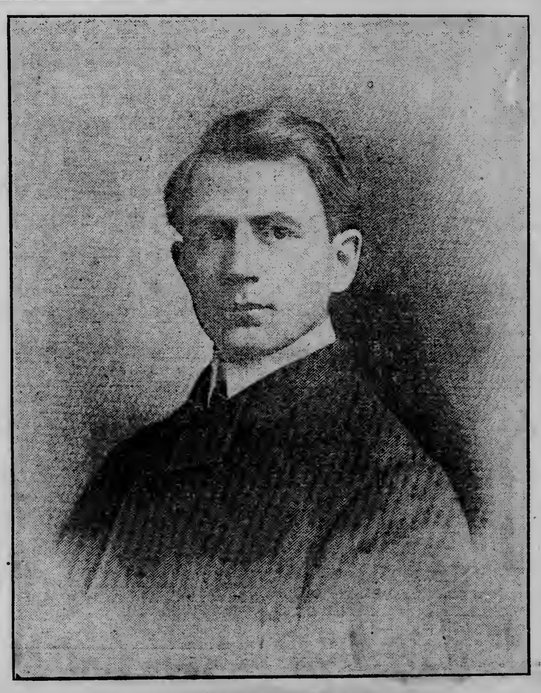
Alfred Scrase is indicted for forgery in the second degree. It is charged that Scrase passed a forged bank check for $30 on Joseph Kenny. The check was made payable to George McCarthy and was signed with John McAlpine's name.

Archie Peyton is indicted for indecent assault. Peyton is the person arrested April 28, charged with enticing Evelyn Ekholm, a 9-year-old girl, in a box car and taking indecent liberties with her.

Joseph Boreck is indicted for grand larceny in the first degree. The information against Boreck is that he stole $175 from Felix Matel, in the Red Star hotel, in this city, April 4 last.

No true bill was found against George Parker and an order was made releasing him from custody.

JOSEPH B. COTTON SELECTED TO SECOND THE NOMINATION OF ROOSEVELT AT CHICAGO



JOSEPH B. COTTON.

Cotton Will Speak For Minnesota and the Northwest.

Less Than Half a Dozen Speeches Will Be Made.

Is High Honor to Minnesota and to Mr. Cotton.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU

Washington, May 6.—(Special to The Herald)—It has been finally decided that Joseph B. Cotton, of Duluth, will make one of the speeches at the Republican national convention, seconding the nomination of President Roosevelt. The president himself and members of the national committee have decided on Mr. Cotton to speak for Minnesota and the Northwest in the big convention. It is a high compliment and honor to Minnesota and to Mr. Cotton inasmuch as nearly every state wanted to have the privilege of presenting President Roosevelt's name.

The committee has decided that there shall not be more than half a dozen orations. Ex-Governor Frank Black, of New York, will make the principal speech placing Roosevelt's name before the convention and arrangements, as now completed, contemplate seconding speeches from various sections of the country—one from New England, one from the South, one from the Middle West, one from the Northwest, which is Mr. Cotton's assignment and one from the Pacific coast.

Congressman J. Adam Bede, who has been very zealous in behalf of Mr. Cotton, feels very happy and he has assured members of the national committee that Mr. Cotton's speech will be second o none in the convention.

* * *

Under the annual readjustment of the salaries of presidential postmasters, these changes are effective July 1: Increases: Biwabik, $1000 to $1100; Cambridge, $1300 to $1400; Cass Lake, $1400 to $1500. Decerase: Breckenridge, $1700 to $1600.

* * *

Amable D. Grignon has been appointed postmaser at Blackberry, Itasca county, Minn., vice Andrew E. Brant, resigned.

DUNN ENRAGED BY GOVERNOR'S ACTION

He Tells Van Sant Over the Telephone What He Thinks.

Says He Is Beneath Notice of Any Self-Respecting Citizen.

St. Paul, May 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Robert C. Dunn of Princeton, candidate for the Republican nomination for governor, last night called up Governor S. R. Van Sant by telephone, at the Aberdeen hotel, and told the governor that he was beneath the notice of any self-respecting citizen.

Mr. Dunn was in the office of George Flinn, in the Pioneer Press building, dictating an interview in reply to the charges of Public Examiner S. T. Johnson, that the Princeton candidate for governor had failed to collect approximately $88,000 in timber trespassing settlements. Mr. Dunn had been informed that Attorney General W. J. Donahower, to whom the report of the public examiner had been submitted by the governor, had stated that it was not his function to make the report public, and that, thereupon, the governor instructed the attorney general to give the report to the press.

"Where does the governor live?" asked Mr. Dunn, his eyes beaming with rage.

"At the Aberdeen hotel," a gentleman in the office replied.

"Let me get hold of the telephone and I'll tell him what I think of him," continued Mr. Dunn, rushing in the direction of the telephone.

Men in the office attempted to prevent Mr. Dunn from reaching the telephone, but he pushed them aside with the force of a lion and called for "Dale 387."

The governor answered the 'phone, and Mr. Dunn said:

"This is Mr. Dunn."

Governor Van Sant evidently did not understand the name, and Mr. Dunn repeated:

"This is Mr. Dunn, R. C. Dunn, of Princeton. I want to tell you, governor, that I consider that you are guilty of the most contemptible piece of meanness ever perpetrated by a resident of Minnesota. I want to thank you for your meanness. I want to tell you that you are too small a potato for any self-respecting man to notice."

The Princeton candidate for governor then slammed the receiver back in its position and resumed his seat by the table.

The scene was undoubtedly the most dramatic that has ever been enacted in political circles in Minnesota. What provoked Mr. Dunn most was not the charges of Mr. Johnson, but the means the governor had taken to shift the responsibility on Attorney General Donahower in making the report public. Mr. Donahower took the position that since the ostensible purpose of the report was to aid him in the persecution of timber trespassing cases, it was not wise to make the report public until the prosecution had been made. The governor, however, wanted the report to get in the papers, and instructed the attorney general to disclose everything. When the report came out in the evening papers, Governor Van Sant, Robert Jamison and other state officers appeared to be surprised and even disappointed that the matter had "leaked out."

The gist of Mr. Johnson's report is that in two special timber trespassing cases, and in sixty-seven others, Mr. Dunn had collected approximately $88,000 less than he was required to collect by law. According to Mr. Johnson's report, Mr. Dunn settled for $1.50 and $2 a thousand, in cases where he should have collected treble damages.

"I'll bet $1000 to $50 that the state of Minnesota will never be able to collect one cent more in the timber trespassing cases that I had charge of," said Mr. Dunn last night.

A request on behalf of Mr. Dunn for a copy of the report was made both to the attorney-general and to Governor Van Sant, but it was denied with the statement that there was no other copy.

Mr. Dunn was interviewed by The Herald last night, and was asked to make a statement regarding it. "I have not seen a copy of the report," said Mr. Dunn. "I do not know what it contains; neither do I care, but judging from the summary as published in the newspapers this evening, it is a tissue of falsehoods and misrepresentations.

"If the attorney general thinks that he can do better than I did in collecting on these timber trespass cases, the records are all there in the state auditor's office, and let him proceed. The fact of the matter that every settlement made by me was for the best interests of the state. Every report made by every state cruiser was on file in the auditor's office when I turned it over to the present state auditor, S. G. Iverson, and in every case of trespass where a dollar was collected, every cent of the amount collected was accounted for by me. Every settlement was in the best interests of the state.

(Continued on Page 7, fifth column.)

SUSPENDS TEBEAU.

President of Louisville Baseball Club Is Punished.

St. Paul, May 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—President J. Ed Grillo, of the American association, arrived today to witness the opening of the home season with the Indianapolis team.

The first official act in this city was to suspend President George Tebeau, of the Louisville club for ten days for his action in throwing Umpire Buswine's effects out of the window of his office after the close of the last game between St. Paul and Louisville. Tebeau will be unable to sit on the bench with his team during the period of suspension, and Umpire Hart has been directed by wire to enforce the president's decision rigidly.

CIVIC FEDERATION.

Executive Committee Deplores Death of Hanna.

New York, May 6.—The executive committee of the National Civic Federation held its first meeting since the death of its chairman, the late United States Senator Marcus A. Hanna, today. Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, presided.

Oscar S. Straus presented resolutions deploring the death of Marcus A. Hanna, while, after reciting the peculiar qualities possessed by the deceased statesman for directing and carrying out the work of the federation pledged the committee's "continued the loyal devotion to the great cause which his intelligent perception and humane personality were forceful in forwarding."

Brief tributes to the memory of the late Senator Marcus A. Hanna were spoken by Bishop Potter, John Mitchell, Cornelius N. Bliss and others.

COURT WILL HEAR THE HARRIMAN SUIT MAY 21.

Newark, N. J., May 6.—United States Judge Bradford of Delaware has notified counsel for E. H. Harriman and Winslow S. Pierce and for the Northern Securities and Northern Pacific railway companies that on May 21 and 22 he will hear arguments in the suit brought by Harriman and Pierce against the announced methods for the distribution of the railroad stock held by the Northern Securities company.

BAKERS CAUSE RIOT.

Chicago, May 6.—Striking bakers caused a riot today. The occasion was an attempt on the part of H. Piper & Co., to send out twenty-five delivery wagons with non-union bakery goods. In spite of the efforts of the striking bakers to stop the wagons by throwing bricks and other missiles at the drivers, the wagons finally made a successful egress. None of the rioters were arrested.

NOTED HUNGARIAN NOVELIST IS DEAD.

MAURUS JOKAI.

Maurus Jokai, the Hungarian novelist, died at Budapest Thursday, of inflammation of the lungs, at the age of 79.

Maurus Jokai was born in Hungary in 1825 and during his long and busy life has written 200 romances in addition to innumerable essays, poems, sketches, etc., most of them portraying social conditions of his native land. It was not until 1846 that his first book was published, and not until many years later that he became familiar to English and American readers. Recently the "Jokai cult" in this country has spread the fame of the Hungarian novelist and his vast success is due in a measure to American influence.

In many respects Jokai's position in the world of letters is similar to that of Tolstoi, but his novels are less emphatic in their portrayals of "the seamy side of life." The Hungarian was a humorist as well as realist in his literary method.

In addition to novel-writing he busied himself with the editing of several periodicals and took an active part in politcs.

PLAN OF ROBBERY AND MURDER UNEARTHED AT RUTLAND, VT.

Rutland, Vt., May 6.—Attaches of the sheriff's office have unearthed evidence which they believe will prove that three men, who were supposed to have been killed by trains of the Rutland railroad, were robbed and murdered in a road-house on the outskirts of this city and their bodies placed on the railroad tracks by the murderers. In some respects the case resembles that of the notorious Bender family years ago in Kansas.

Since the finding of the body of James Murray on the railroad tracks near the house last June, the sheriff's department has been working on a murder theory. A note found near the body caused them to put aside the idea that Murray was killed by a train but they never made much progress on the case until within a few days ago. It is now thought certain that Murray was killed for a few dollars and that his murderers will shortly be placed under arrest.

Stories of wild orgies which have taken place in the road-house and which was followed by the disappearance of the men, who, until recently, it was thought had left the country, are now being investigated.

THOUSANDS TO ATTEND FUNERAL

New York, May 6.—Plans are being made for the attendance of thousands of workmen at the funeral of Sam Parks, former business agent of the Housesmiths and Bridgemen's union, who died Wednesday in Sing Sing prison hospital.

The health department refused a permit for the funeral on Sunday, so the time was changed to Saturday afternoon. This will allow members of the building trades organiaztion to attend and fully 15,000 of them are expected to turn out, forming practically a labor parade. All will wear the costume in which they appeared on parade last Labor day when they marched down Fifth avenue with Parks at the head of the line.

Parks' widow lives in a small flat on East Eighty-fourth street, where the funeral services will be held. As the crowds of unionists desirous of seeing their former comrade before the interment could not gain entrance to the small quarters, a special casket has been made opening on the side so the body can be viewed by them in the street before the procession starts.

PLUCKY WOMAN CAPTURES THIEF

New York, May 6.—A courageous woman with a revolver has brought about the capture of a thief in the Bronx, upon whose person jewelry was found valued at $3000, together with stolen promissory notes for $2000. The heroine was Mrs. Daly, sister-in-law of a New York merchant. The latter and his wife were absent when Mrs. Daly visited one of the bedrooms where her sister's child lay asleep. She was surprised to see a stranger ransacking the family jewel caskets, and, catching up a pistol, chased him into the street. A dozen patrolmen joined the chase and, under Mrs. Daly's lead, they surrounded the thief in a vacant lot. After considerable parley he surrendered under threats of being shot to death.

Every pocket in his clothing was filled with fine jewelry, evidently the proceeds of several burglaries.

MAN FALLS 150 FEET TO HIS DEATH

Chicago, May 6.—From a ladder 150 feet up the side of a temporary tower at Steger, Ill., Michael Trutchius has fallen to instant death. Fifty fellow workmen in a piano factory witnessed the plunge. The tower had been erected for the use of a photographer in taking a birdseye view of the town. It was made of steel, in sections and was more than 200 feet high. The piano makers were leaving work soon after the last sections had been bolted together. Trutchius had boasted that he would be the first person to climb the tower adding:

"I'll climb to the top if I break my neck for it."

His companions cheered him on, and he slowly climbed the wide ladder on the outside. More and more halting he ascended until, when 150 feet high he stopped suddenly clung desperately, and fell. His neck was broken.

Union Made Trousers

1000 pairs of genuine Thames Worsted Trousers—in neat stripes and exclusive patterns; most perfect fitting, with self waistbands—worth fully $3.50—at **$2.50**

THE GOOD CLOTHES STORE.

The Great Eastern Duluth

M. S. BURROWS.

Sale of Rain Coats,

Handsome, Stylish Overcoats, at

$10, $15, $20, $25.

Every up-to-date man should have one. Only coat for spring wear—Best coat for rain or shine—always proper.

Our Magnificent Showing of Hand Tailored Suits at $15

is creating more comment than ever—the values are unprecedented—and buyers are delighted. The immense assortment of new designs—the perfection in every detail of material and high grade tailoring at so reasonable a price, is daily adding many patrons to our immense suit trade.

Genuine 'Varsity Suits at $15.00—Made especially for us—in cheviots, thibets, clays, diagonals, rough homespuns—in fancy effects, plain colorings and blacks—all made with concave shoulders, hand padded collar, close fitting, hand made lapels—no better clothing in the world—garments that compare in every respect with your tailor $30.00 and $35.00 garments—tomorrow you can have your choice of all these elegant suits at..... **$15**

$10 for a Harvard Suit—unquestionably worth all of $15—These are satisfying clothes—called that because every suit we sell of these famous Harvard make is guaranteed to be absolutely made of fine dependable wool—wearing quality cannot be equalled by any other store's $15 garments. We show these suits in cheviots, homespuns, fancy worsteds and fine black thibets—finely serge lined, also silk mercerized lined—the season's most fashionable styles, single or double breasted effects—choice **$10**

THE BURROWS BOYS' DEPARTMENT is the busiest in Duluth. Because goods are right and prices are lower than elsewhere always. Read these splendid values:

Boys' belt suits, coats cut single and double breasted, sizes 7 to 16, in serges, worsteds, thibets and fancy homespuns, trousers with belt of same material; extremely fashionable—at $7.00, $6.00 ..... **$4.95**

Very fine boys' knee pants in serges, Thibets and clays, all hand tailored; worth to $1.50—here at **98c**

Girls' and boys' reefers, of serge, chevriot and coverts, plain or ornamented sleeves—at **$4.95**

Boys' 2-piece double breasted suits, sizes 6 to 16, made of imported materials, in fancy homespuns, silk mixed worsteds and plain worsteds, cheviots and serges, new shaped shoulders and lapels—at **$4.95**

Join our Boys' Library. The books the boys like are here.

Young men's rain coats, in plain and fancy materials, mannish garments, very swagger; exceptional values at.... **$18.00**

Boys' Hats, Caps and Furnishings.

Spring styles for large or small boys, soft and stiff hats, correct shapes, blacks and colors—$2.50, $1.50 and **98c**

Boys' and girls' tams, medium and large shapes, plain or ornamented, new ideas—$2.50, $2.00, $1.50, 98c and **48c**

Immense assortment of boys' negligee blouses, military or Eton styles, in white and colors—$2.50, $2.00, $1.50, 98c and **48c**

Boys' and young men's shirts, new spring colorings, as well as white, cuffs attached or detached—$1.50 value **98c**

Swell neckwear for large and small boys, in correct shapes, beautiful silks, large assortment at **23c**

Boys' caps, in Norfolk tams, golfs, Etons and auto shapes, plain or ornamented—at $1.50, 98c and **48c**

M. S. BURROWS. M. S. BURROWS. M. S. BURROWS. M. S. BURROWS.

Novelty Suits for little fellows from 3 to 8 years, exclusive ideas in richly trimmed imported fabrics—plaids and checks—exclusive designs confined to us—at **$8.00**

Boys' all-wool knee pants with double seat and knee, in plain and fancy materials, fully worth 75c—at **48c**

Eton sailor suits for boys, from 3 to 10, with detached collars, rich fabrics in plain and fancy materials—at..... **$2.50**

Young men's suits, in single and double-breasted sack styles, handsome garments, rich all-wool, plain and fancy materials, newly shaped, sizes 31 to 36; worth to $14.00—at **$10.00**

Young men's all-wool suits, black or blue, light and dark effects, sizes up to 36, single or double-breasted; worth to $8.00—at **$5.00**

Balls, Bats and Catcher's Mitts Free to the Boys.

BY SALE OF BUTTONS

Wichita, Kan., Raising Funds to Find Oil Beneath City.

Expert Oil Drillers Are to Be Engaged to Prospect.

Wichita, Kan., May 6.—The people of this city believe that there is coal and oil beneath the surface. It is the fashion for southern Kansas towns to find out if it is underlaid with these valuable products not by private enterprise but by public subscription.

They have gone about enlisting the interest of the people in the finding of gas and all in a manner unique. If gas or oil or both are found it will be due to the fund raised by the sale of buttons to citizens to furnish the necessary funds to pay the expenses for drilling.

The people have been informed by experts that there is plenty of oil in lakes or pools under the city and that it may take repeated drillings to find it.

The buttons cost from $1 to $5 or more. To every subscriber of $1 and up to $5 a white button is given, subscribers of more than $5 are entitled to a yellow button. But if a subscriber wants two white buttons for $2 he must make two subscriptions of $1 each. Banks, business houses, newspapers and professional men are busily engaged in selling buttons. Even the school children are wearing them. When the fund from the button sales is large enough expert oil drillers will begin to prospect for oil and coal.

The question is frequently heard, "what if neither coal or oil is found?" In that case the subscriber is out his $1 or whatever the amount may be, but he is assured a "run for his money" in the extensive search that will be made.

The majority of the people believe that the coal and oil are here, and are betting their subscriptions on it in behalf of the general welfare. They believe that if they are found Wichita will have 100,000 people inside of ten years. The question of fuel would be settled. Interurban lines would be built, and surrounding farm lands increase wonderfully in value. It would settle the anxiety about whether crops were good or not, because cheap fuel would make the city a manufacturing center. It is on the possibility of these benefits that the people are buying buttons to the limit of their capacity.

L. A. Deam of this city, who has had considerable experience in drilling for oil, states that he is positive that there is oil to be found here, and that it can be obtained at a depth of about 1200 feet. Mr. Deam is making preparations to put down a well on his own account some time this summer. It is his judgment that the oil will be found in pools or lakes, and that because it is not found in one place is no indication that it would not be in another.

A great deal of enthusiasm is being evinced over the proposed well. As soon as it became known that the buttons had arrived a general rush was made for the places where they were placed on sale, each striving to secure the honor of buying the first button. R. P. Murdock was the first purchaser, with H. G. Hagay a close second. Others followed thick and fast, and in a short time white and yellow buttons were to be seen everywhere. It is estimated that between $150 and $200 worth of buttons were sold in the short time that they were on sale.

CAST-OFF WIFE

Secures Valuable Oklahoma Claim and Is Revenged.

Guthrie, O. T., May 6.—The secretary of the interior has affirmed the decision of the general land offices in the case of Katie Voterodt against Charles Voterodt, cancelling his homestead entry, subject to the rights of the contestant to make entry for the land.

The land involved is in the Cherokee strip, near Stillwater, and is a valuable tract. Voterodt was only 18 years old at the time he made the entry, and brought depositions from Germany to prove the date of his birth. The secretary holds that as Charles Voterodt was not 21 at the time his homestead entry was attacked, it must be cancelled, but that he had become of age before the contest was filed, the entry would have been legal and held intact.

Katie Voterodt is the step-mother of Charles Voteodt, and the contest brings to light an interesting bit of family trouble, in which the wife has come out victorious. Several years ago she was married to the father of Charles Voterodt, and while living with him, learned that the son had taken the homestead when not of age. Trouble arose, and Mr. and Mrs. Voterodt parted, the latter leaving Oklahoma. She soon returned, however, and began a contest against Charles Voterodt before he became of age, and under the final decision of the secretary she has secured the land, worth several thousand dollars.

LETTER GIVEN BY WIFE

To the Officers and Kyle Was Arrested.

Elkhart, Ind., May 6.—Francis Kyle was arrested here by United States Deputy Marshal Martin, charged with sending an obscene letter through the mail. He was taken before Commissioner Ziegler, at Goshen, and bound over to the federal grand jury in default of $200 bond.

Kyle is charged with sending a letter from Nappanee to his wife in Plymouth. Mrs. Kyle turned it over to the federal authorities there and Postoffice Inspector Burr came here from Fort Wayne to run down the man.

Kyle is about 25 years old. He had trouble with his wife, it is said, and she left him.

MILLIONAIRE OLIVER

Sued For $100,000 For Breach of Promise.

Knoxville, Tenn., May 6.—A suit for alleged breach of promise has been filed here by Mrs. Nonnie Cross, of Atlanta, Ga., against W. J. Oliver, a millionaire contractor, and receiver of the Tennessee Central railroad. The amount sought is $100,000.

Mrs. Cross, previous to her marriage to P. Cross, from whom she was divorced in 1890, was Miss Rasbury. Her son is a physician in Atlanta. Her attorneys say that they have as evidence of a promise to wed 300 letters and telegrams and recipted bills. Further they say that Oliver, who has since remarried, introduced her as his wife.

PLACED IRON ON TRACK

To Wreck Train For Sake of a Quarter.

Nashville, Tenn., May 6.—Magness B. Woods, aged 19, is in jail here on a charge of trying to wreck a Louisville & Nashville mail train on a high trestle at Baker's station, on the Henderson division, on April 25. Woods had placed a heavy iron jack and large pieces of wood on the track. The obstructions were discovered by a track walker a few minutes before the mail train came along.

Woods has confessed the crime. He says an unknown man offered him 25 cents to place the obstructions on the track, the man saying he intended to rob the train. He said that Gus Hyatt was the man who offered him the money, but later denied this.

The point at which the obstructions were placed is one of the most dangerous on the road, and if the train had struck them it would have plunged over the trestle into the deep ravine. Woods had to go to jail because he could not give $2000 bond, and the railroad authorities are now hunting for the unknown man, of whom they are said to have a good description.

"Neglected colds make fat graveyards." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup helps men and women to a happy, vigorous old age.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

WOMEN RESENT HIS ADVICE

Detroit's Mayor Gets Spirited Response to His Assertion.

Detroit, May 6.—Detroit's mayor has a response to his assertion that women should keep out of politics, and stay home to look after the babies.

The National Equal Suffrage association with headquarters at Chicago, has issued a circular in reply to the mayor's declaration.

The circular says the mayor is very wrong, and that politics needs the women today much more than the nursery needs them.

The circular says politics are very bad, and that women are very good, from which state of affairs is adduced the moral:

Put the women in politics.

Some days ago a delegation from the Women's Publication club of Detroit called upon the mayor and asked that he bring about certain political reforms in the community, intimating that unless he did as they asked, they would undo him politically. The mayor subsequently said:

"I felt like telling them they would better be at home raising babies than mixing in the mire of politics."

The National Suffrage Association has answered him with this circular:

"If it is true that politics has become so corrupt as to warrant its being called vile names, is it not high time that something was being done to drag it out of this slough of corruption? Who would be more likely to accomplish the task than the women of this country, who stand for honesty and morality to the greatest extent of any class?

"Politics is but a reflection of the character of the majority in control, and as men constitute over 95 per cent of our criminals and less than one-third of our church members, what can you expect but corruption in politics when only men look after it? What we need is a higher average of morality at the ballot box to elect men of greater moral worth."

MEDERINE
REGISTERED TRADE MARK
CURES
RHEUMATISM!

Helena, Mont., Jan. 24, 1904.
MEDERINE REMEDY CO., Duluth, Minn.
Dear Sirs:—As I have suffered for the last seven years with Blood Poison and Eczema I had tried everything that money could pay for and it was of no avail. No one knows how I suffered with running sores on my leg. I at last gave up all hopes and started to use opiates for relief.
My druggist, one day, told me to try Mederine. I thought that it was no good, but resolved to spend a dollar once more. One bottle of Mederine cured all the running ulcers and clears the Eczema. I have taken two courses and am a well woman today. I cannot say enough for Mederine for Blood, Eczema and Catarrh. I thank you for thy life long relief and shall recommend Mederine to others. Yours truly, Mrs. A. O. S. Milot, No. 208 State street.
Mederine is sold at $1 per bottle or 6 for $5 by all dealers. Write for booklet.
MEDERINE REMEDY CO., DULUTH, MINN.

MUST CLEAN UP PANAMA

Death Rate Is High and the Conditions Favor Fever.

Washington, May 6.—Panama and, particularly, the canal zone, will be a decidedly unhealthy locality until sanitary engineers of the government have an opportunity to clean it up, as was done with Santiago during the occupation of Cuba by the army.

The death rate in Panama is about 70.8 persons in every thousand. Malarial fever is the most prevalent of diseases on the isthmus and the hospital records at Panama and Colon show that, in cases serious enough to be sent there for treatment, the mortality is high. Of all the deaths in the San Thomas hospital, at Panama, malarial fever was responsible for 3.56 per cent.

Other fevers variously diagnosed, according to a special report of Surgeon J. C. Perry of the public health and marine hospital service, as malaria, bilious fever and patudic fever is responsible for 16.77 per cent. There is very high mortality in these diseases.

In addition to the deadly malarial fever, Surgeon Perry states that yellow fever exists on the isthmus and that the soil is suitable for its propagation. It is the disease to be most feared by whites, he says in his report.

A table prepared from the records of the San Thomas hospital at Panama shows that of 53 cases of yellow fever treated during the last year, 20 patients died; of 109 patients treated for tuberculosis, 95 died, and of 29 cases of pneumonia, 28 resulted fatally.

Of 985 patients admitted to the hospital suffering from all diseases, 345 died. The months of November, January, February and March appear to be those in which the illness is greatest. The death rate is generally highest during those months, Surgeon Perry, in concluding his report, says:

"Assuming as correct that malarial fever causes 50 per cent of the total mortality, that yellow fever is of frequent occurrence, that tuberculosis and beriberi are extremely prevalent. Panama offers a fruitful field for the scientific work of the sanitarian. It seems safe to predict that the sanitary work in connection with the construction of the canal will teach a lesson to the world, by showing what can be accomplished in past-ridden localities in the tropics by modern preventive medicine."

THE LIBERTY BELL TO GO TO ST. LOUIS.

Philadelphia, May 6.—The Liberty Bell will be taken to St. Louis. This was decided on yesterday when both branches of the city council passed a resolution appointing a special joint committee of twenty-four to escort the revolutionary relic and appropriating $15,000 to defray the expenses. The start will be made early in June, but before the old bell is placed in the Pennsylvania building at the World's Fair it is the present intention to have it pass through the principal cities of the states and territories into which the Louisiana purchase territory were divided. These are Montana, North and South Dakota, Wyoming, Colorado, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas, Kansas, Indian Territory, Oklahoma. The bell will remain at St. Louis until the close of the exposition and will be under a constant guard of Philadelphia policemen. President Francis will be asked to name a special day to be known as Liberty Bell day.

FLEET WITHDRAWS.

Loud Lumber Company Leaves Carriers' Association.

Detroit, Mich., May 6.—The Tribune says that the fleet of the Loud Lumber company has withdrawn from the Lumber Carriers' association and that other withdrawals are imminent unless the association effects an early settlement with the Masters and Pilots' association. The steamer Ketcham of the Loud fleet passed up Wednesday and the Mohegan with three barges in tow, owned by the Holland & Graves company of Buffalo, passed Detroit upbound yesterday. The Tribune draws the inference that both these firms have withdrawn from the Lumber Carriers' and have effected independent agreements with their captains, though Secretary H. E. Runnells of the Lumber Carriers, says he has not been informed of any withdrawals.

FOR SALE — CIGAR AND CONFECTIONERY stand and small stock of groceries. For information call 302 West Second street.

POLICE HOAXED.

Not Believed That Lennox Was Even Captured.

Ogden, Utah, May 6.—No trace has been found of Lennox, the condemned Butte, Mont., murderer, who escaped from a supposed deputy sheriff near Ogden, Tuesday night, while enroute from Nevada, where it was reported he had been captured. Sheriff Quinn of Butte, who came to take charge of the prisoner, and the Ogden police are now of the opinion that the Butte department has the victim of a hoax and that not only was Lennox not captured, but that Fitzmiller was not an officer and the whole scheme was concocted to secure money. Fitzmiller disappeared and has not been seen since.

OPERATIONS AT SOO WILL BE RESUMED ABOUT JUNE 1.

Philadelphia, May 6.—The Moffley reorganization committee of stockholders of the Consolidated Lake Superior company met yesterday and declared operative the plan of reorganization, dated October 26, 1903. Stockholders who have not paid their assessment under the plan have until May 17 to do so, and fifty per cent of the underwriting is called for on the same date. It is expected that operations at the "Soo" will be resumed about June 1.

PAPAL BLESSING

Bestowed Upon Ohio Couple's Silver Wedding.

Hamilton, Ohio, May 6.—A rare honor has been conferred upon George Bramlage, secretary of the Fred J. Meyers Manufacturing company, and his wife, in the form of a blessing received from Pope Pius X. On May 24 Mr. and Mrs. Bramlage will celebrate their twenty-fifth wedding anniversary. The papal blessing is in documentary form, and comprises a handsome picture of Pope Pius, together with the printed form of the official document. To this is affixed the papal seal and the "cross signature" of his holiness. The couple were married in Covington, Ky., in 1870.

FAVOR HEARST.

Seven of Washington State Delegates For Him.

Olympia, Wash., May 6.—The Democratic state convention yesterday elected ten uninstructed delegates to the national convention, reaffirmed the Kansas City platform and adjourned. Seven of the delegates are said to favor William R. Hearst for president. The resolutions contain and endorsement of former United States Senator George Stone, of Spokane, for vice president.

The resolutions indorse the national platform of 1896 and 1900 and insist upon the nomination of candidates in sympathy therewith.

The administration is censured for alleged extravagant and corrupt practices and for embroilment in old world controversies.

The resolutions demand a cessation of "militarism, imperialism and colonialism," and call for an income and inheritance tax.

The delegation is instructed to obey the unit rule.

HEARST DEFEATED

In Selection of Delegates In District of Columbia.

Washington, May 6.—Democratic primaries were held in the District of Columbia last night for the election of delegates to the district convention, which is to be held next Thursday for the selection of six delegates to the national Democratic convention. There was a spirited contest between what is known as the Norris and the Hearst forces, the former favoring the sending of uninstructed delegates to the national convention, and the Hearst element favorable to delegates instructed for Mr. Hearst. At a late hour the returns showed the election of a majority of delegates to the district convention favorable to the Norris faction, although a number of protests have been made in districts where Hearst's delegates were defeated.

Bad blood and indigestion are deadly enemies to good health. Burdock Blood Bitters destroys them.

THE DRUG HABIT!

Is responsible for thousands of nervous wrecks.
The debility begins with a feeling that something terrible is about to happen.
Then come the wasting of the muscles, the decay of the brain, indigestion and insomnia.
The eyes and cheeks become sunken.
As fearful as the effects of opiates and excesses are, they can be cured.

PALMO TABLETS

rarely fail to overcome this condition.
People who had considered their cases hopeless, are to-day strong and full of all the physical qualities which make men and women happy—and all thro' the curative results of this remedy.
Your money back if it fails—but it seldom does.
50 cents a box, 12 for $5. Guaranteed. Book free.
The S. R. Feil Co., Cleveland, O.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, 13 West Superior street.

FOR DRUNKARDS
WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid or in food without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 a box. Lowes, druggist, 103 West Superior st., Duluth.

van Houten's Cocoa
Pure and Unmixed.
Delicate Aroma.
Really Cheapest in Use.
Best & Goes Farthest

Masterful Shoemaking

IN EVERY PAIR OF OUR HIGH-GRADE BOOTS FOR

Ladies and Gentlemen.

The "Dainty" Shoe,
The "Dressy" Shoe,
The "Swagger" Shoe,
The "Common Sense" Shoe,
The "Never Wear Out" Shoe.

All Leathers

$3.50 to $7.00.

PHILLIPS & CO., 218 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

OXFORDS

Black or Tan

Very Swell.

High Cuban and French Heels.

Hand-turned and Welted Soles.

PATENT COLT—
PATENT KID—
WAX CALF—
RUSSIAN CALF—
VICI KID—

$2.00 TO $5.00

Phillips & Co.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO

NO APPROVALS. ALTERATIONS, IF ANY, WILL BE CHARGED FOR.

The Sale of Cravenette Rain Coats Commences Tomorrow at 9 o'clock

The Sale You've Been Waiting For.

$16.50, $19.50 and $25.00 Coats at $9.50.

One of the greatest low priced purchases we ever made in popular garments—150 splendid cravenette coats bought from prominent Eastern manufacturers at about half price — every garment of the newest and most correct models—materials of the best, and fully guaranteed. This sale comes at an opportune time. You'll need a rain-proof coat for spring and summer showers—a dust-proof coat for summer wear. Here's your opportunity to buy the finest of their kind at less than cost of production. We advise morning trading to get the best selection, size, style, etc. The coats are all good, but there's a choice, so come early.

The Van Guard Clothing Co.'s Sale Has Opened the Eyes of the Buying Public

It has given bargains such as have never been equalled in the history of clothing selling in Duluth. Thousands of buyers made happy Thursday and Friday—store crowded beyond all precedent—both days showing that Duluth people are quick to take advantage of a great sale. Don't delay—come tomorrow, as this is the greatest money-saving sale ever held in Duluth.

Suits of reliable manufacture—the best of fabrics, and all the style that can be put into a suit will be found among these listed here:

$10.00 SUITS GO SATURDAY AT ..... $ 4.75
$12.00 SUITS GO SATURDAY AT ..... $ 6.75
$14.00 SUITS GO SATURDAY AT ..... $ 8.75
$16.00 SUITS GO SATURDAY AT $11.75
$18.00 SUITS GO SATURDAY AT $12.75
$20.00 SUITS GO SATURDAY AT $14.75

BOYS' AND LITTLE GENTS' SUITS—
Ages 2 to 16 years.

SUITS WORTH $3.75—go at $1.98
SUITS WORTH $4.75—go at $2.48
SUITS WORTH $6.00—go at $2.98
SUITS WORTH $8.00—go at $4.48

Our Pants department is up-to-date in colors and style.
PANTS WORTH $1.75—for Saturday only 98c
PANTS WORTH $2.50—for Saturday only $1.48
PANTS WORTH $3.50—for Saturday only $1.98
PANTS WORTH $4.50 and $5—for Saturday only. $2.48

In our Shoe department we will sell the Boltanor guaranteed Satin Calf Shoe, the best $1.75 shoe in the market—on sale tomorrow, only **99c**

The best grade of $2.50 Shoes—at $1.69
Our $3.00 and $3.50 Patent Leather, box calf, velour and vici kid—for tomorrow **$2.25**
(Come and see them.

A full line of Driving and Cruising Shoes, in from 10 to 18-inch top, at ONE-THIRD OFF—from $2.00 to $3.50 per pair. Worth double the money.

We put on sale tomorrow 100 dozen of new, up-to-date, soft and stiff bosom Shirts; all sizes. Sold everywhere at 75c each—tomorrow, only **39c**

$1.00 latest style Shirts at 59c

UNDERWEAR IN ALL GRADES AT—
HALF PRICE!

We have just received a new line of all the latest shapes in Spring Hats, all bearing the union label. Notice our prices on these hats:

$1.00 HATS ..... 49c $1.50 HATS 75c
In black or brown.

$2.00 HATS, in all colors and shapes $1.25
$2.50 HATS, soft or stiff—at $1.49
$3.00 HATS, soft or stiff—at $1.99

It will pay you to come and look over these, as we are no imitators, but leaders in prices.

VAN GUARD CLOTHING CO.,

407 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.
NEXT DOOR TO AMERICAN EXPRESS OFFICE.

PREVENTS GAME

Rain Makes Northern League-Amateur Contest Impossible.

Ball, Hughes and Lagger Arrive In the City.

Ball, Hughes and Lagger of the Duluth Northern League team arrived in the city this morning from Chicago and will be in the game tomorrow against Ashland.

Their arrival completes the team with the exception of "Rusty" Owens, who is still with the Minneapolis team. Manager Watkins is reluctant to allow him to go, and he will not report in Duluth until about May 10.

The game with the all-star amateur team, which was scheduled for this afternoon, has been postponed indefinitely, on account of the rain. The grounds have just been resurfaced and the rain turned them into a sea of mud, making play impossible.

The team will turn out tomorrow morning for practice at the driving park, and the fans will have the first opportunity of witnessing the new men work out. Ball will assume his regular position at short stop and Wilkes will be sent back to the outfield. Lagger will also be tried out in the outfield.

A game is scheduled for tomorrow afternoon with the fast semi-professional team from Ashland, and on Monday the team will line up against the Duluth Fashions.

CONDITIONS ARE FIXED

Regulations For Sale of Time on Ceded Chippewa Lands.

The Duluth land office officials today received instructions regarding the sale of timber on certain of the ceded Chippewa Indian reservations, sealed bids for which will be opened at the district land office at Cass Lake, Nov. 15, 1904. Bids will be accepted on timber in the Pigeon river, Fond du Lac, Bois Fort, Deer Creek and part of the Chippewa of the Mississippi, Leech Lake, Winnibigoshish, Red Lake and White Earth reservations.

The conditions are very similar to those governing the sale at Cass Lake last year of reservation timber. No bid will be received for a sum less than at the rate of $4 per 1000 feet for Norway pine and $5 per 1000 feet for white pine.

Bids for all the timber on the lands in the list will be opened at the Cass Lake land office commencing at 9 a. m., on Nov. 15, 1904, and will continue from day to day until all bids have been examined. In order to receive consideration, all bids must be filed in the Cass Lake office before 4 o'clock p. m. of the day preceding that set for the opening of bids.

Bids may be for the timber on any separate section, and also on groups of ten contigious sections of land, the bids for timber on groups of sections to be in addition for the timber on separate sections. It is recommended, in order that there may be a proper comparison of bids, that bids for timber on groups of sections be in accordance with the groups indicated in the "Recapitulation." Unless it clearly appears that more money will be realized by accepting bids differently grouped the timber will be awarded to the highest bidders for the said groups. Each bid shall be accompanied by cash or certified check for 20 per cent of the amount of such bid, according to the value of the timber as per government estimate, the same to be retained and credited as part payment of the purchase price, should the bid be accepted or be retained by the United States as a forfeit if the bid is accepted, and the bond and agreement required by the rules and regulations are not furnished.

The bids will be numbered as received and when opened a list of the bids will be made and, with the bids and accompanying checks will be forwarded to the Washington office. Within ten days after notice by telegraph that a bid has been accepted by the secretary of the interior, the person who submits the highest bid for a section or group of sections, will be required to file the agreement and bond provided for in the rules and regulations.

Remember

THAT SATURDAY IS THE BIG "WANT" DAY. GET YOUR LITTLE ADS IN EARLY.

BARGAINS FOR SHREWD BUYERS

Duluth's Leading Merchants Tell About Their Best Saturday Offerings In Today's Herald—Read the Ads.

Important values in clothing for women, misses, girls and little tots are offered by J. M. Gidding & Co.

A special sale of cravenette rain coats begins at the Silberstein & Bondy company's tomorrow.

Four sensational bargains are offered by Panton & White. Read the ad.

Nearly every department in Freimuth's offers unusual values for tomorrow. Read the ad.

Extra values in new spring merchandise of every description are quoted by the Gray-Tallant company.

Women's tailored suits and jackets will be on special sale at Johnson & Moe's tomorrow.

Extra values in men's suits at $10 and $15 are offered by M. S. Burrows. Many bargains in boys' clothing.

D. M. Morrison is open for business at his new location.

New spring and summer shoes and Oxfords are the bargain leaders at the Famous.

Gray's offers a special snap in ladies' suits for tomorrow.

Low shoes at extra values is the principal offering at the Wieland Shoe company.

Kugler quotes bargain prices on drugs and toilet articles.

C. O. Nelson calls attention to his undertaking department.

Charles Mork & Co. offer special prices on new spring furnishings for men.

Floan, Leveroos & Co. offer some remarkable shoe bargains.

You can get all lines of staple and fancy groceries at cut prices at J. H. O'Leary's tomorrow.

Phillips & Co. have a list of shoe specials for Saturday.

Bargains in all lines are offered by the Duluth Consignment company.

The big annual clearance sale continues at the Eagle Clothing and shoe house.

The W. L. Douglas shoe store explains some particular points of the Douglas shoe.

Tomorrow will be Stack's last day at his present location. Everthing sacrificed.

Big bargains are told about by the Van Guard Clothing company's ad.

Suits, skirts and cravenette coats are specially priced by H. G. Gross.

T. W. McAuley offers high grade meats at rock bottom prices.

Rathbun has an interesting list of fancy eatables at cut prices.

Cut prices on all lines of groceries are quoted by D. O'Leary.

The newest things in waist sets and hat pins are shown by J. Gruesen.

Exceptional values are quoted by C. W. Ericson in men's clothing and furnishings.

Special prices in high grade teas and coffees are offered in the Malcomson Tea store ad.

The Manhattan Wine house tells you how to cure that tired feeling.

Many bargains in furniture are quoted in Gately's ad.

The sale of Hart, Schaffner & Marx and Ely Meyer's fine clothing continues at Kenney & Anker's.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

In the Millinery Section Tomorrow

Nobby Street Hats at $3.00.

Beautiful Dress Hats at $7.75.

New and attractive styles at prices within the reach of all. Turbans, Toques, Tricarnes, Sailors, Flares—including many new and attractive dress shape creations. Materials are chip, silk, Japan and pyroscoline braids, chiffons, Tuscans and Milans. The ready-to-wear styles are trimmed with quills, wings, ornaments, velvet ribbon, foliage, flowers, etc. Tomorrow would be a good day to make a selection.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

CASUALTIES YET UNKNOWN

No Communication With Tornado Stricken District In Texas.

Paris, Tex., May 6.—No particulars had been obtained up to 9:45 a. m. of the tornado reported last night in the "Pan-Handle" district. All wires leading to that part of the state are down and telegraph facilities in all directions are seriously impaired.

Fort Worth, Tex., May 6.—Every effort to reach Waterford and Cisco by wire up to noon today has been unavailing and the result of last night's tornado in these sections is unknown. Several persons are reported killed and injured and much property damaged. Shackleford county, where a tornado is reported to have done much damage, is also isolated.

Beaumont, Tex., May 6.—The Sunset Limited of the Southern Pacific last night encountered one of the worst hail storms that the Southwest has ever known, when near Welsh, La., while the storm was at its height. All of the windows on one side of the train were shattered and the lattice work was splintered by the hail stones, which were larger than hens' eggs. Passengers were panic stricken. Several of them were cut about the face, and J. Kohn, of Houston, was seriously injured by flying debris.

Wichita, Kas., May 6.—A special to the Beacon from Cherokee says that the report of a tornado at Carmen, Oklahoma, is untrue. There was a wind and rain storm at Jet, Oklahoma, but no damage resulted.

WOMEN FORESTERS

Enjoined From Holding Convention on May 10.

Chicago, May 6.—Judge Tuley today issued an injunction restraining the Woman's Cathaloic Order of Foresters from holding the biennial convention of the order at Minneapolis May 10. The date named, it was charged, would prevent the attendance of many who wished to attend.

Wringer sale tomorrow and Monday at Kelley Hardware company's.

Manitou Hat, $1.90.

In the popular shapes and colors. Regular $2.50 hat on sale tomorrow at $1.90.
M. S. BURROWS.

Does it pay to advertise in The Herald? Ask B. E. Baker.

Gets Fine Present.

Manager Marshall, of the Lyceum, received a mysterious, but welcome present the other day. He was told there was a package for him in his office and on going to see what it was found it was a package considerably over six feet long and comparatively narrow. On opening he found it to contain an old-fashioned floor clock.

He immediately put the clock to good use by introducing it into the opening scene of "Camille," which is a sumptuous setting to start with and the most expensive, it is claimed, ever introduced on the Lyceum stage. The scene certain pleases the audiences and has been warmly welcomed at the performances. The curtains used are plush and were made abroad.

The Swell Tan Oxfords

You see on the streets today were bought of M. S. BURROWS.

WAS A DECEIVER.

How Mike Charmed Sailors While He Robbed Them.

This ain't like old days—there's too much system and stuff like that," said "Lanky Jim" Downing yesterday.

A group of stevedores and sailors were sitting on a board-pile on a wharf along the river. The fish tugs were unloading and the "flop, spat" of the fish landing in the boxes and the lapping of the water on the piles below was the monotonous accompaniment to their conversation.

"Things ain't so free and easy now," continued Mr. Downing. "You can't go on a boat unless you're going to work, and when you get on you know just what you're going to do. Now, in the old days—did you ever hear of 'Fiddling Mike?'

"Well, Mike wasn't nothing but a kid, and he used to hang around the boats and make friends with the men and talk to the captain and get in the way until pretty near every man sailing out of this port got to know him. So one time when he come around and says his folks is dead the old man took him aboard. He didn't have much dunnage—only an old fiddle, which he wrapped in a bit of tar paulin and a piece of carpet.

"It was a lumber boat we was on, and being busy, we didn't think of him again until night, when we was off Sandusky. I was just pulling off my boots, and getting ready to turn in, when I hears something. I says to Billy here, which was my bunkie, 'What's that?' He says he doesn't know, so we sneaks out and listens.

"'Jumpin' beeswax!' says Billy, 'it's music.'

"And sure enough it was. It was Mike playing on that old fiddle. And say, he did play! I never know'd anybody could play so sweet. We stopped and listened, and pretty soon some more of the boys come and listened, and the old man come down and he listened, too. And I'll be chucked for a lawyer if pretty soon he didn't begin to blubber. The kid was playing 'Nellie Gray, and it being dark and the night kind of getting in my head I begun to blubber, too. It made me think of deathbeds and things, and I got to feeling so damnation sorry for myself I judged I'd go drown.

"Well, the captain, he made Mike shut up, and turn in, and we all turned in. But the next night the kid turned up, and we turned out to hear him same as before. He did that every night, and the men got so that they would give him things, like handkerchiefs and pocket-pieces, not having any money, and they all just regular loved him. I never saw a crew go so daffy. I give him a photograph, myself, which I had borrowed off the barkeep in the 'Seamen's Friend' saloon, it being of a woman, very pretty.

"So it went on that way a couple of months, us losing sleep and the captain cussing considerable over having bubbered a couple of times over his grandmother, which was dead, being filled up with the music and not accountable. Then we was making Cleveland again, and calculated on getting our money. We all says we'll get something for the kid. We was worried about him, some. He begun getting blue and solemn, and says he is lonesome and will jump in the lake, likely. We all said not to—maybe he could get to fiddling at dances and things and make a haul.

"We was bothered, though, and we plans to give him a watch. On pay day we all gets our money, and had a good deal—two months out, and not a cent before that. We was going to buy the watch the next day, and turns in that night without getting drunk—very unusual.

"I was just snoozing off, when I hears a wild yell.

"'Mike's over,' sings out the mate.

"We all turns out mighty quick, and there, splashing around was the kid, in the water. We was all sorry, and two of us jumps over while the mate heaves a rope. I dives and pulls Mike out. He was down, and didn't seem likely to come up, but I finds him all right. I grabs the line and sings out to haul in and over we comes.

"The kid was pretty blue and we pumps at him and empties him and rubs him up until the begins to breathe some, and then, by jings, he jumps over again! And this time he gets into a little scow on the other side and up a coal boat and on to the wharf.

"His coat was on the deck, and Idle like we looks in the pockets and—well, there was the wages of every last man in the boat. That kid had took every cent we had and was going on shore with it, when he fell in accidental the first time, him having deceived us with his fiddle all that trip. We takes his fiddle and busts it, and ever since then I haven't took much stock in musicians."

The crowd on the deck considered these statements a few moments, and then arose and silently moved away. The water lapped plaintively on the wharf, and the narrator, solemnly cogitating alone on the board pile, took an impressive chew from a section of "twist."

MAN'S STATURE.

Recent statistics, says the Detroit Tribune, have proved that man's stature increases up to the age of 50 years. This is a refutation of the former belief, according to which men stopped growing at 22 or 23.

"Boys and girls," said a surgeon, "vary oddly in the rapidity of their growth. The fastest growth experienced in life comes between the ages of 1 and 5. Boys and girls grow about equally here.

"From 5 to 10 the boys outstrip the girls, but from 10 to 15 the girls outstrip the boys. At 11 to 14 the girls are the boys' superiors in height, and from 10 to 15 they are the boys' superior in weight.

"But between 16 and 20 the boys forge ahead, taking at that age a lead which they never again relinquish. The boys cease their perceptible growth at 23; the girls cease theirs at 20.

"From 23 onward to 50 men, however, continue to grow—no observations have been made on women—though their growth is, of course, slight. They also increase slowly in weight; but from 50 to 60 their weight increases very rapidly.

"Main strength increases most markedly from the ages of 12 to that of 19; from 19 to 30 it increases more slowly. From 36 onward it begins very slowly to decline.

Miss Ida M. Tarbell, the noted writer, was talking at her residence in New York about servants.

"I have been reading," she said, "John Forster's 'Life of Dickens,' and the book has reminded me of the pompous Forster's body servant, Henry. Dickens described Henry during his last visit to America.

"The man, it seems, was a character. He was devoted to his master. From one year's end to the other he never needed a reprimand.

"It was, therefore, very surprising, one night when Forster was entertaining several writers at dinner, to see the scrupulous Henry make error after error. He upset a plate of soup, and Forster uttered a cry of alarm. He forgot to serve the sauce for the fish, and his master said, 'Why, Henry!' Altogether he made the excellent dinner seem quite a slovenly and poor repast.

"When, at the end, he had set the port and walnuts on the table, Henry leaned over Forster's chair and said in a tremulous voice:

"'Please, sir, can you spare me now? My house has been on fire for the last two hours!'"

Piles Can Be Cured

By Internal Treatment

Without the Aid of Narcotics or the Knife

You who suffer with piles know what a glorious boon it would be to you to be absolutely and painlessly cured. You know from actual experience that salves, ointments and other local applications do not cure. You may get relief, but you keep on suffering.

There is a cause for every human ill. Remove the cause and you cure the complaint. Piles have two distinct causes: First, congestion of the liver; second, constipation resulting from poor digestion.

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific

The Internal Remedy

absolutely removes these causes by increasing the flow of digestive juices in the stomach, and relieving the congestion of the liver. It is a tonic for the entire bowel system and helps each particular member of this system to work easily and naturally.

You simply take a teaspoonful of this positive, internal remedy three times a day before each meal. It is pleasant to the taste and absolutely free from opium, cocaine or other narcotics. It is not a palliative or temporary remedy; it produces a positive, radical and lasting cure.

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific is sold under an

Absolute Guarantee

to cure any case of blind, bleeding, itching or internal piles, no matter how chronic or aggravated it may be. Out of over 10,000 cases there are only three on record where a positive cure has not been made.

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific can be procured of any reliable druggist under an iron-clad agreement to refund your money should you take two $1.00 bottles of the remedy without receiving positive benefit.

Dr. Perrin Medical Co., Helena, Montana.

THE STATE OF TRADE

Shown By Reports to the International Mercantile Agency.

New York, May 6.—Special advices from important commercial centers to the International Mercantile agency show that better trade, incident to more seasonable weather, has ben reflected this week in a revival of business which bids fair to exceed the usual May volume. This is peculiarly so of clothing in the Northwest, which shows results ahead of 1903. In sections where low temperature continues, dry goods are quiet, with notable failing off of "filling-in" orders usual at this season. Spring is still a month behind in some regions, although reports from many centers indicate an improvement over a week ago.

Chicago reports some decline in building operations, due largely to high prices for materials and difficulty in securing supplies. Outlook in other districts is satisfactory, with collections excellent, and most branches of hardware showing decided improvement. Jobbers report good fall orders and some increase in spring business. Influx of exposition visitors to St. Louis has stimulated trade in that vicinity. Tobacco is active at the South under the influence of boom prices, from which the product has thus far derived small benefit. The textile industry is still depressed. General distribution of merchandise has been accelerated in most branches during the week. Crop news from the Northwest is satisfactory. While the seeding has been late in some sections, improved weather conditions have favored the work so that it is now in full blast in territory where it had been specially retarded. High prices for wheat have stimulated acreage so that farmers are unusually active. Conditions this week have been specially favorable for growing crops in Kansas, Missouri, Illinois, Oklahoma and Iowa. Conditions of growing winter wheat and oats show marked improvement. Warmer weather with slight precipitation accounts for the better results.

Like Pulling Teeth.

Indianapolis News: It is pretty nearly like becoming your own dentist to move to make your opponent's nomination unanimous.

THE FOOD ROUTE

is the safest way to steady health.

Many people are kept ill because they do not know how to select food that their own particular bodies will take up and build upon.

What will answer for one will not do for another.

If one is ailing it is safe to change food entirely and go on a plain simple diet, say,

Cooked fruit
Dish of Grape-Nuts and Cream
2 Soft eggs
1 Cup Postum Coffee
Slice of Toast,

no more.

Man! but a diet like that makes one feel good after a few days use.

The most perfectly made food for human use is

Grape-Nuts

"There's a reason."

Get the little book, "The Road to Wellville" in each pkg.

POOR TOBY DIED

Logging Camp Incident That Contains Much of Pathos.

Poor Mule's Food Stolen and He Is Left to Die.

H. S. Johnson, who recently returned to Duluth from acting as timekeeper in a north shore logging camp during the winter months, says that somewhere in Duluth there lives a rag picker and scrap iron gatherer with a heart of stone, whose love for money overshadows all human sympathy. In telling yesterday what brought him to this conclusion, Mr. Johnson said:

"There are many queer things happen in and about a logging camp, some of them humorous, some of them tragic. The little tragedies usually occur after the camp is closed for the season, and all the men have departed. One would naturally suppose when the buildings are deserted, closed and locked, that nothing interesting could happen about them, and this is some times the case, but not always. Often cats, dogs, broken down horses and mules, and even cows, are left by the loggers when they start for civilization in the spring, because they are no longer of any use, or, in case of the larger and more valuable animals, because they are unable to stand the long journey to the city.

"A pathetic incident of this nature came under my observation at a neighboring camp some time ago. The place was deserted some time before we broke camp. When the loggers left the place, which was located fifteen miles from us, they left behind a mule, just a plain, ordinary long-eared, stubborn, cussed old mule, with a temper in keeping with that of the rest of his kind, and with no particular virtues to distinguish him from the others of the breed. He was known as Toby, after the 'Devil's Auction' creature, I presume.

"Toby was not brought back to the pleasures of city life for the simple reason that he was sick, so sick that he was hardly able to navigate. There were signs of his recovery, however, and as he was really a good, hard-working animal when well, and little past his prime, the boss hated to part with him, but could not afford to wait his recovery. Neither did he wish the poor creature to starve to death, so when the outfit left, when the season's work was completed, two bales of hay and a sack of feed were left for Toby. But the boss did more than this. He went several miles out of his way to inform a settler of the fact that a mule had been left behind, and that anyone was welcome to posesss him who cared to go after him at the proper time.

"Now the farmer had two sons, about 14 and 16 years of age. He told the boys of Toby, and said they could have the animal for their own if they wished to go and get him.

"The proposition pleased them immensely, and a few days later they started for the camp, driving over the impassable country roads behind their father's old nag, and taking along some hay and feed for Toby.

"The individual was found to be convalescent. He was quite frisky for a staid old mule, and appeared mighty glad to see them. But the boys thought it best to leave him where he was for awhile longer, so went home without him, leaving him the additional hay and feed. There was enough to keep life in the emaciated frame for some time.

"Every spring the scrap iron men from the cities make the rounds of the camps, picking up whatever they can find of value, and often making good money in this way. Such a man visited the camp in question a few days after the farmer boys. He did not take the broken down mule, but he took everything else in sight. This included every scrap of hay and feed on the premises. It was too early for grass. Toby was still slightly under the weather and could not subsist on bark and twigs. Besides, he regarded the camp as his home, and refused to leave it in search of food.

"Toby died. His death was due to starvation. It took no coroner to find this to be a fact. It was only too plainly evident when the boys returned for their pet, for pet they had intended to make him.

"The poor, patient beast was lying stark and stiff across the chip pile. It had rained the day before and then frozen. He was partly encased in ice. Three crows were perched on the body, and others were circling about in the air. They flew away when the boys drew near. Nothing could be done. The pitiful, glassy eyes looked their reproach at the boys. The youngest boy cried, and the two went home."

BIG CANADIAN CONTRACT

For Railroad Building Let to St. Louis Man.

Winnipeg, Man., May 6.—The contract for the track laying and bridge building on 519 miles of new main line of the Canadian Northern railway from the terminus of steel already laid to Edmonton has been awarded to S. R. H. Robinson, of St. Louis, Mo., and the work will be commenced as soon as the grading has progressed far enough to give the steel workers room to work. A. J. Keith of St. Louis has the sub-contract under Mr. Robinson for the bridge work, the superstructure of which will be of wood. This is the largest Canadian contract let for some years.

FIRE IN MINE.

Shamokin, Pa., May 6.—Fire which broke out last night in the Locust Gap slope operated by the Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron company, is still raging fiercely. John and Michael Boglan and Michael Shannon, of Locust Gap, who were in the mine when the fire started were unable to reach the surface and a rescuing party is at work endeavoring to reach the entombed men.

Locust Spring breaker which prepared the Locust Gap coal for market was forced to shut down rendering over 1000 men and boys idle.

FOOD FOR PARK ELKS.

Livingston, Mont., May 6.—It is the intention of the government to sow a large tract of land in the Yellowstone park near Gardiner in alfalfa for the purpose of feeding the park elks and other wild animals in that neighborhood during winter months because of the scarcity of feed in the park. A large irrigating canal for the irrigation of the tract will be taken out of the Gardiner river.

Headquarters for golf goods

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Headquarters for tennis goods

Splendid styles--the essence of true excellence.

The most serious mistake the woman of today can make, is to do her shopping on the supposition that the real value of her purchase is to be measured by the price. Modern expansion has revolutionized merchandising, and the big houses in the big cities make possible economies in dress that simply would pass belief were it not possible every day and every hour to furnish **POSITIVE PROOF.**

EXCLUSIVENESS OF STYLE is more certain here, also, than in the little shops. We have hundreds of suits and costumes of which there are not two alike, and which cannot be bought elsewhere, but just the same we sell these exclusive styles on the same little margin of legitimate profit which creates our big business.

OUR PRICES COMPARE WITH OTHERS AS FOLLOWS:

Covert Coats—our price $6.75—
Small Store's price $10.00

Covert Coats—our price $12.50—
Small Store's price $18.00

Ladies' Suits—our price $12.50—
Small Store's price $20.00

Ladies' Suits—our price $24.50—
Small Store's price $40.00

Ladies' Suits—our price $39.00—
Small Store's price $55.00

Peter Thompson Suits—our price $4.75—Small Store's price $9.00

Girls' Dresses—our price $2.75—
Small Store's price $4.75

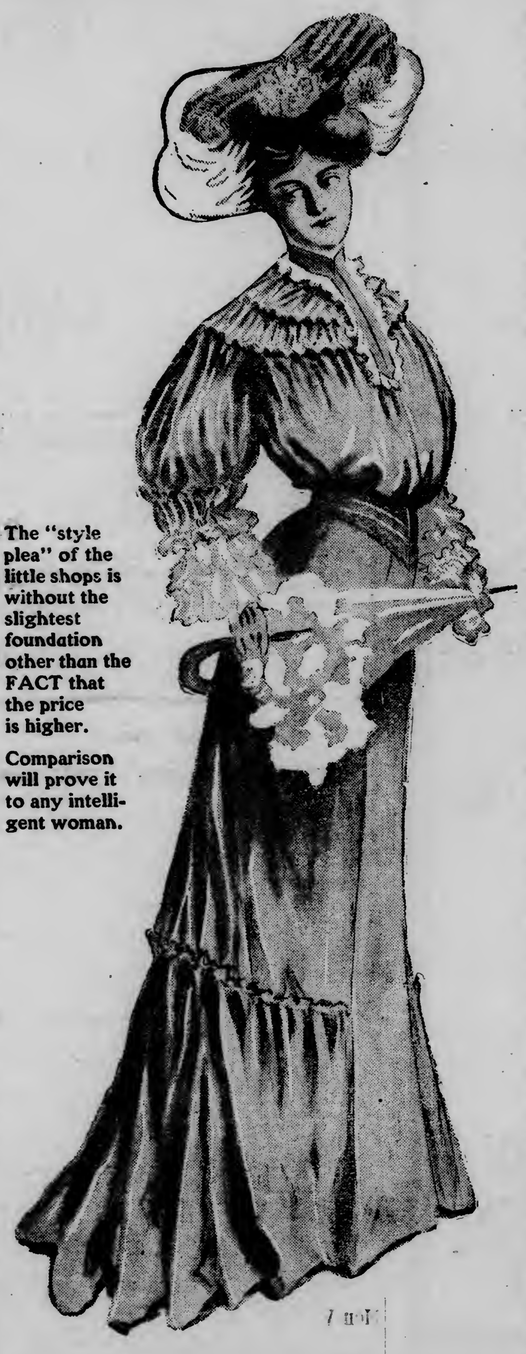
This difference is all in the price. The styles, materials, making, linings, findings, trimmings, are the same in both. Surely it is time for wise women to learn the lesson that the "Big Store" gets first chance at everything good. The little fellows take what's left and ask two prices for it.

$27.50 SUITS FOR $16.50—One rack of about 50 suits, in cheviots, broadcloths and new fancy mixtures, trimmed in a variety of styles, well tailored; choice of Etons, blouse and hip coat effects, walking or dress skirts—odd lines, one or two of a style; suits worth $22.50 to $27.50—to close them out the price is **$16.50**

$32.50, $37.50, $42.50 SUITS AT $29.50—Materials—voiles, etamines, cheviots, broadcloths; colors—black, navy, champagne, eminence, etc.; blouses, Eton and hip coat styles; some of these suits are all silk lined—on special sale tomorrow for **$29.50**

A handsome costume of fancy imported voile, silk lined throughout—blouse style, showing revers of white moire silk, with a touch of Bulgarian trimming and also medallions of imported lace and panne velvet—skirt pleated and panels—with a touch of the velvet—price $119

A gown of imported voile in the fashionable eminence shade, silk lined throughout—coat has linings of taffeta and a beautiful collar of imported lace — with straps of silk and buttons — our price for this sale $89.50



The "style plea" of the little shops is without the slightest foundation other than the FACT that the price is higher.

Comparison will prove it to any intelligent woman.

NEW COVERT COATS arriving nearly every day to replenish the stocks which are finding such a popular sale. Our prices are simply so low others wonder how we can sell them. All wool covert coat in box and fitted styles, well tailored—would be cheap at $7.50—this sale **$5.75**

Better ones up to $24.50—all new strappings, best taffeta lining—perfect tailoring—no better tailoring to be had at any price.

CRAVENETTE COATS—$8.50 buys a guaranteed waterproof coat, double cape, belt piped with red; colors—tan, oxford and olive—a good coat for rain or shine—real $12.50 value at **$8.50**

Better ones at $12.50 to $37.50—novelties "one of a kind"—can be found here.

SILK WAISTS—$2.49 for a trimmed Jap. silk waist to the elegant lace waist at $25.00. In our line are shown all-over lace, crepe de chine, peau de cygne, taffeta, pongee—in endless variety of styles and colorings.

RUNABOUT SKIRTS—150 walking skirts just received, which we bought at less than cost of materials; good colorings; skirts which retail at $4.50 to $6.00—while they last, your choice at **$2.98**

Better ones at $3.98 to $14.98—in all the new Scotch mixtures, all the new strappings and button trimming—compare our prices with "style-talk" prices.

WASH WAISTS—Our department is filled to overflowing with the best productions of such celebrated makers as the "Geisha," the "Unique" and the "Griffon" waists. These makes have a world-wide reputation. We show wash waists at 49c and up to $12.50. One of a kind in the better grades.

NEW SILK SHIRTWAIST SUITS, in all silk taffeta and fancy foulards. Waists elaborately trimmed, with skirt to match. Suits which would retail at $22.50 at the little shops—our price **$14.98**

SUMMER WASH SUITS—New shirtwaist suits, in white linens, Madras, lawn, satine, grass linens, etc. A great variety of styles—some lace trimmed, others tucked and plaited—we have them at $12.50 and as low as **$3.49**

PETER THOMPSON dresses and jackets—the genuine article at just about half the prices of the little shops. Also a complete assortment of gingham and percale wash dresses, for ages 2 to 16 years. Can you afford to pay double our prices for identical frocks for your girls?

The Big Store's millinery is another evidence

of the power of a big organization to reduce your cost of living. Under the antiquated small store system of dealing from "hand to mouth" the ladies who want to wear a really stylish creation are barred out, because that system doubles up the prices.

Our $25.00 trimmed millinery costs $45.00 at the little shops.
Our $20.00 trimmed millinery costs $35.00 at the little shops.
Our $15.00 trimmed millinery costs $25.00 at the little shops.
Our $10.00 trimmed millinery costs $18.00 at the little shops.

That is the way the modern department store, properly managed, has made it possible for ALL to share in the blessings of handsome dress. Take away the big department stores and return to the old system of little, exclusive shops, and in one year half the people who are now well dressed would be compelled to appear shabby because they couldn't pay the "little store" prices.

$3.95 GETS THE EQUAL HERE OF any $6.50 hat—you can compare as much as you will. Every hat you buy which has in it or on it as much value as is put into or on our $3.95 hats, will cost you $6.50 elsewhere. Come and see them. Compare them with all other hats. You cannot fail to come back here because our hats are the prettiest and our values the best.

Black Chiffon Hats—ready to trim, tucked—all the latest shapes—medium and large—89c to $5.75 each.

$4.95 BUYS AN EQUAL OF ANY $8.50 hat you can find in Duluth. Equal in style, equal in value, equal in beauty, equal in hand-making, equal in every way: We can do it because we buy more, sell more, and ask less profit. At this price we show new ideas in black, white, browns, navys—trimmed with flowers, laces, satins, ribbons and ornaments—hardly two alike.

Children's Headwear—in every style—bonnets, mull and silk hats—cloth Tam O'Shanters, straw sailors, etc.

Mull and Silk Hats, 25c to $4.50 each.
Cloth Tam O'Shanters, 25c each to $2.50 each.
Straw Sailors, 25c each to $3.50 each.

WEST DULUTH

BIDS FOR SEWERS

Board Opens Proposals For West Duluth Sewers.

Ferry Line to Billings May Be Established Soon.

Seven different contractors have submitted bids for the new West Duluth sewers which have been ordered by the council.

The bids were opened this morning by the board of public works, and there was found to be keen competition.

The four different sewers for which bids were called, are as follows:

1. A sanitary sewer in the alley between Fifty-sixth and Fifty-seventh avenues west, from Elinor street southerly and westerly to Fifty-seventh avenue and in Fifty-seventh avenue to Grand.

2. A sanitary sewer in the alley between Fifty-seventh and Fifty-eighth avenues west, from Elinor street southerly and westerly to Fifty-eighth avenue and in Fifty-eighth avenue to Grand.

3. A sanitary sewer in the alley between Central avenue and Fifty-sixth from Elinor street southerly and westerly to Fifty-sixth and in Fifty-sixth to Grand.

4. A sanitary sewer in Grand avenue west from Fifty-eighth avenue to Fifty-fifth avenue, with connections to the sewer in the alley between Fifty-fourth and Fifty-fifth and a sewer filter at the end of said sewer at Folk street.

The seven contracting firms who bid on the sewers were as follows: P. McDonnell, J. D. O'Connell, Fitzgerald & Norris, E. Engle, Thomas & McCoy, George R. King and P. G. Pastoret.

Thomas & McCoy were the lowest bidders on number 1. Their bid was $1852.55, with P. McDonnell just $20 higher.

P. G. Pastoret was lowest on number 2, bidding $2470.50, with P. McDonnell a close second.

Thomas & McCoy were also lowest on number 3, with their bid for $1441.65. P. McDonnell came second with $1521.

J. D. O'Connell was the lowest bidder on number 4. His bid was $2773.59 and that of P. McDonnell was just $16 higher.

The contracts were not awarded this morning, as the items of the different bids had not been figured out. The board will award them Monday morning, and doubtless the lowest bidders will secure the contract. They will all be sent up to the council Monday evening for confirmation.

THE FERRY LINE.

May Soon Be Running to Billings Park.

There now seems to be little question that the ferry line to connect Billings Park, Superior, and West Duluth will soon be put in operation. The expense of the undertaking will at first probably be borne by people in the Wisconsin city. Inhabitants of both cities appear to be agreeable to the establishment of the line, and have so expressed themselves. It is believed the proposition will be a paying one. Speaking of the matter this morning a West Duluthian said:

"There now appears to be nothing in the way to hinder starting the ferry. Some have argued that the fact of the dock on our side of the bay being four blocks from the end of the street car line will be an obstacle in the way of the successful operation of the line, but I do not believe this will prove to be the case.

"A little matter of four blocks walk will make the trip all the more pleasant in nice weather, and I believe the route, making a complete loop around the two cities as it does, will become a popular one with tourists. With two ferry rides and two street car rides, with a few minutes wait in between, they can see pretty much of the head of the lakes cities."

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

C. L. Goodell, of Barnum, was transacting business in West Duluth this morning.

The Lady Maccabees held a social session in Gilley's hall last night.

E. G. Pake and family have removed from the Fifty-third avenue residence to rooms in the Woodward building, on Central.

The extensive improvements which have been under way on C. J. Petruschke's box factory for some time past, are now complete and the plant is now running at an increased capacity with a full force of men employed.

E. G. Kreidler, of Central avenue, has accepted a position in the Lyceum drug store.

For wall paper, go to Nygren's.

Committees will soon be appointed to arrange for the time and place of holding a debate between the West Duluth Republican d Democratic clubs. The Republicans have decided to accept the challenge of the Democrats for a public debate.

Paints and oils at Nygren's.

A small party of friends were pleasantly entertained yesterday afternoon by Mrs. Harry Morgan at her home on Fifty-fifth avenue west..

Mrs. Gerald Martinson has returned from visiting with friends at Mankato.

Mrs. Frank Manchester is entertaining Miss Winifred Parsons, of Sioux Rapids, Iowa.

White Pine Lung Balsam will cure that cough. At Nygren's.

Delta dance tonight.

Twenty-five bodies will be buried in the Oneota cemetery next Sunday afternoon by M. Filiatrault, the undertaker. The bodies are those which have been placed in the vault during the winter. No special services will be held over the remains, except in a few cases where the relatives so desire. It is customary to thus keep the bodies in the vault through the winter and inter them when the ground is in condition for digging.

The Wes Duluth Social club will give a dance every Monday night at Lincoln Park during the summer, commencing next Monday.

Delta dance tonight.

J. M. Lauermann, the shoe man, can fit your feet with up-to-date footwear at the right prices.

West Duluth Social club dance at Lincoln park every Monday.

Patterson, undertaker. 'Phone 3070.

PRACTICED NEW CULT AND NEARLY STARVED.

Chicago, May 6.—Miss E. Ruesse has been found unconscious in her residence, 4103 Grand boulevard, and taken to a hospital, where it was found her weak and emaciated condition was the result of a fast lasting more than twenty days. Miss Ruesse lives alone in a handsome house and is regarded as wealthy. The police assert that recently she joined a new cult and that she almost starved to death in trying to follow its teachings, chief of which is said to be that only a few grains of wheat, pure water and fresh air are necessary to sustain life. She may recover.

ELEVEN-YEAR-OLD MURDERED.

Troy, N. Y., May 6.—Clement Robert, 11 years old, son of a Waterford, Saratoga county, saloonkeeper, was found dead in a shed half a mile from his home today with his head crushed and a stone near him covered with blood. The boy went out yesterday afternoon and was last seen near the scene of the murder with a young man, who is now held by the coroner as a witness.

The North-Western Line Removal.

The city freight and ticket office of The North-Western Line, (Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha railway), is now located at 302 West Superior street, Lonsdale building.

GEORGE M. SMITH,
General Agent.

Bargain No. 1.

19c for 75c wash goods

All day Saturday (as long as they last), we offer all the odds and ends of our finest wash goods. Materials that sell for 35c, 45c, 55c and 75c a yard. Silk tissues, mousseline de soies, silk and linen waistings, shirt waist suitings. The very finest goods, colors and patterns. Your choice of any piece in the lot at 19c a yard.

Limit, 1 dress pattern to a customer.

Umbrellas.

Our special importation of Paris and London Novelty Parasols just received.

Red, blue, fancy and black umbrellas for misses, ladies and children— rich, lustrous black umbrellas for men.—The stock is bigger than ever before. A lot of pretty novelty handles—you know, "Glass Block Prices."

500 **Gloria Silk** Umbrellas—natural wood and fancy handles—paragon frames—guaranteed fast special..... **$1.25**

100 **all-silk** umbrellas— in black and fancy colors—in natural wood handles—at..... **$2.50**

50 **Fancy Bordered** all-silk umbrellas, in blue, brown, red and black—very superior goods—special price..... **$3.24**

Shoe and oxford snaps.

We are ready with the proper styles in oxfords. The smartest, snappiest shapes and styles that come to the head of the lakes are here.

LADIES' SWELL OXFORDS—in light or heavy soles—fine vici kid or patent kid—military or French heels—latest spring shapes, in all sizes and widths—regular $3 values—four styles, per pair. **$2.48**

NEW SPRING OXFORDS — 200 pairs—hand-turned — patent leather trimmed—high or low heels—soft vici kid stock—all sizes and widths—bought to sell at $2.50—to start them with a rush tomorrow —per pair..... **$1.98**

LADIES' OXFORDS—100 pairs of last year's goods—worth up to $2.00—all sizes in the lot from 2½ to 7—on the Bargain Table, at—per pair..... **98c**

WOMEN'S HOUSE SLIPPERS—kid or serge—plain or with one strap, all sizes—3 to 8—per pair..... **48c**

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S KID SHOES—all sizes from 8½ to 2—flexible extension sole—patent tip, all leathers. Little Gents' satin calf shoes—cityheel, full length, back stay—sizes 9 to 13½—all on one table at only..... **98c**

Bargain No. 3.

5c for ladies' undervests.

Pretty pink and blue cotton undervests, with low neck and no sleeves—some with fancy Richelieu stripe, some plain ribbed. One case only—100 dozen—no more. These are manufacturers' "seconds." Some slightly stained in the making. Saturday we offer the entire lot, without regard to value, at 5c each. "How do they make 'em?"

Limit, 6 to a customer.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

4 gigantic bargains.

See the four corners of this "ad." Instead of hourly sales we have for Saturday picked out four of the best values in the house—something for everybody—and we have made a bargain price on four items bound to interest every woman, child and man. You never saw the like!

The most popular money-saving store for MEN!

NEW LINE OF CAPS—Splendid, smart vizor caps of broadcloth and silk in black and blue—also fancy mixtures. We have a line dressy men will take a shine to. See them—**50c to $2.00**

SPRING NECKWEAR—Don't pay fancy prices for inferior styles. We have some beauties just in. Can save you money on them—all styles—**25c to $1.00**

MEN'S SOFT NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—in plain and plaited madras and percale—styles in black and white—tans and grays and oxford mixtures—worth 75c—now..... **49c**

MEN'S MEDIUM HEAVY and zephyr woven madras shirts, with attached and detached cuffs—worth $1.50—now..... **98c**

SPRING UNDERWEAR in balbriggan, lisle thread—summer wool and mercerized, plain and ribbed—combination suits, in spring and summer weights—prices..... $2.50 to **50c**

BOYS' Glass Block clothes are all money-savers.

$5.00 Suits for $2.25—Broken lines of boys' double-breasted two-piece suits and Norfolk suits—fancy mixtures, all wool and well-made and lined, worth up to $5.00—Saturday your pick for..... **$2.25**

$3.25 Suits for $1.89—Boys' new spring suits, in two-piece, double-breasted all-wool cheviots—plain blacks and blues—all sizes, 6 to 15 years—regular $3.25 values—Saturday..... **$1.89**

Mothers' Friend Waists—25c, 50c and 75c—the best and most reliable waists—The buttons stay on.

Boys' "Buster" Suits—with Buster belts and collars, choicest goods—Saturday at $7.50, $6.50, $5.75 and..... **$4.98**

Boys' Stockings—Fast black cotton stockings—heavy weight ribbed, double heels and toes—Saturday ..... 25c, 15c and **10c**

Boys' New Spring Caps—Military, navy, college and play caps—choice of 1000—colors blue, red, and tan with pat. leather vizor. **25c**

Knee Pants—One new lot of good everyday knee pants—all sizes, per pair..... **25c**

98c for $2 Jouvin kids 98c

FOR $2.00 JOUVIN KIDS—We have left 100 pairs only—sizes 5½, 5¾ and 6, of the great Jouvin kid glove purchase. Ladies with small hands or misses, will find these splendid bargains Saturday; colors pearl and tan.

Fishing tackle.

Rods from 5c up to $35.00.
Reels from 50c to $15.00.
Hooks from 5c a dozen up.
Lines from 5c up to the very finest.

Base ball goods.

From a 5c ball to a professional club outfit—everything for the boy or man who goes against the "National Game." Come in—we are headquarters.

Bargain No 2.

25c candies, per lb. 10c

A day of sweets, Saturday. Our good candies that sell up to 25c a pound will go for 10c (as long as they last). Paper wrapped caramels, peppermint kisses, Korea creams with nuts, cocoanut caramels, cream wafers and other sweets. All pure, fresh, sweet and wholesome. Let the little folks come for a Sunday supply. Come yourself and get all you want at 10c a pound.

Spring novelties.

Are arriving every day in all departments of women's and children's dress accessories. Every day you come into the store you'll see something new and pretty—and every price will be the lowest!

Ladies neckwear.

Stocks, turnovers, tabs, lace collars, ruffs, chiffon boas and muffs, windsor ties, shirt waist ties and scarfs—as fast as something new is evolved it reaches you through the Glass Block store. Some very dainty things came yesterday. Costs you nothing to see them, and very little to buy them—**25c to $4.95**

Glass Block ribbons.

Every woman knows we carry as large a stock of ribbons as all the other stores combined, and a greater variety. From the narrowest "baby" ribbon to a 6-inch Dresden or fancy moire, in every color and finish, we can please your fancy without emptying your purse.

Knit underwear.

In ladies', misses' and children's knit undergarments—spring weights and summer weights—our stocks were never before so complete and comprehensive as right now—cotton, lisle, silk mixed and all-silk underwear. Did you know we daily sell single garments as fine as $4.00 and $5.00, such as others sell for $6.00 and $7.50? Between these prices we have all the grades down to as low as—**10c.**

Jewelry.

Ladies' and children's rings,
Brooches in gold and plate,
Stick pins and belt pins,
Shirt waist jewelry, all kinds,
Sterling silver manicure pieces,
Hat pins, from 5c to $2.50,
Belt buckles and slides,
Collar and cuff buttons and links,

Gold plate, rolled gold, solid gold and solid silver—every piece guaranteed as represented and every price lower than jewelry stores!

Bags and pocketbooks.

Ladies' leather and bead coin purses,
Ladies' leather and bead bags,
Ladies' shopping bags,
Ladies' card cases and pocketbooks,
Men's billbooks, card cases, etc.—

The latest novelties are always here, we show dainty and exquisite leather, silk and fancy bags, up to $10—that sell up to $15 elsewhere.

Bargain No. 4.

Men's good socks — 5c

"Men, get wise"—Spend your money where it goes farthest and brings you the biggest returns. You can always get a big dollar's worth in our men's department. Saturday we give you a big nickel's worth. 100 dozen men's fast black seamless cotton socks, all sizes, good quality, for only 5c a pair. Will you be wise?

Limit, 6 pairs to a customer.

UNION MACHINISTS ENJOINED FROM SPEAKING TO NEW MEN

Albuquerque, N. M., May 6.—In the district court Judge Baker has refused to modify the injunction against the striking Santa Fe machinists. Attorneys for the strikers sought to have the clause forbidding the strikers talking to non-union men stricken out. The court held that the granting of this request might lead to the intimidation of new men and also to their being driven from the service of the road against their will. The court held that the injunction injured no law-abiding citizen, and, therefore, continued in force until June 1.

A referee was appointed to take testimony on the merits of the case to be used at the final hearing. During the course of the proceedings the company's attorneys introduced affidavits charging that the strikers had attempted to disable locomotives by placing emery dust in the driving journals. They also charge that one engine was rendered useless by the placing of a heavy bar of iron in the running gear. Attorneys for the strikers asked for a continuance to enable them to introduce affidavits refuting these charges. This the court denied.

Efforts have been made by the shop officials to induce some of the more expert among the striking workmen to return to work on the same terms as before the trouble occurred. So far as can be learned these offers have been declined. Several of the new men have been discharged. Three of them, who were penniless, were taken into custody by the police as vagrants.

SMALLPOX SCOURGE MAKING PROGRESS IN MINNEAPOLIS

Minneapolis, May 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—One death and five new cases was the record yesterday of the smallpox scourge in Minneapolis. Miss Mary Broderick, 616 Eighth avenue South, died at the quarantine hospital yesterday afternoon. She was taken sick April 26.

Three cases were taken to the quarantine hospital and two new cases were quarantined at homes of patients.

A special meeting of the school board was held late yesterday afternoon, to consider the advisability of closing the Douglas school, Dupont avenue and Franklin street, a request for such action having been made by several residents of that district, and also to consider the case of several other schools in infected districts for the closing of which, however, no request has been made.

Health Commissioner Hall, who was at the meeting by request of the board, vigorously opposed such action as ridiculous and absolutely unnecessary. The proposal to fumigate the Douglas school, at which William Brewster was a pupil was denounced as useless.

The views of Dr. Hall were adopted by the board.

MINNEAPOLIS MAN ELECTROCUTED

Minneapolis, May 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Imperfectly insulated wires were responsible for the electrocution of James O'Brien, 1218 University avenue, N. E., Minneapolis, and a fire in the saloon owned by George Kujawa, 182 Fourth street, N. E., last evening. Fire started in the saloon shortly after 8 o'clock. It was quickly extinguished. Following the blaze, O'Brien and others entered the basement, which was surcharged with electricity. O'Brien stooped and picked up a live wire, and was instantly killed.

THE JAPANESE LAND THIRTY THOUSAND MEN

(Continued from page 1.)

according to reports received here from a reliable Japanese source. It is stated that the landing is being made on the eastern coast of the peninsula opposite the Elliot islands. After a reconnoisance from Takushan south by naval detachments the Japanese concluded that a comparatively small force of Russian cavalry guarded the east coast.

LANDING OF THE TROOPS.

Men Waded Ashore In Water Breast Deep.

Tokio, May 6.—The report of Admiral Hosoya received today, gives details of the landing of Japanese troops on the Liao Tung peninsula, suppressing the location of the landing place. The admiral says:

"Our seventh division, with torpedo boats and the Hong Kong Maru and the Nippon Maru, arrived from the advance base off the Liao Tung peninsula at 5:30, May 5. Discovering a number of the enemy's patrols, we bombarded them for a short time and then a landing party of sailors, Captain Monoto leading, was ordered ashore. It being low tide it was impossible to use the boats and the sailors plunged into water, waded breast deep for about a thousand yards and reached the beach at 7:20 p. m. Immediately advancing they took possession of a range of hills without firing a shot and planted our flag on the hills.

"The gunboats Amagai, Oshima and Chiookai were employed to distract the enemy's attention. They discovered a hundred of the enemy and shelled them, killing several.

"The first fleet of transports, on seeing our flag displayed on an eminence, began landing troops at 8 p. m. The troops who were forced to wade ashore were in high spirits.

"In order to facilitate the further landing of troops, piers are being erected. Our division is assisting in the work."

The report of Admiral Kataoka, commander of the third squadron, gives additional details of the landing. The admiral reports that his squadron convoyed the first batch of the second army to Liao Tung base and adds that the Kara Maru grounded near the base at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. She was assisted by the protected cruiser Akitsushima, which succeeded in floating the transport, which reached her destination safely at 5 o'clock the same evening.

AWFUL MISTAKE.

Russians Slaughter Their Own Men, Thinking Them Japs.

Tokio, May 6.—Gen. Kuroki, in reporting yesterday, tells of a bloody encounter during the Russian retreat on Sunday last when a large force of Russians mistook a small body of their own men for Japanese, killing and wounding 180 of them. Gen. Kuroki says that a Japanese patrol, consisting of fourteen men, reached Tengshang-Hong on May 3, when a Russian patrol posted on a hill south of the village attacked them. The Japanese patrol thereupon turned and charged them, and after an intrepid hand to hand affray the enemy was driven back in the direction of Feng Wang Cheng. The Japanese patrol pursued them to a stream three miles southwest of Kaloimen, where Russian sentries were discovered posted on hills on both sides of the road.

According to information furnished by a native, a body of Russian infantry, 2000 strong, occupying a hill near Tengshang-Hong on Sunday, mistook a detachment of their own infantry about 200 strong, retiring before the Japanese troops and fought among themselves. In the scuffle 110 were killed and seventy wounded and the Russian carts were stampeded, leaving their loads of stores behind. According to the story told by a captured Russian officer, who participated in the battle on Sunday last, only five or six battalions of Russian infantry and two battalions of artillery were able to retire in order. The other troops ran away in a state of entire confusion.

RUSSIA BRACING HERSELF

For Conflicts That Are Sure to Come.

St. Petersburg, May 6.—With Vice Admiral Togo hovering in the immediate vicinity of Port Arthur and transports loaded with troops lying at Pitsewo, seventy-five miles northeast of that stronghold, Russia has braced herself for impending conflicts with the foe in which, it is said, she will again play a defensive role, this time, it is hoped, with better success and, therefore, with less sacrifice of life than in the engagments on the Yalu.

The war commission sat until 2 o'clock this morning and at the close of the session it was announced that there was nothing to communicate to the public. It is known, however, that the czar has been informed of the presence of a Japanese fleet off the Liaotishan promontory and the appearance of transports at Pitsewo.

The fact that the two events occurred simultaneously may have significance. If a landing should take place at Pitsewo, it is anticipated that Togo's battleship squadron will bombard Port Arthur in order to prevent the garrison from sending reinforcements by railroad to the troops opposing the Japanese there. Neither the admiralty nor the war office believes that debarkation of the Japanese can be prevented, as the guns of the Japanese cruisers could command the point of landing, but after the Japanese are ashore, the Russians may strike and, officers here say, will strike hard. What force they will be able to bring up to resist the invaders cannot be stated definitely, the strength of the army on the peninsula of Liaotung having been kept a secret.

It is expected that the railroad will play an important part in the effort of the Russians to push the Japanese into the sea, as it will permit the rapid transportation of troops.

The general staff has not forgotten that Japanese ships were sighted May 3 off Kaiping and Sinuchen, on the west coast of the Liaotung peninsula, but these two points could be readily covered, if necessary, from Newchwang.

An important advantage would accrue to the Japanese should they succeed in establishing themselves at Pitsewo. From there radiate roads connecting with the railroad directly west at Yangtitien to the south, with Sancheilpon and Kinchow stations, on the railroad nearer Port Arthur to the north with Kaiping and northeast through Takushan with Fengwangcheng.

A landing at this moment would make it difficult for Gen. Kuropatkin to concentrate a formidable force against Gen. Kuroki, whose forward movement is not yet reported. Furthermore, once the Japanese are across the railroad Port Arthur will be as good as besieged.

A member of the general staff says that Gen. Kuropatkin is well aware of these considerations. Even if the Japanese should succeed in cutting the railroad, Port Arthur is now ready to depend on its own resources.

Dispatches from Tokio telling of celebrations over the sealing of Port Arthur, it is said, are premature, official advices establishing beyond question that the attempt of Vice Admiral Togo on May 3 to seal the port failed.

The absence of press dispatches telling of the fight on the Yalu is partly explained by the heavy mortality among the correspondents. Three of the Novosti's correspondents are missing and it is believed they were killed, while the Russ lost one of its correspondents. The other journals are wiring to ascertain if their representatives are alive.

RUSSIA'S WAR LOAN.

Cost of War and How Money Is Raised.

Paris, May 6.—An authoritative statement was given to the Associated Press today from the highest governmental source concerning the details and circumstances of the new Russian loan, as follows:

"The situation has been much changed since your interview with M. Mieczislas de Routkowsky, the Russian financial agent in London, April 23. The conditions today on which the loan is based are as follows:

"The cost of the war for the first five months, up to June 1, including $22,500,000 for railroad equipment, is $125,000,000.

"After June 1 the monthly cost of the war will be $3,500,000 for the navy and $15,000,000 for the army at the front, making the total of war expenses about $254,500,000 for the year closing Jan. 1 next.

"The first part of the war was more expensive than the latter, owing to the cost of mobolization and the general expenses incident to setting the machinery of warfare in motion.

"Against these extraordinary expenses we may have certain economies, namely, $30,000,000 on the ordinary budget, $27,500,000 on the extraordinary budget and $9,500,000 on previous budgets, Russia and with foreign bankers. As-

"When the war began the Russian government had between $150,000,000 and $200,000,000 to its credit in the Bank of making the total economies $67,000,000. cording to the monetary law of 1897, which made gold the standard for Russia, there was a stock of gold amounting to $475,660,000, and a note issue of $250,000,000. Therefore Russia could still have placed in circulation $200,000,000 to $250,000,000 in notes without impairing in the slightest the gold law of 1897. However, by so doing the monetary situation after the war might have been less satisfactory than at present.

Accordingly, for the purpose of protecting the internal monetary situation, the Russian government has lent a favorable ear to proposals made by French bankers and has opened negotiations at St. Petersburg with Joseph Hottinguer, of the house of Hottinguer & Co., and with M. Neetzlin, one of the directors of the Banque De Paris et des Pays bas. They have made two visits to St. Petersburg and are leaving there tomorrow for Paris. The purpose of their visit is to negotiate the issue of treasury bonds, running five years, at 5 per cent. These are going to be offered to customers of the big French financial houses at near to par. By so doing the Russian government reserves the right after five years to make use of its internal credit to convert or consolidate these five-year bonds into a funded debt bearing a lower rate of interest. The amount likely to be taken up at once in Paris will be $100,000,000, and the issue can go up to $160,000,000. Already the contracting houses are sure to place the full amount they underwrite among their customers. Therefore, no public issuance is to be made and the usual public subscription at a fixed day will be dispensed with, the issue being sold by bankers privately."

The foregoing differs from other reports, concerning the amount of the loan, but owing to the authoritative source it can be accepted as final.

It is understood that the terms will be signed before M. M. Hottinguer and Noetzlin depart from St. Petersburg tomorrow or thereafter. The signing by the French banks will take place next week, the issuance of the loan being made immediately.

SITUATION IMPROVED.

Kansas City, May 6.—The flood situation here was greatly improved today, although a steady rain continues to fall. No further damage is expected. The city water supply was practically restored today and street cars are again running. At Rosedale, Kan., a suburb, several families who were driven from their homes returned to them today, the water having receded.

See the "Williams" gasolene motor at Kelly's.

Freimuth's *Moneybak Taffeta, the Silk that Proves—If it Don't Get Your Money Back—Ask to see it at the Silk Counter.*

Freimuth's *The Walks of Life Made Easy By Wearing a Volga Shoe—34 Styles—All Widths—Black and Tan—a $5 value—$3.50*

Freimuth's

Cloak Room Attractions Saturday.

Women's Suits and Coats, Children's Wearables, Savings worth while

Helpful economies for Saturday traders—from the busiest spot in the store—(our Cloak room). It's a gathering of dependable wearables for thoughtful and discriminating buyers who want vast stocks to choose from and who KNOW that here fairest prices always prevail. Read the special Saturday inducements.

WOMEN'S SPRING SUITS—$12.00 INSTEAD OF $16.50—They're mostly of black and blue cheviot, in hip length and Eton jacket effects, lined with satin; skirts 7 and 9 gored effects. Pretty braid and gilt buttons give a military swing to these nobby suits. All sizes of the regular $16.50 kinds—Saturday, each **$12.00**

DRESS AND WALKING SUITS—$17.50 INSTEAD OF $22.50—Choice of all the desirable fabrics, such as broadcloth, cheviot, homespuns in black, blue and brown, and fancy light mixtures; Eton blouse and military-length coat styles, trimmed with braid and military buttons; skirt kilted and flared effects; regular $22.50 values—for Saturday, each **$17.50**

DRESS AND WALKING SUITS—$25.00 INSTEAD OF $30.00 AND $32.50—The assortment is complete; **smart, nobby, up-to-date styles,** both in plain and fancy mixed materials; some are plain tailored while many others are trimmed with this season's latest and most fashionable trimming; handsome skirt with the hip kilt or plain flare effect; perfect fit guaranteed; well worth $30.00 and $32.50—special for Saturday, each **$25.00**

WOMEN'S SMART COVERT CLOTH JACKETS, 20 inches long, made in fine covert cloth, corset strap seamed, notch velvet collar, fly front; lined throughout with taffeta silk or satin; all sizes; regularly sold for $17.50—special Saturday, for **$13.50**

WOMEN'S RAIN OR TRAVELING COATS, of mannish mixed materials, half fitted back, loose front, with the half shoulder cape and belt; velvet collar; all sizes; the best value offered this season; regular $18.00 coats—special for Saturday **$9.98**

For Misses and Children.

CHILDREN'S TWO-PIECE SAILOR SUITS, in blue, brown and red; entire suit neatly trimmed with Hercules braid; sizes from 4 to 14; regular $3.75 value—special for Saturday **$2.75**

RAINSHINE COATS FOR MISSES AND CHILDREN—A most desirable assortment of pretty styles, made in fancy mixtured materials; also plain oxford cravenettes, box plaited back, with capes and belt. Just the right kind of a garment for children and young ladies. Absolutely waterproof. Freimuth's guarantee on every coat—special .. **$9.75**

WOMEN'S, MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S Regulation Naval Suits, made of fine quality blue serge and cheviot, smartly trimmed with braid; have black silk handkerchief tie and emblems; in sizes ranging from 6 to 14; misses' sizes 14 to 20—Prices, **$15.00** down to **$4.75**

CHILDREN'S NEW SPRING COATS, made of a good quality cheviot and broadcloth; loose back effect, double breasted; collar and cuffs of tan broadcloth, trimmed with rows of braids and military buttons; finely tailored; regular $9.00 value—special Saturday, each **$6.75**

Men's 50c Balbriggan Underwear at 25c.

50 Dozen at Half Regular Value.

Just another timely illustration of the benefits derived from trading at this wide-awake men's store. It's our first bid for your underwear trade. They're new—hardly out of the original cases a week. Ribbed shirts and drawers, of fine Egyptian yarn; every garment marked in plain figures at 50c—just for a flyer Saturday they go at, per garment **25c**
(None to dealers. See east window.)

In addition to this underwear offer we've some **30 DOZEN MEN'S NEGLIGEE SHIRTS TO SELL AT 59c.** The kind that are now displayed on the tables at 75c; nobby styles, in newest colorings; equal to the exclusive stores' $1.00 quality; all sizes—Saturday at, each **59c**

ALSO MEN'S FANCY HALF HOSE—Imported (French make), of finest lisles and cotton, pretty greys, tans, blues and black, with embroidered and openwork insteps; regular 50c values—Saturday, per pair, **35c**—or, ... **3 pairs for $1.00**

MEN'S FANCY VESTS—Washable—ten different patterns, in neat spots, figures and stripes; light and medium grounds—$1.75 values for Saturday, each **$1.48**

May Sale of Jewelry.

Saturday we will inaugurate in our Jewelry store a sale that is without precedent in this vicinity. Think of getting fine Ansonia clocks, Rogers Bros.' silverware and jewelry novelties at from 25 to 30 per cent below the regular prices. So reduced for an effective May clearance.

$4.98 FOR $7.50 ANSONIA Clocks—fine decorated porcelain clocks in delf blue, gold dial—a perfect time register—regular price $7.50—for this sale each..... **$4.98**

$4.68 FOR $10.00 ANSONIA Clocks—porcelain deccorated in delf blue, with gold dial, marked in plain figures at $10.00—a slight damage in the porcelain does not injure its value as a time-keeper, but reduces the price to..... **$4.68**

BEST 85c ALARM CLOCKS 69c—perfect time-keepers — guaranteed always 85c—for this sale, each..... **69c**

LITTLE GOLD CLOCKS— of heavy plated ormolu gold—solid cast sash and porcelain dial—regular price $4.00—May Clearance sale, each.... **$2.98**

Silverware Savings.

ROGERS' well-known knives and forks, in sets of half dozen each—warranted 12 dwt, always $3.50—for this sale—per set..... **$2.48**

EXTRA PLATED TEA SPOONS—the Rogers make—new patterns—assorted designs—per set of six—regular price $1.50—Saturday's special..... **98c**

TABLE and DESSERT SPOONS and forks—triple plated—an assorted lot—W. B. Wallace make—6 in a set—regular $3.50 kinds—for this sale..... **$2.50**

Shirtwaist Sets—Pins.

PEARL SHIRT WAIST SETS—Fine polished pearl, 3 different styles—regular 25c kind—for this sale, per set..... **15c**

More of those $1.00 Kid Gloves at 49c.

One day more of the splendid glove bargains Real German lamb and real French Kid Gloves for women and children, in black, brown, grey, tan and white; selling from $1.50 to $1.00 a pair—at, a pair..... **49c**

We are showing new Silk Gloves, with double finger tips, in new spring colors and black and white—at **$1.00, 75c,** and **50c**

Corsets tomorrow at Little Prices.

W. B. CORSETS are well known through the broad and liberal advertising they have received in many popular periodicals. We have decided to discontinue some of these numbers and will offer tomorrow three different styles, the regular price of which is $2.00—at **95c**

EQUIPOISE CORSET WAISTS AT 95c, IN DRAB AND WHITE—the regular price is $2.50 and $2.25. Equipoise Waists are superior to every other hygenic corset; they are boned with real whalebone. Tomorrow you can buy them at less than half—$2.50 and $2.25 kinds at **95c**

Did you see the Anticeptic Stork Panties for the infants? They are perfectly waterproof, made in pretty, neat style of light-weight material and very easily cleaned. No mother's outfit is complete without them in the infant's department; three sizes, at, each **50c**

SHIRT WAIST SETS—of pearl, turquoise and gunmetal—round and oval styles—new effects—3 and 4-piece sets—regular price 15c—Saturday per set..... **10c**

HAT PINS OF STERLING and oxidized silver—Roman gold and crystal tops—long, strong pins—regular price 15c—Saturday, each..... **8c**

Drug Store Savings

6-oz BOTTLE BEEF, IRON AND WINE—Liebig's extract of beef, citrate of iron and sherry wine—regular 25c value—Saturday, per bottle. **17c**

NESTLE'S FOOD—pure, palatable—a perfect nutriment for infants, children and invalids—regular 50c size—Saturday..... **39c**

J. A. POZZONI'S FACE POWDER—in flesh and white, regular 35c box—Saturday. **19c**

EUTHYMOL TOOTH PASTE—A scientific toilet preparation—regular price 25c each—for Saturday..... **17c**

COLGATE'S PERFUMES—All odors—choice assortment—regular price 50c per ounce—Saturday, per ounce..... **29c**

COLGATE'S TOILET WATERS—In La France, Violet, Lilac and various odors, regular 75c size—Saturday, per bottle..... **55c**

FRESH CRYSTALIZED MOTH BALLS—Just the thing for storing away furs, etc., Saturday special, per pound..... **5c**

VIOLET PERFUMED TALCUM POWDER—borated—glass bottle—regular price 25c—Saturday..... **2 for 5c**

15c CHAMOIS SKIN—pure white—soft, special for Saturday each..... **10c**

Misses' and Children's Shoes A May Clearance.

Our juvenile shoes have been very strong favorites in the spring selling, because they were the correct shapes for growing feet. Comfortable shoes that will give long wear. Heavy selling means broken lines, missing sizes. Most popular sizes are first to reach this stage. For Saturday we've grouped them and attached hurry-out prices for an effective May clearance—this way:

MISSES' $1.50 TO $2.00 SHOES AT 98c—School shoes of kid and box calf—several popular lines—in sizes 11 to 2—none ever sold for less than $1.50—many $1.75 and $2.00 kinds in this lot—choice Saturday—per pair..... **98c**

SHOES FOR BIG GIRLS—Choice of several styles—all good wearing, durable shoes—spring or city heel—regular $2.50 kinds—for Saturday, per pair..... **$1.50**

CHILDREN'S $1.25 TO $1.50 SHOES 89c—Of vici and dongola kid—in sizes 8½ to 11—spring heel—numerous styles that have been selling readily at $1.25 up to $1.50—all in one lot, Saturday, pair.. **89c**

BOYS' HEAVY WALKING SHOES—of dongola kid—Blucher cut—full assortment all sizes—regular price $2.50—just for Saturday—per pair..... **$2.00**

CHILDREN'S SOFT-SOLE SHOES—in all colors—regular 40c and 50c values, on sale Saturday, per pair..... **25c**

WOMEN'S DRESSY SHOES—$2.25 INSTEAD OF $3.00—Full assortment in all sizes—dongola kid—patent tip—military heel—always $3.00—special for Saturday..... **$2.25**

French Sailor and Suit Hats.

Smart Styles for Women and Juveniles Underpriced Saturday.

It's a satisfaction to know that in making selections from this millinery gathering you have choice of the most distinctive styles and the most comprehensive assortments. As for the prices, at all times they afford splendid opportunities to economize. But for Saturday we offer some unusual special values that will profit you to investigate.

MISSES' PARIS SAILORS—of Jap braid—prettily trimmed with straps of velvet and straw buckle—shades to match any gown—real $3.00 sailors—special for Saturday, each..... **$1.98**

MISSES' FLARED HATS—of Jap braid—in all colors—artistically trimmed with quills—decidedly chic models that have been selling at $2.00—just for Saturday—each..... **$1.19**

CHILDREN'S 75c SAILORS 50c—of pretty straw braid—trimmed with band and streamers, regular price 75c—special for Saturday..... **50c**

WOMEN'S TORPEDO TURBANS—the $4.00 kind at $2.98—We have all colors to choose from—they are prettily trimmed with quills—fancy straw buckles or bands—very becoming, and the regular $4.00 price is reduced for Saturday to each..... **$2.98**

WOMEN'S CHIFFON HATS—considered price-worthy at $7.00—Saturday a $5.00—of folded or braided chiffon or maline—in Cavalier, French Sailor and Turban effects—in black, champagne, pale blue and navy—stylishly trimmed—the best $7.00 value in the city Saturday at each..... **$5.00**

WOMEN'S $7 SUIT HATS, $4.75—We've 4 distinct styles to offer at this price—the Cavalier, flared, turban and French sailor effects, in colors to match any gown. They are all prettily trimmed with velvet, gilt buckle or fancy wing—none worth less than $6.50—mostly $7.00 hats these—choice of all styles for Saturday at, each..... **$4.75**

Go-Carts, Baby Carriages, Trunks, Bags, China--Basement Bargains.

Your attention is called to our line of Go-Carts and Baby Carriages—the Gendrom make for which we are exclusive agents has no equal for durability, style and finish, the line differs from anything else on the market. There are a dozen or more different styles in the folding carts, while other makers have only one or two—tomorrow we offer a folding Go-Cart, worth $2.75—at..... **$1.75**

A folding cart, worth $3.75, at..... **$2.98**

A large go cart, worth $14.50, at..... **$8.98**

A baby carriage worth $7.00, at..... **$3.98**

A new line of express wagons—patrol wagons, hook and ladder trucks, etc., just received—get our prices—hook and ladder trucks, worth $1.75, special. **98c**

Patrol wagons, regular worth $10 special—each..... **$6.98**

TRUNKS AND SUIT CASES.

We know we have the largest and best selected stock of trunks, suit cases and grips in the city—over 200 suit cases to select from—these specials for tomorrow:

24-inch rubber cloth suit case—regular price $1.50—special each..... **79c**

24-inch carito suit case, regular worth $3.00—special each..... **$1.98**

Steamer trunks, worth $5, at—each..... **$3.98**

A beautiful trunk (like cut) fine heavy nickel trimming, leather bound all around, heavy leather straps—monitor lock—some stores would ask you $35 for this trunk—our regular low price is $24.98—for tomorrow..... **$19.48**

26, 28 and 30-inch trunks, worth $4.00, at—each..... **$2.98**

24-inch leather suit case, regular worth $5.00—special each..... **$3.98**

A table lot fancy decorated plates, bowls, salads, pitchers, teapots, teapot tiles, olive dishes, china cups and saucers and ramikins, etc.—worth regular up to 50c—your choice each at one-half price..... **25c**

Plain white thin egg shell china cups and saucers, worth $2 per dozen, at, per set..... **58c**

Thin blown glass water sets, regular $1.25 pitchers and 6 glasses, at—per set..... **75c**

A table lot of decorated plates, bowls, oat meal fruit saucers, bone dishes, cream pitchers, vases, etc, worth up to 19c, special each. **5c**

Underwear and Hosiery for Women and Children. *Saturday Bargains.*

ONEITA COMBINATION SUITS—A small variety of 12 dozen in high neck short sleeves and knee lengths, these are the run of the mill—regular 50c garments, Saturday's price while they last..... **29c**

SWISS RIBBED VESTS—Mercerized or silk-finished pure and soft, low neck and no sleeves—crocheted around neck and arms—very elastic, regular 18c—Saturday..... **2 for 25c**

WOMEN'S BLACK LISLE HOSE—Extra spliced heel, double sole—garter reinforcement improves the wearing qualities—regular 50c hose—Saturday, per pair..... **39c**

CHILDREN'S STOCKINGS—Black ribbed lisle stockings—fashioned feet—double knee, spliced heels, fast black—sizes 5 to 9—regular price 25c to 40c—choice Saturday, any size, per pair..... **25c**

CHILDREN'S SANITARY STOCKINGS—Superior quality ribbed fast black—extra spliced heels and toes—warranted two-thread cotton—Saturday **15c per pair** or..... **Two pairs for 25c**

BOYS' BALBRIGGAN VESTS AND PANTS—Ecru color vests, high neck, long sleeves—pants ankle or knee length, regular 25c to 50c values—Saturday, all sizes—per garment..... **25c**

CHILDREN'S VESTS—Low neck, no sleeves, Swiss ribbed, pure, soft and silk finished—very elastic—regular 15c value—Saturday per garment..... **10c**

CHILDREN'S LACE-TRIMMED PANTS—white lisle, soft torchon lace-trimmed, extra size—Saturday, per garment..... **25c**

THREE THOUSAND GODS.

That Number Worshipped by Some Japanese People.

Imagine trying to keep track of and pay homage to more than 3000 gods, to offend one of whom might bring down the direst disaster on the offender's head! This is the task the brown little people of Japan have set before them, and a busy time they must have of it.

One of the most picturesque features of the landscape of inner Japan is the multitude of quaint temples peeping out from the shrubs and grotesque trees on the tops of green hills or tucked beside dusty roadways. The two great religions of the country are Buddhism and ancient Shintoism, each with its peculiar ceremonies and beliefs, those of Shintoism consisting largely of the worship of dead ancestors. There are small villages made up almost entirely of tiny temples, with gay roofs glistening brightly in the clear Japanese sunlight amid beautiful gardens.

In his book on Japan Lafcadio Hearn describes the temple of the great Lord of the Dead, King of the Shadows, Emma-O, surrounded by quaintly clipped trees and bright beds of flowers. Within its shadows, almost hidden by dark draperies, glaring in all its hideousness, is the image of the god, whose face is so terrible that when the Japanese wish to describe a person of horrible appearance they say: "His face is as the face of Emma."

The figure towers above all other humble images in the temple. From the wide open, wrathful mouth flows a bright red beard over a vermilion robe. On his head is a three-lobed crown of black and gold, and in his hands he holds a sceptre.

According to a legend about this image, there was once a noted image-maker who died and visited the land of souls, where he found the lord, Emma-O, his terrible face distorted with rage because the dead man never in his life had carved his statue. His frown was so frightful to behold that the poor shrinking soul expected instant annihilation. Great was his relief, however, when the outraged deity pronounced his sentence in the following words:

"Living you made no image of me. Go back to earth and make one, now that thou has looked upon me."

Suddenly the image-maker found himself alive again, and the horrible statue of wrath in the temple was his remembrance of the Lord of Shadows. Indeed it resembles more than anything else the product of a well-developed nightmare.

In the Shinto religion there are multitudes of divinities. More than 300 are thought to dwell in different parts of the empire enshrined in 2990 temples.

Among these the Japanese seem to lean toward gods of misfortune. Thus they worship Bimbogami, the God of Poverty. It is said he is black and always accompanies the god of good luck, who is white. Rather a pretty idea, poverty being called by them the shadow of good luck, as the shadow is the absence of light, and poverty certainly is as opposite to opulence as darkness from light.

Smallpox, which often devastates whole sections of the country, also has its god, whose votive offerings consists of a combination of cooked rice and red beans, placed on small straw mats, which are either suspended from trees or set to float slowly down some neighboring stream.

The devotee of the God of Winds and Hard Colds has a harder experience in propitiating his deity, since the victims of his anger are forced to make the pilgrimage to his temple without any sort of clothing save a cloth about the loins, whatever may be the weather. The temple reached, the suppliant lays his offering at the feet of the god, and then stands by while the ministering priests, clad in loose garments as invalids, drink decoctions of certain herbs and roll on the floor before the image as a penance for the pilgrim's sins.

These offerings, if from men, consist of gohie, or small strips of paper attached to a piece of rope and supposed to be peculiarly pleasing to the god. In the case of women the gifts are small metal mirrors. One would suppose that the last state of the pilgrim would be worse than the first from exposure, but as they run all the way to the temple, even when their bare bodies have to press through deep snow, they usually arrive at the shrine in a state of profuse perspiration, and immediately warm garments are provided by the priests. So the peasants, being naturally sturdy, rarely suffer in consequence.

A goddess who is particularly revered by women is Kishibojin, Mother of Demons. The legend is that on account of some sin committed in a previous existence, this woman was born a demon, who devoured her own children, but, being saved by the teachings of Buddha, she became divine and was set apart as the goddess to protect young children.

She is represented as a fair-faced woman holding in her right hand a lotus blossom, while at her breast, in the folds of her robe, is an unclad baby. Her temples are filled with bamboo poles, from which are stretched ropes suspending tiny kimonos of exquisite workmanship brought as offerings by the brown mothers of the empire to win the good graces of Kishibodjin for their beloved little ones.

One comes often upon small shrines with slight bamboo roofs by the side of the highways. In these are weather-beaten images of a god at one time quite popular in Japan—the God of Roads, Koshin. But the neglected condition of the shrines indicates that he has ceased to be highly regarded, for gradually the ancient worship is changing, and time sees the dying out of the old customs before the advancing sweep of Western civilization.

Perhaps the most interesting of the multifarious gods are the Three Mystic Apes. One of these is represented with its hands over its eyes, another with hands at its ears, and the third holding its little paw over its closed lips, signifying that they see no bad thing, hear no bad thing, and speak no bad thing.

Japanese mothers take their little children to the temple of the Mystic Apes and there teach them to avoid listening to gossip or prying into things that do not concern them, and to refrain from speaking evil of their neighbors, acustom which we Westerners might well emulate in the bringing up of Young America.

While the spring buds are beginning to bloom on the squatty little trees in Japanese dooryards, the prudent housewife completes her housecleaning by a curious ceremony known as the casting out of devils, Oni-yari. In this she is assisted by a professional, who wanders about the streets after dark rattling his staff. Upon the staff is carved the image of a god, calling his wierd cry, "Oni wo sato," which means "Devils 'ut."

DOGMATIC.

The late Miss Rosa Delmonico, the owner of the famous New York restaurant, was all her life fond of children. Children knew Miss Delmonico as "Aunt Rosa," and they delighted to visit her.

One day the good old lady was giving a little girl some etymological instruction. The word "dogma" came up, and Miss Delmonico defined it, and then bade her pupil use it in a sentence.

The pupil, after a little hard thought, composed around the word "dogma" the sentence that follows:

"The dogma had five little puppies."

All Cars Transfer to Our Store.

We Refund Car Fare. Ask For It.

Johnson & Moe
THE West End Big Department Store

Seven Minut's From Down Town.

Ten Minutes From West Duluth.

A group of pretty $18 tailored suits Tomorrow at..... $12.50

TOMORROW MORNING we place on sale a choice collection of stylish, man-tailored Women's Suits, all this season's best makes, very swell garments, made in blue, black and brown cheviots and novelty cloth with Eton or 26-inch jackets, prettily trimmed with braid, velvet, taffeta silk and cloth; some are plain tailor finish. The regular price is $15.00, $16.50 and $18.00—tomorrow, your choice **$12.50**

We also show a beautiful line of fine tailored suits in popular styles—excellent values at—

$20.00, $22.50 and $25.00

A Bunch of Women's Pretty $6.50 Covert Jackets tomorrow..... $4.98

WOMEN'S TAN COVERT JACKETS—tailor-finish—strap seams—sateen lined—nobby coats—regular price $6.50—tomorrow's special.....$4.98

A pretty line of better Jackets in black and tan—special values— **$8.98, $10.00 and $12.50**

A beautiful line of Women's Silk Coats, regular price $12.50—tomorrow at... $10.98

These coats are 27 inches long, loose fitting—made of fine black Peau de Soie, satin-lined, trimmed with silk braid and ornaments. A swell garment at the regular price of $12.50— tomorrow at.....$10.98

WOMEN'S SILK ETON JACKETS.

We show a beautiful line of SILK ETON JACKETS—satin-lined, prettily trimmed—at

$4.50, $5.98, $6.98, $8.98, $10.00, $12.50, $14.50, $15.00, $16.50 and $18.00

Tailored Suits for Girls, $7.50 Suits for..... $4.98

A SPECIAL LOT of pretty suits for girls, from 12 to 18 years, will be put on sale tomorrow. These suits are made of gray and brown novelty suitings—Eton jacket, with shoulder cape—trimmed with cloth straps and brass buttons—a bargain at $7.50—tomorrow $4.98

38c Children's Gingham Dresses and Aprons, tomorrow 25c In the Cloak Room.

TOMORROW we place on sale 25 dozen children's blue Gingham and Calico Dresses, just the thing for play dresses for little folks—neatly made, regular price 38c—tomorrow's special.....25c

Two great leaders in our Boys' Dept.—Children's Brownie Overalls, tomorrow 19c

These are strong, good Overalls—sizes 4 to 14—worth 30c. Limit 3 pairs to each customer.

Boys' Shirt Waists and Blouses Tomorrow 10c—

These Waists are well made of good dark and light percales—sizes 3 to 13 years—regular 25c values—tomorrow—(limit 5 to each customer)—each..... 10 cents

Just a Word About Children's Clothing.

We show a line of Children's 2 and 3-piece knee pants Suits that in point of good material, lining, finishing and general make up, positively excel anything that is shown in this part of the country.

BOYS' TWO-PIECE SUITS—made of fine wool cassimeres and mixtures, lined with fine Farmer's sateen— excellent assortment to choose from—sizes 8 to 15 years—the best values on earth at—

$2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $3.95

BOYS' THREE-PIECE SUITS—made in fine wool cheviots and worsteds—black, blue and fancy mixtures—extraordinary values at—

$3.00, $3.50, $3.95 and $4.95

The $4.95 is a black worsted satin-lined suit—an elegant confirmation suit—equal to what you would pay $6 for elsewhere.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Florence Stone Stock company in "Camille."
METROPOLITAN—Kennedy Stock company in "Wicked London."

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Saturday afternoon and evening, Stetson's "Uncle Tom's Cabin."
METROPOLITAN—Monday, Mrs. Fiske in "Mary of Magdala."

"WICKED LONDON."

A large and enthusiastic audience saw the first performance of "Wicked London" last night at the Metropolitan, and the progress of the play was frequently interrupted by applause. Those present followed the fortunes of the unfortunate Richard Carleton with tense interest and Lewis Stone gave a superb portrayal of the character. John Kennedy looked and acted the part of the warm-hearted American who frankly announced that he was the son of a Chicago "pig sticker" and that Chicago was the greatest city in the greatest country in the world. J. F. Bannister did good work as Tom Darnel and Earle Russell and Oakes were all well placed. R. S. Stout, as Varney was better than in any other character in which he has been seen. Miss Kennedy and Miss Earle were also especially good.

The play itself is good with a strong plot, well told, embellished with strong climaxes and sensational situations. The Fiamma sisters and Baby Dot, did a clever bit of coon dancing, and Miss Greenwood sang well even for her. Dyer's illustrated songs were well sung, and were both new and catchy. "Wicked London" will be repeated tonight.

MRS. FISKE.

The sale of seats for the engagement of Mrs. Fiske at the Metropolitan Monday evening will open tomorrow morning and there promises to be a rush that will sell the capacity of the theater early in the day. The coming of Mrs. Fiske is one of the very great, if indeed, not the greatest of the events of this stage season, for she is at the head of her profession, and "Mary of Magdala," the play she will give in Duluth, has been the sensation of the theatrical year.

"CAMILLE."

Florence Stone's "Camille" continues to draw large houses at the Lyceum theater. Miss Stone's characterization has won for her a high place in dramatic art. "Camille" will be played again tonight and Saturday night at Superior. Miss Stone and company return to the Lyceum next week, playing the noted society drama "The Charity Ball." The new biograph will also be a feature of the week.

"UNCLE TOM'S CABIN."

Tomorrow afternoon and evening Stetson's "Uncle Tom's Cabin" company will present the popular play at the Lyceum. A street parade will be given at noon.

WEST END BARGAIN GUIDE

The following dealers are leaders in their respective lines, selling only the best merchandise at prices often lower than the up-town stores.

Build up the West End by patronizing them.

Department Store.
Johnson & Moe, 2102-8 W. Superior st.

Jewelry and Watchmaking.
T. A. Pinto, 2004 W. Superior street.
M. N. Berg, 2003 W. Superior street.
O. G. Hulberg, 1925 W. Superior st.

Knitting Mills.
Nelson Bros., 2103 W. Superior street.

Painting and Paper Hanging.
T. H. Hedeen, 2013 West First street.

Paints and Wall Paper.
A. Andren, 1827 W. Superior street.

Teas and Coffees.
Sundby Tea Co., 1825 W. Superior st.
Minnesota Tea Co., 1906 W. Superior st.

Installment House Furnishings.
R. R. Forward & Co., 21st Avenue W.

Hardware and Tinshop.
Leonard's Hdw. Store, New 'Phone 424

Druggists.
Lion Drug Store, 2002 W. Superior st.
A. J. Landgren, 1627 W. Superior st.

Crockery and Housefurnishings.
N. O. Nelson, 2017-19 W. Superior st.

Flour and Feed.
Helmer Jentoft, 2014-16 W. First st.

Furniture and Stoves.
C. Lavick, 2021 West Superior street.

Clothing, Shoes and Furnishings.
Chas. Mork & Co., 1930 W. Superior st.

Does it pay to advertise in The Herald? Ask B. E. Baker.

HITS LOW POINT

Veal Down to Lowest Price Reached In Year.

Fine Poultry In Market —Strawberries From Arkansas.

The lowest price reached by veal for many months is reported this week by the local wholesale dealers.

It is selling for 5½ and 6 cents per pound, and even at this price the demand is scarcely equal to the supply, and several dealers have large stocks on hand of which they find it difficult to dispose.

"Veal is always plentiful in the spring of the year," said one of the dealers yesterday afternoon. "The farmers kill their calves about this time and ship them in to market. The shipments are larger than usual this year, and veal has reached a very low figure as a consequence. The normal price should be about 8 cents per pound."

Other meats are higher in price with the exception of pork chops, which have dropped to 8 cents a pound, while beef has gone up to 7 and 7½ cents. Lamb is also higher at 10 cents a pound, and mutton is selling for 9½ cents.

* * *

Some of the finest poultry ever seen on the local market was received during the past week by the local dealers from Iowa. It is all fresh-killed stock and averages much larger than the ordinary shipments.

The depletion of the cold storage stocks has caused a slight rise in prices. Chickens are now selling at 16 cents and hens at 15½ cents. Prices for turkeys, geese and ducks remain unchanged, but the shipments are very small and there is little demand for them.

* * *

Arkansas berries are now being received on the local market. The Louisiana crop is nearly exhausted and by next week practically all of the berries received here will be from Arkansas. The Arkansas berries are by far the cheapest yet received, selling for $3.75 per case. The Missouri berries will be on the market within a few days and they will be followed by the Iowa and Illinois berries.

* * *

The Southern vegetables are becoming more plentiful and the prices have been becoming gradually lower. Asparagus is now selling at $1.20 per dozen bunches, while tomatoes have dropped to $2.25 per crate. There is no change in the price of potatoes. The new Southern tubers are selling for $3 a bushel, and last year's Minnesota product is selling at $1.20 and $1.25 per bushel.

* * *

Dairy products are much the same in price as last week, with the exception of creamery butter, which has gone up to 25 cents per pound. Packing stock is selling for 11 cents. Eggs remain unchanged in price at 17½ cents per dozen.

MEMORIAL DAY OBSERVANCE

To Be Presented to School Board and Mass Meeting.

A mass meeting will be held in the city hall this evening to make arrangements for relieving the old soldiers of the burden of the Memorial day services.

Mayor Cullum, in a communication to the council last Monday evening, stated that the number of old soldiers was growing less year by year and the burden of the Memorial day services greater and he asked for the use of the council chamber for a mass meeting of the citizens to arrive at some plan of relieving the soldiers of at least a part of the responsibility.

Mayor Cullum will also request the school board at the regular meeting this evening to devote a portion of the afternoon preceding Memorial day to exercises in honor of the occasion. It was formerly the custom in the schools to devote the afternoon preceding Memorial day to exercises of a commemorative nature, but the plan was recently abandoned. Mayor Cullum is anxious that it should be restored and he will take it up with the school board this evening. It is proposed to hold these exercises on the afternoon preceding Memorial day as the old soldiers would then be able to attend them.

CONNECT WITH SEWER.

Orders Given to Number of Property Owners.

The health department issued orders yesterday to a number of property owners to immediately connect their premises with the nearest sewer or clean the cesspools and put them in a sanitary condition.

The order is in accordance with the sewer districting ordinance passed September 10, 1903, which provides that the owner of any building within the sewer districts shall provide good drainage. Dr. J. M. Robinson reported a list of 175 buildings which needed attention, during his term as health commissioner, and the list was revised by the aldermen from each ward. The list was reduced to about one-half its original size in this manner, but by this time the winter season was far advanced, and it was decided to allow the matter to rest until spring. The matter is now being again taken up by the health board.

Spring Hats, Spring Shoes, Spring Shirts, Spring Neck'r.

Your dollar will go a little further here than elsewhere. If you want to see how cheaply the season's newest goods can be sold, come in tomorrow.

CHAS. MORK & CO.
1930 West Superior Street.
Everything in Men's Furnishings.

DUNN ENRAGED BY GOVERNOR'S ACTION

(Continued from page 1.)

and the legislative committee last winter, after a thorough investigation of every case, so reported to the house of representatives. This report is nothing more than a rehash of what the public examiner has given out time and again.

"The public well understands why this report is made at this time. It is simply a political move and done for political effect. It seems as though the whole state administration had joined in a last desperate effort to injure my candidacy with the people, and thousands of dollars of the state's money has been squandered in an attempt to assist the candidacy of Judge Collins by this means.

"I make this charge openly and squarely and if it is libelous, let Governor Van Sant and his henchmen make the most of it. I am responsible. The conduct of Governor Van Sant in directing the attorney general to make such a report as this public, without giving that official time and opportunity to examine it, is contemptible in a superlative degree, especially when it is considered that this report is made by a man that I, in command with thousands of other people in the state, would not believe under oath, and that it is an ex-parte statement bolstered up by the alleged evidence of a man who does not know a pine tree from a basswood.

"Cases have been singled out in which, if the public examiner had had the least idea of being fair, he would have been able to obtain from the state records, the proper explanation of the circumstances relating thereto, showing why and how the settlement was made and that it was the best settlement it was possible to make, and that in every case the state was the gainer. But all such information is deliberately omitted from the report. There are many cases of wilful trespass where treble the value of the timber was charged, but I presume these do not appear in the report. I collected fifteen times more trespass than was ever collected in the history of the state and I repeat, there is not a single case of trespass settled by me or my deputy during the time I was state auditor, that the best possible terms were not obtained for the state, and I reiterate that in many cases, treble values were charged and in many more cases double value, while in numerous cases the curcumstances were such that the state was fortunate in being able to get the value of the timber.

"I want to say, however, that there wert two or three unadjusted trespass cases when I left the office and one in particular in which I called the attention of the attorney general, and urged him to proceed with to the full extent of the law; whether os not any action has been taken I cannot say.

"The average price of pine stumpage today is several dollars per thousand feet higher than it was three or four years ago, and an attempt which has been made in connection with this report to compare the price obtained by State Auditor Iverson for trespass this year with the price I obtained, falls flat. The average price for the last two years of my administration, when stumpage prices had greatly increased, were far higher for that reason than for the preceding years.

"It seems as though the whole state administration had joined in an effort to find something to besmirch my character as a public official. I had supposed Governor Van Sant to be above such a contemptible business, but I guess I was mistaken. An official who will give out an ex-parte statement made by a bitter personal and political enemy without giving the party interested a chance to know what it contains, lacks considerable, in my estimation, of being a gentleman. And further, if his object, as he professes in his letter of transmittal to the attorney general, as published in the evening papers, is to have the attorney general proceed against trespassers whom he may consider have not paid enough, he does not help the accomplishments of that object or strengthen the attorney general's hands by giving the wide publicity he has done to this report. Such actions on the part of the governor indicate bad faith as to the state's interests and malice towards myself.

"I will venture the assertion that there is not a single case of timber trespass mentioned in the report, but it can be satisfactorily explained why double or treble value was not collected.

"The Collins-Van Sant crowd is getting desperate. The tide is setting strongly in my direction, and this is the last desperate effort to turn the current Collins-ward. This report, upon which the public examiner reckons to have been working for the past eighteen months, and which two competent men could have prepared in ten days, has been held back for a year and a half until now, for the sole purpose of injuring my candidacy for governor. I had labored under the impression that I was entitled to fair treatment at least at the hands of the present administration. I certainly expected no favors, and I leave the public to judge whether or not I have been treated fairly. The campaign that has been conducted against me for the past five or six months has been one of vilification and misrepresentation, and what ought to disgust every fair-minded man is that the state administration lends itself to such plans and schemes and that the state's name is being used by them to injure me. It is bad enough to have all the officeholders, with one or two exceptions, against me and out through the state spending the state's time, but to have the state of Minnesota expend thousands of dollars to besmirch my character is simply damnable.

"I am not a rich man, by any means, but I would wager every cent I possess in the world that the state of Minnesota will never collect additional trespass to the extent of one-twentieth part of the money the public examiner and the attorney general have expended in connection with this lying political report."

"The settlements that Mr. Dunn made were absolutely the best and most advantageous to the state that any man could have made," said Mr. Iverson recently.

The report of Mr. Johnson is a voluminous document covering many scores of typewritten pages. To it is attached the following letter from Governor Van Sant:

"Hon. W. J. Donahower, Attorney General, St. Paul, Minn.—Dear Sir: I herewith transmit to you a report recently made by the state public examiner to this department. The report on its face seems to indicate that in order to maintain the interests of the state, many trespassers on state lands should be proceeded against forthwith. I respectfully urge that you give this important matter your immediate and earnest attention, and that such action be taken as is warranted by law.

"S. R. VAN SANT, Governor.

"May 4, 1904."

The report is calculated to show that Mr. Dunn when state auditor made it a rule to settle trespass cases for about the value of the timber as reported by his cruisers. The law makes willful trespass a felony in order to force the penalty settlement of treble the actual value of the timber illegally cut. The amount that Mr. Johson figures is thus due the state on transactions of this nature is shown from the following:

Case against Congressman Buckman $12,968 56
Case against Akeley Lumber company 25,403 91
Sixty-seven others 40,037 90

Total $88,410 37

Mr. Johnson's letter explaining the sixty-seven cases follows:

Hon. S. R. Van Sant, Governor of Minnesota, St. Paul, Minn.:

Dear Sir—In connection with these sixty-seven cases of trespass, allow me to say that, taking all the trespasses settled from Jan. 1, 1895, to Dec. 31, 1902, inclusive, that were settled on the basis of measurement by thousand feet, the average price received by the state, per thousand feet, was $2.94.

During the same years, there were six public sales of timber held by the state, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 163, laws of 1895, and the average price per thousand feet realized by the state for the timber sold was $4.60.

From Jan. 1, 1903, to date, there have been ninety odd cases of trespass settled by the state and the average price of $7.09 per thousand feet was collected.

There has been one sale of timber at public auction in accordance with the above mentioned law, and the average price realized at that sale was $6.08 per thousand feet.

All sales and settlements mentioned in this statement have been made under exactly the same provisions of law.

Respectfully submitted,

S. T. JOHNSON,
Public Examiner.

April 20, 1904.

NOMINATE DEBS.

Socialists Again Name Him as Presidential Candidate.

Chicago, May 6.—Eugene V. Debs was yesterday afternoon nominated as the Socialist candidate for president of the United States.

Benj. Hardford of New York City was nominated for vice-president. Neither of the candidates had any opposition.

After condemning the policies of the Democratic and Republican parties, the platform was adopted, appeals to the American people for support on the ground that the Socialist party is the only political organization standing for the principles by which the liberty of the individual may become a fact, as the only political organization that is Democratic, and has for its purpose the conversion of all society to the principles of true democracy.

ANOTHER CUT.

Return Trip From St. Paul to Chicago, $2.

Chicago, May 6.—The Wisconsin Central road has announced that it will make a rate of $2 from St. Paul and Minneapolis to Chicago, good until May 25 to prevent the scalping of the rate of $3 from Chicago to St. Paul and Minneapolis established yesterday.

The rate of $3 is good leaving Chicago on next Sunday only, but the return limit is any time between Sunday and May 26.

Officers of the Western Passenger association made an effort yesterday to induce the roads to withdraw the low rates, but met with no success.

The trouble arose over the competition for the business of the Woman's Order of Catholic Foresters, which meets in St. Paul next week.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The last of twenty-four locomotives built at Philadelphia in a hurry for the Japanese government has been boxed and sent to New York for shipment to the far East. Some of the locomotives have been sent to the Japanese through San Francisco.

A general order has been issued that hereafter hand cameras taking photographs 4 by 5 inches will be allowed in the World's fair grounds without special permits. Permits will be required for larger-sized cameras. Bicycles are not permitted within the grounds.

The steel freighter R. W. England was launched Thursday at the Great Lakes Engineering works on the Detroit river, just below Detroit. The England was the first boat built at this yard. She is owned by a Cleveland company and was christened by Mrs. Frank Clough, of Cleveland. The new boat is 376 feet long, has 50 feet beam and 28 feet depth.

Congressman Sam W. Smith, of Pontiac, was nominated for re-election by Republicans of the Sixth Michigan district. Franklin Sayre and Dr. W. C. Huntington were chosen delegates to the national convention. They were not instructed, but the resolutions indorsed President Roosevelt.

Through Mr. Andrews, Colombian consul general in New York, the state department has learned that Dr. Herran, the Columbian charge, who formally withdrew from Washington about two months ago, will soon return in the same capacity, indicating a complete restoration of friendly relations between the United States and Colombia.

C. O. Nelson

Funeral Director, and Embalmer.

Calls for my services, in or out of the city, will be given immediate attention.

BOTH PHONES.

Established 1866.

Alderman Welter Restored to Health by Warner's Safe Cure.

"Kidney and Liver Trouble Made Life a Burden," Says the Alderman, "but Four Bottles of Your Grand Medicine Cured me."

"When health is gone, money, honor and politics alike become uninteresting, and the one desire of your heart is to get well and let everything else go. Such were my feelings a year ago, when kidney and liver trouble made life a burden to me.

MR. M. J. WELTER.

Through the kindly advice of a physician and friend I was induced to try Warner's Safe Cure. Four bottles made a new and well man of me, and it was worth more to me than a seat in Congress. I feel so extremely gratified with the results and so thankful for my restoration to health and strength that I gladly endorse your medicine and urge everyone who even suspects the slightest trace of kidney trouble to take it at once. It is worth its weight in gold."—M. J. Walter, Alderman Twenty-fourth ward, 1332 Otto St., Chicago, Ill.

This testimony of his wonderful cure from Alderman Welter adds but one more to the many hundreds of letters received daily from grateful men and women everywhere who have been saved from lives of misery and suffering, and from death itself, by Warner's Safe Cure, the world's greatest cure for all diseases of the kidneys, liver, bladder and blood.

Warner's Safe Cure has been used and prescribed by doctors and in hospitals for over 30 years as the one remedy that cures and leaves no bad after-effects.

HAVE YOU THESE CERTAIN SIGNS OF KIDNEY TROUBLE?

Pains in back and head, swellings, frequent desire to urinate, painful passing of water, rheumatism, fullness under eyes, constipation, bad digestion, drowsy feeling, lack of ambition and interest. They are all sure indications that your kidneys have been diseased for months.

TEST YOUR URINE. If you have any doubt let a little morning urine stand 24 hours. If a sediment forms or particles float about in it or it becomes cloudy your kidneys are seriously affected.

You have no time to lose if you have any of these symptoms, or if any member of your family in this or past generations has had kidney trouble; it's hereditary. It's dangerous to neglect the kidneys for even one day. Get a bottle of Warner's Safe Cure at the nearest drug store. It has cured thousands of cases after every other medicine failed, and will surely cure you. It removes the inflammation and replaces the wasted, diseased tissues, and enables the organs to do their work properly and fully. All drug stores, or direct, 50c. and $1 a bottle.

Warner's Safe Cure is guaranteed absolutely pure and free from dangerous drugs found in many "so-called" kidney cures. Beware of substitutes and imitations.

Doctor's advice and medical booklet free. Warner's Safe Cure Co., Rochester, N. Y.

"SAFE" PILLS move the bowels gently and aid a speedy cure.

Louisiana Purchase Exposition

St. Louis, Mo., April 30 to Dec. 1, 1904.

For the above occasion "The North-Western line" will sell excursion tickets at the following rates:

Season tickets, $32.50, on sale April 15 to Nov. 15, final limit December 15.

Sixty-day tickets, $27.10, on sale April 25 to November 20, limit 60 days.

Ten-day tickets, $24.40, on sale April 27 to November 30, limit 10 days.

Children of five and under twelve years of age, half the above rates. City Ticket office, Lonsdale building, 302 West Superior street.

THE BEST LIGHT COSTS NO MORE THAN THE OTHER KIND.

Electric light is cleaner, safer, better. Do you use it?

Duluth General Electric Co.
216 West Superior St.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, April 21st, 1904.

In the matter of the estate of Archibald S. Green, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of George J. Green and Charles G. Green, of the county of Albany, state of New York, representing, among other things, that Archibald S. Green, late of the county of Albany, in the state of New York, on the 26th day of September, A. D. 1897, at the county of Albany, New York, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of said county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within St. Louis county, Minnesota, and that the said petitioners are sons of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to them granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 16th day of May, A. D. 1904, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 21st day of April, A. D. 1904.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for Petitioners.
Duluth Evening Herald—April 22-29, May 6, 1904.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 20th, 1904.

In the Matter of the Estate of Albert Rappenegger, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Frederick Ruf, of the county of St. Louis, representing, among other things, that Albert Rappenegger, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 20th day of February, A. D. 1904, at the county of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is an uncle of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Francis S. Kosmerl granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 16th day of May, A. D. 1904, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 20th day of April, A. D. 1904.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

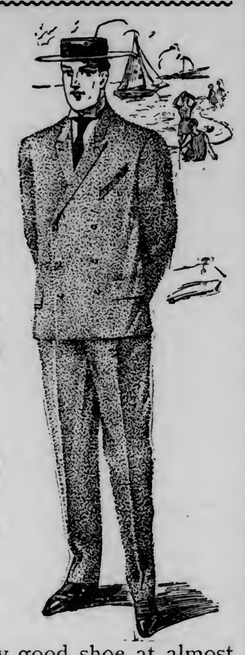
(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, April-22-29-May-6—1904.

FLOAN LEVEROOS & CO.

225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST. DULUTH

MEN'S FINE CLOTHING

The Right Sort of a Suit



No bagging or sagging but a fit that will light up the good points of the wearer and hide the bad ones. Spring and summer models are of Striking Style, Broad and Clean Cut. The prices always meet you half way:

$10, $12.50, $15 to $25

Remarkable Shoe Bargains!

Men's $3.50 and $4.00 Shoes

$2.90

$2.90 will buy a fairly good shoe at almost any time. But $2.90 seldom buys shoes such as these, regular $3.50 and $4 grades at $2.90

Many Styles and Kinds to pick from—LACE, BLUCHERS, OXFORD TIES in PATENT COLT, PATENT KID, VICI KID, CALF SKIN **$2.90**

Saturday we will show new arrivals in Soft and Stiff Hats.

FIXES THE SITE PERMANENTLY

Condemnation Proceedings Ordered By County Board Mean That.

Warm Discussion Over Matter—No Expenses For Commissioners.

Assistant County Attorney W. G. Crosby will go ahead, as directed by resolution of the board of county commissioners, last month, to institute condemnation proceedings to acquire lots 9 to 16 inclusive, block 67, and lots 9 to 16 inclusive, block 51, Portland division, for courthouse purposes.

This line of action was agreed upon at the meeting of the commissioners yesterday afternoon, when Mr. Crosby asked the board if it fully realized what such proceedings meant and whether the commissioners understood they were now on record as locating the new county court house on the present courthouse site.

Tacked to the resolution introduced by Commissioner Kugler directing that the county attorney begin condemnation proceedings, was a clause making the provision that the proceedings should not begin until the county has a clear title to the ground it already occupies with a courthouse and jail.

It was relative to the meaning of this latter clause that Mr. Crosby asked information. He said he took it to mean that he was not to begin proceedings until the suit now in court to quiet the county's title to the present courthouse site is settled. He called attention to some criticism that had appeared in the daily papers from members of the board implying that the county attorney's office did not care to go ahead with the condemnation proceedings.

Mr. Crosby declared that the county attorney stood ready to carry out the wishes of the commissioners if fully satisfied that they knew what they were doing and if they fully realized that after condemnation proceedings are started there will be no backing out and that the new courthouse will have to be erected on the ground condemned for the purpose.

When Mr. Kugler introduced his resolution for the condemnation proceedings, last month he said that he thought it would be a good way to arouse opposition to the old site for a new curthouse, if there is any, and if there are any taxpayers who desire a new site they could take measures to stop the proceedings.

Mr. Crosby told the board that the selection of a courthcuse site is entirely an arbitrary matter with it, unless, of course, a site unsuitable beyond all reason, were selected. He said that tehre could be no enjoining, if the board starts condemnation proceedings, but that the courthouse will have to be locaed on the land condemned for the purpose.

Several of the commissioners said that they had not fully understood that they were going on record by their vote on the resolution as locating the new court house on the present site.

Mr. Kugler told Mr. Crosby that he really had no call to mix in for the purpose of looking after the interests of the other members, and Mr. Crosby replied that he held the matter up simply to see that all understood what they were voting for, that he was simply protecting the rest of the members from a "tricky member." Under the guise of a resolution to start condemnation proceedings, Mr. Crosby told Mr. Kugler he had managed to get the members of the board on record as deciding to locate the new court house on the present court house site.

The discussion over the court house location was a long, and at times, a heated one, though most of the sharp things were really said in a bantering way.

Mr. Kugler accused Mr. Crosby of favoring some other site, and Mr. Crosby said he would admit it if Mr. Kugler would admit that he was committed to the present site for the new building.

The opinion of the board is not unanimous on the question of securing more ground for a court yard. At least two of the members of the board are opposed to any proceeding that will bind the county to buy the east half of the block between Sixth and Seventh avenues east and Second and Third streets.

Commissioner Kauppi is one of these objectors, going on record yesterday as being opposed to getting ground for a larger site. Commissioner Kauppi opposed the Kugler resolution last month for the same reason. Mr. Kauppi was not present at the meeting yesterday, being absent on a Western trip.

Mr. Crosby was asked yesterday if he proposed now to go ahead with the condemnation proceedings for the east half of blocks 67 and I, Portland division, said at first that he should do what was for the best interests of the county, but afterward said he should proceed as directed by the resolution.

The suit to quiet the county's title to the present court house site may be argued during the present term of district court.

• • •

Judge J. D. Ensign holds a trust deed to the property, the provision being that the county can have the property so long as it occupies it with a court house. Judge Ensign, it is claimed, has repeatedly offered to give the county absolute title when it starts the new court house where the old court house now stands, in fact he has offered to put the deed in the hands of a third party to turn over to the county in event it builds in accordance with the provision, rather than take the matter into court.

The county commissioners, however, are determined on having a clear title to the property, if one is to be had at all, before anything is done toward a new court house.

If the suit develops that the county has not a clear title to the ground it now occupies, and the commissioners maintain that they will not build on the old site until the county has a clear title to it, there will be no other recourse but to build the new court house on the east end of the two blocks, in case condemnation proceedings are started.

Many of the county officials as well as many of the taxpayers in the county are opposed to the condemning of any more ground for a court house site, and these are likely to be heard from inside the next few weeks.

• • •

An informal discussion of considerable length was held over the question of commissioners being paid their expenses while on committee work. Several of the members of the board maintained that they should be entitled to their expenses while out inspecting county roads or doing other committee work that necessitates an expense in the matter of travel or hotel bills.

It is claimed that the opinions of previous county attorneys have differed as to the right of the commissioners for extra compensation.

Both County Attorney McClintock and Assistant County Attorney Crosby, however, are decidedly of the opinion that the commissioners cannot legally draw a cent for their expenses while doing committee work. They hold that while the expenses of the commissioners ought to be provided for, because the county is a large one and the expense unavoidable in the matter of transportation, they cannot collect anything extra, according to the present state law.

The commissioners are for some change of the state law that will give them relief, especially here in St. Louis county.

• • •

The unorganized town of 52-13 was yesterday organized into a town to be known as Normanna. The date of the first town meeting was set for May 24.

• • •

A petition from the St. Louis County Agricultural and Driving association, asking for an appropriation of $500 for the fair next fall, was received and filed. Action will be taken later on the request.

• • •

The commissioners did not make a division of the road levy for the season, this action being postponed until next month, when all the members will be present. Appropriations from the general road fund were made for the repair and improvements of the following roads:

White Iron road, $1000; Tower-Itasca road, $1000; Old Vermillion road, $500; Rice Lake road, $500; Howard-Gnesen road, $500; Siville road, $500; Sturgeon Lake etension, $500; Virginia-Pike River road, $500; Embarrass and Pike River road, $500.

• • •

Hearings for new school districts comprising 61-15 and 65-12, respectively, were set for June 7. The proposed district in 65-17 will except a few sections in that township and include a few 1 65-18.

• • •

By resolution of Commissioner Kugler the wages for the county road work were fixed the same as last year, $2 per day for common labor, $2.50 per day for foremen, except where the appropriation equals or exceeds $500 and ten or more men are employed, the foreman in this case to receive $2.75 per day.

• • •

An appropriation of $500 was made for the construction of a road between the head of Lake Vermilion and the county line, a distance of eighteen miles through the Willow river district. Representatives of the settlers were present at the board meeting and made a strong argument for the need of some means of communication with the outside for the people in that district.

• • •

The quarterly report of the board of county poor commissioners, covering the months of January, February and March, showed the total receipts to have been $271.35. The expenditures were as follows: Poor farm, $1,565.69; board and care outside the poor farm, $2,327.58; groceries, $1,144; fuel, $134.50; clothing, $1.50; transportation, $44.13; burials, $128.15; salaries, $900; miscellaneous, $128.54.

The April report of Clerk of District Court J. P. Johnson showed the total receipts of the office to have been $757.50, not including $1,325.65 work done for the county in civil and criminal cases.

In the office receipts $170 came from marriage licenses issued, $308.65 from civil cases and $140 from first and second papers.

Register of Deeds M. C. Palmer's report for April showed the total receipts of his office to have been $765.35, not including $274 work for the county. As registrar of titles Mr. Palmer received $78.93.

In Sheriff Butchart's April report the total amount of work done is $1,815.57. The total disbursements were $427.99, of which $204.29 was for railway fares; $166.75 for hotels. Of the total work done $666.45 represented that done for the county.

EMPEROR TEMPERATE.

William Drinks But Little Alcohol on Trip.

Berlin, May 6.—Col. Von Der Eski, director of the Ems baths, who accompanied Emperor William on his Mediterranean trip is quoted as saying that the emperor during the entire journey did not touch alcoholic stimulants except a little wine when dining with King Alfonso at Vigo, Spain, and at the luncheon with the king on board the Spanish royal yacht Giralda on his departure from Vigo. When entertaining his guests on the imperial yacht Hohenzollern at Naples the emperor drank orange juice and mineral water.

'Phone your wants, small advertisements of all kinds sent by telephone to The Herald receive prompt and careful attention. Ask central for 324, either 'phone.

SUPERIOR TIGHT

Navigation Open In All the Other Great Lakes.

Latest Opening of Straits at Sault Since 1888.

The final ice report for the season has been issued by Norman B. Conger, inspector and marine agent at Detroit. Navigation is practically open everywhere except on Lake Superior. The straits at the Sault opened April 30, the latest date since 1888. The following is the summary of the ice conditions:

"The reports of the ice condition from the regular display stations of the weather bureau indicate that there are extensive fields of ice in Lake Superior, but the ice is softening and breaking up; more open water is showing at the extreme western end; over the eastern portion the northerly winds have kept the ice fields along the south shore; in Whitefish Bay the ice is breaking up and moving out, and is soft enough to offer but little obstruction to the passage of vessels; the passage of St. Mary's river can be made. The ice in the northern portion of Green Bay has broken up and moved out, but large fields of soft ice is reported over the southern portion. The straits opened on April 30 and the Pere Marquette ferry No. 16 was the first boat to pass down, on May 1. There are some fields of broken ice in Lake Huron, mostly confined to the southern portion and has been running out of the lake during the week; it is soft and broken up. No reports of ice were received from Lake Erie, and northerly winds have moved field west from the eastern end. Small fields are reported in Lake Ontario, but they offer no impediment to navigation.

"The reports from Lake Superior indicate that the fields of ice are so extensive that it will be May 10 or later before general navigation can be resumed, although there will be no trouble in reaching the Soo from Lake Huron.

"This is the latest opening of the straits since 1888, when they opened on May 4; since 1854 the straits have opened in May seven times, the latest being May 5, 1885.

"This will be the last report issued this season, as general navigation can be resumed on all the lakes but Superior and on Superior about May 10.

Lake Superior points report as follows:

Duluth—Ice going slowly; a few small spots of open water; harbor practically clear.

Two Harbors (April 30)—Ice in harbor is broken up and loose from the docks; boats can move freely in the harbor; ice in the lake still looks solid, but is much honeycombed; steamer expected to leave here Monday for Grand Marais, Minn.

Washburn—Ice in harbor 24 inches; is breaking away from shore, where it is somewhat honeycombed; outside it is still solid.

Ashland (April 30)—The ice is very rotten and honeycombed at the head of the bay; a boat will have no trouble in going through the ice.

Houghton—Soft and melting ice in big Portage and opposite Oezkas, otherwise waterway across Keweenaw point is clear; ice visible from the canal and Eagle harbor, but not heavy enough to impede navigation; ice in Keweenah bay disappearing rapidly.

Maquette—Harbor ice ranges from 2 to 5 inches; it is breaking up, soft and fast disappearing; ice in the lake quite firm; no open water visible; it is believed that easterly winds will move the ice off the south shore.

Whitefish Point—Ice along shore wearing away fast, appears solid out in the bay; no open water seen above the point; southerly winds would clear all above point.

Sault Ste. Marie—The ice in Whitefish bay is soft and breaking and will not impede navigation. No report received relative to St. Mary's river.

IN LUMBER BUSINESS.

C. F. Leland Is Manager of Endion Lumber Company.

Charles F. Leland, former proprietor of the Commercial Banking company, is engaged in the lumber business. He is manager of the Endion Lumber company, a recently organized corporation which purchased the business of J. E. Watt & Co., on the Duluth & Iron Range tracks in the East End.

The Endion Lumber company is a Wisconsin corporation formed not long ago, of which B. A. Glover, W. W. Kiesley and J. C. Crowley, Jr., appear as the incorporators. Its capital is $10,000. J. C. Crowley is president of the company, William Harrison, of Duluth, secretary and treasurer, and C. F. Leland, general manager.

It is said that Mr. Leland owns no stock in the company, but by reason of his long experience in the lumber business, he having been engaged for years in that line, has been selected as the man to properly manage the Duluth interests of the concern.

It is the intention to enlarge the business of the company as rapidly as possible.

DROUGAT BROKEN.

The Stock Situation Saved In New Mexico.

Las Vegas, N. M., May 6.—The drought, which has been exceedingly severe in New Mexico, is broken. Several copious showers have just occurred and the clouds are still heavy. Cattle inspector O'Brien has returned from a trip in the northern part of the country. He says the stock situation iss aved. Reports from Clayton tell of heavy rains there also.

Prior to these showers less than half an inch of rain or snow had fallen during the last eleven months.

Homeseekers' Excursions.

The North-Western line will place on sale May 3rd and continuing every first and third Tuesday from May to December inclusive "Homeseeker's" round trip tickets at One Fare, plus $2.00, limited to 21 days from date of sale, to points in Alabama, Arkansas, Canadian Northwest, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Indian Territory, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Minesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Washington and Wyoming.

City ticket office, 302 West Superior street, Lonsdale building.

The North-Western Line.

The new equipmbent announced to be placed in service on "The North-Western Line" between Duiuth and Chicago, will not take place until May 9th, the management having been disappointed in getting cars ready for May 1st.

TALKING ABOUT GREAT SALES!

HERE IS ONE GREATER THAN THEM ALL.

A sale that you have never witnessed before in this city. We have just received one shipment from a New York firm, consisting of Linen Table Cloths, Napkins, Toweling, Lace Curtains, Bed Spreads, Pillow Shams, fine Prints and Ladies' Waist Goods, Ladies' Petticoats, etc. This stock is shipped to us on consignment, with the understanding that we sell it at once—and we shall do so. Tomorrow is the day we must dispose of this stock, and we assure you that prices will not stop us from disposing of it. We are going to offer you this stock at prices to suit all. The only thing for you to do is to come early, so you don't lose your chance.

THINK OF THESE BARGAINS:

Red damask table cloth, 68 inches wide, fast color, good pattern, worth 40c per yd—on sale tomorrow, per yard— **19 cents.**

White Towels, at each— **4 cents.**

Fancy Towels, good quality, 25c value, at— **9 cents.**

Good quality of Toweling, per yd **6 cents.**

Linen Toweling, 20c value, at— **9 1-2 cents.**

Ladies' Night Gowns, fancy lace rimmed; special **48 cents.**

Ladies' Wrappers— **69 cents.**

400 yards of Lace Curtain, good quality, fine patterns—for this sale, per yard **9c**

150 pairs Lace Curtains, three yards in length, 50 inches wide; greatest bargain of all—per pair **39c**

One lot 300 pieces travelingmen's sample Curtains, in full window lengths, in the very finest quality; worth from $2.00 to $4.00 a pair. This entire lot we have placed on sale for tomorrow—your cohice of any sample in the lot... **29c**

This is something every lady in Duluth ought not to miss.

White linen Table Cloth, 50c value—at 29c

Fancy Bed Spreads, worth $2.00—at 29c

Ladies' Petticoats—tomorrow only, while they last **21c**

Fancy Prints, Ducking, for ladies' shirtwaist suits—20c value at **9c**

400 yards Lawn—per yard 4c

500 yards fine colored Velvet—your choice of any color—per yard **14c**

Ladies' Summer Vests—at 6c

Muslin Pants and Corset Covers 19c

Ladies' Shirt Waist patterns, in fancy lawn, with silk stripes—sold in the leading dry goods stores at 35c the yard—on sale tomorrow, per yard— **19 cents.**

The very best quality Apron Gingham, per yd **5 cents.**

Pure Linen Napkins— **6 cents.**

White embroidered Pillow Shams —at— **24 cents.**

One lot fancy Pillow Shams with lace centers— **29 cents.**

250 Dresser Scarfs —60c value; this sale— **19 cents.**

Don't say that you can not afford to get a new suit of clothes when we offer you for tomorrow a choice of 150 Men's Suits, in black union worsted, in all sizes—for **$2.48**

75 Men's Suits, $12.00 value—at **$4.98**

50 men's hand-tailored Suits, in the very best quality, finest patterns, up-to-date style; a $22.00 suit for..... **$9.48**

Men's fancy striped Pants 98c

A full line of Men's 75c Overshirts..... 39c

Men's Underwear 19c

Fancy ribbed Men's Underwear, 75c value—for tomorrow **33c**

Men's Colt Skin Shoes, $2.50 value for **$1.69**

Boys' Shoes, fine quality, the best make... 98c

Boys' and Children's ribbed Underwear... 19c

Boys' and Girls' Caps, 50c values at..... 19c

One lot 200 Boys' Suits in different patterns—at **98c**

50 Boys' Blouse Suits, fancy trimmed, all wool—per suit **$1.39**

A full line of Ladies' Dress Shoes, $2.50 and $3.00 quality—your choice of any **$1.69**

Consider these great bargains we offer for tomorrow. Visit our store tomorrow and be convinced of the large savings you can make by trading at our store Saturday.

THE DULUTH CONSIGNMENT CO.

19 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

BASEBALL.

National League.

BROOKLYN, 13; PHILADELPHIA, 3.

Philadelphia, May 6.—Free hitting by Brooklyn aided the local's errors, gave the visitors yesterday's game and the series. Sparks was not in form and was replaced in the fifth by Brackenridge, but the latter was unable to save the game. Attendance, 2373. Score:

Brooklyn	0	2	1	1	5	0	1	0	2	—13 11 3
Philadelphia	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	—	3 7 0

Batteries—Cronin and Bergen; Sparks, Brackenridge and Dooln. Umpire—Emslie.

NEW YORK, 10; BOSTON, 5.

Boston, May 6.—Although New York batted hard throughout yesterday's game, loose fielding enabled Boston to keep on even terms until the ninth when the visitors bunched their hits and won. Attendance, 728. score:

New York	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	5	—10 13 7
Boston	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	— 5 9 5

Batteries—Matthewson and Bowerman; Pittinger and Moran. Umpire—Moran.

CINCINNATI, 3; ST. LOUIS, 0.

Cincinnati, May 6.—Three double plays in the first four innings of yesterday's game figured largely in the failure of the St. Louis team to score. Attendance, 3200. Score:

Cincinnati	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	x	—3 7 0
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0 5 0

Batteries—Elliott and Schiel; McFarland and Byers. Umpire—O'Day.

American League.

BOSTON, 3; PHILADEDPHIA, 1.

Boston, May 6.—Not one Philadelphian made a run, a hit or reached first base in yesterday's game. Young's feat for a record-breaker in the major league. While the champions batted Waddell hard, sharp fielding by the visitors kept down the runs: Score:

Boston	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	x	—3 10 0
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0 6 1

Batteries—Young and Criger; Waddell and Schreick. Umpire—Dwyer. Attendance, 10,276.

CHICAGO, 2; ST. LOUIS, 1.

Chicago, May 6.—Chicago won a closely contested game by a sharp batting rally in the ninth inning. With one out Tannehill doubled to left, reached third on Wallace's single. White would have made it a shutout but for a costly error. Attendance, 3000. Score:

Chicago	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	—2 8 4
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—1 6 3

Batteries—White and Sullivan; Howell and Sugden. Umpire—O'Loughlin.

CLEVELAND, 5; DETROIT, 3.

Detroit, Mich., May 6.—Detroit hit Bernhard freely all through the game, but could not bunch enough to win against Cleveland's luck. Attendance, 3100. Score:

Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	—3 11 4
Cleveland	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	—	5 7 2

Batteries—Mullen and Buelow; Bernhard and Bemis. Umpires—King and Sheridan.

WASHINGTON, 9; NEW YORK, 1.

New York, May 6.—Washington won its first game of the season yesterday, defeating New York, 9 to 4. The local team put up a poor exhibition. Attendance, 1500. Score:

New York	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	—4 10 8
Washington	0	0	0	2	2	0	2	3	0	—9 12 3

Batteries—Wolfe, Puttman and Reville; Dunkle, Patten and Drill. Umpire—Connolly and Carpenter.

American Association.

COLUMBUS, 6; KANSAS CITY, 5.

Columbus, Ohio, May 6.—Columbus defeated Kansas Sity in an interesting game yesterday by bunching hits. Mallarkey was knocked out of the box in the fifth and was replaced by Glendon. The locals hit safely only in two innings in which they scored. Bridwell fielded brilliantly and his single in the eighth drove in the winning run. Attendance, 2604. Score:

Columbus	4	0	0	0	0	2	0	x	—6	2 2
Kansas City	0	0	2	0	2	0	1	0	—5	10 4

Batteries—Mallarkey, Glendon and Yeager; Isbell and Butler. Umpire—Pears.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	15	12	3	.80
Brooklyn	15	10	5	.66
Cincinnati	18	11	7	.611
Chicago	14	8	6	.571
St. Louis	15	7	8	.467
Boston	16	6	10	.375
Pittsburg	15	5	10	.333
Philadelphia	14	2	12	.143

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	16	13	3	.813
Chicago	18	11	7	.611
New York	14	8	6	.571
Philadelphia	14	7	7	.500
Detroit	16	8	8	.500
St. Louis	14	6	8	.429
Cleveland	14	6	8	.429
Washington	14	1	13	.071

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	16	13	3	.813
Milwaukee	11	7	4	.636
Indianapolis	12	7	5	.583
Columbus	11	6	5	.545
Minneapolis	13	6	7	.472
Toledo	12	5	7	.417
Louisville	14	5	9	.357
Kansas City	12	9	9	.250

WHO WAS HERCULES?

He is generally supposed to be a mortal of god—the ideal of bodily strength. His life was devoted to the performance of deeds made possible by his great strength. Had he lived today he would have followed the example of the present-day strong men and would have eaten Pillsbury's Vitos. It is the very best portion of the life and strength-giving qualities of the wheat—eaten by brain and brawn workers alike. One two-pound package makes twelve pounds of delicious food. Ask your grocer.

BOERS STILL PRISONERS.

It is now two years since the Boer war ended, says the Boston Transcript. The world has been of the impression that the rancor of that conflict had largely disappeared. England has announced the successive steps of large schemes of repatriation, and the world has given her the credit of playing in all respects the part of a generous conqueror. Even Col. Lynch, who stirred the fiercest resentment of the English people, has, it is said, through the social influence of Sir Thomas Lipton with the king, been set free. One would expect this to be the last act of pardon, the veary end of the passion of intemperate resentment which England could not help but feel for an enemy which had to bear not only the expected punishment of the conquered, but the added rancor which came of England's realization of her own army's incompetency, and of the fact that the overwhelming sympathy of the world was with her small antagonist.

It is surprising, therefore, at this late date to receive an appeal from forty-three Boer prisoners who are still detained on the Bermuda islands, under circumstances which one hopes the British government may be able to present in a better light than does their appeal. These prisoners are not criminals. They are not of those Dutch subjects of England who joined their brothers in the Transvaal, and whom England saw fit to treat as traitors. They are not among those whom the English excluded from the general amnesty because of alleged breaches of the rules of war. They are Boer soldiers whose status differs in no way from that of the 4000 others who were captured with Cronje at the Modder river.

Their troubles are due solely to their refusals to take the oath of allegiance to Great Britain. This, one feels, is hardly a justification for their detention. One does not like the spectacle of a conquering nation forcing an oath of allegiance down the throats of the conquered. Such an oath might well be made a condition of participation in the new government of the Transvaal. But these Boers do not wish, according to their appeal, to return to the Transvaal. They do not wish to become subjects of the king. They desire nothing more than to be released, when they will proceed to the United States or elsewhere to settle. It ought not to require exceptional generosity for England to permit this. The United States put no stone in the path of the vice president of the Confederacy, Judah P. Benjamin, who preferred not to remain in his home, under a flag which he had fought against, and as a voluntary exile rose to eminence in the London bar.

There were at one time some 5000 Boer prisoners of war on the Bermuda islands. At the close of the war officers of the British armmy appeared at Bermuda and presented the oath of allegiance. This nearly all the Boers, with the advice of their leaders, accepted. Those who signed the oath were taken back to their homes on British warships, at the expense of the British government. But the forty-three who now mrke the appeal, refused to swear.

GOOD REASON FOR IGNORANCE.

Santos Dumont, on his last visit to America, consulted a New York lawyer about certain airship patents. This lawyer, discussing the young man the other day, said:

"Santos Dumont has an alert, quick mind. He is both intelligent and witty. He told me of a rather neat retort he had made to a lawyer in Paris last year. He was on the witness stand, he said, testifying in a case that concerned a will. He had no interest in this will; he had only known very well the old man who had made it. Nevertheless, the lawyer for the contestants browbeat and bullied him, as lawyers sometimes will, and altogether he made rather a sorry figure.

"He kept an eye open for his inning, though, and sure enough, at the end of the cross-examination, the chance that he was looking for came.

"'Tell me, monsieur,' the lawyer said, 'did not the old man talk to himself when he was alone?'

"'I don't know,' said Santos Dumont.

"'You don't know? And yet you claim to have been so intimate a friend of his? Why don't you know?'

"'Because,' said Santos Dumont, 'I was never with him when he was alone!'"

San Francisco or Los Angeles, Cal., and Return, $50.00.

April 23rd to May 1st the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets, account Methodist Episcopal Conference and Grocers' Convention, to San Francisco or Los Angeles and return for $50.00, good returning until June 30th. Stopovers allowed in both directions.

It pays to advertise in The Herald. Ask Dr. Boyce.

A CUP OF TEA.

IN OLD JAPAN.

THE use of stimulants to spur up a tired and worn-out nervous system is becoming very common in these days of competition and exhausting business pursuits. The woman, tired out by a day's shopping and "just ready to fly" finds immediate relief in a hot cup of tea, as the man seeks his cigar for solace after a hard day's work. So common has the use of tea become that hardly a family is without it, and some years we import over 100 million pounds. Its use is largely confined to the gentler sex, the men preferring tobacco and alcoholic stimulants. Tea in itself, unless drunk to excess is a harmless beverage, its first effect being a slight stimulation of the nervous system. Its excessive use, however, disturbs the digestive function, causing catarrh, indigestion, biliousness and constipation. The craving for stimulants, however, in every case, indicates a condition of lowered vitality of the nervous system, due either to over-work or lack of nourishment. Our habits of life are becoming more and more artificial, we eat too much, do not get sufficient exercise, and overdo in many ways. Were we to live perfectly natural lives, being in the open air and practicing regularity in all things, our systems would soon strike a balance that would make the use of drugs and medicines entirely superfluous and unnecessary. Dr. R. V. Pierce, the famous specialist in women's diseases, believes that our women do not give sufficient attention to their physical welfare. He says, "Many of the ills and distresses from which our modern women suffer could be avoided by forethought and reasonable living. A few moments of each day given to systematic exercise, a few moments relaxation in the middle of the day, and avoiding exposure, especially at critical periods, should fortify the constitution against aches and pains." Many women feel that they cannot afford to take a half-hour nap in the day time, but the experience of those who have tried it goes to prove that the additional vigor and vitality imparted by this brief rest enables the woman to do more work and do it better. If such simple means do not suffice, it shows that disease is already present, and should be attacked at its roots. Dr. Pierce, nearly forty years ago, prepared a tonic for the use of weak women. He carefully eliminated any harmful or injurious substances, from its composition, excluding alcohol and narcotic drugs, and only incorporated such drugs as his long experience had proved to be useful in relieving woman's ills. Its success was immediate and remarkable, and it stands to-day as the foremost remedy for diseases of women, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It strikes at the root of the trouble, stops weakening drains, relieves pelvic congestion and inflammation and gives tone and vigor to the organs. There is nothing which interferes with the proper action and beneficial effect of a remedy so much as constipation, and Dr. Pierce also prepared a suitable medicine to meet this condition. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are a mild, purely vegetable laxative pill, and act like magic on an overloaded, weakened bowel. They are indicated in all cases when there is constipation present, and are sure in their action.

If you are ill and suffering, Dr. Pierce invites you to write him and receive the benefit of his experience free of charge. An experience of forty years, especially devoted to the cure of woman's ills is at your service, and you can write him freely and openly, as all communications are held sacredly confidential. Write to-day, telling your trouble, and he will promptly answer your letter and outline a plan of treatment that will relieve you.

Backed up by over a third of a century of remarkable and uniform cures, a record such as no other remedy for the diseases and weaknesses peculiar to women ever attained, the proprietors of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription now feel fully warranted in offering to pay $500 in legal money of the United States, for any case of Leucorrhea, Female Weakness, Prolapsus, or Falling of Womb, which they cannot cure. All they ask is a fair and reasonable trial of their means of cure.

"I want to tell you of the great improvement in my health since taking your 'Favorite Prescription,'" says Mrs. H. S. Jones, of Forest, N. C. "When I began its use I was a physical wreck and had despaired of ever having good health again. Could not sit up all day. I noted a great improvement before the first bottle was all used. Was suffering with almost every pain that a woman is subject to; had inflammation of ovaries, painful and suppressed periods, and other symptoms of female disease. After taking six bottles of 'Favorite Prescription,' I felt like a new person. Can ride horseback and take all kinds of exercise and not feel tired."

KNOW THYSELF.

Read all about yourself, your system, the physiology of life, anatomy, hygiene, simple home cures, etc., in the "Common Sense Medical Adviser," a book of 1008 pages. Send to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 31 cents in one-cent stamps for cloth-bound copy, or for paper-covered book 21 stamps.

MOONSHINER INDICTED.

Caught In Remote Section of Roseau County.

Fergus Falls, Minn., May 6.—The grand jury in the United States court here returned an indictment yesterday against E. T. Langsroff on the very unusual charge of moonshining, or distilling liquor without a government license. Lansgroff's still was seized by the United States marshals in a remote section of Roseau county, and was brought to this city and exhibited before the grand jury. It is a rude affair, but it is claimed he has done considerable business. His brother, F. P. Lansgroff, together with J. W. Nixon were indicted at the same time for disposing of the liquor without licenses. All entered pleas of not guilty, and will stand trial.

Jacob J. Weins was indicted on the charge of raising a money order from 25 cents to $25.25 at Ulen. He immediately entered a plea of guilty, and being a mere boy, was let off with a fine of $150.

James Van Wert, the postmaster at White Earth, was indicted on charges of embezzlement, and pleaded not guilty.

Arthur L. Dickinson, the postmaster at Lyman, a country station near this city, pleaded guilty to opening a letter addressed to a neighbor. He had not realized the gravity of his offense and was fined $25.

John Anderson, charged with selling alcohol to the Indians, was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of $100 and to spend two months in jail.

Maurice Eichenberry, a rural mail carrier, was indicted on the charge of taking 50 cents from a letter entrusted to his care. He was fined $35 and costs, and in default of payment was sent to jail.

The jury investigated the case of Posmaster Elken, of Crookston, whose accounts were alleged to be short some time ago, but decided to return no indictment, and there wil be no further proceedings in his case.

SCHLITZ The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous

Duluth Branch, 35 E. Railroad St.

'Phone—Zenith 358.

NORWEGIAN LUTHERANS

Annual Meeting of the General Committee.

La Crosse, Wis., May 6.—The annual meeting of the general committee in charge of the church extension work of the Norwegian Lutheran synod of America was held in this city yesterday This committee has charge of the work in the entire synod, which is divided into four districts: The eastern district, which takes in al of the territory from the Mississippi river east to the Atlantic coast; Minnesota district, which comprises the state of Minnesota; Iowa district, which takes in the state of Iowa and the Pacific coast district which is composed of all of the territory west of the Pacific coast. From the financial statement of the treasurer it was shown that $43,-056.04 has been raised in the different districts for the extension of the church work.

CREEK DIGGINGS

Pronounced a Fake By Experienced Prospectors.

Vancouver, B. C., May 6.—Dan McKinnon, who arrived from the diggings today, says there is quite a large exodus from the creeks. He pronounced the diggings a fake. Capt. D. Turnbull, who owns claims on all the creeks, said his claims weer not for sale, but he would give his title deeds to any friends desiring them for nothing if they wanted to try their luck. Clan Murdoch, another owner, made the same proposition to McKinnon. Fully a hundred Alsek miners, who had come to White Horse from their diggings, offered a half interest in their claims for $25. McKinnon expects the creeks to be deserted this summer.

It pays to advertise in The Herald. Ask Charles A. Marshall.

DETAILED HISTORY

By Ex-President Cleveland of Effort to Keep Gold Reserve.

Confesses Without Shame and Refuses to Shield Accomplices.

New York, May 6.—A detailed history by ex-President Grover Cleveland of the circumstances attending the issue of United States bonds in the years 1894, 1895 and 1896 for the purpose of replenishing the stock of gold in the public treasury is printed in the current issue of the Saturday Evening Post and copyrighted by the Curtis Publishing company. It is his first attempt to defend the famous bond issue, and as such is an extraordinary document.

Mr. Cleveland states in the beginning that he believes the subject has been "greatly misunderstood by many honest people, and often deliberately misrepresented," and that he gives a history of the transactions "for the benefit of those who are uninformed or have been misled concerning them."

He leads up to the subject proper by a general review of the origin of the gold reserve idea, pointing out the fact that a reserve, containing at all times at least $100,000,000, came to be regarded by the people with a sort of sentimental solicitude, which, whatever else may be said, was certainly something to be reckoned with in making our national financial calculations." This gold accumulation by the government began in 1875 under a statutory provision that the secretary of the treasury redeem and retire before Jan. 1, 1879, all United States notes, commonly called greenbacks, in excess of $300,000,000, and that after that date all the remainder of such notes should likewise be redeemed and canceled. The carrying out of this act was interrupted May 1, 1878, by the passage of another act forbidding the further retirement or cancellation of these notes and providing that any such notes thereafter redeemed in gold should be reissued and paid out again and kept in circulation.

The fund of gold that had been provided to redeem the notes under the act of 1875 had left it in when the operation of this act was terminated $103,000,000, and this is the fund which since then has been called the gold reserve.

From 1878, Mr. Cleveland says, starting with this fund, the reserve never afterward fell as low as $100,000,000 until April, 1893. The strain on the reserve began to grow in 1890 under the operation of the law authorizing the issue of silver certificates redeemable in gold at the discretion of the holder, and the situation was acute in March, 1893, when Mr. Cleveland succeeded Mr. Harrison as president. On April 22 of that year the heavy withdrawals had reduced the reserve to about $57,-000,000, below the safety line. The silver certificate law was repealed in an effort to help the situation, but without effect, as in January, 1894, the reserve had dropped to $70,000,000. Distrust was growing and a $50,000,000 bond issue was made.

The withdrawals of gold continued so heavy, however, that a second bond issue of $50,000,000 was made, which in turn failed to offer more than temporary help. The reserve kept fading away until in January, 1895, it had reached the low figure of $45,000,000. An appeal to congress for legislation in the crisis was fruitless, and finally, Mr. Cleveland narrates, he called in conference at the White House on the evening of Feb. 7, 1895, J. P. Morgan, and with them during the evening at intervas were Secretary Carlisle and Attorney General Olney.

As a result of this conference, after weighing the probability of another successful popular bond issue and other remedial projects, it was decided on the suggestion in part of Mr. Morgan to purchase about $60,000,000 in gold at a fixed price and pay for it in bonds. Mr. Morgan thought the amount should be $100,000,000, and Mr. Cleveland says he has always regretted he did not take Mr. Morgan's advice at the time.

An effort on Mr. Cleveland's part to have congress authorize 3 per cent bonds, redeemable in gold instead of "coin," which would have been acceptable to Mr. Morgan, failed. Mr. Cleveland points out that the government thus sacrificed $16,-000,000 in interest. Of the plan as carried out, Mr. Cleveland says:

"The terms of the agreement were so well carried out, not only in the matter of furnishing gold but in procuring it from abroad and protecting the reserve from withdrawals, that during its continuance the operation of the 'endless chain' which had theretofore drained our gold was interrupted. No gold was, during that period, taken from the treasury to be used in the purchase of bonds, as had previously been the case, nor was any withdrawn for shipment abroad."

This financial project failed to be of lasting benefit, as Mr. Cleveland says the "ailments had reached a stage so nearly chronic that their cure by any treatment within executive reach might well be considered a matter of anxious doubt." In December he made another special appeal to congress for remedial legislation, without success, and in January, 1896, a popular bond issue of $100,000,000 was determined on. It was oversubscribed many times, and was scattered in comparatively small sums throughout the country.

This issue proved the turning point in the financial stress, and Mr. Cleveland concludes:

"Whether from fatigue of maligned conditions or other causes, ever since the last large sale of bonds was made the gold reserve has been free from eruptive movement, and its condition has caused no alarm.

"Two hundred and sixty-two millions of dollars in bonds were issued on its account during the critical time covered by this narrative; but the credit and fair fame of our nation were saved.

"I have attempted to give a detailed history of the crime charged against an administration which issued bonds of the government in time of peace. Without shame and without repentance I confess my share of the guilt; and I refuse to shield my accomplices in this crime, who, with me, held high places in that administration. And though Mr. Morgan and Mr. Belmont and scores of other bankers and financiers who were accessories in those transactions may be steeped in destructive propensities, and may be constantly busy in sinful schemes, I shall always recall with satisfaction and self-congratulation my collusion with them at a time when our country sorely needed their aid."

THE STORY IS CONFIRMED

That Bryan Wanted Parker on the Ticket In 1900.

Dallas, Texas, May 6.—Ex-Congressman Thomas A. Ball is out in a strong letter to Judge Gray, vice chairman of the Parker state executive committee, indorsing the candidacy of Judge Parker. He says in part:

"I was a strong advocate of his being placed on the ticket with Mr. Bryan in 1900, and after a conference with yourself and other delegates to the Kansas City convention, I consulted with leading delegates from other states and went to Mr. Croker, who then controlled the New York delegation, in company with Norman Mack and tried to get the New York delegation to agree to place his name before the convention. Croker declined to do so, and insisted upon putting up John Keller.

"In 1902 I learned in New York that there was a universal desire to have Judge Parker make the race for governor and all men, well informed in regard to the New York situation, know that Mr. Hill prevented his nomination, because he knew that Parker's success meant Hill's elimination as the choice of the New York Democracy for president in 1904, while the election of Coler would have made Hill's grip on the situation a sure thing, Coler not being of 'presidential size.'

"Parker waited and Hill, as a man of consummate political sagacity, accepted the situation and is now strongly for Parker.

"Mr. Bryan was willing to have Judge Parker for a running mate in 1900 and was pleased to have Senator Hill second his own nomination then. What has occurred since to make Judge Parker nonavailable?

"In 1896, the day after the Chicago nomination of Mr. Bryan, Mr. Hearst's paper denounced the money plank, but supported the ticket upon the theory that a Republican senate would prevent its enactment into law."

HUNTING FOR A GIRL.

Distracted Lover Uses Detectives to Find Sweetheart.

Chicago, May 6.—Daniel Tuesdell Hickey, of the Chicago Manual Training school, has employed private detectives to find his last fiancee, Miss Clara Miller, who suddenly disappeared within a few weeks of her prospective marriage.

Hickey, his parents say, is the third fiance Miss Miller has left behind, two others, one a wealthy old man in Waverly, Iowa, having been left broken hearted by the fickle young woman.

Hickey has advertised daily in the newspaper personal columns for his sweetheart, signing himself "Dan Truesdell," and imploring her to come back.

He believes she is penniless and alone in Chicago, so he has hired private detectives to find her, and each day waits hopefully in his office for his lost love to return.

"Eight months ago," said Hickey, "I met Miss Miller, and we became friends. Our acquaintanceship blossomed into love, and Miss Miller, seeing that she could never be happy with the old man whom she was engaged to marry in June, broke the engagement and promised to become my wife. She was also at one time engaged to marry David McCulloch, of Waverly, Iowa, and she notified him that we were to be married soon.

For the pas few weeks she has been staying with a friend, Mrs. Harry Dean, of Waverly, Iowa, at the Bennet hospital, where Mrs. Dean is receiving treament. She called me up over the telephone and told me that she was going away and that I would never see her again."

After leaving the hospital Monday, Miss Miller registered at the Windsor Clifton hotel, but disappeared from there yesterday afternoon, saying that she intended to spend a few days with a friend.

SENATOR CULLOM

Is Now Boomed For the Vice Presidency.

Washington, May 6.—There is an effort here to swith the Cannon boom to Uncle Shelby M. Cullom. The strong stand taken by the speaker has convinced the party managers that he is in earnest, and will not consent to be forced to take the vice presidential nomination.

The desire is still strong among Roosevelt's friends to get a candidate from Illinois and to do what is possible toward harmonizing the Republicans of that state.

It has been represented here that Cullom would serve excellently for this purpose, and that he would not oppose a movement to put him on the national ticket.

His term in the senate expires in 1907, and it is believed he would regard a term as vice president as a fitting culmination for his fifty years of public life.

ACCOUNTS IN DISORDER.

Sensation Among the Masons In New York.

New York, May 6.—The annual meeting of the grand lodge of Free and Accepted Masons deevloped a sensation when it was reported that there was an irregularity in the accounts of Grand Master Elbert Crandall.

Grand Master Crandall's connection has been so long and honorable that tht Masons could not believe that his accounts weer anything but straight. An investigation of the committee was appointed.

The rumor around the Masonic Temple was that the books of the retiring grand master showed a discrepancy to the amount of $15,000.

PHILLIPS & CO.

Shoe Specials for Saturday.

37 PAIRS OF LADIES' PATENT Colt shoes, with high leather French heels, welted soles and plain toes—$4.00 grade Saturday price..... **$2.79**

75 PAIRS LADIES' FINE DONGOLA kid shoes, light or stout soles, patent or kid tips $2.50 and $3.00 grades Saturday price..... **$1.98**

EXTRA—40 PAIRS BOYS' $2.50 and $2.00 shoes—box and wax calf. Saturday's price..... **$1.50**

OUR REGULAR LITTLE Gents' $1.35 shoe—special for Saturday..... **$1.00**

Extra values in Children's school shoes, light weight or the "stout" kind—a pair—

69c, 89c, $1.00, $1.25

WILL DROP POLITICS.

Amalgamated Copper Company to Sell Its Newspapers.

Helena, Mont., May 6.—J. G. Morony, in an address before the Democratic club at Great Falls Wednesday night, made the important announcement that the Amalgamated Copper company is hereafter not to be a factor in Montana politics. He asserted that, with the exception of Silver Bow (Butte) county, the company intended to get out and stay out, and will not try to control any delegations to the coming state convention. He went even further, and said the company intended burning all political bridges behind it, even to the extent of disposing of its newspapers, including three afternoon dailies in Butte, Helena and Great Falls. Morony asserted that he spoke both advisedly and authoritatively. Morony is a prominent citizen of Great Falls, and is known to be in close touch with the Amalgamated officials of that county. His address, when given publicity throughout the state, will doubtless create a sensation, as the Amalgamated has always been a prominent factor in state politics on the ground that it was necessary in order to combat Heinze, both commercially and politically.

SEES END OF WORLD.

Young Polander In Michigan Burns His Money.

St. Joseph, Mich., May 6.—Firm in the belief that yesterday marked the consummation of the world, and that he had no further use for earthly possessions, Wladylaus Malicewski, a young Polander, yesterday morning, rose from his bed and kindled the fire with a roll of paper money containing $662, representing the savings of a lifetime.

The insane man then left his room to warn the people of the city of the approach of judgment day. He attacked Father Esper because the latter would not permit him to ring the church bell to announce the last day.

The priest realized that the man was insane and requested him to kneel down and receive the blessings. Malicewski then became calm and talked with the priest in a rational manner.

RURAL DELIVERY.

Washington, May 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—John Cleary has been appointed a regular and Henry Richter a substitute rural carrier at St. Francis, Minn. Rural free delivery service has been ordered established on June 1 at Burtrum, Todd county, Minn., with one carrier.

The number of times in a year that a man uses The Herald's Want Columns is an idex to his interests and activities.

CLEARANCE SALE

COME WITH THE CROWDS TOMORROW TO OUR BIG

ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE!

Yesterday was the biggest selling day in the history of the store. We owe an apology to those whom we were unable to wait on properly, but remind them that the sale still continues until the stocks have been all sufficiently reduced. Come as early in the day as you can, and you can make your selections with more comfort to yourselves. The store will be open tomorrow from 8 a. m. to 10:30 p. m.

Suits worth up to $20.00 for $5.37
Suits worth $15, $18 and $20 at $11.25
Suits worth up to $25.00 for $14.35
Suits selling regularly at $30 for $15.65
$12 and $15 Top Coats for $7.25
Top Coats worth to $22.00 at $13.75
10c Handkerchiefs selling for only 3c
20c and 15c Handkerchiefs, only 9c
35c and 25c Handkerchiefs for 17c
$18.00 Gravenettes selling at $12.65
$22.50 Gravenettes selling at $13.95
$1.50 Fancy Vests, all sizes, for 98c
$2.50 Fancy Vests selling for $1.37
$4.00 Fancy Vests selling for $2.79
$1 Negligee and Stiff Bosom Shirts 37c
$1 Monarch and Cluet Shirts only 79c
$2.00 and $2.50 Cluet Shirts at $1.39
$1 Black Sateen and Fancy Shirts 39c
18 dozen 75c White Shirts each 39c
100 dozen 50c Neckties all kinds at 11c
Regular $1 and 75c Neckties each 38c
Packard's $5 Shoes your choice $3.12
$4 Packard's Shoes, per pair, $2.64
Packard's $3.50 Shoes, per pair, $2.37

Regular $3, $2.50 and $2 Shoes $1.43
$2.00 and $1.75 Men's Shoes at $1.19
Boys' and Youths' $2 Shoes only $1.13
75 dozen 15c Black Cotton Hosiery 3c
20c and 25c fine Black Hose, pair, 9c
Regular 50c and 35c Fancy Hose at 19c
35c and 25c Cashmere Hose, pair, 17c
Regular 15c grade Linen Collars each 7c
Regular 25c Linen Cuffs, per pair, 13c
Boston Garters, always 25c, a pair 16c
50 doz 50c Shirts and Drawers each 19c
Men's Underwear, 75c values, each 33c
Balbriggan Underwear, $1 values, 39c
Underwear, $1.50 per garment, each 79c
Regular $2.50 fine Pants a pair $1.39
Regular $3 and $3.50 Pants pair $1.79
Regular $4.50 and $4 Pants for $2.39
$6, $5.50 and $5.00 Pants for $3.69
Our Regular $7 Trousers per pair $4.12
$2 Union Made Hats, all colors, at $1.14
Regular $3 and $3.50 Hats each $1.69
$4 and $3.50 Stiff and Soft Hats $2.39
$1 Black, Brown and Gray Hats each 42c

This stock is going fast so be sure and come early tomorrow and avoid the rush. Extra help will be on hand to properly wait on you.

EAGLE CLOTHING AND SHOE HOUSE

321 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

OPEN FOR BUSINESS

We are open for business at our new location No. 8 Lake avenue south (second door from Superior street.) We aim to give a better suit for the money than any other concern in the business and here is a comparison of our prices with the usual values. Read them over, come in and leave your measure, and remember we guarantee a first-class fit or your money back.

SUITS MADE TO YOUR ORDER:

$20 value for	$13.50	$35 value for	$23.00
$22 value for	$15.00	$36 value for	$25.00
$23 value for	$16.50	$40 value for	$28.00
$26 value for	$18.00	$45 value for	$30.00
$30 value for	$20.00	$47 value for	$32.50
$32 value for	$21.00	$50 value for	$35.00
$33 value for	$22.00		

D. M. MORRISON, 8 Lake Ave. South

Tailor and Men's Furnisher.

Special Sale on Misses' and Children's Shoes.

THE STORE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY.

The Famous Shoe Store,

115 West Superior Street.

Special Sale on Boys' and Youths' Shoes.

SPECIAL LOW PRICES ON NEW SPRING AND SUMMER SHOES AND OXFORDS IN TAN, PATENT LEATHERS OR VICI KIDS.....

$3.50

We can show you more $3.50 shoes than ever before. That means the largest line in the city—in all the new lasts, in patent colt, patent kid or vici, welt or turn soles—

$3.50

98c regular $1.25 and $1.35 Kid Oxfords, stock or patent tip, also one or two strap sandals, in patent leather or kid—special, at—

98c

$1.48, regular $2 Shoes and Oxfords, heavy or light soles, special at—

$1.48

$1.69, regular $2.50 Oxfords, light or heavy sole, new goods, all sizes, special at

$1.69

Dorothy Dodd Shoes and Oxfords

Made in all leathers—light or heavy sole.

FORMING A LEAGUE

In South America With Object of Preventing War.

Vice President Davila of Honduras the Ruling Spirit.

Washington, May 6.—Central America is reported to be forming a league. The various countries are said to be restless over the vague explanation given of the visit of the British warship to the eastern coast of Nicaragua. That, however, hardly would furnish the basis for their union. Since the Panama canal was settled it is understood throughout Central America that the United States had as much interest in the visits of the European warships as have the different republics themselves.

Probably in a short time the vague statements concerning the mission of the British ship will be cleared away, whether it relates to the Mosquito Indians or the turtle fisheries. This country never recognized the right of a European protectorate over the Indians or their territory. It is an old question long ago threshed out in diplomatic correspondence.

"His Mosquito Majesty" has ceased to be a disturbing element in Central America. While there may be some local abuses in the management of the Mosquito Indians, President Zelaya's administration has done about as well by them as any government could. Their grievances hardly can be real enough to furnish the basis of an international episode.

There are a good many British subjects on the Atlantic side of Nicaragua, as well as in Costa Rica. Most of them are Jamaica blacks. A few months ago complaint was made that these negroes had been brought to Bluefields under contract for work at $1 a day. When they got there and found that the $1 a day was Nicaragua money, or about 45 cents gold, there was a loud protest, and they refused to go to work. Later, they were paid something like 60 cents a day, and were said to be satisfied. A labor agency in Kingston, Jamaica, was responsible for their coming, and as the entire arrangement was with private parties, the Nicaraugan government was not particularly interested.

Nicaragua is in need of labor, and the Jamaicans furnish the best source. A French ranchman and planter told me that what the country needed was immigration and a United States protectorate. However, as before stated, the influence of the United States radiating from Panama, is enough of a protecterate, or should be.

It is likely that the interests of the United States in Nicaragua, as measured by the financial investments of the citizens, is greater than that of British subjects possibly can be. The Pittsburg syndicate, which secured very extensive mining concessions, and which was reported to be protesting against the visit of the British warship, represents a solid capital, though it has not yet done much to develop its properties. Its concessions are for a quarter of a century, and it has a monopoly in a great mining belt. Its rights run along the Cocos river, and the Mosquito country generally. So its concern in the welfare of the Indians is direct. Its plans include a system of schools, even.

The government of Nicaragua is making surveys for a railroad across to the Atlantic slope, and the chances are that this time the project will have better success than in former years, when it never had got beyond the granting of concessions which have lapsed.

The probability is that the Central American league, so-called, has nothing to do with the events on the Mosquito coast. It is an old subject, this question of uniting the Central American republics, or a majority of them under one government. Geographically, they are one, but politically they are very much separated. Frequently they have come to clashes among themselves. That is one reason why at intervals the effort is made to bring them all under one flag and wipe out the boundary line. Three-quarters of a century ago there was a Central American republic and the silver dollars coined under it are still in circulation, though not many of them are to be found.

Twenty years ago President Barrios of Guatemala had a grand scheme of Central American unity. He sought to enforce it on his neighbors by warlike persuasion. He was shot through the heart in a bloody battle. After that Guatemala was torn by internal dissensions and did not aspire to the headship of a Central American confederation.

During the 80s the plan was tried by three of the countries, Nicaragua, Honduras and Salvador, which formed what was known as the greater republic. Costa Rica held aloof and Guatemala was not sympathetic at that time to the purpose. The general idea was that the different republics should maintain their territorial and political integrity for awhile at least, but that they should form a union as to foreign affairs and as to much of local concern. There were to be no customs barriers of any kind and the citizenship was to be identical. A minister was appointed to the United States and was formally received. He performed his functions until the greater republic dissolved into its original elements.

The main cause for the failure of the proposed confederation was that neither Salvador, Nicaragua nor Honduras was ready entirely to disarm. It was arranged that each country should collect its arms and munitions of war and deposit them at Amapala, which is the Pacific port of Honduras, and the only one that country has on the western side. When the time came each country sent about 200 soldiers, and there was a military review of imposing character. But no munitions of war were brought to be held in joint trust, and even the small detachments of troops were not quite ready to disarm themselves. So the project failed.

Amapala is the seat of the present movement, and it is said that the league is now in process of formation there. But this is a mistake. The formation was begun a year ago, when plenipotentiaries or envoys from Nicaragua, Salvador and Honduras met and formulated a treaty. Dr. Fausto Davila, the vice president of Honduras, was the moving spirit. Afterward he visited all the Central American countries and urged on the government the desirability of forming the union.

This treaty has not been made public. I was told in Guatemala a few months ago that it does not go as far as the previous attempts at confederation, yet that it does far enough to keep the countries from clutching at one another's throats and to insure their settling their differences by arbitration instead of by war. If this statement is correct, and I have reason to think it is, the treaty is a good one and should be supported. There may be something in it about mutual defense against foreign aggression, but if this is so no harm is done.

The various governments have indicated that the treaty in its main provisions is agreeable to them, yet they are slow to ratify it. Probably the present meeting or reported attempt to form the league is for the purpose of amending some of its provisions. It is certain that as the outcome of this movement the diplomatic relations of the different countries have improved and they are much more neighborly.

Amapala, where all these meetings are held, is chosen because it is the most central point, since all the republic's border on the Pacific and it is about midway between the Nicaraguan ports and those of Guatemala. It has become famous for the conferences of this kind and also for less peaceful events that have taken place in years past. It is a very pretty little place, but if not the hottest spot on earth it certainly is the hottest point on the tropical coast of Central America. It lies back in an inlet of the gulf of Fonseca. Several high peaks slope down to the shore, and the cove which is formed by them gives the room for a town. These peaks, covered with dark green, are very beautiful, but they make the town intensely uncomfortable, for there is no chance for the air to circulate.

It was my good fortune to visit Amapala last December on what was declared to be the coolest day of the year. A smart breeze was blowing and the bay was so ruffled that the lighters could not unload the ship's cargo. However, there was little difficulty in going ashore. Several of us who walked from the pier in the sun's glare about 200 feet to the shelter of the shops which line the one street found ourselves in a dripping sweat, though we followed advice and took the walk leisurely. The natives insisted that it was an unusually cool day, and the circus which was there had its patronage nearly doubled on account of the weather being pleasant.

The thunderstorms of the gulf of Fonseca are famous, and even on this coldest day of the year the lightning, which we would call heat lightning, was constantly playing. I never saw so many shooting stars as were visible at night.

It is four miles by the fishing craft and the small sailboats from Amapala around to the port of La nion in Salvador, but the steamers have to take a twenty-mile course and wrecks are not unusual. There are volcanic rocks all around and one of the sights is an extinct crater. There is a fort at the entrance to the bay.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Work Has Begun on New Street Railroad For Fargo.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—F. B. Morrill, of this city, the promoter of the Fargo street railway, threw the first shovel of earth for the line Wednesday, and a large force of men started the preliminary work. The material has been distributed over a part of the route, and the work will be prosecuted as rapidly as possible. It is planned to have the lines in operation by July 4.

James Williams commenced an action against the Northern Pacific railway some time ago in the district court for $12,000 damages, and has transferred the suit to the United States district court. Williams was employed in the Fargo yards of the company and was injured several months ago in such a manner that his left elbow is permanently stiff.

The officers of the new Commercial bank to be started in Fargo in June are: W. C. MacFadden, president; F. C. Gardner, vice president, and H. C. Plimpton, cashier. A number of well-known Fargoans are on the directorate.

Fargo has arranged to have a summer carnival during the week of July 11. It will be put under the auspices of the Commercial club, by the same company that will be in Minneapolis, Sioux City and Winnipeg during the season. A live stock show will be held here at the same time.

The city council is preparing an ordinance to regulate the speed of automobiles in the city. It is planned to fix the maximum limit at eight miles per hour. The owners of machines want it placed at ten.

About the happiest people in the country are the residents of the Red river valley. The recent heavy rains in all sections of the state delayed seeding in all counties along the Red river, but was especially bad in the counties along the Red river. The past week or ten days of good weather has worked a complete transformation, and seeding is progressing everywhere except in the lowest spots. In some of the counties farther west wheat seeding is practically completed.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Huron—The committee having in charge the preparation of a program for the joint meeting of the Epworth league and Ministerial association at Redfield June 7, 8 and 9, are busy at their task, and the gathering promises to be one of much interest and importance.

Watertown—Adjutant Gen. Conklin has just appointed Mark W. Sheafe, Jr., of Watertown, a captain of the South Dakota National Guard. Capt. Sheafe is a son of Gen. M. W. Sheafe, of this city, who commanded a brigade of volunteers in the Spanish-American war. He has just passed his 21st birthday, but is one of the most efficient military men in the state. His education was obtained at the Shattuck military academy at Faribault, Minn., from which institute he was graduated as a captain of cadets. He was retained last year as military instructor at Camp Roosevelt and his regular commission assigns him to duty on the staff of Col. Engelesby of the Third regiment, where he will assist in the instruction of the guard at the coming encampment in June.

SEATTLE SINKING.

Railroad Tunnel Under the City the Cause.

Seattle, Wash., May 6.—Fourth avenue for four blocks running along above the Great Northern tunnel under Seattle is sinking and many big buildings are endangered. Effects of the bore are becoming more apparent each day. A six-story hotel building nearing completion is tipping toward the street and across from it the federal building is sliding outward. Another big structure is settling perceptably as also is the Rainier club building. If the settling gets no worse the effect will not be serious, but if it does, costly damages is likely to follow. The injury already done to buildings has been gagged and according to a report made to the city government, the bore of the tunnel forms a drain for the water in the earth above it and thus the ground settles. The effects are likely to be felt for ten years, say engineers.

WOOD PILERS WANTED

At Hubbard & Vincent's.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Michael Smith, Well Known Menominee Man, Commits Suicide.

Menominee—Michael Smith, aged 45, committed suicide by hanging. He had lived in Menominee many years and was a sawyer and filer. He had been drinking heavily for several weeks.

The largest pine log that has been hauled into Menominee by rail this year, and one of the largest that has been brought to a local saw mill in several years, was sawed into lumber by the Sawyer-Goodman company this week. It was a pine butt log, nearly perfect as to soundness, sixteen feet in length. The diameter at the narrowest portion was four feet exactly, and the scale rule gave it exactly 1,296 board feet, as to contents. This is a big log for these days of logging.

Iron Mountain—May being the month in which saloon licenses are to be renewed thousands of dollars from the various towns in Dickinson county are being received by the county treasurer. Five hundred dollars town tax and $25 state tax is required of every saloonkeeper.

Escanaba—There will be little danger of the Escanaba man going dry this year if he has the price. The common council has approved the bonds of seventy-three saloonkeepers.

Hermansville—Antone Swanson of Hermansville, while in an insane rage threatened to kill his wife and child. The wife hastily left home and notified officers and the demented man was taken in custody and brought to the Menominee county jail. He was committed to Newberry several years ago and was returned as cured.

Munising—The other day O. E. Andree, a local painter, left in the yard of a Munising residence, a large pail well filled with an appetizing mixture of white lead and linseed oil. These ingredients had been so combined as to form a very superior article of white paint. The painter was absent only a few minutes and when he returned found a cow with her nose in the pail and much of the contents thereof missing. Mr. Andree says that the cow got away with twenty pounds of white lead, or say nothing of the oil, and expresses the belief that her indigestion may be impaired for some time.

Newberry—The Michigan Iron company's blast furnace at Newberry, which recently turned out eigty-seven tons of charcoal pig iron in one day, a particularly good record when size of the stack, which is fifty feet high by ten and one-half feet at the base, is considered, was put in blast under the present management on March 10, 1903, after it had been remodeled under the supervision of E. D. Johnston, furnace manager.

TAKEN TO ARLINGTON.

Soldier's Bones Removed After Eighty-One Years.

Eldora, Iowa, May 6.—After having been buried at Hawleyville, Iowa, for eighty-one years the remains of Lieut. Buchanan, a United States soldier, were last week removed to the Arlington national cemetery.

Sept. 20, 1822, when James Monroe was president, Lieut. William Pickney Buchanan, of the Sixth United States infantry, was in what is now Page county, Iowa, on duty for the government. By the upsetting of a wagon he was drowned in the East Nodaway river near the present town of Hawleyville. He was buried on the east bank of the river, near the place where he met his accidental death. There was some little difficulty experienced in reaching and locating the grave of the soldier, and the visible remains of the lieutenant had dwindled down to a few bones, and some of the bones indicated that Buchanan was a man of considerable size and strength. The upper teeth were found atached to the jaw and were in a most excellent state of preservation. The heel of a shoe or boot was found in the grave as also a brass belt buckle and a piece of soldier's blue cloth, the blue of the cloth was very pronounced and very clean and well preserved. Gen. Humphrey, quarter-master general found from the records at the West Point Military academy that Buchanan was at the time a cadet at that institution and that he was appointed to West Point as the son of Alexander Pitt Buchanan, of Woodville, Fredericks county, Va., during the very early days of the past century.

DENVER CLUB MAN

Sues Because His Whisky Taste Was Spoiled.

Glenwood Hot Springs, Col., May 6.—An unusual suit was filed in the county court here yesterday against the owners of the mineral springs here, in which a prominent clubman, C. D. Evans, of Denver, asks for $5000 damages, claiming that the drinking of the water spoiled his taste for whisky.

In his complaint Evans says that before he drank the water he enjoyed a "nightcap" with his wife and a friendly cup with his friends. His taste for this has been spoiled, he claims, by the drinking of the water, and he claims the loss to amount to the amount asked for in his prayer for damages.

The suit will come up for hearing at the September term of court.

SUDDENLY LOST SIGHT

And It as Quickly and Mysteriously Returns.

New York, May 6.—Stricken suddenly blind while walking in the street the afternoon of April 16, Annie Johnson, an actress, as suddenly recovered her sight yesterday afternoon at the Manhattan eye hospital. Last evening she was emerging from the terrible eighteen days of darkness. The surgeons and specialists who attended her were unable to account for her sudden loss of sight.

WARREN ACQUITTED.

Menominee, Mich., May 6.—William T. Warren, the Hermansville blacksmith, who was tried for having killed Garhardt Stulken with a blow of his fist, was acquitted of the charge of manslaughter.

MONTEZ IS PRESIDENT.

New York, May 6.—The Bolivian consulate has received a dispatch from La Paz, Bolivia, announcing that the presidential elections there took place on the first of the present month, "with all tranquility." The Liberal candidate, Montez won in all the different points of the republic.

It pays to advertise in The Herald. Ask D. O'Leary.

INSURANCE DEPENDS

Upon Motive For Murder of Policy Holder.

Chicago, May 6.—The administrators of the estate of J. A. Fullenwider, the lawyer murdered by hold-up men several months ago, have begun suit to collect $7000 from the Aetna Life Insurance company on an accident policy. The company's counsel said that if the lawyer died at the hands of robbers, and in defense of his property, the policy must be paid, but if killed for revenge or by persons not intending robbery, the company need not settle. For the estate it will be urged that robbery was the motive.

There are good business chances open for the right men. Do you want to be in on the ground floor? Why spend your time in running about, looking for a position when The Herald's Want Columns will do the work for you?

WHY NOT give W. L. Douglas' $3.50 Shoes a trial? 10,300 pairs are made and sold every working day in the year—a fair criterion to go by. We have *no special sales*—our stock moves too fast to get *old, rusty and out of date.* We make the best $3.50 Shoes in the market. Compare them with other makes, costing you $5 and $7—the only difference is the price. A trial pair will convince you. The complete line at the new

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 Shoe Store

316 W. Superior St., Torry Bldg

SATURDAY SPECIALS!

Tomorrow being the first day to have possession of our store since the fire, we will begin by placing on sale some of our new goods. Your Credit is Good.

$3.50

FOR FOLDING GO-CARTS with reclining backs—fine springs and endless rubber tired wheels—

$5.50 cart

$1 per month.

SANITARY STEEL DAVENPORT AND COUCH with mattress complete—frame extra strong—set with three rows of tempered steel spiral springs—It's the most popular bed-couch ever devised—special at only

$2.00 per month **$12**

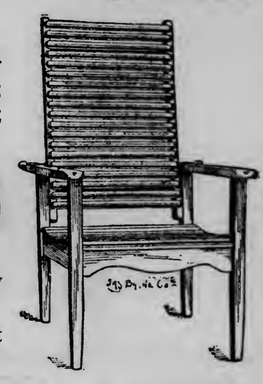
Generous Credit Cheerfully Offered.

$1.75 FOR IRON BED—full size, very pleasing designs, heavily enameled—this sale $1.75.

A GOOD CAMP OR PORCH CHAIR with reclining back; good value at $2.00; this sale only

$1.00

Look in our window for bargains. Come early and get the best.



YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD!

GATELY'S

NO. 8 EAST SUPERIOR ST. DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

REMODELING!

This is the season when you contemplate remodeling your premises.

Your plans should include

Wiring for Electric Lights

We Furnish FREE OF COST.

Our representative will call at any time to give you information and make estimates.

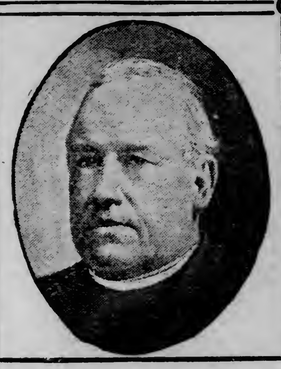
Duluth General Electric Co.

216 West Superior St.

DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. } **ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER** Sold in Duluth at the **IDEAL BEER HALL.**

The Story of Father Jonn's

An Interesting Bit of History Covering Fifty Years.



True and Full of Human Interest.

Everybody should read the story of Father John's and Understand that it is Absolutely True—An Interesting History.

NOTE—The authenticity of this Remarkable History is vouched for by persons of the highest standing, and we shall be pleased to refer you to them upon request.

In 1848, Rev. Father John O'Brien, a noble man, came to Lowell, Mass., to do the Master's work in St. John's Parish. In 1854, Father John, as he was fondly known to his people, was attacked with a serious cold which, developing into a stubborn cough and affliction of the lungs, caused the greatest alarm for the health of the beloved clergyman.

Medical skill seemed unable to stay the progress of the disease. Finally an eminent specialist was consulted, who gave Father John a prescription to cure the cold and remove the lung trouble, as well as to build up and strengthen the body. The clergyman took the prescription to the old drug sore of Carleton & Hovey, Lowell, Mass., the firm by whom Father John's medicine is prepared. The cough soon disappeared and his people rejoiced when he declared that he had been made as well and strong as ever.

Father John recommended the medicine to his parishioners and friends, and thousands were made well and strong by taking it. In getting this prescription they always called for "Father John's Medicine," and so it was named by the people, and advertised—all with the approval and sanction of Rev. Father O'Brien, because he knew of its merit and desired that all who were ailing might benefit by its power to cure.

This old-fashioned, wholesome remedy is unequalled as a body builder and tonic. It restores health and strength to all run down systems. Its gentle laxative effect strengthens the stomach and corrects the digestion. It drives out all impurities. It is a food medicine and contains only pure nourishment. It is not a patent medicine, and it is free from opium, morphine or poisonous drugs in any form, which are found in the majority of patent preparations.

While it is not a "cough syrup" or "balsam," nothing equals this prescription for coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma, consumption and all throat and lung troubles. It has a most soothing and healing effect and at the same time builds up the body and makes strength.

We have permission to refer to the Sister Superior at the following Homes and Hospitals where Father John's Medicine is in use: Sisters of Charity, St. John's Hospital, Lowell, Mass.; Notre Dame de Lourdes, Hospital, Manchester, N. H.; Sisters of Mercy, St. Patrick's Orphanage, Manchester, N. H., and many others. Father John's Medicine is for sale by L. W. Leithead Drug Co.

CHAMPOUX IS HANGED

Executed at Walla Walla For Murder of an Actress.

Walla Walla, Wash., May 6.—James Champoux was hanged in the state prison here today for the murder of Lottie Brace at Seattle, Nov. 6, 1902. Champoux walked from the hospital building to the scaffold, nearly 50 yards distant, unaided.

Zennon Champoux killed Lottie Brace a variety theater performer, at a theater here in November, 1902. He had met the woman in Alaska and became infatuated with her. After he had spent most of his money on her, she threw him aside. Champoux went to the theater where she was employed with the intention of killing her. He stabbed her in the brain with a hunting knife as she was leaving the theater and she died the next day from the wound.

Champoux's first trial was dramatic. He feigned insanity fought his jailers and acted in every way like a mad man but a jury declared him sane. His case was appealed to every possible court, but the convicted man's attorney at last gave up hope of staying the execution. Champoux stated before leaving for the state prison that he wished to die and cursed his attorney for trying to save his neck. Champoux's wealthy relatives in eastern Canada, however, made a hard fight to save him from the scaffold.

Manhattan Shirts.
New shipment in today, nobby patterns in every size.
M. S. BURROWS.

ATTENTION, SAMARITANS!
All members of Beta Council are requested to meet at Columbia Hall, Sunday, 1 p. m., to attend funeral of Neighbor Thomas Clark. Services at Second Presbyterian church.
CHAS. DICE, G. S.
R. JOHNSON, Scribe.

DR. MURRAY AS PEACEMAKER

His Spirit of Compromise Succeeds In Settling a Row.

Health Commissioner Murray "butted in" on the duties of the assistant city attorney this morning and nipped in the bud a legal controversy which promised to develop into a law suit for the sum of 75 cents.

It all came about in this way: A man made an arrangement with another living in the West End for a room at a daily rental of 50 cents. He stopped at the house for one day and paid his rental. The next day he decided that the room was not a desirable location for a gentleman of his tastes. He claims that certain unsavory odors found their way up from the kitchen, and he alleges that many-legged creatures would pass over him in the night time and he would wake up singing—

"Oft in the stilly night,
When slumber's chain has bound me
I feel the cruel bite
Of something crawling o'er me."

At any rate he broke camp the second day and shook the dust of the lodgings from his feet. But the Frenchman refused to give up his clothes until the sum of 75 cents in the current coin of the realm had been turned over to him. The boarder bucked on this proposition, and they decided to secure the learned opinion of the city attorney on the matter.

They appeared at the city hall this morning looking for T. J. McKeon. They wandered into the health office by mistake and commenced to tell their troubles to Dr. Murray. The health commisioner became interested. The secretary became interested. The comptroler across the hall heard the row and became interested. Mr. McKeon himself wandered in and listened to the story. And the two combatants themselves were the most interested of all. It looked for a time as if the argument would be decided by a fistic bout, but the health commissioner advised peaceful means.

"Just in what light a jury would look at this matter, it is difficult to determine," he said, while the two parties concerned in the matter drank in his words of wisdom with eagerness. "From my experience with the law, however, I should imagine that it would develop into a fierce legal battle if it were allowed to go on, and you both might be compelled to pay large sums for legal expenses. I would advise that you compromise the matter. If the complaining witness would pay half the sum demanded, or thirty-seven cents, I imagine the defendant would agree to hand over the garments which have been retained in loco parentis or rather in legis custodia, so to speak."

The advice had a good effect. Peace prevailed and the warring forces left the office arm in arm, while the assistant city attorney said he guessed the cigars were on him.

Wear Oxfords

All the new spring styles are in and it's time you put your foot in a shoe that's both easy and comfortable.

Ladies' Oxfords.

In vici, patent colt and Russia tan for street, house and evening wear. Our assortment is complete and you can select a pair for $1.00 and up to $5.00.

Men's Oxfords.

The newest things shown in Men's Oxfords can be seen here. Ease the foot by wearing a comfortable shoe this summer. Yours for, from $2.00 to $5.00 a pair.

SUFFEL & CO.
131 West Superior St.

RAILROAD NEWS

Omaha Having Trouble In Equipping New Chicago Train.

Will Be Ready Sunday Except For the Dynamos.

Four of the new sleepers for the Omaha Duluth limited are now in service, the Jaffa, Guaymas, Colombo and Charlerol, and the remainder of the equipment for one of the new trains to be run out of here on Sunday evening, is expected to be here tomorrow. One train will be run out of this city and one out of Chicago.

The following message was received by General Agent Smith, of this city, from T. W. Teasdale, general passenger agent at St. Paul:

"We expect all the equipment for the new train will be ready Sunday, with the exception of the dynamo car. We were promised dynamos on May 7, but the manufacturer notified us yesterday that they would not be delivered to us before June 1, so when we start the train it will be gas lighed."

General Agent Smith says that while the disappointment to the company is as great as it is to anyone else, the delays in the matter have been such as could not be foreseen by the company, and that every effort to get the trains here on time, provided they were in proper shape for use, has been made. It is expected to start the trains out according to the latest announcement, with the exception of the lighting power, and the dynamo will be put into the cars as soon as they are delivered from the maker. The first of the trains is expected to arirve here from St. Paul tomorrow morning.

ST. LOUIS SCHEME.

Plan Railroad Man Is Asked to Further.

One of the local passenger agents is in receipt of a communication from a "tourist agency," which offers him a commission to represent the agency in this city and secure patrons to be served by the concern at the St. Louis fair. Patrons, or members, can purchase memberships at $5 each, which will entitle them to guide service, messengers, telephones, etc., at St. Louis during the existence of the fair, and out of the $5 the agent at this end is promised a commission of $1 per head.

"I don't think much of such a proposition as this, and I believe the best thing to do is to return the letter and the membership cards with 'thanks?'" said he. "I really begrudge the postage it will take to carry them back, for it's a shame to bother the public with a proposition of this kind. Anyone who goes to the fair and has money is likely to be willing to get these things in the regular way, and those who go to the fair without money are generally too low in pocket to spend $5 in a lump for the services of the 'agency' such as described in its literature."

Green Is Popular.

Green is the prevailing color in the newly fitted railroad and steamship offices. The South Shore's new office is receiving a coat of light paint of the verdant kind, to offset the entirely new set of office furniture. The Omaha's office will also have green walls and ceiling, the St. Paul office likewise, and the Anchor line's quarters are tinted in the same manner.

Railroad Personals.

W. B. Hutter, traveling passenger agent of the Lake Shore, was in today from the Twin Cities.

George W. Hibbard, general passenger agent of the South Shore, was in today from Marquette.

A NEW HEROINE.

Indiana has a new heroine. She is Mrs. Kate Hyland, of Westport. She saved a Big Four freight and its crew from going through a burning trestle south of Westport.

Mrs. Hyland is the wife of a railroad engineer. She lives about 100 yards from the trestle. On the morning that she saved the train her baby was ill, and she was awakened at 4 o'clock by its crying.

Taking a lantern, she stepped out of doors to get some water. As she opened the door she saw the trestle ablaze. At the same time she heard the whistle of an engine.

She hurried toward the track, waving her lantern just in time to stop the train as it came around a curve.

RADIANT HOME RANGE SALE

$35 RANGES FOR $26

Others in same Proportion.

KELLEY HDW. COMPANY.

THE GREAT FEAT

In Engineering That Has Been Performed at St. Louis.

Engineer Froze the Water That Threatened a Big Cofferdam.

St. Louis, May 6.—Buffeted by the swift waters of the Mississippi at the foot of Biddle street, the massive lower walls of the new power house of the Union Electric company now begin to rise into view like a fortress. They are over eight feet thick at teh base and rest on a bedrock foundation ten feet below the river level. Made of gigantic steel A-plates, boxed in and filled with concrete, they are the most important structural part of one of the heavies buildings in St. Louis.

But if it had not been for the engineering resourcefulness of W. V. N. Powelson, in charge of the construction work for the Union Electric company, these steadfast walls would not thus have risen triumphant above the Mississippi flood. At one time it looked as if the Father of Waters was about to emerge victorious in a stubborn struggle with the buildings.

They were striving against the river itself, for as fast as they worked the river stole in and undid their work, rendering it futile. Iron walls, specially built to keep out the water, failed of their purpose. It was then that Mr. Powelson's resourcefulness came into play. He determined to freeze the waters that gave so much trouble, thus making of the water itself a wall of ice, behind which the laying of the foundation of the power house could go forward. It was a novel and daring project—and it succeeded.

Mr. Powelson is already famous as the naval officer who made the diving examination of the battleship Maine after the latter was blown up in Havana harbor. Subsequently he was sent abroad to represent the United States navy in foreign shipbuilding cities. His St. Louis achievement is in keeping with his naval record of professional skill and inventive fertility.

The eastern wall of the structure fronts on the river and runs about 300 feet from north to south. At present owing to the high stage of water the waves of the Mississippi are beating against the very walls themselves. To obtain a comprehensive view of their river front it is necessary to make one's way out on planks and heavy girders, that extend above the swift and dangerous current.

But when work was begun on the power house in February the river was many feet lower than now. Nevertheless, the discovery was speedily made that it must be fought and overcome at the outset. This fact became apparent when, in digging for a foundation the necessary bedrock basis could not be reached until the excavations had gone considerably below the water level.

Then was encountered the stubborn problem which for a time dismayed the builders. It was found impossible to prosecute the task of laying the power house foundation. The river was but a few feet away to the east. As soon as its level was passed its waters persisted in seeping through to where the work was under way. This fact made progress impossible.

And yet what was thought to be sufficient precaution had been taken to prevent this. A big cofferdam surrounding the area of the foundation lines had been constructed. This cofferdam was made of interlocking iron channel bars. Rivetted together they interposed what was at first believed to be an effective barrier to the river waters. It was like sinking a gigantic iron box inclosing the scene of labor. This cofferdam was divided into compartments, extending the length of the power house frontage on the river. Its base rested on the bedrock foundation. Its top, forty feet above, was high enough to cover any probable rise of the river during the progress of the work. This work was to advance from compartment to compartment of the cofferdam until the entire eastern foundation had been laid. Behind the iron walls of the cofferdam the workmen could prosecute their task in security, it was thought.

But this belief proved to be ill-founded. It was suddenly discovered that the cofferdam was not water tight. Two big leaks were sprung at either end of the first northern compartments. The iron channel bars did not interlock closely enough. There was no way of overcoming the inherent fault. What was to be done?

It was then that Mr. Powelson's resourcefulness came in evidence. The conventional method of continuing the work of foundation laying would have been to have the workmen protected by caissons, as was done when the foundations of the Eads bridge piers were laid. But this is an extremely costly and slow method; also dangerous to life. After studying over the problem long and earnestly, the man who was chosen by the navy department to investigate the mystery of the Maine's destruction determined upon a daring experiment.

He would use the water itself as a barrier against water.

The bare statement sounds contradictory and impossible, but Engineer Powelson knew what he was about. Below the river level the waters of the river were encroaching upon his work. Through the two weak spots in the cofferdam of interlocking channel bars they made their way, invalidating all that he could do under existing conditions. But if at the point of leakage the water could be frozen it would itself stop the leakage and make the cofferdam tight. And Engineer Powelson believed that this freezing of a living section of the Mississippi was feasible.

Two blocks distant to the north and west of the site of the Union Electric company's power house was the plant of the St. Louis Refrigerating and Cold Storage company, and Engineer Powelson saw that this company must be his ally in the new project. So he proceeded to confer with its officers and immediately came into close association with Engineer R. H. Tait, a man after his own heart. Between them the proposition to use the Mississippi river as a dam against the Mississippi river soon assumed definite shape.

From the plant of the refrigerating company, where it connected with the big receivers containing liquid anhydrous ammonia, a two-inch pipe was laid eastward to the river front. Thence it ran southward until the power house site was reached. The total distance covered was something over 1000 feet. Within this two-inch pipe ran a three-quarter-inch pipe, which carried the ammonia to the point where the freezing was to be done, the mission of the larger pipe being to carry back to the plant the ammonia vaporized in the pipes, this vaporized ammonia being again condensed for freezing service. When the pipes had been laid to the spot below which the two leaks in the cofferdam had been developed, they were sunk in the water from the piling until the leakage spot had been reached and around them were piled numerous sacks filled with dirt. Then the liquid ammonia was turned on from the refrigerating plant.

The process of refrigerating by liquid ammonia is simple. At the point where the vaporinzing ammonia is permitted to make itself felt intense cold is created. In the case of the Powelson experiment this cold reached 10 degrees below zero, Fahrenheit, and this temperature was steadily maintained at the exact point of leakage in the cofferdam. Its effect was virtually immediate.

The sacks filled with earth had speedily become saturated by the river water. This surrounded the pipes with moisture upon which to work. Almost in an hour's time a solid wall of ice had been formed, interposing a perfectly water tight barrier against the water that had been running into the cofferdam, within which the work of foundation laying was under way. Every drop of moisture that came in contact with the ammonia-chilled pipes was at once transformed into ice. Thicker and thicker this increasing wall of ice became, thus additionally insuring the cofferdam against leakage. The flow of liquid ammonia was kept up night and day. There was no chance for a "thaw." And behind this wall of ice, reinforcing the iron wall made by the cofferdam of interlocking channel bars, Engineer Powelson prosecuted his task of laying the foundations of the Union Electric company's power house below the level of the Mississippi river.

At first the process may appear expensive to the unprofessional student, but it was less so than would have been the caisson method, and infinitely less than if the electric company had been compelled to establish its own temporary refrigerating plant. The charge for the service was based on the unit of what is called "a ton of refrigeration." And right here comes in a curious combination of the two extremes of heat and cold in a scientific formula. For a "ton of refrigeration," explains Engineer Tait of the refrigerating company, means the equivalent of the heat that a ton of ice will absorb in melting. It was on this basis that the Union Electric company paid to the St. Louis Refrigerating and Cold Storage company as high as $60 per day for freezing the Mississippi river at the point where the power house site cofferdam leaked.

FISH CANNOT HEAR.

An object which receives a great deal of the attention of visitors to Abbazia, in Upper Austria, is a large aquarium filled with fish, says an Italian publication named Rivista d'Italia. The guide always suggests that you be present at the feeding time when the fish are called to their meals by means of a small bell. This would seem on the face of it to be absolute proof of the fact that fish possess a sense of hearing, but at the same time this apparently simple demonstration did not content two German physiologists—Exner and his disciple, Kreidl—who visited Abbazia some time ago.

These two scientists had previously collected evidence to prove the deafness of fish, and in consequence were inclined to doubt that the fish came to their meals directed by a sense of hearing. Accordingly, at the feeding time the physiologists approached the aquarium, and hiding behind a column, repeated many times the usual call, but the fish did not make any move indicating that they heard it. On the other hand, if the observers approached the aquarium silently, carrying the food in their hands, the fish rushed forward from every side. Thus it was not the sound which attracted the animals, but, as was shown by other experiments, the sight of the persons and the agitation which they produced along the edge of the water by their movements.

The two philosophers returned to their homes well satisfied with their mission. One of them had already become convinced of the fact that ordinary gold fish hear neither sounds nor murmurs, perceiving only shocks and vibrations comparable to those which we perceive when, for example, the floor of our room trembles. Many other observers besides those mentioned above have stated that the greater part of aquatic species are insensible to sound, fish in fact being a race of deaf mutes. Some exceptions are found to this rule in individuals belonging to some recently studied species which seem to react, although not very clearly, to the sound of the violin. The fact that fish are practically deaf is supported by the evidence that in the ear of these animals there is lacking the concha, which serves in the case of other vertebrates for distinguishing sounds.

Not all aquatic animals are fish, however, and we know many others, such as the whale, dolphin, etc., which have a well-developed auditory apparatus. Besides the fish which are provided with a vertebral column, the waters of the earth are peopled with creatures deprived of vertebra, the crustaceans, mollusks, etc.—millions of different species of these invertebrates forming the great family of aquatic animals. Researches pursued with a certain number of these animals for subjects and by various observers have shown that they are insensible to any sounds, when these sounds do not assume the form of mechanical vibration which impresses the surface of the body and which would also be noticed by us if we placed our hand in the water. In general it may be stated that while in all the animal series there exists apparatus for the purpose of maintaining the normal position of the body, the organ of hearing is lacking in nearly all aquatic species.

The question now arises, is subaqueous audition possible? And if such is the case, as has been abundantly proved, why are aquatic animals deprived of the power of hearing? The reason for this is to be sought, not in the physical conditions of the environment in which the animals live, neither in the state of their auditory organ, but in an entirely different direction. The sense organ, as we know them in man and the higher animals, represent the last steps in an evolution which has been completed in the animal series during the course of tens of thousands of years, the start being with the most elementary conditions. Aquatic animals are deaf for the reason that inferior forms of animals, those in which the organs of hearing are not developed, live in the water. Life doubtless originated in the sea, and here were evolved the first forms of life, but we must not overlook that important exception to the rule which we find on land in insects, which, although lower in the scale of development than fish, at the same time are provided with acute organs of hearing. This important exception shows the extent to which the environment reacts on the creature.

AN UNUSUAL SUICIDE.

That it is possible to commit suicide by simply holding one's breath has been clearly proved by a despondent Norwegian, who killed himself in this very unusual manner, says the Hygienic Gazette. When he determined to die he closed his mouth and nostrils, and by mere force of will prevented his lungs from doing their proper work.

This case is the more remarkable as there has been a popular notion that no human being could by mere will power stop the action of the lungs for more than one or two minutes. For this reason it attracted much attention, and a French writer, commenting on it, says:

"To persons of good taste, who are weary of life, this method of committing suicide will certainly commend itself, one reason being because the body is not disfigured thereby, and another, because the act can be committed in any place and at any time. It is true that sensitive or nervous persons will never be able to kill themselves in this manner, for, simple as it seems, the act of retaining one's breath until death comes can only be performed by one who is either unusually phlegmatic or endowed with a very strong will."

AMUSEMENT BY SAMPLE.

An old actor, telling some incidents of the road to the Chicago Record-Herald, remarked:

"While we were in Cincinnati a party of young men from away back somewhere, being in the city, became possessed of the idea of going to our show. They decided to make up a "pony purse' send in one of their number, who should shortly come out and report whether or not the show was worth their time and money. This committee of one happened to get in between acts, and while the orchestra was playing an entr'ct selection. The committee did not tarry long, but went out and reported to the full house that he could not see anything "in thar 'ceptin' a lot of feilers a fiddlin' befo' a big pictur' an' some folks a settin' around a chinnin'."

"At another place I heard a man say to another: 'I'd er liked the show pretty well of the main feller hadn't er stopped two or three times to holer at a feller down the road, asking him to 'light an' look at his saddle, an' then tellin' him to fetch him a newspaper, ef he was goin' to town.'"

A. B. SIEWERT & CO.

NECK-WEAR

The distinct feature in the new cravats is the green tinge with tan and brown that prevails in many of the tiable once-overs, ascots, and four-in-hands. The colorings would not be thought especially beautiful if produced in anything but rich silks, but as they are, they certainly show rare beauty. $1.00, $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50.

Extra values in 50c Neckwear.

A. B. SIEWERT & CO.
Hatters and Furnishers.
304 West Superior St.

STACK & CO.
17 East Superior Street.

Last Saturday in Our Present Location!
Next Week We Move to 107 West Superior St.

Shirt Waist Materials, Silk Ginghams and Prints Offered at Half Price.

30c Silk Ginghams Reduced to 15c
50 pieces fine mercerized ginghams, in the newest and best patterns, fancy hair line and wide stripes, dainty checks and mixtures.

Table Damask.
50c yard for splendid quality mercerized Table Damask, worth regularly, per yard, 69c.

12½c yard for heavy oxford Waisting, in splendid line of styles; worth 25c.

42c for full size bleached sheets, made of good heavy, soft finish sheeting; worth 50c.

Domet Flannels.
5c yard for plain cream and fancy pink and blue checks; worth regularly 7½c.

Silesia.
9c yard for heavy twill Waist Linings, in grey and black; the regular 12½c quality.

25c Knotted Fringe Towels red'ed to 19c
22x45 knotted fringe Towels, in plain white and blue and red border; extra heavy; handsome patterns.

Summer Corsets.
We offer again for Saturday ladies' 50c Summer Corsets; all sizes—your choice **10c**

Silk Ribbons.
All silk Taffeta Ribbon, in Nos. 40, 60, 80, 100 and 120, in big variety of colors—at, per yard **10c**

Ladies' Stockings.
Splendid quality Ladies' black Stockings, in drop stitch; worth regularly 15c per pair—for **10c**

Boys' Hose.
Boys' 2x7 ribbed fleece Hose; only a few dozen pairs left—the 25c kind, per pair **10c**

Men's Shirts.
Men's heavy black and white stripe Working Shirts, the 39c kind **25c**

Sateen Underskirts.
At $1.00 we offer an exceptional good Underskirt, made full, with deep ruffles; worth $1.50.

Lace Specials.
Elegant assortment of Valenciennes and Torchon Laces, worth up to 10c the yard **5c**

Ribbons.
Fancy Silk Ribbons, in big assortment; the regular 5c quality, at **2½c**

7½c Best quality Standard Calico red'ed to 4c
Best quality soft finish Prints, in comforter designs, fancy stripes and dark, figured; suitable for children's wear.

Curtain Goods.
10c yard for lace striped Curtain Cloth, in good variety of styles.

Toilet Soap.
15c box Lana Oil Toilet Soap, worth 25c per box —Saturday's special, 15c.

Window Shades.
19c each for good cloth Roller Shade, mounted on patent spring roller.

Ladies' Belts.
25c each for big assortment of ladies' Belts; plain and fancy.

Floss Pillows.
23c each for 18-inch silk floss, muslin covered Pillows.

Apron Ginghams.
5c yard for good quality Apron Gingham, in best staple checks; the 7c quality.

12½c Pique Waistings Reduced to ---- 7½c
Heavy white fleeced Pique Waistings, 28 inches wide. We have a big lot on hand to be closed at this low price.

J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO.

Open until 10 p. m. Saturday Night—Deliveries made to all parts of the city.

The Gidding Store, Superior Street and First Avenue West, Offers Important Values to Saturday's Clothes Buyers---For Women, Misses, Girls and Little Tots

"In the heart of the Shopping District."

The most important store of its kind in the Northwest—and the most beautiful stock of wearables ever placed under any roof at the Head of the Lakes. Every Duluth woman ought to come here, if she hasn't done so already—if only to get in touch with what is being worn by the best dressed women in the country!—and let us impress it upon your mind strongly—*Popular Prices Rule!*—No matter how beautiful—no matter how fine or exclusive— the price is within the reach of every woman who wants reliable merchandise—or every mother who wants pretty things for her big or little girls at prices she can afford to pay—

Splendidly tailored Suits for Women — $16.50 and $18.00 values at **$12.50** and **$15.00.**

Eton Coat Styles and Blouse Suits for women—a variety of fabrics, styles and colors—**$18.50.**

Silk-lined Etamine and Broadcloth Suits, some silk lined; and high class Novelty Suits, with the broad shoulder effects, in all of the new cloths and colors for spring. Values that equal any $35.00 to $40.00 suits in the city; all sizes; beautifully made—**$25.00.**

Rich new Voile Suits, in black, navy, champagne, grey and fancy effects—made and tailored in faultless fashion; silk lined throughout; $57.50 to $65 values at **$45.00.**

Saturday will be another big day for Girls' Clothes

With new things galore just in from the East.

Covert effects, with belt at back and military buttons—sizes 6 to 14; value $10.00—at **$7.50.**

Girls' Navy Blue Regulation Coats—Taffeta silk lined throughout with belt at back, emblem on sleeve and military buttons. $13.50 to $15.00 values at **$10.00.** Sizes to 14.

Girls' Coats in fancy mixtures, tucked sleeves, satin lined throughout; for girls up to 18 years of age. Regular $15.00 values, tomorrow at **$11.50.**

Young Ladies' Belted Covert Coats, up to age 18; satin lined; epaulets over shoulders; military buttons; tourist effect coats, of fine cloth. $18.00 and $20.00 values at **$15.00.**

Prettily Trimmed Fine Wool Coats, for girls up to 14; navy, tan and brown; can't be matched at any store in town under $3.75 to $4.00—at **$2.90.**

Prettily Trimmed Girls' Coats, in navy, tan, brown, red and fancy mixtures; of fine wool cloth; some lined and some unlined; can't be matched in the city under $6.50—at **$4.50.**

Girls' "Peter Thompson" Dresses, in blue serges and fancy mixed cloths, with emblem on sleeve—at **$8.75.** $12.50 value.

Girls' Thompson Suits, in duck, linen, pique, brilliantine and other summery fabrics—**$5.75, $7.50, $8.50 and $10.00.**

Girls' Rain Coats, tan and grey, some piped capes—some plain; grey at **$7.75;** tan at **$8.50.**

Handsome Waists of Lawn, Linen, Batiste, Silk Mull—new broad shouldered effects, at **$1.00, $1.50, $2.00 and $3.50.**

Beautiful Silk Waists—of Taffeta, Peau de Ceine, Crepe de Chine, China Silk, Foulard—neat and novelty effects—the most beautiful line in the city at **$3.75, $5.00, $6.50** and up to **$35.00.**

NEW SILK COATS.

New and Beautiful Models will be shown tomorrow in Covert Coats for Women at $6.50 and $9.50.

And our own special—Full-strapped coat—satin lined—the greatest value in this city—at **$12.00**—full $15 and $16.50 values.

High-class novelty Covert Coats—new models—at **$15, $18, $21.50** and **$25.00.**

Silk Coats and Suits—the newest and smartest things in the East.

Silk Blouse Coats — beautifully trimmed—**$15.00,** and then **$17.50, $21.50** and up to **$37.50.**

Three-quarter Silk Coats — New models, in stylish effects—**$32.50.**

Full-length Silk Coats—$32.50 and $35.00.

Taffeta Silk Jacket Suits — black, navy, brown, gray and champagne, or neat novelty silks—just in—**$32.50 and $35.00.**

New Models in Rain Coats—Cravenette or Rayne Shine cloth, capeless effects—pleated front and back—tan, olive, tan, gray and mixtures—**$21.50, $25, $27.50.**

Special lines of Rain Coats tomorrow at **$10 and $12.50.**

White Dresses for June Brides and Bridesmaids----for the Girl Graduate and for Confirmation.

We direct special attention to our lines of Dresses for these particular purposes—styles such only as you would expect to get at your most fashionable dressmaker—and at prices fully fifty per cent less—made of Silk Mulls—Fine Lawns—Mousseline de Soie—Point de Spirit— Net — Dimities, and Dotted Swiss, all white or with just a touch of color here and there—

PRETTY AND SIMPLE LAWN DRESSES AT $3.75.

Tailored effects, pleated back and front, and collar and cuffs. Are an inexpensive little dress that any woman would be proud to own. Value, $5.00—at **$3.75.**

Beautiful Embroidered Lawn Suit—$5.00. Tucks over shoulders and on front, and with embroidery; pretty collars and cuffs; exceptional value at **$5.00.**

BEAUTIFUL DRESSES OF LAWN AND DIMITY — Prettily trimmed, full broad shoulder effects—**$16.50.**

Handsome Dresses of Organdie, Lawn or Net, plain white or with a touch of color; exclusive models at **$19.50** and **$22.50.**

High-class Exclusive Models—at **$25.00** and **$37.50**—and up to **$65.00.**

BEAUTIFUL UNDER-MUSLINS, KNITTED UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY, GLOVES, SILK UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY, GLOVES, SILK UNDERSKIRTS, CORSETS, FANS, ETC., FOR BRIDES AND BRIDESMAIDS, GIRL GRADUATES AND CONFIRMANTS.—The most complete as well as the most beautiful line in the city, including entire Bridal Sets of French hand-made Under-Muslins, White Hose, Silk Undervests, beautifully brocaded Corsets and White Gloves—Belts, Purses and accessories. Also Traveling Gowns and Traveling Dresses, of voile, broadcloth, novelty cloths and taffeta silk Coats and Dresses.

Traveling Bags and Trunks and Dress Cases for Women.

Special lines that have been made to our order and include—all of the new leathers and the new shapes and colors—black, brown and tan. Traveling Bags. $3.50 to $18.50. Trunks, $6.50 to $35. The most complete and best line in the city.

Lace and Embroidery Trimmed Dress—$7.50. The entire waist is beautifully trimmed with lace and embroidery and small tucks; pretty collar and cuffs—a dress that no dressmaker would make under $10.00, not counting the material. We offer them in all sizes at **$7.50.**

Another Suit is made of fine lawn, with Mexican drawn yoke; collar and cuffs—at **$8.00**—full $12.00 value.

GIRLS' WHITE DRESSES—The sizes run from age 6 to 14—all at the same price. These special values tell their own story:

GIRLS' DRESSES OF FINE WHITE LAWN, with yoke of tucks and cat stitching, and tucked bertha; full made skirt and perfect fitting. $3.50 value at **$2.50.**

AT $3.00—Slightly finer quality lawn, yoke tucked and with lace insertion; full skirt, also trimmed; $4.50 value at **$3.00.**

AT $4.50—Two styles, one of lawn with embroidery and lace yoke and beautifully trimmed skirt; another of fine lawn with Vandyke scalloped bertha and dainty tucks. Either of these dresses could easily sell for $6.00—at **$4.50.**

AT $5.00—An extremely beautiful Dress trimmed with two-inch Valenciennes lace and insertion; skirt tucked and also lace trimmed; silk ribbon sash—a dress that cannot be duplicated for less than $7.50—at **$5.00.**

AT $6.75, $7.50 AND UP TO $12.75 we show a wide range of dainty novelties that appeal to every mother's heart

BEAUTIFUL NECKWEAR FOR WOMEN.

A new line of Stocks, in white, white edged with pink, blue and black, and polka dots. We place them all on sale for Saturday at **25c.**

An especially good value in a Lace Stock, embroidered in pink, blue, black, pastel and the new "Peacock" shades—for Saturday, **50c.**

We have also a new line of Stocks in the newest "pansy" effects, the "regal," the "chrysanthemum" and the "cat tail." Also the newest things in "Buster Brown" Collars and Ties, from **25c to $1.75.**

NEW WASHABLE CRUSHED BELTS—Plain colors and fancy, with gun metal, gold and pearl harness buckles—at **59c to $2.25.**

NEW VEILINGS—Novelties and Plain Effects.

We have just received a new line of Veilings, in plain blacks, browns, blues, whites, black and white and grey and white.

A special line of Maline Tams in all colors—for Saturday, **25c.**

NEW NOVELTIES IN STREET OR CARRIAGE BAGS.

A new line just from the East, in all colors and styles in the plain and new crushed effects now so popular—in black, browns, tans, gray, white and gun metal, and among them we have a special line of "Peggy From Paris" bags in brown, black and white, regular $1.50 bag, which we place on sale tomorrow at **$1.00.**

Also a large Hand Bag at **$1.00.**

SOME NEW THINGS IN BELTS AND JEWELRY NOVELTIES.

We have just received a new line of belts, in all colors and styles, such as the crushed leather, silk—buckles front and back, in the new peacock colorings—from **$1.50 to $15.00.**

Very pretty belts in silk, girdle effect and crushed—with buckle front and back—**50c.**

Also some specials tomorrow at **25c.**

NEW AND PRETTY JEWELRY NOVELTIES.

We have some beautiful novelties in our jewelry line, such as Hat Pins, Brooches, Belts, Buckles, Chains and everything in the line of Paris novelties.

DRESSING SACQUES AND KIMONAS.

We place on sale tomorrow a special line of Dressing Sacques and Kimonas—white lawn with pink and blue borders—at **$1.25.**

Also a fancy figured in black and white and red and white and blue and white—special tomorrow **75c.**

Also the new handkerchief Kimona now so popular, for tomorrow at **$1.00.**

SILK KIMONAS AND DRESSING SACQUES.

Beautiful novelties of many kinds—in Oriental and Floral effects—short silk Kimonas at **$4.25** and up to **$15.**

Long silk Kimonas at **$5.75** and up to **$16.75.**

TURKISH BATH ROBES.

With hood or large sailor collar—plain colors and figured at **$5.50.**

"The Style Store"

J M Gidding & Co

WOMENS OUTFITTERS

"The Style Store"

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ALL EYES TURNED TO CLEVELAND

Grain, Vessel and Railroad Interests Eagerly Awaiting News.

Bon Ami Leaves Two Harbors and Cuts Ice Well.

Rumors were current today among the grain dealers, vessel owners, and railroad men, that the troubles between the masters and pilots and the Lake Carriers' association were being settled in the conference at Cleveland, and it was even reported that an agreement had been reached and that the men were prepared to return to work.

Up to three o'clock this afternoon, however, no definite information concerning the matter had been received from Cleveland. C. D. Hibbard, secretary of the local union, stated that he had received no word from Cleveland as yet, and he did not think an agreement had been reached.

James Walsh, grand president of the L. T. P. A., stated that he did not believe the rumor was correct.

"They only went into conference yesterday," he said, "and they had too many points to discuss to arrive at any agreement yet. It may be true that they are settling up their difficulties, but they have not yet had time to complete the work. The men might have agreed to go back to work pending arbitration of their disagreements. I have heard nothing definite of the matter."

The conference is the chief topic of discussion among those connected with the transportation and grain interests and an amicable settlement is hoped for.

The following dispatch from New York shows the widespread effect a strike of the Masters and Pilots' association would have on the business of the country in general:

"Owing to the inability of the freight carrying lines on the great lakes to reach an agreement, with their masters and pilots, the New York Central, Pennsylvania, Erie, Baltimore & Ohio, and Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad companies have announced that they will no longer accept rail and lake freight at eastern points and have canceled all tariffs in this section. This action is the result of a meeting of the representatives of those roads to consider the best method of protecting thei rinterests. The agreement was not limited to any definite period, but it is understood will be effective until conditions on the lake warrant a change."

Late this afternoon The Herald received the following dispatch from Cleveland:

"We have made some progress towards a settlement today, but we are by no means through with the work before us," said Chairman Livingstone, of the executive committee of the Lake Carriers association, which was again in conference here today with a committee representing the Masters and Pilots' association, endeavoring to reach an agreement covering the present season.

The masters having withdrawn the most objectionable of their demands, which precluded the owner from dismissing a captain at will—an agreement was reached today which provides that where a captain is ordered to report on board his ship on or before June 15, and is in constant service throughout the season he shall be paid his full year's salary. In case the vesel is not in commission for the full season, however, the master is to receive compensation at the rate of one-seventh of his year's salary for each month's service. There still remains a number of minor points to be settled, but both sides seem sanguine that an early adjustment of all differences will shortly be reached."

BON AMI GOES OUT.

Was Going Through Ice Well When Last Seen.

At 8:45 a. m. today the Bon Ami left Two Harbors on the road to Grand Marais, being the first boat from this end of the lakes to resume navigation. She had started yesterday, but the wind and other conditions were such as to lead those in authority to deem it wise to postpone her trip until this morning. Ice and wind were found favorable, the prow of the boat pushing the ice like it was so much wet snow, and it was believed that she would have no trouble in making her way up the north shore.

Traffic Manager Northmore of this city was up to Two Harbors to witness her departure, and he returned on the noon train. He watched her as long as she was in sight, and as far as he observed the boat seemed to be making the voyage splendidly. She had a full cargo of hay, oats, groceries and other package freight and between forty and fifty passengers.

Six carrier pigeons belonging to H. F. Flynn, chief clerk of the Northern Pacific offices, in the Providence building, were on board the Bon Ami, and it was expected would get their first flying practice of spring when they were released from the boat. There was no decided time for them to be started from the vessel, but Mr. Flynn stated he thought hey would be liberated from the boat at about Cross river, which is sixty-nine miles from Duluth. The birds carry no colors or ornamentation of any kind, but on one leg bear the little metal capsule in which a message was to be enclosed by the boat's officers before liberating them, and on the other each has its respective number.

These birds have a record of 200 miles in 3 hours and 20 minutes, made on the north shore of Lake Superior, and 3 hours and 20 minutes, made on the south shore, and the time for them to make the run back to this city, if they were liberated at Cross river was expected to be governed by the atmospheric conditions. If the air movement was toward Duluth they were expected to make a fast trip, and if the opposite, they might fall behind. Their destination in Duluth is 824 East Second street.

The Muncy, a well known freight boat of the Anchor line, was puffing smoke out of her stack in Duluth harbor this morning, and the fact made it look as though navigation was liable to be open at any minute. But it was stated that she was merely getting in readiness for the opening of navigation, and was not expected to mak any move toward starting or even loading until the conference between the vesselmen and masters at Cleveland was productive of some definite result.

None of the Pittsburg Steamship company's boats have been loaded at this point, although they probably will as soon as the conference above referred to comes to a conclusion, and it is decided with what to load them. About ten of the company's fleet are loaded with coal at lower lake ports and are ready to start as soon as navigation opens and the masters arrange to take them out.

THE BOOTH BOATS

Being Made Ready For Opening of Navigation.

C. W. Turner of Chicago, the general manager of the Booth line of steamers, is in the city today to superintend arrangements for the opening of the season.

Mr. Turner states that the vessels of the Booth company on Lake Superior will be run the same as last year, and that there will be little change in the schedule.

The steamers Moore and America are lying in the slip at the foot of Lake avenue. The work of fitting them out for the coming season has already been commenced and they will be ready for service within a few days.

Nothing definite has been decided as yet concerning the time of the first trip. It all depends on the ice conditions. The vessels will leave for the north shore just as soon as they can get through the ice field.

PORTAGE LAKE CANALS

Entirely Free But No Boats, Most Unusual Condition.

The Portage Lake canals, on Lake Superior, are now open to navigation. In a report to Captain Charles L. Potter, government engineer in charge of the Lake Superior district, Assistant United States Engineer G. A. Marr, of Houghton, who has charge of the Portage Lake canals, under the date of yesterday, writes that navigation is entirely open through that waterway, and that Wednesday a 35-foot gasoline launch, of 10 or 12 horse power, ran through to Portage Entry from Houghton, having clear water all the way with the exception of about a mile of slush ice, through which it had no trouble making it way. In his report, Mr. Marr says:

"This is the first season since the government took charge of these canals in 1891, that the boats have not been knocking at our doors to get in, with heavy ice in Big Portage and at Harrington island. Even last year it took the steamer W. H. Gratwick about five hours to make through about two miles of ice at Harrington island, April 15, with the assistance of a tug. It took the steamer John M. Nichol about 24 hours to break through ice in Big Portage, April 17 and 18, with two tugs to assist her.

"The disappearance of the ice here in Portage lake has been a wonder to everybody. The weather here for more than a week past has been a surprise, clear and warm like summer."

MILES WAS BRAVE.

Old Scout Tells About American Indian Fighter.

Of all the great Indian fighters under whom I served, including Sheridan, Crook, Brooks, Howard, Custer, Gibbons and Miles, the best all-around man of them all was Gen. Miles," says Frank Romar, an Oneida Indian, who at the age of nearly 80 years, blind and infirm, lives on the Oneida Indian reservation in Outagamie county, and is occasionally to be seen about the streets of Appleton, where he gathers with old army comrades, who remember him as in his prime one of the most daring and efficient scouts in the American army.

Romar has from his boyhood lived a wild, romantic life, until the last fifteen years, when blindness, resulting from an old wound in the face, received in an unnamed border skirmish, compelled him to seek the people of his tribe on the Oneida reservation, and there live out the remainder of his long life in pottering about his little patch of land and dreaming of the adventures of his vigorous days. Romar was born on the Oneida reservation, but when a boy removed to Kansas with his parents and lived on the site now occupied by the National Soldiers' home near Leavenworth, Kans., says the Appleton correspondent of the Milwaukee Sentinel. When the civil war broke out he enlisted with the Thirteenth Kansas infantry under the Indian name of Kennahook; but never served with that regiment, as he was immediately detailed for scout duty, serving in that capacity in the volunteers and later in the regular army until in the middle eighties.

During the civil war Romar served much of the time under the immediate direction of "Bill" Tuff, the famous calef of scouts, and one of his close companions' able man, even when in liquor and declares that he never sought a quarrel and never shot any one, except when a quarrel was forced upon him or in the line of his official duty when acting as Marshal of Fort Hayes, Fort Reilly, Abilene and other tough frontier towns after the war.

Speaking of the famous officers under whom he has served, Romar says: "Miles was the best all-round man of them all. He was brave; he was wise; he was cunning; he was tireless; more than any big chief I ever knew, he looked out for the welfare of his enlisted men, and though he never spared them work when it was to be done he always said 'come' and never said go'."

Romar was with Miles when the latter captured Chief Joseph after a long chase, which he considers one of the hardest pieces of service ever performed by a detachment of the United States army.

"Gen. Crook was the fox of Indian fighters, and the Indians feared him more than any other 'long knife' officer," says Romar. "Closer than any one else he could guess at Indian strategy. He seemed to think like an Injun, and could always tell what they would do next. That is why the Indians feared him so. They thought him 'bad medicine' and called him 'the Gray Fox,' but Miles they feared, too, and hated as well, though they accepted his word as unhesitatingly as that of Crock. Crook was more the planner and strategist, Miles the fighter."

Of Custer, Romar thought less than of any of the officers known as Indian fighters. "He was brave as a wounded grizzly," says the old Indian, "but not wise. He was like the young brave, quicker to strike than to think, and making always his fight with joy before the time was ready, counting not at all the cost. So he died." Romar regards the Little Big Horn campaign as an unpardonable blunder, and expresses contempt for Reno, whom he likens to a "squaw man," and whose whole course in the campaign he dismisses with an angry grunt and refuses to discuss further than to declare le "All bad. Heap no good!"

Romar claims that he and a companion scout were among the first to arrive on the field of the Custer massacre at the Little Big Horn, where they found every man of the command scalped, stripped and fearfully mutilated, with hideously obscene outrages.

Custer alone lay just as he fell, unscalped, unmutilated, unplundered. His saber lay across his breast, and his hat shielded his face from the sun—an Indian tribute to his personal bravery, indicating that he made a desperate stand before he fell.

But Romar declares that among the men of the camp and trail there was little sadness over Custer's death. The sorrow was for the brave men he recklessly led to their death.

Romar has been in many general engagements and unnamed Indian skirmishes without number, and has been wounded many times. His first wound was in the battle of Prairie Grove in 182, when an exploding shell wounded him in the face and thigh. At Honey Springs he was shot through the shoulder, and at various other times suffered slight wounds.

In Arizona in 1878, in an Indian rush, a wounded savage fired a revolver point blank into his face, and though the bullet missed him by a hair and only raised a red welt on his cheek, the powder injured his eyes to such an extent that he eventually became totally blind.

Romer tells of one desperate brush, in which he and a small party he was guiding across the plains were engaged with Indians near Sow creek, Kan., soon after the war. There were only thirteen in the party, and two of them, mere boys, had been sent ahead to look for water. As they did not return, Romar started out to look for them, and had not gone far when he saw the head of an Indian over a little rise in the prairie, and fired upon it. Immediately the whole party was fired upon by a large body of Indians lying in ambush. The party formed a corral with their wagons and fought desperately behind their barricade. In the first afternoon's fighting six of the defenders were killed, but still they kept up the fight. When relief came after two days of fighting only two of the party, including Romar, were left alive. The two boys were found two days later, when they appeared at the fort thirty miles distant, alive, but nearly helpless from hunger and exhaustion. The Indians had captured them, but had not harmed them, merely stripping them naked and turning them loose.

The old Indian scout is a great hero among the Indians of the reservation, and they make much of him, and assist him in all ways. He has great influence with them, and being shrewd and of good judgment, this influence is always used for good. Old soldiers of the Twenty-second Wisconsin infantry, which was formed in the Fox River valley, and included about a dozen Oneida Indians from the reservation in Outagamie and Brown counties, tell an amusing story of Romar's influence over the Indians in the service.

Romar was detailed for a time with a company of the Twenty-second Wisconsin, in which a dozen Oneida Indians served. He was immediately chosen as their chief, and as they understood English imperfectly, he often transmitted their orders to them. Soon they came to regard themselves as under no orders but his, and it took a great deal of persuasion and many threats to bring them to an understanding of military discipline.

Then came a time when the company was on outpost service and had pushed their post far into hostile country in Missouri. A volunteer was called for to perform an extremely hazardous piece of reconnoitering, and Romar was the first man to step forward.

As soon as he stepped out, the other twelve Indians followed and silently took their places at his side. "You can't go," said the captain. "Only one man is needed. More would spoil the whole plan. Go back to your places." Not an Indian stirred, and to all remonstrances the only answer returned was, "He go, me go!" with a gesture toward Romar. It was a long time before Romar and the officers could persuade the Indians to remain in their places while he went on his hazardous errand.

THE AMERICAN GIRL.

It is not the American heiress alone who is appreciated on the other side of the Atlantic. The American college girl is looked upon with surprise and admiration, says the Chicago Chronicle. Her freedom, coupled with self-restraint, her ability to take her affairs into her own hands and manage them to advantage, her poise in the presence of men students and her readiness to cope with them in the higher and more abstrus branches are becoming the envy of the English college girls.

A marked difference between the two is the close touch with life which the American college girl has and the English girl of the same class has not. The latter gives herself to the studies of the curriculum alone and waits for social and practical life until the college course is completed. The advantage is with the American girl, who is not thrust into a wholly new sphere on leaving the university and does not find herself at sea as to social forms and conventionalities. The French girl, as well as the English, is looking with no little envy on the American girl. Evidence of this is seen in the popularity of a play by Paul Hyacinthe Loyson, son of the once famous Pere Hyacinthe, and his American wife. The name of the play is "The Maiden's Right." Contrary to all French traditions, it claims for the French maiden the right to imitate the American girl and make close acquaintance with her future husband before marriage, instead of being handed over to him as if it were a matter of no importance to her.

These compliments from across the water should make the American girl mindful of the reputation she is gaining abroad and lead her to be careful to live up to it. If she can have freedom and be obedient to the laws which govern freedom and if she can maintain self-reliance without excess of self- assertion she may well be the envy of her kindred beyond the Atlantic, otherwise she will merit only their contempt.

THE WIND AND BUSINESS.

"No! I absolutely refuse to go to see him today," declared a promoter of industrial enterprises to the owners of a coal field of 23,000 acres, with 500,000,000 tons in sight, according to the New York Press. "I may go tomorrow. Everything in my business depends on the wind." "But," said the president of the company, "we cannot wait." "Very well, then; you are at liberty to call it off. If I should go to see him today I could accomplish nothing." "What has the wind to do with it?" "Everything. I never attempt to do business with a banker, or any other person, for that matter, when the wind is either north, east or south. Give me a west wind, though, and I'm bound to succeed. Today we have a nasty northeaster. I venture not forth."

There is just as much uncommon sense in what this promoter believes about he wind as there is in what you believe about the dark of the moon, post-prandialism and post-abluentism, as aids to the successful promotion of affairs. (The mintage is all right). Men work better, eat more and sleep more soundly when the barometer is high. It is a proverb as old as Adam—"Do business with men when the wind is from the westerly, for then the barometer is high."

THREE BAROMETERS.

From the earliest days of the world men have found fascination in trying to foretell the weather, says the New York Press. There is an old chap in Brooklyn who has three barometers, as he styles them—a cat, a hive of bees and a bundle of corn fodder. As every farmer knows full well, corn fodder is extremely sensitive to hygrometric changes. When dry and crisp it indicates fair weather; when damp and limp, look out for rain. A bee was never caught in a shower; therefore, when his bees leave their hive in search of honey he knows that the weather is going to be good. As for the cat—every one knows about the tricks of pussy and tabby. The act of washing the face—a sort of dry wash with the fore paw—is a sure sign of a change in the weather; if below the eyes only, fair weather; if over the ears, rain. If puss licks her hair against the grain, or sits with her tail to the fire, look out for squalls.

A TEXT AGAINST POLYGAMY.

Senator Hoar, after one of the Mormon hearings in Washington said:

"A Mormon once argued polygamy with Mark Twain. The Mormon insisted that polygamy was moral, and he defied Twain to cite any passage of Scripture that forbade the practice.

"'Well,' said the humorist, 'how about the passage that tells us no man can serve two masters?'"

The Herald has the circulation. Of this fact there is no doubt. Not only has it the circulation, but it has the circulation that counts. Try The Herald's want columns and get the best and quickest results.

The number of times in a year that a man uses The Herald's Want Columns is an idex to his interests and activities.

Sterling Silver
Hat Pins
25c to $1.00

In the newest novelties of the season. Unique and beautiful designs, solid backs.

Waist Sets
75c to $10.00

In silver, gold filled, solid gold and pearl. Very new in design and excellent in workmanship.

J. GRUESEN,
JEWELER,
31 W. Sup. St.—Cor. 1st Ave. W.

Gray-Tallant Co *Buster Brown Handkerchiefs tickle the children—On the table at 5 cents.* Gray-Tallant Co

It is selling trustworthy shoes at low prices every day in the week that makes this

The Busy Shoe Store.

Drop into the shoe department tomorrow and let us fit your foot trimly with a handsome, serviceable, wearable shoe; we will leave it to you, whether you ever bought as attractive, stylish and comfortable fitting a shoe before at anything like the price, or not. Come in the forenoon and save double on this special morning offer.

Special Sale of Women's Slippers from 9 to 11 Saturday Morning.

WOMEN'S PARTY AND HOUSE SLIPPERS in patent leather or vici kid, turned soles with opera, French or common sense heels. We place on sale for two hours only—from 9 to 11 o'clock in the morning—several styles of these slippers which have sold here up to $2.00 a pair. A choice at..... **$1.00**

MISSES' KID SHOES—medium weight soles, solid counters and inner soles, all sizes from 11½ to 2—have been sold at other stores for $1.50 and $1.75—our price..... **$1.25**

WOMEN'S OXFORDS—kid and patent tips, all sizes and widths in new styles. Ask tomorrow for our "Leader." It is one of the choicest oxfords made at the price—per pair..... **$1.50**

WOMEN'S HOUSE SLIPPERS—cool and comfortable—the sort that gives a world of ease in the wearing—all sizes, a pair.... **49c**

MISSES' STRAP SLIPPERS— patent leather and kid vamps—sizes run from 11½ to 2—pleasing styles and inexpensive ones—per pair..... **98c**

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' SHOES—box calf, velour calf and vici kid spring shoes—in all the new shapes—every pair under-priced at —per pair..... **$1.98**

INFANTS' SHOES—soft soles, in a variety of prettily colored tops—have sold at 25c and 50c—tomorrow, any pair..... **10c**

10c *bottle of Whitmore's Baby Elite Polish on sale Saturday at* **6c**

Curtain Materials.

Of course we can't sell them at these prices all the time, so it is to your special advantage to buy tomorrow.

75c IMPORTED MADRAS, 59c—in pretty color combinations—very handsome effects for draping curtains, spreads, etc.; will wash like a handkerchief—54 inches wide—a real 75c value—price here tomorrow..... **59c**

$1.00 WHITE BRUSSELS NET, 79c—so extensively used for fancy bed spreads and bed-room sets; a good quality three-thread twist, 3 yards wide—that is cheap at $1.00—special for Saturday..... **79c**

Same quality, 54 inches wide, Brussels Net, special 45c.

25c FANCY CURTAIN SWISS, 19c—All of our 36-inch to 45-inch fancy sheer curtain Swisses in pretty dots, stripes and large and small figures with and without fancy open borders—also with pink, blue, green, red and yellow stripes and designs—not one ever sold for less than 25c—on special sale Saturday at.... **19c**

How Men Save Here.

All our new furnishings are in. We know that there are absolutely no better values in the city. If you see them you will know, too, that there is a much greater saving in buying your furnishings here than is possible at any exclusive men's store. Why not try buying them here tomorrow?

50 DOZEN NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—in madras, percales and cheviots, all new spring patterns, thoroughly well made, and in all sizes. There is not an exclusive store in Duluth that would sell these new patterns for less than 50c and 75c—our price tomorrow..... **43c**

FOUR-IN-HAND TIES—in all the latest colorings and stylish patterns—are made reversible—sell everywhere at 25c each— our Saturday price..... **19c**

MEN'S HANDKERCHIEFS—with colored borders, selling regularly in all men's stores at 15c—our price tomorrow. **10c**

Economy for Saturday's Shrewd Buyers

The generous offerings that we are giving you every Saturday have been met with such a decided appreciation on your part that it is an incentive to us to give you better values tomorrow than any store in Duluth. Bring this list with you and see if every item on it is not a splendid money-saving offer.

Special Sale of Silk Collars.

These silk collars are very rich and effective. They come in black or white and are exquisite combinations of silk, braid, cording and lace. Will add a very dressy effect to the simplest costume, at a little cost tomorrow.

Silk Collars, selling regularly at $4.50—on sale Saturday at..... **$3.75**

Silk Collars, selling regularly at $3.00—on sale Saturday at..... **$2.50**

Special Sale of Collar and Cuff Sets.

Swell Sets in Silk and Linen Batiste, trimmed with inserted teneriffe and appliqued medallions. They are in the natural linen color and will give a refreshing touch of neatness to your summer suit—a very special bargain.

Collar and Cuff Sets, regularly $2.50—on sale Saturday at..... **$1.75**

Collar and Cuff Sets, regularly $2.00—on sale Saturday at..... **$1.50**

15c for 3 piece Waist Sets, worth 25c—those stylish three-piece sets in pearl, pearl and gold and all-gold and gun metal—in handsome designs and shapes that cost you regularly 25c a set. Tomorrow you can have two sets of different patterns at little more than the price of one.

19c for Embroidered Swiss Handkerchiefs, worth 25c—extra fine quality with ¼-inch hem. Exquisite designs for fancy undermuslin trimmings, making the daintiest of corset covers and the fluffiest of petticoat flounces—secure a quantity of these 25c handkerchiefs while they are only 19c.

39c for "Reina" Silk Gloves worth 50c—made with double woven finger tips—in white, black, mode and gray with self or black stitching, 2 clasps—regular 50c gloves—a snap for this season of the year, at 39c.

19c for wide Fancy Ribbons worth 45c—a grand assortment of the best colors in stripes, figures and Dresden effects. There are 101 uses which they suggest. Other stores have sold them regularly at 35c and 45c a yard.

Muslin Gowns 98c.
Fine gowns edged with Val. lace—worth $1.75.

25c for extra size Lisle Hose worth 35c—in fast dyed black, with split foot or all black—double sole and heel, full fashioned—selling on any other day at 35c—tomorrow 25c.

39c for Drop Stitch Lisle Hose worth 50c—in black and many fast colors with small extracted dot in white. A very handsome style of hose for low shoes and oxfords.

35c for white Lisle Union Suits worth 59c—a splendid spring garment—knee length with closed knee or lace trimmed—low neck and sleeveless—50c and 59c values—Saturday at 35c.

50c for the Latest Wrist Bags worth 75c—new bags that are just in—black, red, blue and green, with moire lining and coin purse, leather handles. Cost at any store, 59c and 75c.

19c for Children's Hose worth 25c—black cotton hose of medium weight in fast colors, triple knee and double sole, very elastic—the famous "Black Cat" brand.

Four Exceptional Values in Fine Dress Goods.

If you are at all interested in dress goods, these bargains are worth investigating tomorrow.

$1.50 PENELOPE VOILE AND LONDON TWINE—75c—in black only. These are the weaves that are demanding the attention of the well-dressed women today—particularly adapted for either dresses, suits or skirts. This is a lot that has sold at $1.25 and $1.50 the yard—one day, Saturday..... **75c**

95c 44-INCH BOURETTED VOILE—75c. Another seasonable light-weight fabric; colors—navy and cadet blue and black. Although light it has most excellent wearing qualities and is "just the thing" for summer wear. This quality sells regularly at 95c the yard—Saturday at..... **75c**

$1.00 SILK WARP GLORIA—79c—in black only. This fabric is as nearly like a Lansdown as can be had; full 44 inches wide; for waists, dresses and coats it gives most excellent service. At $1.00 the yard it is a splendid value—just for one day, Saturday, the price, the yd.. **79c**

59c AND 50c DRESS GOODS AT 37½c—This is the **big snap** for Saturday—A tableful of late spring weaves of Venetians, serges, worsteds, Scotch tweeds and sackings; every piece a desirable one and suitable for children's dresses, wrappers, storm skirts, etc. At 50c and 59c they were good values—they are bargains at. **37½c**

Saturday Is Here, So Is KUGLER, Your Druggist, With Bargains!

108 West Superior Street.

SOLID-BACK HAIR BRUSH—Big value at $1.00	Both for 98c
EGG SHAMPOO—25c bottle	
KUGLER'S KLOVER KREAM—Best thing for chaps—a 25c jar	Both for 27c
KUGLER'S KLOVER KREAM SOAP—a 10c cake	
PINAUD'S EXTRACT VEGETALE—Violette Reine—75c bottle	Both for 89c
PINAUD'S POUDRE LORIA—35c box	
JAPONICA CREAM—The only good Flesh Food—50c jar	Both for 53c
LA FRANC ROSE SOAP—25c cake	
RICKSECKER'S POUDRE DE RIZ—Violet—50c box	Both for 79c
AGINCOURT'S VIOLET—1 oz, worth 75c	
KUGLER'S KLOVER KREAM—A 25c jar	Both for 27c
OLIVE GLYCERINE SOAP—a 15c cake	

SODA WATER.

ICE CREAM SODA—THE BEST IN THE CITY.
Velvet Cherry Flip. Chop Suey Sundae. Maple Nut Sundae.
We make our syrups, crushed fruits and ice cream.

For Saturday We Will Give One-third Off On All Prescriptions.

CONGRESS PLAYING CARDS—No. 606—gilt edges—best card made—for	43c
BITTERSWEETS—regular price 50c per lb—special price	40c
CHOCOLATE CREAMS—regular price 50c per lb—special price	40c
BON BONS—regular price 75c per lb—special price	60c

FINEST STATIONERY IN THE CITY AT NEW YORK PRICES.

MISSISSIPPI DELTA SINKING

Subsidence Amounts to Two Feet In Twenty-Five Years.

New Orleans, May 6.—The dela of the Mississippi river is continually sinking. It has subsided two feet in twenty-five years in one place.

This interesting fact developed in the testimony of experts in the Louisiana-Mississippi oyster boundary case that has been going on here. The states are not agreed as to the line dividing them at the delta, each believing that the other is claiming too much land. From the testimony of witnesses it is made plain that the gulf coast and the delta are much like the land of which the hymn says "all other ground is sinking sand." The shore lines are continually changing.

Capt. C. Donovan, assisant United States engineer in the lower river, was one of the witnesses examined. He was for twenty-five years stationed at Port Eads as assistant United States engineer in charge of supervising the work of the jetties. Has been civil engineer for thirty-two years, of which thirty-one have been spent in the employ of the United States government. While he was stationed at Port Eads he had charge of the inspection of the work done by the Eads company for the construction of the jetties in South Pass to deepen the channel across the bar. The channel was deepened from nine feet to thirty feet. Had occasion to notice the topography of the section of the country near the South Pass and to keep posted with regard to the general surface level of tides. The depth of water to be maintained in the jetty channel was to be determined by a plane of average flood tide. The first measurements were taken in 1875. This was done by soundings, and the soundings were reduced to a certain plane of reference of average flood tide. When witness was first stationed at South Pass the plane of reference was indicated by a reading of 2.76 feet, and when witness left, twenty-five years later, that same plane was indicated by a reading of 4.3 feet or a difference of 1.54 feet. This was an evidence that the land had settled and that the tide gauge had settled with the land. In the opinion of witness the sinking was caused by subsidence of the delta or by changes in the plane of the gulf level. The subsidence of the delta keeps pace with the river deposits year after year.

Capt. Donovan gave an instance of sinking land within his personal observation. He said that at Port Eads there was a railroad running from the river bank to and through several large buildings. The railroad had to be abandoned because of the gradual sinking of the ground. The last he saw of that railroad, about two years ago, it was about one foot and a half below the surface of the ground, and the land had formed over it.

Witness could not say if that subsidence extends further to the eastward of South Pass. Asked how the gulf current trended, Capt. Donovan replied that it went to the west, and that the current of the Mississippi river also coursed to the west.

Terrible plagues, those itching, pestering diseases of the skin. Put an end to misery. Doan's Ointment cures. At any drug store.

SPANKED HIS DAUGHTER

And Utica Man Was Sent to Jail.

Utica, N. Y., May 6.—City Judge Baxter, on complaint of Miss Julia Krauser, sent her father, Simon Krauser, to jail for spanking her.

Miss Krauser explained to the court that she had just passed her eighteenth birthday and was therefore exempt from that sort of punishment.

"What do you mean by whipping a young woman of her age?" the court demanded.

"She is my daughter," replied Krauser excitedly. "Why wouldn't I correct her?"

"But she is passed 18," the court interposed.

"Sure, but she is my daughter just the same, and I cannot make her mind unless I whip her."

"Well, you can't do that. I'm not going to have you whipping daughters who have reached young womanhood. I'm going to fine you $5 or send you to jail for ten days."

"I'll go to jail and see how they'll like that," said Krauser.

"Let him go," said the daughter, and he went.

The Only 5c Cigar upon which a million tastes agree

Cremo

MORE THAN A MILLION SOLD A DAY.

The Band is the Smoker's Protection.

THE MATCH WAR

Union Company of Duluth to Fight Trust In Minneapolis.

Will Follow Successful Methods Now Applied In Dubuque.

Minneapolis, May 6.—The Tribune says: Rumors of a forthcoming match war in Minneapolis are being circulated. It is reported that the Union Match company, independent, of Duluth, is planning a campaign for Minneapolis trade and is about to make an invasion to fight the Diamond Match company, the head organization of the trust.

Up to the preesnt time but little attempt has been inade by the Duluth concern to do extensive business in Minneapolis, nearly all the jobbers handling trust goods exclusively.

Reports of the promised fight are causing considerable interest in jobbing circles, for jobbers have fresh in their minds the warfare that has been conducted between the two companies in other cities, notably the fight that is even now in full progress in Dubuque.

The match trust has been confronted with vigorous fights in a number of cities and towns in the Northwest, and in some of them it has been practically driven from the field, but the most exciting of all, it seems, is that now on down in the Iowa city on the Mississippi.

The fight has reached such an exciting stage down there, and rates have been cut to such an extent that it is freely predicted that matches will be actually given away in that city before the end of the present week. It is a bitter fight for the mastery of the local field, waged with all the tricks known in commercial warfare, between one of the strongest trusts in the country and one of the strongest independent match companies in existence.

Awhile ago the independent's representative invaded the Dubuque field, where the trust had always had its own way, scarcely a dollar's worth of independent business having even previously been sold there. The independent company finally succeeded in securing a prominent local jobbing house to handle its goods, 25 per cent commission being offered to induce enthusiasm in pushing the goods to the front, whereas the trust allows only 10 per cent, it is said. A carload of matches was immediately shipped in from Duluth and business became brisk. In order to introduce them, it was widely advertised that with every box purchased another box would be given free.

Trust jobbers, feeling a serious stab in their business, immediately notified the Diamond Match company, which, in order to stave off the inroads in its business, immediately sent a suite of some half dozen of its highest paid traveling representatives to Dubuque, and then came the tug-of-war. It promised to be a fight to the death.

Several carloads of matches were soon shipped in, and, it is claimed, the independent jobber was urged by the trust representatives to throw the independent goods, the usual methods of intimidation and coercion being employed, without the desired result.

The trust, in order that its competitor may not practice any underhanded method, has instructed its Dubuque agent to sell no matches in big lots, for fear they may fall into hands friendly to the trust and the matches be steamed before offered for sale, so that they will not light. Buyers finding them unsatisfactory, of course, would never accept them again.

The Duluth company claims this trick was successfully played on them in a Wisconsin town.

Advices from Dubuque indicate that the independent company is rapidly gaining ground, for its supply of matches has been exhausted. Another carload was expected Saturday, but the factory, owing to several other similar fights being waged at the same time, could not produce them rapidly enough. Realizing that a lack of matches would give the enemy opportunity to regain much ground, the independent agent made a coup. He caused it to be announced that he had given up the fight and gone to La Crosse, Wis. The scheme worked, for on the next train for La Crosse was the entire trust force, and the independent agent held the fort till more matches could arrive.

Minneapolis jobbers have also received information of a similar fight, even more vigorous, in St. Louis, in which, it is claimed, the independent people made such inroads that they propose to soon have the St. Louis field well in their own hands. Jobbers nearly everywhere, it is said, favor the independent company, for they have witnessed demonstrations of what the trust would do if its competitor were only a small concern.

"The Diamond Match company could wipe a small independent company out of existence with one stroke, as it has done many times," said a local jobber to the Tribune. "But it has its hands full this time, for the Duluth company is capitalized at $1,000,000, while the trust, on the other hand, has a capitalization of $15,000,000.

"If the fight is brought to Minneapolis something may be expected to drop. It has been looked for before this but it is supposed that the company, realizing that Minneapolis was practically impregnable for an independent company, wisely held aloof till it had won a number of consequent victories and gained courage and moral support, and then would train its full battery of guns upon Minneapolis and make the fight of its life. There is a strong possibility that it would win, too."

ARBITRATION CONFERENCE

To Meet at Lake Mohonk In June, Judge Gray Presiding.

New York, May 6.—The tenth of the well-known conferences on international arbitration meets at Mohonk Lake, N. Y., June 1-3. Judge George Gray, the eminent Delaware jurist, will preside and the attendance is expected to be larger than ever before. Among the eminent men who will attend are Hon. Francis B. Loomis and Hon. William L. Penfield, of the state department; Justice Brewer, of the United States supreme court; President H. B. F. Macfarland, of the District of Columbia; Rev. Dr. Edward Everett Hale, Chancelor MacCracken, of he New York university; Hon. Oscar Straus, ex-minister to Turkey; Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, of New York; Hon. S. R. Thayer, of Minneapolis, ex-minister to the Netherlands; Hon. Wayne MacVeagh, Hon. Sadaazuchi Uchida, Japanese consul-general; Gen. O. O. Howard, Hon. Charles M. Pepper, special Pan-American railroad commissioner, and Congressmen Smith, of Illinois; Bartholdt, of Missouri; Burton, of Ohio; Littlefield, of Maine; Baker and Dunwell, of New York, and Broussard, of Louisiana. Among the subjects discussed will be the proposed Anglo-American arbitration treaty, the Venezuelan decision at The Hague and the settlement of the Alaskan boundary question. Official delegaes of boards of trade and chambers of commerce of New York, Philadelphia, Boston, New Orleans, Cincinnai, Baltimore, Albany and other cities will discuss arbitraion from a business point of view.

Wiggle-Stick (Patented) Laundry Blue At All Grocers

Won't Freeze
Won't Break
Won't Spill
Won't Spot Clothes

Costs 10 Cents, Equals 20 Cents worth of any other kind of bluing

Wiggle-Stick is a stick of soluble blue in a filter bag inside a perforated wooden tube, through which the water flows and dissolves the color as needed.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:
Wiggle-Stick around in the water.
Manufactured only by
THE LAUNDRY BLUE COMPANY, Chicago

The Pioneer Fuel Company HAS MOVED ITS OFFICE TO 405 W. SUPERIOR ST. MESABA BLOCK.

If You Contemplate

A tip East this summer, inquire as to the excelent train service over the Pennsylvania Lines; Your home ticket algent will give you full particulars or if you will write A. W. Arnold, traveling passenger agent, Pennsylvania Lines, 608 Guaranty building, Minneapolis, Minn., he will be glad to give you all informaion.

The Romans were enthusiastic for the mullet. The children cry for Dr. Hickox's Malarial Capsules. They always know what an honest medicine it is for bronchitis, tonsilitis and dysentery or diarrhoea. Call at Kugler's.

A Sure Thing.

It is said that nothing is sure except death and taxes, but that is not altogether true. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption is a sure cure for all lung and throat troubles. Thousands can testify to that. Mrs. C. B. Van Metre, of Shepherdtown, W. Va., says: "I had a severe case of Bronchitis and for a year tried everything I heard of, but got no relief. One bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery then cured me absolutely." It's infallible for Croup, Whooping Cough, Grip, Pneumonia and Consumption. Try it. It's guaranteed by all druggists. Trial bottles free. Reg. sizes 50c, $1.00.

Because

there is nothing wanting in

Hunter Whiskey

it leads in universal popularity. It has

Absolute Purity, Faultless Quality, Exquisite Flavor.

Sold at all first-class cafes and by jobbers.
WM. LANAHAN & SON, Baltimore, Md.

LIKED THE MONEY

And a Rude Jar Was Given to Kansas Philanthropy.

Discovery Was Made That Paupers Were Selling Gifts.

Wichita, Kan., May 6.—Mrs. L. B. Couch, secretary of the Associated Charities, long has been convinced that the association's way of dispensing charity is much the best, and she declares that she was confirmed in that belief by an experience which she had last week. In this instance she had helped the family until they said they were satisfied, but the neighbors continued to "be good" to them, until they had their shanty so full of furniture and clothing that they found it necessary to hold a public auction to get rid of the surplus. That is what Mrs. Couch calls overdoing charity.

The case is that of a family which consisted of a man, his wife and four children. They landed in Wichita the day before the big wind and rain storms of a couple of weeks ago, and took shelter in an old house, all but one room of which had been burned. They had a team and a wagon, but that was all. The little room was bare, when Mrs. Couch was directed there by kind-hearted neighbors.

It was not the first time she had met the same family. They had been under her care in this city about two years ago, and from here had gone to Kansas City. Thence they "treked" back to Oklahoma City, and from there came to Wichita again. When first they were here, the head of the house was sick, and the wife made hair switches and ornaments, by which means she managed to keep the family from starving. This time, however, it was she who was sick. She had suffered a slight attack of paralysis, from which she had partially recovered, but not enough to permit her to do any work. She said that the doctor told her she should travel, and that they "were traveling for her health."

After they had become settled in Wichita, Mrs. Couch saw to it that they were given such things as were absolutely necessary, from the store that is kept in the associated charities room, and neighbors contributed a heating stove, a bedstead and other articles that would add to their comfort.

"Now," said Mrs Couch to the woman, "you have everything you need, have you not?"

"Yes," was the reply. "Everything we need."

The man had hustled out as soon as he got his family dumped into the house, and procured work for himself and his team. He said he was making $3 a day.

"They will get along beautifully," said Mrs. Couch, in speaking of the case to a visitor, "If the neighbors, in their efforts to be kind, don't overdo the thing and give them too much. That will spoil them, for it will take away their self-reliance and I am afraid they will make that woman think she is too sick to do anything at all. When I went down there, I found three or four neighbor women there talking to her."

A visit showed that the expected had happened. So much stuff had been given to them that they had concluded that work was not in their line. They found that they could sell out and make money. A public sale was held and all the stuff, including that which had been loaned them by the Associate Charities, went under the hammer. The stove and a mattress had been sold for 50 cents each. Other articles brought enough to run the total up to more than $6—a rich sum for such people—and they loaded themselves into their wagon and drifted away.

Mrs. Couch declares that it but illustrates the contention of Associate Charities that charity wrongly done is hurtful. The association holds that poor people should be taught to work for what they receive, and that to give to them promiscuously is to patronize them.

VOODOO AT NEW ORLEANS

Black Medicine Man Works Upon Superstitions of Blacks.

New Orleans, May 6.—A voodoo or conjure doctor is operating extensively in the upper portion of the city. He is shrewd in more ways than have been dreamed of by medical science. He is fleet of foot, without seeming in haste. He appears and disappears and when it is all over no one is the wiser for his coming and going.

Dressed in a light coat, black hat, and trousers that resemble the rainbow, he carries his stout form from house to house and offers his suggestions as a universal panacea slightly modified. The only disease beyond his skill are those that are yet unknown. His name is shrouded in mystery. He is described as having one eye and a lot of dignity and importance where the orb ought to be. His color is just a shade darker than a moonless midnight, which means that he is very black. He has two feet, which he uses one at a time. He makes but one visit, and whether he fails or succeeds, the result never reaches his ears, for he calls but once at the same place.

The foregoing is a competent description of the voodoo doctor, according to those who have had dealings with him.

The conjure man broadened his field of operations Friday afternoon. He left the black people, where he gained his first successes, and transferred his methods to the Caucasian race. He went to Lemuel Bovine, an old white man living at 1816 Terpsichore street, pretending that he could not only cure the case of rheumatism from which the white man was suffering, but also bring him remarkably good luck.

Before these miracles could come to pass, however, the "doctor" must have a handkerchief in which a five dollar bill was fastened. The necessity was in the doctor's hand in a minute. The handkerchief was tied around the sick man's neck, with the instructions that it should no: be taken off until the "doctor" called again. The handkerchief for a short while stayed in the desired place, while the doctor stayed away. A later discovery showed that the five dollar bill accompanied the "doctor."

This swindle was reported to Patrolman John F. Ryan, who turned the story in to headquarters, and now the police are on the lookout for the soi-dissant marvelous "physician."

A visit to the upper portion of the city revealed the fact that the voodoo "doctor" had been doing similar stunts in no small way. But all his profits heretofore had been reaped from his own people—the negroes—a number of whom had been duped by him.

HANDSOME Low Shoes

Blacks and Tans

Newest shapes and styles—easy to the foot—for the coming summer. Excellent showing for Ladies at $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50; for Gentlemen at $3.00, $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00.

Stacy, Adams & Co.

Fine Shoes, made for men who insist upon having the best—all the leading leathers, including the new tans, in both shoes and oxfords—

$5.00 and $6.00

Sorosis $3.50 Shoes for Ladies.

There is no shoe that is more popular today than the Sorosis. Everyone admires the style and comfort of this shoe. Sorosis Low Shoes are perfect fitting; they do not gape at the sides—always—

$3.50

Children's Shoes, Low Shoes and Slippers

A most complete assortment at right prices.

Wieland Shoe Co.,

123 West Superior Street.

PECAN GROVES OF GEORGIA

Industry Has Made Great Strides In Last Few Years.

Albany, Ga., May 6.—The Georgia pecan industry has made great strides in the last few years. In this section are some of the finest groves in the world.

Ideal soil and climatic conditions, combined with a careful study of the tree and its fruit by skilled horticulturists, have given to southwest Georgia pecans which promise to become a source of wealth. Until recently there have not been half a dozen groves in Georgia that produced nuts in quantity for commercial use. So great has been the demand for superior nuts for planting purposes that they have commanded prices far beyond the reach of those who have used them as table nuts. These conditions are now being changed by the coming into bearing of some of the groves planted ten or twelve years ago.

C. M. Bacon, whose groves are at De Witt, twelve miles south of Albany, is known as the "Pecan King." He has developed more varieties of fine paper shell pecans than any man in the United States. He has trees now nearly twenty years old, and some yield annual crops of more than 2000 pounds of fine nuts.

The "pecan king" saw many years ago what the future of the pecan would be, and though he both preached and proceeded to practice, few followed his example. Today the groves which Mr. Bacon planted are very valuable.

The Bacon orchards are not the only ones in this part of the state that pay large profits. Several within a few miles of Albany produce nuts not surpassed by any in the world. The shell is little thicker than ordinary paper, the meat is firm and the flavor cannot be surpassed.

Many hundred acres have been planted in pecans in Dougherty county. It is not an uncommon thing to see pecan trees, in various stages of growth, in the midst of cotton and corn fields.

The cultivation of the land materially aids the trees, and after they attain the age of eight or nine years and begin bearing, the returns from the land are so large that the owner does not care to grow other crops on the same ground.

It is estimated that an acre of 15 or 20-year-old pecan trees, in full bearing, will yield an annual crop worth $900. Thus a man who owns a large grove of such trees has a bonanza.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

Whooping Cough.

"In the spring of 1901 my children had whooping cough," says Mrs. D. W. Capps, of Capps, Ala. "I used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy with the most satisfactory results. I think this is the best remedy I have ever seen for whooping cough." This remedy keeps the cough loose, lessens the severity and frequency of the coughing spells and counteracts any tendency toward pneumonia. For sale by all druggists.

NOTICE!

The California Restaurant Co. wishes to announce that it is connected with no other restaurant than The California, at 620 West Superior Street.

MOVING and STORAGE

The Old Reliable

Duluth Van Co.,

210 West Superior St. Phones 492.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele, and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prematurity, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores. The reason sufferers are not cured by doctors is because ninety per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE is the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5,000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if six boxes do not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box; six for $5.00 by mail. Send for free circular and testimonials. Address DA VOL MEDICINE CO., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

Miss Hapgood tells how she was cured of Fallopian and Ovarian Inflammation—and escaped an awful operation by using **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suffered for four years with what the doctors called Salpingitis (inflammation of the fallopian tubes) and ovaritis, which are most distressing and painful ailments, affecting all the surrounding parts, undermining the constitution, and sapping the life forces. If you had seen me a year ago, before I began taking **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and had noticed the sunken eyes, sallow complexion, and general emaciated condition, and compared that person with me as I am today, robust, hearty and well, you would not wonder that I feel thankful to you and your wonderful medicine, which restored me to new life and health in five months, and saved me from an awful operation."—MISS IRENE HAPGOOD, 1022 Sandwich St., Windsor, Ont.

Ovaritis or inflammation of the ovaries or fallopian tubes which adjoin the ovaries may result from sudden stopping of the monthly flow, from inflammation of the womb, and many other causes. The slightest indication of trouble with the ovaries, indicated by dull throbbing pain in the side, accompanied by heat and shooting pains, should claim your instant attention. It will not cure itself, and a hospital operation, with all its terrors, may easily result from neglect.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—**I can truly say that you have saved my life, and I cannot express my gratitude to you in words.**

"Before I wrote to you telling how I felt, I had doctored for over two years steady and spent lots of money in medicine besides, but it all failed to do me any good. My menses did not appear in that time, and I suffered much pain. I would daily have fainting spells, headache, backache and bearing down pain, and was so weak that it was hard for me to do my work.

"I used your medicine and treatment as directed, and after taking three bottles of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** menses appeared, my womb troubles left me, and I have been regular ever since. I used fourteen bottles of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and **Blood Purifier** together, and am now restored to perfect health. Had it not been for you, I would have been in my grave.

"I will always recommend your wonderful remedies, and hope that these few lines may lead others who suffer as I did to try your remedies."—MRS. T. C. WILLADSEN, R. R. No. 1, Manning, Iowa.

Such unquestionable testimony proves the power of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** over diseases of women.

Women should remember that they are privileged to consult Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., about their illness, entirely free.

A MISSING LINK

That Separates a Newspaper Artist From a Million Dollars.

Verdict of Coroner's Jury In Early Fifties Is Needed.

Louisville, Ky., May 6.—A $1,000,000 legacy, involving a romantic story covering half a century, hongs on the verdict rendeerd by a coroner's jury in New Albany, Ind., back in the early fifties. w

By this verdict John Simcoe, a newspaper artist, hopes to prove that John Frederick, a 15-year-old boy when it was rendered, is the only link missing from a chain of documentary evidence showing that he (Simcoe) is sole heir to the enormous legacy, which now lies in the vaults of the Boston Trust company.

This money has accumulated from patent royalties on a shoe invented years ago by the grandfather of Simcoe, John Frederick, at one time a shoemaker in New Albany, but who, after inventing a popular improvement in the manufacture of shoes, moved to Lynn, Mass., where his patent was adopted by one of the largest shoe factories in the world.

By Frederick's will the accumulation from the royalties on the patent was bequeathed to a trust company in trust for his heirs-at-law. Simcoe accidentally discovered that he was an heir, and after landing in New Albany to procure proofs of this, he has become aware of the fact that he is the only heir. The coroner's inquest in question is documentary evidence, he says, of this fact.

Simcoe was born in New Albany in 1864. His father was Oscar Simcoe, who at present makes his home in the National Soldiers' home, at Marion, Ind., and the maiden name of his mother was Miss Mary Frederick. Shortly after the marriage of his mother his grandparents moved to Lynn, Mass.

While sketching one of the large shoe factories at Lynn, Simcoe by accident came in contact with an old woman who was employed at the factory, and who was conversant with its history from the first day it was operated. Incidentally she mentioned the fact that it was the patent of John Frederick, an old shoemaker, who came out from New Albany, Ind., years ago, that made the factory famous. He questioned the old woman closely concerning the man, whom he knew to be his grandfather, and from her learned the story of the fortune that awaited his heirs.

Investigation proved that the woman's story was true, and it remained only for him to establish his identity to gain possession of a portion at least of the money. He learned at New Albany that he was the sole heir.

Simcoe's mother did not tell him until she was on her deathbed the true facts of his parentage, and that he was not a son of George Goodall.

Since Simcoe's arrival in New Albany he has found the record of the marriage of his father and mother, and has discovered documentary evidence that the children of the family of his grandfather Frederick were Mary and John Frederick.

All that is now needed to establish his sole heirship to the fortune is to prove the death of John Frederick, who was drowned in New Albany back in the '50s. A number of the older residents of New Albany remember the occurrence, but the coroner's verdict, which will probably be found, will be documentary evidence of the fact.

Mrs. Allen, who lives in Spring., near Vincennes street, New Albany, is a relative of Mr. Simcoe, and he has a number of other relatives in Southern Indiana. The late Mrs. G. W. Cuseaden, of Louisville, was a half-sister. Ernest Sprague, a Louisville attorney, is assisting Mr. Simcoe in looking up the records in the New Albany court house.

A Startling Test.

To save a life, Dr. T. G. Merritt, of No. Mehoopany, Pa., made a startling test resulting in a wonderful cure. He writes, "a patient was attacked with violent hemorrhages, caused by ulceration of the stomach. I had often found Electric Bitters excellent for acute stomach and liver troubles so I prescribed them. The patient gained from the first, and has not had an attack in 14 months." Electric Bitters are positively guaranteed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation and Kidney troubles. Try them. Only 50c, at all druggists.

AN UNIQUE TRICK

By Which a Diamond Thief Has Secured His Liberty.

Baltimore Authorities Were Waiting For His Release From Prison.

Columbus, O., May 6.—Diamond thief William Barrett, after serving a term of five years in the penitentiary for robbing a jewelry store in Hamilton, O., and badly wanted in three states is at liberty, as the result of a trick neatly turned by rich and influential confederates, on the officials of the penitentiary and the sheriff of Franklin county.

Wednesday afternoon, April 20, the sheriff's office communicated with Warden Hershey and informed him that there was a warrant out for the arrest of Barrett, to be served immediately upon his relase from the state's prison.

This warrant was based on requisition from the governor of Maryland, and honored by the governor of Ohio for the detention of Barrett until Baltimore officers could get there and procure the prisoner.

Warden Herschey assured the sheriff that Barrett would be turned over to the authorities here by 6:30 Thursday morning.

When Warden Herschey reached his office Thursday morning, just a little earlier than usual, he was informed by the guards having charge of Barrett that the prisoner, who was then in the office, was being turned over on a warrant that had been already served by officers then present.

Warden Herschey said he did not give the matter any more thought, as he supposed the men having Barrett in charge were deputies of the Franklin county sheriff's office.

He stepped up to Barrett, told him he was sorry to see him in additional trouble and wished him good luck, as he had been a model prisoner. With that the unknown and supposed officers departed with their prisoner.

Not five minutes after the departure of the parties purporting to be from Toledo, Deputy Sheriff Ed Phalen arrived with the warrant here for Barrett's arrest.

Phelan started at once for the Union depot and overtook Barrett and the Toledo officers.

Phelan declares that one of the men having Barrett in charge was Detective O'Brien of Toledo, whom he has known for years. O'Brien satisfied Phelan of the regularity of the proceeding and the Toledo officers, with Barrett, boarded an early train for the city on the Maumee.

The facts were reported by Phelan to Sheriff Karb and communication was at once opened with Sheriff Chambers of Lucas county. Sheriff Chambers gave the officers here reason to think that there was nothing irregular and promised to see that the prisoner was held for the legal authorities to turn over to Baltimore officers.

The Toledo warrant for Barrett's arrest was purported to have been issued by Justice of the Peace Parks and sworn out by ex-Police Judge Scott Kelly.

Detective O'Brien hasn't been out of bed for months, and the warrant was served by Constable Shanteau and Forest Fordham, a private detective.

Toledo officers had wind of the affair and waited at the depot for the party, but they reached the city by some other route and Barrett was arraigned in Parks' court.

The charge was of robbing Edward Harvey of a diamond and some money in this city in 1902. A man claiming to be Edward Harvey appeared and said that Barrett was not the man.

Barrett was discharged and disappeared. Toledo police are furious over what they openly denounce as a trick to free Barrett.

Deputy Sheriff Ed Phalen declared that he is sure one of the men having Barrett in charge at the depot was really O'Brien. If it was not O'Brien Phelan is certain O'Brien has a double.

Warden Herschey has known for some time that Barrett had wealthy and influential friends and relatives interested in his release.

It was not over a week before the release of Barrett that the warden received a letter from one of Barrett's relatives asking when the release would take place and whether there was any other charge against him, which he would have to face upon gaining his freedom.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

MEN'S SPRING SUITS, TOP COATS and CRAVENETTES

EXTRAORDINARY VALUES AT $10, $12, $15, $18 and $20

The "Ericson" Clothing fits as though to your exacting order. It not only looks good, but is good by reason of Superior Style and workmanship.

MEN'S NEW SPRING HATS.

The Hawes, in Stiff and Soft--$3.00
The Stetson, Soft-----$4, $5 and $6
The Tiger, in Soft and Stiff----$3.00
Other Popular Styles---$1, $1.50 $2

Great Variety of Caps.

For Street and Yachting in new and fetching Styles at **50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.**

The Best in Quality and Style that the price you pay can buy anywhere.

C. W. ERICSON, THE CLOTHIER
219 W. Superior Street.

THE SNAKE INDIANS

Are Thinking of Following the Kickapoos In Old Mexico.

Three of the Wise Men Have Gone to Investigate.

Guthrie, O. T., May 6.—The Snake band of the Creek Indians held a convention on April 26 for the purpose of selecting three delegates, whose duty it shall be to investigate conditons in Old Mexico, ascertain if a suitable tract of land can be secured for them and with power to close a deal for land should everything prove satisfactory. They have been told that they can find there for the taking a hunting ground that will suit their fancy and will not, in several generaions, be encroached on by the whites. This movement is headed by Tobe Berryhill, a leader, and he will be one of the delegates.

The Snake band has always resisted the allotment of their lands and several times has been in open rebellion to the government, under the leadership of Crazy Snake, their warlike leader. Now that they have been forced to take arbitrary allotment they will leave the land allotted to them by the government and go in a body to Mexico. On good authority it is stated they will not even remain long enough in Indian territory after allotment to sell their lands. The Snake band numbers fully 200 males.

If the full-bloods of Indian Territory, as is predicted, will agree to emigrate to Mexico, it will solve the problem of education, non-taxable allotted lands and many other questions of the union as one state with Oklahoma.

M. Bentley, who has successfully located 350 Kickapoos in Old Mexico, believes their removal a benefit not only to them, but also to the white people, and believes, too, that when seen in his light that he will have the assistance instead of the hindrance of the federal government. The Indians have no great improvements to speak of in leaving the country. Receiving a certain price for their lands, which money can be placed in the Mexican treasury for their benefit, they can virtually walk out of the territory. Given room to roam once more limitless prairie, vast forests and inaccessible mountains, the Indians willingly give up their present holdings. The full-bloods have but little idea of value of property and not the instinct of personal ownership of land. All they desire is to be left alone to wander, in primitive manner, the face of the earth.

The satisfaction expressed by the Kickapoos has spread among the full-bloods of Indian Territory. Some of the Kickapoos has returned as missionaries to persuade others to go, and behind this is the scheme to influence all full-bloods to emigrate. A vast region extending westward to the Pacific coast has been explored and the consent of President Diaz has been secured allowing the Indians to locate there. The Kickapoos are in Nacimiene, in the northwestern part of territory. There have been 350 of the Kickapoos removed to that locality.

PROHIBITION CONVENTION.

For Minnesota to Be Held at Minneapolis June 14.

Minneapolis, May 6.—The convention of the Prohibition party of the state of Minnesota is called to meet in the Y. M. C. A. hall in the city of Minneapolis, at 10 o'clock a. m. on Tuesday, June 14. The purpose of this convention is the nomination of presidential electors, candidates for state offices, the election of two members of the national committee, the election of state campaign committee and the transaction of other appropriate business.

The basis of representation is four delegates at large and one additional delegate for each thirty votes or major fraction thereof cast in each legislative district for Charles Scanlon for governor in 1902. The number of delegates to which each district is entitled is given below:

	Delegates.
First—Houston county	6
Second—Winona county	5
Third—Wabasha county	7
Fourth—Olmsted county	8
Fifth—Fillmore county	6
Sixth—Mower county	7
Seventh—Dodge county	7
Eighth—Steel county	6
Ninth—Freeborn county	8
Tenth—Waseca county	6
Eleventh—Blue Earth county	9
Twelfth—Faribault county	8
Thirteenth—Martin and Watonwan counties	9
Fourteenth—Jackson and Cottonwood counties	8
Fifteenth—Nobles and Murray counties	8
Sixteenth—Rock and Pipestone counties	7
Seventeenth—Lincoln, Lyon and Yellow Medicine counties	11
Eighteenth—Lac qui Parle and Chippewa counties	8
Nineteenth—Redwood and Brown counties	9
Twentieth—Nicollet county	6
Twenty-first—Sibley county	5
Twenty-second—Renville county	6
Twenty-third—Meeker county	6
Twenty-fourth—McLeod county	6
Twenty-fifth—Carver county	5
Twenty-sixth—Scott county	7
Twenty-seventh—Le Sueur county	7
Twenty-eighth—Rice county	7
Twenty-ninth—Goodhue county	8
Thirtieth—Dakota county	6
Thirty-first—Washington county	5
Thirty-second—Chisago, Pine and Kanabec counties	5
Thirty-third—First and Second wards, St. Paul	6
Thirty-fourth—Third, Ninth and part of Eighth wards, St. Paul	6
Thirty-fifth—Fifth and Sixth wards, St. Paul	5
Thirty-sixth—Fourth, Seventh and part of Eighth wards, St. Paul	6
Thirty-seventh—Part of Eighth, Tenth and Eleventh wards, St. Paul, and country in Ramsey county	8
Thirty-eighth—First, and part of Third ward, Minneapolis	7
Thirty-ninth—Second and Ninth wards, Minneapolis, and town of St. Anthony	8
Fortieth—Fourth ward, Minneapolis	5
Forty-first—Fifth and Sixth wards, Minneapolis	6
Forty-second—Seventh, Eleventh and Twelfth, Minneapolis; village of Edina; towns of Richfield, Bloomington, Eden Prairie; village and town of Excelsior, Hennepin county	9
Forty-third—Eighth and Thirteenth wards, Minneapolis; towns of Corcoran, Greenwood, Medina, Independence, Minnetonka, Plymouth, Minnestrista, Maple Grove, Orono, and the village of Golden Valley, St. Louis Park, West Minneapolis, Minnetonka Beach and Wayzata, Hennepin county	9
Forty-fourth—Part of Third and Tenth wards, Minneapolis, and village of Crystal Lake, Brooklyn, Champlin, Dayton and Hansan, Hennepin county	6
Forty-fifth—Isanti, Anoka, Mille Lacs and Sherburne counties, except Seventh ward, St. Cloud	7
Forty-sixth—Wright county	7
Forty-seventh—Benton county; Seventh ward St. Cloud, in Sherburne county; city of St. Cloud and towns of St. Cloud and Le Sauk, in Stearns county	5
Forty-eighth—Morrison and Crow Wing counties	7
Forty-ninth—Seventh and Eighth wards, city of Duluth, and townships 49 and 50, range 15, all of St. Louis county west of range 15	6
Fiftieth—Third, Fifth and Sixth wards, city of Duluth, all outside of city of Duluth between ranges 13 and 14, and between range lines 15 and 16	5
Fifty-first—First, Second and Fourth wards of the city of Duluth; all of St. Louis county east of range line between ranges 13 and 14, Lake and Cook counties	5
Fifty-second—Aitkin, Carlton, Cass and Itasca counties	7
Fifty-third—Hubbard, Todd and Wadena counties	10
Fifty-fourth—Stearns county, except city of St. Cloud and towns of St. Cloud and Le Sauk	5
Fifty-fifth—Kandiyohi county	6
Fifty-sixth—Big Stone and Swift counties	8
Fifty-seventh—Grant, Stevens and Traverse counties	9
Fifty-eighth—Douglas and Pope counties	7
Fifty-ninth—Otter Tail county	15
Sixtieth—Becker, Clay and Wilkin counties	11
Sixty-first—Beltrami, Norman and Red Lake counties	11
Sixty-second—Polk county	11
Sixty-third—Marshall, Kittson and Roseau counties	9

Cured His Mother of Rheumatism

"My mother has been a sufferer for many years with rheumatism," says W. H. Howard, of Husband, Pa. "At times she was unable to move at all, while at all times walking was painful. I presented her with a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and after a few applications she decided it was the most wonderful pain reliever she had ever tried, in fact, she is never without it now and is at all times able to walk. An occasional application of Pain Balm keeps away the pain that she was formerly troubled with." For sale by all druggists.

The North-Western Line.

The new equipment announced to be placed in service on "The North-Western Line" between Duluth and Chicago, will not take place until May 9th, the management having been disappointed in getting cars ready for May 1st.

DEVIL MOOSE TO BE HUNTED

Will Try to Capture Monster Bull, Dead or Alive.

Crookston, Minn., May 6.—A hunting party composed of some of the leading men of this city will shortly be organized by W. S. Lycan and will start for the Lake of the Woods country on a strange and novel mission.

It will be for the express purpose of capturing "dead or alive" a monster bull moose, which heretofore has been considered as existing only in the minds of the superstitious band of Indians known as the Buffalo Point band of the Chippewas.

These tribesmen are very primitive in their lives and are so isolated from the possible glimpses of civilization that they are unusually superstitious.

Indian agents who have been in their territory have amusedly listened to the fabulous stories of this monster moose from them.

But recently two timber cruisers, personal friends of W. S. Lycan, have come down from the country, and they tell a tale of a startling nature, but which has been corroborated by other hunters, and as a result the party has been organized.

The moose is described as a monster bull, weighing nearly 2500 pounds, with antlers of a seven-foot sweep, and it is said that his crashing through the forest makes a sound like the distant roar of an avalanche.

The Indians have become so superstitious and stand in such fear of him that when they know of his being in the vicinity they pull up camp and immediately take to the woods as fast as they can.

The question of the monster's existence being at last settled, the hunting party will spare no efforts to take him, and those from this city will be joined by woodsmen familiar with the country and Indian guides who know the trails well in the vast territory he is wont to frequent.

The Indians are leaving the country where he was recently seen, and it is said they are predicting dire calamity if the "devil moose," as they call him, is killed by the white hunters.

There is considerable excitement all through the territory on account of the proposed expedition, and interest is keen as to the results.

The party will be joined by prominent men from here and other cities.

WORKING HARD TO GET A ZOO

Birmingham Boys and Girls Are Raising the Funds.

Birmingham, Ala., May 6.—The boys of Birmingham have tired of pet dogs, goats and white rabbits.

They want elephants, Nubian horses, grizzly bears and whoop-de-doodles.

And they are whooping things up to get them. Boys and girls are simply currying the city for subscriptions to the elephant fund.

The boys and girls of Birmingham have perfected an organization to establish a zoological garden here which they propose the city shall maintain in one of the parks after the boys and girls have furnished the animals. Already a fund has been started for the purchase of an elephant. A committee of three boys is to be selected to go to New York to buy the elephant, which is to be nucleus around which the zoo is to be built. Hundreds of boys and girls are out collecting subscriptions. For each 10 cents subscribed the subscriber or collector is entitled to one vote in naming the committee to go to New York to select and buy the elephant.

The boys started the movement by organizing the Children's Zoological Garden association. Its officers are Sam Clabaugh, president; Joe Mudd, vice president; James Gillespie, secretary; Robert Badham, treasurer. There is also a board of twelve directors, all composed of boys under 16 years of age.

The committee proposes to go to New York about June 1 to purchase the elephant, and if they have sufficient funds they will buy a camel, lions, tigers, bears and other animals.

There is a great contest among the boys and girls over choosing the committee to go to New York, and it is probable that a large sum will be raised. While it is expected that the city government will maintain the zoo, the title to the animals will remain in the hands of the boys' and girls' association.

Quick Arrest.

J. A. Gulledge, of Verbena, Ala., was twice in the hospital from a severe case of piles causing tumors. After doctors and all remedies failed, Bucklen's Arnica Salve quickly arrested further inflammation and cured him. It conquers aches and kills pain. 25c, at all druggists.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Tested and tried for over 60 years. A regular doctors' medicine. Of course you know it. Then do not forget it. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

HERE, YOU BISCUIT TOSSER,

Say the Orderly to Gen. Corbin's Wife.

New York, May 6.—The servant girl problem, involved with the marriage proposition, is far from solution on Governor's island.

An officer who is familiar with the conditions on the island said that there were only three servant girls left on the reservation. One of these is to be married tomorrow, while the other two girls are open to proposals of mariage from any eligible enlisted man or non-com.

Gen. Corbin is a stickler for distinctive uniforms for the different branches of the service.

The difficulty of selecting a properly distinctive uniform for soldiers in the role of "biscuit tossers," as the maids are called by the rank and file, has so far prevented the issuing of general orders.

An orderly came near getting into trouble through the servant girl famine. He was sent to deliver a note to an officer high in rank. He found a woman nailing down a carpet in the front hall of the officer's residence. She wore working clothes.

"Here, you 'biscuit tosser,'" said the smart orderly, "take this letter in to the general."

"How dare you insult me, the general's wife?" shouted the woman, arising in her dignity and confronting the wilted orderly, who foresaw courtmartial and Fort Columbus.

The general himself put in an appearance and viewed the occurrence good naturedly, for the garb of his wife would disarm any one of any impression that she was the mistress of the house.

A little life may be sacrificed to a sudden attack of croup, if you don't have Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil on hand for the emergency.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. *Brent Good*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

THE SSS BEST TONIC

It increases the appetite, tones up the stomach, invigorates and strengthens the system, and furnishes purer and better blood for the upbuilding of the run-down constitution. You will find no tonic to act so promptly and beneficially where the health has given way, the strength over-taxed by hard work and close confinement. Those living in the low, marshy sections of the country, exposed to miasmatic poisons and breathing the impure air arising from stagnant pools and swamps, till their systems are filled with malaria and their health undermined, will find S. S. S. a most excellent tonic, and its timely use has many times prevented the serious complications that so often result from malaria.

Good blood, good appetite and good digestion are the foundation stones of good health. S. S. S. supplies all these, containing as it does ingredients for the purification of the blood and also well-known tonic properties, making it the ideal remedy in cases where the blood has deteriorated, the stomach disordered and appetite has failed.

S. S. S. being a purely vegetable compound, leaves no bad after-effects, like the strong potash and mineral remedies, which are bad on the stomach and nerves. A course of S. S. S. now will fortify the system, and the impurities that have accumulated through the long winter months are more readily and promptly thrown off, and the warm weather finds you in good physical condition, instead of weak, run-down, tired and debilitated, with no appetite or energy, as is apt to be the case where the system is neglected and nature left to take care of herself. If you need a tonic and appetizer, you will find S. S. S. the best. Medical advice without charge to all who write us about their case.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Canton, Ohio, Aug. 6, 1903.

Gentlemen: S. S. S. is a good medicine. I keep it in the house all the while. It is an excellent tonic to give strength to the system and tone to all the organs. It gives appetite and energy and makes one feel better in every way. I have found it also an excellent blood purifier. For months I was troubled with an itching skin eruption on the face, and I tried specialists and many remedies to get a cure, but S. S. S. is the only medicine that seemed to relieve. I am now comparatively free of this eruption. I think a great deal of your medicine, believing it to be the best blood purifier and tonic known to the world to-day.

MRS. FRANK HORNER.
1380 E. Seventh st.

Altoona, Pa., June 20, 1903.

I have always been averse to giving a testimonial, and only do so now because of a desire to have others benefited by the use of your most excellent medicine. Before using S. S. S. this spring I very much felt the need of a tonic; was troubled with Dyspepsia and Constipation, and my blood was in bad condition. The use of your specific has driven away all indications of Dyspepsia, regulated my bowels, enriched my blood, and caused me to gain 20 pounds in weight, so that I feel in better physical condition than I have in years. In my judgment there is no better tonic and blood purifier on the market than your preparation, and I unhesitatingly recommend it as such.

A. L. FISHER.

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DRESSING THE HOME.

Of more importance, perhaps, than public playgrounds for children is the private playground which usually occupies the back yard. To bring up children with neat, tidy and sanitary ideas they must be educated by example. A home where the back yard is full of rubbish and dirt with grounds in front bare of grass or filled with weeds, with untidiness written over the entire face of things, is as fatal to the self-respect of a growing child as are dirty hands and face and slovenly, ill-fitting and ragged clothes.

It is easy to make the surroundings of one's home look as though it was occupied by a gentleman, instead of leaving them in such condition as to give the passer-by the impression that the place is inhabited by people of the hobo order, deficient in civic pride and ordinary intelligence.

It is not alone for sanitary reasons, therefore, that the back yard should receive attention. Making it cleanly and attractive in appearance will not only tend to the mental and moral improvement of one's own children, but to his neighbor's and his neighbors' children. Clean your yard, but do not stop there. A bare plot surrounded by coarse board fences and ornamented only with clothes lines and dilapidated outhouses is almost as unsightly as heaps of tin cans and ashes. Because clothes must be hung there is no reason why the hanging place should not be a beauty spot.

Sod the center of your back yard where the clothes hang, and keep the grass in good condition. In the center plant a shrub or a bed of flowers. Plant sweet peas or other vines along the unsightly fences and at their base have more shrubs or the taller flowers. Let the children also have flower beds of their own along the edge of the yard and teach them how to derive pleasure from their study of nature's mysteries.

Thus a back yard, usually a horror, may be turned into a beautiful picture, which will not only be of direct benefit to you and yours, but to all humanity and all posterity. Dress your home for the public gaze as fit as you would have yourself or your wife to be.

INTERNATIONAL ARBITRATION.

The conference on international arbitration at Lake Monhonk, N. Y., the tenth annual meeting of which occurs June 1-3, is an impressive gathering with a unique history. From the thirty or so interested men who attended the first meeting in 1895, the conference has grown in numbers and influence until it now has no difficulty in commanding for nearly a week of each year the time and ability of 250 and more eminent people—educators, jurists, diplomats, statesmen and business leaders—from the big institutions of the country. Its utterances command wide attention and respect, and its annual reports take high rank as authority on the great questions with which they deal.

This striking growth is due largely to the fact that the conference has always persistently adhered to its subject and has been notably successful in the delicate task of discussing and promoting the principle of international arbitration without becoming side-tracked in the limitless field of the general peace propaganda or getting hopelessly lost in the realms of theory. The conference maintains a permanent office at Lake Mohonk, and exerts a continuous and powerful influence in pointing out in a practical way that arbitration between nations, if not always possible, as a substitute for war, has, nevertheless, vast possibilities as yet very imperfectly developed.

OF ONE BLOOD.

The study of races is always an interesting one, and the more one studies the more likely he is to discover that the different divisions of the Caucasian race have been mixed interminably and that while there are differences in speech, customs, manners and features as a result of geographical segregation, in the matter of blood all are very closely allied. A correspondent of the New York Sun, writing from Ithaca, N. Y., makes the reasonable claim that the Scotch (except the Highlanders) and the Scotch-Irish are not Celts, but people of the same race as the English, that is, Anglo-Saxons with a Norman admixture.

"In the first place," says this writer, "the Scotch-Irish are mainly descendants of English and Scotch colonists, placed on confiscated Irish land in 1608 (Plantation of Ulster) and subsequently by English rulers. These Scotch colonists were Lowlanders. Secondly, the Scotch themselves (always excepting the Highlanders) are not Celts, but men of the same blood as the English. Robert Bruce, John Balliol, the Stuarts, John Knox, Robert Burns, Hume, Adam Smith, Sir Walter Scott, Carlyle—these were not Celts, nor were the people Celts among whom they lived, and whom they governed or represented or led. The civilization for which they stand was not a Celtic, but essentially an Anglo-Saxon civilization. Politically, they were in the same kingdom as the Celtic Highlanders, racially, they were akin, not to the Highlanders, but to the English across the border."

It might not be out of place to mention here that Robert Burns, himself a Lowlander, found his ideal in "Highland Mary," however much they may have differed, and so it has been from time immemorial.

History tells us that the Danes overran the British isles and governed them for years; the Romans who first conquered left their impress upon the populace, Norway governed Scotland for 200 years and colonized many of her people there; the Celts themselves are supposed to have traveled northward from Italy and Spain; we find in the Germans also descendants of the Angles, Jutes and Saxons; the German immigration into Scandinavian countries, has been large; and so it would be hard to find a Caucasian in any country who is not related by blood to the residents of every other Caucasian nation.

It has been left to America not only to produce the highest type of man through re-admixture of blood, but to undo the babel of tongues brought about by the segregation of centuries, and to bring all the people of the world into a realization of the universal brotherhood of man.

A REPUBLICAN OASIS.

Although he spoke only for himself, and not in behalf of his "stand-pat" colleagues, Representative Littlefield of Maine made one notable utterance in the last congress that stands as an oasis in a desert of Republican platitudes. Be it remembered, also, that Mr. Littlefield gave evidence of honesty and independence when he voted in favor of investigating the methods of the administration in acquiring title to the Panama canal.

During the debate on the tariff question, which was notable for the manner in which the Republican members refrained from admitting that any revision was necessary, Mr. Littlefield made the following momentous declaration:

"As to the question of selling abroad for a less price than an American manufacturer actually sells at home, I wish to state, here and now, that I firmly believe in and advocate a change in the tariff wherever and whenever, by reason of the tariff, an American manufacturer is able to sell abroad cheaper than he sells at home."

It would seem that that ought to be a good policy to adopt for a party whose claim has always been that its only concern is the protection of the American workingmen from the lower-priced labor of other countries. But the unanimity with which the representatives of the party in congress turned down this proposition of Mr. Littlefield is undeniable evidence of its insincerity and hypocrisy in claming to be the especial champion of the laboring man.

The fact that congress also ordered an investigation of the beef trust instead of ordering the attorney general to proceed against it at once under the criminal clause of he Sherman anti-trust law, furnishes further evidence that the party is irrevocably committed to the cause of the combines, and that no relief for the people can be expected from that source shonld the party again be successful at the polls.

THE FIELD SURVEY

The bulk of the people are so conscientiously afraid they may take something that does not belong to them that they permit a few rascals to take much that really belongs to the people. And the Republican pary "stands pat" on that proposition.

* * *

To be able to "retreat in good order" is almost as great a victory as to "regret to report."

* * *

The New York Sun claims that President Roosevelt has driven away prosperity by assuming that he has done things to the trusts that he has not done. If the predatory trusts have suffered any harm from Roosevelt, it was simply by words that have not been backed up by deeds. The Sun is trying to blame the president for a condition of affairs that the trust promoters and stock waterers themselves have brought about. Even the late lamented McKinley, with the backing of that great patriot, Marcus A. Hanna, could not have protected them against their own folly.

* * *

Justice Gaynor of the New York supreme court has removed the legal obstacle which stood in the way of baseball games on Sunday. His decision holds that such contests are not contrary to law when they do not disturb the religious peace of the community. Has New York more liberal and just laws than Minnesota? Would it not be possible to secure a similar decision from the Minnesota courts and thus do away with the legal obstacle to Sunday baseball? Those who are interested in individual liberty might look into this phase of the matter.

* * *

The Panama canal is now "ours." What will you give us for it?

* * *

Like a great many other people, the editor of the New York Sun is enamored of John Sharp Williams, and exclaims: "If the Democrats only knew when they had a good thing!" But, should the Democratic party finally discover that they had a good thing, would the Sun?

* * *

The Chinese, naturally, would like to have their open door so that they can put the "push" label on both sides.

* * *

Russia may yet make good her promise to evacuate Manchuria.

* * *

Why did old-time painters usually make pictures of poets and authors as if their subjects had their backs turned to a strong wind?

* * *

Says the Baltimore American: "In several public speeches, made more than a year ago, President Roosevelt declared that the law regarding combines must be enforced, and that he would do all in his power to secure such enforcement. How well he has kept these promises the record shows." Yes, it shows that he has not kept his promises.

* * *

Smokeless powder is always dangerous in a defective gun. So is any other kind.

* * *

If Collins defeated Duluth because he was afraid to let the convention go to a Dunn county, why did he take it to Ramsey county, which is conceded to Dunn?

* * *

"If Russia has any reserves it is about time for the czar to wheel them into line," says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. The trouble is that the "wheeling" of both men and supplies must be done over an abnormally long single-track railroad, and the problem is too great for military skill to overcome. Russia has overreached herself and it is almost safe to say that she will not dictate terms of settlement in the Japanese capital. The vain boastings of Russian officers is sufficient indication of their realization that they are "up against it."

* * *

Since the Republican newspapers are so positive that the election of Roosevelt is a cinch, they ought not to start the cry that the presidential campaign is injurious to business. How can prosperity be interrupted when the result is a foregone conclusion?

* * *

A little thing like perjury does not bother a man who has been in the habit of making explanations to half a dozen wives.

TALKS WITH THE STATE PRESS.

Advice from the old buck of the Anoka Union: "Republicans of Anoka, don't be sheep any more led to slaughter."

* * *

Through a desire to be useful the Sandstone Courier says:

In a two-column editorial, The Duluth Evening Herald excitedly asks, "Where will a man spit?" Well since you say the microbes are likely to fly back at you from the sidewalk or street, our advice to people in your pickle would be to spit in Lake Superior.

All right, come up and hold it for us.

* * *

The able political economist of the Minneapolis Tribune says:

The Parker view is that the great corporations must be left to control of the states. With the evolution of the trust idea, nearly all the great corporations, industrial as well as railroad, have escaped finally and completely from state control. The Parker idea means, in effect, that they must be left without any control whatever. That is one Democratic extreme. The other is the Bryan or Hearst idea that all power of the federal government should be put forth to crush industrial enterprise, to hamper business, to paralyze the mechanism of production and exchange, to wreck the framework of civilized society that reckless and selfish demagogues may climb to power upon its ruins. These are the two extremes of Democratic anarchy.

The happy mean, the "sane" plan, of course, is the Republican policy of passing laws to punish combinations in restraint of interstate commerce and then—leaving them unenforced.

* * *

The editor of the Paynesville Press wants a lower berth when he goes to the St. Louis exposition. He says:

Messrs. Whitney, Stine and Meyst have done more for the state editorial association than any other three members could possibly have done and aside from a little contemptible jealousy there is no earthly reason why we should turn upon them.

* * *

There is a world of sense in this from the Sauk Center Herald: "Just, fair and equitable legislation never disturbs legistimate businss." The men who howl loudest about politics disturbing business are generally the ones who are conducting a business that should be disturbed.

IF YOU DO NOT KNOW, YOU OUGHT TO KNOW:

That the immigration to the United States from 1828 to 1903 equalled just one-quarter of our present population. It is no wonder that it takes some time to get rid of the German-American, Irish-American and Russian-American brands and call ourselves simply and plainly Americans.

* * *

That the Germans consume just one-third of all the beer drunk in Europe.

* * *

That since 1895 England has been involved in fourteen more or less serious wars. During the past nine years such "peaceful expeditions" have cost her $1,250,000,000, and during the same period she has spent about $2,000,000,000 more on the normal expenditures for building and maintaining war vessels, barracks and troops, etc.

* * *

That in one province of Russia nearly 500,000 people, farmers at that, get their sustenance from less than three acres of land per capita.

* * *

That it is not generally supposed to be a fact, but, nevertheless, it is well authenticated, that bricks will outlast granite.

* * *

That during March permits were granted in Chicago for the construction of 600 buildings, with a frontage of 17,628 feet, and costing $2,100,000. The cost of the buildings for which permits have been taken out for the first quarter of this year in Chicago, aggregate $5,460,000; those for the first quarter of 1903, $7,381,0000, and those for the first quarter of 1902, $15,350,000, and only in 1900 and 1899, since 1897, has there been as little building (in cost) during the first quarter of the year.

* * *

That insurance experts estimate that there is a salvage of from 50 to 75 per cent upon skyscrapers whose structures were of steel encased in fire-proof tile, that successfully withstood the terrible test of the Baltimore fire. These buildings were constructed for ordinary commercial purposes, sufficiently fire-proof to withstand the ordinary fires that one expects in cities. They could have been made to have absolutely withstood even such an awful test as that Baltimore fire, but people would not pay the price. Yet the cost of the steel and fire-proof tile barely reaches 12 per cent of the total value of the buildings, or let us say 25 per cent more than if those structural parts had been of wood and for that small difference in cost has there been effected a salvage of 75 per cent! Certainly a splendid vindication of the theories of fire-proof tile protection. Now then, if people will listen to the experts and go a step further and make their windows, and doors, and finished floor and glass and other such parts as fireproof as the structural steel and tile, and the outer casings of brick, instead of granite and marble, then will we have buildings that can successfully withstand even as severe a test as that given those skyscrapers at Baltimore, without suffering any damage whatever.

* * *

That in Denmark there is an old maids' insurance company that pays regular weekly benefits to spinsters of 40 years and upward.

HOTEL GOSSIP

J. N. Searles, of Stillwater, who has been stopping for some time at the Spalding, is being generally talked of for one of the judgeships of the district court there, and seems to have a very likely chance of geting it. He was some years ago elected to the legislature on the Republican ticket in his district, but owing to a contest brought about by the discovery of some slight irregularities in his precinct, the legislature felt compelled to seat in his place a Democrat, James O'Brien, a well-known lumberman, who died recently at Grand Rapids.

Capt. Searles was at the head of the same company in the late civil war in which Thomas H. Pressnell, deputy clerk of the United States district court, was a corporal. This was Company C. He had studied law at Hastings before the outbreak of the war, when he enlisted as a private in Company H of the First Minnesota volunteers. He was afterwards made hospital steward, then promoted to a first lieutenancy and put in charge of the ambulance corps of the Second division of the Second army corps. This was Hancock's corps.

He was again advanced to captain and made the officer in charge of the ambulance corps of the Second division at Gettysburg. In his own company he rose to second lieutenant and then became first lieutenant of Company K. At Gettysburg Capt. Wilson B. Farrell of Company C was killed and Lieut. Farrell was put in his place.

After his return from the war he removed to Stillwater, where he has since resided and practiced law. He is here working in the case of the condemnation proceedings brought by the Minnesota & North Wisconsin Logging railroad. The captain expects to return home this afternoon.

* * *

Miss Ida Trezona, of St. Paul, registered at the Spalding last night.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Dean Holt, of Scanlon, are at the McKay.

* * *

Among the Spalding guests are Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Comfort, of Stillwater and Mr. and Mrs. F. N. Jaynes, of Minneapolis.

* * *

M. M. Gasser and wife, after a long residence at hte Spalding, have taken a flat on Superior street.

* * *

Mrs. E. W. Coons and Mrs. J. J. Murphy, of Virginia, are among the St. Louis arrivals.

* * *

Smooth faces are not so much confined to the profession of the stage as formerly. Lots of men in all walks of life keep smoothly shaven in these days, and this fact was brought to the fore the other day by an incident at one of the hotels. Three or four actors were introduced to a Duluth man by one of their party. The Duluth man had just had a shave.

"Is your company playing here, sir?" asked one of the actors of the new acquaintance.

"No, I am not an actor. I live in the city," was the reply.

"Oh, I beg your pardon, I though as this other Thespian had you in tow that you were one of the players at one of the other houses, or with the Florence Stone Stock company."

"Please remember," interrupted the man who had done the introducing, "That some people who are smoothfaced are not on the stage. Kindly remember that some of them have good jobs."

And to make the rebuke strike all the deeper he put the accent on the word "good."

* * *

Hans Peterson, registered at the St. Louis from Mora, brings up the following story told by a railroad man in the city recently, about a conversation he had with a friend of his who is always kicking.

"You certainly have a lot of trouble at your house don't you?" said he.

"Yes, but it isn't a 'marker' to the trouble I had with Hathaway, the ticket agent, today," replied the troubled friend.

"Hathaway, the Great Northern man?"

"Yes. Well, he ain't so large. You see I wanted to go down to a town called Mora, near Hinckley. I went up to the counter and said to Hathaway: 'Can I go to Mora and get back today?'

"'What's that?' says Hathaway.

"'I want to know if I can go to Mora and get back today,' says I.

"'Say, my dear boy, compose yourself, compose yourself.'

"'I am composed,' says I. 'I want to go to Mora today and get back tonight.'

"'My dear man,' says Hathaway, 'You've got a flat wheel—I have no control of the future.'

"I got hot in the collar and said, 'If I can't go to Mora today and get back tonight, can I go to Mora tonight and return tomorrow; or can I go to Mora tomorrow and get back tomorrow, or if I get to Mora the day after tomorrow can I get back to Mora that night?' This led to blows and we had a lively scrap. I don't know when I'll get to Mora.

* * *

At the Spalding: John H. Neville, Bay City, Mich.; Frank F. Becker, Kankiuna, Wis.; J. H. Kartock, C. C. Andrews, J. E. Engquist, St. Paul; Edward Allen, Savage; J. H. Hearding, Eveleth; C. L. Paston, Minneapolis; D. F. Brooks, St. Paul; E. J. Cooper, W. C. McGaipin, George A. Aronson, Minneapolis; Terry Naughton, Mortimer Forest, W. B. Hutter, St. Paul.

* * *

At the St. Louis: Vivian Prince, Mrs. C. W. More, Eveleth; Miss Dingwall, Milwaukee; F. L. Bray, St. Paul; J. B. Connors, Hibbing; E. Marcom, Tower; Frank Stadden, W. E. Jesmer, C. Beidr, Princeton; L. Cohen, Ashland; Pat Greaney, Willow River; C. S. Judd, Saginaw; E. Van Camp, St. Thomas, N. D.; Mrs. N. L. Clark, Two Harbors; J. C. McGilvery, Eveleth; E. J. Doane, Detroit; A. C. Nooess, Rochester; George McDonald, Negaunee; P. G. Pastout, Two Harbors; G. F. Ross, Deer River; Joseph P. Berkly, Stillwater; G. J. Backus, S. F. Thompson, H. A. Moore, D. D. Geer, W. E. Staer, Loms Morris, Minneapolis; John Copeland, M. J. Woulfe, St. Paul; G. A. Keller, Lake Nebagamon; W. H. Nelson, Decorah, Iowa; J. L. Kimball, Virginia; C. C. Fouch, Barquette; P. J. McCann, Thomas Sultwan, St. Paul; Edgar C. Watters, E. E. Stevens, Minneapolis; P. J. Moussey, Ewen, Mich.; L. Sundley, Marquette; James E. Connell, Mory; William Muenze, Minneapolis.

* * *

At the McKay: P. B. Drummond, Eau Claire; R. E. Smith, Scanlon; Mrs. Som Hunter, Skibo; James P. Maher, Utica; Alex McNell, Dayton; Charles L. Gall, Detroit; J. S. McIntosh, Milwaukee; J. E. Carpenter, Crookston; Lafe Mills, Two Harbors; G. H. Durbrow, St. Paul; W. J. Burke, St. Louis; J. B. Beatty, Allen Junction; A. C. Pfeiffer, Minneapolis; C. W. B. Ellis, Hawley.

Wages.

The Jawbone: When a man renders the masterpiece of his soul there are always countless human phonographs that squeak it to the world, claiming it as their own.

It makes but might little difference what is said of any man. No amount of praise or criticism can increase or decrease the actual value of his work.

When the world ceases investing in sin the tax of disease will be cancelled.

A wise man consorts with builders, but a fool maketh merry with vandals.

A One Beer Joke.

Big Bill Edwards, the Princeton college football player, went into old Hans' "joint" and ordered beer. Old Hans is a character in Princeton and the special delight of the boys when they are inclined to joke.

As Edwards finished drinking the beer he set his glass on the bar and said: "That's fine beer, Hans. Whose beer is that?"

"Dot peer," Hans said. "Dot peer com vrom Schloss brudders by Rochester. Dot is de pest peer un Brinceton."

"Schloss' beer, is it, Hans?" said Edwards as he edged toward the dor. "Well, I'm going to Rochester tomorrow, I'll drop in and pay Schloss for it;" and he walked out. Hans took the joke in good part, but when Percy Pines, anotner champion of the gridiron, strolled in a little later and smacked his lips over the beer, Hans pricked up his ears.

Pines set his glass on the bar and looked into it reflectively. "Say, Hans," he said, "that's good beer. Whose beer is that?"

Hans looked at him and saw tnat he had heard of Edwards' joke. He brought his fist down with a bang.

"Dot's my peer," he shouted, "and py golly you pay me for it."

Dr PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

Dr. Price's Baking Powder supplies a pure, wholesome leavening agent, which makes the biscuit and cake of highest healthfulness at medium cost and protects the food from alum, which is the greatest dietary danger of the day.

The foremost baking powder in all the world.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO. CHICAGO.

NOTE.—Alum baking powders are low priced, as alum costs but two cents a pound; but alum is a corrosive poison and it renders the baking powder dangerous to use in food.

DULUTH DOINGS OF TWENTY YEARS AGO

*** T. Benoit, secretary, gave the minutes of a meeting of the board of directors of the Duluth Match company. A site for the factory was desired in Park Point.

*** Local talent produced a German play at Turner hall.

*** The Longstorf brothers, of Milwaukee, were in the city on their way to visit the Vermilion range.

*** The ice was moving out of the bay, and boats from lower lakes soon expected.

*** Joe Stanton put a water tank out in front of his saloon for the free accommodation of passers-by.

*** Two boat lines were put on the north shore line, between Duluth and Two Harbors, and a rate war was started. Henry Truelsen was manager of one line.

*** N. Speicher was the new landlord of the Bay View house.

*** Bert Sawyer went to Villard to close out his grocery store.

*** W. A. Holgate, of Thomson, was in the city.

*** Greenwood & Co. were moving their hardware stock into the Fargusson block.

*** Katzaner & Gardner opened a clothing store in Capt. Lloyd's new store on Lake avenue.

*** Efforts were being made to revive interest in the chamber of commerce.

*** Paul P. Macdougall, a prominent contractor, died on May 1 of abcess on the brain.

*** Construction work was in progress on the Duluth & Iron Range road, and President Tower announced that he thought it would be completed from Two Harbors to Tower by August 1.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (central time), May 6.—The barometer remains low from western Canada southward to Texas. This depression has caused light to heavy rains over the Red river, Missouri and Mississippi valleys, Kansas City reporting 4.02 inches for the past twenty-four hours. Pressures continue relatively high off the north Atlantic coast and north Pacific coast. It is cooler over Nebraska the Dakotas, Manitoba, and warmer in the far Northwest.

The following are the maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	88	Medicine Hat	58
Battleford	54	Memphis	78
Bismarck	60	Miles City	62
Boston	82	Milwaukee	66
Buffalo	66	Minnedosa	54
Calgary	54	Modena	74
Charleston	72	Montgomery	80
Chicago	68	Moorhead	72
Cincinnati	80	New Orleans	82
Davenport	78	New York	76
Denver	66	North Platte	66
Detroit	76	Oklahoma	73
Dodge City	78	Omaha	68
Duluth	58	Pittsburg	78
Edmonton	56	Port Arthur	52
El Paso	84	Portland	52
Escanaba	68	Qu'Appelle	54
Galveston	78	Rapid City	62
Green Bay	76	San Francisco	62
Havre	58	Santa Fe	62
Helena	60	Shreveport	82
Houghton	78	Spokane	50
Huron	68	St. Louis	74
Jacksonville	74	St. Paul	72
Kamloops	52	Sault Ste Marie	73
Kansas City	72	Swift Current	56
Knoxville	82	Washington	78
La Crosse	76	Williston	54
Lander	64	Winnemucca	68
Los Angeles	70	Winnipeg	68
Marquette	72		

Forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Saturday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Partly cloudy tonight and Saturday with probably occasional showers. Warmer. Fresh winds, mostly easterly.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, May 6.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Saturday: Wisconsin—Probably showers and thunderstorms tonight and Saturday. Warmer in southeast portion tonight.

Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight and Saturday with probably showers in east portion. Warmer in north portion tonight.

The Dakotas—Fair tonight and Saturday, Warmer tonight.

THE FUNNY FELLOW.

Puck: "William Jennin's Bryan——" slowly said the Old Codger, in the midst of the Sit and Argue club. "William Jennin's Bryan——"

"Well, what about him?" asked Hi Spry.

"Oh, I was just sorter wondering," replied the veteran, "when he was goin' to begin suin' the Democratic party for non-support."

Cincinnati Commercial Tribune: Jerry—This is the last half dollar we have in the world.

Josie—Well, I'll go to the matinee with it and get my spirits raised; then I'll come home and raise your spirits.

Town Topics: She—Don't you at times feel that deep unrest, that element of protest at the existing order, that sickening, soulful sense of despair at the inequalities of all things?

He—I do.

She—And what does this lead you to?

He—Well, I usually take about five grains of calomel.

New York Weekly: He—If you don't intend to break your engagement with me, why do you allow young Richman to make you such valuable presents?

She—My father advised me to accept them.

He—He did? Why?

She—He said if I married you they might come handy on rent days.

Life: "So she has started on a life journey into matrimony, has she?" "Well, I guess it is only an excursion trip."

Chicago Chronicle: Teacher—I whipped you for your own good; I really did. Now, tell me what you think about it?

Bobby—If I told you what I think you'd give me another licking.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A fine bird makes her feathers finer.

When a man is willing to admit to his wife that he went to the races, it is a sign that he won.

Sometimes when a woman smiles she is pleased; mostly always, though, it is to hide displeasure.

When a young-looking woman has an 18-year-old son it is a sign she likes him to keep out of sight.

It's funny how a woman can convince herself that the most ol her clothes can get tighter from shrinking, without her getting fatter.

Pease Pen Points.

Anoka Union: Sunny Jim Martin is making a good stunt.

The Jap-Russia war should be brought to a close in some way, even if the big nations have to compel it to end.

Somehow the Union still holds to the opinion that Minnesota is the best state in all the Union to live in.

It's a dull week when our governor fails to open his clam shell. Candor compells the Union to say that the old fellow most always talks well.

To read the speeches Bryan is making now, well may this country rejoice that a man of his stripe was defeated for the presidency. His ravings are pluiful and stamp him as very small potatoes.

Just as you go around the corner there is no particular enthusiasm throughout the state for either of the three prominent candidates for governor, and the most any of them can boast of is sought-after and cajoled support.

A New Problem.

Denver Times: If you have fully recovered from the effects of your attempt to solve the problem of Ann's age, you might try this one: If Russia had seventy-five battleships when she commenced war with Japan and Japan had only one-half as many as Russia, and both countries have lost on an average of 106 ships a week and the battle has been going on nine weeks, how long will the war correspondents have to stay in purgatory?

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
LAST TIME TONIGHT.
FLORENCE STONE IN
"CAMILLE"
Superb production, complete orchestra. Prices 10, 25, 35 and 50 cents.
SATURDAY, matinee and evening, May 7, STETSON'S Big, Double Uncle Tom's Cabin Co. Matinee, 25; evening, 25 35, and 50 cents.
NEXT WEEK, Florence Stone in "The Charity Ball," and the great American Biograph.

METROPOLITAN THEATER
TONIGHT AND THE REST OF THE WEEK.
"WICKED LONDON."
Night Prices, 10c, 15c, 25c, 50c; Matinee, 10c, 25c.
Commencing May 10, Robert McCair; commencing May 12, "Knobs O' Tennessee."
Mrs. Fiske in "MARY OF MAGDALA" May 9th.
MONDAY EVENING, MAY 9.
MRS. FISKE
In "MARY OF MAGDALA."
Seats on sale Saturday, 9 a. m. Prices 50c $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00.

IN WOMAN'S SPHERE

Social, Musical and Art Circles.

The quarterly meeting of the Young Women's Christian association will be held Monday evening at the rooms on West Superior street. It is particularly desired that a very large number of the 1244 members be present and the membership committee are arranging for a delightful program in addition to the regular business. Readings and musical numbers will be given and an informal evening will follow the regular meeting. Miss Frances Woodbridge and Miss Eleanor Pineo will assist. These meetings, which come every three months, are really the only tax on the members and it is urged that as many as possible will make an effort to attend Monday's meeting.

At the devotional meeting this noon, Mrs. William Asher spoke and a large number of the members were present, as the short bright meeting is a delightful way to pass a dull dark noon.

FIFTY DOLLAR PRIZE.

Miss Emily McBride Wins Nice Sum.

Receiving $50 for choosing best advertisement from among those in a magazine which most everybody glances over in a desultory manner, is the good fortune of a Duluth young woman. Miss Emily R. McBride is the fortunate one. The Booklovers magazine offered three groups of prizes to the reader of the maginze who chose the best, full page, the best half page and the best quarter page advertisement in their April number. There were a first, second and third prize for each of the three. The advertisement chosen by the largest number was considered the best and the prizes were given to those who told in fifteen words or less, the best reason for the advertisement being the best. Woodbury's soap advertisement was decided to be the best and Miss McBride received the second prize, which was $50. So many people have spent much of their time and money answering advertisements that it is interesting and renews one's faith in mankind to find one so near at home who has been successful and fortunate.

Events of Interest.

Bishop and Mrs. J. D. Morrison entertained at luncheon yesterday in honor of Archeacon Percy C. Webber. The Episcopal clergy of the city were the guests and covers were laid for Archdeacon Appleby, Rev. A. W. Ryan, Rev. Lewis Rietz. Rev. R. J. Mooney, Rev. Webster.

* * *

Miss Agnes Blakeslee and Miss Edna Ross entertained at a chafing dish tea last evening at Miss Blakeslee's home, on East Third street.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Krantz, of West Duluth, entertained at cards last evening. Cinch was played and the prizes were won by Mrs. A. B. Felton and Joseph Kotz.

Personal Mention.

Mrs. E. A. Tessman, of 109 West Fourth street, will leave tomorrow for Chicago and other points in Illinois.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John Berthold, of 712 East First street, left yesterday for Sartitoga, Minn., where they will make their home.

HOUSE DRAPERIES

For Spring and Summer In Town and Country.

In the spring the housewife's mind, if not her heart, turns to thoughts of curtains, says the Brooklyn Eagle.

As a matter of fact, curtains are an important consideration, in the well regulated households, all the year round. Viewed from the outside, they are an indication of the charm and grace and refinement that may be looked for within, while their interior mission is to prove the fitting complement to a well devised and artistic scheme of decoration. Many a house has been judged and found wanting because of its curtains.

In the springtime, however, attention is focused on the curtain and drapery question. For those so fortunate as to be able to exchange the city for a country residence at the first sign of warm weather there must be selected suitable curtains, while for the stay-at-homes there is likewise the problem of suitable curtains and draperies. The heavy draperies that have proved so acceptable during the fall and winter become oppressive and almost unbearable at the first sign of real spring, and every additional degree of warmth and sunshine makes them appear more stuffy.

Whether for the city or the country home, the summer curtain that meets with the most approval is inexpensive. Dainty and cool it must be, and soft in fold and texture, but its cost must be moderate. Simplicity is the keynote of summer furnishings, and while simplicity does not, in draperies any more than in other things, imply cheapness, the fact remains that the majority of householders do not care to invest a large amount of cash in summer curtains or draperies.

In keeping with the interest that is manifested in this land just now in things Japanese, there is a tendency toward the Japanese scheme of decoration. This is a seasonable and comfortable plan for this land in summer, and bamboo and willow furnishings, according to those whose opinion is worth considering, will be in demand during the coming months more than ever before. For the present the bamboo curtain calls for mention, and in the above illustration is seen a popular style of porterie in which red and blue beads and the popular Job's tears are combined with links of bamboo. These reed draperies come in so many different varieties of patterns and combinations of color that it is possible to match any desired scheme of furnishing.

Newer than the Japanese curtains and more serviceable in many ways are the Austrian prints. The foundation is cotton and upon this appears figures in dark, red or green, the fabric making an excellent drapery for doorways if considered too pronounced for curtain use.

Dainty to a degree are the curtains of bobbinet bordered with an applique of French cretonne roses and foliage in natural hues. Curtains such as these cost about $15 a pair and if the roses are not desired some other floral decoration may be substituted, morning lories making an admirable decoration. For a summer cottage curtains of cretonne and bobbinet are to be recommended.

There is nothing new to be said about bonne femme curtains. They hold their own as they have for some seasons past, the straight effect drapery of this kind being preferred by many housewives to the full shirred curtain. These curtains are fashioned of point d'esprit with a little lace or applique to relieve the severity and finished with a deep frill.

Scotch madras has been for many years the householders' standby for drapery purposes. Now there is a French madras that is making a successful bid for fashionable patronage. The usual run of colorings are green and brown and ecru blended in that artistic fashion that is characteristic of French productions.

The stained glass curtain is not exactly a novelty, but this season it is in particular demand. These inexpensive cottons are an admirable substitute for the real thing, and for the country home they are particularly well suited, an extensive array of colorings making it an easy matter to secure desirable selections.

Decidedly picturesque, if not exactly a novelty in the drapery line, is a deep green net, resembling mosquito netting, only finer, and bordered with an applique of madras in harmonizing coloring.

Last, not least, is the curtain of silk, one of the expensive window draperies in the modish list. Because of its cost and its beauty it is allowed to hang perfectly straight, and for that reason, in the opinion of some folks, is improved by the addition of a little drapery across the top. The groundwork of cream net is inset with geometric and floral designs in white ,the two tones producing a charming effect.

For the housewife who would a hunting go in search of curtains new and cool and pretty, the season's showing is calculated to prove a delight and inspiration.

THE EVENING STORY.

Misinterpreted Mildness

By Kennett Harris.

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Col. Ira P. Boggsley, U. S. A., present military governor of the island of Mindanojin, swore softly, but viciously at the soiled message his orderly had just brought him, and then tossed the document over to the adjutant.

"Another little disturbance," he said. "What in the blankety blank name of all that's blank and blank, do you suppose has got into these infernal tribesmen?"

"They tohnk you are easy," replied the adjutant. "They don't—excuse me, but they don't respect a man of your pacific disposition. Your mildness is misinterpreted."

The colonel choked on the flow of profanity that he poured forth at this. "Mildness" he shouted. "I'll give them a taste of mildness. I'll hang a round dozen of the bloodthirsty, yellow-skinned wheips, and see if that will hold 'em for awhile. I've put up with 'em long enough."

"Won't do a bit of good," said the adjutant, coolly, lighting a cheroot as he spoke, "not unless you do the hanging yourself. The only reason Billings was able to do anything with 'em was that he sabered one and shot two with his own hand right in the village. But they were hostile then, and he could do it. If you ran amuck, you wouldn't have any more trouble with the dattos, but you'd have heaps of trouble with the dear people at home. The anti-expansionists would make it particularly sultry for you."

"That's true," said his excellency, reflectively. "But what the dickens am I to do? I can't show Sidji Dherrass my scalps, confound him! I never kept 'em."

"You ought to kill somebody," said the adjutant, with an amused giggle, twisting the point of his little black mustache.

"I'll kill you, to begin with, if you don't suggest something, instead of sitting grinning there," roared his chief.

"I don't want to die, or that might do," said the adjutant. "I want a life like a billet. But there's Essingly; he's going home, anyway. Why not slaughter him before he goes? I think he'd be glad to sacrifice himself. 'Dulce et decorum est pre patria mori,' and this is part of the country."

"Won't you talk sense?" growled the governor.

"I'm talking sense," returned the adjutant. "I say, Essingly's tangled up with Sidji's daughter, and he don't know just how he's going to break away from her. You see, she's fond of him, and she's a devil at that. The Arizona sails the day after tomorrow, and Essingly's going to sail with her. I don't see why we shouldn't hold a ceremonial palaver with the dattos, including Sidji, haul Essingly over the coals for a breach of discipline, and shoot him through the heart—with a blank cartridge—before the whole crowd. Then you can smuggle the young man aboard the Arizona."

The governor knitted his shaggy brows. "It sounds like comic opera foolishness," he said, doubtfully.

"All right, then, don't do it," said the adjutant, airily. "It seemed rather a brilliant scheme to me, but you know best. And it's disinterested of me, too, because, if things go on this way much longer, you'll be recalled, and I think I could put my finger on the next military governor."

"Meaning yourself, I suppose?"

"Well, I think I would have had it, if your pull hadn't been a little stronger than mine."

"I don't see that it could do any harm," mused the governor. "I believe I'll try it. You're a good fellow, Stenson, and you won't lose anything by it in the long run."

"Then with your permission, I'll go and talk to Essingly and arrange the details," said the adjutant, rising. At the door he turned, drew his heels together and saluted. Then he disappeared.

"All the same, I'll make very sure that the cartridge is a blank," muttered the governor. I'll trust you about as far as I can throw a bull by the tail."

The thing went off beautifully. Not a petty chief was absent from the great palaver. At the head of the room Col. Ira P. Boggsley was enthroned upon a camp stool, gorgeous in a full dress uniform, and surrounded by his staff. Ranged around the room was a detachment of company B, commanded by a sergeant. The dattos squatted in a semi-circle on their mats, half apprehensive, half defiant, waiting for the governor to address them. Presently the governor arose, and seemed about to speak, when Lieut. Essingly, a tall, broad-shouldered young soldier, entered the council room and approached him. Instantly his brows met in a portentious frown, and his voice rumbled forth a hoarse torrent of reproaches. The young lieutenant stood before him with hanging head. The governor's rage seemed to increase; his voice grew louder and his manner was ferocious, and as a fitting climax, he suddenly presented a revolver at the young man's breast and fired.

Essingly clapped his hand to his heart, swayed a moment and fell. There was an instant stir in the circle of brown men, and Sidji half drew his kris, but at that the governor's voice bellowed out a command, and the rifles of company D went to the ready. Sidji and the rest subsided, two soldiers carried Essingly's limp body into an inner room, and the incident was over.

That evening Lieut. Essingly's corpse miraculously revived in the ward room of the Arizona. That evening, also, from the nipa bungalow that had been Lieut. Essingly's quarters came at intervals the shrill, high-pitched wailing that sounded weirdly through the heavy stillness of the tropic night, and made Governor Boggsley shudder over his iced brandy and water.

"What is it, do you suppose?" he asked the adjutant.

"A dog, likely," replied the adjutant, though he knew that was not a dog, for he had passed the nipa bungalow an hour before, and had seen, by the dim light of a nut oil lamp, a white-robed figure grovelling on the floor in a very abandonment of grief. "It went off well," he continued.

"Worked like a charm," said his excellency. "If I'd talked as I did to them before that, there would have been a large-sized riot. Your little scheme was all right. They do seem to have a little respect for me now. That racket has stopped now, whatever it was."

Presently the adjutant drained his last glass of brandy and water and departed, and the governor sat alone on the veranda, smoking his cheroot and watching the distant form of the sentry passing before the compound. Now and then he heard the cry of some nocturnal beast in the jungle, but the wail from the village end had ceased, as he had said. Still he shuddered.

"I believe I'm getting a chill," he muttered. "The night air can't be good for a man. It's fiendish hot inside, but I believe I'll go in."

He rose and took a step toward the door, but at that instant a slender, white-robed figure glided swiftly along the veranda toward him. The light from the window shone for that instant upon the rage-distorted face of a woman with streaming, dishevelled hair and upon something bright and crooked in her hand. Then, without a cry or a groan, the governor collapsed in a loose huddle on the floor of the veranda, and the white-robed figure vanished.

"It was rather a foolish thing to do," said the adjutant, talking it over the next morning with the captain of the Arizona. I think he did it to make an impression on the dattos, but he ought to have taken the girl into consideration. I didn't care to say much in the way of warning—he was intolerant of suggestion, but I half expected something of the sort would happen."

DAM GOES OUT.

Floods Doing Heavy Damage on the Saskatchewan.

St. Paul, May 6.—A special to the Dispatch from Prince Albert, N. W. T., says:

The Grandon Electric Power company's dam on the Saskatchewan river has been washed away. The power house is still safe, but fears are entertained regarding it. The water is rushing down at a terrific rate, and it is feared the Eighteenth street bridge and the city water pumping station may also be swept away. The flats are again flooded. In consequence of the break of the dam several industrial concerns in this city are at a standstill.

During the winter the electric power company expended several thousands in strengthening and heightening the dam which, altogether, has cost over $100,000.

Rain is still falling and increasing the danger.

Exceptional Values Are Again Offered to Women and Girls Clothing Buyers By the Gidding Store.

Tomorrow promises to be another record breaking day at the new Gidding store, Superior street and First avenue west for they offer again for Saturday's buyers exceptional values in tailored suits, dresses, covert coats, silk coats, girls' coats and dresses, and wearables of every kind. In a very short space of time this firm has jumped to the front rank as sellers of women's garments, because of the ability to give beautiful and fashionable things at extremely low prices. Their full page advertisement on another page will give women an idea of the items offered tomorrow and the fair prices quoted.

JETT GOES UP FOR LIFE.

Chicago, May 6.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Louisville, Ky., says: Curtis Jett, who murdered W. B. Marcum in the court house at Breathitt county, has acepted a life sentence rather than face a new trial.

SMITH'S LAWSUIT.

Let us call him John Smith, not because of any striking oddity in the name, but because the vast and respectable Smith family has become pretty well accustomed to that sort of thing and probably won't mind having one more rapscallion laid at its door. I would use, the fellow's real name—for this is a true story—but his esteemed family have already had trouble enough through his wrong going, says Wlills Brooks in the Brooklyn Eagle.

So, then, John Smith, who resembles the mountain goat, in that he leaps undaunted from jag to jag, got drunk one night a few months ago and fell down, cutting a terrible gash across his forehead and cracking his skull in such a manner that the doctors had to take out a piece of it as big as a silver half dollar.

John was in a distressingly arid condition when he came out of the hospital. His whole being needed irrigation. The thirst he had accumulated during the weeks in bed was not to be quenched by any purling brook or rippling rill. What he wanted was a rushing torrent that should drench and deluge his entire system. So he set his soul to the task of inventing a means to the desired end. Indeed, I am writing this story merely to show how a man may succeed in almost any undertaking if he throws his whole mind into the enterprise.

It happened that at the time John was taking in the cargo that caused his disastrous tumble he read about a railroad accident in which a large number of persons were badly injured. This he chanced to remember upon coming out of the hospital, and it seemed better than a gold brick to him. If he could only find some good easy mark!

Now, an ordinary man, thinking just casually on the subject, would probably say that a keen, shrewd, successful lawyer was not exactly that kind of a mark. But John at this time, parched as he was, could not be called an ordinary man. Nor did the exigencies of his thirst permit casual thinking. He hurled his whole soul into the project, as I have said, with the result that he went straight to the bullseye. You yourself would say so if I should tell you the lawyer's name, but since it was the lawyer himself who told me the story, I am under injunction not to name him.

Well, sir, John Smith hasn't drawn a sober breath since.

"That head of his," says the lawyer, "was worth $50,000 in a damage suit. Who wouldn't be willing to advance a hundred or two for the immediate necessities of a client with such a case?"

"Prosecute him? What? And have every lawyer in New York laugh at me for buying a gold brick? If I can keep that man too drunk to tell everybody about it during the rest of his life, I shall get out of it cheaply."

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Fine Suits, Overcoats and Cravenettes.

Ely Meyers and M. C. Simon Fine Suits, Overcoats and Cravenettes.

Henry W. Cain & Co.'s Fine Boys' Suits and Overcoats....

The Anker Brand Shoes.

You pay no more for this class of merchandise here than you pay for inferior makes in other stores.
These makes are handled in Duluth exclusively by

KENNEY & ANKER

OF DEADLY ANEMIA

Porto Rican Officials Are Preparing to Rid the Island.

Science to Be Applied to Wiping Out Great Scourge.

San Juan, P. R., May 6.—The insular government of Porto Rico, aided by the United States army authorities, has apparently gained a strangle hold upon the greatest curse of the island—anemia. When the legislative assembly adjourned a month ago it had passed a bill covering recommendations made in Governor Hunt's message, appropriating $6000, and providing for the appointment of a commission of three to study the cause of anemia in Porto Rico and suggest, if possible, means for the eradication of the disease which affects a majority of the island's rural population. Governor Hunt promptly appointed as members of the commission Dr. Bailey K. Ashford, captain and assistant surgeon, United States army, W. W. King, assistant surgeon, public health and marine hospital service, and Dr. Pedro Gutierrez, a talented native physician.

The new anemia commission, as it is generally called, immediately began work by establishing a hospital camp at Bayamon, a few miles from San Juan. The United States government promptly gave the services of Doctors Ashford and King and also loaned to the commission $3000 worth of tents, bed linen, utensils, etc. The municipal hospital authorities of Bayamon are also co-operating, and several native physicians have given valuable assistance. Fifty patients can be cared for in the tents and more than 500 have been treated during the past month.

The results of the commission's experiments are stated to be of world-wide interest, and, especially will they be of infinite value to the medical profession in tropical countries where anemia prevails. Already the treatment given is meeting with most gratifying results, and the commission seems to has proved that anemia is resultant from contact with infected soil, and that agricultural workers rarely escape infection. As in Porto Rico 63 per cent of the population are engaged in agriculture, the state of their health has an important bearing on economic conditions, and the prevalence of uncinariasis is a matter of vital concern. Nearly one-fourth of the deaths in the island are from anemia, and the same disease causes fatal ravages in the Philippines and the Southern states; hence all Americans are deeply concerned.

Doctors Ashford and King have made a long and careful study of uncinariasis in Porto Rico, treating more than a thousand cases, and are convinced that prevalent anemis is caused by the presence of tiny parasites which destroy the hemaglobin, or red coloring matter of the blood, dissolving it by a poison created by the work. Heretofore the generally accepted theory has been that this parasite is a bloodsucker and draws the vital elements from the blood; also that anemia is chronic indigestion caused by inflammation of the mucous membranes through the bites of the parasite.

The treatment at Bayamon is very simple. Microscopic tests at once reveal the presence of the worm, which is known to exist from the general anemic appearance of the patient. Thymol is used as a vermifuge to expel the parasites, and then a wonderful rise of hemaglobin with a coincident gain in vitality is noticed. A single instance of an agravated case will suffice to show results. A month ago a man came in a dying condition to the camp. His face was pasty white, his legs were swollen and his condition was abnormally torpid. Apparently he was beyond hope, and a few miutes after his arrival he fainted on the hospital porch and was carried to bed. Heart murmurs were pronounced. The first blood test showed the hemaglobin reduced to 25 per cent. Last week it had risen to 80 per cent, and the man is practically thoroughly restored to health. His gratitude, if one may judge by his expressions, is unbounded.

The test blood is taken from the lobe of the ear, and the drop which fills the capillary tube is then given the usual water cage comparisons to show the percentage of hemaglobin. In every instance there is a daily rise after treatment has been begun. An exhaustive clinical record of all cases is kept by the commission.

The scenes about the camp, especially in the morning are sad and striking. The poor natives come in many instances from distant barrios, and are well-nigh exhausted when they reach the scene of relief. It is a pitiable looking crowd, but it is a representative one, and is a forceful argument in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the commission's work. The patients range in age from 8 to nearly 80, and most of them are prematurely old and show the dire effects of anemia and lack of nutrition. Not until they feel the beneficial effects of treatment does the shadow of despair leave their faces. Then they depart full of hope, and, presumably, empty of anemia parasites.

It is the purpose of the commission to send to every health officer of Porto Rico a report of all the experiments and to urge co-operation and uniform treatment in all parts of the island. Unless this native assistance is secured, the work of eradicating the disease will be very slow, especially in the coffee districts, where it is most prevalent. Some of the Porto Rican doctors are not inclined to adopt readily American methods of practice, and the convincing of these cynics will be a difficult task for the commission to accomplish. Others to the contrary, are showing keen interest and are giving hearty support to the workers. Of this type was Dr. Enrique Rodriguez, who was an ardent volunteer associate of the commission. Two weeks ago he was suddenly stricken with heart failure. As he was about to be removed from the anemia camp to his home he turned to Dr. Ashford and other distressed friends and said: "Boys, this is my finish, but keep up the good work for Porto Rico." The next day he died.

A few of the conclusions of students of the anemia question in Porto Rico will show the importance of the experiments now being made. Gen. George W. Davis, the new governor of the Panama canal strip, and formerly military governor of Porto Rico, declared in a report: "It is a conservative estimate to place the laboring classes at 600,000 souls who do not own a rod of land, or possess property of any kind, except a miserable cabin or thatched hut, and a few insignificant articles of household goods. This comprises what is known today as 'jibaros' or 'peonus.'" Dr. Ashford says that this class furnishes the cases of uncinariasis; that it is his firm belief that 50 per cent of them living outside of the larger cities are infected with the parasite, and that 75 per cent of those infected show decided symptoms. In the cities it is less common, but not 8 per cent of the population of Porto Rico live in towns of more than 8000 inhabitants. In the coffee districts the infection comes largely through the methods of planting the bean in the damp, rich soil. A little hole is made with the finger and the bean is pressed in with the thumb and covered with earth. Work on sugar estates is the next most dangerous occupation. Children who roll and play in the damp earth of banana patches are especially scourged. The eating of raw vegetables, food eaten with unclean hands, the use of unclean, mud-soiled utensils and clothing and the drinking of muddy water are a few of the many prolific causes of infection. To these may be added generally bad sanitation, an utter lack of personal hygiene, density of population, topography favorable to the spread of larva by heavy rains and many habits conducive to infection. Few cases are found among the better classes, as these people do not come into contact with the soil.

The proven conclusions of the commission and especially of Doctors Ashford and King, from their previous experiments, absolutely refute the statements of Samuel Gompers and others, recently published, that the Porto Rican anemia is the anemia of starvation. There are few peons of Porto Rico who do not have rice, beans, bananas, sugar and other products in abundance. Such statements, therefore, are misleading and untrue. It is a peculiar fact that the negro race is comparatively immune. Malarial anemia is comparatively rare in Porto Rico.

If, therefore, the general contentions of the commission prove to be absolutely correct, the work of stamping out uncinariasis in the island will be comparatively easy, and the effect upon labor, now held within the grasp of anemia, will be beneficial beyond calculation. A new life will be infused into the working classes, and with that new life will come ambition and renewed physical strength. When that happens Porto Rico will be transformed into a hive of agricultural industry, and the marvelous little island will prosper as never before, because the mass of her people will be willing and able to work, and thus share the prosperity. "'Tis a consummation devoutly to be wished," and seemingly it can be reached through the application of the lessons now being learned in the interesting camp at Bayamon.

Contract Work.

Pursuant to a resolution, adopted April 27th, 1904, by the village council of Grand Rapids, Minnesota, bids will be received until May the 19th for the construction of a sewer, 714 feet long, on Third street, from Kindred avenue to Houghton avenue, together with necessary manholes, as per plans and specifications now on file in this office. A certified check of 5 per cent of amount of bid must accompany same. Above said council reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

J. S. GOLE,
Village Recorder.

FOREST FIRES RAGING.

Detroit, May 6.—Extensive damage is being done throughout the upper peninsula by forest fires. If rain does not come in a day or two losses will be enormous.

Nine cases out of ten, the man who tells you it is hard to sell real estate is the man who has tried to sell it without using The Herald Real Estate. Columns.

$30 Suits Tomorrow $20

Tomorrow we place on sale two dozen suits, made in the season's newest styles—in Scotch mixtures, light cheviots and voiles—silk lined throughout and beautifully tailored—new blouse and short jacket effects, well worth their former price, $30, at $20.

Just Received

Another lot of those swell Panama cloth, brilliantine and voile skirts. You will be surprised at the exceptional values we are offering. The season's newest styles, too.

A Lucky Purchase.

We have just secured an elegant line of ready-to-wear street hats at 50 cents on the dollar. They go on sale tomorrow at exceptional values. Included in this purchase are a number of elegant pattern hats, the creations of the most fashionable designers, which will go at the same unusual values.

20 West Superior St. **GRAY'S** Specialty Store for Women.

Special for Tomorrow

$15.00 Suits for $12.50

$15.00 Cheviot Suits, Eton jacket, in brown, black, blue, tomorrow **$12.50**

$5.50 Skirts for $4.00

Handsome Brilliantine Skirts, made with 11 gores and pleated, worth $5.50—tomorrow **$4.00**

$9.00 Skirts for $6.00

Panama Skirts, the very latest—pleated, tomorrow **$6.00**

Unusual values in Ladies' Cravenettes at $12.00, $15.00 and $18.00.

H. G. GROSS,

Suits and Costumes—High-grade Furs, 106 West Superior Street.

CONTINUES STRONG

Wheat Has Another Good Bulge Based on Crop Reports.

Growing Feeling That Yield Will Be Under the Average.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 6.—The wheat market today was very strong and the tone throughout was bullish. Reports from the growing crops were responsible for the strength and the opinion is gaining ground that wheat is well worth the prices it is now quoted at. The conviction that the Duluth September will see 75c is not as strong as it was a short time ago and the heavy damage to the winter wheat crop that is reported strengthen the belief in the value of the coming spring wheat crop. The Ohio report was out this morning and showed a condition of 83 against 97 last month and 92 last year. This state has produced the most sensational damage reports of all the larger winter wheat states.

The Modern Miller report was bullish saying: "Replies to numerous inquiries requiring change in the condition of the winter wheat crop during April show considerable decline in Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Texas, Oklahoma and Indian territory. Improvement is noted in Illinois, Missouri, Tennessee, Kentucky and Kansas, especially in Kansas in the central and eastern parts of the state. Conditions in the western part of Kansas are poor. In Indiana, Ohio, Michigan and Oklahoma a large acreage has been abandoned, but the loss everywhere in this respect is small. All states report practically no old wheat held by farmers except Kansas, and the reserves there are unusually small."

Snow's Weekly Report says: "There has been a heavy decrease in winter wheat condition since April 1 in all states east of the Missouri and north of the Ohio rivers. In the Missouri valley the condition figures of a month have been simply maintained except in Oklahoma where a more complete revelation of the early drouth damage results in a much lower figure. The falling off in conditional figures does not represent new disasters during April, but a better understanding of the actual situation, now that the growing weather has been experienced. The average of condition, based upon reports from all counties, is now reported at 74.5 against 80.1 a month ago, and is the lowest May average reported since 1888. The averages in leading states are: Ohio, 57; Michigan, 60; Indiana, 53; Illinois, 70; Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska, 81; Oklahoma, 55; California, 90; Oregon, 96; and Washington, par. In comparison with the returns of April 1 there is shown a decrease of 12 points in Ohio, 20 in Michigan, 19 in Indiana, 6 in Illinois, and 15 in Oklahoma. On the other hand, Kansas and Nebraska gained a point each and Missouri is unchanged. Reports on a reage which will be harvested show a very heavy loss by winter killing in the Ohio valley and by abandonment in Oklahoma, but as plowing up still continues it is impracticable yet to give definite figures of area. The loss on the Ohio valley is the worst in many years and the total breadth will be under last year for the whole belt. Spring wheat seeding has made rapid progress but preliminary returns indicate failure to get in a breadth materially larger than last year. Oats seeding is complete except in extreme North and improved weather has started the crop in good shape."

English markets were firmer, Liverpool being up ¼-⅜c and London¾c. Paris was ¾c higher and Antwerp unchanged. The Winnipeg market was very strong being up 2 cents under speculative buying. The advance there would have prevented Duluth exporters from doing any business had their bids been in line with the closing of the day before.

The Duluth market advanced ¾c for May and July, Minneapolis 1¼c for May and the same for July, Chicago 1⅜c for May and ⅞-1c for July, and New York 1¾c for May and ¾c for July. The September option in Duluth advanced 1⅛c and in Minneapolis ⅞-1c.

Car receipts at Duluth were 4 against 13 last year and at Minneapolis 47 against 68 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 51 against 81 a year ago. Chicago received 23 against 47 a year ago.

Primary receipts of wheat were 142,124 bus., last year 208,000 bus. Shipments 169,000 bus., last year 446,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated week were 3,252,000 bus., against 3,424,000 bus. last week and 2,516,000 bus. last year. Bradstreet reported clearances this week of 1,192,315 bus. from America.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¼-¾d higher. In the Chicago market July closed ¼-⅜c lower. July oats closed ⅛-¼c lower. Primary receipts of corn were 408,150 bus., last year 378,000 bus. Shipments, 145,000 bus., last year 325,578 bus. Clearances were 108,413 bus. Argentine shipments this week were 350,000 bus., this week against 592,000 bus., last week and 1,330,000 bus. last year. American clearances this week were 523,451 bus.

Trading was very dull in the Duluth market. The July option on wheat opened 2¢ higher at 90½c, sold off to 91½c, at 9:46, and advanced to 92c at 11:10. It then fell back to 91⅞c at 11:25 and advanced again to 92⅛c at 12:35. It settled back to 91¾c at 1:05 and closed there, an advance for the day of ¾c. The May option had the same advance, closing at 908¾c, and September closed 1¾c higher at 81¼c.

Cash offerings were very light and sales were on the basis of May price for No. 1 northern and 2-3 under for No. 2.

Flax was very dull and closed unchanged at $1.07⅛ for May and moved within a range of ⅛c all morning. July also closed unchanged and September and October were up ¼c.

Oats lost ½c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—In store, No. 1 hard, 93⅝c; No. 1 northern, 92¾c; No. 2 northern, 89¾c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 93¾c; No. 1 northern, 92¾c; No. 2 northern, 89¾c; macaroni, No. 1, 89c; No. 2, 87c; May, 92¾c; July, 92¼c; September, 81½c. Flax, in store, $1.07½; to arrive, $1.07½; May, $1.07½; July, $1.08½; September, $1.09¼; October, $1.09¾. Oats, to arrive, 41c; on track, 41c. Rye, on track, 66c; to arrive, 66c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 4; last year, 13; flax, 4; last year, 6.

Receipts—Wheat, 12,534; oats, 824; barley, 1507; flax, 802.

Shipments—Wheat, 1800; oats, 64,423; barley, 1760; flax, 113,149.

CASH SALES FRIDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 2500 bus.....$0.93½
Winter wheat, 1 car No. 3..... 89
Flax, 2 cars 1.07½
Flax, 2 cars 1.07⅝
Flax, 4 cars 1.07½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Smaller Receipts Caused Strength In Wheat Prices.

Chicago, May 6.—Firm cables and smaller receipts caused strength in the wheat market today, in the face of generally favorable weather. Selling pressure was light, offerings coming largely from scalpers. July opened ⅛c to ⅜c up at 85½c to 85¾c. After a reaction to 85¼c, the price rallied and held firm at 85½c. Duluth, Minneapolis and Chicago reported receipts of 74 cars, against 80 cars last week and 115 cars a year ago.

The market felt the effects of the extremely bullish crop reports, the Ohio report being an exceptionally strong incentive to the bulls. Buying was of a fairly influential character. Shorts covered freely and there was a better demand from commission houses. In consequence of the improved demand July advanced to 86⅝c. There was considerable realizing late in the day, but the market closed strong with July up ⅞@1c, at 86¼@⅜c.

Covering by shorts due to small receipts and an improved cash business held the corn market firm. Sentiment was also helped by the action of wheat and by higher cables. July opened shade to ¼c up at 46@46⅜c. A reaction to 45¾c was followed by a rally to 48¾c. Local receipts were 211 cars with 22 of contract grade.

Prospects of an early settlement of the lake navigation strike tended to strengthen the situation, but the sharp upturn in wheat was the principal influence. Quite general selling during the last hour caused a reaction from the high point. The close, however, was firm with July ¼@⅜c up at 48¼c.

Sentiment in oats was bullish. Shorts were fair bidders, but offerings were rather light. Strength in the cash market and smaller receipts were the influences. After opening ⅛@¼c higher at 39¼c, July declined to 2@3c in sympathy with other grains, but rallied to 39c. Local receipts were 65 cars.

Small hog receipts with an advance in prices at the yards together with firmness in grains held provisions steady. July pork opened 5c to 7½c up at $11.35 to $11.97½. The price reacted to $11.82½ but advanced to $11.85. July lard was down 2½c at $6.67½. The price steadied at $6.65, after touching $6.60. Ribs opened up 2½@5c at $6.55, sold off to $6.47½ and rallied to $6.50.

Close: Wheat—May, 91⅜c; July, 86¼@⅜c; old, 87⅝c; September, 81@81¼c; old, 82⅜c. Corn—May, (1906), 44¼c. Oats—May, 41c; July, 38¾c; September, 30½@⅝c. Pork—May, $11.42½; July, $11.67½; September, $11.82½@11.85; July, new, $10.85. Lard—May, $6.47½; July, $6.62½; September, $6.75. Ribs—May, $6.25; July, $6.45; September, $6.60. Rye—May, 71c; July, 65c. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.08½; Southwestern, $1.01; May, $1.01; July, $1.04 Timothy—May, $2.90. Clover—May, $10.75. Barley—Cash, 33@57c. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, $1.02@1.06; No. 3 red, 96@1.00; No. 2 hard, 96@98c; No. 3 hard, 83@96c; No. 1 northern, 93@96c; No. 2 northern, 91@93c; No. 3 spring, 86@95c. Corn—No. 2, 48¼@51½c; No. 3, 48@49c. Oats—No. 2, 40½c; No. 3, 40c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 6.—Close: Wheat—May, 92⅝@93c; July, 92¾c; September, 81¼@⅜c. On track, No. 1 hard, 96½c; No. 1 northern, 95½c; No. 2 northern, 93¾c.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 6.—Close: Wheat—May, 93⅛c; July, 90¾c; September, 81¾c. Corn—May, 56c; July, 53½c; September, 53⅝c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	91¾	93¼-¼		
High	93⅜	91½		
Low	91⅜-⅜	90		
Close	92⅝	92⅝-93	91⅜	93⅛
Close, 5th	91½	91⅜-¾	89¾	92⅜
July—				
Open	91¼	91⅞	85½-¾	90¼
High	92½	93¼-⅜	86⅝	90⅞
Low	91¼	91¾-⅞	85¼	90-¼
Close	91¾	92⅞	86¼-⅜	90¾A
Close, 5th	91½	91½-⅝	85⅝	90
September—				
Open	.81B	80⅞	80¼-⅜	83⅜
High	.81¼	81½-⅞	81⅜-½	84½
Low	.80⅞A	80¼-½	80¼	83⅜
Close	.81½B	81¼-⅜	81-¼	84⅜A
Close, 5th	.80¾	80¼-⅜	80¼-⅜	83½

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	39-¼	48⅝@48¾-⅞	$11.95@11.97
High	39¾-¼	45⅞	11.97
Low	38¾-⅝	48⅛	11.65
Close	38¾	48¼	11.67

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 6.—Wheat—spot dull; 1 California 7s. Futures steady: May, 6s 3¾d; July, 6s 4¾d. Corn—spot steady; American mixed, new 4s 3d; American mixed, old, 4s 7d. Futures quiet; May, 4s 4d; July 4s 3¼d.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—It was a strong market and fairly active, although the improvement which was made through the day was only partially maintained at the close. The bullish incentive was the sensationally bad crop news. While the market here was strong its action under such sensational news was rather slow and disappointing to the bulls. It is due to the fact that the short interest is not large and that the existing high prices curtail outside buying and leaves the market largely in the hands of professionals.

Corn—The improvement was in the May option. The general tone was rather dull and heavy. The indications are that there is a fairly good cash demand, or would be, if stuff could be moved by lake. Some of the corn states are getting rather a good deal of rain, but so far impression is that the planting will not be delayed beyond the usual time. There is not a large general interest in corn and the market is not on the whole a very active one.

Oats—Conditions are much the same as in corn. There is a good cash demand, but the premiums are already pretty liberal. Crop advices are very favorable.

* * *

Seeding of small grain is practically finished outside of the Red River valley, and the acreage seems to be a little in excess of last year. The seeding was completed about a week later than 1903, but theesoil conditions are better and it is generally believed that the crop will be as far advanced by June as it was a year ago. In the Red River valley seeding is progressing rapidly, although the ground has been lumpy and hard to work. The light showers yesterday did not stop seeding and no doubt will make the soil easier to work. The Red River valley is two weeks later than last year, and the wheat acreage will perhaps be a little late, although the farmers generally do not consider it advisable to sow wheat until the 15th.

* * *

Buffalo wires: New York raised 9,500,000 bus wheat last year with an area of 544,000. From reports within 100 miles of here present indications are for not more than a third of last year's crop. Farmers in all directions are plowing up their wheat, a very rare occurrence in this section.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, May 6, 1904:

STATIONS—	State of weather.	**Minimum.	*Maximum.	Rainfall, inches and hundredths.
Alexandria	Clear	76	48	.51
Campbell	Clear	86	42	.80
Crookston	Clear	72	42	.30
Detroit	Cloudy	74	46	1.14
Grand Meadows	Cloudy	78	54	.06
Minneapolis	Cloudy	74	58	1.14
New Ulm	Clear	76	54	.70
Winnebago City	Pt cldy	78	52	.24
Worthington	Clear	68	50	.24
Devils Lake	Cloudy	72	36	.32
Langdon	Cloudy	70	34	.22
Larimore	Clear	70	40	.35
Lisbon	Clear	72	34	.08
Pembina	Clear	70	42	.69
Aberdeen	Pt cldy	74	38	.0
Mitchell	Clear	68	42	.0
Redfield	Clear	66	36	.08
Bismarck	Pt cldy	60	34	.01
Duluth	Rain	57	37	.68
Huron	Clear	68	40	.01
Chicago	Pt cldy	70	52	T
Moorhead	Clear	72	42	.43
St. Paul	Cloudy	72	56	1.18
Winnipeg	Clear	68	40	.18

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall. *For yesterday. **For twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m., Seventy-fifth meridian time.

Light to heavy rains fell over all districts except Ohio.

It is somewhat cooler in the Minneapolis district.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster, Weather Bureau.

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall.
* For yesterday. ** For twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventyfifth meridian time.

ABUSE OF HOSPITALITY.

Col. William C. Greene, the greatest rancher in the world—his holdings of Arizona grazing land aggregate 1,800,000 acres—spoke on hospitality at a dinner in New York.

"Hospitality is an excellent thing," said Col. Greene, "but it is open to abuse. Let me tell you how the Oriental hospitality of Nasr Eddin, a great man of the East, was abused many years ago.

"From a distant village a poor man came to Nasr Eddin and made him a present of a hare. Nasr Eddin was delighted with his gift. The poor man, or the strength of it, stayed with him a month. A short time after, a stranger came with his entire family to Nasr Eddin's house.

"'We,' the stranger explained, "are friends of the man who gave you the hare,' was the reply.

"Nasr Eddin welcomed the visitors warmly, and they stayed two weeks. They had not been gone long when another family of strangers arrived.

"'Whom have I the honor to receive?' said Nasr Eddin.

"'Friends of the friends of the man who gave you the hare,' was the reply.

"Nasr Eddin looked grave. He did not invite these guests indoors. He served them, on the lawn, with cups of some clear fluid. Tasting this fluid, they made wry faces, for it was nothing but warm water.

"'What is this you offer us, O Nasr Eddin?' the strangers said reproachfully.

"The host replied:

"'Oh, that is the sauce of the sauce of the hare.'"

HER OPINION.

They sat together on the sofa, watching the dying embers, says Town Topics. They had been silent for some time. He moved uneasily. It was apparent that something was on his mind. He looked at her furtively. She was a beautiful girl. He determined at last to make the plunge and turned his face resolutely toward hers.

"Dear," he said, "I am going to ask you a question that I have never asked before. I hope it will not shock you. You will notice by a glance at the clock that it is nearly midnight. There is not a sound in the house, and it is evident that your father and mother have both gone to bed. There is no one else to disturb us. All is serene. The gas overhead is turned down to the right point, and these embers shed just the correct glow. A soft, sentimental feeling that I have not been able to overcome has begun to steal over me. I hope it has over you. Now, what I want to ask you is this: Considering all the circumstances I have mentioned, do you think it would be quite proper for me to kiss you?"

The beautiful creature at his side turned impulsively and laid a delicate hand on his arm.

"Do you want to know what I really think?" she said earnestly.

"Yes."

"Then, considering everything, I don't think it would be proper for you not to kiss me."

It pays to advertise in The Herald. Ask Charles A. Marshall.

DULLNESS RULED

In the Stock Market, No Activity Being Visible.

Bank Statement Expected to Show a Loss In Cash.

New York, May 6.—Very few stocks were dealt in at all in the first five minutes of the trading and of the usual market leaders the majority were unchanged. There was no change in excess of a quarter either up or down except for a decline of ⅜ in Missouri Pacific and an advance of ⅜ in Western Union. Persistent selling of Metropolitan Street Railway depressed it 1⅞ and caused heaviness in other local stocks. But little effect was produced upon the general list which later improved on buying of Erie. Trading was in light volume and limited largely to the better known stocks. Business came to a standstill virtually and the movement in active stocks was barely perceptible. Metropolitan Street Railway rallied ⅝. Rock Island preferred rose ¾c. Chicago Great Western preferred B1 and United Fruit 2. Woolen preferred lost 1. Bonds were heavy at noon.

Favorite stocks were neglected and the only changes of importance were in those less known. New York, Chicago & St. Louis first preferred fell 3 and B1¼ preferred 2. Meanwhile, Pullman gained 1 and Rock Island preferred and Western Union 1⅜.

Very slight progress was made in either direction, traders restricting operations on the indifference shown in the market. Prices hardened late in afternoon with some demand for Pennsylvania, Union Pacific and Brooklyn Transit. National Lead moved up 1¼ and Michigan Central dropped 8 on one sale.

Specialists were the only features. Manhattan was marked up and there were gains of ⅞ to 2 in Locomotive stocks, Car, Colorado Fuel, Wisconsin Central preferred and Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie. C. C. & St. Louis lost 3¾ and United Railroad investment preferred 1⅝. The closing was firm, but intensely dull.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 306 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stocks—	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	48	47⅝	47⅞
American Sugar	127⅝	127	127½
Anaconda	76¾	76¼	76½
Atchison, Top. & S. Fe.	75⅝	72⅜	72½
do pfd	93	92¾	93
Baltimore & Ohio	79	78⅞	79
Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	46⅝	45⅝	46⅜
Canadian Pacific	117¾	117⅛	117¾
Chesapeake & Ohio	30¼	30¼	30¼
Chicago & Alton	38	38	38
Chicago Great Western	16	15¾	16
Chic. Mil. & St. Paul	142¾	142¾	142⅝
Chic. Rock Island & P.	23½	22⅝	22⅞
Colorado Fuel & Iron	31½	31½	32¼
Colorado Southern	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛
Erie common	25	24½	25
Illinois Central	130¾	130	130¾
Iowa Central, pfd	34½	34½	34½
Louisville & Nashville	107½	107½	107¾
Manhattan Elevated	143⅞	142⅝	143⅞
Metropolitan Street Ry.	109¾	108¼	109¾
Mexican Central	7¼	7¼	7¼
Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	62	60	62
do pfd	119	119	119
Missouri Pacific	91⅜	91⅛	91½
New York Central	115⅞	115⅞	115⅞
Norfolk & Western	57	56⅞	57
Pennsylvania	114⅜	113⅝	114⅝
People's Gas of Chicago	97¾	97¼	97¾
Reading	43¾	43⅛	43¾
Southern Pacific	47½	47¼	47⅝
Southern Railway	21	21	21
Tennesee Coal & Iron	35¾	35¼	35¾
Texas Pacific	22⅝	22⅜	22⅝
Union Pactic	84⅜	84⅜	84⅝
United States Leather	6¾	6¾	6¾
United States Steel	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
do pfd	56½	55¾	56⅜
Northern Securities, 99@1¼.			

The total sales were 367,000 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Charles G. Gates & Co. to B. E. Baker: The short interest in the market has not been decreased apparently, but opportunity has been extended somewhat by the showing in the last hour yesterday. There is an urgent demand for Pennsylvania and Steel preferred at ¼ to 1 per cent, and also an active inquiry for Atchison, St. Paul, Rhode Island, Erie, Baltimore & Ohio and Southern Pacific.

* * *

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market averages a little better, perhaps, but there is almost nothing doing. Rock Island issues are well supported, and there semes to be a drive against the shorts in Western Union. There is something of a feeling of relief that the steel syndicate is likely to cease being a factor in the market. The placing of the Japanese loan raised the question of further exports of gold, and while it is thought that much of the money will be spent in this country, yet it is not unlikely that some gold will go out in consequence. We see no tendency to the market and nothing to create one in the near future.

* * *

Ridgeley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The two great factors in the market at present are easy money on the one side, and contraction of business on the other. Easy money is a powerful deterrent to falling prices. Depression in business and falling off of railroad earnings have been responsible for many bear markets, however. I cannot see but that lower prices this summer are inevitable. There will be plenty of opportunities a little later for those who wish to buy stocks and have the patience to wait. The street is full of bull tips on such stocks as Ohio & Western, Rhode Island and Great Western.

* * *

Evans to Paine, Webber & Co.: There is no change in the situation and everything except cheap money favors lower prices in the stock market. Railroad earnings grow worse than better and it is no longer possible to explain them on the ground of bad weather. The decline in the stock market is slow and may continue to be so. It will probably also be interrupted by frequent rallies but those should be utilized to sell on. People are getting more and more tired of carrying long stocks in which the probability of profit grows less and less day by day.

* * *

C. G. Gates & Co. to B. E. Baker: We hear some bear talk on St. Paul. There is no reason given for it. The stock was somewhat heavy in the late trading yesterday. The steel bears are hammering Pennsylvania.

* * *

New York to B. E. Baker: There is a strong impression in certain professional circles that the short interest in Steel preferred has been largely over-estimated. They insist that considerable liquidation has occurred. There was a good deal of short covering in Steel preferred yesterday. The bear party is predicting 112 for Pennsylvania on this movement.

* * *

Walker to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market today was a very dull affair and extended comment is superfluous. With the exception of the early weakness in Metropolitan, the market ruled setady without any activity except in some of the neglected industrials. The bank statement tomorrow is expected to show a loss in the cash, but this will have no effect on prices.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stocks—	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	47¾	47⅞
Adventure	1⅜	2
Atlantic	7½	8
Allouez	5	5⅛
Arcadian		5⅝
Elm River	2	2⅛
Bingham	21¼	23
Copper Range	43	43¼
Centennial	3⅜	3¾
Calumet and Hecla	462	465
Calumet and Arizona		119
Calumet and Pittsburg	28	33½
Lake Sup. and Pittsburg		155
Isle Royale	6⅞	7
Mass	4	4¼
Michigan	4½	5
Mohawk	41¾	42
Mayflower	56c	65c
Mercur Con	33	35
National		1
Old Colony	75c	1.00
Old Dominion	12½	13
Osceola	57¾	57¾
Phoenix	1¾	2
Parrott	24	24½
Quincy	81	83
Rhode Island	90c	91c
Santa Fe	1⅜	1½
Franklin	7½	8
Tamarack	90	95
Trinity	3⅞	4⅛
Tennessee Copper	30	32
Utah	33¾	34
U. S. Mining	20	21
U. S. Oil	9¼	9½
Victoria	3	3½
Wolverine	71	73
Wyandot	60c	1.00
Winona	6½	6¾
Daly-West	22¼	22½
Greene Cons	15½	16¼
Calumet & Bisbee		6¾
Calumet and Cochise		6
Pittsburg and Duluth		50
Union Land	2	3
Junction	20	24

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: Evidently a few of the bears who sold stocks yesterday bought them back today and prices made a slight gain on very limited volume of transactions. We continue to hear a great deal of bearish talk but the fact remains that the bears are not making money. We would rather buy good stocks than sell them but we would not let the market run against us either way.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, May 6.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $217,187,546; gold, $118,620,385; silver, $20,025,881; United States notes, $6,890,795; treasury note of 1890, $136,993; national bank notes, $12,085,416; total receipts this day, $1,807,780; total receipts this month, $8,389,170; total receipts this year, $459,981,340; total expenditures this day, $2,090,000; total expenditures this month, $10,960,000; total expenditures this year, $460,113,599; deposits in national banks, $169,297,847.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 6.—The cotton market opened firm at an advance of 6@15 points on covering and some demand for long account encouraged by the strong cables, but the continued rain in Texas and continued apprehension of bull manipulation in the near positions, owing to expectations over the decrease in local stock and the aggressive tactics of the southern Canadian Pacific following the call the market continued steady to firm. Trading was moderately active during the first hour, at the end of which time the market was firm on a scale of 6@15 points, a net advance of 8@15 points on the active months.

Cotton spot closed quiet; 10 points up; middling uplands, 12.90; middling gulf, 14.15; sales, 542 bales. Futures closed easy; May, 13.62; June, 13.61; July, 13.70; August, 13.37; September, 11.89; October, 11.40; November, 11.30; December, 11.29; January, 11.30.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 6.—Close: Money on call easy, 1@1½ per cent; closing bid 1, offered at 1¼. Time loans easy and dull; 60 and 90 days, 2¼@2¾ per cent; six months, 3@3½. Prime mercantile paper, 3¾@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.89.90@4.86.95 for demand and at $4.85 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.85½@6 and $4.88; commercial bills, $4.84¾. Bar silver, 53½c; Mexican dollars, 43¾c. Government bonds steady; railroad bonds irregular.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that good horses were comparatively scarce on the market. They are held too high in the country for the market prices. Common grades were well represented and sold from $85 to $125 a head. Values:

Drafters, extra	$180 to $225
Drafters, choice	160 to 180
Drafters, common to good	120 to 160
Farm mares, extra	135 to 160
Farm mares, choice	115 to 135
Farm mares, common to good	65 to 115

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 6.—Cattle receipts, 1000; steady; good to prime steers, $5.10@5.75; poor to medium, $3.90@4.85; stockers and feeders, $3.00@4.50; cows, $1.50@4.50; heifers, $2.25@4.75; canners, $1.50@2.75; bulls, $2.00@4.00; calves, $2.50@6.00; Texas fed steers, $4.00@4.60. Hog receipts today, 12,000; tomorrow, 10,000; strong to 5c up; mixed and butchers, $4.65@4.75; good to choice heavy, $4.70@4.90; rough heavy, $4.60@4.80; light, $4.60@4.75; bulk of sales, $4.70@4.80. Sheep receipts, 3000, steady; lambs, steady; good to choice wethers, $4.60@5.25; fair to choice mixed, $3.75@4.50; Western sheep, $4.60@5.25; native lambs, clipped, $4.25@5.75; Western lambs, clipped, $4.50@5.75; Western lambs, wooled, $6.00@6.85.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

FRESH VEGETABLES.	
Lettuce, bushel	1 50
Green Onions	25
Radish, hothouse	65 @ 75
BUTTER.	
Creamery, prints	25
Dairies, fancy	17 @ 18
Packing stock	11
EGGS.	
Fresh	17½
CHEESE.	
Twins, full cream	10
Twins, full cream, old	10½
Full cream, young America	15 @ 16
Brick cheese, No. 1	14
Limberger, full cream	13
Primost	7
HONEY.	
New fancy, white clover	15
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Goldenrod	14
Dark honey	14
Buckwheat, dark	14
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	12½
Ohio, per lb	10
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	2 50
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 25
Brown beans, fancy, bus	2 25
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	12
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16
Cocoanuts, per doz	50
Brazils, per lb	12
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8
Almonds	16
Mixed nuts	12
FRUITS.	
Strawberries, La., quarts	4 00
Strawberries, Ark., quarts	3 75
Pineapples	4 75
Apples, per bbl	4 00 @ 4 50
Smyrna figs	1 90 @ 1 85
Bananas	2 00 @ 2 50
Lemons, per box	3 00 @ 3 25
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25
Sugar walnut dates	1 10
California oranges	2 50 @ 2 75
VEGETABLES.	
Asparagus	2 25
Asparagus, dozen	1 20
Pie plant, box	2 00
Spinach, box	1 15
Green beets, doz	90
Wax Beans, box	2 25
Tomatoes, crate	2 25
Green peas, box	1 75
New potatoes, bus	3 00
Mushrooms	60
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	4 00
Carrots, per cwt	2 25
Turnips	1 10
Beets, per cwt	2 50
Cabbage, crate	4 00
Parsnips, per 100 lbs	2 50
Best cucumbers, per doz	1 75 @ 1 85
Potatoes	1 20 @ 1 25
POP CORN.	
Choice, per lb	3½
Rice corn, shelled	6
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Chickens	16
Hens	15½
Ducks	14
Turkeys	18
Geese	13
MEATS.	
Beef	7 @ 7½
Lamb	10
Mutton	9½
Lard	7⅞
Pork loins	8
Veal	5½@ 6
CIDER.	
Common juice, half bbl	3 75
Fruit juice	6 50
Dufty cider	3 25

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 6.—Butter, weak; creameries, 14@21c; dairies¶, 13@21c. Eggs, easy; at mark, cases included, 15¾@16c. Cheese, steady; dalsits, 9@12c; twins, 8½c; young Americas, 10@½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 6.—Butter, weak; receipts, 4,171; extra fresh creamery, 21@21¼c; creamery, common to choice, 14@20½c; state dairy, common to choice, 15@20c; held creamery, common to choice, 13@19c. Cheese, irregular; receipts, 2,566 packages; state full cream, large and small, fancy, Sept. 10¾c@11c; do good to prime, 9@9¾c; state cheese, 7¼@7½c; large colored, 7@7¼c; small white, 7¼@7¾c; small colored, 7¼@7¾c. Eggs, irregular; receipts, 14,836; state Pennsylvania and nearby average finest, 16c; firsts, 15c; western firsts, 15c; storage selections, 15½c; southern firsts, 16@17c.

NO HYDROPHOBIA.

On his business cards J. Otis Fellows, of Hornellsville, describes himself thus: "The oldest spaniel breeder in America and never bred a crooked leg or light eye." He adds: "You can't teach your granny to suck eggs!" He has been in the dog business for more than forty years.

These things are here noted to show that if Mr. Fellows—or rather Uncle Dick, as all him by the name by which he is best known—declares that there is no such thing as hydrophobia, he has had at least an opportunity of studying the question. And he does make that assertion, says a correspondent of the New York Sun.

Uncle Dick believes the dog is much abused and misunderstood. He will not be convinced that there is such a disease as hydrophobia and challenges the medical fraternity to produce such a case. He goes further and expresses his willingness to allow any dog that is supposed to have hydrophobia to bite him, and all he asks in return is that his expenses shall be paid until the wound heals.

He declares that hydrophobia is all imagination and invention of physicians and specialists to secure practice. As he puts it, "it is a graft."

"I have handled 20,000 dogs a year, have been bitten hundreds of times, and care no more for a dog bite than a scratch of a pin," he said. "Foolish and unreasonable periodical scares have prevailed ever since public attention was drawn to Pateur and his crank followers, twenty years ago.

"This has had a bad effect on the public mind, magnifying the danger of a very rare disease, which is so slight that it does not deserve public notice. Many other diseases, such as tetamus, epilepsy, mania, cerebro-spinal, meningitis, have been mistaken for hydrophobia. Similar symptoms have been induced in some cases by intestinal worms, morbid growths and other disturbing causes.

"I know, of course, that a dog with colic or earache or teothache or worms or epileptic fits is always called a mad dog. A callow reporter sees or hears of the case, and under a scare heading he manages to do a lot of harm, but you may rest assured that there never was a genuine case of rabies in America.

"Some years ago the American Kennel club had a committee appointed to investigate hydrophobia, and it reported just as I say. Whenever I hear of any city with a lot of mad dogs I offer to let the worst specimen they can procure bite me, just to prove that the dog is not mad. None has as yet accepted my offer."

SELLING SAFES IN BALTIMORE.

Robert McLane, the mayor of Baltimore, said the other day:

"Naturally, since our devastating fire, the salesmen of safes have been doing a rushing business here.

"I am told that two safe salesmen, representing opposite firms, called simultaneously on a business man one morning last week. The first salesman said:

"'To demonstrate the quality of our safes, it is our custom to put a cat in one of them, to lock it to build a great fire around it, and to leave it in the flames for twenty-four hours. At the end of twenty-four hours we open the safe, and the cat leaps out, unharmed.'

"'Wonderful!' said the merchant. 'Wonderful!'

"The second salesman spoke up:

"'We once put a cat in a safe of ours,' he said, 'and kept it surrounded with fire for a week. At the end of the week, what condition do you suppose the cat was in?'

"'Dead,' said the merchant.

"'Yes, dead,' said the salesman. 'But do you know how it died?'

"'It froze to death!'"

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P. M.	A. M.	STATIONS	A. M.	P. M.

REPORT OF BATTLE

Expected From Feng Wang Cheng Within Thirty-Six Hours.

The Russian Position Has Been Very Heavily Reinforced.

St. Petersburg, May 6.—News of very heavy fighting near Feng Wang Cheng is expected within thirty-six hours. Large reinforcements have reached the Russian position.

An imperial order has been issued attaching three batteries of artillery to each of the nine rifle divisions.

Two distinct landing operations by the Japanese in the vicinity of Port Arthur are reported in today's dispatches to the Associated Press. According to cables from Tokio and St. Petersburg the Japanese effected a landing in force and unopposed at Pitsewo a point on the east coast of the peninsula about 75 miles above Port Arthur.

Another successful landing is reported to have taken place at Port Adams, which is situated on an arm of Society bay on the west coast of the peninsula, directly opposite and about twenty miles distant from Pitsewo. The railroad that connects Port Arthur with Mukden, passes close to Port Adams, and it is evident that it is now in the possession of the Japanese at this point.

A dispatch from Washington indicates a landing according to advices received there, at Kinchau, or Kinchow. This place is located at the extreme eastern shore of the bay of the same name on the west coast and is directly across the peninsula from the Russian port of Dalny. It is about forty miles north of Port Arthur.

The strip of land between Dalny and Kinchow is the narrowest point of the peninsula. Kinchow is about half way between Port Arthur and Port Adams and is also on the railroad. It is probable, however, that this landing refers to that at Port Adams, which is on an arm of the sea adjacent to Kinchow bay.

Pekin, May 6.—The ministers of the powers, according to good authorities, without exception are seeking to make the Chinese government observe strict neutrality.

Irkutsk, May 6.—The steam ferries have opened communication across Lake Baikal.

CAN STAND LONG SIEGE.

Port Arthur Can Hold Out For a Year.

St. Petersburg, May 6.—The Japanese landing at Pitsewo is expected to be followed almost immediately by the isolation of Port Arthur. Landings on the west coast of the peninsula are also expected. The Russian military authorities seem reconciled to the cutting off of their stronghold but they are convinced that the fortress is impregnable against attacks by land or sea. Though the enemy may invest the place the authorities here do not believe the Japanese will undertake to storm the position. It is believed that the greater part of the troops have been withdrawn and that Lieuenant Stoessel's forces including the garrison of Port Arthur, does not exceed 23,000 men. The fortress is prepared for a year. Further operaitons on the peninsula on a large scale are dependent upon the development of the campaign on the mainland.

It is understood that landing at Pitsewo was preceded by a bombardment of the shore and was effected under the guns of Japanese warships, but it was practically unopposed by the Russians.

No direct information has been received here as to whether Gen. Kuroki's army has advanced from its position on the Yalu river, but is is known that the Japanese are reconnoitering south of Feng Wang Cheng and along the Littoral, and a landing near Taku Shan, in order that the enemy might establish himself on the right flank of the Russians, is considered probable. A sharp lookout is being kept northeast of Feng Wang Cheng to prevent the possibility of a flanking movement from that direction, but it is understood that no signs of the enemy have been discovered.

CURIOUS STATE OF AFFAIRS

County Jail Prisoner Visits His Wife Three Successive Evenings.

The divorce calendar in district court has been pretty well cleaned up for this term.

One of the divorce cases of interest was that of Maria Lesti against Charles Lesti. Mrs. Lesti charged cruelty and non-support, and on those grounds was granted a decree. Questioned by Judge Dibell, she said her husband is now serving a 20-day sentence in the county jail, but that he visited her at her home on St. Croix avenue last Saturday, Monday and Tuesday nights. According to her testimony, Lesti was drunk when he went to see her. Mrs. Lesti's counsel claimed that Lesti was a "trusty" at the county jail, and that when he was permitted to leave the institution he got drunk.

Decrees of divorce were granted in the following cases: Anna Talbot against Ferdinand Talbot; Mary Louise Quayle against Thomas Quayle; Charles Hanson against Annie S. Hanson; Jean C. Smith against Fred L. Smith.

The divorce action of Minnie Lynch against John Lynch was partially heard and that of James Nesbit against Celestine Nesbit was dismissed after the withdrawal of the complaint by the plaintiff and a hearing of the evidence in support of a counter claim by Mrs. Nesbit.

The case of A. E. McCaller against Robert E. White was settled and stricken from the calendar.

Juries were waived in the cases of F. W. Wilcox et al. against John D. Brady et al., and James Hayden against the village of Chisholm.

The case of Christian Gustafson against Albert Gustafson was placed on the regular calendar.

The case of Lena Haapamaki against Kusta A. Haapamaki was stricken from the calendar, as was that of Emma Johnson against Samuel Johnson, there being no appearance.

Exquisite Neckwear
Not the hackneyed kind, but the novel and beautiful priced from 50c to $3.50.
M. S. BURROWS.

CITY BRIEFS.

Plant sweet peas. Buy seed of Seelkins.

Dr. Phelan has removed his offices to rooms 204-6-8 New Jersey building.

Arrangements have been made for the carrying of first class mail between Two Harbors and Grand Marais by stage from now until May 14, when it is expected that navigation will open so that mail may be carried by boat. Usually the boats are running to Grand Marais three or four weeks before now, making it unnecessary to carry the mail by stage at this time of the year.

The water and light department has authorized the extension of the water and gas mains from Eleventh avenue west to a point 200 feet west of Thirteenth avenue west. In a previous announcement of the extensions for the year it was stated that the extension would be made 150 feet west of Twelfth avenue, but on the petition of the property owners to be benefited, the extension will be made further than first planned.

O. Ray, the well known clothing salesman, for years at The Big Duluth, today joined the forces of Kenney & Anker where he will hereafter be pleased to meet his friends.

The Christian Endeavor society of the Pilgrim Congregational church will conduct the meeting this evening at the Star of Hope mission. Bert Gaskell will speak. There will be special music.

J. M. Gidding & Co., the "Style store," offer again tomorrow exceptional values in suits, coats and wearables of every kind for women and girls.

The sale of cravenette rain coats commences tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock at the Silberstein & Bondy Co.'s establishment. For particulars, see display ad. page 5.

The board of public works awarded the contract for sprinkling district No. 5 to Rocco Mos for the sum of $114 per month. There are still four districts in which the contracts have not been awarded. No. 7 and No. 11 will be awarded at the meeting of the board next Friday. In districts No. 9 and No. 10, there is some improvement work under way which will delay the awarding of the contracts.

Second citizenship papers were issued in district court, this morning to Nicola Pietrangelo.

Ernie Severans and Grace Nelson, both of this county, stood before Judge of Probate Middlecoff, this morning and were united in marriage.

All the testimony in the condemnation proceedings brought by the Minnesota & Northern Wisconsin Railway company, was completed this morning, before Judge Cant. The court has set May 25 and 27 as the date for the argument of the attorneys for the Brooks-Scanlon interests, in favor of the proceedings and the attorneys for the Weyerhaueser interests, objectors. If the court has too much other work on hand at those dates the arguments will be heard not later than the tenth of next month.

For a consideration of $1000 the Blue Ore Mining company has assigned to C. A. Smith and Fred B. Snufer an undivided four-tenths interest in a state mining lease covering the southwest quarter of the northwest qparter of section 2-57-21, and for $10,000, the same parties convey a four-tenths interest in an agreement made May 29, 1902, between L. W. Hill and C. A. Smith, providing for a royalty of 10 cents per ton for all the merchantable ore mined on the property.

PERSONAL.

Dr. Alexander Milne will leave this afternoon for Chicago, where he will deliver an address at the graduating exercises of the Chicago Theological seminary, which begin Sunday and continue to Thursday.

Alderman Watson S. Moore started today for Los Angeles, where he will attend the general conference of the Methodist church as a lay delegate from the Minnesota conference. Mrs. Moore accompanied him.

G. C. Stone was among today's passengers bound for Chicago.

Mrs. C. Z. Doolittle, of Minneapolis, is in the city and is a guest of Mrs. C. P. Craig, of London road.

HOMESTEADERS BURNED OUT

Milwaukee, May 6.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Ashland, Wis., says: Homesteaders from near Mineral Lake, thirty miles southwest of Ashland, arrived here today and reported that forest fires had swept away their homes. A homesteader named King escaped only in his nightclothes and hat.

The fire came on his homestead in the night destroying all of his stock except a span of horses, which broke loose and disappeared in the timber.

It is probable that other homesteaders were burned out.

Minor fires are reported along the line of the Wisconsin Central. Telephone service is cut off eight miles south of Ashland, fires having burned the poles down during the night. The paper mill companies have been notified that a large amount of pulpwood piled at different places along the line is in danger. There is considerable fire near High Bridge.

Duluth Grocers Lead.

The many housewives who consult The Herald's Friday Market Basket are aware that the prices quoted by the progressive grocers whose advertisements appear on this page each week are in most cases less than those of Minneapolis and St. Paul stores. This is a feather in the cap of Duluth grocers, and that housekeepers appreciate the entrppise of these up-to-date grocers, who have always something special to offer to Saturday buyers is shown by the splendid response to the advertisements. Fruits and vegetables are quoted in today's Herald at prices very much below those quoted in the Twin City papers.

$8 $8
No extra charge for PAINLESS EXTRACTING.
Gold crowns (22k) $5.00
Gold Fillings up from..... $1.50
Porcelain Crowns, $5.00
Alloy Fillings, up from..... 75c
We have the largest dental practice in Duluth because we give you the best and guarantee our work.
JOHNSON & KAAKE, Dentists, Zenith 'phone 168. Bell 'phone 1389-M.
Mesaba Block—409 West Superior Street.

A STORMY TIME

Hartford, Conn., May 6.—In one of the stormiest gatherings the party ever held in Connecticut, the Democratic state convention today chose fourteen delegates to the St. Louis convention and instructed them to vote as a unit for Alton B. Parker, of New York, as presidential nominee. A climax came at the end of two hours of angry debate between Hearst and Parker delegates in what escaped by a hairsbreadth being a personal encounter in full view of the convention between former Governor Thomas M. Waller, of New London, and Dr. F. J. Brothers, of New Haven. The question being debated was the substitution of the minority report of the committee on resolutions for the majority report. The former report favored an unpledged delegation; the latter a pledge for Parker and the unit rule. Personalities were bandied back and forth, the attack on Governor Waller accompanying charges that he had deserted the party in 1896. Much of the actual debate between the chief participants in the incident was unheard in the uproar, but their actions could be seen. They were forced almost into personal contact by the delegates crowding about. The incident was quickly smoothed over. The minority report was refused substitution, 396 to 186, showing that the Hearst delegates were outnumbered.

For first delegate at large, Homer S. Cummins defeated Alex Troup by a vote of 331 to 127.

Bryan F. Mahan was chosen as the other delegate at large by acclamation.

A contest developed in the committee on resolutions today as soon as the resolution simply recommending instructing of delegates and the adoption of the unit system had been read. Objection was made to the word "instruct." A motion to strike out the term was defeated after some debate.

In the meeting of the minority members of the same committee, a contest arose because several delegates wanted Mr. Hearst's name mentioned and reference to organized labor incorporated. Outsiders, however, convinced these members that such references would precipitate trouble in the convention. A motion to make reference to organized labor was thereupon withdrawn and Mr. Hearst's name was erased. The resolution as it stood was then signed.

It became known on the floor prior to the opening of the convention that the committee on permanent organization had selected William Kennedy, of Naugatuck, for permanent chairman, instead of Judge De Forest. The Hearsttites had caught the Parker men napping and the committee meeting had been attended by only twenty-one members. The vote for Mr. Kennedy for chairman had been passed 11 to 10.

Following is the majority report of the committee on resolutions as adopted:

We, the representatives of the Democracy of the state of Connecticut in convention assembled advise and instruct the delegates elected by this convention to the Democratic national convention to be held at St. Louis July 6, 1904, to act and vote as a unit on all matters arising in the said national convention in accordance with the will and majority of said delegates, and we further advise and instruct said delegates to support in the national convention the candidacy of Judge Alton Brooks Parker, of New York, for president of the United States."

Burrows' Regent Shoes
For men and women, $3.50; every leather; every style.
M. S. BURROWS.

PNEUMONIA CLAIMS HIM

Dr. Titcomb Dies After Brief Illness With Dread Disease.

Dr. Joseph D. Titcomb died this afternoon at his residence, 6005 Delaware avenue, Lakeside, after an illness of only a week. The cause of death was pneumonia, the doctor's illness manifesting no alarming symptoms until early this morning when Dr. A. C. Taylor who has been treating him during his illness was summoned to his bedside.

At this time Dr. Taylor ascertained that double pneumonia had set in putting the patient in an alarming state. Oxygen and other special treatments were undertaken to prolong the life of the patient but without avail, and he passed away about 3 o'clock.

Dr. Titcomb had gone to St. Paul a week ago with the Knights Templar of Duluth, who at that time made a special trip to attend the meeting of the grand commandery. While there he caught a cold which developed into what was thought to be the grippe, and he was not thought to be critically ill until this morning. During his illness he was attended by Dr. J. B. Taylor and Dr. J. B. Weston.

Dr. Titcomb was well known in Duluth as a specialist in treatment of the eye, ear, nose and throat, and had lived in this city and practised his profession since 1890. He came to this city from Maine, and was married but had no children. His wife survives him.

Dr. Titcomb was very prominent in Masonic circles. He was high priest of the Royal Arch Masons of Duluth and generalissimo of Duluth commandery of the Knights Templar.

The arrangements for the funeral will be announced later.

DECISIONS BY SUPREME COURT

St. Paul, May 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—The state supreme court today held that Samuel C. Ray, of this city, is entitled to the $1500 given him by a jury against the Manhattan Light, Heat and Power company, and the Jones & Adams company. The Ramsey district court is upheld. Justice Douglas affirms the order of Judge Kelly in directing a verdict for the defendant in the case of Frank Wandler against the Red Wing Gas and Electric company. Both are personal injury cases.

The court also handed down the following cases:

Sherburne Land company, appellant, against L. E. Ells, real estate commission, under contract; Ramsey county, affirmed. Start. C. J.

Martin County Bank, of Fairmont, appellant, against William Bird; Martin county; order reversed. Lovely, J.

Catherine Hagan and William Hagan, appellants, against Henry A. Barnes and William Auslander; action to cancel mortgages as usurious; Sherbourne county; reversed and new trial granted. Start, C. J.

Carl Risch against Rasmus Jensen, appellant; Watonwan county; order affirmed. Douglas, J.

Roy L. Braucht, appellant, against the Graves, May company, Hennepin county; action to recover money paid grain brokers as margins on wheat; order reversed. Start, C. J.

Lancaster, Pa., May 6.—Rev. Emmanuel Vogel Gerhart, D.D., LL.D., professor of theology and president of the theological seminary of the Reformed church of the United States, died at his home heer today. He was 87 years of age.

Milwaukee, May 6.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Oshkosh, Wis., says: Capt. John Hallam, aged 89 years, veteran of the 12-years' fighting in the Blackhawk, Seminole and Mexican wars, died today.

SATURDAY'S MARKET BASKET

D. O'Leary's Cash Grocery, 15 E. Superior St.

Shipping Orders Receive Prompt Attention Both 'Phones 199.

Prompt delivery everywhere.

Our business is growing very fast but the reason is plain—The best goods—the lowest prices and fair treatment to all.

Saturday's Cut Prices:

Arkansan Strawberries, 2 qts—25c
Mississippi Strawberries, choice ripe fruit, per qt—15c
Pine Apples, each—10c, 12½c, 15c
Oranges, per doz—15c, 20c, 25c
Apples, per peck—35c
New Potatoes, per peck—50c
Choice Tomatoes, per lb.—7c
Choice Asparagus, big bunches, 5c
Celery, extra fancy, 3 for—25c
Pie Plant, 3 for—10c
Cucumbers, each—7c
Cabbage, per lb.—3c
Leaf Lettuce, 3 for—10c
Butter, fresh dairy, per lb.—17c
Butter, 5 lb. jar, per jar—90c
Butter, creamery, lb. 20c, 22c, 25c
Cheese, Wis. full cream, per lb. 10c
Sour Pickles, per gal—25c
Sweet Pickles, per gal—50c
Mince Meat, per lb.—7c
Tea, good Jap, per lb.—30c
Tea, choice E. B., per lb.—30c
Tea, choice Oolong, per lb.—30c
Tea Dust, per lb.—15c
Coffee, per lb.—10c, 12c, 15c, 25c
If you want a delicious cup of Coffee buy our 3 lb. Can for 85c.
Crackers, by the box, per lb.—5½c
Hams, Sugar Cured, per lb.—12c
Bacon, Sugar Cured, per lb.—13c
Dry Salt Pork, per lb.—9c
California Hams, per lb.—8c
Dry Onions, per peck—25c
12 bars Soap—25c

The First Avenue Grocery,

J. H. O'LEARY & CO., 17 FIRST AVENUE WEST.
Old 1258—PHONES—1069 New

DAIRY BUTTER—prints, lb..18¢
FANCY DAIRY—prints, per lb.20¢
BULK CREAMERY—per lb..23¢
BULK CREAMERY—5-lb jars—per lb.....22¢
STORAGE CREAMERY—1-lb prints.....20¢
EGGS—country held, doz.....17¢
EGGS—strictly fresh, per doz..19¢
ORANGES—sweet, juicy, navels, per dozen.....15¢ UP
APPLES—Baldwins and Spies—per bushel.....50¢ UP
PINEAPPLES—delicious Floridas each.....12½¢ and 15¢
(Regular 20c and 25c values.)
COLUMBIA CATSUP—regular 25c size—per bottle.....20¢
MACARONI—regular price 10c per lb.....7¢
MINCE-MEAT—regular price 10c per lb.....5¢
MATCHES—regular 5c pkg.....4¢
Per dozen pkgs.....43¢
SALERATUS—regular 10c size 5¢
A complete line of fresh Fruits and Vegetables, including Wax Beans, New Beets, Green Beans, New Turnips, Green Peas, Parsley, Celery, Mint, Spinach, etc., at prices that defy competition.
We guarantee to save you money on good butter, good eggs and good coffee.
Mail orders promptly attended to.

Saturday's Specials

High-Grade Meats at ROCK-BOTTOM PRICES.

Armour's Gold Band Hams..14c
Armour's Gold Band Bacon..16c
Armour's Helmet skinned Ham.....13c
Armour's Plymouth Bacon..14c
(Very fancy.)
No. 1 Steer Boiling Beef.....4c
No. 1 Shoulder Steak.....10c
Pot Roast.....6c, 8c and 10c
Round Steak.....12½c
Pork Loins.....8c
Spare Ribs—3 lbs. for.....25c
California Hams, very lean, sugar cured.....8½c

T. W. McAuley & Co.

14 WEST FIRST ST.

Rathbun's

29 E. Superior St. Phone 656. Simon Clark, Manager.

SWEEPING REDUCTION IN Fruits and Vegetables. Every family should make the Sunday dinner table attractive, with new vegetables and fruits. Quality is perfect—prices the lowest.

TOMATOES—Large baskets of ripe Tomatoes, weighing almost 6 lbs., per basket—
25 cents.

STRAWBERRIES — Van Buren strawberries, best of the season—full quart baskets—2 for
25 cents.

ASPARAGUS—Large bunches of asparagus, fifteen heads in a bunch—per bunch—
8 cents
Smaller bunches at lower price.

PIEPLANT—Minnesota pieplant—4 lbs—
10 cents

LETTUCE—Fancy large heads of lettuce—3 for—
10 cents

CABBAGE—New cabbage per lb—
3 cents

POTATOES—New potatoes, 6 lbs—
25 cents.

ORANGES—Sweet naval oranges—the sweetest and juicest orange we have sold this season—per dozen—
25 cents.
(Regular 35c size.)

EGGS—Strictly new laid eggs, very best quality, per dozen—
18 cents.
The packers are putting eggs in storage now, the rejected eggs called number 2 stock are on the market and no matter how cheap you buy them they are poor, trashy stock, and high at any price.

BUTTER—Best quality creamery butter, the Dakota brand, per lb—
25 cents.

Elegant layout of Minnesota Vegetables at popular prices.

PINEAPPLES—Extra large pineapples, the greatest value ever offered, each—
15 cents.

Small Pineapples, 3 for 25c

COFFEE—For perfection in quality and flavor, try Success Blend Java and Mocha Coffee, 3-lb can—
85 cents

COCOANUT—Bulk Cocoanut, Richelieu brand, 2 lbs—
25 cents.

CORN, PEAS or TOMATOES—3 cans for—
25 cents.
2 cans superlative quality Corn, Peas or Tomatoes, for—
25 cents.

CERA FRUTA—The ideal breakfast food, regular 15c packages, to introduce it, per package—
7 cents
Limit 6 to a customer.

LARD—Absolutely pure leaf rendered lard, per lb—
9 cents
No breakfast is complete without our honey-cured Hams or Bacon. Try one.

POTATOES—Dry mealy potatoes—per bushel—
$1.25.
This is the very best stock and price is as low as you could purchase a carload.

SUNDRIES.
10c packets Powdered Starch.. 5c
10c bottles Lemon Extract.... 5c
60c Ceylon Tea, per lb.....40c
50c Cream Tartar Baking Powder, per lb.....25c
40 Chocolate, per lb.....25c
2-lb bricks Codfish 15c
25c bottles Booth's Salad and Dressing, each 10c
15c bottles Booth's Catsup....10c
Gallon jugs Catsup 35c

"I. X. L" Creamery Butter has far exceeded my most sanguine expectations and is certainly the ideal of perfection in butter making.—Thus spoke one of the many pleased customers who are daily increasing in numbers, of the Butter which promises to "LEAD THEM ALL."

MURRAY BROS.

Manufacture the best quality of
ICE CREAM
to order. A choice line of Dairy Products always on hand.
521 North Fifty-fifth Ave. West.
'Phones—Duluth 3063 M, Zenith 3008

VIKING

LEADS THEM ALL. Viking Flour stands for the highest in the art of milling products. Perfect machinery, skilled milling and best quality wheat makes it sweet, pure and strong. It is a prize winner everywhere.
GRONSETH & OLSEN
401 and 403 East Fourth Street.

That Tired Feeling

that comes in the springtime, when the first warm days enervate and makes a lassitude that is depressing, can be dispelled by a little pure and bracing whiskey like the Mansfield Rye. One should always keep a bottle of this superior liquor in the house for medicinal purposes.
Manhattan Wine House,
15 W. Superior St. Both phones.

PHONE US YOUR ORDERS.
Duluth Ice Cream Co
Delicious Creams 30c Quart.
Zenith Phone 140. Duluth Phone 45M

The Best People

In every community testify to the superb quality of
MALCOMSON'S TEAS AND COFFEES
They are known all over the country for their unfailing richness and worth. If you are not using our goods now we earnestly ask you to give them a trial to test the aroma and flavor which our Teas and Coffees undoubtedly possess.

Great Special Sale
SATURDAY
COFFEES:
Regular 27c quality Java and Mocha—per lb..... 22c
Regular 40c Old Government Java and Mocha—per lb..... 33c
This is the best drinking Coffee money can buy.
TEAS:
Best Japan Tea, regular 60c quality—during this sale..... 45c
60c English Breakfast..... 45c
Regular 60c Ceylon— 45c
Regular 60c Young Hyson— 45c
Regular 60c Gunpowder— 45c
Try them and you will always use them. No tickets or so-called presents, but yours for high grade pure Teas and Coffees.
Malcomson Tea Store,
C. F. Amborn, Mgr.
110 W. Superior St.
Old Phone 1098; Zenith 125

GASSERS' MARKET

Always the Best, Always the cheapest.
Pork Shoulders, per lb.... 7½c
Pork Loins, whole, per lb.. 9c
Pork Butts, per lb 9c
Spare Ribs, 3-lbs for..... 25c
Hams, per lb 13c
Picnic Hams, per lb..... 9c
Veal Stew, per lb..... 8c
Veal Steak, per lb..... 10c
Pot Roast, per lb..... 8-10c
Round Steak, per lb..... 12½c
Boiling Beef, per lb..... 4c
Hamburg Steak, lb..... 10c
GROCERY DEPT.
Saturday and all next week we will offer Uneeda Biscuits, 3 pkgs for 10c

UNEEDA BISCUIT

Of course you do.
Why?
Because
Lundmark & Franson
Sell 3 5c packages for 10c.
Commencing Tomorrow.
10th Ave. East and 2nd St.

DO YOU

Take Your Milk and Cream in Bottles?
If you don't you'd better try it once and you will never want your milk brought into your house in old dirty cans again.
The bottles not only keep the milk perfectly clean, but are convenient receptacles for the milk and cream while in the house.

PRIMUS BUTTER

Churned every day, even in the winter.
EGGS are getting cheaper now and are strictly fresh.
The BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL CO.
Both 'Phones, 352.
16 West First Street, 13 East Superior Street.

THE VERDICT ON
COMMANDER
Flour is that it makes more and better bread than any flour that you can buy. For sale by all grocers. Manufactured by
GREGORY, COOK & CO., Duluth, Minn.

BIRTHS.

HAFNER—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hafner, of 612 West Fourth street, May 3.
McDERMOTT—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Robert McDermott, of 1801 West Superior street, May 4.

DEATHS.

ANDERSON—Jacob Anderson, aged 21 years, died this morning at 409 Twenty-fourth Avenue west, of consumption. The funeral will be held Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock and interment will be made at the Lutheran cemetery.
CLARK—Thomas Clark, aged 26, at the home of his mother at 317 Eighteenth avenue west, of quick consumption. The funeral will leave the residence at 1:30 Sunday and the services will be held at the Second Presbyterian church. Interment at Forest Hill.

BUILDING PERMITS.

Charles Berg, frame dwelling on Nygatt avenue between Silox and Livingston streets, to cost .....$ 800

CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to thank our many friends during our late bereavement, in the loss of our loving little daughter Lizzie, for their kindness.
MR. AND MRS. C. ERICKSON,
1801 West Superior Street.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FURNISHED ROOMS — ELECTRIC light, bath and telephone. No. 27 Twenty-ninth Avenue west.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED GROCERYman for tomorrow. Henry Folz, 214-216 West Superior street.

THE RENTING PROBLEM,

For such it has become in Duluth, is more easily solved through The Herald than any other way. Houses, Flats and Rooms advertised in The Herald are easily rented, because it is on this page the people look for the best locations.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — 213 THIRD AVENUE west; good 8-room house, furnace, bath, gas, $32.50. Including water. William F. Moore, 201 Exchange building.

HOUSES FOR RENT—PARK POINT cottages for rent and for sale. 512 Burrows building.

FOR RENT — NICE MODERN 7-ROOM brick house; choice location. East End. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange bldg.

FOR RENT—427 SEVENTH AVENUE east; modern house; nine rooms.

FOR RENT — A TEN-ROOM BRICK house, all modern conveniences, hot water heat, May 1. Call 502½ East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — SIX-ROOM HOUSE, IN the "Glen." Apply No. 7, Twelfth avenue West. J. E. Evans.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FURNISHED house at Lakeside; hot water heat. W. C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale bldg.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED AND UNfurnished cottages, on Minnesota Point. H 41, Herald.

SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY, OCCUPYing large modern house, East End, will rent entire floor to club of six or eight young men. Breakfast and 6 o'clock dinner, if desired. X, care of Herald.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park Terrace. Heat and water furnished; $50 per month. 206 Lyceum.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. bldg. 'Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — A PLEASANT FRONT room, centrally located, all conveniences; a very desirable place for two young men. 407 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms, good condition, $8. 1016 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT IN PRIVATE FAMILY—a large pleasant front room furnished, location desirable and central, all modern conveniences. Suitable for two young men. Address D 17 Herald.

FOR RENT—SIX ROOMS. ELECTRIC light and bath. 215 Seventh Ave. east.

FOR RENT — MODERN FURNISHED room, suitable for one or two gentlemen or young married couple. 205 Tenth avenue east.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED FRONT rooms and one side room. 221 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — TWO ROOMS, PARTLY furnished or unfurnished, for housekeeping. 309 Sith avenue west.

FOR RENT—FOR GENTLEMEN, SUITE of front furnished rooms, with bath. 325 East First street.

FOR RENT—TWO NICE ROOMS WITH conveniences. $8.00. Lower part of house 313 West Fourth street.

FURNISHED ROOMS—$1.50 AND UP per week. 19 1st Avenue West.

LARGE FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, bath, suitable for two gentlemen. No. 11, 4th Avenue East.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS over Criterion restaurant, 306 West Superior street. Apply same.

NICE, LARGE, FURNISHED ROOM; private balcony overlooking lake, in private family; light, bath and both 'phones. 229 Fourth avenue west.

ROOMS FOR RENT. 524 LAKE AVENUE north.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED PARLOR and bedroom, second floor, 126 East First street.

FOR RENT — MODERN FURNISHED front rooms en suite or single; use of phone. M 100, Herald.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FRONT room, next to bath, in private family, to gentleman with references. 202 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR one or two gentlemen. 1208 West First street.

DESIRABLE FURNISHED ROOM, closet and bath. $9 month. 507 E. First St.

FOR RENT—FOUR PLEASANT, NEWly furnished rooms, all modern conveniences. $6 and $7 per month. Also two very desirable unfurnished parlors, 456 Mesaba avenue.

THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS. 502 Third avenue west.

FOR RENT—LARGE PLEASANT ROOM —closet and electric light. 331 West Third street.

FOR RENT — ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping; central. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS. WATER, sewer and gas. 1325 London road.

FOR RENT — PART OF MICHIGAN street floor, Providence building. Apply W. B. Silvey, 204 Providence building.

DESIRABLE SUITE FOR TWO FOR housekeeping. 5901 London road, Lester Park.

FOUR PLEASANT UNFURNISHED rooms for rent. 4701 Dodge street.

FOR RENT — OFFICES, MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

ROOMS FOR RENT—27 EAST SUPERior street.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE, 109 WEST SUPERior street. For particulars call at the office of George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT — VERY CHEAP, BRICK store building; nice flat; West End. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building. 'Phone 439.

FOR RENT—THE FINE BRICK STORE room 118 and 120 West Fourth street, with well-lighted basements, formerly occupied by Crescent bakery. W. C. Sherwood & Co., Torrey building.

UPHOLSTERING.

UPHOLSTERING, REPAIRING AND mattress making neatly done. Firstclass workmanship. Wm. Peterson, 1330 West Superior street.

BEST WORK—LOW PRICES. STOCK & YOUNG. 504 E. 4th St. Zenith 'phone 1248-C. Old, 747-R.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—GOOD TEAM FOR farm. Call 627 East Tenth street, after 6 p. m.

WANTED TO BUY—IF YOU HAVE A bargain to offer in centrally located property, vacant or improved, send particulars. D 15, Herald.

WANTED — A CHINA KILN IN GOOD condition. Must be reasonable. Address D 10, Herald.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED — PLAIN SEWING. MRS. Harrison, 423½ East Fifth street.

AN EXPERIENCED LADY WOULD like position to assist with books or do general office work. M 46 Herald.

WANTED — DAY WORK, WASHING and ironing or housecleaning. U 17, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS POLICY writer, or stenographer for all or part of day; have had experience in real estate and insurance work. Address Y 67, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK, WASHING or housecleaning. 336 Lake avenue south.

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE POSITION as stenographer, or office assistant. Apply W 98, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

SCANDINAVIAN YOUNG MAN, EXperienced grocery clerk and deliverer, desires position. A. Christianson, 712 Tower avenue, Superior.

YOUNG MAN SEEKS SITUATION AS shoeing and general smith. Apply W. Somers, 626 West Superior street.

WANTED—WORK; STORM WINDOWS to take off, carpets cleaned. C. P. Pederson.

WANTED — BY STEADY AND SOBER man, good gardener, and handy around the house, a place to work. Address Frank Droz, 115 Fifty-eighth avenue south, West Duluth.

A YOUNG MAN, COLLEGE GRADUate, and of good habits, wants position in office or store. Can speak Scandinavian, German and English; willing to work. References. D 8, Herald.

EXPERIENCED MALE STENOGRApher, operating Oliver and Remington machines, would be open to situation in about ten days. Address D 18, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN OF 26, A position as bookkeeper, stenographer, private secretary or correspondent. Can furnish gilt edge references. State salary in first letter. Address E. C. Watson, Box 147, Litchville, N. D.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—MODERN THREE-ROOM flat, $11. 311 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM FLAT, 730 East Third street, $15 month, water included. Apply Abrahamson Agency, Palladio building.

FOR RENT—FLAT, OVER 127 EAST SUperior street; opposite City hall. Apply 127 East Superior street.

SMALL FLAT IN WEST END—ALL conveniences. Apply N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN THREEroom flats, $12 and $14. 311 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT — A FEW VERY DESIRable flats and houses and two stores for rent at reasonable rentals from May 1. W. M. Prindle & Co., Lonsdale bldg.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM BRICK FLAT, all modern conveniences. Cooley & Underhill. 207-8 Exchange building.

FARM LANDS.

HOMESTEADS LOCATED
HOMESTEADS LOCATED
HOMESTEADS LOCATED

in Chippewa Reservation. Choice locations.

416 Lyceum building.

TWENTY ACRES OF LAND ADJOINing Lakeside and at the head of Fortythird avenue east, which is a paved avenue, with fine buildings, house and two barns, brand new, at a great bargain. If you want to start a market garden, poultry farm or small dairy, this is your opportunity. Apply to George H. Crosby, 106 providence building.

$1160 TAKES 4,000,000 FEET OF PINE; $5,920 takes 16,000,000 feet of redwood. Have some large tracts of redwood and pine for sale.512 Burrows building.

FOR SALE—FORTY ACRES OF GOOD farm land near Duluth, on good road; $8.50 per acre. A. Scott, Box 18, postoffice.

OREGON TIMBER CLAIMS LOCATED. Pine timber; reasonable fees; information free. Write. Whitten & Bryant, Room 11, Mulkey bldg., Portland, Ore.

FOR SALE — IMPROVED 80-ACRE farm, team, cattle and other personal property belonging to Perrault estate. H. V. Goetchius, guardian.

INDIAN LANDS—FULL INFORMATION regarding opening of Indian reservations lands to agricultural settlement in North Dakota and Minnesota, $2. Being on the ground we are in a position to give fullest details of rules and regulations. Address Gerald A. Johnson, Postal Telegraph building, Washington, D. C.

FARM LANDS NEAR DULUTH in tracts of 40 acres or more, for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum bldg., Duluth, Minn.

PROFITABLE FARM AND RANCH lands in Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado and Wyoming. Low prices, ten years' time. Scientific agriculture. Mild climate. Maps free. Land department, Union Pacific railroad, Omaha, Neb. Mention this paper.

PAINTING LESSONS.

MRS. MARY INMAN, 231 West Second St.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

AND WATCH REPAIRING, M. HENricksen Jewelry Co., 334 W. Superior St.

WANTED STOCK FOR PASTURE.

WANTED—COWS TO HERD IN WEST Duluth; will be responsible for damages; $1 per head per month. Leave orders at 4009 Magelen street, upstairs.

WANTED—HORSES AND CATTLE TO pasture at Spirit Lake. Zenith Phone 3113-C.

COWS FOR SALE.

JUST ARRIVED, CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows, for sale. Harry Hill, 339 St. Croix avenue.

FOR SALE—CAR OF FRESH MILCH cows just arrived. J. H. Markuson, Sixty-first avenue west and Redruth street. Phone 3044-L.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with another carload of fresh milch cows. Will sell and exchange for fat cattle. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone, 1287.

EVAN JOHNSON, 2608 WEST HELM street, will arrive May 5, with a carload of fresh milch cows and springers.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—PORCELAIN BATH, WITH instantaneous heater. Address D 19, Herald.

FOR SALE—OUR MANUFACTURE OF XXX XX and Zenith white cedar shingles, delivered at any point in the city. Zenith 'phone No. 944. Norton Lumber company.

FOR SALE—ONE TWO-HORSE LUMber wagon; one heavy double harness. 733 West Michigan street.

A FEW STOVES WHICH WERE LEFT for repairing will be sold for cost of repairs and storage. Duluth Stove Repair works, 217 East Superior street.

FOR SALE — SECOND-HAND PIANola, in very fine condition, mahogany case. A snap at $100. Duluth Music Co.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND WALNUT piano, in fine condition, $100. Duluth Music Co.

FOR SALE — CIGAR AND CONFECtionery stand and small stock of groceries. For information call 302 West Second street.

MUCIC AND MUSICAL MERCHANDISE —Edison's phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos, organs. Haakonsen & Westgaard, Duith's leading music store.

FOR SALE — CHEAP — TWO COMplete drilling outfits for the Mesaba range. C. d'Autremont, Jr., 714 Torrey building.

FOR SALE—ONE $1500 CONTRACT IN the National Home and Investment company; four payments made. Address D 5, Herald.

GROCERY STORE FOR SALE, 1814 West Superior street, including stock, fixtures, teams, three-year lease and insurance. Apply to M. J. Dahistin, Parlor theater.

FOR SALE—ONE-SEATED SECONDhand buggy, cheap. 2029 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—BALANCE OF PERRY Manufacturing company's stock cheap. One 1¼ inch stake dray and one 1¼ inch express wagon. Both new. Must be sold at once. 414 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT. 421 TOWER avenue, Superior.

PATENTS OBTAINED FOR INVESTors, J. T. Watson, specialist, Palladio building.

FOR SALE — BEAUTIFUL MAHOGany piano, in splendid condition; slightly used; a bargain at $187. Duluth Music Co.

FOR SALE—ONE GROCERY SINGLE delivery wagon in good condition. Call or address 102 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE — GASOLINE LAUNCH, suitable for ferry. 605 Palladio building.

FREE TRIAL ON GAS ENGINES—NO good, no pay. F. B. Jordan, gas engine expert, Box 93. New 'phone 4617, Duluth.

FOR SALE—STEAM ENGINE ABOUT 75 H. P.; also machine shop tools for very light manufacturing. H. E. Smith & Co., Palladio building.

HORSES FOR SALE.

A large and complete assortment constantly on hand; also farm mares, general purpose horses and drivers. Look over our stock before purchasing elsewhere; the largest assortment to be found in the entire Northwest.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Midway Horse Market,
St. Paul, Minn.

FOR SALE—BROWN MARE, WEIGHT 1550; good single or double. Call 12 or 6 p. m. 311 East First street.

FOR SALE—HACK AND TEAM, EASY payments if desired. Call 205 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—GOOD HEAVY WORKING horse, cheap. Apply 2504 West Eleventh street.

FOR SALE—DRIVING HORSE, HARness and buggy, cheap. Can be seen at Kendall's barn, Saturday from ten until three.

HORSES FOR SALE—DRAFT DRIVing horses and general purpose. L. Hammel company.

FURNITURE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—COOK STOVE, TWO HEATing stoves, one bedroom set, two tables, bookcase and chairs, cheap. 221 Lake avenue north.

FOR SALE — HANDSOME FOLDING bed. Call at 1526 East Third street.

FOR SALE—COMPLETE OUTFIT FOR furnishing three rooms; all furniture complete; also dishes and cooking utensils. Apply 1008 West Third street after 7 in evening.

FOR SALE—NICE FOLDING BED AND lounge. 459 Mesaba avenue.

FOR SALE — MAHOGANY DRESSER, lady's desk, two bookcases, leather chair, Flemish oak buffet, gas range. 130 Oxford street, Hunter's Park, or 402 Torrey.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, FINE OAK dresser, in good condition. Address D 9, Herald.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE — HAUSE AND LOT, 311 East First street; very nicely located; water, sewer and toilet; parties leaving city. 311 East First street.

FOR SALE—FIVE-ROOM HOUSE AT 2214 West Third street.

FOR SALE OR RENT — HOUSE NO. 211 St. Croix avenue. Apply 247.

$1750 BUYS ONE OF THE BEST 6-ROOM houses at Lakeside. Inquire on premises, 4831 Dodge street.

FOR SALE—GOOD 7-ROOM HOUSE lot 50 by 150 feet, five blocks from high school. For further information address "H. P. B.," Box 4, Underwood, Minn.

TEN HOUSES FOR SALE CHEAP—Anyone that wants to buy city property in West Duluth cheap call on A. P. Freeburg, 216 North Sixty-fourth avenue west, city.

FOR SALE CHEAP—HOUSE AND LOT, bay side, Park Point. Inquire 1921 Minnesota avenue.

FOR SALE—FINE SIX-ROOM HOME, 1727 Fiftieth avenue east, Lakeside; one block beyond Oneida street. Apply at house.

STOVE REPAIRING.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS. 217 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.

A GUARANTEED CURE AT DR. REISland's, 707 Palladio.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—A COOK; HIGHEST WAGES; no washing. Mrs. Thomas B. Merrill, Twenty-seventh avenue east and Superior street.

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE care of baby; call evenings. 721 East Sixth street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; family of two; no housecleaning. 2319 East First street.

WANTED — COMPETENT, EXPERIenced stenographer. Address "Wholesale," Herald.

WANTED AT ONCE — COMPETENT girl for general housework. 4253 London Road. Best of wages paid.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AND DINING room girl. Good wages. 125 West 2nd.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework who can go home nights. Hours: 8 a. m. to 7:30 p. m. Call 18 West Second street.

COMPETENT NURSE GIRL— 1827 Jefferson.

EXPERIENCED SECOND GIRL— 10 West Second street.

WANTED — LADY STENOGRAPHER, having experience in lumber office. Address box 314 Postofficee.

GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSE WORK, small family. 1121½ East Third.

WANTED—TWO DINING ROOM GIRLS at once. Apply at Tecumseh hotel, 318-320 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply morning or evening, 216 Third avenue west.

WANTED AT ONCE — SIX DINING room and kitchen girls. A first-class cook wants place in town. Call at 215 East Superior street, the most respectable employment office.

WANTED — A NURSE GIRL. MRS. Frelmuth, 1306 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework. 1001 East Second street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT HOUSEmaid, at 301 East Fourth street. Good wages. Two in family.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 318 West Third street.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL AT Nicollet hotel.

WANTED — TWO DISHWASHERS. Hotel McKay.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must be good cook and furnish references. Apply Flat E, Ashtabula Flats.

WANTED—WAIST AND SKIRT MAKers; also apprentices for millinery. La Ferte, 17 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
DO YOU NEED MONEY?

We make loans on horses, waggons, furniture and pianos, etc. Any amount required. Also to salaried people without security. Lowest rates. Confidential treatment. Call and investigate our methods.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Bldg.
Bell 'phone 769 R. Zenith 'phone 936.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY.
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883. Old 'phone 636 M.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $1000. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only recognized reputable pawnbroker. Established 1887. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches and all goods of value. Very low rates. Everything confidential. The Crescent Bros., 413½ W. Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SALARY OR chattels; quick; confidential. Cosmopolitan company, 201 Palladio building. Zenith 761.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

TURKISH BATHS.

ARE A GUARANTEED CURE FOR rheumatism, kidney trouble and colds. 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies, 415 W. Mich. St.

SIGNS.

E. RALPH, GENERAL SIGN WORK. 323 West First street.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

CARL DELIN, MERCHANT TAILOR. Room 16, Phoenix block. Suits cleaned and pressed.

OLD CLOTHES.

GOOD PRICES PAID FOR MEN'S OLD clothes. A. Winer, 11 N. Fifth Ave. W.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR OLD clothing. E. Schulz, 112 First Ave. E.

REMEMBER

To get your copy in early for the want page of the

SATURDAY HERALD

Everybody reads The Herald want ads and if your ad does not appear, you certainly cannot expect to get results.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE. (Continued.)

WANTED — A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework at 206 West Third street.

WANTED—CHAMBERMAID. MIDLAND hotel, 210 West Second street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED CHAMbermaid. Spalding hotel.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL TO HELP cook; also one for general work. 2532 West Superior street.

WANTED—A NURSE GIRL. 122 EAST First street.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS GENERAL servant, hotel and boarding house cook, dishwasher; places always open. Call 225 East Superior street.

WANTED AT ONCE—GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 2725 West Fourth St.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 211 Tenth avenue east.

GOOD WOMEN FOR HOUSE CLEANing, washing and ironing can always be found at 215 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR General housework. Must have references. Mrs. W. P. Mars, 1627 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of four. 810 East First street. Call mornings.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Mrs. J. H. Whitely, 1828 East Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. 214 Ninth avenue east.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and for general housework can always find places at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 215 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

GIRLS CAN FIND GOOD PLACES AND good wagse at Mrs. Somers' Employment office. 17 Second avenue east.

STENOGRAPHER.

MISS MAXWELL, 307 1st Nat'l Bank Bldg

GOLD WANTED.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR gold and silver. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 334 West Superior street.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. AUGERMEYER, 219 FIRST AVE. E.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug work. 1707-8 West Michigan St. New 'phone, 315; old, 705-5.

MASSAGE.

MISS BACON, Phoenix blk., 4th Ave. W.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—Practical dyers and French dry cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Superior street, Duluth; 919 Tower, Superior. Both 'phones.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S. 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 W. Superior St.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MIDwife, female complaints. 418 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone, 1225.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—ONE HUNDRED ITALIANS, 140 Austrians, for section work, Montana and Washington. Western Employment company, 502½ West Superior street.

WANTED—GROCERY CLERK. APPLY at once. First Avenue Grocery, 17 First Avenue west.

WANTED — MAN UNDERSTANDING transplanting trees, care of garden and lawn. H. W. Coffin, Manhattan.

WANTED, FOR U. S. ARMY — Ablebodied, unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED AT ONCE—TWO EDGERmen; must be first class. Apply St. Louis Lumber company mill office.

ONE PANTS AND ONE COATMAKER at once. Frank Burrows, 24 Third avenue west.

BOY ABOUT 15 OR 16 YEARS CAN GET a position at once. White Swan Drug store.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO DO JANItor work for tuition. Apply Duluth Business University.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED MALE stenographer and clerk, in railroad office. Salary $65 per month. C 26, Herald.

Wanted—Parties to burn Lackawanna Koal. 210 W. Sup. St. Tel. 1291.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Special opportunity this month. Particulars mailed free. Moler Barber College, 221 Second avenue south, Minneapolis, Minn. Established 1893.

WANTED—A BRIGHT, ACTIVE BOY, about 15 years of age. Apply Spalding hotel.

EGGS FOR HATCHING.

PIKE'S CHICK FEED WILL SAVE and raise little chicks. All dealers or write R. A. Pike & Co., Minneapolis, Minn. Sample feed and catalogue, 6c. Price list free.

EGGS FOR HATCHING FROM BUFF Plymouth Rocks; prize winners and good breeding stock, $1.00, $2.00, and $3.00 per setting. Eggs for incubator, $4.00 per 100. Mrs. R. Hodgson, Fifty-fourth avenue east.

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING from prize winners and good breeding stock. Single comb brown Leghorns and black Minorcas. $1.25 and $1.50 per setting. Zenith 'phone 1107, 421 East Second street.

NEW SEEDS JUST IN, ENTIRE STOCK fresh and Northern grown. Pike's chick feed for little chicks. Eggs for hatching. T. A. Scarlett's, 124 W. 1st St.

POULTRY SUPPLIES, CYPHERS AND Pikes' chick feed, in any quantity. Incubators and brooders always on hand. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—Over Suffel's. HUMES.

HATS—106 W. Superior St. Miss Swenson.

ARCHITECT.

Young & Nystrom, 504-9 Manhattan bldg.

LAKESIDE EXPRESS.

LAKESIDE AND DULUTH EXPRESS orders taken at 5 East Superior street. 'Phone 310; residence 'phone 6088. J. N. Wilson.

CARRIAGES AND WAGONS.

FIRST-CLASS VEHICLES OF EVERY description at right prices. J. C. Perry, 416 East Superior street.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN AND ASSISTANT will give readings to ladies for 50 cents till May 15; gentlemen as usual. Phone 4250 Superior. 1813 Eleventh street.

BOARD OFFERED.

GOOD TABLE BOARD AND NEATLY furnished rooms, in private family; modern house; very central; nice lake view; rates reasonable. Address K 92, Herald.

BOARD AND ROOM OFFERED. 211 West Second street.

TABLE BOARD. 231 WEST SECOND ST.

GENTLEMAN ROOMMATE WANTED in first-class boarding house, 231 West Second street.

NICE LARGE ROOM WITH BOARD AT the Ralston, 122 East First street.

TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY at O-at-ka beach, also cottage for rent. Old 'phone 1302-R.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD. 521 WEST SECond street.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD. Also table board. 218 West Third St.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD AND ROOM, AT 125 West Second street.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BOARD AND ROOM BY young lady in private family. Must be neat and reasonable, state price. Address D 6 Herald.

PERSONAL.

J. P. Those suffering from weaknesses which sap the pleasures of life should take Juven Pills. One box will tell a story of marvelous results. This medicine has more rejuvenating, vitalizing force than has ever been offered. Sent post-paid in plain package only on receipt of this ad's, and $1.
Made by its originators C. I. Hood Co., proprietors Hood's Sarsaparilla, Lowell, Mass.

ANYONE HAVING ONE OF THE large pictures of Mattson's Island, Isle Royale, taken by Crandell & Fletcher, please communicate with Gust Mattson, 2709 Helm street, Duluth.

MOVING.

REDUCED FREIGHT RATES TO PAcific coast points, on household goods or emigrant movables. For particulars address the Boyd Transfer & Storage Co., or call on our local agents, the Duluth Van & Storage company.

ASHES REMOVED.

J. MAHER. BOTH 'PHONES 48.

CALL 570-C, NEW 'PHONE—DULUTH General Teaming Co., 1004 West First street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith 'phone, 660; residence, 1213.

HAIRDRESSING.

Shampooing, Hair Dressing, Manicuring, hair work. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

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SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, May 16, 1904. Work—First degree. Stanley R. Holden, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 9, 1904. Work—Second degree. Hugh R. Burgo, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary. Visiting brethren are welcome.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 26, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, May 6 Work—M. M. P. M. M. E. M. Joseph D. Titcomb, H. P.; W. T. Ten Brook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave May 10 at 4 p. m. Work—Orders of the Red Cross and Temple. Dinner served at 6:30 p. m. John T. Black, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.
DULUTH TENT NO. 1 MEETS EVERY Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Edward Thompson, Com., 12 E. Fifth St. J. B. Gelineau, R. K., third floor, Hunter block. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. Thos. J. McKeon, G. S.; W. P. Wellbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. C. H. Johnson, M. W.; W. W. Penstermacher, recorder. O. J. Marvold, financier, 211½ East Sixth street.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. John Newman, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick Benefit association meets same evenings at 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. J. H. Davis, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

GRANT LODGE, K. OF P. No. 3 (colored) meets first and third Thursday every month at Kalamazoo hall, F. J. Grant, C. C.; D. H. Saunders, K. of R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday at 8 o'clock at Hunters' hall. Jos. A. Mannheim, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, Room 10, Hayes block.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, MEETS AT Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. F. Wiberg, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF Teamsters local No. 41, meets at Kalamazoo hall, No. 18 W. Sup. St., second and Fourth Mondays of each month. Arthur Beattie, president, 2809 W. Helm St. J. M. Rock, recording secretary, 722 Garfield avenue; Archie McPherson, secretary and treasurer, 909 West Eighth street.

COOKS' AND WAITERS' UNION NO. 53.—Meets every second and fourth Tuesday of each month at the Kalamazoo building. President Marshal Hebner; vice president, Etta O'Donnell; secretary, Josie Wilson; treasurer, Fred McKelvey; financial secretary, J. B. McComber, 22 West Superior street; L. H. Copeland, business agent.

I. O. O. F.
COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting, May 6. Important business. H. J. Pickard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in G. A. R. hall, Temple building, 203 East Superior street. George F. Mackenzie, chief; Malcolm Macdonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, Glass Block. Next meeting, Wednesday, May 18.

ROYAL LEAGUE.
ZENITH COUNCIL.—No. 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, first and third Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. G. L. HARGRAVES, archon; L. P. MURRAY, scribe, 1524 East Fourth street.

24 Pages

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

Section 1. Pages 1 to 12.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, MAY 7, 1904. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

RUSSIANS EVACUATE FENG WANG CHENG AND JAPS OCCUPY TOWN; COMMANDER AT PORT ARTHUR SAYS HE WILL NEVER SURRENDER

Gen. Kuropatkin Decides Not to Resist Japanese Yet.

Japs Pressed the Retreating Russians With Small Losses.

Port Arthur Expects to Hold Out Until Help Comes.

St. Petersburg, May 7, 5:30 p .m.—According to a persistent rumor, Gen. Kuropatkin decided not to give battle at Feng Wang Cheng, the Russians have fallen back and the Japanese have re-occupied Feng Wang Cheng.

The telegraph office refuses to accept messages for Port Arthur.

St. Petersburg, May 7, 6:10 p. m.—The Russian retreat from Feng Wang Cheng is confirmed. The Japanese pressed the retreating troops though with few losses to either side. The Japanese destroyed the railway at Port Adams, blowing up the bridges.

Seoul, May 7.—A dispatch from Antung says it is rumored there that the Japanese captured Feng Wang Cheng, May 4, after fierce fighting and that the losses on both sides were very heavy.

St. Petersburg, May 7.—The Russian capital has now been without news from Port Arthur for almost twenty-four hours. The last telegram received was filed at 6 o'clock last night. It is believed that the spot where the Japanese cut the railroad and telegraph line is near Port Adams, opposite Pitsewo.

No news of other landings in the Liao Tung peninsula has reached the general staff.

Important developments are hourly expected from Feng Wang Cheng. News of heavy fighting there is anticipated shortly.

A telegram from Gen. Kuropatkin says: Gen. Kuroki's army is advancing upon the Russian position in two divisions. The enemy with artillery, he reports, has reached Kao-Li-Meun, called the "gate of Korea," which is within ten miles of Feng Wang Cheng.

SAYS PORT IS BLOCKED.

Tokio, May 7.—Vice Admiral Togo reports that the entrance to Port Arthur is blocked completely to all vessels except small boats. He adds that the Japanese have not lost a single war vessel, although the attack resulted in considerable loss of life.

EXPECTED SIEGE.

Will Defend Port Arthur Until Relief Comes.

Port Arthur, May 6.—(Delayed in transmission.)—Lieut. Gen. Stoessel has issued an order to the troops of his command as follows:

"On April 30 and May 1 the enemy crossed the Yalu river in great force and our troops fell back to positions which had been previously selected.

"Yesterday the enemy effected an important landing on the Liao Tung peninsula, south of Pitsewo, and in the vicinity of Kin Chou bay. Now our work is beginning. Naturally the enemy will destroy railway communication and endeavor to drive our troops back to Port Arthur, and besiege this fortress, Russia's bulwark in the far East. We will defend it until the arrival of the troops which are coming to relieve us.

"I consider it my duty to call upon you to display unceasing vigilance and caution and you must be ready at all times to demean yourselves towards your general with the dignity and order becoming the glorious troops of Russia. No matter what happens you must not lost your heads, but remember that everything is possible in war and that we shall be able, with God's help, to cope with the arduous task imposed upon us."

WILL NEVER SURRENDER.

Commander at Port Arthur Breathes Defiance to Japs.

St. Petersburg, May 7.—The calmness with which the Russians accept the isolation of what always has been regarded as the Russian Gibraltar in the far East is remarkable. In military circles it has been considered inevitable from the first. No attempt is made to belittle the energy shown by the enemy, but from the strategic point of view the investment of the fortress is regarded as relieving the military situation on the mainland, which has been much embarrassed by the necessity for maintaining the seagirt stronghold at the extremity of the Liao Tung peninsula. Besides, the utmost confidence is expressed in the ability of the fortress to withstand a siege. The whole of the lower end of the peninsula, from Kin Chou, thirty miles above Port Arthur, south, is an entrenched camp, commanded by a chain of most formidable fortifications, which surmount the crest of every hill. Millions of roubles and years of work have been devoted to rendering the place impregnable by land or sea. The railroad circling within this camp will permit of the easy transportation of the defending troops.

According to the Russian view the Japanese have a herculean task before them in the event of their attempting the reduction of the fortress. Successive lines of defences must be carried, and the Japanese operations canot begin at the advanced position, Kin Chou, until their siege guns are landed.

Gen. Stoessel, who will have supreme command of the defence of Port Arthur, is considered to be able and resourceful, and to have an indomitable will. His orders of the day have breathed a spirit of unyielding defiance. One of them declared that he last man must die in the defence of Port Arthur. The latest newspaper dispatches from the beleagured fortress contained an account of a stirring appeal by Gen. Stoessel to his trops yesterday on the occasion of the review in honor of the emperss'name day, in which he announced that he would never surrender. In addition to the 10,000 sailors on board the ships at Port Arthur, and the regular fortress artillery, probaly numbering 2000 men, the defending force consists of a division of riflemen and three batteries of field artillery, a total of about 22,000 men.

In anticipation of the severance of communication, all the valuable public documents had been removed to Mukden, and the work of supplying the fortress with provisions and ammunition had been progressing for weeks. The authorities apparently are satisfied that practically no non-combatants remain there. The inhabitants of Port Dalny were sent away some time ago.

The newspapers accept the news stoically, adjuring the people not to be discouraged, since the cutting off of Port Arthur was a foregone conclusion from the first. The Novoe Vreyma says:

"The fortress and its defenders must now shift for themselves until our army in sufficient strength can come down from the north and rescue them. In the meantime the people must accustom themselves to be without direct news from Port Arthur."

RUSSIANS CONFIDENT.

Troops Coming East Are In Excellent Spirits.

Mukden, May 6.—Still no foreign newspapers are allowed at Liao Yang, where all the foreign attaches are detained. Capt. William V. Judson, of the engineering corps, U. S. A., who is to accompany the Russian army during histilities, and Lieut. Newton A. McCully, the United States naval attache, and others have been provided with quarters there.

The men on the troop trains passing through Mukden on their way to the front are in excellent spirits, and express confidence in Russia's eventual success. They ask their officers when they may expect to reach Japan, and already want to know the Japanese name for tobacco, tea and other articles.

Picturesque scenes are frequently witnessed at the wayside stations, where the troops frequently remain over night. The soldiers are drawn up on the platforms, the bugles sound and then all uncover as the priest utters the evening prayer. Then the troops in each car, led by a tenor voice, break out into old-folk song. The Chinese villagers, with whom the soldiers quickly make friends, gather about, listening to the songs, which are mostly plaintive airs.

The men, many of whom have been forty days on trains on their way from the interior of Russia, are always cheerful and join heartily in the songs.

The same good humor is shown by the troops after tiring marches through blinding dust storms and in the heat, which is daily becoming more intense.

The Chinese commander of the district, accompanied by an escort, attired in barbaric uniforms which contrasted strongly with their modern arms, waited at the station at Djanzun for an interview with Gen. Kuropatkin, who later reviewed the garrison here. A large number of Chinese assembled to witness the review.

CONFIDENCE IN JAPS.

London Thinks Their Plans Will Be Carried Out.

London, May 7.—Quiet confidence continues to prevail here that the Japanese in their own good time will carry out all their carefully arranged plans of campaign on the Liao Tung peninsula, which is now generally regarded as being practically in Japanese hands.

In diplomatic quarters no events are expected, either in the shape of a Chinese breach of neutrality or of the mediation of some power which would interfere with the normal course of the war. Foreign Secretary Lansdowne has received explicit information which leads him to the belief that there is no danger of the Chinese failing to maintain strict neutrality. The Chinese minister called at the foreign office here this week and so assured Lord Lansdowne. Any attempt at mediation according to the general opinion in official and diplomatic circles, must for the present at any rate, be postponed. At the Japanese legation it is thought that Russia does not intend to make a very determined resistance at Port Arthur. In support of this idea, it is pointed out that Russia already has largely depleted her garrison at Port Arthur and that Viceroy Alexieff's departure from there hardly seems a step that would be adopted by a commander who desired to risk everything to keep up the morale of his troops and enable them to withstand a prolonged siege. The Japanese officials here do not count so much on the Japanese commander succeeding in starving out Port Arthur as on the inevitable demoralization which they believe will spread among the already disheartened sailors and soldiers at Port Arthur, and which must necessarily be heightened by a constant seabombardment, menace by the land forces and complete isolation.

As regards the land fighting in Manchuria and the disposition of the other mysterious Japanese armies Baron Hayashi said today:

"You may be pretty sure that the Japanese will not undertake any engagements in the near future unless our forces outnumber those available by the Russian commander, and I think you will find the superiority of numbers will generally, for the present at any rate, be on our side."

LARGE FAMILIES A GOOD THING IN DES MOINES.

Des Moines, May 7.—"Hereafter preference will be shown to clerks who are married, especially those with large families."

The above was posted in the Des Moines postoffice today. Postmaster McKaysaid the order came from Washington and is in line with a suggestion from President Roosevelt and his large families idea.

JUDGE COLLINS' MANAGERS ASK GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD TO CONTRIBUTE $25,000 TO HIS PRESENT CAMPAIGN FUND

GUN SECTION OF ONE OF THE BIG RUSSIAN FORTS AT PORT ARTHUR FACING LANDWARD.

The above illustration shows a section of guns in one of the Port Arthur forts. These fortifications extend for miles and the Russians are confident that the Gibraltar of the far East can withstand any attacks made upon it.

Former State Auditor Dunn Makes Some Astounding Charges.

Says G. N. Gave Collins $30,000 to $40,000 In Former Campaign.

Mr. Dunn Warmly Refutes Charges of Laxity Made Against Him.

Minneapolis, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Former State Auditor R. C. Dunn, in an address last night, made the charge that the Great Northern Railroad company had contributed to Judge Collins' campaign fund when he was running for the supreme bench. Said Mr. Dunn:

"I have it upon the authority of James J. Hill that when Judge Collins was running against Judge Willis for the supreme bench, the Great Northern railroad contributed between $30,000 and $40,000 to his campaign fund. I have it on the same authority that E. A. Nelson, state librarian, went to the Great Northern railroad to get $25,000 for Jurge Collins in his present campaign.

"I will withdraw from the gubernatorial campaign right now if it can be proved that the Great Northern has been asked or that money has been given by the road for me in this campaign."

Mr. Dunn dwelt upon it, reiterated it and finished with the statement that he could verify every charge he had made. Outside of this one thing, Mr. Dunn's speech was principally directed at refuting the charges of laxity in the timber land trespass department of the state auditor's office while he was in office.

Mr. Dunnn claimed that the attack upon his stewardship was directed at hurting his candidacy for office. It had its inception, he said, in the fight for the speakership of the legislature, when he was active in the interests of Babcock. Ever since, he declared, covert attacks had been made upon his character.

Public Examiner Johnson's activity in the present controversy, he said, emanated from the trouble he had had with that official regarding a discrepancy of accounts between the state treasurer's and public examiner's departments.

Mr. Dunn combatted the charges of laxity while he was auditor broadly. He declared there was only one instance in his stewardship when he departed from the rule and that was when the case of a poor man who had taken 20,000 feet of state timber, was brought to his attention. A due bill of $45 was secured from the parties he ordered its return, as the man and his family were suffering from sickness and want.

Mr. Dunn finished his speech by predicting that not one trespass suit would be brought by the state. He declared there would not be a prosecution.

A CHANGE OF NAME DEEMED INEXPEDIENT

Committee of Fifteen Will So Report to Episcopal Convention.

Boston, May 7.—The committee of fifteen which was appointed by the national triennial convention of the Episcopal church at San Francisco in 1901, to consider the advisability of changing the legal name of the denomination has prepared an extended report in which the opinion is expressed that any change at this time is expedient. The report is to be submitted to the general convention which will assemble in this city next October. The committee recommends the passage by the Boston convention of the following resolution:

"Resolved, that the committee be discharged from the further consideration of the subject."

The report is signed by all fifteen members of the committee, although three appendices one signed by seven members, a second signed by five and a third by one are attached. The second appendix recommends that the words "Protestant Episcopal" on the title page of the book of common prayer be stricken out.

Although officially party lines were not drawn in the investigation of the sentiment in all of the seventy-eight dioceses and missionary districts, a change was generally favored by the high church party and with one or two exceptions the committee, while agreeing on the report itself, divided on the supplementary statement.

At the San Francisco convention the dioces of Milwaukee presented a memorial requesting that the name "Protestant Episcopal church in the United States," be changed to that of "The American Catholic church in the United States." The request was not passed upon directly by the convention but a committee of five bishops, five priests and five laymen was appointed to ascertain the mind of the church and report to the Boston convention.

The first appendix to the report is signed by Bishops Daniel S. Tuttle of Missouri, George W. Peterkin, of West Virginia, David H. Greer, of New York, Rev. S. S. Moore, of Parkersburg, W. Va., Arthur J. Sowden, of Boston, Francis A. Lewis and Joseph Packard. They observe that the present name can hardly be consideerd as a hindrance to growth, since all growth has been in connection with the name. With respect to the objection that the Catholic character of the church is obscured in the eyes of other Catholic communions by the name, it is said, "Our relations with the old Catholics have not been strained by reason of the title and in view of the late pope's denial of the validity of our orders, a mere change of name is not likely to change the attitude of the see of Rome towards us."

The second appendix is signed by Bishop Cortland Whitehead of Pittsburg; Rev. George McClellan Fiske, D.D., of Providence, bishop coadjutor-eelct of Springfield; Rev. B. Talbot Rogers, of Fond du Lac, Wis.; L. H. Morthouse, of Milwaukee, and Daniel B. Lyman. They say:

"The indications shown are most abundant that the majority of our bishops, clergy and laity are pronouncedly dissatisfied with our present title, and many aply to it more or less derogatory adjectives. tI is perceived that it is a monument of division, and perpetuates memories of which all earnest Christian people would gladly rid themselves in the Christian world. It is a wall of separation on the one hand against our Roman brethren, and on the other differentiates us from our non-Episcopal brethren. It is to us humiliating that we must be forever measuring our longitude from the pope of Rome as the meridian, and our polity be made disproportionately prominent in the eyes of our fellow Christians at every mention of the name."

The statement concludes with the suggestion that the Boston convention enact legislation by which the words "Protestant Episcopal" shall be omitted from the title page of the prayer book, until such time as the people can be brought to favor legal designation.

The third statement which is brief is signed by Rev. John Hegar, of Rome, N. Y., and suggests that the name be changed to that of "the church in the United States of America." The two remaining members of the committee, Bishops John Scarborough of New Jersey and W. A. Leonard of Ohio make no suggestions.

In New England, the diocese of New Hampshire was the only one to vote for an immediate change, although the clergy of Vermont expressed a similar opinion and the laity favored a correction at some future time. The large eastern diocese were opposed to any correction at present but the high church strongholds of the West held opposite views.

THE WREATH OF CONTENTION.

HILL GIVE $1,500,000 TO CHURCH

Chicago, May 7.—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from St. Paul, Minn., says: James J. Hill, president of the Norhern Securities company, and the Great Northern railroad, will supplement his many gifts to the Roman Catholic church by a donation of $1,500,000, given jointly by himself and Mrs. Hill toward the erection of the new $3,000,000 cathedral. Two of the wealthiest parishes in St. Paul will join in its construction. Announcement of the gift has been made by the clergy in connection with further statements of the progress of the cathedral movement. The remaining $1,500,000, is already in sight and will be given by other wealthy citizens.

ASSAILED BY HIS BRETHREN BECAUSE HE TOLD THE TRUTH

Rev. A. McLeod, D. D., of the Detroit Presbytery, Declines to Bear False Witness and Openly Challenges His Accusers.

Eminent Divine Shows That His Clerical Standing Cannot Be Questioned and Bravely Stands by His Published Statements.

Since the announcement made some days ago to the effect that Rev. A. McLeod, D. D., of Greenleaf, Michigan, had been cured of dyspepsia and nervous prostration by Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, the Doctor has been overwhelmed with communications asking him to repudiate his letter, but he has stood bravely back of his frank and out-spoken statement. Failing in this purpose, certain unscrupulous people have questioned his standing in the ministry. This attack has brought forth the following open letter:

REV. A. McLEOD, D. D.

Greenleaf, Mich., April 14, 1904.
Duffy Malt Whiskey Co.,

Gentlemen—"I am in receipt of your note in which you inform me of the postal card you received from a minister stating that I am not a minister. What object could I have in telling you that I am a minister and allowing you to publish my name as such if I were not? If you have any doubts in the matter, I think there is a United Presbyterian Church in your city, and I suggest that you call upon the minister and he will show you that I am a minister and a member of the Detroit Presbytery. I believe that I am the oldest member, too. If there is still doubt in the matter I would refer you to Rev. Luther McCampbell, of Almont, Mich., and ask him if I am a minister. Again, write to the Clerk of Presbytery, Rev. Maxwell, of Birmingham, Mich., of the United Presbyterian Church of North America. I was graduated at Knox College, Toronto, Ont. I was licensed by the Presbytery of Lindsay, Ontario, and ordained by the Presbytery of Chatham, Ontario. After you satisfy yourself in regard to this matter I would like to have you ask the minister how he arrived at his conclusion; also ask him to prove his assertion that I am not a minister. I would like to know his name and address, and I will take the matter up with him. I have been living here for 21 years, serving God. You can easily find out my position. Rev. Archibald Leitch is the ruling elder, and you may ask him. His post office address is Greenleaf, Mich. Write the bankers in Cass City, Mich., Mr. Anton or Mr. Penny, and they will tell you whether I am a minister or not.

I hope you will let me know this preacher's name when you satisfy yourselves that I am a minister, as I am anxious to find out who he is.

As I told you in my former letter, I have derived great benefit from Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, which I have taken as a medicine, and which I understand is always sold as a medicine. I am not ashamed to say that your medicine cured me, and though I am a strict temperance man I do not hesitate to recommend it."

Yours respectfully,

A. McLeod

Ministers of the Gospel, doctors of medicine, nurses and people in every walk of life unite in commending this wonderful medicine—the only perfect tonic stimulant, the one true medicinal whiskey. Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey cures coughs, colds, worst form of grip, consumption, bronchitis, pneumonia, catarrh, dyspepsia, and all kinds of stomach trouble. It never fails to build up a worn-out system, to soothe the tired nerves, to bring perfect health to the whole being. Every testimonial is published in good faith and guaranteed. For sale by druggists and grocers or direct, $1.00 per bottle. Medical booklet free. Duffy Malt Whiskey Company, Rochester, N. Y.

POLITICS AND POLITICIANS

Indignation Aroused Among Dunn's Supporters By Governor Van Sant Springing the Timber Trespass Charges.

Democratic Interest In the Coming State Convention at Duluth Is Increasing.

Governor Van Sant's action in springing the timber trespass accusation against Robert C. Dunn, candidate for the Republican gubernatorial nomination, at this time has stirred up considerabel indignation among the supporters of the Princeton candidate, but at the same time they say very positively that the net result will be to harm their opponents more than it will them.

"Governor Van Sant has killed Collins and himself, too, by this trick, and I think you will be able to notice that the effect is in this direction within a week," said a well-known Dunn factionist.

"Why didn't they bring this thing up six months ago if it was so bad? They knew of it, and why did they wait to spring it after the state Republican convention had been called? It's the rankest conspiracy that I've seen for a long time. The people want fair play, and they are going to see that it is had, and for them to spring this thing at this time is an indication of the feeling of desperation that has gotten hold of them.

"They don't accuse Dunn, if you notice, of any dishonesty, or of any crookedness of any kind. The law requires that the auditor shall collect treble damages for state timber cut when willful trespass is shown.

"Now it's one thing to chareg a man with willful trespass and another thing to prove it, as anyone who has ever tried to prove a charge will readily tell you. You have to prove these things before you can collect the treble damages which the law specifies. When you think you have a man who has trespassed in his timber cutting, he can very readily get off for the mere value of the timber he has cut by saying that he did not know he was on government land.

"Another thing is that the auditor has to depend on the report of his cruiser, as he cannot prefer charges against a taker of timber by guess work, but has got to make his recommendations to the attorney general by the report that is made to him by the cruiser. If the cruiser reports that the timber appears to have been willfully cut, then he is pretty nearly safe in recommending a prosecution, otherwise not.

"Governor Van Sant's anxiety to retain his hold on the state government reins and keep his own friends in power is a little to much. He has had his two terms, and now he wants to say who shall be put in to succeed him. He has done everything in his power to perpetuate his own influence, but the people have some rights to say who shall or who shall not be the next governor of the state, and I think they are going to be heard from.

"In this case the evidence is all sprung from one side, without giving the accused a chance to meet the charge. Now Judge Collins was on the bench for a number of years and he knows the value of ex-parte testimony and I guess he would be glad to give anyone fair play on this point. It is all so malicious and contemptible that it is astonishing, but I think the Collins crowd will realize in a few days that they have let out a boomerang which is going to come back to them and give them a strong shock.

"Just what they expect the public to gather from these charges it is hard to say, but if the public reads over the whole matter it can draw its own conclusions. Mr. Dunn was for a number of years in the auditor's office and there is no doubt that he has some knowledge of how it should be run. Do they accuse him of pocketing any money? No, they do not, but they simply charge that he did not collect all that he might have collected—not that he collected any which he did not turn over to the state. In fact they seem to labor to keep the people from gaining any such inference.

"Their charges give a copy of a letter that he wrote to T. J. Neary, of Walker? Does the letter read like the letter written by a criminal or a man who was afraid of anything? What does it look like?

"Looks a little friendly, does it, for a letter written from a state official to an alleged offender? Of course it does. That's just where Dunn had no reason to be afraid of anything and he did write a friendly letter. There was nothing to be ashamed of on his part or he would never have written a friendly letter. No, he would have written nothing at all. Does a man who is going to take the state's money, or cheat the state, when he is paid for serving it, write a letter that will incriminate him? Not much. He would not put a scratch of the pen to paper that might serve to trip him into being caught.

"Does any man who starts to be dishonest do so by commencing a trap by which he may be caught? The most glaring feature of it all is that Dunn was possibly being lax for the sake of such a little money. If he had any inclination to be dishonest do you think that he would do so for a small amount of money? It does not stand to reason that a man in public life, such as he has been, and a candidate for office who is standing on his record, has any thing to be afraid of. They have not accused him of taking the state's money and have not asked him to pay up."

* * *

Friends of Dunn who know him well say that it may be that he says things that are once in a while calculated to hurt himself, as they are too radical in their character, but that the very fact is an evidence that he wants to be open and candid rather than closed and strategic. He said a few days ago something to the effect that if the "whole supreme court would resign the people would get along just as well," and it is this sort of thing that his henchmen deplore. But at the same time they say he is such a good, open, frank sort that he can't help himself and they cannot help liking him and wanting to see him elected.

He was rather strong in his rebukes of Judge Collins for resigning the judgeship to run against him, however, but those who are conducting the Dunn side of it say they don't blame any man in politics who thinks he can better himself, for resigning a supreme court judgeship or any other kind of an office.

* * *

This leads up to the question of the judgeships to be settled at the fall election, and this matter is going to be a highly interesting one. Of the five judges now on the bench of the supreme court, four will be candidates to succeed themselves. The five are Judges Brown, representing the western part of the state; Lovely, the southern; Lewis, of this city; Douglas, who was appointed to take Judge Collins' place when he resigned, and Start.

The last named is the only holdover of the quintet, and besides the four others, who would like to stay on the bench, there are Judges Jaggard of St. Paul and Simpson, of Minneapolis, also in the race. If Judge Elliott, of Minneapolis, enters the race, as he possibly will, it will make seven candidates for the four places. According to precedent the chances are that at least three of the judges who wish to be retained on the bench will be kept. These are Brown, Lovely and Lewis, while Douglas, being an appointee, and a recent one, may not have such general favor as those who have been serving for some time. It has been the general rule in the judgeships that they succeed themselves in the majority of cases where they are candidates for re-election. If precedent counts for every thing in this case, according to how many become candidates, the aspirants for one place. Duluth is considered to be entitled geographically and politically, to a representative on the bench, and Judge Lewis' friends say he will stay there and be that one.

* * *

Ex-Senator E. T. Young, of Appleton, a candidate for attorney-general, is expected to be in Duluth next week.

* * *

Litle seems to have been done locally the past week in the governorship matter, save to look after the Republican central committee meeting at St. Paul, where the issue was whether to hold the state convention in that city or Duluth.

St. Paul was decided on for the reason that the friends of Judge Collins lined up to a man to hold it there. Under all the conditions, save one, they say, they would have been willing to have had the contest in the convention waged in the Zenith City. That one was the likelihood of not being able to secure their full representation of delegates to attend the convention if it was held here.

Those from far below in the state were believed to be unwilling to make the trip up this far, owing to the railroad fares and the longer journey, and the Collins managers believed that some of their delegates would stay home and sulk if Duluth was chosen as the meeting place.

On all other considerations, too, probably, St. Paul would have been out of the race as a convention city for the state gathering, as there is quite a good deal of feeling against it owing to the independence the city has shown about conventions and its lack of a suitable place for holding such a convention.

One of he Dunn managers said on this point: "St. Paul has been in the habit of getting all these events whether she wanted them or not and has been independent and said to us, practically, that we had to come to her and she did not care whether she liked it or not, and would not help make our stay pleasant. She has failed to help us in our expenses. When we have gone there we have always had to pay for our meting place and this is quite an item. This is especially true when the meeting place has been one unfit for this kind of an event, which any opera house is, and the opera house is where we have to meet. It is mighty inconvenient for the convention to have some of its delegates seated on one floor, some on a second and some on a third. A political convention can't do business that way. Galleries are all right for visitors, in fact, that's the only proper place for them, but when it comes down to this thing of having all the delegates scattered, and having the messenger boys running from one floor to the other and this delegate and that delegate up on the second or third floor when you want him on the first, it's a nasty proposition to handle. We'd have had the convention in Duluth if they had not lined np so strongly on the Collins side against it. We talked with hem and we know."

* * *

Judge Collins was looked for in Duluth within the last few days, but did not come. Some of his friends who saw him in St. Paul, were told by the judge that he expected to be along here in a week or two.

The situation in Duluth, so far as the two governorship candidates were concerned was decidedly overshadowed by the state convention, as indicated in a previous paragraph. Most of the leaders on both sides were away looking after the state committee meeting believing the question of the state convention paramount to the local fight at this time. The Collins people seem to have established no headquarters nor chosen a chairman yet, but are confident that in time they will be able to fill all the necessary requirements in both these particulars, while Chairman Sargent, of the Dunn local campaign, was away all the week.

* * *

While the Democrats are lying low locally, they admit some quiet work is being done, and that a campaign headquarters has been temporarily established in a prominent office building down town, although they hesitate to say what building it is, likewise the room number in the building. The facts of the matter appear to be that the most of the work being done, at least by the Hearst contingent, is being carried on in the outside districts, but administered from headquarters in the city.

Joseph A. Mannheim, president of the Hearst club, has been ill at his home for a few days, and consequently less active in the pushing of the work than usual. But literature is being circulated with a view to lining the Democrats up for Hearst, as the following letter sent to several places and published in the Wadena Tribune, will demonstrate:

"Our party is being put to a severe test, but if it continues to resist the shock and concussion from these malign and destructive agencies, and if it resolutely refarins from flirting with those elements which are hostile to the interests of the people, then, the masses will become convinced that the Democratic part is not a Trust Aid Society, nor a Trailer to the Republican party, but a party of the people, by the people and for the people, and its triumph is assured. This disinclination to permit the thimble riggers to convert Democracy into Republican Annex forces us to oppose Parker or any other reactionary candidate, and to support that foe of pillaging combinations, that guardian of legitimate business interests, that champion of the masses, William Randolph Hearst."

* * *

In county politics interest is rather overshadowed by the contest for the governorship. Some things are heard occasionally as to candidates for county offices but until after the contest over state positions is settled there will not be much activiy.

L. H. Whipple, the present treasurer of St. Louis county, who has been mentioned several times as practically certain to be a candidate for re-election, authorizes the statement that this is true. He says he finds a strong demand that he again be a candidate for the office, a stronger one in fact than existed two years ago when he finally decided to again enter the race. His friends throughout the county have in great numbers requested him and urged him to again try for the office and in line with this he has acceded and will be a candidate for the Republican nomination at the primaries.

WILL BENEFIT DUNN,

Say His Friends Regarding the Johnson Report.

St. Paul, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The friends of Robert C. Dunn, of Princeton, freely express their opinion that the report of Public Examiner S. T. Johnson, charging Mr. Dunn with failing to collect proper damages for timber trespass will in the end benefit the candidacy of the former state auditor.

"I know of three prominent Republicons in St. Paul, hitherto on the fence, that have come out openly for Mr. Dunn as the direct result of Mr. Johnson's report," said one of the Dunn managers yesterday. "If Mr. Johnson is only given enough rope he will hang himself and Judge Collins, too."

A state officer who recently came out for Mr. Dunn said yesterday, regarding Mr. Johnson's report:

"In my opinion the publication of the charges against Mr. Dunn practically insures the nomination of the Princeton candidate. I am not at liberty to criticise Mr. Johnson, but I must state that he has shown not only lack of ordinary commonsense and polisical judgment, but also lack of knowledge of timber trespass cases."

It is unfair to Judge Collins to say that he was back of Mr. Johnson's investigation. If Mr. Dunn were guilty of dishonesty while state auditor, of course Judge Collins, being a rival candidate for governor, would like to see the truth made public. But Judge Collins and a large part of his supporters never thought for a minute that Mr. Dunn is a crook, and they would have gladly seen Mr. Johnson drop his investigation of the auditor's office.

The fact is that Mr. Johnson and the active managers of Judge Collins' campaign have never worked together harmoniously. The Collins men have openly accused Mr. Johnson with trying to run the campaign himself. They have hinted that it would be a good thing for Judge Collins if Mr. Johnson would resign, and there have been persistent reports that Judge Collins' friends were about to ask the governor to remove the public examiner.

"I most decidedly disapprove of Mr. Johnson's method of campaigning," said a Collins supporter yesterday. "I have never thought that Mr. Dunn was dishonest. I have accepted the fact without the slightest suspicion that the timber trespass settlements of the former state auditor were the best that could have been made for the state. I have always been in favor of cutting out these peanut politics and wage the campaign on gentlemanly grounds."

The supporters of Mr. Dunn maintain that records in the state auditor's office show that Mr. Iverson, since he became state auditor in 1903, has pursued exactly the same methods as Mr. Dunn in the settlement of timber trespass cases. When Mr. Iverson has had sufficient evidence against a timber firm to warrant going into court and attempting to prove willful trespass, Mr. Dunn's friends point out, Mr. Iverson has enforced the law of treble damages. This, it is argued, is what Mr. Dunn did in many cases.

Mr. Iverson, like Mr. Dunn, however, has had many trespass cases in which there was only the slightest evidence against the firm stealing the timber. The auditor was morally certain that the firm cut the timber from state land, but there was not enough evidence to satisfy the court or to secure an indictment, if it were a criminal one. In these cases Mr. Iverson has done what Mr. Dunn did; that is to secure as high a price for the timber as he possibly could without resorting to litigation.

* * *

It is reported from a reliable source that Former Senator H. J. Miller, of Luverne, will announce his candidacy for the Republican nominaion for congressman from the Second district, in a short time. Mr. Miller was in St. Paul yesterday and said that he would decide one way or the other in a short time.

"I have not come to any conclusion yet, but I realize that if I am to make the run I must make an announcement soon," said Mr. Miller. "It is getting late; there is not any too much time ahead for a new man to make a campaign against a congressmn who has been in office as long as Mr. McCleary."

* * *

William E. Young, of Mankato, one of the best known lawyers in the southern part of the state, is talked of for the Republican nomination for railroad and warehouse commissioner. He says he is considering the matter and that he may decide to run later.

Should Mr. Young get in the race, he will get practically the support of the entire Second congressional district, but he will have to contest with A. D. Gary, of Preston, and Former State Senator A. T. Stebbings, of Rochester, for the support of the First district.

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FACULTY-SENIOR BASEBALL GAME

Whole High School Eagerly Awaiting the Interesting Event—Coach Church Will Not Be Here Next Year, Unless Guaranteed Remuneration For Coaching—Honor Pupils Choose Subjects.

Keen interest is being manifested at the high school in the coming senior-faculty baseball game as well as in spring athletics.

Every one who wants to have a genuine high old time, with lots of fun and plenty of excitement, should see the baseball game that is soon to be played between the seniors and the faculty. It will be a good old-fashioned ballgame such as "we used to play when we were boys."

The members of the faculty are exceedingly confident over the outcome of the game. Each and every one of them says and undoubtedly sincerely believes, that they are going to "wipe the earth" with the "proud and haughty seniors." "We'll take them down a peg or two," said one of them the other day, "we haven't forgotten how to play ball yet. They'll meet with one or two surprises that perhaps they'll not expect."

And, in truth, there is much good ground upon which to base their confidence. Nearly all those who will compose the personnel of the team have played on either the regular college teams on their respective class teams.

Mr. Foster, who will captain the instructors, played for several years upon the regular team of the university of Minnesota. He teaches commercial geography and bookkeeping and can be depended upon for a hit just as often as he comes to bat.

Mr. Towne, the physic's teacher, was a member of the South Dakota Agricultural college's first team for several seasons. He will probably give a few practical damonstrations to show that there are other connections than those which he technically terms series and parallel and that a severe shock can be produced without using an electrical machine.

Mr. Ferguson, who teaches chemistry played on the team of Williams college, Mass., and has had considerable experience both as a catcher and an infielder.

Mr. Church is also a good, up-to-date player. He played four seasons on a college team and will perhaps be put in as pitcher for the faculty.

Mr. Hutchinson, of the manual training department played on his class-team and also on the summer school team of Cornell university.

Mr. Thomas, who teaches junior and senior English, Mr. Robbins, the assistant instructor of the manual training department, and Mr. Smith, the principal, have all played ball before and will without doubt give the seniors one or two good points.

Mr. Cruil, who teaches modern and ancient history, will perhaps hold down the first bag. Perhaps nothing would delight his pupils more than an opportunity to say, "You're lost there. You'll have to keep you're hold on things and get down to business if you wish to stay in the game."

Both teams have had several practices and the captains say that everybody is showing up exceedingly well.

The line-up of the teams has not yet been decided. Among those who are trying for the senior team are: Crandall, Scobie, Hornibrook, Zimmerman, Olson, St. Clair, Young, Shepard, Strate, Rupley and Gilman.

No definite date has yet been decided upon which to play the game as far as can be learned it will come off on either the last Saturday or the twenty-first of this month.

* * *

The line-up of the baseball team which is to represent the high school has now been practically decided, and is as follows: Olson, catcher; McDevitt and Scobie, pitchers; Crammer, first base; Deetz, second base; St. Clair, third base; Hornibrook, short stop; Zimmerman, center field; Crassweller or Furni, left field, and Fenton right field.

Two games have been arranged with Ashland. The first will be played at Ashland June 4, and the second will be played in Duluth on the 18th.

* * *

An interesting session occurred at the meeting of the Athletic association, which was held Monday afternoon in the Assembly hall.

One of the members of the association announced the fact that Mr. Church, the coach of the football, track and baseball teams, would not return to the school next year unless he is guaranteed $250 for the fall coaching and $50 for the spring coaching, and made a motion to the effect that the association should promise to pay this amount. Mr. Smith was present at the meeting and spoke to the boys upon this question. He said that it would be utterly impossible for the Athletic association to pay any such amount as it would put the association heavily in debt to do so; and added that this had been done before with the same result. At his request the motion was laid on the table, to be reconsidered at some future time, probably at the next meeting.

Mr. Smith is believed to be right in taking that position in view of the past experience of the association. It would not be possible for the Athletic association to pay such a sum of money without assistance from the school board.

The matter of dues was also taken up. It was decided at a former meeting to assess each member of the association 25 cents a year, and if this was not promptly paid he was to be denied the privilege of voting. In order to identify those who have paid their dues a button of some kind will be given them, and a committee of three was appointed to look up some designs to be submitted at the next meeting.

SELECT THEIR TOPICS.

Honor Pupils Choose Subjects For Graduation Night.

The honor students have all selected the subjects upon which they are to speak on graduation night and are now hard at work preparing their essays and orations.

Susan Thompson will speak on 'Child Life in Literature." Miss Violet Robinson will deliver an oration on "Lady Jane Grey;" Miss Winnifred Smith will give "An Original Story;" Leonard Melby will speak on "Electricity," the title of Miss Elva Riddles' paper is "Forestry."

Those who are to represent the class on class night are also busy with various papers. Albert Evans, the class orator, will talk on "Municipal Government in America;" Miss Margaret Denfeld will give the class history; Harold St. Clair will deliver the last will and testament, and Miss Murien Fellows, as class prophetess will predict the future careers of her class mates.

The class night exercises will most likely come on Thursday of the last week of school, while the graduation exercises will come the night following. The exercises will all occur after the examinations, which will come on Tuesday and Wednesday, so the students will have nothing to worry them or prevent them from thoroughly enjoying the program. They usually take a greater interest in the class exercises as they contain many good jokes on the students, the classes and also on the members of the faculty. The graduation exercises, on the other hand, provide more entertainment for the older people, who do not always understand the humorous side of the things that happen in school, and consequently they derive more enjoyment from listening to the orations and essays of the honor students.

CLASS EXCITEMENT.

Juniors and Seniors Have Lively Time This Week.

Excitement and class spirit have been running high at the high school during the past few days. Tuesday evening two of the senior boys in some manner secured a large canvas pennant with the numerals "'04" upon it. During the night, some time after midnight, they climbed up to the top of the tower by means of the fire escape and hung the banner out where all could see it.

When the juniors came to school the next morning they immediately tried to capture it. They made several ineffectual attempts to secure it, but each time were thwarted by the seniors. When the news reached Principal Smith he sent two seniors up into the tower with instructions to take the banner down.

But before they could reach the pennant two of the juniors had already secured it. Without support of any kind for their hands, and high up in the air upon a ledge of stone only a foot wide, they crawled along the side of the tower and, reaching up, tore the pennant from the staff to which it was attached. It was an exhibition of foolhardy daring as is seldom seen.

Just as the two stepped inside the tower again the seniors came up and tried to recapture their class emblem, but they were too late. A group of junior boys had already surrounded their adventurous classmates and were conducting them down the stairs in triumph.

The banner was immediately torn into strips and went to adorn the persons of the junior boys and girls. Several very spirited encounters have since occurred over these pieces of the '04 pennant.

Yesterday morning a junior was discovered in the building wearing one of these much coveted strips of canvas. Four or five of the seniors immediately made for him and tried to tear it from his coat. But as there were some juniors around at the same time, a lively mix-up was the result. The combat was at its height when a member of the faculty interfered and put an end to it.

Class spirit is worked up to a high degree, and the two lower classes are also joining in with their respective allies.

PROF. SEYMOUR

Series of Lectures to Begin Friday Evening.

Professor Seymour, the New York lecturer, who has been received so favorably here, will deliver the first of another series of twelve lectures in the Assembly hall Friday night.

Professor Seymour has lectured to Duluth audiences twice before. He is a good talker, has a clear, resonant voice, and is dramatic enough to make his discourse interesting. Contrary to most persons who speak on historical subjects, his lectures are not only instructive, but also very entertaining, and are illustrated with many examples that put the scene vividly before the mind of the listener and make every point clear. The program of lectures is as follows:

"Herod, King of the Jews," Monday, May 9, 8 p. m.
"Charles the Bold," Friday, May 13, 8 p. m.
"Catherine II of Russia," Saturday, May 14, 10 a. m.
"Queen Elizabeth," Monday, May, 16. 8 p. m.
"Lady Jane Grey," Friday, May 20, 8 p. m.
"Napoleon," Saturday, May 21, 10 a. m.
"Alexander the Great," Monday, May 23, 8 p. m.
"Jeanne d'Arc," Friday, May 27, 8 p. m.
"William of Orange," Saturday, May 28, 10 a. m.
"Jaques Marquette," Tuesday, May 31, 8 p. m.
"A Dinner at Holland House," Friday, June 3, 8 p. m.
"Japan and the Japanese," Saturday, June 4, 10 a. m.

School Notes.

Yesterday evening the seniors gave their last spread and dance in the High School. The hall was very tastefully and prettily decorated in the class colors, blue and white. About sixty seniors sat down to the very bountiful spread which the girls of the class had prepared, while a large number from the other classes came after 8 o'clock and enjoyed the dancing. A very unique feature of the spread was the dainty place cards which were used. On one side was a full front view of the High School building, and on either side of this were inscribed the words, "Last Senior Blowout. D. C. H. S. '04. May 6;" while on the other side of the card was printed the menu.

Item issued in the high school.

At the last meeting of the Agassiz club Miss Susan Thompson gave a very interesting paper on "Evolution," illustrating her talk with many pictures and specimens of various animals. After the paper had been read the others joined in a general discussion of the subject.

It is now thought that the preliminary field day between the classes will be held some time during the middle of this month, and that the large, three-cornered meet between Duluth, Ashland and Ironwood will be held at Ironwood. It is also planned to have a dual meet with Superior about June 1.

Friday morning in chapel the freshmen challenged the sophomores to a game of baseball, the time and place to be decided later. There is considerable class spirit evident in the lower classes and an exciting game should be the result.

On the evening of the day on which the senior-faculty baseball game is played the seniors will banquet the professors at the high school and drown their sorrow in feasting. According to report none of the other classes will be invited.

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New System Painless Dentistry.

No Fear of Misfitting Plates.

PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED. PERFECT SATISFACTION WHEN WE DO YOUR WORK. DON'T MAKE ANY CONTRACT TILL YOU SEE DR. FERGUSSON.

Full Set Best Teeth	$8.00
Teeth without Plates	$5.00
Crowns—guaranteed 22k	$5.00
Gold Fillings, up	$1.50
Gold Alloy	.75
Painless Extracting	.50
Extracting	FREE
Examination	FREE

DR. FERGUSSON,

Over Gidding's Style Store.
First Avenue West and Superior St., DULUTH.

SOCIETY WOMEN WHO OWE BEAUTY AND HEALTH TO PE-RU-NA

There are a Million Women now Ailing Who Should Remember that Pe-ru-na is an Infallible Specific for Spring Colds and Coughs, Lassitude and Nervousness Incident to the First Warm Weather.

MISS MARY E. JUDGE, 228 RICHMOND ST WEST TORONTO, CAN.
MISS ELLEN CRAWLEY, 241 S. MADISON AVE. LAGRANGE, ILL.
MISS MARTHA KAPLANSKY, PRES. "SOKOL" CLUB. 1538 W. 16th ST. CHICAGO.

Spring Time the Best Season of the Year to Treat Chronic Catarrh.

Notwithstanding That a Great Number of People Have Been Cured of Chronic Catarrh by Taking Pe-ru-na During the Past Cold Season,

Yet It Cannot Be Denied That the Cold, Wet, Stormy Weather Has Retarded Many Cures,

And, in Some Cases, Actually Prevented a Cure.

SPRINGTIME has come at last, and now is the time for all catarrh sufferers to begin a systematic course of treatment for this disease. The greatest difficulty in the way of treating chronic catarrh is that the patient is so liable to catch cold during the treatment and thus delay a cure.

This liability at this season of the year is, in a great measure, removed, and no one should neglect the opportunity to take treatment.

Peruna is acknowledged by everyone to be the only reliable and unfailing cure of catarrh wherever it may be located. When you take Peruna you are not experimenting with an unknown remedy.

MISS MARY E. JUDGE, 228 Richmond St., West, Toronto, Canada, writes:

"I have been troubled with catarrh almost ever since I can remember. About five years ago it settled in the middle ear, causing great difficulty in hearing. I am indeed grateful to say that three bottles of Peruna relieved me so greatly that I felt encouraged to continue its use. After taking eleven bottles more, I was entirely and permanently cured. I had spent hundreds of dollars on bottles of medicine without relief, while $14 spent for Peruna cured me within a few short weeks."

A Cold in the Head or Throat is Almost Certain to Develop Into Catarrh if Neglected.

CATARRH usually begins as a cold in the head or throat and is neglected until it becomes chronic; then it begins to dawn on the victim that he has catarrh. Unless he is very foolish indeed he will not rest easy until the catarrh is entirely cured. Thousands pay no attention to it until it is too late.

If Peruna is used the cold never becomes chronic, and hence catarrh is prevented. But after catarrh has become thoroughly established, Peruna will cure it, but it will take much longer.

Men and women of national reputation as well as thousands in the humbler walks of life publicly endorse Peruna. Peruna does all that is claimed for it. It cures catarrh.

THE FIRST STAGE OF CATARRH

A Serious Mistake Which Thousands Are Making.

THE first stage of catarrh is what is commonly known as "catching cold."

It may be in the head, nose, throat or lungs. Its beginning is sometimes so severe as to cause a chill and considerable fever, or it may be so slight as to not hinder a person from his usual business. In perhaps a majority of cases little or no attention is paid to the first stage of catarrh, and hence it is that nearly one-half of the people have chronic catarrh in some form.

To neglect a cold is to invite chronic catarrh. As soon as anyone discovers the first symptoms of catching cold he should at once begin the use of Peruna according to directions on the bottle, and the cold is sure to pass away without leaving any bad effects.

Unless this is done the cold is almost sure to end in the second stage of catarrh which is making so many lives miserable. If Peruna was taken every time one has a cold or cough chronic catarrh would be practically an unknown disease.

MISS LORETTA WALL, 350 N. Dale St., St. Paul, Minn., writes: "Last spring I had a very severe case of catarrh of the stomach and bowels. I took three bottles of Peruna and found myself gaining very quickly in every way."—Miss Loretta Wall.

MISS ELLEN CRAWLEY, 241 S. Madison Ave., La Grange, Ill., writes:

"For years I had been a sufferer with catarrh of the throat and larynx. I got hoarse on the slightest provocation, and my voice became weak, and tired very easily. I could not talk for any length of time and it was very annoying. I was very much discouraged, as nothing seemed to help me until a friend persuaded me to give Peruna a trial. I did not have much confidence in it, as everything else had failed me, but I tried it just to please my friend. My delight, therefore, may be imagined when I began to improve at once, and I have kept right on improving until my voice is strong and I am never hoarse now. Peruna has done a great deal for me."—Miss Ellen Crawley.

MRS. W. WASHBURN, 123 S. Villere St., New Orleans, La., Financial Secretary of Camp No. 2, Sons and Daughters of America, also Recording Secretary of the Lady Standard Mutual Benevolent Association, is a lady of prominence of that place. She writes: "Last spring I caught a severe cold, being repeatedly exposed to wet in our rainy season. It settled all over me and in a few days I had chills and fever with inflammation and headache so that I was unable to be about. I had one of your booklets in my home, and had read in an indifferent way of the value of Peruna, but when I became sick I thought about it and sent for some. I found it truly wonderful. It simply hunted out every sick and ailing place in my body and within a week I was well. I used it about two weeks longer, and have been in the best of health since."—Mrs. W. Washburn.

CATARRH OF LUNGS

Is Generally the Result of a Neglected Cold—Pe-ru-na Cures Coughs, Colds and Catarrh.

CATARRH of the lungs is, ordinarily, known as consumption; also called tuberculosis. In these cases the catarrh has usually found its way into the lungs by the gradual extension of the disease from the throat through the bronchial tubes. Consumption is the natural termination of all cases of neglected chronic catarrh. Every one who is afflicted with chronic catarrh is liable to be attacked with consumption at any time. In the first stages of the disease Peruna is a sure cure; in the later stages of the disease Peruna can be relied upon to produce great benefit, and in a large per cent of cases produce a permanent cure. All those afflicted with this dread disease should begin at once treatment with Peruna.

A slight cough, which, without a vestige of doubt, would soon disappear with the use of Peruna, becomes chronic bronchitis, which requires a persistent use of Peruna for some time. There are a great many cases of consumption every year due directly to a neglect of coughs, colds, etc., which, if Peruna had been kept in the house and used according to directions, would have been prevented.

MRS. L. E. CLAUDER, 59 North Eleventh Street, Newark, N. J., writes: "Peruna has done for me what much medicine of various kinds did not seem to touch. I shall keep it on hand and whenever I take a cold, as one frequently does, I will use it. I am in all respects now well. Appetite good, sleep well and system regular."

MISS MARGRET FAHEY, 49 Adams St., Troy, N. Y., writes: "We have used Peruna in our family for years and I am very pleased to say that it cured me of catarrh of the lungs when the doctors gave up all hope of my recovery. I used Peruna for six months and at the end of that time my cough had disappeared, my appetite was much better and I had gained ten pounds and looked the picture of health. I am in perfect health now and feel that Peruna not only cures catarrh, but builds up the system, and is therefore a grand medicine."—Miss Margret Fahey.

The best cure or preventative known to the medical profession up to date for catarrh in all its conditions is Peruna. During the uncertain weather of springtime it is an unnecessary hazard for any one to neglect to guard himself from taking disease, by taking Peruna.

MRS. VIOLA MARSHALL, 420 West Mason St., Springfield, Ill., writes: "Two months ago when I sought your advice, and you told me that I was suffering from systematic catarrh, I had gotten so bad that I could not bear the jolt of walking and had to lie down most of the time. I began taking your Peruna and now I feel like a new woman. I can walk just as far as I please without feeling any fatigue and I have taken only three bottles of Peruna. I shall never cease praising Peruna nor thanking Dr. Hartman for his kind advice."—Mrs. Viola Marshall.

Peruna is of national fame as a catarrh remedy. It is the only internal, systemic catarrh remedy known to the medical profession. It makes diseased mucous membranes healthy, whether it is the mucous membrane lining the nose, throat lungs, stomach, kidneys or pelvic organs.

MISS MARTHA KAPLANSKY, President "Sokol" Club, 1538 West 16th St., Chicago, Ill., writes:

"My health was in such a state that my friends were alarmed over my condition. I doctored and took nearly everything that was recommended to me, but nothing seemed to have any effect on me until I took Peruna. My lungs were in a weak condition, were sore all the time, and the slightest cold would settle there. I was scarcely ever free from pain and had lost much in weight. My physician advised a change of climate, and I was about to go away when I was persuaded to try Peruna. I began to improve with the first bottle, and kept steadily improving until I was well. I also gained in weight and feel like my old self again."—Miss Martha Kaplansky.

MRS. JUDGE J. F. BOYER, 823 Davis St., Evanston, Ill., says: "If any one has reason to praise Peruna it is surely myself. Last spring I became so run down from the serious effects of a lingering cold that several complications united in pulling me down. I could neither eat nor sleep well and lost flesh and spirit. I finally tried Peruna and it did wonders for me. In two weeks I was like another person, and in a month I felt better than I have ever done before. I thank Peruna for new life and strength."

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

WEST DULUTH

At the regular meeting of the West Duluth Commercial club last night, it was decided to make the future meetings of the organization as much of social as business sessions. People not members of the club will be invited to attend the meeting, and every effort will be made to entertain them. Aside from the mere enjoyment which will result from this departure, it is believed that more people will thus become interested in the Commercial club and its work and want to join. It was thought no better method of advertising the club and its objects could be devised.

The matter of improvements on Fifty-ninth avenue west was discussed, and was finally left with the committee appointed at a previous meeting, which was given power to act and decide in the matter.

On motion of Alderman William Chesney, a committee was appointed to look after the holding of a mass meeting next week to take up Fourth of July matters. The following committee was appointed: William Chesney, Edward Dormedy, F. W. Wade, E. J. Zauft, W. B. Getchell, V. R. Method, L. S. Neuman and Otto Eklund.

On motion of Alderman Chesney, it was agreed that the club should have an ornamental illuminated sign placed before its headquarters.

The proposition to rent the hall for social gatherings during the week met with favor, and probably some definite action will be taken along this line at the meeting next Friday evening.

FOURTH OF JULY.

Mass Meeting Wednesday to Talk Celebration.

The committee having the matter in charge have called a mass meeting of the citizens of West Duluth for next Wednesday evening, at 8 p. m., at the West Duluth Commercial club rooms, for the purpose of making arrangements for the big Fourth of July celebration to be held in West Duluth.

The Commercial club has offered the use of its rooms to the committee so that they may themselves meet or have mass meetings whenever they desire, but the club will not otherwise have anything to do with the celebraion as a body. It is thought best to leave the matter entirely in the hands of the citizens themselves.

AMATEURS TO MEET.

Two of the strongest amatur baseball teams in the city, the West Duiuths and the Big Duluths, will meet on the Fifty-second avenue west grounds tomorrow, weather permitting. An interesting game is looked for. The two teams will line up as follows:

West Duluth.	Big Duluths.
Holland	Catcher	Schafer
Larson	Pitcher	Menice
Coughlin	First base	Dennis
A. Bouska	Second base	Corliskey
M. Bouska	Shortstop	T. Irwin
Moe	Third base	C. Irwin
Young	Left field	Peterson
E. Robinson	Center field	Connell
Brotherton	Right field	Lemmeou

CHURCH SERVICES.

At the Plymouth Congregational church, Rev. J. T. Moody, of the branch Bethel, will preach in the morning, and the pastor, Rev. H. W. Johnson, will occupy the pulpit in the evening. The time for the evening services will be changed to 8 o'clock for the summer.

* * *

At the West Duluth Baptist church, Rev. Arthur J. Hoag, pastor, the topics for Sunday will be, at 10:30 a. m., "The Christian Ideal," and at 8 p. m., "The Soul's Crisis." Sunday school will meet at noon and B. Y. P. U. at 7 p. m.

* * *

Confirmation services will be held at the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church, corner Fifty seventh avenue west and Gosnold street, at 11 o'clock in the morning. Rev. Adolph Salveson, pastor.

* * *

The services in the Oneota Methodist Episcopal church, corner Forty-sixth avenue west and Halifax street, will be conducted by the pastor, Rev. E. K. Copper, at 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. The morning theme will be "The result of Self-Sacrifice," and the evening topic, "A Man 969 Years Old." The Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m. and the Epworth league at 7 o'clock. The choir will render special music.

* * *

Services wil be conducted by the pastor, Rev. O. M. Savig, in the Norwegian Lutheran church, corner Fifty-seventh avenue west and Wadena street, Sunday morning, at 10:30 o'clock and Sunday evening at 7:45 o'clock. Sunday school will meet at 9 a. m.

* * *

At the Presbyerian church, in the morning, Rev. W. J. Lowrie, will speak, taking for his subject, "Our Inheritance." Service begins at 10:30 o'clock. Mr. and Mrs. David Adams will sing.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Mrs. C. S. Weaver of 115 Fifty eighth avenue west, is visiting in St. Paul.

The Belt Line Railway company, which owns the incline railway running between West Duluth and Bay View Heights, this morning put a bus line in operation between the Heights and Proctor, a distance of one and one-half miles. The bus runs every hour.

John Winnis returned this morning from a trip to Southern Minnesota.

A cow became mired in the marsh at Fortieth avenue west yesterday and would have come to an untimely end but for a rescue party of West Duluth citizens, armed with ropes.

Edward Robinson and Otto Spitz have returned from a successful fishing trip to Caribou lake.

The Twentieth Century Progress club will meet next Monday evening at the home of Rev. John Feehely, 721 North Fifty-seventh avenue west.

Fred Pudvan and Fred Gonyear have arrived from Saginaw, Mich., to work in the West Duluth saw mills.

Jesse French has returned from Moorhead, Minn., where he attended the funeral of his father.

James T. Fielding has returned to Minneapolis after visiting for several days in West Duluth.

Mrs. George Martinson and little daughter left last night for the Twin Cities.

Miss Effie Green of St. Cloud is a guest at the home of her sister, Mrs. Fred Tanner.

John A. Trow, an old soldier, has returned to West Duluth, after an absence of two years, during which time he has been undergoing treatment at the hospital connected with the Milwaukee, Wis., soldiers' home. A number of friends gathered at his home yesterday to extend him a fitting welcome.

For wall paper, go to Nygren's.

The exact date for the dedication of the new St. James' Catholic church has not yet been decided on, but the event will probably be set to occur during the latter half of the present month. The exercises, attended by priests from Duluth and outside points will be of an elaborate nature.

Final action regarding the proposed debate between the West Duluth Republican and Democratic clubs will probably be taken at the meeting of the former this evening. It is regarded as a certainty that the challenge of the Democrats for a debate will be accepted.

Paints and oils at Nygren's.

Felix Collier of Fifty-sixth avenue west, left yesterday for Saginaw, Mich.

J. Allyn Scott, cashier of the Western State bank, who has been ill at his home for some time past, is improving in health.

Frank Watson of Fifty-eighth avenue west is able to be about after a brief illness.

John Cashin, dealer in lumber, has removed his office from Central avenue to Duluth, and now occupies rooms in the Torrey building.

Joseph Brotherton, who left for Portland, Oregon, last Tuesday, returned to West Duluth this morning. The trip, taking only three days time, is said to be the quickest on record. Around the barber shop this morning it was rumored that the claim which Mr. Brotherton was going out to look after, was sold at a price to admit of his coming home by the airship route, thus explaining the quick trip.

White Pine Lung Balsam will cure that cough. At Nygren's.

The dance given at the Great Eastern hall last night by the Delta Mandolin club was one of the most successful of the season. The club lived up to its established reputation for good music, and every number received an encore. The affair was largely attended.

Mrs. F. T. Harrison entertained a small party of friends at Pit last evening at her home on Elinor street. Light refreshments were served.

Don't forget the West Duluth Social club dance every Monday night at Lincoln park.

My home, No. 5723 Tacony street, for rent to small family. L. H. Hanson, 510 Fifty-seventh avenue west.

A dance will be given at the Lincoln park pavilion Wednesday evening, May 11, under the auspices of the Fell-o's club. Tickets, 50 cents per couple. Good music and floor. Joseph Bellmeur, prompter.

Cut prices on medicines at Spencer's.

Full line of kodaks and supplies at Spencer's.

A mass meeting of the citizens of West Duluth will be held Wednesday evening, 8 p. m., May 11th, at the West Duluth Commercial club rooms for the purpose of making arrangements for the celebration of the Fourth of July. Signed—William Chesney, Edward Dormedy, T. W. Wade, E. J. Zauft, W. B. Getchell, V. R. Method, L. S. Neuman, Otto Eklund, committee.

Patterson, undertaker. 'Phone 3070.

Homeseekers' Excursions.

The North-Western line will place on sale May 3rd and continuing every first and third Tuesday from May to December inclusive "Homeseeker's" round trip tickets at One Fare, plus $2.00, limited to 21 days from date of sale, to points in Alabama, Arkansas, Canadian Northwest, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Indian Territory, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Minesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Washington and Wyoming. City ticket office, 302 West Superior street, Lonsdale building.

'Bus Line to Proctorknott.

Arrangements have been made to run a first-class bus from Bay View to Proctorknott, in connection with all the cars run on the belt line road, which leave West Duluth as follows:

WEEK DAY. A. M.	P. M.	SUNDAYS. A. M.	P. M.
6:10	1:00	5:00	12:15
7:10	2:00	9:00	1:00
8:00	3:00	10:00	2:00
9:00	4:30	11:00	3:00
10:00	5:30		4:00
11:00	6:35		5:00
12:00	7:30		6:00
	9:00		7:00
			8:00
			9:15

Bus leaves Proctorknott 20 minutes before cars leave on belt line.

Good Old Gambrinus

Never quaffed purer, better or more delicious beer or ale than what we are now supplying to our patrons. A sparkling draft of our "MOOSE BRAND BEER," clear as melted amber, is the cream of the malt, and is nutritious, healthful and appetizing.

Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.
Either Phone No. 241.

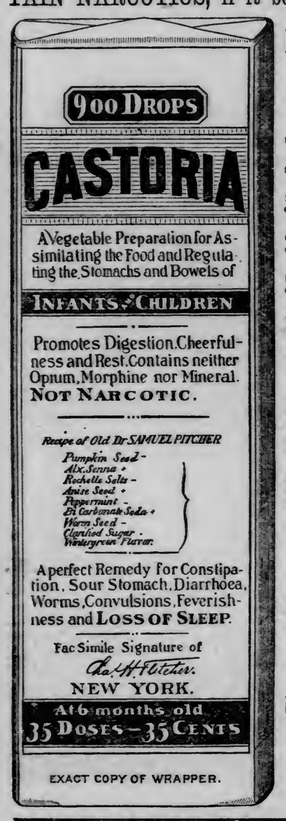
LACE CURTAINS

Housecleaning time is almost here again with the same problem to solve—**Where can I send my lace curtains to be cleaned?** If you will send them to us this year we feel sure you will always do so hereafter. Don't hesitate to send your fine Battenberg, Irish Point or fine Brussels Net. We accept the responsibility entirely.

Telephone 447.
808 E. Second St. **LUTES' LAUNDRY**

Don't Poison Baby.

FORTY YEARS AGO almost every mother thought her child must have PAREGORIC or laudanum to make it sleep. These drugs will produce sleep, and A FEW DROPS TOO MANY will produce the SLEEP FROM WHICH THERE IS NO WAKING. Many are the children who have been killed or whose health has been ruined for life by paregoric, laudanum and morphine, each of which is a narcotic product of opium. Druggists are prohibited from selling either of the narcotics named to children at all, or to anybody without labelling them "poison." The definition of "narcotic" is: *"A medicine which relieves pain and produces sleep, but which in poisonous doses produces stupor, coma, convulsions and death."* The taste and smell of medicines containing opium are disguised, and sold under the names of "Drops," "Cordials," "Soothing Syrups," etc. You should not permit any medicine to be given to your children without you or your physician know of what it is composed. CASTORIA DOES NOT CONTAIN NARCOTICS, if it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed +
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar +
Wintergreen Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. J. W. Dinsdale, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I use your Castoria and advise its use in all families where there are children."

Dr. Alexander E. Mintie, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "I have frequently prescribed your Castoria and have found it a reliable and pleasant remedy for children."

Dr. J. S. Alexander, of Omaha, Neb., says: "A medicine so valuable and beneficial for children as your Castoria is, deserves the highest praise. I find it in use everywhere."

Dr. J. A. McClellan, of Buffalo, N. Y., says: "I have frequently prescribed your Castoria for children and always got good results. In fact I use Castoria for my own children."

Dr. J. W. Allen, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I heartily endorse your Castoria. I have frequently prescribed it in my medical practice, and have always found it to do all that is claimed for it."

Dr. C. H. Glidden, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "My experience as a practitioner with your Castoria has been highly satisfactory, and I consider it an excellent remedy for the young."

Dr. H. D. Benner, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have used your Castoria as a purgative in the cases of children for years past with the most happy effect, and fully endorse it as a safe remedy."

Dr. J. A. Boarman, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria is a splendid remedy for children, known the world over. I use it in my practice and have no hesitancy in recommending it for the complaints of infants and children."

Dr. J. J. Mackey, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I consider your Castoria an excellent preparation for children, being composed of reliable medicines and pleasant to the taste. A good remedy for all disturbances of the digestive organs."

Dr. Howard James, of New York City, says: "It is with great pleasure that I desire to testify to the medicinal virtue of your Castoria. I have used it with marked benefit in the case of my own daughter, and have obtained excellent results from its administration to other children in my practice."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY ST, NEW YORK CITY.

DONATES SITE FOR SCHOOL BUILDING

J. L. Washburn Offers Fine Piece of Ground at Glen Avon.

School Board Takes Steps to Build Three Buildings.

Preliminary steps were taken by the school board last evening toward issuing bonds to the amount of $125,000 for the erection of three new school buildings.

The motion as passed calls upon the attorney for the board to draw up the proper resolution providing for the issue, and submit it to a special meeting. It passed without opposition.

The schools which are under consideration are to be situated at West Duluth, Hunter's Park and at Lake avenue and Third street.

"I wish the property owners to have a clear understanding of the reason why we are erecting this building at Lake avenue and Third street, on the corner of the high school grounds," said Director Phelps. "It is called a manual training and gymnasium building, and many people imagine we are spending money for frills and luxuries which are not necessary. This is not the case, however. The object in building this manual training building is to relieve the overcrowded condition of the Washington school. The manual training department, the gymnasium and the physical laboratories in the high school will be moved into the new building, releasing seven or eight rooms in the high school, which will be used by the pupils of the Washington school, and relieve an overcrowded condition which has become unbearable." The new school in West Duluth will be situated so as to draw from the Longfellow and Irving schools, both of which are overcrowded at the present time, and would be in a much worse condition by next fall.

* * *

A delegation of about twenty-five representative residents of Hunter's Park, Woodland and Glen Avon were in attendance to urge the board to build a new school in that part of the city during the coming summer. W. E. Culkin, J. R. Quigley, Henry Nolte and J. A. Ferguson made brief addresses, urging the needs of the locality.

The members of the board assured them of their favorable intentions, and urged the residents of that locality to get together and select a suitable site for the new school, which would be best situated so as to meet the needs of all the people.

At this juncture Director Washburn arose and made an offer that surprised both the members of the board and the delegates.

"The present site is unfit for the new building," he said. "It is under a hill and the water runs down into the engine room.

"Since I have been on this board I have not represented that district any more than I have any other district, but as an individual I hope we will have ample grounds around the new building. The grounds are to be had cheap now and they should be secured.

"Taking into consideration the manner in which the population is distributed out there, I can't think of any site which would be more suitable for the school than the piece of ground on the street running along in front of Macfarlane's barn, which I have fenced in for a pasture. While I am a member of this board I can't sell any ground to the city under any consideration, but I would be willing to donate that block to the city for school purposes if, after the committee looks it over, it is found to be satisfactory. The piece of land adjoining it could be secured from the present owners for a small sum of money, and the school would then have proper and suitable grounds."

Mr. Washburn's offer was met by a hearty round of applause.

"The site is a superb one," said W. E. Culkin. "It is better than we ever hoped to get, and I am sure the people out there will appreciate the generous offer."

"Mr. Washburn's offer is a most generous one," said Henry Nolte. "The site in question is a valuable piece of property, and would make an ideal site for a school building. We certainly appreciate his generosity."

The delegates left with the understanding that a committee should look over the ground and determine upon the most favorable site. There is little doubt but that Mr. Washburn's offer will be readily accepted, as all of the delegates who were seen last evening expressed themselves as mor than plased with the proposed site.

* * *

It is the intention of the board to have the bonds prepared in time to be voted on at the approaching school board election in July, and if the property owners consider the matter favorably they will be issued at once. The board placed the amount at $125,000 in order to have an ample amount on which to work. The buildings at Hunter's Park and West Duluth are expected to cost about $30,000 each and the manual training school about $40,000, making a total of $100,000. The remaining $25,000 will be used to take up small issues of bonds which are about due, and which were issued at a higher rate of interest than 4 per cent, the rate paid on the present issue.

* * *

The question of the repairs to the different school buildings was also taken up last evening. Directors Smith, Moe and Hendricks, composing the committee on buildings and grounds, have spent the last three weeks in making a tour of the different schools to determine the amount of repair work that is necessary for each building was submitted to the board last evening, and was passed upon item by item.

The chief alteration which will be made during the coming summer will be the building of an addition to the Lincoln school at Twenty-fifth avenue west. A boiler room and five new rooms will be added to the rear. The committee was authorized to advertise for bids for the job, both at an entirety and for the plumbing, ventilating and construction work separately.

* * *

The board passed a vote of thanks to Chief Engineer Larson and C. A. Hutchinson, professor of manual training, for the extra work they had expended on plans for the addition to the Lincoln school and the new manual training building. A vote of thanks was also given the members of the committee on buildings and grounds for the time and trouble taken in preparing the detailed report on the various buildings.

* * *

Judge S. F. White addressed the board on behalf of the old soldiers and asked that the Memorial day exercises be held in the schools on the day preceding Decoration day in order that the children might listen to speeches from the members of the G. A. R. This was formerly the rule in the schools but a recent motion of the board directed a short session devoted to appropriate exercises be held on Memorial day, Lincoln's birthday and Washington's birthday.

It was the feeling of the members of the board that this tended to inspire more patriotism in the children than to allow them a whole holiday which would be spent without thoughts of the occasion for which it was given. Director Codding, however, read an extract from the state laws which stated that teachers should not be compelled to teach school on holidays, and Judge White's suggestion was finally concurred in.

* * *

Rev. Carl Solomonson made a request to be granted the use of the Endion school for the purpose of holding a Sunday school. The request was refused.

"I don't own that building or the board doesn't own it," said Director Phelps. "We are merely the agents of the property owners, and as such agents we have no legal or moral right to grant permission to use the building for any other purpose than that for which it was built. If we grant to privileg to one sect we shall open the door to dissension and all kinds of trouble."

Director Moe seconded the remarks of Mr. Phelps.

Sunday School Workers.

A representation of twenty-five Sunday schools in the city was present last evening at a meeting of the Sunday School union of Duluth, held at St. Luke's church. The principal address of the evening was given by Archdeacon Webber, who discussed the importance of early training and how essential it is that the teachers in Sunday schools should be thoroughly converted persons.

There was also a large representation of the local clergy present.

The musical part of the program consisted in choir singing and a solo by Roy Fritz.

REV. RICHARD BOLAND

A LETTER WRITTEN FOR THE BENEFIT OF OTHERS.

Rev. Richard Boland, rector of St. Michael's parish, Lowell, Mass., writes as follows: "Father John's Medicine is unequalled as a preventative of bronchial and lung diseases which have been working such terrible havoc in our climate. We have used it ourselves and find it most beneficial in cases of prolonged coughs and bronchial irritations. Its use renders the voice flexible and pleasant, and it is for this reason invaluable to all public speakers."

BY A KENTUCKY DOCTOR.

Dr. L. A. Crinnian, of Stanley, Ky., says: "My sister is past 82 years old, and she gets about more like a young person than one so old, since taking Father John's Medicine, which has done her so much good. I shall recommend it to the other physicians in this section." (Signed) L. A. Crinnian, M.D. Cures colds, throat and lung troubles; makes flesh and builds up the body—not a patent medicine.

SERVICES FOR SUNDAY IN DULUTH CHURCHES

Rev. James Wallace, President of Macalester College to Preach at First Presbyterian Morning and Evening—Rev. C. J. McConnell of Superior at Glen Avon Presbyterian.

At the First Presbyterian church Rev. James Wallace, president of Macalaster college, will preach morning and evening. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ Prelude .....Merkel
Anthem—"Fear Thou Not" ....Woodman
Response—"Lowly Heart and Bended Knee" .....Hanscom
Solo .....
Mrs. Percy Gough.
Postlude .....Wiltch

EVENING.

Organ—Hymme Celeste .....Grey
Anthem—"Evening Shadows" .....Percy James
Quartet—"Ave Maria" .....Abt
Offertory .....L. Bervon
Solo .....
Paul Gilbert.

The choir will consist of: Soprano, Mrs. Percy Gough; alto, Miss Ethel Cannon; tenor, Paul Gilbert; bass, Phillip G. Brown; organist and choir director, Mrs. Margaret McLean.

* * *

At Pilgrim Congregational church, Rev. H. W. Johnson will preach at the morning service. In the evening Professor Charles Alden Smith will deliver an address on "The Influence of the Bible on English Literature." The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Prelude—Pastorale .....Arthur Foote
Response—Gloria ..... St. Saens
Anthem—"Bow Down Thine Ear" .....H. Parker
Quartet—"I Waited for the Lord" .....Mendelssohn
Solo—From "Hymn of Praise" .....Mendelssohn
Mr. Martin.
Postlude—Toccata .....Lontaine

EVENING.

Prelude—Romance ..... St. Saens
Quartet—Jubilate Deo .....Nevin
Solo—"The Good Shepherd" .....B. Tours
Miss Woolbridge.
Postlude—March .....Handel

The choir will consist of: Frances Woodbridge, Mrs. James F. Walsh, J. R. Martin, H. G. Gearhart, Ruth Rogers, organist.

* * *

Rev. C. J. McConnell, of Superior, will preach at the Glen Avon Presbyterian church in the morning at 10:30 o'clock. Sunday school will meet at noon.

* * *

At the First Methodist Episcopal church Rev. E. C. Clemans, presiding elder of the Duluth district, will preach at 10:30 a. m. and at 7:45 p. m. Class meeting will be held at 9:45 a. m. and Sunday school at 12 m. The Epworth league will meet at 6:45 p. m. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Voluntary—Ave Sanctissima .....Thayer
Solo—"O, Divine Redeemer" .....Gounod
Mary Syre Bradshaw.
Offertory—Invocation .....Mailly
Duet—"Jesus Is Mine" .....Marston
Mrs. Woodward and Miss Bradshaw.
Postlude—March Triumphal .....Gullmant

EVENING.

Voluntary .....Pattison
Solo—"Callest Thou Thus, Oh Master" .....
Emily Ellis Woodward.
Offertory—Communion in G .....Batiste
Duet—"Rock of Ages" .....Dobie
Mrs. Woodward and Miss Bradshaw.
Postlude—Military March .....Schubert
Organist, Mrs. Wingate.

* * *

Holy communion will be held at St. Paul's Episcopal church tomorrow at 8 a. m. and Sunday school at 10 o'clock. Dr. Ryan will preach at 11 a. m. on "The Blessings of a Curse," and at 7:30 p. m. on "The Chevalier Bayard."

* * *

At the Endion Methodist Episcopal church the Rev. F. A. Clark, of Staples, will preach morning and evening.

* * *

At the First Baptist church, Eleventh avenue east and Second street, the pastor, Rev. S. C. Davis, will conduct services at 10:20 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. His morning discourse will be upon the subject of "Personal Retaliation," and the evening theme will be "A Perfect Character." The Sunday school, Charles S. Wood, superintendent, will meet at 12 o'clock. The Y. P. S. C. E. will meet at 6:45 p. m., with Miss Edith Davis as leader, the subject being "Crowns Trodden Under Foot." The lesson is from Isaiah 28:1-7 and Revelation 3:11.

* * *

At the First Unitarian church, Eighth avenue east and First street, Rev. H. White, the minister, will conduct morning services at 11 and Sunday school and adult study class at 12 m. Mr White will preach on "The Legitimate Function of Authority in Religion."

* * *

Services will be conducted at the First Christian church, corner Fourth street and Fifth avenue west, Sunday morning, by the pastor, Rev. C. R. Sine, at 10:30. The subject will be "The Divine Command, 'Go Forward.'" Sunday school will meet at 12 m and Christian Endeavor at 7 p. m. Evening service will be held at 8 o'clock.

* * *

At St. John's Episcopal church, Lakeside, Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon will be at 11 o'clock, and evening prayer and sermon at 7:30.

* * *

At Trinity mission holy communion will be held at 8 a. m., Sunday school at 3 p. m., and evening prayer and sermon at 4:15.

* * *

At St. Luke's Episcopal church, corner Nineteenth avenue west and First street, there will be holy communion at 7:30 a. m. and holy communion, with sermon by Archdeacon Webber, at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school will meet at 12 o'clock. Rev. R. J. Mooney, rector.

* * *

At the First Norwegian Lutheran church, corner First avenue east and Third street, there will be services tomorrow at 10:30 a. m., Carl Hvaal occupying the pulpit. At 7:45 p. m., Rev. N. B. Thvedt will conduct the service. The choir will sing at the evening service. Sunday school will meet at 3 a. m.

* * *

The services at the Lester Park Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. Charles Fox Davis, pastor, will be as follows: Morning, "The Quiet Waters By;" evening, "Sermons in Stones, and Books in Running Brooks."

* * *

Rev. A. B. Nicholls, of Superior, will be the speaker at the Y. M. C. A. meeting at 3:30 p. m. H. W. Wheeler will be the principal speaker at the 5:15 lunch.

* * *

Tomorrow will be Temperance day at the Lakeside Presbyterian church, Rev. H. B. Sutherland, pastor. The subject for the morning sermon will be, "The Mockery of Wine, or Wages in Rags With Holes." Sunday school will meet at 12 o'clock, and Christian Endeavor at 7 p. m. The theme for the evening service, at 7:45 will be, "Out of the Abundance of the Hearth."

* * *

There will be services at the Second Presbyterian church, morning and evening. The subject of the sermon at 10:30 will be, "Christ and Nicodemus," and at 7:45, "The Moral and Religious Aspect of the Saturday Half Holiday Movement." There will be preaching at Hazelwood at 3 p. m. Rev. I. I. Gorby is the pastor.

* * *

At the Star of Hope Mission, 622 West Superior street, meetings are held every evening at 8 o'clock, conducted by Mr. and Mrs. John Calahan. Sunday services will be as follows: 3 o'clock, consecration meeting; 7:30, Star of Hope praying band will meet for half hour of prayer; 8 to 8:30, song and prayer service, conducted by John Callahan. There will be special music.

* * *

At the Bethel, Lake avenue, at 7:45 p. m., T. S. Thompson will speak. Mrs. Asher will sing. Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m. and Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45. Monday evening the Bible study will be conducted by the Rev. J. T. Moody. Mrs. Asher will sing. Tuesday and Friday evenings the meetings will be conducted in the Finnish language.

* * *

At the Bethel branch, 598 West Superior street, Sunday school will meet at 2 p. m., L. A. Marvin, superintendent. At 7:45 p. m., evangelistic service will be conducted by the Rev. J. T. Moody. Mrs. Moody will sing. Monday evening the meeting will be under the direction of the members of the Swedish Baptist church and on Tuesday evening of the Y. P. S. C. E. of the Pilgrim Congregational church. Gospel meetings are held every night.

* * *

At Grace Methodist Episcopal church, corner Twenty-second avenue west and Third street, Rev. J. W. Robinson, the pastor, will conduct services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The morning subject will be, "Burden Bearing," and the evening subject, "The Essentials of a Complete Life." Sunday school will meet at 11:45, and Epworth league at 6:30 p. m., the subject being, "Crowns Trodden Under Foot." Ray Hopkins will be the leader.

* * *

At the First Swedish Baptist church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street, there will be service tomorrow at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The pastor, Rev. A. Edstam, will give a series of sermons on Sunday evenings on the "Book of Jonah," commencing tomorrow evening. The topic for the first sermon will be "The Flight of Jonah from God's Face." Sunday school with Bible class for adults will meet at 10 o'clock in the morning. In the afternoon a special young people's meeting will be held at 4 o'clock in the interest of foreign missions.

* * *

At the Second Baptist church, corner Twentieth avenue west and First street, the pastor, Rev. J. W. Longbridge, will preach at 10:45 on the subject, "God's Proving," and at 8 p. m. on the subject, "The Fallen Standard." The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

"Come Ye That Love the Lord" .....
.....Theme from Batiste
Soprano and alto duet .....
"I Waited for the Lord" ....Mendelssohn

EVENING.

"O, Come Let Us Sing" ..... Daubes

The Sunday school will be held at noon and Young People's meeting at 7 p. m.

* * *

At Holy Apostles' Episcopal church, Sunday school will meet at 10:30 a. m. There will be special services at 3 p. m. and 7:30 p. m., at each of which, Archdeacon Wether will preach. Rev. R. J. Mooney, rector.

* * *

The services at the Oneota Methodist Episcopal church, corner Firty-sixth avenue west and Halifax street, will be conducted by the pastor, Rev. E. K. Copper at 11 a. m. and at 7:45 p. m. The morning theme will be, "The Result of Self-Sacrifice," and the evening topic, "A Man 969 Years Old." The Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m. and the Epworth league at 7 o'clock The choir will render special music.

* * *

At Bethany Swedish Lutheran church, Twenty-third avenue west and Third street, Rev. A. F. Elmquist, Ph. D., the pastor, will confirm a class of thirty-five catechumens at 10 a. m. Communion service will be held at 7:45 p. m. The Young People's society will meet at 5:30 p. m.

* * *

At the First Norwegian-Danish M. E. church, corner of Twenty-first avenue west and First street, Rev. J. O. Hall from Hillsboro, N. D., will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday school will meet at 12 and Epworth league at 7 p. m.

* * *

At Bethesday Norwegian Lutheran church, corner Sixth avenue east and Fifth street, Rev. O. M. O. Wee, the pastor, will conduct Norwegian service at 10:30 a. m. English service at 7:45 p. m. Norwegian Sunday school at 9 a. m. and English Sunday school at noon.

* * *

Services will be conducted by the pastor Rev. O. M. Savig, in the Norwegian Lutheran church, corner Fifth avenue west and Wadena street, Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock and Sunday evening at 7:45 o'clock. Sunday school will meet at 9 a. m.

* * *

At the Proctor M. E. church services will be held at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The morning topic will be "The Ups and Downs in Joseph's Life," and the evening topic "The Coming Christian Age."

FREE CONSULTATION!

DR. CHAS. A. HOAG

Will be in Superior at
HOTEL SUPERIOR
Wednesday, May 11th, 1904. Office Hours—10:30 a. m. to 9 p. m.
And in Ashland, at the Commercial Hotel, Thursday, May 12, 1904.

YOUNG MEN If you are troubled with nervous debility, stupidness, or are otherwise unfitted for business or study, caused from youthful errors or excesses, you should consult this specialist at once. Don't delay until too late.

Middle-Aged and Old Mankind—There are thousands of you troubled with weak, aching backs and kidneys and other unmistakable signs of nervous debility. Many die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause. The most obstinate cases of this character treated with unfailing success.

ALL DISEASES of a delicate nature —inflammation and kindred troubles—quickly cured without pain or inconvenience.

CATARRH which poisons the breath, stomach and lungs and paves the way for Consumption, also Throat, Liver, Heart, Kidney, Bladder and all constitutional and internal troubles; also Rupture, Piles, Fistula, Dyspepsia, Diarrhoea, and all diseases of the stomach and bowels treated far in advance of any institution in the country.

BLOOD AND SKIN Diseases, Sores, Spots, Pimples, Scrofula, Tumors, Tetter, Eczema, and Blood Poison, thoroughly eradicated, leaving the system in a strong, pure and healthful state.

LADIES Are you suffering from persistent Headache, Painful Menstruation, Uterine Displacements, Pains in Back, and feel as if it were impossible for you to endure your troubles and still be obliged to attend your household and social obligations. There are many women doing this today. However, a great many have taken treatment of this specialist, and he can refer you to those who have been cured by him. Give the doctor a call. He can give all the encouragement in the world and will cure you if you trust yourself to his care.

Address all letters to Dr. Chas. A. Hoag, 6362 Minerva avenue, Chicago, Ill.

If you cannot call write for free question list.

SECULAR SHOTS AT PULPIT.

Brooklyn Eagle: A poor Methodist preacher in Montana played roulette and won. He believes the Lord directed him to do it. They don't believe that way in the tenderloin—when they lose.

Kansas City Times: The St. Louis Association of Congregational enurches promulgates the doctrine that a wife is a drawback to a divinity student. That a divinity student is a drawback to a wife seems to be taken for granted.

Boston Transcript: According to Dr. Henson, as reported, none but rascals become multi-millionaires. Isn't this rather ungrateful, coming from a Baptist, seeing what one of the multi-millionaires has done for the Baptists in a financial way?

Nashville American: A plain preacher from the Vermont hills has coined a new epigram which deserves to live. Discoursing upon the hard work and small pay of himself and others who labor in the poorer districts, he exclaimed: "How shall a man support a sealskin wife on a muskrat income?" That is a question which perplexes many a man with wrinkled brow.

Boston Globe: There was a time—not so very long ago, either—when the idea of the pope bestowing his blessing by long-distance telephone would have seemed shocking to almost anybody. But in these days of eminent "practical common sense" the church, of whatever denomination, employs the most modern agencies. If Pius X can't visit Venice in person, what more American than that he should transport his voice thither by wire?

SHORT SERMONS.

Chicago Tribune: Doubt determines nothing.
Faith owes her force to facts.
Kicking raises nothing but dust.
There is no short cut to happiness.
He who will not choose must lose.
Salvation is more than a fire escape.
Virtue is not a matter of vocabulary.
Nothing succeeds where the soul fails.
With God, life and love are synonymous.
A little silence may save a lot of sorrow.
A sharp man always cuts his own fingers.
Repentance cannot tear up the roots of the past.
No man reaches the stage of triumph but by the steps of trial.
The man who takes life as a dose always finds it a bitter one.
The man makes no particular progress by patting himself on the back.
Virtue may be its own reward, but it is not its own advertising agent.
Some men expect to acquire all their good habits in their second childhood.
When a man is content with what he is, he is never content with what he has.

ARMSTRONG TRIAL.

Divorce Action of Considerable Interest.

The divorce action of George C. Armstrong against Emma Belle Armstrong was heard before Judge Ensign yesterday afternoon. The testimony was taken and the attorneys were directed to present their argument next Saturday.

Mr. Armstrong is the local agent for a Milwaukee brewing company, and Mrs. Armstrong, according to her testimony, has been running a boarding house in Chicago. Desertion is the ground for which the divorce is asked.

Both parties to the action were in court yesterday, and Mrs. Armstrong several times interrupted the proceedings by making emphatic denials to statements made in behalf of her husband.

One of the charges was that she had been taken from a St. Paul saloon to her home one night in an intoxicated condition.

IMPORTANT DECISION

Concerning Basis of Tariff on Bonded Imports.

New York, May 7.—A decision of considerable interest to importers has been handed down by the United States circuit court of appeals. In effect the court decided that the assessment of duty upon goods withdrawn from a bonded warehouse for consumption shall be upon the basis of the tariff prevailing at the time of withdrawal. The colector at this port, who had maintained that the duty should be levied on the basis of the rates in effect at the time the goods were placed in bond, was overruled.

This decision will affect an immense number of importations of sugar and tobacco, and also will apply to hundreds of importations of tea which were in bond at the time the war tax on tea was taken off.

EIGHT HOUR FUND $106,033.

Denver, May 7.—The quarterly report of the secretary of the Western Federation of Miners on contributions to the eight-hour fund shows that $39,749 has been added to the fund since last report. This brings the total up to $106,033.

OLIVET PRESIDENT RESIGNS.

Chicago, May 7.—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from Lansing, Mich., says: President William G. Sperry of Olivet college has tendered his resignation to the trustees. The resignation was accepted, and President Sperry will return to his old home in New England at the end of the college year. It is understood that failing health is the cause.

There is no Substitute for
ROYAL

BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
It is a Matter of Health

WORK ON NEW EAST RIVER BRIDGE TO BEGIN JULY 1.

New York, May 7.—The needful appropriation of $10,000,000 having been voted by the board of estimate work on the structure of the new Manhattan bridge over the East river will begin July 1. When completed, it will cost $12,000,000 and from the standpoint of capacity will be the largest bridge in the world, and probably will be completed by January 1, 1909. There will be eight railway tracks, as against six on the new Williamsburg bridge and four on the old Brooklyn bridge.

attention. Ask central for 324, either 'phone.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Sauk Center Herald: An editor must have a poor opinion of the intelligence of Minnesota voters if they think they cannot determine for themselves forces and interests are back of the different candidates.

St. Hilaire Spectator: The Canadian land boom has fallen flat as predicted and the get-rich-quick fellows who passed over the broad and fertile fields of Minnesota and the Dakotas are turning backwards, only to find that they "overlooked a bet" and one of goodly proportions.

Redwood Gazette: In his letters to the old soldiers Judge Collins overlooks none of them—and occasionally there happens to be a Democrat or two who receives a letter from the gentleman.

Sauk Center Herald: No theory is absolutely so senseless as the assertion that tariff legislation once passed should never be altered or amended. Tariffs are framed to meet conditions and when conditions change the tariffs should be changed to meet them.

Ten Days'. Free Treatment Offered Men.

Great Direct Method, That Cures Seminal Weakness, Varicocele, Stricture, Gleet, Gonorrhoea, Unnatural Discharges, Irritation and Enlargement of the Prostate Gland, Bladder and Urinary Disorders, Without Taking Medicine into the Stomach, and in Their Own Home—It Will Be Sent Every Man Absolutely Free.

By a wonderful method, successfully used for years and now for the first time introduced to the public, it is possible for any man, no matter how bad off, to quickly regain the vigor of young manhood without taking any medicine into the stomach, and to prove that it will do this

THE PARIS MEDICATED CRAYON.
PLEASANT, SOOTHING AND HEALING.

they send a full Ten Days' Trial Treatment absolutely free to every man sending name and address to Dr. Stevens & Co., Box 1983, Columbus, Ohio. You apply it locally to the seat of the trouble, and it quickly finds its way to the desired spot, enlarging the muscles, increasing the nerve force, and giving the necessary vim and energy. The world of science and medicine thoroughly indorses it.

It cures in wonderfully quick time, in your own home, lost vitality, emaciation, prematurity, varicocele, stricture, unnatural irritation and enlargement of the prostate gland, and all bladder and urinary disorders of men. It is the only method known to science that will electrify the body, rout wasting diseases, create vigor, warmth and force, and all this without medicine taken into the stomach. If others tell you nothing can be done for you, this will surely cure you.

Write to Dr. Stevens & Co., Columbus, Ohio, Box 1983. They offer Ten Days' Trial Treatment absolutely free to every man. It is no "prescription," "deposit" or "C. O. D." scheme, as this firm is too large to resort to such petty ways. In addition to the absolutely free trial treatment, they send the most complete book ever written on Diseases of Men, telling all, and fully illustrated, with forty engravings from life. Everything is confidential and sent perfectly plain, and since they merely ask you to inquire what they have got that will cure you, we trust every gentleman reader of this paper will write them at once as above, and thus get the Ten Days' Trial Treatment and book, both absolutely free.

GOOD FOR PRINCE OR PEASANT

BEECHAM'S Pills are known the world over; they are used by all conditions of people; they are the sterling remedy at the easy command of prince or peasant. They act on the liver as nothing else will or can, and constipation loses its terror by reason of their mighty power. 25 cents a box.

Beecham's Pills cure all Bilious and Nervous Disorders, Sick Headache, Constipation, Weak Stomach and Female Ailments. They are recommended by physicians. They strengthen the muscular system, restore the long-lost complexion, bring back the keen edge of appetite, and arouse into action the whole physical energy of the human frame.

If you eat "FORCE" regularly, it's more than likely I shall have to square myself with your druggist.

But I shan't mind that.

Sunny Jim

Concentration, and energetic action, wear out Brain and Nerve, and make the body cry aloud for drugs, unless the waste they cause is made good by foods rich in Phosphates and Nitrogen. "FORCE" is such a food, consisting of the Phosphates, Nitrogen, and Protein of wheat, malted into quick digestibility with Barley. Served cold, with Cream, it is delicious.

THE LABOR WORLD

Five Candidates For President of Minnesota State Federation.

May Day Passed Without Important Differences In Duluth.

Duluth trades and labor unions will meet the coming week as follows:

Stone masons, Monday evening, in the Axa building.

Tug firemen and linemen, Monday evening, at marine engineers' hall, Hunter block.

Plasterers, Monday, in the Kalamazoo building.

Amalgamated meat cutters, Tuesday in Kalamazoo building.

Machinists, Tuesday evening, at the Axa block.

Sheet metal workers, Tuesday evening, in Kalamazoo building.

Steamfitters, Tuesday evening, in the Hunter block.

Cooks and waiters, Tuesday evening, in the Kalamazoo block.

Painters, decorators and paper hangers, Tuesday evening, in the Kalamazoo block.

Carpenters, Tuesday evening, in Kalamazoo block.

Plumbers, Thursday evening, in Kalamazoo block.

Stationary engineers, Thursday evening, in Lyceum building.

Builders' laborers' union, Thursday evening at 221 West Superior street.

Federated Trades assembly, Friday evening in Kalamazoo building.

Lathers, Friday evening, in Kalamazoo block.

Bakers and confectioners, Saturday evening, at 18 West Superior street.

* * *

There are now five candidates in the field for the position of president of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor. Four of these reside in St. Paul and one in Minneapolis. At the convention of the federation, to be held at New Ulm, June 13, 14 and 15, it is thought likely that the St. Paul forces will rally to the support of one of the four.

The latest aspirant for the highest position in state labor circles is A. H. Garfield, vice-president of the St. Paul Trades and Labor assembly and a member of the retail clerks' union. He announced his candidacy this week. The other would-be presidents are C. E. James, St. Paul, E. C. Ives, St. Paul, William Pembleton, St. Paul, and Harry Dix, of Minneapolis. It is understood that M. E. Neary, of Minneapolis, now president of the state organization, will not be a candidate again this year. The convention is still more than a month away, and more aspirants for the high position may yet put in an appearance.

The Mankato cigarmakers' union was the first this year to elect a delegate to New Ulm. William Erd was selected. The local election of delgates will be held at different times between now and June. A large delegation will attend from Duluth.

A portion of the convention call, issued a few days ago by W. E. McEwen, secretary of the federation, reads as follows:

"Organized labor now embraces over 35 trade and labor unions, on whose rosters 35,000 names are enrolled. It is essential to call the attention of the membership to the eloquence of these figures and inspire activity for a more concentrated effort, in order to realize all the advantages this power and influence can accomplish for the wage earners of Minnesota on a mutual program of "Community of Interest."

"From present indications the twenty-second convention of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor bids fair to be more generally attended and more widely represented than any previous convention of the federation Many questions of importance await the calm, deliberate consideration of the delegates. Every local in the state organized on trade union principals is urgently requested to be fully represented by its most active and best qualified members.

"Many advances have been made during the past year. Organization has progressed steadily. Wages have been increased. Hours have been reduced. Recognition has been secured. Conditions formerly irksome have been modified. Permanency of organization is established.

"The attention of many wage workers, not yet organized, has been attracted to the advantages gained, in which they have not shared, but who are patiently awaiting the opportunity to join forces with our movement as quickly as we can give our attention to organize them."

The Western Passenger association will grant a one and one-third fare to New Ulm from all points in Minnesota. Delegates are supposed to be elected at least two weeks before the convention, and their names must be sent to Secretary McEwen. The credential committee will meet on Sunday, June 12, and it is necessary for all the credentials to be in the hands of the secretary on time.

The call expresses the hope that all the trades of the state will unite in making Minnesota one of the greatest and strongest trade union commonwealths in the country.

* * *

James Walsh, grand president of the Lincensed Tugmen's Protective association, has returned to Duluth after an absence of seven weeks. He stopped at several places along the lakes and assisted in adjusting many differences in marine circles. He first went to Toledo, where he met the dredge owners. A satisfactory agreement was arrived at. At Cleveland Mr. Walsh attended a conference of forty-one different marine labor interests with the dock managers. An entire readjustment of the wage scale was made. In some cases higher wages were secured, and in others there was a very slight reduction, in no instance more than 1½ per cent.

* * *

Local labor leaders are congratulating each other over the fact that May 1 passed without any labor differences of much importance putting in an appearance in Duluth. If there are to be strikes at all they usualy occur the first few days of May, when most of the yearly agreements between trade unions and their employers are signed. Last year at this time there were several strikes. This year the sheet metal workers struck, but their strike was of only about five hours' duration. A satisfactory agreement was arrived at and they returned to work.

* * *

Lawrence O'Keefe, of Buffalo, fourth vice president of the National Association of Iron Molders, was in the city a few days this week, assisting in the adjustment of a slight difference existing between the local molders and the management of the National Iron works.

* * *

The wife of W. H. Johnson, a prominent member of the Typographical union, died this week after a prolonged illness.

* * *

C. E. Brown, formerly secretary of the local Typographical union, has gone with his family to Los Angeles, Cal., to reside.

* * *

E. S. Kormeroy, business agent of the Painters' union, will take desk room in the Labor World office, Manhattan building, next week.

LET EVERY MAN AFFLICTED WITH **VARICOCELE** READ CAREFULLY WHAT FOLLOWS:

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

ADVANTAGE OF MY METHOD OF CURING VARICOCELE.

My treatment is absolutely painless and devoid of danger; no anaesthetic is given.

The cure is permanent. I have treated thousands of the most aggravated cases without a single failure or recurrence.

You are under the care of a reliable specialist, that is acknowledged authority in the treatment of men, and whose superior method of treatment is nowhere else obtainable in America.

You are not subjected to the dangerous experiments of antiquated treatments which you are liable to receive at the hands of incompetent and inexperienced doctors. Varicocele is a very serious and delicate disease, and necessarily requires skilled, expert treatment. I am treating many cases daily, and have gained a national reputation as being successful in the treatment of Varicocele and its results — Nervous Debility and Lost Health.

I Also Cure to Stay Cured

Stricture, Contagious Blood Poison, Nervous Debility

and all reflex complications and associate diseases and weaknesses of men. To these maladies alone I have earnestly devoted the best years of my life. Physicians having stubborn cases to treat are cordially invited to consult with me. I make no charge for private counsel and give to each patient a legal contract in writing, backed by abundant capital, to hold for my promise. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes?

STRICTURE.

It matters not how long you have suffered from Stricture or how many different doctors have disappointed you. I will cure you just as certain as you come to me for treatment. I will not do it by cutting or dilating. My treatment is entirely original with me and perfectly harmless. It completely dissolves the stricture and permanently removes every obstruction of the urinary passage. It stops every unnatural discharge, allays all inflammation, reduces the prostate gland when enlarged, cleanses the bladder and kidneys, invigorates the vital organs and restores health and soundness to every part of the body affected by the disease.

BLOOD POISON.

Specific Blood Poison was for ages supposed to be incurable. This ancient idea still exists in the minds of many physicians, who continue to salivate their patients with potash, mercury and other dangerous mineral mixtures, which, instead of forcing the disease out of the system, drives it deeper in, where it lies dormant for a time, and then breaks out again in the form of some frightful skin, blood or bone disease. I cure Specific Blood Poison to stay cured forever. I challenge the medical world for a case in any stage that I cannot positively cure, never to return, in from sixty to ninety days. My treatment for this disease is endorsed by the best physicians of America and Europe. It is purely vegetable in composition and perfectly harmless in effect.

NERVO-VITAL DEBILITY.

Men, many of you are now reaping the result of your former folly. Your manhood is failing and you will soon be lost unless you do something for yourself. There is no time to lose. Impotency, like all vital diseases, is never on the standstill. With it you can make no compromise. Either you must master it or it will master you and fill your whole future with misery and indescribable woe. I have treated so many cases of this kind that I am as familiar with them as you are with the very daylight. Once cured by me and you will never again be bothered with emissions, drains, prematureness, nervousness, failing memory, loss of ambition or other symptoms which rob you of your manhood and absolutely unfit you for study, business or pleasure. My treatment for weak men will correct all these evils and restore you to what nature intended—a hale, healthy, happy man, with physical and mental powers complete.

ASSOCIATE DISEASES.

In curing a disease of any kind I never fail to remove all reflex complications. If the case is Varicocele, the weakness caused by it disappears. If it is Stricture and has developed into Prostatic, Bladder or Kidney affections, the injured organs are all restored to a perfectly healthful condition. If it is Contagious Blood Poison, any and all Skin, Blood and Bone diseases arising from the taint are entirely and permanently eliminated from the system. If it is impotency, the many distressing symptoms following in its train and indicating a premature decline of physical and mental power are totally removed, and rapidly replaced by the youthful energy of robust manhood. Hence all resulting ills and reflex complications which may be properly termed associate diseases, and which, in fact, are often more serious that the original ailment that gives rise to them—all, I say, disappear completely and forever with the cure of the main malady.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Most cases can be treated successfully at home. One personal visit is preferred, but if it is impossible or inconvenient for you to call at my office, write me a full and unreserved history of your case, plainly stating your symptoms. Physicians having stubborn cases to treat are cordially invited to consult with me. I charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a legal contract in writing, backed by abundant capital, to hold for my promise. Address all communications to

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays: 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,

No. 1 West Superior Street, Corner Lake Avenue, Duluth, Minn.

AMONG THE PLANTS

A few of the half hard annuals may be sown this coming week, but it is too early to plant out tender plants, such as geraniums and other bedding plants. They had better stay in doors for two weeks yet, and even then it would be well to keep something handy to cover them with in a case of a frosty night.

Among the beautiful things in evidence this year is the gold medal geranium, Le Soliel. It is a seeding of our general favorite, Nutt, which is the dark scarlet so much in demand. Le Soliel possesses all the vigor and freedom of bloom of its parent, while the flower trusses are double the size and are the longest keepers of any that I ever knew. The same blossoms that were on mine when they were planted out in June were still on them in September. The middle florets had, of course, fallen out, but other buds had turned up and taken their places, and the flowers were still showly, and they do not show so much black center as the double Nutt does after a rain. The florets are very double, and the shade is a little brighter than the Nutt, and very pretty. This will replace our old favorite as soon as it becomes more plentiful.

Among other novelties this year comes what is called a red lobella, and if the plant equals the colored plate it will be quite an acquisition in vase and box work. Asters last year were with me a dismal failure. I only got about four dozen good blooms out of 4000 plants, and as reports come in I find that mine were not the only ones. Some had lots of beautiful flowers, and the remarkable thing about it was that two beds, only twenty-five feet apart, planted from the same lot of plants and at the same time, differed so. One bed gave lovely flowers, the other was a failure. They were attacked by the strange disease, called the yellows, and what it is we do not know. It was general all through the country, but it may not come again for years, so we will try again. The early planted ones were, as a rule, the least affected, so get them in as soon as safe from forst.

For your flower beds this year make a liberal appropriation. You often tell me of the beautiful beds and porch boxes of the further South, and last year I went from city to city and looked things over, and the reason they were more beautiful was because the people spent more money on them. Porch and window boxes in Cleveland I found cost from 75 cents to $1 per foot to fill them. You can save part of this by doing your own planting, but don't spoil a pretty thing for sake of a quarter.

In the outdoor planting of the geranium beds I find they plant them closer together than we do here; give them plenty of water until they get well started, then they give very little water. In fact, they looked starved for want of it, but it made them bloom, and the large beds on Belle Isle, Detroit, were beautiful beyond compare.

Inquiry as to prices in other places showed that our Duluth people were getting things just as cheap and cheaper than other cities. At Youngstown, Ohio, pansies were 50 cents per dozen, and all other plants about 25 per cent higher than here, and there they are raised at 25 per cent less cost, and it was about the same story all over.

Had a visit Monday from a girl who looked so little and pathetic that to cheer her heart we gave her our first pansy blossom. The next day, in her paper, she hinted that we might be a great story teller, and called us "quaint." Wouldn't that jar you? "Quaint?" Huh!

E. C. LINDSAY,
Lakeside Greenahouses.

ATTENTION, SAMARITANS!

All members of Beta Council are requested to meet at Columbia Hall, Sunday, 1 p. m., to attend funeral of Neighbor Thomas Clark. Services at Second Presbyterian church.

CHAS. DICE, G. S.
R. JOHNSON, Scribe.

EASY, THOUGH IDLE.

Detroit News: It is not surprising that there should be a prospect of a dull season in shipbuilding on the great lakes. Developments of recent years are explanatory. Old-fashioned boats have been steadily replaced by craft of multiplied capacity. The A. B. Wolvin, recently launched, will carry the load of four of the ordinary boats such as were built ten and fifteen years ago. These new boats are faster than the old. They are equipped with labor-saving and time-saving machinery. They load about as fast as cargo will fall into them. They are so big and are loaded in such a fashion that no trimming of cargo is necessary. Arrived at their destination, they are unloaded by machinery which snakes a big cargo out almost as fast as the chutes can run it in. As a result, the capacity of the modern type of lake freighter is at least six times that of the prevailing type of a few years ago.

Capacity for handling lake commerce has increased rather faster than the business, and from time to time there must be a halt for readjustment. Shipbuilding is an industry that must be watched as closely as tailoring and millinery. Builders must know when to rush work and when to slacken. To go ahead rashly would be risking disaster. Today leviathans are the fashion. Freighting is done in large units. Years hence, when the Erie canal improvement becomes available, there may be an active and hurried reversion to a small type of vessel which can steam from Chicago and Duluth to New York. Builders, however, cannot let their imagination lead them too far, for fear of falling into error. Shipbuilding has been very active for several years. This spring sees the launching of a few big fellows, and then a prospective shut-down of the yards to wait for new orders. Those new orders will not come until the vessel men can see a way to utilize more vessels with profit.

Meanwhile the shipbuilders on the great lakes have imitated to some extent the Schwabs in the United States shipbuilding trust. They consolidated their business into the American Shipbuilding company, flooded the market with watered stock, paid two or three dividends on the common, and then, when it reached 50 and 60, sold it out to all the suckers within reach. The shipbuilders on the lakes are therefore in position to take it very easy for several seasons and not lose a wink of sleep in the interval.

THE ST. LOUIS SHOW.

St. Louis correspondence Cleveland Plain-Dealer: The grounds contained within the exposition barriers are a mile and a quarter wide, by two miles in length. There are six miles of fence surrounding them. There are 1240 acres, as against 633 acres in the Columbian exposition. There are fifteen immense exhibition buildings, each of which would cover from six to ten average city blocks. In going around one of the largest of these, a man will walk nearly one mile. There are miles of aisles in each of the largest. The one devoted to transportation exhibits contains four miles of tracks for the showing of cars and locomotives. There are thirty-five miles of roadway within the exposition grounds. In Philadelphia, in 1876, there were thirty-seven acres of ground covered by roofs; in Chicago, 1893, 200 acres covered; in Paris, 1900, 125 acres; in St. Louis, 1904, 250 acres. The areas of grounds covered by recent large expositions of this character are as follows: In Omaha, 150 acres; Philadelphia, 236 acres; Buffalo, 300 acres; Paris, 1889, 336 acres; Chicao, 1893, 633 acres; St. Louis, 1904, 1240 acres. The officials say that $50,000,000 will come near the figure which this summer holiday is to cost—a sum of money that still further enables us to understand its size and importance. Of this sum, the municipality of St. Louis has been good for $5,000,000; popular subscription, $5,000,000; the United States government, $11,000,000; States and Territories, $7,000,000; concessions, $6,000,000; foreign governments, $5,000,000; exhibits, $11,000,000.

A Sleep For Longevity.

New York Press: At 1 o'clock to the minute, after playing golf three hours, drops his sticks, pays off the caddies and goes back to the new house. While he is taking a bath and a rub-down the butler is preparing a light luncheon. Mr. Rockefeller is said to enjoy this meal more than he does any other during the day, although he is not allowed to eat much. After luncheon he reads for half an hour, until he begins to feel drowsy. Then he goes to bed. He usually sleeps until 3:30 or 4. Under no circumstances is he to be disturbed until he wakes and rings.

Andrew Carnegie once chaffed Mr. Rockefeller about his habit of going to bed in the afternoon. The Standard Oil man's reply was something to the effect that Peter Cooper and P. T. Barnum used to do it, and they both attributed their hale and hearty old age to that habit.

"Oh, well," retorted Mr. Carnegie, it may be all very well for old fellows like they were, and for you. But what does a young man like me want of it?"

As the afternoon's glow is beginning to wear away, Mr. Rockefeller gets into his carriage again and drives "home," as he calls the house of his son-in-law. He stares straight ahead as he sits in the carriage, apparently self-absorbed, seeing nobody either to the right or left. His acquaintances have stopped trying to get a sign of recognition from him. They know it is no use.

Good Use For Automobiles.

Omaha World-Herald: An automobile in Chicago last Saturday ran at a frightful speed down Lincoln boulevard. It belonged to Hubbard F. Carpenter, millionaire club man, who himself guided the machine. On the seat with him sat a little soiled bundle, and plaintive cries might be heard as the car sped on. In this instance it was a life-saving instead of a life-wrecking machine, and therefore is particularly worthy of note. A little 2-year-old baby deathly ill with pneumonia was the precious little package on board, and this hurried trip to the nearest hospital has very likely prevented the death of the child. The automobile may not always be an engine of destruction, as this Chicago millionaire has demonstrated. The incident shows what an automobile and a millionaire can do if they try.

There is no Rochelle Salts, Alum, Lime or Ammonia in food made with

Calumet Baking Powder

—NOT IN THE BAKING POWDER TRUST—
It makes pure food.

Hard to quit COFFEE?

Not if you use

POSTUM FOOD COFFEE

"THERE'S A REASON."

COAL COMBINE.

Pennsylvania Company Now Controls 117,000 Acres.

New York, May 7.—AnAn important has been taken toward the completion of the Central Pennsylvania bituminous coal consolidation, says a Herald dispatch from Philadelphia.

The Pennsylvania Coal & Coke company has purchased all of the capital stock and frnchises of the Ber Creek Col & Coke company. The terms were not made public.

Through this addition to its property the Pennsylvania Coal & Coke company now ocntrols upward of 117,000 acres of coal and surface lands, containing more than 1,000,0000,000 tons of coal. Upon these lands are located forty-four operating collieries with a daily shipping capacity of 25,000 tons. It owns also about 2000 coke ovens with a daily capacity of 2000 tons.

Eruptions

Dry, moist, scaly tetter, all forms of eczema or salt rheum, pimples and other cutaneous eruptions proceed from humors, either inherited, or acquired through defective digestion and assimilation.

To treat these eruptions with drying medicines is dangerous.

The thing to do is to help the system discharge the humors, and strengthen it against their return.

Hood's Sarsaparilla permanently cured J. G. Hines, Franks, Ill., of eczema, from which he had suffered for some time; and Miss Alvina Wolter, Box 212, Algona, Wis., of pimples on her face and back and chafed skin on her body, by which she had been greatly troubled. There are more testimonials in favor of this great medicine than can be published.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Promises to cure and keeps the promise. Don't put off treatment. Buy a bottle of Hood's today.

DUN'S WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW

Better Weather Causes Some Improvement In Retail Distribution.

New York, May 7.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

"Somewhat better retail distribution has followed improvement in temperature, but it came too late to recover any large part of the tardy season's injury to spring trade. Quiet conditions are noted in practically all lines of wearing apparel, with the exception os specialties, such as tan shoes, that cannot be deliveerd with sufficient rapidity. Operations for future requirements are carried on with caution, and this disposition to avoid excessive comitments will do much to reduce the number of failures. Some improvements in collections, particularly at the South and West, will also strengthen weak concerns. The percentage of idle factories has increased, escepially in textiles and footwear, and a change in style has rendered unavailable much silk machinery. Structural work is increasing, but dealers had accumulated large supplies of building materials, and prices lack seasonable firmness. Commodity prices declined slightly during April. Railway earnings in April were 5.8 per cent less than last year.

Recovery in the iron and steel industry is again retarded by the unexpected dissolution of the ore association.

Prior to that event there was increasing confidence in the stability of quotations, the railways were out seeking rails in moderate quantity, and fair activity prevailed in tin plate, sheet, pipe and wire products.

Some contracts had been actually placed for castings, to be used on the Pennsylvania railway tunnel, and negotiations wer completed for the sale of the Clairton Steel company. In fact the only serious menace to steady improvement was a number of troubles at shipyards, machine shops and boiler works.

Fuel conditions are unchanged, anthracite continuing active, while coke and bituminous coal are dull and weak.

After last week's exceptionally heavy transactions, it was natural that the hide market should become inactive. Prices remained firm, however.

Commercial failures this week in the United States are 206, against 202 last week, 241 the preceding week and 175 the corresponding week last year. Failures in Canada number 17, against 16 last week, 12 the preceding week and 2 last year.

PLAYHOUSE BURNED.

Interior of Curtis Theater at Denver Destroyed.

Denver, May 7.—The interior of the Curtis theater, which had just been newly equipped, was destroyed by fire that started on the stage early today. All the traveling equipment, costumes and scenery of the May Howard Extravaganza company were burned. The total loss is estimted at $55,000. The fire is believed to have started from an improperly insulated electric wire.

THE LUMBER CARRIERS AND ENGINEERS AGREE.

Cleveland, May 7.—The Marine Engineers' Beneficial asosciation and the Lumber Carriers' association have agreed on a scale of wages for the present season of navigation. All steel vessels engaged in the lumber trade are to pay the wages and carry crews as prescribed by the card adopted by the Marine Engineers' Beneficial association for the season of 1904.

For wooden vessels the wages range from $120 for chiefs and $90 for seconds on craft of over 1000 tons down to $85 for chiefs and $65 for seconds for boats under 200 tons.

BAD WHARF FIRE IN BOSTON

Boston, May 7.—The most threatening blaze that has visited the water front in years, broke out at midnight last night on the wharf property owned by the Central Wharf corporation and leased by the Boston & Philadelphia Steamship company. After an hour's hard fight the fire was brought under control. No definite statement of the loss was obtainable, but estimates placed it at $100,000. The greater part of the freight sheds on the pier were destroyed with their contents, which included every variety of general merchandise.

REA BROS.' CASCARIN,

The Mild Liquid Laxative for Both Adults and Children.

All mothers know the difficulty in trying to make children take medicine. It is a black day for the little ones when their stomach is out of order and they have to take those nasty remedies which stick in the throat and leave a bad taste in the mouth all day long, for when these medicines are taken into the little one's stomach they gripe terribly and cause much annoyance. A friend told me what Cascarin had done for her children, and I have tried it to my satisfaction. I can honestly say that Cascarin has no equal. It is a pleasure in taking and after taking. My advice to mothers is to keep Cascarin, as I do, always on hand. It solves the problem of treating children's ailments and will save you a great deal of anxiety as well as worry many a time."

No need of your going to a doctor and paying big doctor bills when you can be cured by the best prescription that the world has ever known. There is only one genuine Cascarin. It is a liquid laxative and pleasant to the taste and does not interfere with the most delicate stomach. At all leading druggists, one size, 50 cents.

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AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

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It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

TRUE AMERICANISM.

Whatever justice there may have been in Congressman Dalzell's attack upon Bourke Cockran, he certainly made an unfortunate allusion to foreigners generally in the following passionate outburst, in answer to Cockran's charge that America had come to be considered as a hoodlum among nations:

"If there be any 'hoodlums' among us, they are not the product of American soil, American institutions or an American civilization. They are to be found among those adventurers who, having left their own country for their country's good, find in the field of American politics a prolific source of notoriety and pelf; men who, without conscience and without convictions, find an opportunity now with one party and now with another to secure a market for their peculiar wares, among which is not respectability."

This is certainly a good demonstration of the contemptible spirit of little Americanism. It is the same feeling that first developed the "Know-nothing" party in American politics and it is the same detestable spirit that not only prompts the American youth to annoy and rob the foreigner of uncouth appearance and peculiar customs, but some American men to glory in the conquest and political enslavement of people of another race.

It remained for John Sharp Williams of Mississippi, leader of the Democratic side, to answer Mr. Dalzell's phillipic as it should have been answered. Here is Mr. Williams' scathing reply:

"Who are your bravest and boldest? Who made the twenty-mile ride down the valley—wonderful, but the subject of overboasting? Phil Sheridan, an Irishman. Who is the one man in the Federal infantry whom Stonewall Jackson ever met with nearly equal forces that he did not rout in almost no time? Shields, at Front Royal, with his Irishmen. My friends, where are the great orators of the world—Bourke and Curran? Where are the great writers of the world—Goethe and Schiller and Racine and Fontaine and Lessing and Dante and Petrarch and all the balance of them? Its great painters, sculptors, architects—are they all Americans? There is nothing, in my opinion, more foolish than the notion that because you happen to be a German, or because you happen to be a Frenchman, or because you happen to be an Englishman, or because you happen to be an American, thereby you are better than anybody else. You are better if you are better, and you are not if you are not. Within certain great, broad, indelible race lines human nature is the same from the mouth of the Hudson to the mouth of the Danube. Wherever peoples are within the lines of mutual assimilation God has marked them practically the same. He has laid down metes and bounds and race characteristics within certain broad lines, but not more than that. Now, my friends, the party of restriction, the party of chauvinism, the party which regards foreigners as necessarily more or less enemies, is the party that you represent."

The essence of this is contained in the one sentence: "You are better if you are better, and you are not if you are not." That brings the matter home to each individual. It makes no difference to what nationality a man belongs, he should be measured solely by his individual worth. And worth does not always mean brightness and excellence. It is found as well in those who are not brilliant and polished, but honest and industrious.

The true democrat finds a place in his esteem for the man of worth, no matter what his creed, color or race, and the true American is one who not only recognizes the equal right of the foreigner in this country to his own, but who stands with open and welcoming arms to all the people of all the world who are oppressed and downtrodden. That is the spirit that has made America great. That is the spirit that will keep alive its free institutions and its liberty.

BREWERIES AND SALOONS.

When the breweries of the country decide to do something effective to purify the saloon business and weed out the law-breakers it will be necessary for them to go entirely out of the business of buying saloon licenses and saloon fixtures. Under present conditions, the brewers themselves really conduct the liquor business of the country, and in their desire to get business they naturally overdo the retail branch. The result is there are too many saloons to make a living from legitimate business, and many of them resort to illegal, immoral and criminal practices in order to make money. This is a condition of affairs that is bound in the end to be just as detrimental to the financial interests of the brewers themselves as it is inimical to private and public morality. A limited number of properly-conducted saloons, whose proprietors obey the law, pay their bills and refuse to take the last nickel from the families of drunkards would be a great improvement over present conditions, where a large number of saloonkeepers are lawbreakers and criminals because they are unable to make both ends meet by conducting a legitimate business.

The brewing concerns have practically combined on everything excepting the matter of sales. As the field is crowded the competition to increase the output is fierce; as a result one begins to set up retail places of its own with nominal proprietors in charge. The other brewers, for self-protection, must follow suit. They buy the licenses, they rent the locations, they pay for the fixtures and then they often place a man in charge as proprietor without sufficient capital to pay his first week's beer bill and without sufficient standing in the community to procure bonds without brewery aid.

It is easy to be seen that this is neither good business principle nor an aid to the improvement of public morals and the policy, if persisted in, is sure to result in restrictive legislation. Even if this legislation is defeated for a time, through resort to expensive lobbying, the people are bound to have their way in the end.

As long as the brewery concerns are so closely allied in combinations, it would seem to be good policy to go a step farther and agree to discontinue the practice of setting up saloons for the encouragement of lawlessness, drunkards and crime.

AN HONOR TO DULUTH.

A signal honor was done to Duluth by the selection of Hon. Joseph B. Cotton to make one of the seconding addresses to the nomination of Theodore Roosevelt for the presidency. Mr. Cotton will not only speak in behalf of Minnesota, but for the entire Northwestern group of states, as it is only intended to have six or eight speeches in seconding the nomination.

These appointments were made by the Republican national committee, by and with the advice and consent of the president himself, and it will be readily seen that much pressure must have been brought to bear upon the committee by hundreds of aspirants for this great honor.

It is plainly evident that Mr. Cotton's selection was mainly due to his moral worth and his recognized ability as an orator. For presenting the claims of Mr. Cotton intelligently and persistently much credit is due to Congressman Bede, who labored with his usual industry and effectiveness to bring about this appointment.

The citizens of Duluth will be pleased and gratified not only that the distinction has come to one of their number, but that it has been meritoriously placed. No member of he party in the Northwest is more worthy or more capable. There is reason to expect from Mr. Cotton's lips one of the notable addresses of the convention, one that will not only spread the fame of Duluth, but will introduce to the nation one of the ablest and most eloquent speakers in the Republican party.

THE WORSHIP OF SELF.

The man who thinks for others, acts for others and works for others is the only one that finds true happiness in this life. Nature so willed. The person who becomes absorbed in self-love is the one whose sure reward is unhappiness. When the big "I" is always at the front there you will find the spirit warped and useless. It is "My horse," "My garden," "My store," "The sick spell I had," "The way society so ill-used me," "What I've made up my mind to do," "What I said to him"—these are the things that the lover of self dwells upon and which result in consuming his firmer qualities.

Self-confidence is a good thing, but self-glorification is a folly. The most awful form of solitary confinement comes when a man shuts himself up within the shell of narrow selfishness. This will kill the best men, they cannot stand it, and their fitting epitaph would be "Died from constriction of the heart."

Many a man who would shudder at suicide does to death or brings to the point of extinction the generous impulses of his own nature by constant inward thinking and self-admiration, which is worse than putting the knife to his own throat.

To experience the best that is in life man must be a practical exponent of altruism; he must give expression to sympathy, benevolence and thoughtfulness for the welfare of his fellow man in all walks of life. He must not be self-absorbed, but must mix with those about him and share their sorrows and griefs, their pleasures and recreations. He must take a sympathetic interest in their work and in their play, in their bright days and in their dark ones.

The world's greatest characters were those who took the greatest interest in their fellow men. There is no opportunity for mental or moral growth without he faculty of trying to make others happy.

Biship Potter tells of an elderly woman of New York in whose tenement room a portrait of the late Col. Waring hung between two sacred pictures. Col Waring was once street commissioner of New York and introduced the "white wings" system of cleaning as well as various other reforms.

The bishop asked the old woman: "Do you pray to that man?"

"Oh, no!" was the reply, "but I put that there in gratitude to him. I can never forget that he made the street clean and sweet for my children. I will always pray for him."

It was because Col. Waring had devoted his life work to the welfare of others that this poor Italian woman held him in almost as sacred reverence as she did the saints of her religion. In the same manner is the unselfish, sympathetic man enshrined within the hearts of all who come within the radiance of his sunny nature. If we would be as happy and as honored as these, we must cast out all forms of self-love and self-worship.

TELL IT TO THE MARINES.

Russian mendacity could hardly go further than the statements credited to Count Cassini, Russian ambassador to Washington, which are to appear in the forthcoming number of the North American Review. In an effort to show how his government has been misunderstood by the world, and especially by Americans, he makes the bold assertion that the Russian government did not expect war with Japan, and that in fact it had made no preparations therefor. He supplements this transparent falsehood with the equally ridiculous statement that if the probability of war had been contemplated "Russia would not have evacuated Chinese territory, and thus lose the opportunity of ending the war quickly."

If the Russian government knew nothing about the probability of a war with Japan, then, indeed, the whole outfit must have been hypnotized, for the probability of war between these two powers has been discussed pro and con almost continuously during the past two years, while diplomatic negotiations between the two countries, which led up to the present rupture, have been in progress for many months. Japan had been making active preparations for war, which all the world could see as well as the Russian government.

It may be true that the Russians thought the Japanese would hardly dare to attack a nation so great as theirs, and that they could bluff the little island with diplomacy, but this did not prevent them from making war preparations on a considerable scale themselves.

Count Cassini's gauzy tale may do as a lame excuse for a series of sore defeats sustained by the Russian forces, but when he makes the claim that Russia did not contemplate the probability of warfare with Japan and even with China he should tell it to the marines, not to Americans.

THE FIELD SURVEY

It is Japan not Russia that swings the trade door open in the far East. As soon as Antung was taken by the Japs the American and other consuls moved in.

* * *

The Augusta Chronicle is afraid that Hearst is going to capture the Georgia delegation in spite of the fact that hardly anybody down that way is in favor of him for president. That paper says the Hearst boomers have out-generaled the Parker managers at every point.

* * *

A correspondent of the New York Journal says: "I am no bigot; I do not insist on men being compelled to go to church, or to spend the Lord's day gloomily, but the line must be drawn somewhere or we are a Godless nation. The place to draw the line, in my opinion, is at shows given for gain, for the spirit of moneymaking on the day of rest is certainly offensive to many besides pietists." All right, then let us cut out the church choir, which generally sings for money and often has no Christianity in its make-up; cut out the preacher, who furnishes entertainment for pay on Sunday; stop the street cars because people enjoy riding on them; stop the trains, because people take excursions on them; stop the electric light plant which furnishes light for the church, for the purpose of making money; discharge the pew ushers, who are there to draw their pay, and, finally compel the cook to rest all day Sunday because she might otherwise be tempted to make money on the Lord's day by preparing meals for the sanctimonipus. The spirit of money-making on Sunday invades some other places besides baseball enclosures.

* * *

Grover is now explaining about the bond sales that occurred during his administration. He evidently considers that he has a good deal of that kind of work to do, as he keeps persistently at it since he once got started.

* * *

Mr. Schwab writes to Mr. Frick that the steel trust could sell steel rails at $16 per ton and make a good profit. This has long been suspected, but it is important to have the suspicion confirmed by authority.

* * *

The Herald would call the reader's attention to an article from the New York World published on this page under the heading "Our National Hypocrisy." It deals with the matter of Sunday observance and voices very closely The Herald's view of the matter.

* * *

It is claimed that Attorney General Knox will at once institute suit against the anthracite coal trust. If the report proves correct the people can thank William R. Hearst for compelling Knox to show his hand.

* * *

The New York World pays an editorial compliment to a deceased waiter who had served twenty years at Delmonico's. In Duluth we sometimes honor them while alive by making them queens of the carnival, etc.

* * *

If president, would Mr. Cleveland send United States troops to compel the coal roads and other violators of United States statutes to observe the laws? Not as long as there was any way of getting around it, and Grover could be depended upon to find a way.

* * *

Just to show that there is no ill feeling on his part, President Roosevelt has handed over to J. Pierpont Morgan & Co. the first installment of the Panama canal payment. J. Pierp. gets our nation's business if he does occasionally bend our nation's laws.

* * *

To encourage a love of the beautiful among the children of Scattle, it is suggested by the Post-Intelligencer that two flower shows be held annually in which will be exhibited only flowers exclusively grown and tended by children. This is a very meritorious idea and one that might be adopted in Duluth with profit.

* * *

The first of May finds many people dancing around a moving van.

* * *

Mrs. Harriet Ostrom, in a report made to a New York women's club, recommended that street cars be provided with wash stands so that conductors could wash their hands. She also said it made her blush to see the rents in their garments and dwelt upon the need of more patching and darning on the clothing worn by these officials. The reply of a Broadway conductor is thus given by the Sun: "It's seein' our skins she did, is it? Made her blush, did it? She never seen as much of us as we sees of them. We keep more clothes on us than most of them women with idees in their nuts. Guess we don't yank up our trousers to our knees whin we gets off an' on a car an' I ain't yet run inter uniform wid a peek-a-boo shirtfront. The more money a woman has, the less clothes she thinks she has to wear." Evidently these women want too much style for the money that is paid to street railway men. The incident recalls to memory the reply of a passenger brakeman who had been notified that the names of all stations must be called in a clear tenor voice. He wrote: "What kind of a tenor voice do you expect for $45 a month?"

* * *

By making an address on the Chicago strike in 1894, Grover Cleveland not only indicates that he still has hopes, but that he has an inkling as to the cause of the defeat of the Democratic party in that year.

HOTEL GOSSIP

Jack Moffat subscribed his name to the Spalding register this morning. He comes from Portland, Ore., to spend a five months' season as coach for the North Land Golf club in this city. He has been for five years coach of the Waverly Golf club at Portland, which organization brought him over from the land of heather and hills to educate it in the famous Scotch sport. Moffat is a Scotchman and proud of it, and if he did not say he was, and was willing to talk with ordanary freedom, the slight Scotch tinge to his speech would indicate that he hails from the land of Burns.

"I have always had a curiosity to come to Duluth, as I have heard so much of the city," he told a Herald reporter. "My five years at Portland have been very pleasant ones and I have come here on leave. I have not seen your course yet nor the players here, and am of course a stranger to the conditions, but I hope to get acquainted and wish to do all I can to help the sport in any way while I am here.

"Golf has made great progress in the last few years and has taken a fine place among the refined sports. The game is about the same as originally played in Scotland, and there are no changes to speak of in rules or plays. The United States Golf association revised the reading of some of the rules a couple of years ago, but did nothing radical. There was practically no change made in the methods of playing or anything of that kind, but the work done merely cimplified an interpretation of the code.

"Of course there is progress made right along in the game, and it's getting faster and better steadily. We've got a fast man in the Waverly club at Portland, R. I. Macleay, who has held the Pacific coast championship for the past two years, and who just won it at Victoria three weeks ago and will as a result keep it for another year. There is no one that seems to make a contest interesting for him up to this time. He is a young man, about 26, and as agile as he can be.

"You'll get a chance to see him here in Duluth, for he's going down East to compete for the national championship and will stop off here on his way. That will be in about a month, I guess His work will prove very interesting to all lovers of the game, for he plays beautifully.

"I was up at Victoria at the trials where Macleay was the successful contestant and for two weeks there we had the most beautiful weather you could imagine, the temperature being 85 and 87 right along. I was out on the course all the time and got brown as an Indian.

"When I go back to Portland I am going to lay out a public golf course, for this kind of course is growing in favor, you know. All one needs to charge is two-bits a day to a person. But you'd call that 25 cents here, wouldn't you? It seems funny to me. I sent a boy out of the hotel here for some collars a while ago and when I told him that I wanted them to come at about two-bits apiece, he looked at me in a queer way.

"Yes, I am a native of Scotland, and came over direct to Portland, and have no desire to leave there. It is a fine city of 100,000 inhabitants with beautiful scenery all around. I've been all over the United States and Canada pretty nearly and have never seen any place that strikes me as finer than Portland, and I have been exceptionally well treated by the people there. You know that always counts in making a man like a place. The weather there is mild pretty nearly all the year round, and if we have a little weather that is severe, it lasts a very short time. You ought to see Portland, for I am sure you would enjoy it."

* * *

J. F. O'Brien and wife, of Cloquet, are at the St. Louis.

* * *

S. Sax, an Eveleth merchant, is a McKay guest.

* * *

C. W. B. Ellis is registered at the McKay from Hawley. This is Rev. Ellis, the Episcopal minister, formerly of this city.

* * *

F. E. Laird, a prominent Skibo lumberman, is at the Spalding.

Amos Shepherd, of Hibbing, superintendent of the Corrigan-McKinnsy Co., mine owners, was at the Spalding last night.

E. R. Farley, of Farley, is among the people who have their names on the register at the St. Louis.

* * *

William McKay, landlord of the Hotel McKay, who was up at his farm at Holyoke a few days ago, tried his hand with a rod and line for a short time in one of the streams near by and caught some nice brook trout. He got about a dozen, he says, in a space of only 20 minutes. And was unable to wait longer for more of them as he had to catch a train. He knew of two other men, came down on the train with them, who had nice strings of fish. They reported that they had caught 125 in a morning's sport.

But the landlord insists that these are not big catches especially for this time of the year and that it will take warm weather to bring out the real active biting qualities of the finny fellows. The winter was so long and cold that it seems to have taken much of the liveliness out of the fish, he says, and more sunshine is needed to temper the waters so that the fish will warm up and get a move on such as will delight the angler.

Mr. McKay does not care about catching fish at the rate of only two per minute, especially when there is a train nearly due, but wants them to get a faster gait on—say five per minute, or one about every dozen seconds.

* * *

At the McKay: Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Mewhinney; R. J. Kiengle, Milwaukee; M. Ostebe, R. T. Tingdale, Frank Kurkosky, Minneapolis; F. S. Parker, St. Paul; Frank Rees, Aitkin; Adelaide Doris, Tower; S. R. Peltier, Glencoe; W. R. Barnes, Redwood Falls; A. H. Reed, Gaylord; John Morgan, Boston; Leon Washburn, New York.

* * *

At the Spalding: F. P. Kelley, Mira; Royal A. Jenney, Ashland; C. W. Cartwright, C. L. Easton, Fleming Ivarson, Carlton; G. I. Morrison, St. Paul; S. J. Casson, Ashland; W. H. Tarbor, La Crosse; M. D. Cole, Port Huron.

* * *

At the St. Louis: M. E. Stewart, Olaf Olson, W. D. Simpson, L. D. Skell, T. G. Sykes, John Copeland, F. W. Zollman, St. Paul; W. H. Shea, Eveleth; J. E. Green, Lloyd Green, Carlton, F. P. Thompson, Cloquet; W. H. Ransom Chicago; J. B. Hill, Saginaw; T. J. Sullivan, Sparta; A. G. Kingston, Eveleth; M. Anderson, Minneapolis; E. J. Taylor, Milwaukee; G. E. Miller, Marshalltown, Ia.; W. C. Barrett, Hibbing; S. B. Christopher, Minneapolis; W. D. Campbell, Bena; Paul Keilig, Minneapolis; Peter Doyle, Medford, Wis.; P. Lavell, C. D. Risley; F. Prince, B. L. Waldo, M. Trewhella, Hibbing; J. L. Kimball, Virginia; F. Rnmond, Wausaw; George E. Lane, Milford, Utah; James Connors, Sparta; P. R. McElhatton, Ely; Hugh Fox, Grand Rapids; C. D. Rutherford, Floodwood.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A man is a cinch for a girl when he is afraid he might break her heart.

A college professor is a wise man who can teach people to do things he can't.

The joy a woman gets out of bitter disappointment is making people believe it is her greatest happiness.

It makes a woman very uncomfortable to think of her husband's money being in the bank when the shops need it so much more.

A woman has an idea that every man knows how to sail a boat, just as a man has that every woman knows how to make pop-overs.

Sonnets of Schooldays.

(OF THE SUNDAY SCHOOL TEACHER'S FAITHFULNESS.)

Lass sunde we tolled wot we otto do
Becuz ower lordansavyer tels us too.
So Mis brown, shees ower teecher, sez now I
Am teechin sunde skool, hoole tell me wy
Ime hear at church on sunde. rainershin
Too teech these littul boys an gurls uv min?
Themn billee simson sez, becuz you git
A chanst to walk home with tobias Britt.
Shee blusht awl over like a kann uv paint
Ann themn gott pale, like shee wuz goin to fant.
Ann wenn shee tolled tobias after skool
He sed bill simson wuz a doggon fool
Ann shook his fist at him and he sez themn,
Ils slapp ure face if you say that agen.
Mis brown is teechin sunde skool, you no,
Becuz shee luvs her lodnsavyer so!

—F. W. FOLEY, in Life.

DULUTH DOINGS OF TWENTY YEARS AGO

*** Messrs. Silberstein & Bondy changed the plans for their new brick block and made it three stories high in order to accommodae the Odd Fellows' hall.

*** Franklin W. Collins delivered a lecture before the Lyceum club at the M. E. church on "The Common Man."

*** E. G. Swanstrom, Frank Burke and R. S. Munger returned home from St. Paul, where they had acted as delegates to the Republican state convention. They thought they had placed a feather in Duluth's cap by securing the election of C. H. Graves as a delegate to Chicago.

*** The Duluth Match company was organized with $25,000 capital and the following officers: President L. N. Marceau; vice president, E. H. Breault; treasurer, L. Forest; manager, R. M. Gelinas; business manager and secretary, T. Benoit. For some reason the company never built a factory.

*** Billy Jackson was making preparations for opening the new Theater Comique.

*** The C. N. Nelson Lumber company, of Cloquet, decided to let Duluth logs go down the river, and there was rejoicing because the local sawmills would be able to run all summer.

*** George Fray purchased a half interest in the Taylor mill.

*** J. F. Patten, a representative of the Thomson-Houston Electric company, came from Boston to introduce his system of electric lighting. He met with instantaneous success.

*** The tug T. H. Camp, Capt. Paul, had the honor of leaving Duluth harbor for another port the first in the spring of 1884. She cleared for Two Harbors on May 1, and had but little difficulty making her way through the ice. The second boat was the R. G. Stewart, also bound for Two Harbors.

*** The tug Nellie Cotton was launched after repairs costing over $4000.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), May 7.—The storm is central over the Dakotas and the River valley. It has caused light to heavy rains over the Northwest, the western lake region, Mississippi and Missouri valleys. Pressures remain high over North Atlantic and North Pacific districts. It is warmer in the Southwest and cooler in the extreme Northwest. The winds in the lake region are fresh southeasterly.

Following were the maximum temperatures recorded in the last 24 hours:

Abilene	84	Medicine Hat	60
Battleford	68	Memphis	86
Bismarck	68	Miles City	66
Boston	62	Milwaukee	70
Buffalo	80	Minnedosa	56
Calgary	56	Modena	80
Charleston	74	Montgomery	84
Chicago	80	Moorhead	66
Cincinnati	84	New Orleans	80
Davenport	76	New York	74
Denver	74	North Platte	78
Detroit	80	Oklahoma	78
Dodge City	78	Omaha	72
Duluth	64	Pittsburg	84
Edmonton	58	Port Arthur	50
El Paso	88	Portland	60
Escanaba	60	Qu'Appelle	50
Galveston	74	Rapid City	70
Havre	62	San Francisco	64
Helena	68	Shreveport	62
Houghton	72	Spokane	58
Huron	72	St. Louis	76
Jacksonville	78	St. Paul	70
Kansas City	62	Sault Ste. Marie	58
Knoxville	84	Swift Current	58
La Crosse	72	Washington	80
Lander	64	Williston	54
Los Angeles	66	Winnemucca	70
Marquette	72		

Forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Sunday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Partly cloudy tonight and Sunday, with probably showers. Fresh variable winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, May 7.—State and lake forecasts for 24 hours ending at 7 p. m. Sunday: For Minnesota—Threatening with showers tonight and possibly in east portion Sunday. Cooler in west portion tonight and in south and west portions Sunday.

Wisconsin—Showers and thunder storms tonight and Sunday. Warmer in southeast portion tonight. Cooler in west portion Sunday.

The Dakotas—Fair tonight and Sunday, possibly preceded by showers. Cooler tonight.

Upper Lakes—Fresh southerly winds, except variable on Superior, possibly shifting to northeasterly Sunday night. Showers and thunder storms.

OUR NATIONAL HYPOCRISY.

New York World: Several incidents that occurred on Sunday illustrate in a manner at once illuminating, exasperating and humorous one of the greatest of our national hypocrisies—the worship of the fetish of "Sabbath observance."

Observe, first, 30,0000 working people refused admittance to the great fair in St. Louis on the only day in the week when they can attend, while a procession of public functionaries and other men with a "pull" entered the grounds, accompanied by women guests, inspected the buildings and even witnessed a "dance of half-clothed natives" arranged in one of the exhibits for their delectation! And all over the land, in their clubs, on yachts, on golf links or in pleasure resorts, rich Americans entertained each other and ate, drank and played at their will.

On the evening of the same day, so sacred that poor people were not permitted to enter the fair grounds, or to witness a game of baseball in New York, the president of the United States held "an important political conference at the White House with prominent members of both houses of congress." The discussion, it is said, "covered a wide range," from consideration of the national platform to the choice of a chairman for the campaign committee.

In this city on the same day Police Commissioner Moore expressed his regret that "the city boy, restricted, hemmed in and confined in grimy factories, counting rooms and workshops, panting for a breath of fresh air on a Sunday afternoon, should be liable to arrest and imprisonment for sitting on a bench in an open park to witness a game of ball." A decision of Justice Gaynor, handed down in Brooklyn yesterday, holds that Sunday baseball playing is entirely legal unless it interferes with the religious rest of the community—a sensible ruling, though it will no doubt shock the sensibilities of belated Puritans.

Speaking from a church pulpit on Sunday night, District Attorney Jerome admitted that "it is a moral duty to keep holy the Lord's day," but he raised the question whether it is morally right to forbid the sale of liquor on Sunday by a penal statute which cannot be enforced and which 200,000 of the inhabitants habitually and conscientiously disregard.

Mr. Jerome calls the policy of a "liberal enforcement" of Sunday laws a "miserable, crooked subterfuge." But is it any greater subterfuge or hypocrisy than the maintenance of statutes to enforce a Sunday observance which is against the convictions and customs of a large portion of the population, and which is not within the rightful province of a state that is constitutionally forbidden to enact laws "respecting an establishment of religion"?

The inconsistencies of Sunday observance in this country are only equalled by the injustice of its partial and unwarranted enforcement. This land is too intelligent and too free to be governed much longer by dying superstitions and outlived traditions.

WIT BOILED DOWN.

Town Topics: Parke—Do your neighbors' hens disturb you?

Tame—Not a bit, I have an excellent digestion.

Puck: Reporter—Senator Bilkins has absolutely nothing to say.

Editor—Well, boil it down. We are terribly crowded tonight.

Chicago Journal: Mr. Bluster—Can't you remember where I put my cuffs last night?

Mrs. Bluster—Indeed, I can't.

Mr. Bluster—Great heavens! I never saw such a forgetful woman.

Philadelphia Public Ledger: "One of the component parts of sugar," said the professor, "is an essential in the composition of the human body. What is it?"

"I know," shouted the grocer's boy, "sand."

Catholic Times and Star: "Our club meetings," said Mrs. Uppish, "are attended by the best people—the brains and culture of the city."

"Indeed!" exclaimed Mrs. Planebuddy, "and do your swell society folks really condescend to associate with them?"

New York Tribune: Confucius was expounding his doctrines.

"We suppose," they said, "you expect your beliefs to fill the world?"

"Oh, no," replied the philosopher, modestly, "I only expect it to fill a few Chinks."

Herein we see the true greatness of the man.

Cornell Widow: Visitor—What a beautiful binding you are putting on your new novel.

Publisher—Yes. It's bound to succeed.

SATURDAY NIGHT TALK

A Word About Cranks and Heretics.

The crank and the heretic are always emerging. Now and again they flash across the stage of action, and circumstances give them national notoriety for a time. More often in the against somebody whom we pro- against somebady whom we pronounce, perhaps on snap judgment, perhaps as the result of intimate previous knowledge, a crank or a heretic. They are not so numerous as they were affirmed to be by the distinguished Englishman who, after traveling in this country a number of years ago, went home and told his friends that the American nation was made up of 40,000,000 people, mostly fools. But it is surprising how many odd persons there are about us. Begin tomorrow and make a tally of the ones whom you come across during next week and see how large a list you will have by Saturday night.

And yet I feel like entering a plea for the crank and the heretic, not for the malicious, harmful specimen of the class, but for the man who has thought himself out of the beaten track, who has come conscientiously to espouse some unpopular idea, who is dead set upon some great reform and wonders why the rest of us do not hurry up and come to his point of view, who really believes that he has gotten hold of a new and satisfying truth or seen a vision of what this world might be if only people thought as he did and were ready to act with him.

In all such cases we ought to try to get at the real center of the man, to find out if he has, despite, or it may be in some cases because of, his fads the real root of the matter in him; that is, is he, after all, a square, clean, kind, earnest man? The other day a cousin of mine returned from a distant state to his former home. I had not seen him for twenty years. I had a faint idea that he had been imbibing some ideas not quite congenial to me, and when we sat down by the fire one evening to talk over the past, present and future, I soon discovered that he was a thoroughgoing Socialist. That he had come honestly to such a position I could not doubt that he could champion it cogently the course of the evening's discussion proved. But what pleased me best was the man's courtesy, dignity and unmistakable sincerity and goodness. You felt that, whatever his intellectual convictions he was rooted in right living and that his heart was overflowing with sympathy with the needs of his fellowmen. As between such a man and another whose ideas are perfectly orthodox, but who cares little for his fellowmen, I am very sure which I should choose as comrade and ally.

But beside trying to appreciate the fact that real goodness of life is not dependent upon this or that theory, we ought to be willing to examine the ideas which our cranky and heretical friends hold. For one, for instance, to undertake to combat the single tax theory without having read the classic on the subject, Henry George's "Progress in Poverty," would be as foolish as it is to argue against Chrstianity without having read the New Tesament. It is well to remember that frequently in history the heresy or yesterday becomes the orthodoxy of today. The wold gets on in its thinking, because every now and then a Kepler, a Galileo, a Marconi, a Drummond, a Briggs, a Lyman Abbott dares to deviate from the ordinary highway of thought to venture into unexplored regions, and to broach theories not yet substantiated by fact. Such men often are the pioneers of great advance in the material, the intelectual, and the moral life of mankind. We are all a good deal better off with the right sort of cranks and heretics than we should be without them.

Be charitable, then, in your judgment of this type of persons. It is a bare possibility that in the judgment of some of your friends you may be a crank or a heretic in some one particular of faith or of life, if not in a good many. But don't be one simply for the sake of getting your name in the newspapers. It never pays to pose in this particular. The world is willing to be led out int olarger truth and light, but the world is too old and too clever to be long humbugged. In the long run, it will deal fairly by its cranks and its heretics. If they are right-minded, right-hearted men and women the world may build their monuments after death, and, perhaps it may praise them while they live.

THE PARSON.

R. S. CRANDALL'S LATEST PICTURE OF DULUTH, TAKEN FROM THE TOP OF MARSHALL-WELLS HARDWARE COMPANY'S BUILDING—THE VIEW AS MADE BY MR. CRANDALL IS MORE THAN NINE FEET LONG—ONE IS INCLUDED IN THE DULUTH DISPLAY AT THE ST. LOUIS EXPOSITION.

GARFIELD AVENUE

City Engineer McGilvray Considers But Two Pavements Practical.

Must Be Macadam or Sandstone Blocks—Gives Reasons.

"I believe that there are only two pavements to be considered in the improvement of Garfield avenue," said City Engineer McGilvray this morning.

"These two are macadam and sandstone blocks. They are the only kinds of pavement that answer the requirements for the street in question where a cheap and durable pavement is wanted. There is an immense amount of heavy trucking to be done on this avenue, and a substantial pavement is absolutely necessary. At the same time a cheap pavement is desirable, as the property down there cannot stand a heavy assessment. Such being the case I think either macadam or sandstone blocks would be the only two kinds to be considered.

"Cedar blocks I believe are out of the question, because of the formation on which they rest. There is a bed of sand under the street, which absorbs all moisture, and the cedar blocks are kept constantly dry. I believe that was the reason why the pavement that is now down disintegrated so rapidly. Every person knows that wood will keep from rotting much longer where it is kept damp, and this is impossible on Garfield avenue. A cedar block pavement there would not last nearly so long as it would on a bed of clay.

"I do not think the plan of expending $2000 for crushed stone to be placed on the street is a good one. The money would be thrown away for there is nothing there to improve. The old cedar block pavement is nothing more than a mush, and $2000 worth of crushed rock would scarcely be noticed. All that could be done with it would be to fill up some of the deeper holes.

"Again I do not think the plan of improving only one side of the street is a good one. It simply means that all the traffic will be concentrated on a pavement fourteen feet in width and it will greatly shorten the life of the improvement.

"The length of the section that is to be improved is 6100 feet. There are 446 twenty-five foot lots of which 126 belong to the railroad company. About 9500 square yards of pavement would have to be laid. The macadam would cost about 90 cents a square yard and the sandstone blocks about $1.90. This would not include the curb."

At the last meeting of the council the city engineer was requested to report the approximate cost of "putting Garfiled avenue in a passable condition," the best method of doing it, and the amount of railroad property on the avenue. His report will be submitted to the council Monday evening along the lines of the above statement.

Alderman Schaffer introduced a motion instructing the board of public works to place crushed rock on the avenue at an expense of not more than $2000, but Alderman Sang moved an amendment that action be postponed pending the report of the city engineer. The matter will come up again Monday night, and some action will doubtless be taken.

Asylum of Duluth Commandery No. 18, Knights Templar.

ATTENTION, SIR KNIGHTS:
You are hereby ordered to report at the asylum, Masonic Temple, at 2:30 p. m. sharp, Sunday, May 8th, 1904, to attend the funeral of our late Sir Knight Generalissimo, Joseph D. Titcomb. All sojourning Sir Knights are invited.
JOHN T. BLACK,
Commander.

WILL RANK AS LIEUTENANTS

Detectives Will Hereafter Have That Position on Force.

Detectives on the local police force will hereafter have the official rank of lieutenants, as the result of the action of the civil service commission at the regular meeting last evening. The change in the ranking is due to the fact that the city charter does not distinctly provide for detectives on the force and the position does not come under civil service rules. The detectives and lieutenants now receive the same pay and the change will not make any material difference, beyond the fact that the detectives will now be able to compete for the position of captain should a vacancy occur.

A number of applications for promotion were also received last evening. An examination will be held Tuesday for such candidates and also for new applicants for positions on the force.

The following have applied for promotion as lieutenants: Detectives Schulte and Terry; sergeants Fritz, Gillen and Kenna. Patrolmen Johnson, Roberg, Weber and Wilcox have applied for promotion to the position of sergeant.

A number of applicants for positions on the fire department will also be examined on Tuesday morning.

The Duluth Humane Society

Offers a reward of $5.00 for information which will lead to the conviction of anyone caught robbing a bird's nest or killing birds.

INCREASES IN THE SALARIES

Of Postmasters In Minnesota—Cloquet on the List.

Washington, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Under the annual re-adjustment these changes in the salaries of Minnesota presidential postmasters were announced today. Increase: Cloquet, $2000 to $2100; Dassel, $1600 to $1100; Dodge Center, $1200 to $1400; Eagle Bend, $1200 to $1300; East Grand Forks, $1500 to $1600; Excelsior, $1300 to $1400. Decrease: Elbow Lake, and Elk River $1300 to $1200 each.

Additional rural routes have been ordered established on June 1, at Co-Kato, Wright county, Minn., with two carriers.

Mrs. J. Adam Bede and children left this morning for Pine City. Congressman Bede will remain in Washington several weeks before starting for home.

George A. Wieland, of Duluth, arrived in Washington today and will put in several days viewing the sights of the capital. Mr. Wieland has business in sevarl Eastern cities to transact before returning home.

SUPERVISORS ARE CENSURED

Grand Jury Reflects Upon Officials of Stuntz Township.

Escape Indictment Because Practice Has Been General.

W. C. Barrett, W. G. Close and W. Dannahy, supervisors of the township of Stuntz, in which the village of Hibbing is located, and R. F. Berdie, road commissioner, and a former county commissioner, are severely criticized in the report of the grand jury, which was made to the court this morning.

The jury informed the court that it had found sufficient ground for returning indictments, but refrained from doing so because the board was following what had been a general practice, and, apparently, had no criminal intent.

The report is of especial interest not alone because of the individuals mentioned, but because it reflects upon a practice, which is said to be in vogue in many townships.

The jury recommends an investigation into the accounts of Mr. Berdie to clear him of any suspicion of irregularities that may exist.

The report is as follows:

"To the Honorable Court:

"We, the grand jury of St. Louis county, respectfully present the following report:

"Charges having been brought against the board of supervisors and the road overseer of the town of Stuntz, as to certain expenditures of town funds, we find, upon investigation, that the electors at the town meeting held early in March, 1903, voted to expend $20,000 for road purposes.

"We find this board of supervisors spent over $8000 in excess of the amount voted.

"To cover this expenditure they illegally issued interest bearing orders.

"We find that large sums of this money were paid for merchandise and teams furnished by individual members of this board, consisting of W. C. Barrett, W. G. Close and W. Dannahy, who contracted with themselves and authorized payment to themselves.

"We also find, on investigation, apparent irregularities in the accounts of R. F. Berdie, appointed as road commissioner or overseer.

"In his account there seems to be just cause for criticism and we suggest that the board of supervisors make a thorough investigation of his books to clear him of any suspicion of wrong.

"Although we find sufficient grounds for indictment for violation of the statutes by this board, the information obtained has led this jury to believe that this is not an isolated case. The practice has been so general and of such long standing that there was no apparent criminal intent.

"The jury makes this report as a warning to this and other boards as to the necessity of a more strict application of the laws governing such bodies.

"Respectfully submitted.
"C. R. RUST, foreman.

A second report presented by the grand jury was as follows:

"To the Honorable Court:

"We, the members of the grand jury desire to compliment the efficient services of County Attorney J. M. McClintock. His prompt and business-like methods are to be highly commmmended.

"Respectfully submitted,
"C. R. RUST, Foreman."

The grand jury completed its work this noon with the return of four indictments, one of which was a correction to an indictment issued yesterday, the other three against persons not in custody, and two reports.

The corrected indictment returned is against Archie Peyton, who is charged with indecent assault.

WHAT WILL IT DO?

Attitude of Steel Corporation In Steel Market Discussed.

Pittsburg Man Comments on Market Situation at Present.

Does the United States Steel corporation propose to go into the open market and sell steel against the so-called "merchant producers," in case there is a break in the price of ore? This is a question a good many people are asking just at this time, and it is one that no one seems to be willing to answer, if anybody really knows.

It is generally believed that the corporation produces more than enough ore to supply itself for its various steel plants throughout the country, and the fact that it would not restrict production along with the other producers has led to a good deal of discussion. It has not been the policy of the company to go into the open market heretofore, for if it had wanted to it probably could have sold all the ore it felt like, as it can produce at a cheaper cost than the smaller people in the business and consequently could sell at a lower figure, if need be, to get trade.

While this would bring about a general cut in price, in all probability, it is believed that the corporation with its enormous production from a strong list of mines could control the market at its pleasure.

A Pittsburg man who was in Duluth the other day and who was for some time identified with a concern there which uses a good deal of steel, said in discussing the question that he could not understand with the enormous stocks of ore that the corporation is credited with having in its piles that it should have been unwilling to join the other people in restricting production.

"It looks to me as if the corporation has it in mind to be absolutely independent of all the other people as far as it feels disposed," said he.

"It is generally the belief that the corporation has plenty of ore already mined, and if what I hear is true, there are mines shutting down all the time. They have closed down at Ely on account of the labor troubles, and some of the other mines have closed because of high stock piles.

"But with these conditions existing and the company already, in effect, curtailing its production by the stoppage of these mines, it refuses to agree with any of the other producers to keep these conditions in effect or to limit the amount of ore it shall take out for the present season.

"I confess to be unable to foresee the outcome, unless it is that the company is intending to produce all it can while it is in operation on the present basis of costs. It may be that if figures that with or without a chance to make the ore into steel, it wants to stock up well against some time in the future, say next year, when ore might be higher. It is generally presumed that the cost of production is less now than it has been for some time.

"It may be that the corporation intends to get even with the merchant producers for attempting to limit its production, for as long as the corporation does not sell ore in the open market it is not exactly a competitor of the smaller producers, although they no doubt recognize its power and are desirous of keeping it 'in line.' But unless the corporation wants to stock up well in the dull season, it looks as though it might be preparing to go into the open market against the other fellows, if it ultimately decided on that course. We would see some good ore going at a low price if it were to do that.

"But on the other hand would not such a proceeding be a very costly one for the corporation? As it is now the corporation makes all the profits there are along the line from the cost of producing ore to producing the steel rails and other products in the finished state.

"And as to the demand for steel rails, I understand the New York Central wants to buy 150,000 tons of steel rails, and that a statement to this effect has been made by its president, Mr. Newman. He is reported to have said that the road is desirous of getting that enormous amount, but is willing to get along for the present on its absolute needs, which, I believe, are put at 10,000 tons. But this latter fiure the company must have, he says. If this report is correct I think it looks as though the steel market would do better than to permit anyone to go in and break the market by selling low ore. At the same time, the New York Central may not be I any hurry about buying the rest of those rails if it believes there is a chance for the market to come down some, especially as it does not need the rails. But being a road with four tracks and a system covering a great deal of territory may to some extent explain the enormity of the figures, but I guess that it is the biggest quantity of rails ever suggested as a purchase by any one road by one who means what he says."

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JOHN MITCHELL GIVES VIEWS ON JOINT TRADE AGREEMENTS

Appears Before the National Civic Federation and Explains the Advantages to Both Capital and Labor of This Plan.

New York, May 7.—Capital and labor met again today at the continued meeting of the executive committee of the National Civic federation. The object of the meeting was the proposition of joint trade agreements, one of the subjects which the late chairman, Senator Hanna, believed was the closest to the work of the federation.

Francis L. Robbins, president of the Pittsburg Coal company, who presided, opened the meeting with an address on the bituminous coal interests. Mr. Robbins said that no body of laborers unless the longshoremen, were so well qualified as the soft coal miners to speak of the virtue of the joint trade agreement.

John Mitchell, who followed, strongly advocated the joint trade agreement idea.

"The idea of the joint trade agreement is the essence of trade unionism," he said, 'we have now 350,000 men working under conditions which are fixed by joint agreement. We adjust all differences now by agreements, we leave no question to arbitration, arbitration is preferable to strikes—that is all.

"Outsiders called in have said they did not understand conditions, and the result of arbitration has been unsatisfactory to both sides.

"I believe in strikes, I also believe in lockouts. Neither side must surrender either one of these points. But I believe neither thing should be resorted to until each side has exhausted every peaceful means for settlement.

"Nothing can make so much for industrial peace as the recognition of the independence of labor and capital.

"Officers of the companies have opened their books to me frequently when there was some question of the returns made. We know what the operators are making, and in this way we have come closer together. We believe the answer to all questions is the trade agreement."

In reply to questions put to him by members of the federation, Mr. Mitchell said that under no circumstances would he consent to the arbitration of some fundamental questions. He would never consent to arbitrate the eight-hour work day, or his right to belong to a union. As an instance of his position on the question of arbitration, he cited a case where he had advised the miners in Kentucky to accept a wage reduction of 4½ per cent rather than accept arbitration, which the employers were perfectly willing to grant. He believed this preferable to having outsiders come into adjust affairs which they did not understand.

Daniel J. Keefe, president of the International Longshoremen, Marine and Transport Workers' association, said that during the past year the vast organization which he represetned has only had one case of arbitration. His union has found it best to treat directly with employers and their efforts in this direction have been uniformly successful.

Insurance Consolidation.

Charles A. Stark, who has been in the insurance business in Duuith for the past twelve years, has joined forces with C. H. Graves & Co. and will be pleased to meet all of his old friends at their new offices, 100-102 Torrey bldg.

Eighth Annual Ball
Given by
Court Eastern Star, No. 86, U. O. F.
At the Armory, Friday Evening, May 13, 1904.
Labrosse's Orchestra. Tickets 50c Per Couple.

W. A. HOLGATE PRESIDENT

Board of Public Works Elects Him as Head.

The new board of public works completed its reorganization yesterday afternoon at the close of the regular meeting. W. A. Holgate, the senior member of the board, was elected president, and Roderick Murchison was re-elected clerk. Mr. Murchison has been identified with the board for eleven years. He held a clerkship from 1893 to 1896, when he was elected secretary. He has served through several political changes in the city administration.

The following street commissioners weer elected: First district, J. P. Burthert; Second district, Thomas H. Stock; Third district, Andrew Horngren; Fourth district, O. D. Anderson; Fifth district, A. J. Meidahl.

Nels Peterson was re-elected sewer commissioner and commences his thirteenth term of service.

SENSATIONAL KILLING OCCURS AT LULING, TEX.

Austin, Texas, May 7.—A sensational killing occurred today at Luling, eighty miles southeast of Austin. S. L. Nixon, a member of the state Democratic central committee, and a wealthy planter, shot and killed W. L. Malone and Col. Veasy, two prominent citizens of Luling. The shooting is said to have grown out of an old family feud.

THIBETANS REPULSED.

London, May 7.—An official report says that the Thibetan attack at Gyangtse May 5, was repulsed after two hours' fighting. The Thibetans, who were commanded by a L'Hasa general, lost 250 killed or wounded; the British had two wounded.

THE BEST KNOWN—KNOWN AS THE BEST.
NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT
In 10c Packages with List of Valuable Premiums.

Burlington Route
Hotels in St. Louis
We can give all information desired about World's Fair hotel accommodations in St. Louis—rates, location, accessibility to grounds, etc. We can also take care of all arrangements for your trip between St. Paul and St. Louis. Call on nearest ticket agent who has through tickets from your home town to St. Louis, or write for details.
F. M. RUGG, Northwestern Passenger Agent,
A. L. EIDEMILLER, Traveling Passenger Agent,
ST. PAUL, MINN.
The "BURLINGTON CHICAGO LIMITED," 8:40 p. m. daily from St. Paul.

Burns all the way
You light more gas jets with one Doll House Match—and your carpets are safe—for the heads won't break off. **Save your carpets** by using
STANDARD SIZE
DOLL HOUSE
"BEST TEST"
MATCH
LONGEST FLAME
Made on the new machines. A great improvement on any match you have ever used.
UNION MATCH COMPANY, Duluth
Local Dealers Have Agreed to Charge no Excess
Costs No More
5c
At Any Store

DONT FUSS

Around looking for the Best Place in the city to buy your Furniture, Carpets, Lace Curtains, Portiers, Crockery, Stove Ranges and Baby Cabs. Save time, save money, save steps, save worry, save dissatisfaction by coming here first, last and all the time.

You will be pleased when you see this handsome sectional Book Case, which is worth $20.00, for only.... **$10**

You will also be pleased when you see our Velvet Carpets at, per yard **75c**

Our All Wool Ingrain Carpets, Sewed, Lined and Laid at, per yard **75c**

You will also be pleased with our easy payment plan—Pay a little down and a little every month.

Your credit is good with us. You may have any Stove or Range in our store at $1 down and 1 per week payments.

BAYHA & CO.,

Present location—News Tribune Bldg. Future location—1st St. and 2nd Ave. W.

CITY BRIEFS.

Plant sweet peas. Buy seed of Seekins.

Dr. Phelan has removed his offices to rooms 204-6-8 New Jersey building.

Prof. Dooley's dancing class will meet in Oddfellow's hall on Tuesday and Friday evenings, as usual, except next week will meet on Monday evening, instead of Tuesday.

The Bethel Boys' club, at its meeting last night, adopted a constitution that will place their organization in a more tangible form. The election of officers resulted in T. S. Thompson for president; George Morin, vice president; Nestor Hill secretary and Theodore Hemstead, treasurer. Three additional members of the cabinet will be nominated by the Bethel Branch Sunday school and elected at the next meeting. Twenty persons signed the roll as charter members under the new constitution. The club is planning for the equipment of a gymnasium and industrial classes will be opened soon.

The Ashland baseball team arrived in Duluth this morning for the game with the White Sox this afternoon. Whether or not the game will be played will not be known until the time arrives. Every effort will be made to pull it off, but the rain may make the grounds too wet. The Ashland team will remain in Duluth over Sunday and return to Ashland Monday morning.

John Caverly has been awarded clear title by the secretary of the interior to a valuable quarter section of land, covered with pine timber, six miles from the city. The land was contested and Mr. Caverly has been fighting to retain possession of it for the past nine years. The claim is located in section 25, township 53-13, and is only six miles from the Lester Park pavilion.

Every office in the city hall closed at noon today. At the last meeting of the council Alderman McEwen introduced a resolution granting the city employes a Saturday half-holiday during the months of May, June, July and August. This being the first Saturday in May the offices were closed at noon. No court is being held and the only city officers that are doing business are the members of the police department.

The Duluth Gun club decided to postpone the regular weekly shoot for the Panton & White trophy which was to come off this afternoon, because of the death of Dr. J. D. Titcomb, who was a member of the gun club for a long time. The shoot will be held next week with the class medal shoots.

The annual meeting of the Y. W. C. A. will be held at the association rooms next Monday evening at 8 o'clock. The work of the year will be reviewed and an interesting meeting is looked for.

A stipulation for the dismissal of the suit brought by Jesse C. Martin against C. T. Fitzsimmons and Eugene Kelly, of this city, was filed in district court this morning. The stipulation states that the matter has been compromised and settled.

PERSONAL.

Wm. D. McLeod, of Embarrass River, is in the city on his way East to visit relatives.

C. J. Rathbun, of Deerwood, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. W. T. TenBrook.

Mrs. George Neville, who returned yesterday after attending her mother's funeral at Waterloo, Ia., received a telegram announcing a sister's death at the same place.

Miss Dora Sharp, of Seattle, Wash., is visiting her brother, Thomas D. Sharp, of 1025 South street, this city.

Collector of the Port Willcuts expects to leave next week for the Pacific coast to be gone a fortnight.

C. H. Raubert, of Brookston; F. B. Granger, of Swan River, and W. J. Hope, of Hibbing, were among the out-of-town visitors today.

Mrs. Fiske, Miss Stevens, Max Fleman, Frank Gillmore, Miss Oglesby and Frank C. Griffith, manager of Mrs. Fiske's company, are all guests of the Spalding.

L. H. Whitmore, of Wabasha, is visiting his son, C. H. Whitmore of 1007 East Third street over Sunday.

Mrs. Frank Davidson is in Minneapolis.

T. C. Collins and brother have gone to Helena.

Charles H. Maginnis left today for Red Wing.

Miss Annie Gallagher has gone to Valley city, N. D.

Mrs. A. B. Johnson is visiting in Ashland.

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. McCaul started today for Emerson, Manitoba.

THE INDEPENDENT FERRY LINE

will commence running tomorrow morning on the old schedule of 30-minute service, until further notice.

PRODUCTION OF SHINGLES

Will Be Curtailed By the Shingle Trust.

Chicago, May 7.—A dispatch to the Inter-Ocean from Escanaba, Mich., says:

Representatives of thirty-one shingle manufacturing companies of Northern Wisconsin and the peninsula of Michigan, under the name of the Northwestern Shingle Manufacturing association, have met here and agreed to curtail the production of shingles until the price of the product is raised to the normal level. The manufacturers claim they are unable to make shingles without loss at the present price, and some mills may not open for work at all this season.

The price of shingles in the Central West, it was claimed by members of the association, has been driven to a bed rock basis by shipping into the territory greater quantities of shingles from the Pacific coast.

Dr. Reinhart, Dentist,

wishes to announce that he is now located in rooms 2, 3 and 8, Banning Blk., Second avenue west and Superior St.

Foresters' Ball.

An event that is looked forward to with much interest in fraternal circles is the eighth annual ball of Court Eastern Star, No. 86, U. O. F., at the Armory next Friday evening. The order will endeavor to make this a very handsome affair. The committee on arrangements is as follows: Harry Gelineau, Harry Milnes, Charles Hanson, E. Iverson, Mrs. George Boyden, Mrs. N. H. Wilson, Mrs. M. Calmodin, Mrs. J. Gelineau.

Reception committee—James Kelly, George Boyden, N. H. Wilson, E. O. Olma, Harry Milnes, H. J. Rolling and T. A. King.

Floor committee—Charles Hanson, Joseph Holler, H. Gelineau, A. G. Johnson, H. McGill, Charles Wilson, A. Foster and J. Gelineau.

Labrosse's orchestra will furnish the music.

Died in Mother's Arms.

While traveling on the train between Two Harbors and Tower, yesterday, with her three children, Mrs. A. Schroeder, wife of a traveling representative of Armour & Co., discovered that the youngest, an infant, had died suddenly, in her arms. The family came here recently from Chicago and were moving to Tower. Mr. Schroeder left his wife and children at the train in Two Harbors while he came on to Duluth, receiving word of the child's death this morning.

ADVERTISING CARDS.

Commercial Club Receives Instalment of New Ones.

The Commercial club has received an installment of the advertising post cards designed some time ago. On the writing side there is a picture of Duluth and this comment:

"The Duluth district has a good climate and the finest water in the world, hundreds of beautiful small lakes and the great Lake Superior washes its shores for 15 miles. The best fishing grounds and hunting and general outing in America. Cheap lands, rich virgin soil, valuable timber, and the greatest iron deposits in the world. Grand opportunity for more good people in all lines of trade and business. See our statistics and general information, furnished free by the Commercial club, Duluth, Minnesota."

These cards are being given to the members to use in sending through the country and similar cards will be distributed at the St. Louis exposition.

MASONIC NOTICE.

All members of Palestine and Ionic lodges and sojourning Master Masons are requested to meet at Masonic hall, Sunday, May 8, 1904, at 2:30 p. m., for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late Brother Joseph D. Titcomb.

By order W. M.
HENRY NESBITT, Sec'y.

SEAMEN MUST BE LET ALONE

Unlawful to Solicit Them While on Vessel to Be Lodgers.

Local customs office officials have received a communication from headquarters at Washington calling their attention to the act amending the section relative to soliciting seamen as lodgers, passed at the last session of congress, so as to read: "This section shall apply to vessels of the United States engaged in foreign trade and to foreign vessels."

The whole section, designed to protect both masters and seamen from unscrupulous hotel keepers and dive proprietors, is rather interesting and reads as follows:

"If, within twenty-four hours after the arrival of any vessel at any port in the United States, any person, then being on board such vessel, soliciting any seamen to become a lodger at the house of any person letting lodgings for hire, or taking out of such vessel any effects of any seamen, except under his personal direction, and with the permission of the master, he shall, for every such offense, be punishable by a fine of not more than $50, or by imprisonment for not more than three months. This section shall apply to vessels of the United States engaged in foreign trade and to foreign vessels."

OFFICERS ARE INSTALLED

Ceremony of C. C. Salter Camp, Sons of Veterans, Takes Place.

The newly elected officers of the C. C. Salter camp, No. 5, Sons of Veterans of Duluth, were installed in office last Thursday evening by G. L. Hargraves, who is special aid with rank of captain, attached to the colonel staff. The following elected officers were installed: W. S. McCormick, captain; W. W. Huntley, first lieutenant; H. A. Wing, second lieutenant; R. V. Budden, first sergeant; John C. Wesenberg, quartermaster sergeant; L. C. Ferguson, sergeant of the guard; Busha, color sergeant; Alfred Hoch, corporal of the guard; Gay Huntley, camp guard; Edwin Hoch, picket guard; camp counsel, J. H. Norton and H. A. Wing.

C. C. Salter camp No. 5 was organized three weeks ago and starts out with a good membership. The next meeting of the camp will be held next Thursday evening at the G. A. R. hall, in Masonic Temple.

DR. HERRAN ILL.

New York, May 7.—Dr. Thomas Herran, formerly in charge of the Colombian legation at Washington, is quite ill here from nervous prostration. With his family he has been here since his government ordered him to withdraw from Washington. After a few weeks' treatment to restore his health he will go with his family to Colombia and expects to return to Washington in the capacity of minister in the fall.

DR. MITCHELL

What He Has Done, What He Can Do For You.

More than 10,000 cures during the past four years prove that his method of treatment is a godsend to suffering humanity. Diseases that have baffled the skill of physicians are lost vitality, varicocele, vital weakness or nervous troubles of any kind. No matter whether caused by overwork or worry, and no matter whether you are young or old, you can be made strong and well by Dr. Mitchell's treatment. Dr. Mitchell cures cancer in less time and with less pain than by any other method. He cures all female troubles, piles, fissures, fistula, skin disease, dyspepsia, hip joint disease, consumption, catarrh, deafness, blindness, sore eyes of all kinds, constipation, neuralgia and every other disease after every other treatment fails. Mrs. Annie Harver, of the range, returned home cured of rheumatism, from which she had suffered everything. Her daughter was cured of hip joint disease about two years ago. Mr. Edward Logan, of the southern part of the state, who was paralyzed on one side, returned home cured. Mr. Rickins had a stiff neck and shoulder for two years, cured in three treatments. If you are sick, be sure to see Dr. Mitchell. If there is any cure for you, he can cure you. He is the only magnetic physician that has stood the test of time. Do not be deceived by would-be magnetic healers. Go to Dr. Mitchell, for he has proven himself genuine. Consultation free by bringing this advertisement. He will be glad to see all and give them his valuable advice free of charge. Call at once. 'Phone, 579.

MUSIC TEACHERS' DANCE.

To Be Given at Harmonie Hall Saturday.

The entertainment of the state convention of the Music Teachers' association of Minnesota at Duluth in June will involve the expenditure of a considerable sum of money and this the music teachers and musicians of the city are pledged to see properly done, after having asked for the convention for this city and been accorded the privilege of having it meet here.

In order to start a fund for the purpose, they will give an invitation dance next Saturday evening at Harmonie hall at Lester Park and will make it a very pleasant affair. It will be what is known as a shirtwaist dance—which is merely another and perhaps more specific name for an informal dancing party—and La Brosse's orchestra will play. For those who may not wish to dance card tables will be provided.

In charge of the dancing party is the following committee: Mrs. James McAuliffe, Mrs. David H. Day, Miss Carlotta Simonds, George Tyler and Gerard Tonning.

Handsomely Equipped.

Those who are interested in up-to-date methods will be repaid by a visit to the Boston Hairdressing parlors, over 131 West Superior street, which is under the direct supervision of Margaret M. Kelly, a specialist in her line. Miss Kelly has just added an entirely new equipment to her hairdressing and manicuring departments, consisting of new chairs and manicure table. The latter has a glass top and the chair used for shampooing is built especially for this purpose. Both are constructed after the most approved hygienic principles and permit absolute cleanliness. It is said that Chicago alone can boast of as fine an equipment and that can be found in but one hairdressing and manicuring establishment in the city.

THE OTHER SIDE

Commissioners May Hear Opposition to Courthouse Site.

Large Sentiment Exists Against the Present Location.

Although the majority of the county commissioners are in favor of building the new court house on the site of the old building, and while they are backed in this by a large number of people who believe the old site is preferable for the new court house, there are a great many taxpayers in Duluth, and in the surrounding outside towns in the county, who are strongly opposed to the old site.

Among the latter class there is a strong representation of the legal profession, lawyers who probably travel back and forth to the court house more than any other classes of individuals, except, perhaps, the persons employed there regularly.

A strong sentiment has been expressed against the building of a new court house on the old site, time and again, and there is likely to be a more concentrated action in the near future to bring every influence to bear on the board of county commissioners to have a site nearer the business portion of the city.

Assistant County Attorney W. G. Crosby has informed the board that it is the sole judge in the matter of sites and whatever action it takes, if within reason, must be abided by the taxpayers. While this may be the state of affairs, those who believe that the court house should be torn down propose to present their side of the argument to the commissioners. They do not have any idea of entering into a controversy so far as can be learned, but will approach the commissioners in a friendly way and present their arguments with all of the persuasiveness they can bring to bear.

Considerable opposition to the old site comes from the range towns, also. Large numbers of these come down to transact business at the court house and claim that the building is so far from the depot and the business center that they must pay two street car fares in addition to the railway fare, and lose valuable time, particularly when they have but a few minutes to finish their business and catch a train.

THE PEDERSON BROS. Corner Tower and Broadway FAIR

SUPERIOR, WISCONSIN

SALE DAY, TUESDAY, May 10

DRESS GOODS REMNANTS—Sample pieces of fine wool and silk and wool mixtures—being a sample line, of course it takes in every kind of the very newest materials and colorings brought out this season, such as Palmetos, Eiolennes, Boutonne, De Llama, Cordienne, Bengalines, Vigoreaux, Voiles, Etamines, Coatings, Serges, Cheviots, Broadcloths, Venetians and many other popular weaves—they come in ½ and ¾-yard lengths and many of them are enough to make a full suit—your choice of this grand assortment of fine dress goods—per piece..... **25c**

LINING—More of those extra fine mercerized satines, percalines, spun glass, and moreens in black and colors; these are sample pieces of fine lining and run from ¾ to 1½ yards in a piece—this is a great opportunity for buying fine linings very cheap—per piece..... **6c**

ALL-WOOL ALBATROSS—A lot of fine all-wool Albatross in nile green only; it is 36 inches wide and sold for 35c a yard—fine for making house dresses, sacques, or wrappers — you may have them for, per yard..... **12½c**

LACE CURTAINS—Your choice of a fine lot of white Nottingham lace curtains that are worth up to $2.25 a pair and are full length—Tuesday only, for each..... **50c**

LACE COLLARS—A little lot not more than 2 or 3 dozen of ladies' fine heavy lace collars; the kind that are so much used just now—they are very deep and are worth from $1.00 to $3.00 each—some are slightly soiled and will be sold on Tuesday for..... **25c**

LADIES' PARASOLS—The biggest and best line of ladies' parasols ever shown, may be seen at the Fair on Tuesday; all kinds of novelty stripes, checks and plaids; they are worth from $1.00 to $1.25; sale price only..... **50c**

REMNANTS OF LACE CURTAINS—A big lot of remnants and ends of lace curtains such as sample pieces; some may be slightly soiled, but a little water will soon make them nice for sash curtains—per piece..... **5c**

LADIES' CORSETS—A manufacturer's clean-up of a lot of ladies' corsets gives us an opportunity of being able to give you a decided bargain in corsets—a few black ones, but mostly summer or gauze corsets; sale price... **12½c**

CHILDREN'S PARASOLS—Gladden the heart of your little one by getting for her a pretty sun shade or parasol; you can do it easily for the price for Tuesday's sale only..... **10c**

BLANKET SAMPLES—The kind that are bound all round and are the soft downy, cotton ones and many of them are alike; fine for making bed coverings by sewing 18 or 20 of them together—per piece..... **3c**

UMBRELLAS—The spring time is a good time to get an umbrella and you can get a good one very cheap at the Fair; they are sample umbrellas, worth to $1.25 each, sale price **50c**

CHILDREN'S LACE HATS—We have more of those fine lace hats that were such a success last time; better see if you do not want one of them; you will if you see them—worth $1.00 each—for..... **29c**

CHILDREN'S WHITE HATS AND CAPS—A fine lot of children's headwear, all kinds of caps—braided straws, silks, ducks, canvas and other kinds, worth up to 75c each—sale price only..... **19c**

UNDERWEAR—For men and women; medium and light weight goods; some gauze, some Balbriggan—they will be sold in four lots thus:

LOT 1.... 5¢ LOT 3.... 15¢
LOT 2.... 10¢ LOT 4.... 25¢

MILLINERY—A very choice line of children's trimmed hats will be on sale Tuesday and for the whole week—they are fine Leghorn hats, trimmed with flowers, silk, chiffon and ribbon, worth $1.50 and $1.75—price.. **$1.25**

CALICOES—More of those calicoes that come in remnants, both medium and dark colors—they are the 6c and 7c goods, and will be on sale Tuesday for, per yard..... **3c**

VEILINGS—Here is a most decided bargain in silk face veilings in black and colors; also white net and gossamer veilings; they are worth from 25c to 35c a yard; for Tuesday's sale they will be, per yard only..... **5c**

BRAIDS—A lot of fine trimmings in white Hercules and fancy colored braids, worth from 5c to 10c a yard, for..... **1c**

TRIMMING BRAIDS—Thousands of yards of fine silk trimmings. This is the best offering in dress trimmings we dare say you ever saw; they are worth from 25c to 75c a yard—sale price only..... **5c**

SILK VEILS—A beautiful lot of fine silk veils for ladies; all colors, and they are worth 50c to $1 each; for this sale, they will be only **25c**

EMBROIDERIES—About a thousand yards of white embroidery, that would be all right in value at 5c a yard—sale price, per yard—only..... **1c**

BINDINGS—For skirts; good quality velveteen and brush binding in black and colors, worth from 5c to 8c a yard—sale price, per yard—only..... **2c**

WHITE AND CREAM VEILS—A lot of face veils in white and cream—they are worth from 25c to 50c; sale price..... **10c**

BRAIDS AND BINDINGS—Hundreds of pieces of velveteen bindings, mohair braids, etc., come in black and colors and are worth 15c a yard—5 yards in a piece, Tuesday only..... **5c**

BATTENBURG BRAID—A little lot of Battenburg braid—on sale Tuesday at, per yard..... **1c**

BED SPREADS—Some good white spreads will be on sale Tuesday; they are splendid value at $1, for Tuesday's sale they will be **75c**

DRAPERY CURTAINS—Made from jute netting—worth $1.00 each—sale price for each only..... **50c**

LAP ROBES—A little lot of lap robes or summer buggy robes, the regular price is 50c each—for this sale, they will be only..... **25c**

LADIES' WRAPPERS—Flannelette and percale wrappers, a nice line of colors, worth from $1.00 to $1.50; sale price..... **75c**

TURKEY RED BOOKS—Hundreds of Turkey red table damask books; fine for making napkins for the children; 2 books for..... **5c**

LADIES' WAISTS—A table full of ladies' fine white and colored wash waists, worth up to $2 each; for this sale only..... **$1.00**

SKIRTS—A most complete line of ladies' dress and walking skirts; also fine wash skirts may be found in our well-assorted stock and at prices that always prove satisfactory to our patrons—Beautiful well-made dress skirts for..... **$5.00**

PILLOW TOPS—About 15 dozen fancy oil-boiled pillow tops in fancy colors; absolutely fast in color. See them and get some for, each. **5c**

LADIES' BELTS—A big lot of ladies' fancy and plain belts; a beautiful line to select from; they are worth from 25c to 50c each—sale price only..... **10c**

POMPONS AND FANCY HAIR BOWS—This is a little sample line, are very cheap at.... **5c**

PILLOW-TOP BACKS—A few more of those misprint pillow tops, just the thing for backs of cushions—sale price..... **2c**

BELT BUCKLES—Hundreds of fancy buckles—worth up to 25c each, for..... **5c**

BELTING—A lot of fancy and black silk and satin fold beltings, worth up to 25c a yd; at **5c**

RICK-RACK BRAIDS—and finishing braids—your choice on Tuesday for..... **2c**

GILT BELTS—A fine lot of fancy gilt belts—worth 25c each, for..... **5c**

WE PAY CAR FARE ONE WAY ON ALL $2.50 PURCHASES. BOTH WAYS ON ALL $5.00 PURCHASES.

TO REPEAT PLAYS.

Paint and Powder Club at Y. M. C. A. Boys' Department.

By special request the Paint and Powder club will give the two plays, "Sally's Love" and "Lend Me Five Shillings," under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. boys' department, in the building at the corner of Sixth avenue east and Third street, next Friday evening at 8 o'clock. In addition to the plays, the boys' department mandolin club will give several selections, W. A. Coughlan will present ventriloquous imitations and impersonations, and W. H. Carroll in humorous recitations.

"Sally's Love," one of the plays, was composed by Dr. Day, of this city, and was presented two weeks ago and proved so successful that the players have been repeatedly requested to give it again. The boys' department feels very grateful to the club for assisting them in this entertainment.

The following ladies and gentlemen will take part: Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Day, Messrs. H. W. Carroll, W. A. Coughlan, Paul Clarkson, Clinton Markell, A. Brackinreed, Miss Jane Everington, Miss Eva Sawyer, Miss Edna Cargill, and Mrs. W. A. Kaake.

attention. Ask central for 324, either 'phone.

BABY MEETS AWFUL DEATH.

Oskaloosa, Iowa, May 7.—The 2-year-old babe of W. H. Doe fell down a 50-foot 12-inch tile well today and slowly smothered to death. Its mother, attracted by the muffled screams of the child, was the first to learn of the awful accident. She summoned workmen, but before the babe could be rescued it was dead.

FOUR MEN KILLED BY TRAIN.

Cleveland, May 7.—The westbound Twentieth Century limited on the Lake Shore road today ran down and killed four unknown men near Elyria, twenty-five miles west of this city. The men were evidently foreigners and there was nothing upon them to show their identity. They were walking upon the track.

PHRASES AS A JAP WOULD SAY THEM.

Boston Post: Good morning! How did you get home last night?—Ohio! Nande sakv yu wa akayelide shitaka?

How do you do?—Ika ga da ska?

Good afternoon—Koni-chi-wa.

How is your health?—Otasha deska.

I am well—Genkides.

Have you a cigarette?—Makitubaco wo omoticleska?

Have you a match?—Matcho wo omotickleska?

Yes!—Sayo (lights it).

You first, my dear Alphonse—Anata osikini, Alphonz.

Thanks, Gaston—Arigato, Gastohn.

Hurrah for Japan!—Banzai Nippon!!!

Long live the mikado!—Na gaiki Tenno-Naka!

The Red Cross society—Sekijuisha.

The Cossacks I fear not!—Kossaka qua o so re-nai.

Russians—Russiazin.

Coast defense—Kaibo.

The navy—Kaigun.

A battleship—Sentokan.

The army—Rukugun.

A general—Tisho.

A sweetheart—Shinahitusma.

Good-by—Sa yo na sah.

A REFLECTION.

Henry Putnam, the president of the American Library association, said the other day that free libraries were a great boon.

"It used to be pitiful, thirty or forty years ago," said Mr. Putnam, "to see some poor old scientist or scholar slink timidly to a subscription library, and to note how frigid would be the manner of the clerks and officers towards him. He was not a subscriber, and therefore the difference between his treatment and subscribers' treatment would b very marked. All that, thank fortune, is done away with now.

"To show you how bad it was in the past, they say that one afternoon a threadbare scholar entered a subscription library and asked for a certain book humbly. The librarian, before sending for the book, gave the poor chap a disdainful glare. Just at that moment a stray dog wandered in from the street.

"The librarian leaped over his desk, rushed upon the dog and, as he kicked it out, said:

"'You are not a subscriber, at any rate!'"

Do You Want Delicious Creams 30c Qt?

Then Phone Zenith 140, Duluth 45 M.

Duluth Ice Cream Co

THE NEW LIVERY.

Lyceum Livery and Sale Stable,

Near 6th Avenue West, Between Superior St. and First St.

We Are Especially Equipped For Fishing and Hunting Trips in the Country.

Two, three and four seated rigs covered.
Fine new runabouts and comfortable two-seats.
Horses of all kinds and fine style. Prices reasonable.

J. M. FORD, Prop.

Old Phone 1060-K. New Phone 691.

3 PER CENT. Per Annum on Your Savings for

EVERY DAY YOUR MONEY IS ON DEPOSIT

All or part may be withdrawn at any time without notice. Interest compounded twice a year—January first and July first.

Duluth Savings Bank

No. 216 W. SUPERIOR STREET

Savings Deposits made on or before the 10th of this month will draw interest from the FIRST of the MONTH

Banking Hours 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.
Saturdays 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. and 6 to 8 p. m.

MEMORIAL DAY

Veterans Anxious That Citizens Show Interest In Observance.

Preliminary Program Discussed—Doubt as to School Exercises.

The old soldiers of the city are anxious that Memorial day should be observed in a proper manner in Duluth this year. They feel that it is the duty of the citizens rather than members of the Grand Army posts to see that it is so observed, but do not wish to appear as beggars, asking the council and Commercial club for money to help in the celebration. Such was the sentiment of a meeting, attended almost wholly by old settlers, held at the city hall last night.

Disappointment was expressed at the very small number of citizens present. This fact was attributed to carelessness rather than willful neglect of the veterans of the civil war, but it was evident that the old soldiers who were on hand felt hurt that the public should pay so little attention to, and have so little interest in, what occurred on Memorial day. They thought the people should have enough patriotism to interest themselves in the celebration without being forced into doing so. The opinion was expressed that the observance of Memorial day should be an official one every year, under the auspices of the city, and with the mayor acting as chairman of the proceedings.

It was decided that a committee of five prominent citizens should be appointed by Mayor Cullum, who had been appointed chairman of the evening, to act in conjunction with the joint committee from the two G. A. R. posts of the city in arranging the program for the day, and seeing that the proper funds are provided to withstand necessary expenses. Neither the council nor the Commercial club will be asked to contribute.

At the close of the mass meeting a meeting of the joint committee of the two posts was called by Chairman F. H. Barnard, and plans for the day were discussed. The graves of old soldiers will be decorated in the morning, following out the usual custom, and public exercises will be held in the afternoon, at either the Armory or Lyceum Opera house, Mayor Cullum presiding. It is thought likely the G. A. R. members will decide on a short march to the hall, escorted by the Sons of Veterans, Companies A and C, and the two naval reserve companies.

It was also decided to accept the invitation to attend in a body special services at the First Methodist church Sunday morning, May 29. Rev. E. C. Clemens will speak to the soldiers at that time.

Just what arrangement will be made about exercises in the schools has not yet been determined. It has been customary for the veterans to attend the school exercises on the Friday afternoon preceding Memorial day. Some time ago Superintendent Denfield recommended that exercises appropriate to holidays be held on the holidays themselves and this was decided upon. This caused considerable objection from both pupils and teachers who did not wish to be compelled to go to the school on holidays. It was learned, too, that they could not be compeled to and last evening the school board rescinded the decision to have the exercises then.

Just what will be done now the veterans do not know. They believe the school exercises to be among the most valuable of the Memorial day features and say that they know that children have taken a deep interest in them. They hope that it will be arranged to have them on the Friday preceding as has been the custom.

Sympathies of World With Japan.

The great civilized powers of the world are practically unanimous in the opinion that in this war, right and justice are upon the side of Japan, while Russia is the real aggressor. It is also the unanimous opinion of everybody that for restoring health and happiness Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is without an equal. It is impossible to be happy if your stomach is out of order. Your meals don't agree with you and you are unable to rest at night. Consequently you are nervous, irritable and always out of sorts. If you will try a few doses of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters you will be convinced that it will cure you. It never fails in cases of indigestiuon, dyspepsia, heartburn, belching, constipated bowels, insomnia, nervousness and malaria. Try it today.

today and deposit your valuables and important papers in our Safe Deposit Vaults. Wrapped up in the word "tomorrow" lies the cause of many losses, therefore, do not delay in securing yourself protection.

NATIONAL SAFE DEPOSIT
First National Bank of Duluth.
COMPANY,
located in the Savings
Department of the

GET YOUR **SHOES REPAIRED**
AT THE UP-TO-DATE SHOE SHOP.
Men's Sewed Soles 75c
Men's Nailed Soles 50c
Also Shoe Shining 5c
N. NURICK, 229 E. Sup. St.

TO REPORT AT ONCE

Pittsburg Company Orders Men to Go to Their Boats.

Bon Ami on the Way Back From Grand Marais.

At the offices of the Pittsburg steamship company in the Wolvin building, a message was received this morning ordering that all engineers, assistant engineers, firemen and oilers be notified to report to their respective boats as soon as possible, and this is taken to mean that the settlement of the differences between the masters and vessel men hinges on some details that are sure to be settled soon. The local office is sending out notices to the engineers in this locality and they are in turn sending word to their assistants, firemen and oilers.

No other word was received by the various lines here interested. The Pittsburg steamship office here sent a message to Cleveland asking definite information on the seettlement, but had received none up to 3 p. m.

After the men report to the boats it will be probably a couple of days before they can get their boats ready to start, as they have to go over their vessels and see that they are in proper traveling trim before starting with cargoes.

No word has been received from the Bon Ami today and it was not believed that there could be until probably 9 p. m., when she would be due back at Two Harbors, if there was nothing to prevent. She reached Grand Marais at 10 p. m. last evening.

Two of the carrier pigeons belonging to H. F. Flynn, of 821 East Second street, which went out on the Bon Ami, returned this morning. The first was in the loft about daylight, and bore no message, so where it left the boat is a matter of conjecture, which can only be settled when the vessel returns with the information.

The second came in during the morning and bore a message reading as follows:

"4:30 p. m. Just left Crystal Bay. Arrived Grand Marais 10 p. m. Out of ice five miles beyond Beaver Bay."

CHOICE FIRST MORTGAGE
LOANS FOR SALE
VARIOUS AMOUNTS.
W. M. PRINDLE & CO
Lonsdale Building.

PARTIALLY SETTLED

Lumber Carriers and Masters and Pilots Reach Agreement.

Only Minor Matters Separate Men and Lake Carriers.

Cleveland, May 7.—The Lumber Carriers' association and the Masters' and Pilots' association reached an amicable settlement on all questions governing the season at their conference today. At the conclusion of the conference the following statement was given out by the Masters' and Pilots' association:

"The Masters' and Pilots' association and the Lumber Carriers' association, after a full discussion carried on in the broadest and most pleasant manner, arrived at a satisfactory understanding on the wage scale and working conditions for the season of 1904. Each side conceded that the other acted fairly and on most liberal lines. It is to be hoped all other organizations of the lakes will see the justice and importance of following this lead, in order that business may go along uninterruptedly to the mutual benefit of all concerned.

"Owing to the meeting of the officials of the Masters' and Pilots' association with the lumber carriers today they were unable to continue their conference with the executive committee of the Lake Carriers' association until a late hour this afternoon. As a result the Lake Carriers met with the Seamen's union during the morning, but failed to reach an agreement. It will, therefore, be necessary to hold another conference with the latter next week."

A member of the executive committee of the Lake Carriers said this afternoon: "I believe we can settle everything with the masters and pilots in an hour's conference, and I fully expect we shall be through with them this afternoon."

NEW TRIAL DENIED ROCKER.

Rock Rapids, Iowa, May 7.—Judge Wakefield today overruled a motion for a new trial in the case of Charles Rocker, convicted of murdering August Schroeder. The judge fixed June 9, 1905, as the date of execution. Rocker will tonight be taken to Anamosa for confinement until the date named.

HLOBOKI TO HANG JUNE 17.

St. Paul, May 7.—A special to the Dispatch from Great Falls, Mont., says: George Hloboki has been sentenced to hang June 17, having been convicted of the murder of George Sedlack, which occurred about two months ago. It is understood that an appeal to the supreme court will be taken.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: La Lorraine from Havre.

Queenstown — Arrived: Etruria from New York.

Plymouth — Arrived: St. Louis from New York.

STORY HAD NO FOUNDATION.

Rutland, Vt., May 7.—Reports that the local authorities have found evidence that three men supposed at the times of their deaths to have been killed by railroad trains, were in reality murdered at a roadhouse near here is declared by the sheriff, states attorney and the chief of police to have no foundation.

BODY FOUND IN RIVER.

Keokuk, Iowa, May 7.—The body of Miss Clare Marsh, of Warsay, Ill., was found this morning floating in the Mississippi opposite Canton, Mo. She disappeared from her home April 25, following a period of illness. Miss Marsh was a daughter of the late Judge Marsh, and was a niece of Congressman Marsh of Illinois.

RAILROAD NEWS

St. Paul-Chicago Cut Rate That Is Attracting Attention.

Applies Only One Way and Two Dollars Is Sum.

Local passenger men are very much interested in the cut rate between St. Paul and Chicago, which has been made to prevent the scalping of the three-loddar round trip rate offered in Chicago for St. Paul and return.

The rate down which applies only the one way, is two dollars, made only on certain days when it would be possible otherwise to scalp the three-dollar round trip tickets from Chicago. But the chances are that it will not entirely prevent scalping, as those who come up from Chicago and are anxious to get rid of their return portions will sell them for 50 cents or give them away, and if people are known to ride down first-class next week for anywhere from 25 cents upward it will be no great surprise.

Local lines have received no authority to use the two-dollar rate as a basing rate, but if it is used by any of them, they can make the rate from Duluth to Chicago $6.30 and to New York $26.30, against $11.50 and $24.50 respectively. It is not considered likely that they will receive any such authority, however, nor even notice of the existence of the rate, as it will be in effect only four or five days.

But any one who wants to go to Chicago or New York cheap can do so next week at the figure demanded and have stop-overs at St. Paul and Chicago. This is the case whether lines use the low fares for basing or not as anybody can buy here to St. Paul for $4.30, buy again to Chicago for two dollars, and again from there to New York for $1.20.

The present situation reminds one local railroad official of the time when the rate between St. Paul and Chicago was even cheaper than it is now, or is going to be. It was one dollar the round trip and that was just 21 years ago. There was no convention or anything going on in Chicago to demand special fares, it is asserted, but in 1883, when H. H. Porter was president of the Omaha road, that road got the rate down to one dollar for the round trip, which created considerable nervousness in the St. Paul and Northwestern offices, and the latter, seeing the safest way to avoid a rate war was to annihilate the threatening competition, proceeded to buy it out, and it is said that President Porter realized a fine profit on his shares.

At that time there was no Wisconsin Central nor any Burlington system between the Windy City and the Twin Cities, but the situation was interesting enough at that to have claimed that the cut rate was President Porter's scheme to sell his shares in the Omaha road.

Railroad Notes.

The Omaha's new train equipment did not come this morning and it was believed by the local officials that it would not be here until Monday morning, as Monday evening is the time set for the departure of the first train, intact.

Some of the passenger men of the different local offices say they are willing to close up at 3 p. m. on Saturday afternoon, the same as is done by the freight departments, but there has been no agreement to that effect, although the question is brought up very often. It is largely the case, they say, that the passenger offices remain open at such times, regardless of the action of the freight departments, and has been for some years.

E. J. Pearson, chief engineer of the Omaha, arrived today from St. Paul.

WOOD PILERS WANTED
At Hubbard & Vincent's.

Band Uniforms.

New uniforms have been ordered for the Third Regiment band and are expected to be shipped soon to the wearers. It was decided by those in authority that it would be better to have no special figuring on the suits, so they will be the government design, with no frills. The band will probably be well accustomed to the suits before it leaves with the United Commercial Travelers for the meeting which is to be held in Winnipeg on June 8, 9 and 10.

Dr. Titcomb's Funeral.

The funeral of Dr. Joseph D. Titcomb, who died yesterday afternoon, will be held tomorrow under the auspices of the Masons. The services will be held at the house, 6005 Delaware street, at 1:30 o'clock. From there the body will be taken to the Masonic Temple and the Masonic rites will be observed at 3 o'clock. The body will be placed in the vault at Forest Hill cemetery.

TO REPAIR KOREAN PALACE.

Seoul, May 7.—The sum of 300,000 yen has been appropriated for the repairing of the old East palace. The emperor has subscribed 1000 yen to the fund of the Japanese celebration of the victory on the Yalu.

"EDDIE" FAY ORDERED TO MADISON FOR TRIAL.

Chicago, May 7.—Judge Kohlsaat, in the United States district court today, ordered "Eddie" Fay, alleged "king of post-office thieves," returned to Madison, Wis. Fay is to stand trial before the federal grand jury on a charge of robbing the Superior, Wis., postoffice, of $15,000 in stamps. He was taken to Madison this afternoon.

MARCONI COMING OVER.

Liverpool, May 7.—William Marconi was a passenger on the Cunard liner Campania, which sailed from here for New York today.

GAS CAUSES BAD FIRE.

Pittsburg, May 7.—Gerber Carriage company's plant on Sixth street, near Pennsylvania avenue, was damaged $100,000 by a fire today. An explosion of gas was the cause of the fire.

SMITH A BANKRUPT.

New York, May 7.—John Campbell Smith, of this city, formerly a paper merchant, who inherited more than $1,000,000 five years ago, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $48,300 and assets doubtful.

Arizona Copper Mountain.
The coming Copper Mine of the World. Applications for shares can be filed with
JOHN H. HILL or A. H. BAWDEN,
309, 310, 311 Torrey Building.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Omaha, May 7.—A. L. Balcombe, prominent in state and national politics, for eleven years publisher of the Omaha Republican, and for fifty years identified with the development of the West, died at his home in this city today aged 74 years.

Indianapolis, May 7.—Olin Bundy, a well known attorney of Bedford, Ind., died here today from nervous exhaustion. During the Shaefer murder mystery Mr. Bundy was chosen as one of the members of the investigating committee. His duties in this case caused him to become overworked and his decline in health followed.

Lima, Peru, May 7.—President Candamo, who had been ill for some time at Arequipa, died today. The president's death is deeply regretted, as all political elements regarded him as an honorable man devoted to the true interests of the country.

Manuel Canadamo was the man accepted for the provisional presidency of Peru in 1895 by the revolutionists under the leadership of Nicholas De Pierola and President Caceres, when both agreed to stop fighting. Senor Canadamo chose his cabinet from all factions and he was able to unite the country. Four years later he was elected president by a great majority.

A STEVEDORE KILLED BY ESCAPING GAS FUMES

Philadelphia, May 7.—James Donovan, aged 55 years, a stevedore, was suffocated and eight others were overcome today by fumes arising from an explosion of gas in the hold in the steamship Switzerland, which arrived here Wednesday from Antwerp. When that batch was opened today, gas generated by chemicals in the hold exploded and before the stevedores could retreat, Donovan and others were overcome. The fumes arising from the explosion caused that wharf to be deserted for a time.

CHLOROFORMED CHRISTIANS.

Wabash, Ind., May 7.—While the Christian Holiness people were in the midst of their revival meeting at their tabernacle here today, an unknown person dashed a big bottle of chloroform over the congregation. Numerous persons were overcome that they had to be dragged to the doors before they revived.

SCHIFF MEETS KING.

London, May 27.—Jacob Schiff, who in behalf of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., arranged to take half the Japanese loan, had a private audience with King Edward yesterday. This unusual incident is understood to have been due to the king's desire to express his appreciation at the fact that the United States and England are co-operating so harmoniously in large financial undertakings. Sir Ernst Cassell, an old friend of Mr. Schiff's, apparently brought the matter to the king's knowledge. The Japanese loan is nominally quoted today at 2¼ per cent premium.

FIRE AT RICHMOND, VA.

Richmond, Va., May 7.—The mill and sheds of the plant of the Richmond Guano company below the city were burned today. Loss, $125,000; covered by insurance. The fire was accidental.

THE "DAM" FISH.

How Warden Fullerton Lost a Preacher's Respect.

Sam. F. Fullerton, the executive agent of the state fish and game commission, is a good fellow, and withal one who has many friends in all parts of Minnesota, says Doc. Rutledge in the Cass Lake Voice. Sam is fond of a joke, and does not hesitate to tell one on any of his friends when occasion offers. However, there is an incident in Sam's own experience (of which he has said nothing) that might be of interest to Sam's acquaintances.

Mr. Fullerton, in the early days of his married life, lived on a certain small stream which was dammed, making a lage pond that furnished power for a grist mill. Sam and his wife were in the habit of geting fish from the stream and also from the mill pond, the latter being ermed the "dam" fish, inasmuch as they were caught immediately above the dam.

"You must be on your good behavior this evening, for the miniser is going to dine with us," quoth Mrs. Fullerton to her "worse half" as he came home from his work one day. "What have you got for dinner?" queried Mr. Fullerton with some slight misgivings as to the extent of the commissary. "Well, I know the minister is fond of fish, so I bought quite a string of small river fish, and also several larger ones from the dam." "I'm not much at doing the honors, especially when a minister is the guest of honor at the table," said Sam, "but I guess we can get through with it all right."

An hour later, the miniser arrived, and after a half hour's wait, Mr. and Mrs. Fulerton and the dominie sat down to a most appetizing meal, the main dishes of which were made up of fish cooked in different styles of the cuisine art. The reverend gentleman asked the blessing, and the head of the house, a little nervously, began dishing out the vegetables and potatoes. This was finished without incident, when Sam turned to the guest and asked:

"Will you have some of the little river fish, or would you prefer some of the dam big fish?"

The warning kick under the table from his wife was unnecessary. He knew he had blundered and cold beads of perspiration started out on his forehead.

"I mean," trying to retpair the error "will you have some of the dam river fish, or some of the big fish?"

Worse and more of it. The hired girl slyly pulled his coat tail to bring him to his normal condition.

"That is, would you like some of the river fish or some of the other dam fish?"

The deep carnation spreading over his good lady's face did not mend matters a bit, and with a gasp, Sam plunged in once more:

"Ahem. Which of the dam fish do you prefer, anyway?"

The look of horror with which the preacher regarded the speaker was too much for Sam, and grabbing his hat he fled from the premises.

For a year afterwards, the dominie refused to recognize the executive agent of the game and fish commission, and to this day when Mr. Fullerton attends church which, by the way, he does regularly twice every Sabbath day) he invariably puts a half dollar in the collection box, a sa sort of penance for his unintentionally blasphemous remarks at the table when the preacher was his invited guest.

The North-Western Line Removal.

The city freight and ticket office of The North-Western Line, (Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha railway), is now located at 302 West Superior street, Lonsdale building.
GEORGE M. SMITH,
General Agent.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

THE TIME LIMIT

For Ministers Is Leading Question Before Methodist Conference.

Many Ask That the Former Time Plan Be Restored.

Los Angeles, May 7.—The end of the first week of the thirty-first general conference of the Methodist church saw much preliminary matter and details disposed of and the great gathering nearly ready to take up the more important work before it. All of the standing committees have been organized, and many of them have appointed their sub-committees and mapped out the work assigned to their special attention. In the initial sessions of the leading committees one question above all others has been brought prominently to the front. It is the question of whether the present conference shall restore the ministerial time limit of three or five years, or permit the present plan of unlimited tenure, which was adopted at the general conference four years ago, to continue.

The bishops, in their annual address, touched on this question but refrained from expressing any opinion that could be construed by the conference one way or another and as yet there has been no authoritative statements on the matter from anyone in the conference.

The committee on itinerary has this matter in charge and the temper of the members, as shown at the first meeting when the question was broached, indicated that all would be harmonious in the disposal of this problem. Many of the annual conference have memorialized the general conference to take action and restore either the three or five year limit.

A favorite theme is the amusement paragraph, and there are annuals on this subject being against any change.

One memorial is submitted from Nebraska asking that the term for which bishops are elected be changed from life to twelve years. This question has been discussed before, but it is unlikely that the matter will be given serious consideration by the present conference. Other memorials call for more rigid discipline of personal conduct, while others directly oppose it and favor a more liberal supervision. The South Carolina conference has presented a large memorial asking for the election of a bishop of African descent. The conference of the state of Illinois appears to be supporting Bishop McCabe in his desire to open the American university and had asked for the removal of the $5,000,000 restriction clause against that institution. The temperance question is also up for discussion.

The Rock River lay conference petitions that the president and congress of the United States be requested by the general conference to prohibit th sale of intoxicating liquors in the territories, islands, District of Columbia and all other places where the federal government has political control.

For Sale on Park Point
Choice lot on Minnesota avenue, near Twenty-second street. Will build to suit purchaser. Small payment down, balance can be paid in monthly installments. E. W. A. PEAKE, 521 Manhattan building.

THREE HURT IN EXPLOSION.

New York, May 7.—Three men were badly hurt today by the explosion of a battery on William K. Vanderbilt's yacht Tarantula, near City island, where the yacht was anchored. The men were cut and burned by the acid in the battery and were blown overboard by the explosion.

COULD NOT ENTER MINE.

Shamokin, Pa., May 7.—Several attempts were made during the night and early today to enter the Locust Gap slope in search of the five miners who are entombed, but owing to the dense smoke and gas in the interior explorations were impossible. There is little hope of rescuing the men.

BLOODHOUNDS ON TRACK.

Earlham, Iowa, May 7.—Bloodhounds are on the track of burglars, who entered Fry & Packard's general merchandise store and robbed the safe of several hundred dollars. Entrance was secured by breaking a window. The safe was dynamited.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

John Adamski and Pauline Nesgoda.
Gustel Christenson and Juliane Jonassen.

BIRTHS.

PIERSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. William A. Pierson, of 4030 Oneota street, May 5.

KEHTEL—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. William A. Kehtel, of 419 East Eighth street, May 4.

BARNES—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur M. Barnes, of 6019 Tioga street, May 4.

McDERMOTT—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Robert McDermott, of 1801 West Superior street, May 4.

MURPHY—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. James B. Murphy, of 7 East Sixth street, May 2.

GRANDMAISON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Grandmaison, of Park Point, May 5.

ERICKSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Sam Erickson, of 2105 Piedmont avenue, May 2.

BUILDING PERMITS.

Andrew Carroll, frame dwelling on Lake avenue, between Walnut and Cherry streets, to cost.....$ 450

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

GASOLINE LAUNCHES
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Equipped with the "Williams" latest improved gasoline motor and the "Crescent" reversible speed propeller, means comfort, speed and entire satisfaction. Launches complete or motors separate.
DULUTH GAS ENGINE WORKS,
Minnesota Point and Vine St.

FOR SALE—7-room house. 122 E. 8th St. $900. Inquire 815 E. 7th St. Zen. phone 684.

FOR RENT — MODERN FURNISHED rooms. 312 Third avenue East.

LADIES—WE PAY $20 PER HUNDRED for writing short letters. Send stamped envelope for particulars. Ideal Mfg. Co., Benton Harbor, Mich.

WANTED — A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; must be good cook; family of three. 118 East Fourth street, upper flat.

WANTED—POSITION BY COOK, WITH four years' experience. Hotel or boat preferred. W. J., Tremont hotel.

Northern Hardware Co.
We have a Very Complete Line of High Grade Fishing Tackle and Base Ball Goods
WALLACE WELLS. R. D. ANNIS.

THE SOCIETY PAGE.

How the Potiphars Read It With Foot Notes.

Taking things as they go, from one week's end to another, it is very likely that the society page is read with as keen relish as any other part of the modern newspaper, says a writer in the Post-Standard of Syracuse, N. Y. Without regard to the color or previous condition of barbarism, human beings seem to want to knew who was entertained at Mrs. Potiphar's reception last week, and what the differences have been where Miss Potiphar's coming out party. One very sedate friend of mine who simply can't endure the mention of the Sunday paper with the colored supplement asked me the other day if I couldn't induce the Post-Standard to sell him a Sunday paper containing nothing but the news. Upon pushing him down to his real meaning I found that what he wants is the society page. He doesn't go out in society himself and he doesn't care to, but he knows many of those who do, and he likes to know how they do it.

That is the secret. I suppose, brethren. We are all a trifle worldly and few of us are so unfortunate as to be without curiosity. There are a good many houses in the city which we would like to see the insides of, not that we are jealous or envious, or suffering from overweening ambition, merely curious. The society page gives us the chance if not to share the refreshments and "take in" the furniture, at least to mingle with those who did.

"Here's a few pages of the paper, my dear," says Mr. Potiphar over the Sunday breakfast coffee. "Your own page is probably there."

"I'm sure, William," replies Mrs. Potiphar, "you needn't talk so scornfully about it. It's not half as vulgar as baseball."

"Society," begins Mr. Potiphar, "is a game of stolen bases and foul hits." Having declared this epigram, Mr. Potiphar returns to the sporting page and Mrs. Potiphar continues:

"Mr. and Mrs. Sorghum entertained a few (listen to that!) of their more intimate (Hm!) friends at a simple (Simple, indeed,) dinner of ten courses at the Wayside Inn last Wednesday. Covers were laid for thirty. The guests sat at small stallments. E. W. A. PEAKE, 521 Manhattan building.

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THE SOCIETY PAGE.

How the Potiphars Read It With Foot Notes.

Taking things as they go, from one week's end to another, it is very likely that the society page is read with as keen relish as any other part of the modern newspaper, says a writer in the Post-Standard of Syracuse, N. Y. Without regard to the color or previous condition of barbarism, human beings seem to want to knew who was entertained at Mrs. Potiphar's reception last week, and what the differences have been where Miss Potiphar's coming out party. One very sedate friend of mine who simply can't endure the mention of the Sunday paper with the colored supplement asked me the other day if I couldn't induce the Post-Standard to sell him a Sunday paper containing nothing but the news. Upon pushing him down to his real meaning I found that what he wants is the society page. He doesn't go out in society himself and he doesn't care to, but he knows many of those who do, and he likes to know how they do it.

That is the secret. I suppose, brethren. We are all a trifle worldly and few of us are so unfortunate as to be without curiosity. There are a good many houses in the city which we would like to see the insides of, not that we are jealous or envious, or suffering from overweening ambition, merely curious. The society page gives us the chance if not to share the refreshments and "take in" the furniture, at least to mingle with those who did.

"Here's a few pages of the paper, my dear," says Mr. Potiphar over the Sunday breakfast coffee. "Your own page is probably there."

"I'm sure, William," replies Mrs. Potiphar, "you needn't talk so scornfully about it. It's not half as vulgar as baseball."

"Society," begins Mr. Potiphar, "is a game of stolen bases and foul hits." Having declared this epigram, Mr. Potiphar returns to the sporting page and Mrs. Potiphar continues:

"Mr. and Mrs. Sorghum entertained a few (listen to that!) of their more intimate (Hm!) friends at a simple (Simple, indeed,) dinner of ten courses at the Wayside Inn last Wednesday. Covers were laid for thirty. The guests sat at small stallments. A profusion of American Beauty roses formed the decorations. The souvenirs were silver match boxes for the men and sealskin card cases for the ladies. Dubbs orchestra of six pieces furnished music during the evening. (Well, did you ever?) Among those present were ——

William Potiphar, did you ever hear of such nerve as those Sorghum people have? Why, they say that Mrs. Sorghum can't get trusted for a cent at any dry-goods store in town. Mrs. Warrington's girl knows Mrs. Sorghum's girl, and she says that she is going to leave next week unless they give her more to eat."

Mr. Potiphar: "Perhaps the girl is keeping a training table for her father's family at Sorghum's expense. I've heard of such things."

Mrs. Potiphar has not been listening to Mr. Potiphar. She continues:

"Mrs. J. Adamson-Cain and Miss Adamson-Cain will leave for New York tomorrow whence they sail on Tuesday for the Mediterranean. They intend to remain there during most of the year."

"You know how they got that money, don't you, William? You know that her husband didn't furnish it, don't you?"

Mr. Potiphar: "I should say I did. Cain's affairs are in the hands of the bankruptcy court."

Mrs. Potiphar: "Well, I'll tell you. Kate Adamson's father is in the soap business in Buffalo!"

Mr. Potiphar: "Good for Adamson! Hooray for soap! It's clean. It floats. Also it allows persons who dabble in it to pay their debts, even if their clothes do smell a little. Rather lucky for Cain, isn't it? If it weren't for the soap business his wife and daughter would be with him all winter while he is trying to get his business affairs straightened out. Knowing what I do of the two, I think he is entitled to congratulations, because old Adamson has souped his daughter's and granddaughter's way to Europe."

Mrs. Potiphar (giggling): "William Potiphar, you're perfectly awful." She reads again:

Mr. Addison Steele is spending a week at Batavia.

"He goes there, you know, to see that homely girl who visited the Browns here last summer."

Miss Katharine Morris of Binghamton is visitingat the home of Mr. and Mrs. Davis Squidge.

"Who are the Squidges, William? Aren't they the same family that used to live on that garbage farm down on the Neck until Mr. Squidge managed to think up a way of making ivory out of sour milk?"

Mr. and Mrs. Younghusband are taking an outing at Atlantic City.

"I sh'd think they would. His mother's been visiting 'em."

Mr. Potiphar: "Anything there about our little affair of Thursday night?"

Mrs. Potiphar: "Goodness me, I had almost forgotten it." Reads:

"MISS POTIPHAR COMING OUT.

"Mr. and Mrs. William Potiphar gave a charming evening's entertainment last Thursday in honor of the coming out of their daughter, Miss Verandah Potiphar. Miss Potiphar has just graduated from Vassar and she took this graceful way of renewing her acquaintance with her old friends here. Bridge, hearts and bid euchre were enjoyed until 11, when a light supper was served. (William, it was the heartiest meal the Wiltons and the Brussels had had for a week. And look at the style they put on!)

"Later there was dancing until a late hour. Those present were: Mr. and Miss Dorset (They didn't come, you know, William, but I told the reporter to put them down. They must have received their invitations and I heard that they thought they would try to get here); Mr. and Mrs. Swellhouse and the Misses Swellhouse; the Misses Van Lund (That "Van" was put on when they came into the old gentleman's property); Mr. and Mrs. ——, Mr. and Mrs. ——, Mr. ——, Miss ——. (Yes, they're all down. For once the reporter didn't make a perfectly inexcusable blunder). Mr. Herron and Miss Crane won the prizes, a solid silver tankard and an elegantly hand bound volume of the Rubaiyat (The book store man said that the Rubaiyat was perfectly ladyilke, although not very orthodox. But Miss Crane is a Unitarian, so it won't hurt her). Miss Potiphar expects to leave next month to take up settlement work in New York among the very poor. (William, you don't suppose she will, do you? Don't you think she might care a little bit for that nice Mr. Boodle?)"

It will be seen that while the society page is remarkable in itself, it is nothing compared with the foot notes that are sometimes supplied by the individual reader.

Fought the Good Fight.

G. R. Sims, in the Referee, is responsible for the statement that in a fashionable cemetery is a beautiful new monument with this touching description:

To the Memory
of
MORGIANA SMITH,
Beloved wife of
William Smith.

She died from injuries received while bravely fighting to retain possession of a remnant of silk at a drapery sale. She fought for two hours and permanently disabled four of her opponents before she succumbed to her wounds.

A REMNANT.

Sleep well, O England's daughter,
Thy earthly sales are done,
Amid the awful slaughter
You held your own and won.

The number of times in a year that a man uses The Herald's Want Columns is an idex to his interests and activities.

HALF FARE
PLUS $2.00
For Round Trip Tickets
VIA
Louisville & Nashville R. R.
To Nearly All Points In
ALABAMA, FLORIDA, GEORGIA, KENTUCKY, MISSISSIPPI, VIRGINIA, NORTH AND SOUTH CAROLINA, TENNESSEE

Tickets on sale May 3rd and 17th, June 7th-21st, and on first and third Tuesday of each month thereafter until Nov. 15th, and good returning 21 days from date of sale. For further information, consult your local agent, or address

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MRS. J. H. ROBINSON will open, on MAY FIRST, a spacious boarding and rooming house at 125 and 127 West Second street, where she will be able, in the meantime, to meet and arrange to give careful attention to a few more wishing first-class board and room or meals.

We Furnish **GOLD BONDS**
To secure stock or bonds of other corporations, have your stock secured with a Gold Bond, your customers will like it much better, for it eliminates all RISK against loss of principal. Call or write for information.
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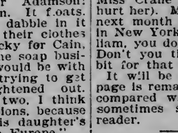
$5.00 $5.00
Crowns ..... $3 up
Alloy Fillings ..... 50c up

Gold Crowns, 22k $5.00
Bridge Work ..... $5.00 up
SPECIAL FOR THE MONTH OF MAY:
$10 Gold Crowns $7
$15 Metal Plates $10
$2 Alloy Fillings $1.50
All Porcelain Fillings 50c
Duluth Dental Parlors,
Near Lake Ave. No. 3 West Superior Street.

THE GRAIN MARKETS

Wheat Dragged and Closed With a Slight Advance.

Flax Trading Very Dull and the Market Irregular.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 7.—Wheat dragged somewhat today, being lower at times than yesterday's closing prices, and again a little higher. There was not much life to the market, but it seemed to be a natural lull after the advance rather than any loss of confidence in prices. The Liverpool market closed ⅛@¼d higher, London ⅜@⅝d higher, and Antwerp unchanged.

In the Duluth market May and July both closed ⅛c lower, in Chicago May was ⅜c lower and July ¼c lower; in Minneapolis May lost 1⅛@¼c and July ⅛c, and in New York May was ⅝c lower and July ⅜c lower. In Duluth September was ⅜c higher and in Minneapolis ⅛c higher.

Car receipts at Duluth were 8, against 12 last year, and at Minneapolis 92, against 112 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 100, against 124 a years ago. Chicago received 25 against 54 a year ago.

Primary receipts of wheat were 170,000 bus., last year, 237,000 bus. Shipments, 359,000 bus, last year, 414,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 230,000 bus.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¼d lower, in the Chicago market July corn closed ⅛c higher. July oats closed ⅛@⅛c lower. Primary receipts of corn were 435,000 bus, last year 398,000 bus. Shipments, 275,000 bus, last year 554,000 bus. Clearances were 51,000 bus.

Trading in wheat was dull on the Duluth board. The July option opened ⅜c higher at 92⅛c, sold at 92⅜c at 9:40, fell off to 91⅝c at 11 o'clock and rallied to 92c at 11:35. It again fell to 91⅞c at 11:4 and closed at 92c. This was a loss of ⅛c. May closed with the same loss at 92¼c. September was ⅜c higher, closing at 81⅞c.

Cash wheat prices were closed at the same figure. May price for No. 1 northern and 2½c under for No. 2 northern, but better prices than have been paid. It is reported that 1c over is being freely paid and that sales have been made as high as 2c over.

Flax was very dull. It sold ¼c up to $1.07¼ and closed unchanged to $1.07½. July and September closed ¼c higher.

Oats closed ¼c lower.

Following are the closing prices on the Duluth board:

Wheat—In store, No. 1 hard, 93¾c; No. 1 northern, 92¼c; No. 2 northern, 89¾. To arrive, No. 1 hard, 93¾c; No. 1 northern, 92¼c; No. 2 northern, 89¾c. Macaroni, No. 1, 85c; No. 2, 86c; May, 92¼c; July, 92c; September, 81⅞c. Flax, in store, $1.07½; to arrive, $1.07½; May, $1.07½; July, $1.08¾; September, $1.09½; October, $1.09¼. Oats, on track, 40¼c; to arrive, 40½c. Rye, to arrive, 66c; on track, 66c.

Cars Inspected: Wheat, 8; last year, 12; barley, 1; flax, 6; last year, 0.

Receipts: Wheat, 5163; oats, 2733; flax, 873.

Shipments: Wheat, 191,416.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Moderate Selling Gave Wheat an Easier Tone.

Chicago, May 7.—An easier tone was manifested in the wheat pit today, owing to moderate selling by pit traders. Large shipments from Argentina, India and Australia were the principal weakening influences. The market opened firm on heavy rains in the Red River valley and on small receipts. July being up a shade to 1⅛@1¼c at 86⅝c to 86¾c. After declining to 86¼c the price steadied around 86⅛@⅜c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 125 cars, against 106 cars last week and 178 cars a year ago.

The market continued easy throughout the day, due to a lack of any influential support. After selling off to 85¾c, July closed at 86⅜c, a loss of ¼c from yesterday's final prices.

The easier tone of wheat brought out some realizing sales in corn, and as a result the market was barely steady. Rain throughout the West and small receipts were supporting factors. After opening unchanged to a shade up at 48¼c to 48⅜@⅝c, July declined to 48c, but rallied later to 48⅜@½c. Local receipts were 201 cars, with 14 of contract grade.

In spite of a light trade the market held steady, July closing ½c up at 48⅝c.

Oats were easier on a poor cash demand, and in sympathy with wheat. There was a fair commission house demand, which was supplied by pit traders. July opened unchanged to ⅛c lower at 38⅝c to 38¾c and eased off to 38⅜@½c. Local receipts were 71 cars. Provisions were about steady under the influence of a firm hog market. A little outside demand for pork was the only feature. After opening down 7½c at $11.75, July pork sold off to $11.65@11.67½. Lard and ribs were unchanged at $6.42½ and $6.45 respectively. Prices on these products showed practically no change.

Close: Wheat—May, 91c; July, 86@⅛c; old, 87½c; September, 80⅞c; old, 82¾c. Corn—May, 47c; July, 48¾c; September, 47⅞@48c. December, 43¾c. Oats—May, 41¼c; July, 38¼@⅜c; September, 30⅜c. Pork—May, $11.35; July, $11.57½; September, $11.75; January, $11.00. Lard—May, $6.47½; July, $6.60; September, $6.75. Ribs—May, $6.25; July, $6.42½; September, $6.57½. Rye—May, 73c; July, 67c. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.08¾; Southwestern, $1.01; May, $1.01; July, $1.04. Timothy—May, $2.87½. Clover—May, $10.75. Barley—Cash, 52@57c. Cash wheat—No. 2 hard, $1.02@1.06; No. 3 red, $1.00@1.05; No. 2 hard, 90@95c; No. 3 hard, 83@90c; No. 1 northern, 94@99c; No. 2 northern, 88@93c; No. 3 spring, 86@91c. Corn—No. 2, 48¼@49½c; No. 3, 47½@48½c. Oats—No. 2, 40c; No. 3, 39½c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—There was nothing in the cables. It was a very dull market with some scattered liquidation and the buying force a little mild. The dominant feeling among professional traders in wheat is no doubt bull sh. The reports from the winter wheat crop received the past few days are rather sensationally unfavorable. Then there is the moderate stocks of wheat and the cash premiums. We think, however, that a conservative view requires cognizance of the fact that the wheat crop is not made up of one condition or one country. Both actual and relative prices must always be considered. Here are a few facts and indications which should, we think, be taken into account: On the basis of the very worst crop estimates that we have or we are likely to get, the United States will be an exporting country still. On the basis of the comparative current movement this year and last, we shall have wheat to export from the old crop. Our visible supply is only 3,000,000 less than a year ago and we are exporting practically nothing. Last year from the nine weeks from the first of May we exported 4,000,000 per week, or a total of 36,000 000 bushels. There are a great many who think the wheat in the farmers' hands has been exhausted. The fact that the movement from farmers' hands ceased simultaneously with the declaration of war between Japan and Russia is, we think, rather significant. A year ago Liverpool was about ⅝c per bushel higher than it is today. We are about 15 cents per bushel higher than we were a year ago. Are we to go down or is Liverpool to go up? The world's shipments for the week to Europe are estimated at 11,000,000 bushels. This is practically with no contributions from us. The amount of wheat in sight and afloat from Europe, including the Argentine visible, which is not large, is about 90,000,000 bushels against about 60,000,000 last year. The world's visible supply of stocks and afloat, is considerably in excess of a year ago. European crop prospects are uniformly fine. These are all propositions which should be considered and it is a conservative and pertinent query as to whether these conditions are likely to make Europe come up to our level or force us down to theirs. There are those who assume and claim that the United States is no longer an exporting country. Such radical changes as this are not brought about by cataclysms and revolutions. It is hardly possible that within the short space of two years we have declined from the largest exporting country in the world to one which is simply self-supporting. We simply offer the foregoing facts and suggestions as worthy of consideration in these times of high prices and bullish sentiment. We might add that the stock of flour are large, the demand poor, and a great many mills shut down for lack of orders.

Corn—It was a very quiet market with nothing of interest in the small volume of transactions. The market is a waiting one, both on the development as to what the demand will be and as to the prospect willaoin rdlu fwyp gkwj hrdlu oil gress of the planting season. In respect of the latter, conditions are thought to be generally favorable, although in some parts of the corn belt are getting considerable rain. There is quite a little local bearish sentiment, but it is rather shy and so far has succeeded in making but little impression on prices.

Oats—As in corn, it is a dull market. The local stock is in strong hands and shippers seem to hold rather bullish views on prices. This relieves the market of much selling pressure, except by the bear crowd and that is not very greatly in evidence.

Provisions—On a dull market the bearish sentiment of local traders was the cause of the loss in prices. Receipts of hogs are moderate, shipments of meats are running in excess of a year ago and shipments of lard fully equal to a year ago. There is some good buying by packers, but no effort to advance prices at this time. The market is in a healthy position. While there is nothing extremely bullish in the situation, we are inclined to think provisions are low enough for the time being and that it won't hurt to buy them on the soft spots.

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B. E. Baker's Chicago grain letter: Wheat—The edge was off the wheat market today, the effect of the sensational crop reports of yesterday being minimized to a certain extent by the lack of outside trade and the inclination on the part of local bulls to take profits. Private advices from the winter wheat seats and the Howard Bartel's crop percentages were along the lines of the Snow report. Trade was rather light. Kansas City stocks decreased 60,000 bushels this week. The weather map was a desirable one, showing general rains in the Southwest and scattered showers in the Northwest. The latter caused some apprehension early, lest seeding be further delayed. The forecast for over Sunday is a favorable one. Minneapolis stocks are one-half million bushels over a year ago. European stocks of wheat, May 1, 88,600,000, compared with 86,400,000 a month ago and 60,000,000 a year ago. Australian shipments were large at a trifle over 2,000,000. We do not think it is yet time to buy wheat and some further decline is probable.

Corn was a quiet market with a rather featureless trade, with very little change of values. The news was rather scant. The demand was poor and the low qualities of receipts sold at relatively full values. Cables made no bids and the only indication was the possible price of 1½c under May for Chicago No. 2 corn. Estimates, 115 cars.

Oats—There was very little in the oat market. The trade was small and the pit operators in a limited way were inclined to sell the July. The demand continues good. 61,000 bushels were loaded from store yesterday and receipts for 25,000 standard cancelled. Peoria reports one traveling man found but 500 bushels of oats in country in three days' search east and south of that city. The old crop position is a strong one, and May and July should be bought on the breaks. Estimates for Monday, 65 cars.

• • •

W. H. Laidley & Co., Chicago: Wheat—The usual disposition to even up trades over Sunday has led to some selling by holders with profits and given the easier tone to the market. The steadily increasing conviction that the winter wheat in many states is a failure and that the total crop must fall considerably below last year's tended to stimulate more general buying and start a real bull market. Would buy on all recessions.

Corn—The denial of the report of the settlement of the lake carriers' strike, together with the fine weather, has had a weakening effect on this market, and a rather heavy tone prevails. Much will depend on the cash demand.

Oats—This market was also inpuenced by the lake carriers' troubles and the fine growing weather, though there are still some unfavorable reports regarding the poor germination of recently planted oats.

• • •

Peoria writes: Mr. Mueller telephones from the country that up to this time he has only found 5000 bus of oats at stations on a three days' trip through the best part of this state east and south of here. He says he does not think there will be anything doing in the way of movement for at least ten days yet, as farmers one and all are hard at work.

"Exporters are doing nothing," says Geo. C. Ewen, of Minneapolis. "They are practically out of the business. In Kansas and Oklahoma they have had a great deal of rain for the last ten days, and the wheat people in that territory are hopeful. People I talk with expect three-quarters of a crop in Oklahoma and something like 80,000,000 bus wheat in Kansas."

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 7.— Closing wheat, No. 1 California, 7s; futures, steady; May, 6s 3⅝d; July, 6s 4¾d. Corn, spot, firm; American mixed, new, 4s 3½d; American mixed, old, 4s 7d; futures, quiet; May, 4s 4⅞d; July, 4s 3½d.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	92¼N	93⅜	91⅜	93⅜A
High	.....	93⅜	91⅝	.....
Low	.....	92⅜	90⅞	.....
Close	92¼	92⅜	91	9 1⅛N
Close. 6th.	83⅜	92⅞-93	91⅜	93⅛
July—				
Open	92¼B	93¼	86⅜-½	91⅛A
High	92⅞	93¼	87⅛	91⅝
Low	91⅞	92⅜-½	85¾	90⅜
Close	92	93¾	86-⅛	90⅝
Close, 6th.	92½	92⅞	86¾-⅜	90¼
Sept.—				
Open	81⅞	81⅝	81¼-⅜	8 5⅝
High	82	81⅞	81⅜-½	81⅞
Low	81¾	81¼	80⅝	81¼
Close	81⅞	81⅝-½	80⅞	81¼
Close, 6th.	81½	81¼-⅜	81-⅛	84⅜

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	38⅝@38¾	48¼@48¾-⅝	$11.75
High	38¾	48⅝	11.75
Low	38⅜	48¼	11.52
Close	38½-⅝	48⅝A	11.67

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, March 7.—Close: Wheat—May, 92¼c; July, 92¾c; September, 81⅝@⅞c on track, 1 hard, 96@½c; 1 northern, 96@½c; 2 northern, 93½c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 7.—Close: Wheat—May, 92½c; July, 90¾c; September, 84¼c; December, 84½c. Corn—May, 55¼c; July, 53⅜c; September, 53c.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, May 7, 1904:

STATIONS—	State of weather.	*Minimum.	*Maximum.	Rainfall, inches and hundredths.
Alexandria	Rain	64	46	.50
Campbell	Rain	68	44	.69
Crookston	Rain	64	46	.62
Detroit City	Rain	66	44	T.
Grand Meadows	Cloudy	70	48	.0
Minneapolis	Pt. cldy	68	40	.0
New Ulm	Cloudy	70	48	.0
Winnebago City	Clear	72	48	.0
Worthington	Pt. cldy	70	50	.0
Devils Lake	Cloudy	70	42	.0
Langdon	Cloudy	68	42	.18
Larimore	Cloudy	68	40	.18
Lisbon	Rain	72	...	.38
Pembina	Cloudy	68	44	.22
Aberdeen	Pt. cldy	78	44	.0
Mitchell	Cloudy	74	44	.0
Redfield	.....	72	36	.0
Bismarck	Cloudy	64	38	.04
Duluth	Clear	63	28	.04
Huron	Rain	72	44	.01
La Crosse	Rain	72	58	.12
Moorhead	Rain	66	46	.08
Pierre	Cloudy	78	60	.01
St. Paul	Pt. cldy	70	50	.0
Winnipeg	Cloudy	70	42	.0

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall. *For yesterday. **For twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time. Note—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are may up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

REMARKS.

Showers fell over nearly all districts.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster, Weather Bureau.

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall.
* For yesterday. ** For twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report a large outlet today. Manitoba and Dakota dealers purchased several carloads of farm horses. Local trade was light. Values as follows:

Drafters, extra	$180@225
Drafters, choice	155@180
Drafters, common to good	120@155
Farm mares, extra	140@155
Farm mares, choice	120@140
Farm mares, common to good	100@120

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 7.—Cattle receipts, 200; nominal; good to prime steers, $5.00@5.75; poor to medium, $3.90@4.85; stockers and feeders, $3.00@4.50; cows, $1.75@4.40; heifers, $2.25@4.60; canners, $1.75@2.40; bulls, $2.00@4.10; calves, $2.50@6.00; Texas fed steers, $4.00@4.65. Hogs receipts today, 8000; Monday, 38,000; steady to 5c up; mixed and butchers, $4.75@4.90; good to choice heavy, $4.80@4.95; rough heavy, $4.65@4.80; light, $4.65@4.80; bulk of sales, $4.70@4.85. Sheep receipts, 2000; steady; lambs, steady; good to choice wethers, $4.75@5.25; fair to choice mixed, $3.50@4.50; clipped Westerns, $4.00@5.25; native lambs, $4.75@5.75; clipped Western lambs, $4.75@6.75; wooled Western lambs, $6.00@6.85.

Hygienic Gazette: Temperance—Eat not to fullness; drink not to elevation.

Silence—Speak not but what may benefit others or yourself; avoid trifling conversation.

Order—Let all your things have their places; let each part of your business have its time.

Resolution—Resolve to perform what you ought; perform without fail what you resolve.

Frugality—Make no expense, but do good to others or yourself; that is, waste nothing.

Industry—Lose no time; be always employed in something useful; cut off all unnecessary actions.

Sincerity—Use no hurtful deceit; think innocently and justly; and if you speak, speak accordingly.

Justice—Wrong none by doing injuries, or omitting the benefits that are your duty.

Moderation—Avoid extremes; forbear resenting injuries.

Cleanliness—Suffer no uncleanliness in body, clothes or habitation.

Tranquility—Be not disturbed about trifles, or at accidents, common or unavoidable.

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BOND
DEPARTMENT.
(N. Y. LIFE ARCADE.)
Our bond Sales which have been incidental to our general brokerage in
STOCKS AND GRAINS
have led us to establish a SPECIAL BOND DEPARTMENT.
We own and offer, or will buy—
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Railroad Bonds,
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Bond Lists Will be Sent on Request.
COE COMMISSION CO., Grain, Stocks, Bonds.
Gen'l Office: N. Y. Life Bldg., Minneapolis.
H. E. GOOCH, Correspondent,
220 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

Under Nominal Offerings, With Utter Absence of Interest.

Bank Statement Was Bearish and Closing Was Heavy.

New York, May 7.—Ten of the twelve stocks dealt in in the first five minutes' trading today were quoted at unchanged prices from last night. A gain of ⅛ in Lead and a decline of ⅛ in Western Union were the only changes. The market was stagnant.

No transactions were made during the first forty-five minutes in either St. Paul, Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, Missouri Pacific or Reading, besides many other stocks of secondary importance. This neglect of the foremost active stocks shows an utter absence of interest in the current market. A rise of ⅝ in Lead and a decline of a point in United States Rubber were the only features of the dealings.

The market was profoundly neglected, but prices sank slowly under nominal offerings. The tendency was slightly increased after the appearance of the bank statement with its $10,000,000 depletion of the surplus of reserve. Brooklyn Transit declined ⅞ and United States Rubber preferred and Chicago Union Traction preferred 1. Consolidated Gas rose ¾ and reacted 1½. The closing was heavy.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 306 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stocks—	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	47	47	47⅛
American Sugar	127⅜	127⅜	127⅜
Anaconda	76	76	76
Atchison, Top. & S. Fe	73¼	72⅜	72⅝
Baltimore & Ohio	79	78⅜	78⅝
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	46⅜	45	45
Chicago & Alton	38	38	38
Chicago Great Western	15⅝	15½	15½
Chic., Mil. & St. Paul	143¾	142⅝	142⅝
Chic., Rock Island & P.	23	22½	22½
Rock Island pfd	66⅝	66½	66⅝
Colorado Southern	15⅝	15⅜	15⅜
Erie common	25	24½	24½
Hocking Valley	67	67	67
Illinois Central	130¼	130¼	130¼
Louisville & Nashville	103	103	103
Manhattan Elevated	143⅞	143½	143½
Metropolitan Street Ry.	109	108¾	108⅞
Mexican Central	7¼	7¼	7¼
Minn. St. P. & S. S. M.	61¾	61¼	61½
Missouri Pacific	91½	91⅜	91⅜
Pennsylvania	114⅝	114¼	114⅜
Reading	45½	45¼	45¼
Southern Pacific	47¼	47⅛	47⅛
Tenn. Coal and Iron	36	35	35
Union Pacific	94⅞	94⅛	94⅛
United States Steel	10¾	10⅝	10⅝
do pfd	56⅝	55⅞	55⅞
Western Union	89	89	89⅛
Northern Securities	.....	.....	99¼@½

The total sales were 41,600 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

E. Waldorf to B. E. Baker: Sentiment in the stock market tonight is without noteworthy change. Opinions continues to favor the short side, though some good critics believe that speculation will be so narrow during the next two or three weeks that it will be most difficult to scalp even small profits by either bull or bear unless it be in specialties. The general market they declare, will remain inanimate because of the stolid indifference in the public and the waiting attitude of large operators and important interests. The latter are believed to be holding off in order to get a line on the crop situation and the political outlook. Commission houses say business consists almost entirely of traders' ventures and manipulation by pools which would like to see the market galvanize into life. Such efforts are noticeable in Rock Island, Brooklyn Rapid Transit and Copper. According to current gossip there is inside buying of the first named, but unprejudiced observers make the point that the decline in net earnings and the condition of winter wheat in March and April will mileate against Rock Island common stock, even at the latter's low prices. Comment on Brooklyn Rapid Transit and Copper, however, im more favorable for the reason that earnings of both companies are believed to be improving and there is a large short interest in their shares. As to Copper, gossip has it that the threatened attack by those with Lawson has been the motive of heavy short selling by that operator and his followers and that those sales have been taken on at declining prices by the H. H. Rogers Standard Oil interests, which are believed to hold bore Amalgamated Copper now than at any time since it sold at 130.

• • •

Dick to Paine, Webber & Ca.: The market today has broken all records for dullness and is unworthy of any comment. The bank statement was the one interesting development. It was very disappointing. The market's general tone was heavy and closing prices were the lowest. A further decline on Monday is not unlikely.

• • •

W. H. Laidley & Co., Chicago: The stock market was practically dead, with trade entirely professional and ready to take any kind of a profit in sight. The bank statement was poor and prices eased off slightly upon it, but there is no decided tendency one way or the other, and prospects, as we see them, are for continued dullness and inactivity. Would buy such stocks as Union Pacific and Southern Pacific, St. Paul, Atchison, Amalgamated Copper and the tractions upon little breaks.

• • •

J. S. Bache to Paine, Webber & Co.: Interest will be centered in the Harriman group. Little can be said about the market today, in fact the week just closed has been a disappointing one to the bull and bear alike. There were no price changes today. In fact few stocks recorded sales. The leading railroads had not a single quotation to their credit at 10:30 a. m. The market ruled very dull until the publication of the bank statement when professional selling appeared. The closing was featureless.

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Ridgeley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: I expect to see Southern Pacific at 75 next winter and don't think it will go below 37 meanwhile at the very worst. There is short interest in Atchison. St. Paul is a short interest in St. Paul and in case of any general upward movement it will probably prove the best thing on the board. From the fact that tipsters are all getting bearish I am inclined to think a good rally is not far off now. But if you buy keep a close stop loss and trade conservatively. A weak market Friday morning, followed by a strong closing, usually means an advance for several days.

• • •

Walker Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market was very dull and the commission houses done nothing. The bank statement, although poor, had little or no effect, and the traders did very little. We look for a continuance of this sort of market and think that the fluctuations will be small. Any good news will help the market and the short interest seems to have increased.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, May 7.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $217,776,249; gold, $114,534,006; silver, $20,730,917; United States notes, $6,896,082; treasury notes of 1890, $146,802; national bank notes, $12,309,221; total receipts this day, $1,468,000; total receipts this month, $9,837,170; total receipts this year, $461,449,340; total expenditures this day, $1,830,000; total expenditures this month, $12,590,000; total expenditures this year, $461,743,699; deposits in national banks, $169,004,304.

EDWARDS-WOOD CO.,
(Incorporated)
DEALERS IN
STOCKS—GRAIN—PROVISIONS
MAIN OFFICE:
Manhattan Building, St. Paul, Minnesota.
Branch Office: 323 Board of Trade Building, Duluth.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 305 West Superior street.

Stocks—	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	47⅜	47⅝
Adventure	1⅜	2
Atlantic	7½	8
Allouez	5	5¼
Arcadian	40c	50c
Elm River	2	2⅝
Bingham	41	...
Copper Range	43	43¼
Centennial	2⅜	20¾
Calumet and Hecla	462	465
Calumet and Arizona	...	110
Calumet and Pittsburg	28	30
L. S. and Pittsburg	...	155
Isle Royale	6¼	7
Mass	3⅜	4⅛
Michigan	4	4½
Mohawk	41½	42¼
Mayflower	60c	65c
Mercur Con	30	35
National	...	1
Old Colony	75c	1.00
Old Dominion	12⅞	13
Osceola	56⅜	57
Phoenix	1⅝	2
Parrott	23½	24¼
Quincy	81	82
Rhode Island	90c	1.00
Santa Fe	1¼	1½
Franklin	7⅝	8
Tamarack	90	95
Trinity	3⅞	4
Tennessee Copper	30	31
Utah	33⅜	33¾
U. S. Mining	19⅞	20⅛
U. S. Oil	9¼	9½
Victoria	34	34½
Wolverine	70½	71½
Wyandot	70c	75c
Winona	6⅜	6½
Daly West	19	22¼
Greene Cons	15¾	16¼
Calumet and Bisbee	...	6¾
Pittsburg and Duluth	...	50
Union Land	3	3
Junction	20	22

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: Copper were quiet but firm in rather fractionally higher. Amalgamated Copper was heavy. There has been a resumption of buying of copper for export and the metal market is reported very strong. The outlook for bullish speculation is much more favorable to the coppers than to the railroad stocks.

• • •

Hayden, Stone & Co. to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The copper market is very dull. There is no feature to the market unless it is Centennial, which has advanced about 1½ points lately and holds the advance. There seems to be an inclination to try to have a better market. It is easy to pull the coppers up as there are few sales but as there is little interest in the market it lacks breadth and the movement will amount to little unless the public takes hold.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 7.—Close: Money on call nominal; no loans. Time loans steady; sixty days, 2¼ per cent; ninety days, 2½; six months, 3@3¼. Prime mercantile paper, 3¾@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers bills at $4.87 for demand and $4.85 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½@4.86 and $4.88; commercial bills, $4.84¼@4½. Bar silver, 55¼c; Mexican dollars, 43¾c. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, steady.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 7.—The cotton market opened steady at a decline of 4@9 points in sympathy with disappointing cables and rather more favorable weather reports, and the prospect being for showers in the Atlantic states where needed. There was further liquidation and some bear pressure. On the other hand shorts were covering to over Sunday and there was some buying by spot houses, all of which went toward imparting steadiness so that the market, after the opening, showed little further change, fluctuations being irregular and comparatively narrow. Receipts continue light.

Cotton futures closed barely steady. May, 13.46; June, 13.32; July, 13.60; August, 13.35; September, 11.82; October, 11.35; November, 11.26; December, 11.22; January, 11.23. Spot closed steady; middling uplands, 13.80; middling gulf, 14.05; sales, 6000 bales.

BANK STATEMENT.

New York, May 7.—The statement of averages of the clearing house banks of this city for the week shows: Loans, $1,071,000,000; increase, $21,393,200; deposits, $1,131,712,800; increase, $17,400,000; circulation, $35,774,600; increase, $5,900; legal tenders, $75,041,500; decrease, $1,484,200; specie, $230,610,900; decrease, $4,585,600; reserve, $305,652,400; decrease, $6,083,800; reserve required, $282,928,200; increase, $4,320,250; surplus, $22,724,200; decrease, $10,420,050; exUnited States deposits, $36,748,550; decrease, $10,448,875.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

FRESH VEGETABLES.			
Lettuce, bushel	1 50		
Green Onions	35		
Radish, hothouse	65	@	75
BUTTER.			
Creamery, prints	25		
Dairies, fancy	17	@	18
Packing stock	11		
EGGS.			
Fresh	17½		
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream	10		
Twins, full cream, old	10½		
Full cream, young America	15	@	16
Brick cheese, No. 1	14		
Limberger, full cream	13		
cheese	7		
Primost			
HONEY.			
New fancy, white clover	15		
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Goldenrod	14		
Dark honey	14		
Buckwheat, dark	14		
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12½		
Ohio, per lb	10		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 50		
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 25		
Brown beans, fancy, bus	2 25		
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	12		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16		
Cocoanuts, per doz	60		
Brazils, per lb	12		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8		
Almonds	16		
Mixed nuts	12		
FRUITS.			
Strawberries, La., quarts	4 00		
Strawberries, Ark., quarts	3 75		
Pineapples	4 75		
Apples, per bbl	4 00	@	4 50
Smyrna figs	1 00	@	1 85
Bananas	2 00	@	2 50
Lemons, per box	3 00	@	3 25
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25		
Sugar walnut dates	1 10		
California oranges	2 50	@	2 75
VEGETABLES.			
Asparagus	2 25		
Asparagus, dozen	1 20		
Pie plant, box	2 00		
Spinach, box	1 15		
Green beets, doz	90		
Wax Beans, box	2 35		
Tomatoes, crate	2 25		
Green peas, box	1 75		
New potatoes, bus	3 00		
Mushrooms	60		
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	4 00		
Carrots, per cwt	2 25		
Turnips	1 10		
Beets, per cwt	2 50		
Cabbage, crate	4 00		
Parsnips, per 100 lbs	2 50		
Best cucumbers, per doz	1 75	@	1 85
Potatoes	1 20	@	1 25
POP CORN.			
Choice, per lb	3½		
Rice corn, shelled	6		
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Chickens	16		
Hens	16½		
Ducks	14		
Turkeys	18		
Geese	13		
MEATS.			
Beef	7	@	7½
Lamb	10		
Mutton	9½		
Lard	7½		

S. T. WELCH. H. E. GOOCH.
S. T. WELCH & CO.
Members Duluth Board of Trade.
BANKERS—BROKERS
Phones—Bell, 1131; Zenith, 1466.
104-105 Palladio Building.
Grain-Provisions-Stocks
Arizona Copper Stocks a Specialty
Private Wires to all Markets.

ADDITIONAL WANTS.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FREE LOTS TO ADVERTISE NEW York suburb. Send stamp for one lot. Ocean view. High elevation. Seaside Co., 231 Broadway, N. Y.

CASH FOR YOUR REAL ESTATE OR business, no matter where located. If you desire a quick sale send us description and price. Northwestern Business agency, X 313 Bank of Commerce building, Minneapolis, Minn.

TURKISH BATHS.

ARE A GUARANTEED CURE FOR rheumatism, kidney trouble and colds. 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies, 415 W. Mich. St.

SIGNS.

E. RALPH, GENERAL SIGN WORK. 323 West First street.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

CARL DELIN, MERCHANT TAILOR. Room 16, Phoenix block. Suits cleaned and pressed.

OLD CLOTHES.

GOOD PRICES PAID FOR MEN'S OLD clothes. A. Winer, 11 N. Fifth Ave. W.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR OLD clothing. E. Schulz, 112 First Ave. E.

GOLD WANTED.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR gold and silver. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 234 West Superior street.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. AUGERMEYER, 219 FIRST AVE. E.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug work. 1707-8 West Michigan St. New 'phone, 318; old, 765-5.

MASSAGE.

MISS BACON, Phoenix blk., 4th Ave

No better, safer, or more profitable investment can be made anywhere than Duluth

REAL ESTATE

Population increasing all the time is making land more valuable as time goes by.

If you have not decided on your location, you will find The Herald's real estate page a vast map of information.

THE HERALD IS THE REAL ESTATE DIRECTORY OF DULUTH.

Farm Land Bargains!

Forty acres near Alborn on the D., M. & N. railroad; rich soil and no stone. Well settled country. Owner wishes to go to Canada at once. Adjoining land sells at $10 per acre. This is a snap. Terms, half cash. Per acre—only **$7.50**

Sixty-six acres in town of Culver, near Great Northern railroad. Good soil; small clearing and old house. Splendid farm adjoins this in settled country; terms. Only—per acre **$5.50**

Also other genuine bargains in farms.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
Lonsdale Building.

Stryker, Manley & Buck.

A handsome home at the East End, eight rooms and bath room, stone foundation, furnace, gas, good plumbing, two grates and mantels, hardwood finish and oak floors on first floor; large corner lot **$8000**

A bargain on Fourth street, very central, 50-foot lot; house of 12 rooms, bath, city water and sewer; house arranged to rent basement, four rooms separate; room on lot for another house or flats **$5000**

A 50-foot lot on First street, near Twenty-first avenue West, with a two-story frame building renting for $44.00 per month. Can sell on easy terms **$5000**

A two-story frame building, containing two flats of five rooms each, near Second avenue West; rental, $24 per month **$1300**

A house of eight rooms with good cellar, 50-foot lot, small barn; on upper side of street, near Sixth avenue East **$1850**

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

$7000 for seven dwellings and a store building, with flat upstairs. Dwellings have five and six rooms each and are good renters. Store has stone foundation with cement basement. Also good warehouse and barn. Large corner lot nearly the size of two 50-foot lots. This will give large returns on the investment. Can accept good vacant lot in part payment.

MONEY TO LOAN.
SOME GOOD HOUSES FOR RENT.
STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK.

Worth Your Attention

A Superior Street Lot, near 24th Avenue East, at a Price Much Less Than Others In the Block.

A 250-foot corner in Lakeside, near car line. It has a south front and overlooks a park. The street is macadamized, sewered and sidewalked. It may be had for half its value.

Handsome lots near the Normal school. If you think of building a home call on us for special prices for building purposes. This locality has all city conveniences and a ten-minute car service. Best values in the city and sure to increase rapidly.

A few unusual bargains in Superior street business property.

Some Very Cheap Lots Centrally Located.

Richardson, Day & Co.
408-9-10 EXCHANGE BLDG.

FOR RENT!

119 Tenth avenue east, six-room, modern flat.

1608 East Fifth street, seven-room house, city water and sewer; per month **$18.00**

2021 West Superior street, five-room flat; per month..... **$18.00**

415 East Second street, seven-room house; per month. **$35.00**

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,
208 First National Bank Bdg.

JOHN A. STEPHENSON,

FIRE INSURANCE

MILLIONAIRE COMPANIES ONLY.

PROVIDENCE BLDG.

PARK POINT.

$1250 takes nice cottage and beautiful lot; rents for $150 per year.

$1050 takes two lots and three cottages; bring $225 per season.

$750 takes cottage and lot; brings $80 per season.

$650 takes cottage and lot; brings $50 per season.

Have a number of cottages for rent.

512 Burrows Building.

LOANS

If you want to borrow on your residence property—
If you want to borrow on your business property—
If you want to borrow in order to buy for cash—
If you want to borrow to build—
If you want the best contract at the least cost call at 302 Lonsdale building, and talk with—

R. M. NEWPORT,
F. I. SALTER, Agent.

FOR SALE.

200 acres in T. 57 N. R. 19 W. } At $2.50
40 acres in T. 52 N. R. 17 W. } per acre
120 acres in T. 54 N. R. 19 W. }
480 acres in T. 55 N. R. 19 W. }

H. W. COFFIN,
Manhattan Building.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.

$550 50-foot lot on Fourth street, near Seventh avenue West.

$725 Beautiful five-room cottage in good condition; one-quarter cash—Duluth Heights.

$850 Six-room house, newly painted and papered throughout; two full lots; monthly payments.

$1200 100-foot corner, Eighth avenue West and Fourth street. Best bargain in the city.

We have a lot on Piedmont avenue West. Will build a house to suit purchaser and sell on monthly payments. Look this up.

IMPROVED FARM.

$2200 buys 30 acres 1½ miles from electric line, 3½ miles from postoffice. Good soil, well cleared, fenced, with house and barn. This is a bargain. Must be sold quickly.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.
Mortgage Loans—Fire Insurance.
220 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

BURRELL & HARMON,
No. 3 So. First Ave. E.,
BOTH 'PHONES.

FURNACE HEATING EXPERTS.

Agents for Strictly First-class Furnaces.

ROOFING WORK—all kinds—Cornice and Skylights, Steel Ceilings.
Tin and Sheet Iron Work of all kinds.

PRICE ONLY $7000.

New brick residence, eight rooms, modern; 50-foot lot, upper side of street, East End. Easy terms, a bargain. Geo. R. Laybourn, Phoenix blk

5% MONEY 6% To Loan

Any Amount—All Privileges—No Delay.
W. M. PRINDLE & CO First Floor Lonsdale Bldg

Boarding House For Rent.

14 Rooms—537-539 Garfield Avenue.
APPLY
G. G. Dickerman & Co
Alworth Building.

West End Lots for Sale on Monthly Payments.

Third street, between Nineteenth and Twentieth avenues west. We have only a few lots left that can be sold on easy terms. Can sell lots with 25, 30, or 50 feet frontage. We have sold several lots in this block during the past two weeks. See us for particulars.

N. J. UPHAM CO
400 BURROWS BUILDING.

$250 will buy a good lot, 25x140, one block from Portland Sq.

$425 will buy lot 50x140, on Seventh street, just above Portland Square.

$150 will buy six fine lots in West Duluth, one block from Longfellow school.

$30 will buy two more in same locality.

$25 per acre will buy ten acres of fine farming land adjoining city limits.

We have several desirable lots, centrally located, on which we will build and sell on easy payment plan. Come and see us. Costs nothing to talk it over.

MONEY TO LOAN

Julius D. Howard & Co
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

FOR SALE

Six room house with bath—East Third Street — Near Court House—$2800.

PULFORD, HOW & CO.,
309-310 Exchange Building.

FARM LANDS.

80 acres on road, near Arnold, 2½ miles from Woodland street car line, for $20 per acre, for a short time.

140 acres near Grand Lake station, D. M. & N. R. R.—Buildings, some cleared, good land—at, per acre **$8**

160 acres good land 1½ miles from Scanlon—at **$7**

CITY PROPERTY.

Modern homes in East End at $3000, $3500 and $4500. Others in all parts of the city. Also choice building sites.

D. W. SCOTT,
Zenith 'phone 685.
10 MESABA BLOCK.

TO INVEST MORE MONEY IN DULUTH

Massachusetts Real Estate Company to Build Handsome Building of Sixteen Flats—Considers Duluth Investments Among Its Very Finest—Sales of the Week and Building Projects.

Inquiry for local realty has been fairly good this past week, considering that it has been the "moving week" of the season, a period when the real estate business is more or less upset. Sales have not been many in number, but there have been a few transfers of good residence property. The demand for building loans continues very good and presages an active building movement during the summer season in moderate priced homes. The outside inquiry has been larger this week than that from local buyers and many encouraging words are being heard by local agencies from their out of town clients who have investments here. The tone of the letters indicates a general intention to make further improvements on unoccupied property here this coming year, and place it on a paying basis.

* * *

Announcement is made this week that the Massachusetts Real Estate company, repreesnted by J. L. Cromwell, will build this summer, sixteen flats at the southwest corner of Seventh avenue East and Fourth street. There will be four pressed brick buildings of four 6-room flats each, all thoroughly modern.

The buildings will have a frontage of 100 feet on Seventh avenue below Fourth street and a frontage of 140 feet on Fourth street. They will be similar in character of building material to the Brook terrace which the same company completed at the northwest corner of the same avenue and street, last year at a cost of $32,000.

The new flats will cost somewhere in the neighborhood of $35,000 and will undoubtedly be one of the most important improvements on East Fourth street this year.

The plans for the building are being prepared by Young & Nystrom, who also made the plans for Brook terrace.

* * *

By showing its willingness to invest large sums of money in Duluth in improvement work, the Massachusetts Real Estate company is expressing a great deal of confidence in Duluth as a place for investment. Last year the company spent $32,000 in the building of Brook terrace, over $7000 for brick flat and store building at the corner of Tenth avenue East and Fourth and this year it comes forward with the proposed expenditure of about $35,000 more in dwelling places, to say nothing of the extensive repair and remodeling work going on at the present time on its other property, as the Phoenix building at the corner of Fourth avenue West and Superior street and the Langeller block at the corner of Tenth avenue East and Second street. The remodeling plans were made by Young & Nystrom, and Otto Johnson was this week awarded the contract for the work on the Langeller block.

It is reported from a reliable source that the Massachusetts Real Estate company, which has investments all over the country, considers its Duluth improved property its best paying investments.

* * *

The work of remodeling the Phoenix block began early this week and it is expected that the floor space just east of the Boyce Drug store will be occupied by May 10, by the Oak Hall Clothing company of Superior.

* * *

The announcement made by The Herald this week that the Davis Real Estate company, represented by C. P. Craig & Co., would erect a fine three-story business block at the corner of First street and Fourth avenue west has caused renewed comment relative to the way in which First street is fast coming to the front as a business street. The plans now under process of preparation by John DeWaard, architect, contemplate a brick and stone store building, with floor space for about five stories, two of which are already under lease. The second floor has also been leased.

The total amount of First street improvement, before the close of the year, will run up to a very large sum, for there are other improvements now being planned that are not yet ready for publicity.

* * *

The beautiful Hunter's Park residence of D. E. Holston has been sold to Vice President W. A. McGonagle, of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road, the purchase price being $11,000. The house is a frame structure of 10-rooms, and was built about ten years ago at a cost of about $19,000. The grounds about the house comprise nearly an acre and a half. It is understood that the transaction was made direct between the principals.

Another Hunter's Park residence, that of F. L. Barker, was sold this past week to Mr. Nelson, chef at the St. Louis hotel, the consideration being about $3500. This sale, also, is said to have been made direct.

* * *

Stryker, Manley & Buck report a fairly good week in inquiry, with a number of small sales closed, including a vacant lot on West Third street, for improvement; a house and lot in West Duluth and a house and lot on Garfield avenue.

* * *

The congregation of the Lakeside M. E. church contemplates the building of a new parsonage in the near future, close to the church property. The plans have already been prepared. The old parsonage is now being sold.

* * *

A. Terryberry, architect, reports the plans for the George N. Stevenson house, at Twenty-first avenue east and Second street, already in the hands of the contractors for figures. The contract for the Helmer flat building, on Second street, near Seventh avenue east, will be awarded early this coming week.

J. P. Hollehan has purchased of Z. T. Mullin, for $2500, two lots in block 28, Portland division, for $2500.

* * *

J. Shoults has bought of E. L. Toomey 100 feet at the corner of Eleventh avenue west and Superior street for $320. The property includes two houses.

* * *

J. J. Moe has sold to E. J. Johnson a residence property on West Third street, near Twenty-second avenue, for $5000.

* * *

Transfer was made this week of a residence property on West Third street, facing Lincoln Park, from Thomas Jense to C. F. Johnson. The consideration was $2000.

* * *

Architect J. J. Wangenstein reports the contract for a brick terrace of four houses for Dr. J. J. Eklund, at Fifteenth avenue east, between Second and Third streets, awarded to Otto Johnson. The houses are to be finished by Sept. 1.

Mr. Wangenstein is preparing plans for a two-flat building for Dr. Eklund, to be erected on the lower side of Second street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues east, and just east of Lute's laundry building. He is getting out plans also for a three-flat building for J. H. Carlson, on the lower side of Fourth street, between First and Second avenue west. The plans will be ready for contractors in a few days.

* * *

The new Children's Home building, which was erected this past winter at a cost of $25,000 on Fifteenth avenue east and Fifth street, facing Chester Park, is practically completed and will be ready for occupancy by June 1. The structure is not only a substantial but a handsome building from plans by Palmer & Hunt, architects. It has been accepted by the Children's Home association, and the ladies are immensely pleased with it, claiming that they have now the finest home in the state.

Every foot of space in the big building has been utilized to the very best advantage, from the big playrooms, with their lockers, in the basement, to the large, well-lighted, well-ventilated dormitories on the second and third floors, and the big attic, finished off partially and available for a playroom, or most any other purpose.

Hardwood floors have been put in throughout the building, and the first floor has an oak finish. The stairways all through the building are of oak.

One of the features of the new home is the manner in which it is lighted. There is not a dark room in the whole building.

Ample bathing facilities have been provided for the proteges of the association, even to the foot bath for the boys in the toilet room adjoining the dormitory.

Other features of the building are the quarantine department, to be used in cases of contagious or infectious diseases. In such cases the sick, with the nurse, can be completely isolated from the rest of the children, although in the same building, and yet have very convenience needed. On the second floor porch is a fine large sun parlor for the children during the days too cold to be outside the building.

A day and a night nursery is provided for the infants, with every facility at the hands of the nurses or attendants.

The system of stairs and the fire escapes are so arranged that in case of a fire it would be almost impossible to shut off all the exit means at the same time.

A complete laundry and kitchen will greatly lighten the work of attendants.

* * *

E. S. Radcliffe has plans out for a new city hall building at Virginia, to cost about $10,000. It will be a 2-story structure, pressed and common brick, sandstone trimmings, composition roof, hardwood floors, etc. The bids close May 10.

* * *

P. H. McGraw will build a modern residence at Fifty-seventh avenue west and Cody street.

* * *

The Boston and Duluth Farm Land company has sold three sections of land to J. F. Wickstrom, J. D. Anderson and Charles Moe, of Aitkin county, who will open new farms on them this year. The land lies in Rice Lake township. The purchasers are the forerunners of a colony of Aitkin people, who will settle in Rice Lake township the coming year.

Following is a resume of the realty transfers in the county during the month of April:

April 1	8	$3,331
April 2	13	14,460
April 4	12	26,830
April 5	8	1,953
April 6	16	5,752 70
April 7	11	15,484
April 8	18	10,912 50
April 9	11	2,744 95
April 11	8	2,711
April 12	21	22,364 10
April 13	11	13,762
April 14	8	7,140
April 15	10	10,474
April 16	10	8,902
April 18	7	364
April 19	12	6,154
April 20	7	4,401
April 21	17	10,403
April 22	14	6,286
April 23	17	25,864
April 25	16	9,957
April 26	22	8,994
April 27	20	12,224 16
April 28	18	19,430
April 29	11	8,964
April 30	20	7,383
Total		$267,250 71

Transfers for the week were as follows:

Charles F. Holm et al to Harry H. Lemont, nw¼ nw¼ section 25-51-14	700
William F. C. Kroenke et ux to Carl A. Gilbert, lot 4 in sub-division of s½ ne¼ section 27-51-14	500
Ely, Salyards & Co. to D. A. Willard, lot 296, Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth	575
Kate Walbanks to W. L. Bernard, lots 7 and 8, block 22, Walbanks' addition	525
Dorna C. Donley to Delbert E. Case, lot 424, block 115, Duluth Proper, Second division	2,400
Alfred T. Burris to Mary G. Schulkind, lot 63 and w½ lot 61, West Second street, Duluth Proper, First division	1,500
Mattie A. Edson et ux to Elizabeth E. Rowan, lots 11, 12, 13, 36, 37, 38, 39, block 4, Arlington Place addition	140
E. Lynch et ux to D. A. Duncan, n½ se¼, ne¼ sw¼, lot 3, section 19-58-13	1
Midland company to Charles Grandell, e½ nw¼ nex ne¼, section 27-51-14	350
John McCraig et mar to M. R. Johnson, lot 11, block 21, Iron Junction	100
Nikonk company to S. C. Confer, lots 10, 11, block 5, Merritt addition	525
Lakeside Land company to E. G. Davis, southerly 46 2-3 feet lots 7, 8, block 29, L. P., Third division	400
Bradford Mining company to Harry Thomas, west 60 feet lots 11 to 13, block 14, Hibbing	1
Harry Thomas et ux to R. M. Sellwood, same	1
E. J. Longyear to Roanna Longyear, lots 1, 2, block 3, Hibbing	1
South Side Realty company to Peter Patterson, lot 16, block 76, Virginia	100
L. R. Blake et ux to Torius Strand, lots 15 and 16, block 73, Portland	800
John Semer et ux to Matt Kaphe, lot 8, block 3, Ely	125
Same to same, lot 9, block 3, Ely	85
Simon Goldish et al to Donald McLennan, lot 55, 12ast First street, Duluth Proper, First division; lot 7, block 28, Portland	3,500
Charles H. Martz et ux to John Kroll, lots 8, 9, block 6, Chamberlain Park division	300
Mary Turney to J. L. Kimball, timber an e½ ne¼, section 24-58-13	75
Otto Anderson et ux to A. J. Upham, e½ lot 312, block 92, Duluth Proper, Second division	1
Hanson Smith et ux to H. E. Smith & Co., undivided ¼ of ne¼ nw¼, nw¼ ne¼, section 32; se¼, e½ sw¼, section 29-50-14	74
Charles Ziegler to John McAlpine, lot 5, section 28-68-15; lot 6 section 26-68-14; nw¼ sw¼ section 27-67-19	300
J. D. McDonald to same, e½ sw¼ section 35-67-14	300
Charles Ziegler to same, s½ sw¼ section 1-67-21	325
Same to same, lots 4, 5, section 25; lot 4, section 34-57-14; lot 3, section 9-67-13	300
Ann McNabb et mar to Jacob Forsman, se¼ sw¼ section 29-52-12	280
Same to Andrew Hill, w½ sw¼ section 29-52-12	560
D. Shovin et u to Mrs. Charles F. W. Zacher, part se¼ se¼ section 18-57-13	225
The New Duluth Land Co. to Catherine Miller, lot 14, block 75, New Duluth, Second division	360
Virginia Improvement company to John Nylund, lot 24, block 8, Virginia	200
A. Sikala et u to Matt Henala, lot 8, block 2, Ely	110
Hanson Smith et ux to H. E. Smith & Co., undivided 1-40 of se¼ se¼ section 28, n½ of ne¼, ne¼ of nw ¼ section 33-59-15	1
F. Gieselman to Isaac Anderson, lot 138, Minnesot a venue, Upper Duluth	300
Patrick McDonnell to M. M. Robb, lots 10, 11, block 189, West Duluth, Seventh division	1
W. M. Prindle, trustee, to John T. Michaud, lot 89, block 20, Duluth proper, Third division	6,625
Chisholm Improvement company to Andrew Stervick, lot 15, block 9, Chisholm	100
Mark Whitwill to John U. Sebenius, lots 136 and 138, Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth	1,000
Betsy M. Whitewill to John U. Sebenius, lot 140, same	1
Mary C. Smith et mar to same, same	75
Mark Whitwill et al to John U. Sebenius, lot 140, Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth	500
Ada Gregory et mar to same, same	75
Domonic Cuscrotta et ux to Tony Friol, undivided ¼ lots 15, 16, block 35, West Duluth, First division	25
W. W. Watt et al to C. D. Rutherford, lots 10 to 13, block 36, Floodwood	120
James H. Flinn, trustee, to Joseph Gersic, lot 2, block 28, Eveleth	175
Maris Hugunin to E. H. Drew, lot 23, block 151, Duluth proper, Third division	1
Sivert Kvam to O. E. Peterson, lot 8, block 28, Dodge's addition	160
William R. Wright to August Peterson, lot 12, block 89, West Duluth, Sixth division	180
F. E. Ebert et ux to J. A. Blackwood, se¼ se¼ section 14-50-20	300
F. G. Webster to J. F. Stahlbonske, pare ne¼ section 18-50-13	1,000
Mary G. Baker to U. S. Installment Realty company, lot 11, block 85, Portland	1,250
C. H. Maginnis et ux to N. J. Benson, lot 1, section 9-52-17; lots 1 and 2, section 6-63-18; sw¼ se¼ section 31-64-18	800
C. H. McComber et ux to J. Q. A. Crosby, timber on lots 1 and 2, and sw¼ nw¼ section 28-60-19	210
First National Bank of Towanda, Pa., to Mary G. Baker, lot 11, block 85, Portland	1
S. W. Bear et ux to Max Lewis, lot 3, block 14, Chisholm	250
A. S. Robertson et ux to F. N. Jackson, lot 1, block 1, Langeller's re-arrangement of block D, Endion	15
T. C. Himebaugh et al to A. L. Merriam, lots 10, 12, block 117, Duluth proper, Third division	1
C. H. Erickson to Missabe and Northern Townsite company, lot 2, block 19, Grant	1
Northwestern Improvement company to M. A. Dash, part se¼ ne¼ section 27-49-15; also lots in blocks 12, 13, 5, 14, 19, 20, Spirit Lake addition	1
B. B. Brigham to A. L. Merriman, lots 128 and 130, Fourth street, Fond du Lac	100
Michael Michalak et al to John Polzin, e½ nw¼ se¼ section 26-50-5	1
John Polzin to C. V. Lunderen, w½ e½ nw¼ se¼, section 26-51-15	500
H. M. Nowell et ux to A. M. Willard, s½ nw¼, section 24-50-15	1
J. J. LeTourneau et ux to J. E. Norgren, lot 15, block 104, West Duluth, Second division	300
Martin Howard et ux to M. P. Mason, lot 24, block 79, Duluth Proper, Third division	1
Leonidas Merritt to Henry T. Agnew, sw¼ nw¼ section 35-53-18	300
Z. T. Mullin et ux to John P. Hallehan, lots 10, 11, block 28, Portland division	2,500
J. R. Humphrey to C. G. Coff, lot 3, block 26, Endion	525
C. D. Rutherford et ux to C. W. Wethee, lots 12, 13, block 36, Floodwood	125
Thomas Harney et ux to Benj. Haskins, lot 12, block 8, Helm addition	980
E. L. Toomey et ux to John Shoults, south 100 feet of lot 177, block 63, Duluth Proper, Second division	3,200
M. A. Shellenberger to Martha Wetzel, lot 188 block 98, Duluth Proper, Second division	200
Arthur Lane et ux to Marion Fenske, w½ e½ nw¼ section 9-51-14	300
J. J. Moe to E. J. Johnson, e½ lot 351, block 111, Duluth Proper, Second division	5,000
Emma Olsen et ux to D. M. McDavid, lot 7, block 14, West Park division	500
Mark Whitwell to Betsy M. Whitwell, lot 140, Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth	1
Thomas Jensen et ux to Carl F. Johnson, w½ of lot 405, block 86, Duluth Proper, Second division	2,000
FOR SATURDAY	

Wm. C. Sargent & Co.

$2400 easy terms, buys eight-room house on large lot, with water and sewer, bath, furnace, good barn and carriage shed; one block from car line at Lakeside.

$1000 to $4000 will buy 5, 6, 7 and 8-room houses at Lakeside, in fine location.

$600 $150 cash buys a small tract of land with fine stream of water, close to city; just the place for poultry farm.

$700 for house and lot on Minnesota Point, not far from canal.

ACRES in small and large tracts, on good roads, close to city.

SACRIFICE SALE of five lots at Lakeside, on graded street; water and sewer; only one block from car line. Look this up.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Wm. C. Sargent & Co.
303 Lonsdale Bldg.

Facts You Ought to Know.

1 Season tickets St. Paul or Minneapolis to St. Louis and return $25.50—Sixty-day ticket $21.35—Ten-day ticket $19.20.

2 Fair opens about May 1st, and closes December 1st.

3 Five daily trains to Chicago, each making close connections with St. Louis trains.

4 No extra charge to go via Chicago.

5 Tickets good on the Fast Mail and Pioneer Limited electric-lighted trains.

6 Full information about rates, routes and accommodations will be cheerfully furnished on application to,

W. B. DIXON, N. W. P. A.,
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry.,
St. Paul, Minn.

$550 buys cottage on Duluth Heights—$50 cash, $10 monthly.

$600 50x140-foot corner on East Superior street.

$1600 Nine-room house, right down town—a snap.

$2200 Good house on 50-foot lot, on East Second street.

$2800 Seven-room house; water, sewer, gas; fine location, East End.

$4600 Eight-room house, strictly modern, large lot; East End.

$7000 50-foot corner, with three houses; central location; fine investment.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans,
300 Exchange building. Zenith 'phone 338.

$2100 Eight-room house, near Second avenue East and Fifth street; water and sewer; very good house. Rents for $22.00 per month.

$2500 Seven-room house with bath; stove heat; near Tenth avenue East. Good bargain.

$3200 Mesaba avenue, west of Third avenue West. Two houses one fronting on Mesaba avenue and one on Fifth street; water, sewer and bath. Both rent for $40 per month. Will pay 12 per cent net.

$4500 Nine-room house on London road, west of Eighteenth avenue. Hardwood floors; furnace heat; beautiful lawn and shade trees. Bargain. $2000 down, balance to suit.

$7000 Eight-room house—beautiful corner on East First street, west of Fifteenth avenue East. 60 foot front; all modern conveniences. Lawn and shade trees. Snap.

For sale exclusively by

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
First Floor Lonsdale Building.

Bargains in Real Estate!

$800 buys frame house one and one-half stories, in East End; newly built.

$1100 buys frame house two stories, seven rooms; stone foundation, with barn; lot 25x93; newly built, in East End.

Several very desirable lots for building, on Minnesota Point.

John A. Stephenson,
Providence Bldg.
PROVIDENCE BUILDING.

Park Point Property For Sale.

$50 for cottage partly furnished.

$125 for cottage partly furnished. The purchaser can secure lease of lots.

$400 for one of the finest lots on Minnesota Ave., Lower Duluth.

$650 for lot and five-room cottage, Minnesota avenue.

$500 for Minnesota avenue lot and one Lake avenue lot.

$200 for Lake avenue lot.

$275 for finest shaded lot on Lake avenue.

Ten lots for lease for three years. Can build you a house on lot and sell same on easy payments.

W. F. LEGGETT,
Zenith phone 862 506 BURROWS BLDG.

Take Your Choice.

For $300 cash and balance on monthly payment plan we will build for you a nice five-room cottage on lot 50x140, centrally located.

For $250 cash and balance $1000 on monthly payment plan, will build for you a nice five-room cottage on lot 40x100, on West Third street, near Eighteenth avenue.

For $600 cash and balance on monthly payment plan will build for you a nice seven-room house; stone foundation, city water, bath and gas, on lot 25x140, upper side Fifth street, near Fifth avenue West.

Will also build on lots in West Duluth, Woodland and Lakeside.

COME AND SEE US, before buying.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

JUST THINK

A 100x150 double corner in East End, partially improved and now rented for $636 a year. Room for fine row of houses or flats on the property. We can sell for—

$5000.00

Better look this up quick.

C. H. GRAVES & CO.

First floor, Torrey building.

REAL ESTATE,
LOANS,
INSURANCE.

WEST END BARGAINS.

$1200 A very neat five-room house, with 89 feet frontage on Third street; city water in street; well located AT WEST END. THIS IS A SNAP.

$2100 A ten-room house, rented for $30 per month; water up and down stairs. WEST END.

$1400 Five room, lot 25x140 feet, on First street. VERY CENTRAL, WEST END.

$1600 Eight rooms for two families, near Lincoln Park, West End.

$2000 Eight rooms, lot 25x140 feet, on upper side Second street, WEST END.

$850 25x140 feet on Fifth street, NEAR FOURTH AVE. EAST.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
'Phone 789. 400 Lonsdale Building.

5% MONEY TO LOAN

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.

FOR SALE!

Fine 7-room house in Lakeside. Lot 50x140, well, cistern, barn, poultry house. Good repair. Price $1800.

R. B. KNOX & CO
Fire Insurance—Real Estate.
No. 1 Exchange Building.

Look at This!

Buy It!

Lot 50x140 feet, between Eleventh and Twelfth avenues east on Superior street. One of the best locations in the city for a flat or private residence. Price only $2500.00. If you want this you must act quickly.

For sale by GEO. H. CROSBY,
106 Providence bldg.

A SNAP

$2500 Beautiful, well-located lot in Endion Division, 50x140, with nine-room dwelling thereon. Must be sold at once.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL, Exchange Bldg.

$2600 Takes a six-room house with water, sewer, bath, gas and electric light, on Third street, in heart of city.

Before you buy or sell, come in and see us.

A. C. VOLK & CO. 202-203 Palladio Bldg.

For Rent

A FEW DESIRABLE ROOMS IN THE COLUMBUS BLOCK,

Over Gidding's store, First avenue west and Superior street. Best location in the city. Splendid light. Heat and elevator service after May 1. A few desirable rooms can still be had by applying at once. Immediate possession.

Inquire at
WM. PRINDLE & CO.

NOTICE!

Twenty Acres of Land

Adjoining Lakeside and at the head of Forty-third avenue east, which is a paved avenue, with fine buildings, house and two barns, brand new, at a great bargain. If you want to start a market garden, poultry farm or small dairy, this is your opportunity. Apply to

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106 PROVIDENCE BLDG.

$3200 for a 9-room house—all modern improvements. Centrally located—easy terms.

H. A. WING & CO.
210 Palladio Building.

THE RENTING PROBLEM,

For such it has become in Duluth, is more easily solved through The Herald than any other way. Houses, Flats and Rooms advertised in The Herald are easily rented, because it is on this page the people look for the best locations.

ADDITIONAL WANTS ON PAGE 10

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR SALE — SEVEN-ROOM COTTAGE, first-class condition, well in kitchen, lot 35x125. For particulars apply 2609 Duluth Heights.

FOR RENT — PARTLY FURNISHED six-room cottage, large yard, corner Forty-seventh avenue east and Grand.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AND COTTAGES, Park Point, for season or year. W. F. Leggett, 506 Burrows building. Zenith 'phone 862.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED HOUSE, No. 312 West Third street. Enquire at 310 West Third street.

FOR RENT — 213 THIRD AVENUE west; good 8-room house, furnace, bath, gas, $32.50, including water. William F. Moore, 201 Exchange building.

HOUSES FOR RENT—PARK POINT cottages for rent and for sale. 512 Burrows building.

FOR RENT — NICE MODERN 7-ROOM brick house; choice location. East End. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange bldg.

FOR RENT—427 SEVENTH AVENUE east; modern house; nine rooms.

FOR RENT — A TEN-ROOM BRICK house, all modern conveniences, hot water heat, May 1. Call 502½ East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — SIX-ROOM HOUSE, IN the "Glen." Apply No. 7, Twelfth avenue West. J. E. Evans.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FURNISHED house at Lakeside; hot water heat. W. C. Sargent & Co., 306 Lonsdale bldg.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED AND UNfurnished cottages, on Minnesota Point. H 41, Herald.

SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY, OCCUPYing large modern house, East End, will rent entire floor to club of six or eight young men. Breakfast and 6 o'clock dinner, if desired. X, care of Herald.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park Terrace. Heat and water furnished; $50 per month. 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. bldg. 'Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—THREE LARGE DESIRable rooms, 5 Chester, terrace. Old 'phone 58-M.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED rooms, all modern conveniences; central; very reasonable. 456 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—TWO VERY DESIRABLE parlors; modern and central; furnished or unfurnished. 456 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room, suitable for one or two gentlemen, modern. M 56, Herald.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED PARlor rooms, with grate; young men preferred. 32 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 628 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, NO. 16 Mason flats.

FOR RENT — ONE FURNISHED ROOM 15 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT — FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms, $6 per month. 14 South Sixty-first avenue west.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FRONT room, next to bath, in private family, to gentleman with references. 202 East Third street.

FURNISHED ROOMS — ELECTRIC light, bath and telephone. No. 27 Twenty-ninth Avenue west.

DESIRABLE FURNISHED ROOM, large closet, bath. Reasonable. 807 E. First St.

FOR RENT — A PLEASANT FRONT room, centrally located, all conveniences; a very desirable place for two young men. 407 West Third street.

FOR RENT IN PRIVATE FAMILY—a large pleasant front room furnished, location desirable and central, all modern conveniences. Suitable for two young men. Address D 17 Herald.

FOR RENT—SIX ROOMS, ELECTRIC light and bath. 215 Seventh Ave. east.

FOR RENT — TWO ROOMS, PARTLY furnished or unfurnished, for housekeeping. 309 Sith avenue west.

FOR RENT—FOR GENTLEMEN, SUITE of front furnished rooms, with bath. 325 East First street.

FOR RENT—TWO NICE ROOMS WITH conveniences. $8.00. Lower part of house 313 West Fourth street.

FURNISHED ROOMS—$1.50 AND UP per week. 19 1st Avenue West.

LARGE FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, bath, suitable for two gentlemen. No. 11, 4th Avenue East.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS over Criterion restaurant. 206 West Superior street. Apply same.

NICE, LARGE, FURNISHED ROOM; private balcony overlooking lake, in private family; light, bath and both 'phones. 229 Fourth avenue west.

ROOMS FOR RENT. 524 LAKE AVENUE north.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED PARLOR and bedroom, second floor, 126 East First street.

FOR RENT — MODERN FURNISHED front rooms en suite or single; use of phone. M 100, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR one or two gentlemen. 1208 West First street.

FOR RENT—LARGE PLEASANT ROOM —closet and electric light. 331 West Third street.

FOR RENT — ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping; central. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS, WATER, sewer and gas. 1325 London road.

FOR RENT — PART OF MICHIGAN street floor, Providence building. Apply W. B. Silvey, 204 Providence building.

DESIRABLE SUITE FOR TWO FOR housekeeping. 5901 London road, Lester Park.

FOR RENT — OFFICES, MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

ROOMS FOR RENT—27 EAST SUPERior street.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND — A STRAY YOUNG COW, brown and white spotted. Owner call at Sixteenth avenue east and Superior street.

LOST — BROWN MULEY COW. FRIday morning. Finder return to 522 East Seventh street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED WORK BY THE DAY—washing and housecleaning; will take lace curtains home to wash. 17½ Tenth avenue east.

WANTED — POSITIONS—TWO YOUNG ladies, commercial college education, desire general office work. Employed at present, but want a change. P. S., Herald.

WANTED — PLAIN SEWING. MRS. Harrison, 425½ East Fifth street.

WANTED — DAY WORK, WASHING and ironing or housecleaning. U 17, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS POLICY writer, or stenographer for all or part of day; have had experience in real estate and insurance work. Address Y 67, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK, WASHING or housecleaning. 336 Lake avenue south.

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE POSItion as stenographer, or office assistant. Apply W 98, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIenced young man, as timekeepr or camp clerk. D 22, Herald.

SCANDINAVIAN YOUNG MAN, EXperienced grocery clerk and deliverer, desires position. A. Christianson, 712 Tower avenue, Superior.

YOUNG MAN SEEKS SITUATION AS shoeing and general smith. Apply W. Somers, 626 West Superior street.

WANTED—WORK; STORM WINDOWS to take off, carpets cleaned. C. P. Pederson.

EXPERIENCED MALE STENOGRAPher, operating Oliver and Remington machines, would be open to situation in about ten days. Address D 18, Herald.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOUR-ROOM FLAT, WITH HEAT AND bath, in West End. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT — FOUR-ROOM FLAT, modern. Call 524 West Fifth street, evenings.

THREE-ROOM FLAT FOR RENT. CALL 614½ East Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FLAT OF three rooms, centrally located, to man and wife; no children. Address M 56, Herald.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM FLAT, 730 East Third street, $15 month, water included. Apply Abrahamson Agency, Palladio building.

FOR RENT — A FEW VERY DESIRable flats and houses and two stores for rent at reasonable rentals from May 1. W. M. Prindle & Co., Lonsdale bldg.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM BRICK FLAT, all modern conveniences. Cooley & Underhill. 207-8 Exchange building.

FARM LANDS.

HOMESTEADS LOCATED
HOMESTEADS LOCATED
HOMESTEADS LOCATED

in Chippewa Reservation. Choice locations.
416 Lyceum building.

FIVE GOOD TIMBER AND TEN FARM claims; splendid chance for iron. Act quick. J. C. Germain, Hibbing, Minn.

LAND—S. E. Saskatchewan, choice for cattle and wheat (40 bus.), new R. R., $3.50 to $4.00 per acre by purchase and homesteading, easy terms, cheap excursions, Write for maps, Scand-Canadian Land Co., 172 Wash. St., Chicago.

$1160 TAKES 4,000,000 FEET OF PINE; $5,920 takes 16,000,000 feet of redwood. Have some large tracts of redwood and pine for sale.512 Burrows building.

FOR SALE—FORTY ACRES OF GOOD farm land near Duluth, on good road; $8.50 per acre. A. Scott, Box 18, postoffice.

OREGON TIMBER CLAIMS LOCATED. Fine timber; reasonable fees; information free. Write. Whitten & Bryant, Room 11, Mulkey bldg., Portland, Ore.

FOR SALE — IMPROVED 80-ACRE farm, team, cattle and other personal property belonging to Perrault estate. H. V. Goetchius, guardian.

INDIAN LANDS—FULL INFORMATION regarding opening of Indian reservation lands to agricultural settlement in North Dakota and Minnesota, $2. Being on the ground we are in a position to give fullest details of rules and regulations. Address Gerald A. Johnson, Postal Telegraph building, Washington, D. C.

FARM LANDS NEAR DULUTH in tracts of 40 acres or more, for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum bldg., Duluth, Minn.

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REDUCED FREIGHT RATES TO PAcific coast points, on household goods or emigrant movables. For particulars address the Boyd Transfer & Storage Co., or call on our local agents, the Duluth Van & Storage company.

JUMBO STUMP PULLER.

CLEARING LAND with JUMBO STUMP PULLER. Send for my catalog of JUMBO, CLIMAX & CHIEF Stump Pullers before buying. Make DITCHERS, ROAD GRADERS, ROAD LEVELERS, GAP STANS, Hog Land Cutters. C. D. Edwards, Albert Lea, Minn.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY — MANXMAN, Metropolitan or United Mexican mining shares, at low figures. If prices are not at bed rock, don't waste time answering. Address B 94, Herald.

WANTED TO BUY—GOOD TEAM FOR farm. Call 627 East Tenth street, after 6 p. m.

WANTED TO BUY—IF YOU HAVE A bargain to offer in centrally located property, vacant or improved, send particulars. D 15, Herald.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.

A GUARANTEED CURE AT DR. REISland's, 707 Palladio.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

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FOR SALE CHEAP—STUDEBAKER phaeton. Inquire 625 Fifty-eight avenue, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—FULL SET OF LAUNDRY machinery; easy payments. Charles Edmondsen, Cloquet, Minn.

FOR SALE—LARGE ICE BOX, $3.00. 2609 Duluth Heights.

FOR SALE—PORCELAIN BATH, WITH instantaneous heater. Address D 19, Herald.

BICYCLE FOR SALE, CHEAP, NEARLY new and good running order. Call at 24 East Second street.

CAMPERS AND EXPLORERS BETTER look at Poirier & Nordstrom's new camp stove, nothing better. We also keep on making anything in canvas, tent awnings, packsacks, sails, anything you want. Poirier & Nordstrom, 104 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—PATENT WRENCH, OR manufacturing firm make some. John P. Forsberg, Thief River Falls, Minn.

MAPLE SYRUP, GUARANTEED strictly pure; made and sealed by myself; price $1.50 per gallon, crated, f.o.b. cars. Order early as supply is limited. F. A. McDougald, Reeve, Wis.

FOR SALE—OUR MANUFACTURE OF XXX, XX and Zenith white cedar shingles, delivered at any point in the city. Zenith 'phone No. 944. Norton Lumber company.

FOR SALE--ONE TWO-HORSE LUMber wagon; one heavy double harness. 733 West Michigan street.

A FEW STOVES WHICH WERE LEFT for repairing will be sold for cost of repairs and storage. Duluth Stove Repair works, 217 East Superior street.

FOR SALE — SECOND-HAND PIANola, in very fine condition, mahogany case. A snap at $160. Duluth Music Co.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND WALNUT piano, in fine condition, $100. Duluth Music Co.

FOR SALE — CIGAR AND CONFECtionery stand and small stock of groceries. For information call 302 West Second street.

MUCIC AND MUSICAL MERCHANDISE —Edison's phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos, organs. Haakonsen & Westgaard, Duluth's leading music store.

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GROCERY STORE FOR SALE, 1814 West Superior street, including stock, fixtures, teams, three-year lease and insurance. Apply to M. J. Dahlstin, Parlor theater.

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT. 421 TOWER avenue, Superior.

PATENTS OBTAINED FOR INVESTors. J. T. Watson, specialist, Palladio building.

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FOR SALE — GASOLINE LAUNCH, suitable for ferry. 605 Palladio building.

FREE TRIAL ON GAS ENGINES—NO good, no pay. F. B. Jorden, gas engine expert, Box 93. New 'phone 4617, Duluth.

FOR SALE—STEAM ENGINE ABOUT 75 H. P.; also machine shop tools for very light manufacturing. H. E. Smith & Co., Palladio building.

HORSES FOR SALE.

A large and complete assortment constantly on hand; also farm mares, general purpose horses and drivers. Look over our stock before purchasing elsewhere; the largest assortment to be found in the entire Northwest.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Midway Horse Market,
St. Paul, Minn.

FOR SALE--BROWN MARE, WEIGHT 1550; good single or double. Call 12 or 6 p. m. 311 East First street.

FOR SALE—HACK AND TEAM, EASY payments if desired. Call 205 Palladio building.

FOR SALE--GOOD HEAVY WORKING horse, cheap. Apply 2504 West Eleventh street.

HORSES FOR SALE—DRAFT DRIVing horses and general purpose. L. Hammel company.

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FOR SALE — CHERRY HARDWOOD clothes cabinet. 1213 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE — ALL KINDS OF HOUSEhold goods cheap. 1528 East Third St.; account of leaving city. Call evenings or Sunday.

FOR SALE — ALMOST NEW SIDEboard, couch and other furniture, at 110 South Eighteenth avenue west.

FOR SALE, CHEAP — HOUSEHOLD goods, including bedroom set, black walnut dining room furniture, etc. H. N. MacHarg, 416 Providence building.

FOR SALE — COT, RUG, 6x9, SCREEN, four chairs; lot $5.50. 302 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE — FINE UPHOLSTERED baby's go-cart; used four months; good as new; half price. 1124½ East Third St.

FOR SALE—COOK STOVE, TWO HEATing stoves, one bedroom set, two tables, bookcase and chairs, cheap. 221 Lake avenue north.

FOR SALE — HANDSOME FOLDING bed. Call at 1526 East Third street.

FOR SALE—COMPLETE OUTFIT FOR furnishing three rooms: all furniture complete; also dishes and cooking utensils. Apply 1608 West Third street after 7 in evening.

FOR SALE—NICE FOLDING BED AND lounge. 459 Mesaba avenue.

COWS FOR SALE.

JUST ARRIVED, CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows, for sale. Harry Hill, 339 St. Croix avenue.

FOR SALE—CAR OF FRESH MILCH cows just arrived. J. H. Markuson, Sixty-first avenue west and Redruth street. Phone 3044-L.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with another carload of fresh milch cows. Will sell and exchange for fat cattle. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone, 1387.

EVAN JOHNSON, 2608 WEST HELM street, will arrive May 5, with a carload of fresh milch cows and springers.

STENOGRAPHER.

MISS MAXWELL, 307 1st Nat'l Bank Bldg

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—LADY OR GENTLEMAN OF fair education to travel for a firm of $250,000.00 capital. Salary, $1072 per year and expenses; paid weekly. Address, with stamp, J. A. Alexander, Milwaukee, Wis.

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WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, one who can go home nights preferred; small family; good wages. Call Flat O, Buffalo flats.

LADIES! SEVERAL VACANCIES open to complete list, easy sewing for us at home, $15 weekly. Addressed envelope for lace sample. Majestic Lace Co., New York.

WANTED—HOUSEKEEPER BY WIDower with child 8 years old. Address M 53, Herald.

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WANTED—A COOK; HIGHEST WAGES; no washing. Mrs. Thomas B. Merrill, Twenty-seventh avenue east and Superior street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; family of two; no housecleaning. 2319 East First street.

WANTED — COMPETENT, EXPERIenced stenographer. Address "Wholesale," Herald.

WANTED AT ONCE — COMPETENT girl for general housework. 4235 London Road. Best of wages paid.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AND DINING room girl. Good wages. 125 West 2nd.

COMPETENT NURSE GIRL— 1827 Jefferson.

WANTED — LADY STENOGRAPHER, having experience in lumber office. Address box 314 Postofficee.

GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSE WORK, small family. 1121½ East Third.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply morning or evening. 215 Third avenue west.

WANTED — A NURSE GIRL. MRS. Freimuth, 1306 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework. 1001 East Second street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT HOUSEmaid, at 301 East Fourth street. Good wages. Two in family.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 318 West Third street.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL AT Nicollet hotel.

WANTED — TWO DISHWASHERS. Hotel McKay.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must be good cook and furnish references. Apply Flat E, Ashtabula Flats.

WANTED—WAIST AND SKIRT MAKers; also apprentices for millinery. La Ferte, 17 West Superior street.

WANTED — A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework at 206 West Third street.

WANTED—CHAMBERMAID. MIDLAND hotel, 210 West Second street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED CHAMbermaid. Spalding hotel.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL TO HELP cook; also one for general work. 2532 West Superior street.

WANTED—A NURSE GIRL. 122 EAST First street.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS GENERAL servant, hotel and boarding house cook, dishwasher; places always open. Call 225 East Superior street.

WANTED AT ONCE—GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 2725 West Fourth St.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 211 Tenth avenue east.

GOOD WOMEN FOR HOUSE CLEANing, washing and ironing can always be found at 215 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR General housework. Must have references. Mrs. W. P. Mars, 1627 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of four. 810 East First street. Call mornings.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Mrs. J. H. Whitely, 1828 East Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. 214 Ninth avenue east.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and for general housework can always find places at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 215 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

GIRLS CAN FIND GOOD PLACES AND good wages at Mrs. Somers' Employment office, 17 Second avenue east.

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FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL LOTS FOR homes; all improvements. Also modern house, Fifth street, east of normal school. Inquire on premises.

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FOR SALE OR RENT — HOUSE NO. 211 St. Croix avenue. Apply 217.

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ASHES REMOVED.

J. MAHER. BOTH 'PHONES 48.

CALL 570-C. NEW 'PHONE— DULUTH General Teaming Co., 1004 West First street.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

AND WATCH REPAIRING, M. HENricksen Jewelry Co., 334 W. Superior St.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

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DO YOU NEED MONEY?

We make loans on horses, waggons, furniture and pianos, etc. Any amount required. Also to salaried people without security. Lowest rates. Confidential treatment. Call and investigate our methods.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
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Bell 'phone 759 R. Zenith 'phone 936.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.
Old 'phone 636 M.

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AGENTS—$30 TO $50 WEEKLY PROFITS. We send proof, read in dark, nameplates, numbers and signs. Send for sample. Your name on postal will do. Wright Supply Co., Englewood, Ill.

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FOR RENT—STORE, 106 WEST SUPERior street. For particulars call at the office of George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT — VERY CHEAP, BRICK store building; nice flat; West End. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building. 'Phone 439.

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LADIES—WHEN IN NEED SEND FOR free trial of our never-failing remedy. Relief sure and quick. Paris Chemical Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

RETIRED BUSINESS MAN, VERY rich, seeks good, honest, home-loving wife. Money no object. Address Mr. Lord, 202 Washington street, Chicago.

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PRETTY WIDOW, WORTH $85,000, INherits $75,000, beautiful home; income $5000, wants immediately honorable, industrious husband. Address Alla, St. Nicholas hotel, Chicago.

YOUR FORTUNE TOLD—ALL PRIVATE affairs; love, business, health. Send four 2-cent stamps and birth date. Professor True, 8, 155 Washington, Chicago.

MAIDEN—WEALTHY, ALONE, WANTS kind husband without delay. No objection to poor man, if honest. Address Jesse Hays, Ogden, corner Roby, Chicago.

IT DOES NOT APPEAR, HOWEVER, that the tunny was ever in such favor at ancient tables. But it does appear, however, that Dr. Hickox's Malarial Capsules are in great favor and should be in every house for typhoid fever, pneumonia or neuralgia. Call at Kugler's.

LADIES! OUR MONTHLY REGULator never fails. Box free. Vita Co., Station A., Detroit, Mich.

LADIES! WHEN IN NEED SEND FOR free trial of our never failing remedy. Relief sure and quick. Paris Chemical Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills ARE THE BEST. Safe, Reliable, Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by RETURN MAIL. Ask your druggist. Chichester Chemical Co. Philada., Pa.

PURE, SAFE AND SURE! Dr. Roger's Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills. A test of forty years in France has proved them to *positively* cure SUPPRESSION OF THE MENSES. Special—Price reduced to $1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Imported direct from Paris, France, by W. A. ABBETT, Druggist, Duluth, Minn., 201 West Superior street.

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UPHOLSTERING, REPAIRING AND mattress making neatly done. First-class workmanship. Wm. Peterson, 1530 West Superior street.

BEST WORK—LOW PRICES. STOCK & YOUNG, 504 E. 4th St. Zenith 'phone 1249-C. Old, 747-R.

WANTED STOCK FOR PASTURE.

WANTED—COWS TO HERD IN WEST Duluth; will be responsible for damages; $1 per head per month. Leave orders at 4609 Magelen street, upstairs.

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ALL STOMACH AND BLOOD DISeases cured by the Herbaqueen remedies and Dr. Finsen's Ray. The Herbaqueen Manufacturing company, 319 First avenue east, Duluth, Minn.

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No advertisement less than 15 cents.

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BUSINESS MEN.
BUSINESS MEN.

Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants, FREE OF CHARGE.

Apply to
W. C. McCARTER, Business University.

WANTED EVERYWHERE—MEN willing to distribute samples, tack signs, etc. at $3.00 daily. Permanent. No canvassing. Continential Distributing Service, Chicago.

CAPABLE SALESMAN TO COVER Minnesota with staple line. High commissions with advance of $100.00 monthly. Permanent position to right man. Jess H. Smith Co., Detroit, Mich.

WANTED — ENERGETIC, TRUSTworthy man or woman to work in Minnesota, representing large manufacturing company. Salary $40 to $90 per month, paid weekly; expenses advanced. Address with stamp, J. H. Moore, Duluth, Minn.

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WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED steady, sober, white man cook, at once. Address E. McNeil, Eveleth, Minn.

POLITICAL WORK—WE WANT MEN to do light political work; pleasant and interesting; good pay; previous experience not essential; salesmen or solicitors preferred; state experience. Secretary, Como block, Chicago.

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SALESMEN WANTED — LIBERAL proposition. No triflers need apply. Brown Bros. Co., nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—TEN MEN IN EACH STATE to travel, tack signs and distribute circulars and samples of our goods. Salary $60 per month; $3 per day for expenses. Kuhlman Co., Dept. S 4, Atlas block, Chicago.

BE INDEPENDENT. TRY WORKING for yourself on the profit-sharing basis and see how you like it. Address, The Hawks Nursery Co., Wauwatosa, Wis.

WANTED — SALESMAN, EXPERIENCed in the handling of wash goods. Gray-Taliant company.

WANTED — BOY ABOUT 17 YEARS TO deliver groceries. Call at Ostby Grocery, 23 East Fourth street.

MILL MEN WANTED — A FRAME maker and shaper man, a first-class stair builder and a glazier and hardwood finisher. James Turner & Sons, Grand Forks, N. D.

KANSAS CITY BARBER COLLEGE; largest and best; teaches the trade; shortest time at small expense. Write for free catalog. F. C. Bridgeford, 503 Delaware street, Kansas City, Mo.

WANTED—ONE HUNDRED ITALIANS, 140 Austrians, for section work, Montana and Washington. Western Employment company, 502½ West Superior street.

ONE PANTS AND ONE COATMAKER at once. Frank Burrows, 24 Third avenue west.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO DO JANItor work for tuition. Apply Duluth Business University.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED MALE stenographer and clerk, in railroad office. Salary $65 per month. C 26, Herald.

Wanted—Parties to burn Lackawanna Coal. 210 W. Sup. St. Tel. 1291.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Special opportunity this month. Particulars mailed free. Moler Barber College, 221 Second avenue south, Minneapolis, Minn. Established 1893.

WANTED—A BRIGHT, ACTIVE BOY, about 15 years of age. Apply Spalding hotel.

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PIKE'S CHICK FEED WILL SAVE and raise little chicks. All dealers or write R. A. Pike & Co., Minneapolis, Minn. Sample feed and catalegue, 6c. Price list free.

EGGS FOR HATCHING FROM BUFF Plymouth Rocks; prize winners and good breeding stock, $1.00, $2.00, and $3.00 per setting. Eggs for incubator, $4.00 per 100. Mrs. R. Hodgson, Fifty-fourth avenue east.

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING from prize winners and good breeding stock. Single comb brown Leghorns and black Monorcas. $1.25 and $1.50 per setting. Zenith 'phone 1167, 421 East Second street.

NEW SEEDS JUST IN. ENTIRE STOCK fresh and Northern grown. Pike's chick feed for little chicks. Eggs for hatching. T. A. Scarlett's, 124 W. 1st St.

POULTRY SUPPLIES, CYPHERS AND Pikes' chick feed, in any quantity. Incubators and brooders always on hand. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

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BOARD AND ROOM, 12 WEST SECOND street.

BOARD AND ROOMS, BATH, ETC. 120 First avenue west.

GOOD TABLE BOARD AND NEATLY furnished rooms, in private family; modern house; very central; nice lake view; rates reasonable. Address K 22, Herald.

BOARD AND ROOM OFFERED. 211 West Second street.

TABLE BOARD. 231 WEST SECOND ST.

GENTLEMAN ROOMMATE WANTED in first-class boarding house, 231 West Second street.

NICE LARGE ROOM WITH BOARD AT the Ralston, 122 East First street.

TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY at O-at-ka beach, also cottage for rent. Old 'phone 1302-R.

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FIRST-CLASS BOARD AND ROOM, AT 125 West Second street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN, PLEASant furnished room, vicinity Seventeenth avenue east and Third street; references given. Address M 54, Herald.

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DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS. 217 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

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ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—E. F. Anderson, Mgr., 327 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith 'phone, 669; residence, 1213.

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Shampooing, Hair Dressing, Manicuring, hair work. Dahl Sisters, 210 W. Sup. St.

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DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

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WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Grueson, 31 West Superior St.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, May 16, 1904. Work—First degree. Stanley R. Holden, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 9, 1904. Work—Second degree. Hugh R. Burgo, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary. Visiting brethren are welcome.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, May 6. Work—M. M. P. M. M. E. M. Joseph D. Titcomb, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave May 10 at 4 p. m. Work—Orders of the Red Cross and Temple. Dinner served at 6:30 p. m. John T. Black, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT NO. 1 MEETS EVERY Wednesdy evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Edward Thompson, Com.; 12 E. Fifth St. J. B. Gellneau, R. K., third floor, Hunter block. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. Thos. J. McKeon, G. S.; W. P. Wellbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 166, meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. C. H. Johnson, M. W.; W. W. Penstermacher, recorder. O. J. Murvold, financier, 211½ East Sixth street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. John Newman, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick Benefit association meets same evenings at 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. J. H. Davis, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

GRANT LODGE, K. OF P. No. 3 (colored) meets first and third Thursday every month at Kalamazoo hall, F. J. Grant, C. C.; D. H. Saunders, K. of R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday at 8 o'clock at Hunters' hall. Jos. A. Mannheim, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, Room 10, Hayes block.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, MEETS AT Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. F. Wiberg, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF Teamsters, local No. 41, meets at Kalamazoo hall, No. 18 W. Sup. St., second and Fourth Mondays of each month. Arthur Beattie, president, 2809 W. Helm St. J. M. Rock, recording secretary, 722 Garfield avenue; Archie McPherson, secretary and treasurer, 909 West Eighth street.

COOKS' A

24 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SECTION 2 Pages 13 to 24

SATURDAY, MAY 7, 1904.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

(2)

THEY WILL SUPPORT MISSIONARY IN INDIA

Members of First Swedish Baptist Young People's Society Extending Work to Foreign Fields.

CARL A. PEARSON,
President Young People's Society First Swedish Baptist Church.

J. W. JOHNSON,
Past President and Active Member of the Society.

One of the most successful religious movements in the last few decades is that instituted by the young people's societies for advancing the cause of religion among the younger people. By organizing themselves into independent societies in the church, though the church is, of course, continue the main body, it has clearly been demonstrated that immeasurable good has been accomplished. Young men and young women have thereby cultivated talents that might have been latent otherwise and have proved to be an excellent help in religious work.

Nearly all the denominations have this branch of religious work, the Methodists have their Epworth league, the Baptists their Baptist Young People's Union of America and others have all united in the Christian Endeavor society. The young peoples societies of this city have kept pace with the movement elsewhere.

The work of the society of young people, who are members of the First Swedish Baptist church has attracted much notice

(Continued on page 17, first column.)

THE NEMADJI RIVER BRIDGE

Contractor Has Trouble With Coffer Dams.

How Bridge Foundations Are Laid.

Unless further difficulties are encountered, the contractor expects to complete the Northern Pacific's new draw bridge over the Nemadji river by the middle of June. The work has been greatly hampered this winter by bad weather and by trouble with coffer dams.

The new draw, which is a 160-ton plate girder bridge, although somewhat shorter than the old, is heavier and of more permanent construction. It rests upon a center pier and two abutments, and the turntable is worked by hand. The foundations are concrete upon closely-driven piles.

In the construction of masonry foundations under water it is necessary to drive coffer dams around the spot where the concrete is to be placed and pump out the water, leaving the bottom comparatively dry so that the men can work as if they were on land. The dam consists of two rows of sheet piling (8 by 10 timbers grooved like amtched boards), and a filling between them. "Puddling," as this is called, is done with different materials. At Nemadji a bottom layer of straw and manure was used, followed by another of cinders, and the remaining space was filled with red clay. Yet, despite all efforts, the water came in faster than it could be pumped out, and as a last resort the form for the pier was placed and sunk. Concrete was then thrown in and allowed to set, after which the form was pumped out and the remainder of the form filled.

At present work is progressing rapidly upon the steel structure which is to be erected on the temporary trestle, now used by trains. This is done to avoid driving piles and building false work. When the foundations are finished the structure is to be moved into place.

The bridge is a very busy looking place at present. Yet, with donkey engines puffing on each bank, cranes swinging their long arms through the air, the clang of hammers and the confusion of heavy moving bodies and nimble workmen on her banks, the yellow Nemadji flows on indifferent to them all.

GENERAL VIEW FROM WEST BANK.

CENTER PIER.

TAKING DOWN THE OLD SUPERSTRUCTURE.

GENERAL VIEW FROM EAST BANK.

LESTER PARK A VERY POPULAR RESORT

Street Car Company Could Pack the Grounds By Free Band Concerts Several Nights In the Week.

"If the street railway company would inaugurate a series of free band concerts two or three nights in the week at Lester Park they could pack the grounds out there," said a well known citizen last Sunday afternoon as he watched a carload of pleasure seekers making for the popular East End resort.

"Down in Minneapolis and St Paul the street railway company spends hundreds of dollars in free entertainments in the outlying parks, and it is a most profitable investment both for the company and the people. The conerts are paid for many times over in the street car fares, and the people have a cheap and pleasant way of spending Sunday afternoon and evening.

"I believe the plan will be adopted here. Lester Park is a very popular resort as it is, with no other attractions than the dancing pavillon and the natural beauty of the place. Every fine Sunday last season the park was thronged with people, and if there were some amusements to attract them there it would multiply the attendance many times.

"We have a splendid band here in Duluth, and when people will pay 25 cents to sit in a theater and hear it play, how many more would be willing to pay the 10 cents for carfare and enjoy the music and a very pleasant outing at the same time.

"If I thought it would not be a paying investment for the street railway company I would not suggest it, for the company has been at a heavy expense during the past year and is not in business for its health, but I think the company would be the gainer.

"The concerts would not pay unless the company gave good service, and the present twenty minutes' service would be altogether inadequate to handle the crowds. I believe that one evening band concert at Lester Park would warrant the company in putting on a five or even a three-minute service during the time they were held.

"We have such beautiful parks here in Duluth that it is a pity they cannot be made popular resorts where the people can spend a pleasant evening at a small expense.

"The parks are just becoming attractive and now is the time to consider the plan. The park board is spending a considerable sum of money on the parks this year. New trees are being set out and hedges and flower beds planted. They will be more attractive than ever, and when the people are paying to maintain them they should be made to be resorts for the people.

"I believe a free band concert in Lester Park on any fine Saturday evening during the summer months would draw 5000 people. That would mean $500 for the street railway company, and that should warrant an expenditure of $25 or $30 for music. And the company might even make arrangements with the park board for the privilege of selling soft drinks and peanuts, by which it could clear enough money to pay for the concerts."

The above picture shows a group of pleasure seekers in one corner of the grounds, and gives an idea of the popularity of Lester Park for little afternoon outings during the summer months.

SUMMER SCENE, SHOWING GREAT POPULARITY OF LESTER PARK.

IS LIKE A WATER BLISTER

"One Minute As Big As a Hickory Nut, Next Just a Damp Spot," Says Cartoonist Homer Davenport, of the Hearst Boom.

"Hearst's boom for the presidency is like one of these water blisters that you get on your hand when you're hoeing corn," drawled Homer Davenport, cartoonist, humorist and lecturer. "One minute it is as big as a hickory nut, and the next minute it's just a little damp spot on the hoe handle."

Mr. Davenport ought to know something about Hearst—the "unspeakable candidate," says the Spokane Spokesman-Review. He had been working on his yellow papers for twelve years up to a few months ago, when he quit and took to the lecture field. He has no active newspaper connection now, and he has no great admiration for his late chief.

Mr. Davenport, who looks like the prosperous owner of a livery stable in a country town, stretched his huge frame out in a stiff little chair in his rooms at Hotel Spokane while he talked about yellow journals and things.

He had just got out of bed, at 3:30 in the afternoon. He puts in a good deal of spare time sleeping on this lecture trip of his. The night stands and the long train rides are tiresome, even to so husky a person as Davenport. He was sitting in his shirt sleeves—and the shirt was a blue flannel affair.

There is nothing of the esthetic about Homer Davenport. The man who cartooned Mark Hanna into fame is a big, quiet fellow, about 6 feet 2 inches tall, and muscular in proportion. He has an egg-shaped head, slightly bald—he is 37 years old now—and there's a bristly, dark brown mustache that half conceals a firm and rugged mouth. When he talked—and he talks with a quiet drawl not unlike that of Mark Twain—he rocked back and forth in the dingy little bedroom chair on which he was tilted back to give his long legs room.

Over in one corner Mr. Morris, the artist for the Spokesman-Review, was quietly sketching the portrait of Mr. Davenport that appears herewith. The cartoonist was sitting pretty still, without so much as casting an eye at his fellow craftsman.

"Morris is making a picture of you," suggested one of the visitors. "He's trying your own game on you."

"Yes, I heard him scratching away over there," drawled Davenport. "But I'm just like the soubrette. I wouldn't for anything let on that I knew about it."

The picture is a fine one—except that Mr. Morris, in a spirit of politeness and camaraderie, has foreshortened Davenport's legs a few inches. However, Mr. Davenport won't miss that. He has plenty left.

"Over in Seattle one of the newspapers said I was going to run for the vice presidency, along with Hearst," he went on. "Now, what I really said was that I might be a candidate for the vice presidency of the National Angora Goat Fanciers' association—you know I like Angora goats.

"Mr. Hearst is a great newspaper man," he went on reflectively. "He has some great qualities—but they're not the qualities that you would want to see in the White House.

"Hearst's boom is like one of these water blisters that you get on your hand when you're hoeing corn. One minute it's as big as a hickory nut, and the next minute it's just a little damp spot on the hoe handle.

"But Hearst really thinks he's going to get elected. I've been guessing what he will do when he gets defeated for the nomination. Will he support Parker? or will he sit back and holler? The Democrats like a good loser—they've been licked so often that they kind o' insist that their candidate stand the gaff when he gets licked.

"Mr. Hearst has mortgaged his group of papers for nearly $2,000,000, and is putting all of that money into his campaign. His papers have been making money, too. There's the Examiner in San Francisco—a big moneymaker. Then the Chicago American is doing well, and he's making $500,000 a year on the Evening Journal and the Sunday Journal in New York. The Morning Journal is just about breaking even.

"He's got Arthur Brisbane, the man

(Continued on page 16, sixth column.)

THE MURRAY-McCANN SAWMILL

Only Mill In Operation This Year On Superior Side.

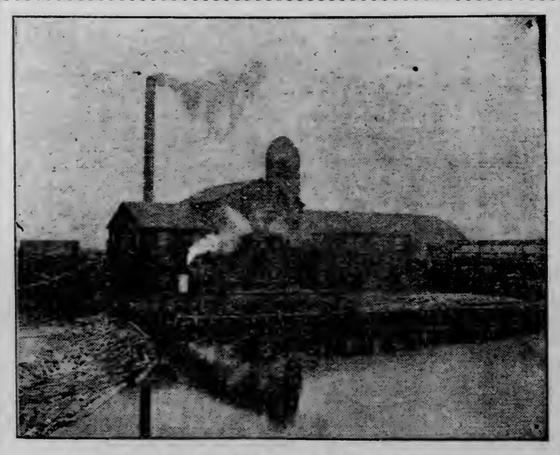
Next Monday morning the Murray-McCann sawmill, which occupies the site of the old Scofield mill, which burned down two years ago, will begin operations.

The mill has been building during the latter part of the winter and was practically completed last week. It could have been started sooner but for the ice about the boom logs in the bay.

Most of the machinery in the new mill came from Ashland, where Murray & McCann have completed their sawing operations. It is said to be a modern and up-to-date plant in every way with a capacity of about 270,000 feet per day of twenty-four hours, cutting with a double shift.

A contract has been entered into, before work started on the mill, with the Edward Hines Lumber company, of Chicago, whereby the plant will be operated on Hines timber for several years to come. Its prospective output for 1904 is about 40,000,000 feet.

The Murray-McCann mill has two of the latest pattern band saws and one Wicks gang saw. It has also a single and a double edger.



NEW MURRAY & McCANN SAWMILL AT SUPERIOR.

Many of the empoyes of the new mill are those who formerly worked for the Murray & McCann company in Ashland and these have moved their families to the head of the lakes to be near their work.

The Murray-McCann mill will be the only sawmill in operaion this year on the Superior side of the harbor.

MOURN FOR JOKAI.

Budapest, May 6.—Demonstrations of mourning on the death of Maurus Jokai, the Hungarian novelist, are reported from all towns of Hungary. Emperor Francis Joseph sent the secretary of state to express his condolences to the widow. The body will lie in state at the national museum until Monday.

FIRST VACATION IN THIRTY YEARS

Taken By Rev. G. B. Pope, Pastor of St. Martha African M. E. Church.

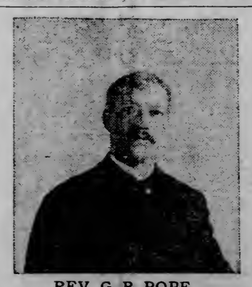
Next Sunday will be the first in thirty years that G. B. Pope, pastor of the St. Martha African M. E. church, corner Sixth street and Fifth avenue east, has not occupied a pulpit and addressed a congregation. He left last Monday for Ypsilanti, Mich., to visit with relatives on the first vacation he has had since 1874. Although he has been transferred from one church to another several times since he became a minister, the changes have been made so that he has not missed preaching on a single Sunday since that time.

Another interesting fact about Rev. Pope is that he has not been in need of the services of a doctor since he was 16 years of age. He is now 63 years old, and does not look to be more than 45, and only a few gray hairs are in evidence. Mr. Pope says he owes his good health to hard work.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Pope are natives of Kentucky, and both were educated at Ypsilanti, Mich., where their marriage later ocurred. The man's advancement was due in a large measure to the great interest taken in his career by a former officer of the Union army in the war of the rebellion.

Mr. Pope likes Duluth and her people better than any place he has ever been. The climate evidently agrees with him, for he has gained twenty pounds since coming here, three years ago. He is known as a hard and energetic worker, and interest in his church has greatly increased since his arrival.

Mr. Pope has acted as pastor in the following cities since donning the cloth, at the age of 26 years: Ypsilanti, Mich.; Grand Rapids, Mich.; Rockport, Ind.; Cambridge City, Ind.; South Bend, Ind.; Princeton, Ind.; Franklin, Ind.; Cassopolis, Mich.; Ann Arbor, Mich.; Battle Creek, Mich.; Detroit, Mich.; Harrow, Ontario; Toronto, Ontario; East Saginaw and St. Joseph, Mich.



REV. G. B. POPE.
Pastor African M. E. Church—Now Taking First Vacation in Thirty Years.

SOCIETY

The dearth of formal social affairs is not greatly felt for everybody is busy with spring cleaning or dressmakers, making ready for the long summer frivollty which will begin in a few weeks. Others are planning and working on some dainty bit of gardening of some special favorite in the flower line, or just poking a few seeds in because it is spring. There are very few informal affairs just at this between season time although some of the younger people with all the enthusiasm of youth have been canoeing on the bay at this early date. The picnic season will shortly begin and already many Duluthians have left for their sumer cottages at Deerwood.

* * *

Mrs. C. D. Thompson entertained at two informal afternoons Wednesday and Thursday of this week at her home in Adams' Flats. Bridge was played by a small number of guests.

* * *

Mrs. A. H. Comstock and Miss Comstock left today for their summer home at Deerwood, where they will spend much of the summer.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Upham, Jr., are expected home next week from their wedding trip.

* * *

The Young Ladies' Card club will be entertained Monday afternoon by Miss Lydia Poirier, of 2123 East First street.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Thompson, of Adams' Flats, are entertaining Miss Hichcox, of Milwaukee. They left today for Brule, where they will spend Sunday.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Jones and Misses Alice and Lulu Jones left during the week for their summer home at Deerwood.

* * *

Mrs. J. A. Stephenson and children went to Deerwood this week.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Cuyler Adams left during the week for Deerwood, where they will spend the summer.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. De Witt are now at home at teh Ash house at the corner of Tenth avenue East and First street.

* * *

Mrs. Hunold, of South Africa, is the guest of Mrs. A. H. Chisholm, of East Second street.

* * *

The engagement of Miss Isabelle Julia Spencer, daughter of Mrs. R. W. Spencer, of Albuqperque, N. M., to Harry B. Rose, formerly of Duluth, was announced last week at the home of the bride. Mr. Rose is the son of Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Rose, of this city, and is well known here.

* * *

Miss Mabel Milham, state secretary of the Y. W. C. A., was in the city this week, inspecting the work of the local association. Before leaving Minneapolis Miss Milham's engagement to Dr. Charles K. Roys, of New York, was announced. After their marriage Dr. Roys and his bride will leave for China as missionaries. Miss Milham is a school friend of Mrs. Burton St. John, formerly of this city, and will visit her for a short time in North China upon their arrival there. Miss Milham was unable to stay the length of time intended, but met many interested in the work and spoke most highly of the progress of the local association.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Philip G. G. Brown have moved to 4745 London road.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Marvin McLaren are now at home at 222 Fourteenth avenue east.

* * *

Mrs. H. B. Van Name is entertaining her siser, Mrs. David M. Weishoon, of Minneapolis.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. McCord and their guest Miss Halliday, left today for St. Paul and from there they will go to St. Louis.

* * *

Mrs. C. Z. Doolittle, of Minneapolis, is the guest of Mrs. C. P. Craig, of London road.

* * *

Wednesday morning the first May morning breakfast that has been given by the local Young Women's Christian association was held at the Association rooms, on West Superior street. The breakfast was a most decided success, and the members having the affair in charge are delighted with the reception that the breakfast idea met. The dining room looked pretty, with its simple decorations of dainty green vine, the only bit of spring that could be found in the Duluth woods. Miss Jessie Case was in charge of the dining room decorations. Breakfast was served from 6 to 8, and 150 were served during those hours. Miss Mabel Milham, state secretary of the association, was a guest at the breakfast.

* * *

Mrs. Mark Baldwin left Monday for a visit at Chicago.

* * *

Mrs. Frank Barber and son left the first of the week for Barton, Wis., where they will spend the summer.

* * *

Miss Marie Draper went to Chicago Thursday evening.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John H. LaVaque left Wednesday for Hankinson, N. D., where they will remain indefinitely.

* * *

Mrs. Thomas H. Cleland and Miss Mildred Cleland left Thursday evening for Chicago.

* * *

Last Saturday a delightful reunion was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Owens, at Lakeside. The affair was in honor of Mr. Owens' 60th birthday, and all but three of a family of eleven were present. The host was presented with a beautiful signet ring. The dining table was prettily decorated, the cetnerpiece being a mirror, on which sixty candles were placed. The place cards were pictures of the old home, mounted on bits of ribbon. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
Samuel Owens, of Eveleth; Frank Spurbeck, Evan Owens, Jr., of Two Harbors;
Thomas Owens, of Two Harbors.
Mesdames—
Margaret Whiting, of Oshkosh; William McMillan, Emerson Lake, of Oshkosh.
Mr. Evan Owens, of Oshkosh.

* * *

A beautiful church wedding took place Tuesday morning at St. James' church when Miss Margaret McGraw and Henry C. Eischen were united in marriage by the Rev. Mr. Feehely. The service was a nuptial high mass. Miss Marie Timms presided at the organ, assisted by the full choir. This is the first wedding which has taken place at the new St. James' church, and it was lavishly decorated for the occasion.

Miss Mayme Elschen and Miss Bessie Onsgard attended the bride, and Louis Frerker and Oliver Elschen were the groom's attendants. The bride was gowned in white crepe de paris over white taffeta and carried a flower bouquet of lavender orchids and lilies of the valley. The maids wore white voile and picture hats and carried Liberty roses and lilies of the valley. Miss Tims played the nuptial chorus from "Lohengrin" as the bridal party entered the church. During the ceremony Mrs. Hayden sang a very beautiful "Ave Marie." The ring-bearer was Master James Dormedy, and Katherine Dormedy and Elsie Dormedy acted as flower girls. The bride entered with P. Dormedy. The ushers were J. P. Burnet and J. W. Dorsey. A particularly pretty feature of the wedding was the shower of rose petals which were thrown from the gallery upon the retreating bridal party.

After the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. J. W. Bordwell, on Fifty-ninth avenue west. The house was lavishly decorated with flowers. Mr. and Mrs. Eischen left on the afternoon train for the Twin Cities, Chicago and the East. After visiting the St. Louis exposition they will be at home in this city the first of June.

* * *

Last Saturday evening a number of the high school girls entertained at a leap year party at Harmonie hall at Lakeside. The dance was of the most informal sort and altogether delightful. Dr. and Mrs. J. D. Parks were the chaperons.

* * *

The regular monthly card party of the Women's Relief corps was held Tuesday afternoon at the Masonic Temple. The card favor was won by Mrs. Rachel Ross. Those present were:

Mesdames—
Groff,
J. H. Sullivan,
N. F. Hugo,
J. L. Armstead,
A. Salter,
Abel,
Constantine,
D. P. McDonald,
R. L. Myrick,
N. A. Gearhart,
W. F. McPherson,
Rachel Ross,
Stewart,
R. F. Anderson,
Peter Butchart,
D. Buchanan,
P. H. Levy,
McLean,
Benjamin Campbell,
Ichman,
Fred Jackson,
H. Krantz,
H. Krantz,
Irene Cook,
Hanson,
Bartholmew,
W. A. Klambach,
Wisenberg,
Robert Gillon.

* * *

Mrs. N. Anderson entertained at cards Wednesday afternoon at her home, 729 East Fifth street. Progressive cinch was played and the prizes were taken by Mrs. C. M. Johnson, Mrs. M. Cossi and the consolation went to Mrs. H. Stang. The guests were:

Mesdames—
E. M. Stone,
H. Rhebein,
J. Ganter,
M. Franks,
G. Kreager,
J. E. Kreager,
W. Schwartz,
M. Cossi,
W. Shepherdson,
J. Gray,
O. H. Haney, of Superior;
C. Johnson,
A. McCormick,
C. J. Harker,
H. Stang,
F. A. Kreager,
H. Tone,
W. Bradley,
L. Ebner,
C. Dryer,
D. Evans,
F. Krieshach,
Miss M. Keller.

* * *

The Home Culture club was entertained at its annual meeting Tuesday evening by Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Hubbard, of 213 Twenty-fifth avenue west. The business of the meeting was transacted and the officers elected for the ensuing year. They are: President, E. F. Alford; vice president, Mrs. W. M. Hubbard; secretary, Mrs. J. Robinson and treasurer, Mrs. I. I. Gorby.

* * *

Mrs. C. A. Peterson entertained at a delightful little party Tuesday afternoon in honor of her little son's seventh birthday. The affair was a happy one for the following children:

Misses—
Ethel Krantz,
Maud Frazer,
Isabelle Russell.
Masters—
Earl Scott,
Richard Johnson,
Irene Krantz,
Irene White.
Harley Russell,
Mitchel Spearin.

* * *

Miss Helen Wishart, of 708 East First street, entertained informally at cards Thursday evening.

* * *

A delightful reception was held on Wednesday afternoon by the members of the Ladies' Union, of the Pilgrim Congregational church. The parlors of the church were prettily arranged and decorated and during the afternoon many guests called. A delightful program of music by Mrs. Mary Morris, Miss Eleanor Pineo and Frances Woodbridge was given and Mrs. Ward Ames spoke entertainingly on tapestry. Miss Mabel Milham spoke of the Young Women's Christian association work which is being carried on in the state. Mrs. Charles E. Adams presided at the punch bowl and Mrs. F. D. Day and Mrs. Eugene Bacot poured the tea.

* * *

The wedding of Miss Leona Daoust, daughter of Mrs. Gilbert Daoust and M. P. Schmitt, of Superior, took place on Wednesday morning at St. Jean's Baptise church at the West End. The service was read by Rev. Father Robitaire at 10 o'clock. The attendants were Miss Mary Schmitt and W. W. Daoust. Mr. and Mrs. Schmitt left for an Eastern wedding trip and after their return will be at home at Superior.

* * *

Mr. and Mras. J. B. Carlisle and Mr. and Mrs. W. Ayers left Tuesday for Hoquiam, Wash.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Stanley are now at home at their residence, 5905 London road.

* * *

Miss Catherine Neff and Miss Cornelia Culyford left the first of the week for St. Louis to attend the fair, the guess of Mr. and Mrs. Francis S. Culyford.

* * *

Miss Ethel Farmer left Wednesday for Nashville, Tenn., where she will be the guest of school friends for six weeks.

* * *

Mrs. W. W. Nichols left Wednesday for a visit at Boston.

* * *

Mrs. J. J. Hudson left during the week for a visit at Marquette.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. D. Desmond left Tuesday for a visit at their old home, Chatham, N. B.

* * *

Mrs. George S. Richards returned the first of the week from a three weeks' visit at Minneapolis.

* * *

Mrs. Ann Devine, who was visiting her daughter, Mrs. Allen McDonnell, of 1428 East Superior street, returned to her home at Chippewa Falls Monday.

* * *

Mrs. W. B. Hartley and Mrs. George Toor, returned the first of the week from a short visit at Barnum.

* * *

The Dozen club was pleasantly entertained Tuesday evening at the home of Miss Hilda Knudson, of West Duluth.

* * *

The Misses Campbell, of West Duluth, were pleasantly surprised Monday evening at their home in West Duluth.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Henderson are entertaining John Henderson, of Winnipeg.

* * *

Mrs. E. W. Russell and children left Tuesday for Chicago, where they will make their home.

* * *

Stanley and Loleta Lamb are the guests of Mrs. T. P. Goetz, of Lakeside, for the summer.

* * *

Mrs. Nellie French and the Misses French have returned from San Antonio, Texas, where they spent the winter.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Blake, of Toronto, are the guests of Mrs. F. A. Pentar, of West Third street.

* * *

Mrs. J. Wilcox, of Kenton, Mich., is the guest of W. F. Murnian, of West Duluth.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. David Sang, of West Duluth, left Thursday for a visit with friends at Dallas, Wis.

* * *

The marriage of Miss Inga M. Parson and Jacob E. Johnson, of Cambridge, Minn., took place Wednesday evening at West Duluth. Rev. J. C. Hartley performed the ceremony and Mr. and Mrs. Johnson left for Cambridge, wheed they will make their future home.

* * *

Last evening a delightful leap year party was given at the Masonic Temple. The hall was prettily decorated and the program of dances played by La Brosse was enjoyed by a large number of guests. Punch was served at one end of the hall, and the dance was a most enjoyable affair. Among those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames:
J. Nelson,
W. S. Spearin,
Misses:
Spearin,
Frazer,
Sorenson,
Glover,
Lang,
Fiebiger,
Le May,
Ottinger,
Bell,
Emma Flett,
Beatty,
M. Beatty,
Marshall,
Sheehan,
Anna Fraser,
Stewart,
Beck,
Dardis,
R. D. Handy,
Mechelke.
Burgo,
Starkson,
Mackey,
Heidbach,
Bush,
Fider,
Jones,
Sandon,
Chase,
Soneson
Holland,
Mar,
Lundberg,
Malone,
Brown,
St. German,
Burns.

Messrs:
Pritchart,
Le May,
Hinckley,
Dardis,
Tucker,
Gleuter,
J. Hultquist,
Keagen,
Haggerson,
Pierce,
Hultquist,
Carroll,
Robbins,
Gordon,
Le Roy,
Kreimer,
Malcolm,
Sturm,
Watson,
McMullin, of Superior,
L. W. Wells,
Burger,
Hastings,
Narveson,
Cheney,
Johnson.
Mann,
McCarthy,
P. Sturm,
Eyefurth,
Sullivan,
Tew,
Dorrance,
Rhoden,
Drenning,
C. Ginder,
A. McMullen, of Superior,
McLeod,
Oliver,
Leng.

* * *

Miss Margaret Murtinger was delightfully surprised lat Saturday evening. The affair was in honor of her birthday and the evening was a most pleasant one. The guests were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
K. Murtinger,
B. Millen,
J. C. Plering,
G. V. Fifer,
B. F. Bain.
Misses—
Annie Mueller,
Selda Sagare,
Julia Swensen,
Clara Grant,
Tina Murtinger,
Selma Grant,
Florence Grant.
Messrs.—
O'Gorman,
Sleezer,
Segara,
Swenson,
E. Murtinger,
W. Murtinger,
Grant.

* * *

Miss Ela Phillips left yesterday for Sioux Falls, South Dakota, where she will remain.

* * *

Mrs. T. J. Ryan, of 625 Fifty-eighth avenue west, has returned from an extended Eastern trip.

Does it pay to advertise in The Herald? Ask B. E. Baker.

Facial Massage

Our new vibratory method is not the ordinary massage, as it is usually given, but a treatment which will build up new tissue, remove lines, tone up the muscles, and give to the face a fresh healthy glowing appearance, suggestive of youth. A trial treatment is inexpensive at

Miss Horrigan's Drug Store,
OVER GIDDING'S STYLE STORE.

CLUBS AND MUSICAL.

W. J. Henderson, the noted musical critic of the New York Sun, who will lecture for the Minnesota State Music Teachers' association in Duluth, is considered a strong man as a musical essayist, in fact so high is his position that the association wanted him in preference to any other lecturer before the public. It will have to pay a big price, as Mr. Henderson comes directly from New York.

He is now engaged on his new lecture that will be given publicly for the first time in Duluth. The subject has the very widest bearing possible and will interest every one who has any musical interest whatever and the impressions and opinions of a man of such wide information and authority, will be awaited with eagerness, especially since Duluth this winter had a taste of the ultra-modern Richard Strauss. The name of the lecture will be "Modern Tendencies in Music."

* * *

Tuesday evening the last meeting of the year for the Bishop's club will be held at the club room of the library. This is the annual meeting of the club and the election of officers for the next year's work will take place.

* * *

Last evening the pupils of Gerard Tonning and a number of Miss Elizabeth Morton's pupils gave a delightful piano recital at the First Baptist church. The program was well and carefully arranged and each number was enjoyed. Mrs. G. S. Richards and Miss Lillian Kuhn were the assisting vocalists and sang charmingly. Miss Kuhn sang "The Bells of St. Mary" by Rodney and Mrs. Richards sang Lane's "Life's Lullaby" and "Absent" by Metcalfe, and together they sang "On Wings of Music" by Mendelssohn.

The following pupils took part in the recital. Misses Catherine Morton, Marguerite Dudley, Enid Freimuth, Gladys Wheelock, Lily Moe, Frances Berg, Helen Rankin, Esther Johnson, Nina Johnson, Pearl Ettlinger, Bertha Richardson, Hazel Aske, Esther Tufte, Marguerite Clark, Gertrude Schiller, Eva LeMoigan, Elizabeth Morton and Louis LaSalle, Alexander McRae, Arthur LeMoigan, Gerard Tonning, Jr., and Waldemar Moe.

* * *

Tuesday evening the last regular meeting of the Bishop's club was held at the club room of the library. "The Women of Germany" was the subject of the evening's study and delightful papers were read by Miss Lydia Poirier, Miss Malloy and Miss McCue. Mrs. Thomas was leader for the evening. The Bible study was from Proverbs and was conducted by Bishop McGolrick as usual.

* * *

The Duluth Art club met Wednesday at the club room of the library. A boy in fishing costume was the model posed for the evening.

* * *

The West Duluth W. C. T. U. held its regular meeting Thursday afternoon with Mrs. D. A. Crosby, of West Duluth. The "Liquor Problem" was the subject of the afternoon's discussion and Mrs. H. H. Gardener was leader.

* * *

The interest in the lectures to be given at the Methodist church, May 23, 24 and 25, by Edward Howard Griggs, are attracting much attention. The press notices of this lecturer are most flattering and he will be heard in Duluth with much interest.

* * *

The quarterly meeting of the Young Women's Christian association will be held Monday evening at the rooms on West Superior street. It is particularly desired that a very large number of the members be present and the membership committee are arranging for a delightful program in addition to the regular business. Readings and musical numbers will be given and an informal evening will follow the regular meeting. Miss Frances Woodbridge and Miss Eleanor Pineo will assist. These meetings, which come every three months, are really the only tax on the members and it is urged that as many as possible will make an effort to attend Monday's meeting.

At the devotional meeting this noon, Mrs. William Asher spoke and a large number of the members were present, as the short bright meeting is a delightful way to pass a dull dark noon.

IN SHIFTING SANDS

By Anna D. Koke.

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The churn, wielded by strong, young arms, kept time to a song, the words of which rang out somewhat defiantly as the singer saw a young man cross the big, untidy yard and advance toward her.

"What a good-looking fellow he is," the girl thought, as she watched him. He had taken off his hat, revealing a head of noble proportions. His whole attire bespoke hard labor and poverty, yet it could not hide the grace of his strong, well-built figure; while the firm lines on his handsome face showed Bruce Carlton to be a man who, having once put his hand to the plow, would die before turning back.

"You know that song is not so, Lucy," he said. "What makes you sing it? Love is not afraid of poverty, nor hard work, nor nothing else. It just keeps on growing stronger when it has all those things to fight against."

"I don't believe it," said the girl, sullenly. "I don't see any love in this"—and with a comprehensive sweep of her bare, shapely arms, she indicated the forlorn, tumbling old house, the fallen fences, even her faded, patched garments. Everything was poverty, neglect and decay.

"I know it, Lucy; but there's a cause for all this."

An angry flush crept over her face, and he saw no more must be said on that subject. I'll work for you, sweetheart. I know I am poor; we're both used to that, and if love starts out with us poor, he won't have any excuse for flying out of the window."

Evidently this was not the first time the subject had been discussed between them, as the only answer the girl made was to say: "Jim Deckman was over yesterday."

It was to his face that the angry flush came now.

"What did he want?"

"Me; you might know that without me telling you."

"See here, Lucy, I don't want to make you mad; but you ought to have seen enough of that. There was a time when your folks had just as much money and land as his folks have now; and you know where it has gone. Jim is rich now, but give him time and the saloons will get his money, the same as they got other people's. Wait for me, and I can promise you, that with the way I work, and the way he drinks, it won't be many years before him and I will have changed places."

"Wait!" said the girl bitterly. "Before that time comes I will have grown old, wrinkled and ugly. I'm tired of being poor."

She had taken the butter out of the churn now, every move revealing the perfect curves of her young form. Not even the expression of discontent could mar the beauty of her lovely, though somewhat weak, face.

Moodily he watched her step from the porch to the well and pump the clear water over the golden lumps of butter. Then he pulled a piece of paper from his pocket and read it over many times, although he knew its contents word for word.

"Wanted—By the Jewel Match company, men. Highest wages paid for unskilled labor; steady work."

The girl at last finished her task, and, wheeling the churn into a corner, sat down beside him. In that moment his decision was made.

"Lucy," he said quietly, "I'm going away. How long will you give me to make a good home for you?"

"I told Jim Deckman I wouldn't marry him as long as he drank like—like father does. You know I love you best, but I just can't stand being poor all my life. I'm willing to wait a few years, only I won't marry you until you can give me as fine a home as he has."

The optimism of youth and health was in his soul. Firmly, he took her hands into his.

"Lucy, I am going a great way off. You know I am no hand with a pen—I've worked too hard for that—but you will know I love you all the time, even if you don't hear from me. Tell me how long a time I may have, and then promise to wait until I come back."

After a moment's thought she said: "I will wait three years. It's a long time, but you are worth it."

Quickly he took her in his arms, gave her his last kiss and was gone.

The furnaces of the Jewel Match company threw their red glow over a motley, ghostly crew of men, whose pallid skin and sunken eyes gave evidence of the deadly nature of their work. Their faces were protected by masks, yet there was one who, in spite of the stifling fumes, worked at a cauldron with uncovered face, as though he disdained that much obstruction to his labor. So intent was he on his duty he failed at first to hear the message, loudly spoken, that he was wanted at once in the manager's office.

The workmen looked at him curiously. This strange, silent man, who had come among them two years ago, bearing the marks of the pure mountain air on his stalwart frame, and knew no more of the match than it was a useful bit of pine with which to light his pipe and fire. Today there was not a better posted man on the force than this ignorant stranger who moved away so quietly to that dread sanctum—the manager's office.

When there, he accepted the proffered seat with something of his old-time grace; while the manager looked at him keenly, then pityingly.

"You tell me you have succeeded, Mr. Carlton. It is worth the price?"

At the question there came a glow into those sunken eyes.

"Worth the price! I would give my very soul to win that for which I have been working. Why should I begrudge my body? Yes, I have succeeded. What will you pay me for the discovery?"

The manager looked skeptical.

"It is a great deal to ask me to believe that you, a man who, two years ago, had never seen a bit of crude phosphorus, should be able today to demonstrate that you have a process by which amorphous phosphorus can be made into a practical match. The secret is one which has baffled men of science since the very beginning of the industry."

"That is not the question, Mr. Greeves. I tell you I have discovered it. The point with me is, what am I to get out of it?"

"Very well," and leaning forward he named a sum which to Bruce Carlton seemed like wealth untold.

"I accept the offer; now make out the contract and I will demonstrate my discovery."

Thus it was that, within a short time, Bruce found himself returning to the old home. His success seemed too great for reality. Lucy, a fortune, and the pure, untainted mountain air. The three years were not yet gone, and he held within his hands wealth, position and power.

Wearily he leaned back in the carriage, hired at the nearest railway station. That he had paid too dear a price for a woman's love did not enter his mind. That there should be a change in him which would cause Lucy Scott to turn from his presence in affright was equally far from his thoughts.

She had made gold the price of her love, and gold she would have—far beyond her wildest dreams of riches.

"So you be goin' to old man Scott's?" queried the driver. "Goin' to the weddin', eh?"

"The wedding! What's that you say?" Carlton started forward so suddenly that the old man looked at him in surprise; then looked away again, with an expression of wonder.

"Who's going to be married at Scott's?"

"Why, his gal, Lucy, and Jim Deckman. It's goin' to be tonight; you'll be just in time."

He hardly comprehended what was being told him.

The remainder of the drive seemed endless, and when, at last the old poverty-stricken place came into view a mighty rage had taken possession of his soul. Some attempt had been made to tidy up, and the numerous vehicles about the straw-roofed barn told him the family were thus early gathering for the wedding.

Hastily he strode up the pathway and entered the door. The group gathered in the kitchen looked at him askance. In spite of the summer warmth, he wore a long coat, closely buttoned. A scarf covered the lower part of his face. His hat was drawn down over his eyes.

"Don't you know me?" he cried. "What's the matter with you all? I'm Bruce Carlton. Where is Lucy?"

Someone pointed toward a door, through which he hastily went. She was there alone, placing flowers in dingy, cracked bowl, about the barren room. The girl did not look up as he entered, and with a glance he saw that she was more beautiful than ever, and, with pain in his heart, he thought she looked happy.

"Lucy," he spoke softly.

Intuitively she knew who he was.

"Bruce," she cried, and with outstretched arms, sprang toward him.

As he threw off his hat, the encircling scarf fell from his throat. He was about to clasp her to his heart, when she fell back with her face turned away. Bending him back with quivering hands, she sank on the floor at his feet.

"Bruce, Bruce," she whispered. "Why have you come back to haunt me? Go away, leave me alone and I won't marry him. Oh, my God, to think I should be punished by the dead."

She was trembling from head to foot, in terror pitiful to see.

"Lucy, my darling; it is I—Bruce. Not dead, but alive. See, I have come back for you, and you shall know wealth such as you have never dreamed of."

He stooped over to take her in his arms, but she shrank from him in such dread and fright, he raised up, not daring to lay hands on her trembling form.

As he did so the rays of the setting sun fell full on the cracked mirror before him, and he saw himself as he was.

His clothes hung loosely on a fleshless frame. His dark, luxuriant hair had changed to wisps of faded hue. There were no brows nor lashes to veil the sunken eyes. The lips were drawn over toothless gums, and the beard which covered the lower part of his face, failed to hide a hideous mark; in fact the whole face was but the fearful semblance of a man. No wonder she thought he was newly risen from the grave.

"Lucy," he said hoarsely, "I am what you made me. You made money the price of your love, and now I have brought you the gold, will you cast me aside because the casket is no longer fair?"

"Come, let me put you into this chair, and then I will tell you all."

Afraid to resist him, the girl allowed herself to be lifted up; although she shrank from the touch of his fey hands, in silence she listened to his story, and when it was done, he pleaded:

"Look at me, Lucy, I am not ashamed of what the work has done. I am proud to say I gave up all to win the woman I love. Can you say you love me no longer; that Jim Deckman has taken my place in your heart?"

"No, no, Bruce; I don't love him; I never did, but I was tired of it all, to be so poor; never to have things like other people; always to be ashamed of myself and my folks. They kept telling me you must be dead. I did not think you would ever return."

"I am here, my darling, and you are to be my bride, not his."

At that moment the door was thrown open and Jim Deckman stood before them.

"I hear Bruce Carlton's ghost is in here, and I just want to say, ghost or live man; nothing is going to come between me and my girl."

His flushed face showed that he had been drinking. It was when he looked at the man before him, that the flush faded, and he made a powerful effort to recall his wandering faculties.

"Lucy," said Carlton quietly; "decide now. Come with me, or go with him."

Long she looked on Deckman's face, and on hers. Carlton read indifference and contempt. Then she turned her eyes to his; unflinchingly he bore the gaze, until he saw her expression change to one of fear and repugnance, when he knew he had been answered.

Sadly and without bitterness, he spoke.

"Oh, Lucy, my darling, you have refused the gold, you have put away from you the love of your heart; and you are going to marry a man who will blight your life. Strange, indeed, are the ways of a woman's heart."

When, at the door, he turned for a last look at her beloved face, he saw Deckman take her in his arms.

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MINISTER OF DEATH.

Superstitions of Negro of the West Indies.

In Jamaica, the most beautiful of the West India islands, says the New York Times, there slumbers beneath the smiling exterior of things a volcano of dark superstition and savage fanaticism, which occasionally becomes active with deadly results. The high priest of Obi, or the obeahman, as he is more commonly called, wields a power in the land that the strongest measures adopted against him by the British government has been unable to put down.

One may read in the Jamaica papers quite frequently of the imprisonment, and, where murder can be proved, the execution of some number of the deadly brotherhood of Obi.

The practice of obeah is said to have first arisen in Egypt, taking its name from the idol of Ob. From there it spread over the whole continent of Africa, and with the importation of slaves from the Guinea coast to the West Indies was transplanted to a soil in which it flourished with ever-increasing virulence. The old planters were well aware of the deadly character of the obeahman, and, as it was supposed that he carried his magic or obeah, under his hair, all slaves were shaved before being landed.

One of the most noted men of Jamaica, Judge Joseph Hurlburt, in sentencing an obeahman convicted of the poisoning of an entire family to death recently, said: "It is my belief that a special statute should be put into effect against this baleful practice. I do not doubt that many men quite as dangerous as this prisoner are at large today. Obeah is the most serious problem the modern West Indies have to face. No man can be said to be safe from sudden death until this thing is stamped out by the most stringent measures."

Outwardly there is nothing to distinguish the obeahman from the ordinary villager, unless it is perhaps his sinister look and peculiar slouching gait, as, carrying in one hand a long stick and in the other a cotton bag containing bits of broken bottles, cats or dogs' teeth, nails, bones, pins, bits of cloth, etc., he shuffles along the country roads or back trails on some deadly mission. Besides his more sinister trade of death, the obeahman deals in love philters and charms. It is, too, a well known fact that in cases of lawsuit an obeahman is retained as well as a lawyer. Usually he "works" at home on the case, but occasionally he accompanies his client to court for the purpose of casting spells on the prosecutor and his witnesses and influencing the judge and jury.

The obeahman is well versed in all the vegetable poisons of the island, and sometimes cultivates in some remote valley in the mountains a patch of deadly plants. He knows that the presence of vegetable poison is much harder to detect than that of mineral. One of the favorite methods of poisoning, which is diabolical in its ingenuity, is to soak the undergarments of an intended victim in a strong decoction of poisonous herbs. The poison is, of course, absorbed by the perspiring body of the owner of the "doctored" garments, and his mysterious death soon follows.

A notorious obeahman named Ebenezer Shelley, who was recently executed at Montego Bay, confessed to employing this means of ridding his clients of their enemies. He also revealed a curious secret of his craft. His most deadly poison, he said, was compounded from maggots bred in a rotting, bitter cassava. These were dried and then reduced to powder. His confession revealed the fact that among his clients were numbered several of the most respected planters of the island. He had a large collection of jewelry and watches, all given him, he asserted, in payment for obeah and poisons.

Equally dreaded with the obeahmen are the "Mial people," or the "Fan-eyed." The mialman is believed to injure his own or his clients' enemies by depriving them of their shadows. It is believed that once the shadow of any one is taken he can never be healthy, and in the event of his failing to recover it he must inevitably pine away and die. The shadow when taken is supposed to take up its habitation in the giant cotton or ceiba tree. This tree, like the Druidical oak is still worshiped in Jamaica, and sacrifices are offered at its roots to appease the wrath of the "doppies," or evil spirits. So great is the Jamaica veneration for the cotton tree that one is never cut down, it being the belief that in such a case "the deaths," dwelling in its buttresslike roots, would enter the ax-wielder's soul.

The ceremony of recovering the "taken" shadow is very curious. The "shadow-catchers" are known as "angel men." They charge exorbitant prices for their work, and are the aristocracy of their profession. The person desirous of regaining his shadow must neither drink nor smoke for several weeks.

When he is declared "fit" by the "angel man," the whole village troops to the nearest cotton tree, and, forming a ring, dances about the "worker" and his client, chanting:

Lord, have mercy, oh!
Christ, have mercy, oh!
Obeah pain hot, oh!
Lord we come fe (for) pull he, oh!
A no we put he, oh!
A pirit tek he, oh!
An' we come fe pull he, oh!
Shadow, you fadder want you, oh!
Bwoy, you fadder want you, oh!
Bwoy, your mudder want you, oh!

Faster and faster the ring circles till many are exhausted. When the "angel man" concludes things have gone far enough, he gives the signal to stop and declares his client restored to health. Then the cotton tree is pelted with eggs and newly killed chickens placed at its roots to compensate "the deaths" for the loss of the shadow.

A most curious test is still applied in the case of a death in which obeah is supposed to have played a part. A member of the funeral party carries the lid of the deceased's coffin on his head while he dances through the village singing or howling a mournful dirge, in which every minute circumstances of the late lamented's life is recited. It was supposed that the coffin lid would impel its bearer to the guilty person, who was regarded not as a murderer, but a personage entitled to consideration and respect, a full-fledged obeahman.

However childish the obeahman and his devices may appear to the enlightened American reader, he is a very real and very serious menace in the West Indies.

With a compound of the fine fur from the inside of the bamboo he inoculates his white enemies with the seeds of tuberculosis. With ground glass placed in their food he prepares the way for an agonizing death. So skillfully does he work that the victim, while conscious of feeling ill, does not realize till too late that he has incurred some servant's hatred for some probably fancied injury, and that the obeahman has been called in.

See the "Williams" gasolene motor at Kelly's.

WAS A GOOD JUDGE.

The barkeep was philosophizing on the subject of booze-grafters, says the Washington Post.

"I can tell, four miles off, through a yellow mist, whether a man who maces me for a drink is on the horizontal or not," he said. "And when I get the high sign of the Ossawotamies from a chap like that, I'm there with the wet stuff with never a renig.

"There was one young fellow came in here a couple of years ago last winter, and told me, straight out, that he thought he knew of a place where he could put away about four good drinks to advantage. He added that he wasn't even anywhere in the neighborhood of the price. The young fellow was well-dressed, but he had no overcoat on, and it was around zero at the time. He was shivering from the cold and from the effects of the game he'd plainly been up against. He had an on-the-level way of handling his talk, and I put up the jug of the best and told him that I wouldn't be looking, and pushed three big ones in a hurry, and then told me that he'd come on from Chicago the week before, and that all the rest was one delirious flip-the-frog dream. He'd been rolled for his bundle and gig-lamps, and when he woke on the morning that he hit me for enough of the damps to get him a-going again, he was properly pickled. There's not much going around that gets me woozy, but I kind o' felt sorry for this young fellow with the all-right stack-up, and so I pulled my fingers into the pajamas and harpooned out a buck.

"I felt a bit cheap when he shook his cork and thanked me, but I was dead certain then that he was the goods. He told me that he'd land back at the home sack all right, threw one more in, and went away.

"Well, I'd forgot all about him, when he came a-sailing in last winter, just before Christmas, with all of the togs that were fit to wear and enough of the carboniferous gleamers on him to make an American show-girl in London look neglected. He didn't have any of the bun with him, but asked me for the vichy and milk, and then he began to kind o' rubber around to find out if I was married and had any kids. He yanked it out of me that I had both a wife and tykes, and then he put the gimlet in again and dug it out of me where I camped my family. Then he settled for the drinks that I'd tossed over to him when he needed them right bad, and went out.

"On the night before Christmas, a wagon, loaded to the roof, fetched up alongside the curb in front of where I live, and the two men on the wagon began to dump the stuff into my plant. There was enough Yule gear in that wagon to stock an up-Seventh-street store, and for about half an hour the wife was looking me over out of the slants of her eyes, trying to figure out whether I was starting a fence for shop-lifters. I haven't seen the young fellow since, but the kids are still playing horse with the big stock of plunder that he sent around just to make good for a few little old gulps out of the jar when he was so rigged up that he needed 'em the worst way."

COLDS MAKE NAILS GROW.

"One reason manicures have been kept unusually busy this winter," said the girl who was manipulating the file, to the New York Times, "was the prevalence of severe colds. Two-thirds of the people in town have had a bad cold in the head or on the chest about half the wipter. Nails grow more rapidly when the system is saturated with grip microbes, so the public infirmity has contributed to our prosperity."

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Sailor-Hades Of All Sorts in Up-to-Date Guises

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STREET COSTUME OF MISTRAL VOILE

SEVERELY SIMPLE PEDESTRIENNE

SICILIENNE PROMENADE COSTUME

WITH MAGPIE PLUMES.

THE SMARTEST OF SHIRTWAIST HATS.

BY OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT, MIRIAM SPIER.

There was a time when the term tailor-made called up visions of a dignified toilet built on the trimmest lines, with a finish that was above reproach. But all that has gone by with other evidences of the "simple life," which in these extravagant days is a theory all the more attractive because it is so far removed from gray facts. The finish is still here, but it is no longer the finish achieved mainly by the tailor's sewing machine and goose. The whole range of materials from crepe de chine to homespun and tweed are called into use for the up-to-date tailor suit, and all the trimmings in the manufacturer's and the needleworker's category are employed in unstinted extravagance upon it. The last line of demarcation between the tailor and dressmaker is down, and both are resorting to devices once monopolized by the milliner. The tailor had abandoned his legitimate tools for the needle, which accomplishes the larger part of his work.

Tailor-mades now are many and are suited to all occasions. For morning wear skirts clear the ground two inches. For more elaborate use they sweep the ground all around, and, like the trained visiting costume, are an "ugly" length at front and sides. A skirt that lies two inches on the floor in the front would be adapted to the statuesque figure in museum halls, but for movable feet it is an abomination. But this is Dame Fashion's verdict, and who shall gainsay it? Front panels and fixed flounces effects are not forgotten, but still figure on new models. The shoulder is long, as long as it can be, a seam at that point being most unpopular. To have front and back cut in one, with a cap of some order, depending between them low over the arm is a frequent expedient. It would be safe to say that in any collection of models from well-known European makers not an observable break could be found between the shoulder and sleeve. This point is sure to be covered by a cape, a cap, a yoke or other detail. But the appearance is obtained in a host of ways, and as likely as not the sleeve is set high, where the slope is most apparent. It is, as has been often reiterated in this column, the effect and not the fact that is sought in this or any other year's style. Some of the new blouses, which are fitted at the bust and below, are shirred at the shoulder, and this shirring falls into line with the shirring of the full sleeve. This is one way of circumventing the situation and blending the high armhole so deftly with folds that its identity is entirely lost. But the cut of such a bodice needs an artist to accomplish it.

The Eton blouse and bolero are the favorite jackets for walking suits. The former as a rule bags all around, but its pouch at the back has the appearance of a plait, which, coming at the waist-line, had given it the compounded title. From Paris comes the tidings that plain tailor-mades are coming out with long fitted coats, but no such influence has been felt on this side of the water yet.

For sturdy wear there are more than the usual number of attractive materials. Among them browns and grays play a leading part. Such names, a title of certain new tones, as tobacco brown, mouse gray and elephant gray, give a pretty definite idea of prominent shades.

In chiffon broadcloth, elephant gray, by the way, there was a costume shown recently which illustrated the independence possible in the present styles. The skirt—this when the full skirt is the one theme of the hour—was of that old corselet order which, in spite of its regular failure to make any sort of an impression, bids for favor every season or two. This was accomplished by one of the little loose boleros. Both bolero and skirt were trimmed horizontally with a fancy black silk braid. The repetition of lines as well as material on skirt and bodice is one of the demands of the present. If round and round garnishings appear on the skirt they must also be hinted at, if not actually repeated, on the bodice and its sleeves.

The majority of the smartest imported tailormades have full skirts—full clear to the girdle. A large number of such toilets are without the sign of a gore, the volume being plaited or shirred according to the whim of its maker. Take such a skirt, cut it with two inches on the floor in front and at the sides, and you have this season's masterpiece of the Parisian coutriere—a garment made without a thought of the exigencies of pedal movements. It is just such extremes that are driving the feminine world to open rebellion against such impediments. To every one it is obvious that if the bouffantry of skirts is encouraged, the introduction of the hoop-skirts or a modern guise of it is certain within a twelvemonth. That is what the Paris maker is aiming at. May his plans meet defeat and his allies be discomfited!

It is only in the ranks of short cloth tailormades that the hip yoke remains, and there it is likely to stay so long as amplitude at the foot is demanded.

The fulness has been gradually creeping upward, until now slit is frequently within 10 inches or even less of the top. For stout figures the hip yoke cut in one with a front panel is a boon. In voile, silk and other thin fabrics skirts are shirred or plaited directly into the girdle, but unnecessary fulness is discarded by means of gores or by cutting the plaits out from underneath.

The popularity of white and blue serge with the Parisian dressmakers is unmistakable. Last summer some of the handsomest gowns seen at the races were of white serge. This summer, among the many handsome costumes recently imported, are noted a number of blue serge for street wear, and of white serge for seaside and country use. The latter are elaborately trimmed with white silk braid and always the touch of gold in the trimming of the bodice or jacket.

A very successful skirt model was noted among the latest importations. This was of graduated box plaits, which finally narrowed into hairline tucks before reaching the belt. The short jacket had a fitted back with narrow postillions, while the fronts were straight and ornamented with a touch of gold braid and some bullet buttons.

Some of these white serge costumes are entirely white. Others show the introduction of a color, in pongee silk, generally light green or bright red about the neck and sleeves.

In spite of the fact that taffeta and other silk fabrics for the making up of gowns are increasing in importance, it is certainly evident that voiles and etamines are shown in goodly numbers and in attractive shades. Coral and various tints of vivid pink and bright red seem to be great favorites, as is also a pale shade of mauve. These may be regarded as novelties, since the greater demand is for tabac, golden brown, gray and white. Etamines and voiles are treated in various ways—either in closely shirred combinations or rather flat, so as to bring out the transparent effect over a matching silk foundation.

No doubt the majority of women will still cling to the vertical lines in trimming, and will insist that fulness of the new skirts shall not be too bulky over the hips. But with the vogue of these souple materials the possibilities of the increasing vogue of the full skirt are immense.

The very decided inclination to show the curves of the waist line by means of the corselet belt will be further reason in favor of the full skirt, for it will help to make the waist appear smaller than it really is. This will also be found in the new trimming of the shoulder and upper arm.

Ample draperies in some one of several forms will be noted across the bust. This, with the broad or drooping shoulder effect, will assist in giving the average American woman that greater fullness across the chest which she so frequently lacks. There is no reason for any change in the present mode of corseting. The new fashion will depend entirely upon its success in the cut of the sleeve; whether for the street or elaborate costume, will be the points in which most style changes will be noted. Never have they been more elaborate or more beautifully trimmed. One characteristic they will all have in common—they will begin further down on the arm than ever before. Shoulder seams thus will be longer and the trimming of the body of the waist will frequently descend well on to the sleeve.

In some of the new bolero jackets, the shoulder seams are entirely done away with, the front and back being cut in one, but always well over the top of the arm.

While the top of the arm will be tightly covered by the body of the waist, the sleeve proper will begin to widen from where it is attached to the body, and will show the most complicated trimmings from there until it ends in the lace ruffles.

Lace wrist ruffles will be a characteristic common to almost every species of sleeve, whether it be the costume outer garment or tailored suit. Never has there been a more becoming fashion, nor one which bids to be more popular.

The millinery shapes which will be fashionable during the summer mostly had their origin during the time of Louis XVII. They have been modified, no doubt, to meet the requirements of modern taste and custom.

The bebe with its frills of lace or tulle, the large tricore, with its irregular brim; the graceful and becoming sheperdess hat, with its wreaths of pompadour-colored ribbon and flowers, and the more practical turban can all trace their origin to that period of fashion.

These elaborate expressions of the milliner's art will be the summer hats par excellence for every portion of the country. White lace, black lace, tulle combined with straw, or laid in folds or plaits, and the new straw braids in white, champagne ecru, blue and black, will be the materials most general, though flower turbans will come in for a goodly share of appreciation.

Flowers and feathers will divide favor as the correct trimming for the summer hat, while ribbon trimming will be more in evidence than has been the case for some seasons. The cachepeigne, made of feathers or flowers, will be prominent on some of the large triernes, while it will be composed of flowers or ribbons for other shapes. For summer millinery the flower cachepeign will be that favored by Dame Fashion.

This is the conventional arrangement of the roses especially that attracts one's eye at a first glance at the present millinery styles. Wreaths and bands are made of big or little flowers—one, two, three, or even more, deep. Garlands of flowers and wreaths of roses always consort with the sleeve ruffles and other feathers that come under the head of "Louis" fashions.

His words of love delight her,
She's such a lonely lass,
He makes her life much brighter
By turning down the gas.
—Philadelphia Press.

Descriptive Review of Above Models.

With Magpie Plumes

Black and white ostrich plumes make a favored combination in a season when these two colors are much used in conjunction. As seen in the illustration, the shape of fancy black satin straw is somewhat on sailor lines, turned up at the back, with a double row of half-length ostrich plumes; the black ones close to the brim and the white ones nodding over them, encircling the crown. The under brim is faced with plisse black chiffon, and the upturned back is filled in with little black plumes caught with a full chou of black velvet.

The Smartest of Shirtwaist Hats

A broad satin straw braid in a champagne tint has tiny gold braids interwoven to form a plaid pattern in this exceedingly smart hat destined for shirtwaist and other informal wear. The crown is low and broad, and the brim is bent into fascinating curves, eminently becoming, above the face. The large rosette of black velvet ribbon at the side is centered with a huge gold cabochon decorated with cut steel work, and this catches the single white quill. A long strand of the velvet ribbon is threaded through the brim to fall in loops and ends on the hair in the back.

Sicilienne Promenade Costume

All of the sheer and lightweight fabrics are highly favored of fashion, and none more so than the siciliennes, with their silky surface and dust-repelling qualities. As pictured, a cafe-au-lait tint in sicilienne has much shirring and depends upon fancy gold braids for decoration. The blouse coat has a chasuble yoke defined with braids, the shoulder being extended down over the arm, and shirrings appear each side of the chasuble to afford the fulness which is pleated into the deep featherboned girdle. The skirt is shirred around the hips, and a shirred flounce is applied beneath a band of fancy gold braid. The shirring is executed with the oscillating stitch of the sewing machine with all the effect of hand work. A velveteen binding of the same tint matching the sicilienne finishes the hem.

Street Costume of Mistral Voile

Voile in its many varieties really leads the fashionable procession in the spring and early summer gowns. The mistral voile has a coarse canvas weave with a rough, crepy surface, and lends itself well to decorative purposes. Here the little Eton opens with a roll shawl collar over the lingerie blouse, a narrow black and gold braid being effectively used for trimming. The skirt is cut with double effect, the upper portion pointing in front tablier fashion and rounding up shapely to the back. A deeply kilted flounce applied beneath a double band of braid gives the correct flare at the foot, this being maintained by a narrow band of princess haircloth on the drop skirt or petticoat.

A Parisian Model Gown

Somewhat complicated are the details of this Parisian model emanating from the atelier of Rouff. The jacket bodice is pleated into the shoulders both back and front, the pleats being released halfway down and gathered into the velvet strapped belt. The basquines are arranged in postilion form at the back, and narrow to nothing nearing the front. A narrow vest of white embroidered satin lends a relief to the tan satin-faced cloth, and a cuff of the same appears in the sleeve, which is puffed into the armhole and tightens below the elbow. The skirt has the fulness shirred in half circles to a shallow hip yoke, and tucks of varying depth appear above the hem. A broad facing of velvet is used to afford weight at the foot and narrow strappings of velvet ribbon, with little gilt buttons, are used at intervals for trimming.

Severely Simple Pedestrienne

Dark brown cheviot fashions this woolen costume, on which a black soutache and cravet of gold flexible braid with bugle ends lends a touch of relief. The Eton has inlays of a darker shade of cloth defined with soutache, the sleeve is inserted with a deep cape cap, and a sharply pointed girdle fashioned upon a featherbone foundation confines the coat to the figure at the back and sides, the fronts dropping over in vest effect. The skirt is fashioned with 11 gores, each having stitched down pleats which flare at knee length, a handsome embroidered button marking the flare. The hem escapes the ground all around and is finished with a smart tailored binding.

LATEST BOOKS AND MAGAZINES

"Anna, the Adventuress," By E. Phillips Oppenheim.

"The Trail of Lewis and Clark," By Olin D. Wheeler.

"The Neighbor," By Prof. N. S. Shaler.

"The Better New York" By Dr. W. H. Tolman.

"Hope Hathaway," By Frances Parker.

Dr. Josiah Strong, in an afterward to "The Better New York, which is to be published by the Baker & Taylor company, says: "The reader no longer wonders at the many-sided philanthropies, as various as human needs, but admires the versatile ingenuity of the spirit of helpfulness until he is convinced that if New York is one of the worst cities in the world it is also one of the best. He appreciates the fact that the better life of the city has not been dissected, as in a directory, and left as dead, as are all subjects of dissection; it is vital with human interest; it will make real to New Yorkers, scores of institutions and activities which heretofore have been only names; it will prove valuable to all who are interested in human betterment, whether in the United States or Europe." The work has been prepared by Dr. W. H. Tolman, director of the American Institute of Social Service, and Charles Hemstreet, the topographical historian of old New York. It is to be illustrated with nearly 100 pen and ink sketches.

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The first volumes in the American Crisis Biographies, of which there will be about twenty-five, giving a full and impartial history of the civil war and the causes leading up to it, will appear in the autumn. The editor, Dr. Ellis P. Oberholtzer, has secured the co-operation of a number of competent writers for the important historical work. Brooks Adams will write the life of John Quincy Adams, his grandfather. Gaillard Hunt is writing the John C. Calhoun; Professor C. H. Van Tyne, who lately edited a volume of Webster letters, the Daniel Webster; Joseph M. Rogers, the Thomas H. Benton; Booker T. Washington, the Frederick Douglass, and W. E. Burghardt Dubois, the John Brown. Jefferson Davis is being studied from a Southern point of view by Professor W. E. Dodd, of Randolph-Macon college, and Robert E. Lee will receive the same treatment at the hands of Professor Guy Carleton Lee, of Johns Hopkins university. John R. Spears has undertaken the life of Farragut, while Louis Pendleton, of Georgia, is writing the Alexander H. Stephens; Edward Robins, the Gen. Sherman; Edward Everett Hale, Jr., of Union college, the William H. Seward, and Lindsay Swift, of the Boston public library, the William Lloyd Garrison. Other subjects are soon to be assigned. The first volumes to appear will be a compact and readable life of Abraham Lincoln, by the editor, Dr. Oberholtzer, and the biography of Thomas H. Benton, by Joseph M. Rogers, a well informed writer upon historical subjects.

* * *

Every lover of cats and every child as well (and where is the child who is not fond of cats) will be delighted to learn that Mrs. S. Louise Patterson has sent forth into the world a new cat story, entitled "Letters From Pussycatville." All who have read Mrs. Patteson's "Pussy Meow," and in fact many who have not, will gladly welcome this attractive volume, telling as it does of some of Pussy Meow's old friends and of many new acquaintances besides. Of special interest are the illustrations which are reproduced from photographs of Mrs. Patteson's own pussies, many of whom have been caught in very odd yet characteristic poses. It will surely prove a welcome gift book for the children.

* * *

No study of the Northwest is complete, nor can one understand as one should the imperial dimensions of that vast domain or its real present and future greatness, without some knowledge of the wonderful exploration of Lewis and Clark, in 1804-6. That historic expedition, consisting of forty-five men (later, at Fort Mandan, reduced to thirty-one men and one Indian woman with her 3-months-old papoose) left St. Louis, ascended the Missouri river to its headwaters, crossed the mountains to the Columbia, and descended that steam to its mouth, and returned, within less than two years and a half. One winter they spent in North Dakota, near Bismarck, and another in Oregon, near Astoria. The results of the exploration, the valuable discoveries made, the manifold adventures met with, not only stamp the exploration as the greatest of modern times, but render accounts of it as interesting as a novel.

There have recently been issued several reprints of the old, original Lewis and Clark report of 1814, which was not, by any means, a publication of the real journals of the explorers, but an edited edition of them by outsiders, and it was incomplete and defective in many ways. Other publications relating to the expedition have also been issued recently, one of which, published by G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York, stands peculiarly and uniquely alone. This edition is a two-volume, 8 vo one, called "The Trail of Lewis and Clark, 1804-1904." The author, Olin D. Wheeler, is well known as the writer of the popular Wonderland series of the Northern Pacific railway, in connection with which he made his studies and researches for this more pretentious work.

Mr. Wheeler has traveled several thousand miles over the old route of Lewis and Clark, on railway trains and steamboats, afoot, on horseback and in buggies or wagons. He has traveled with pack trains, camped out, and climbed mountains, in following the old Indian trails that the explorers followed and in visiting remote points made memorable by them. He has sojourned among Indian tribes, some of them now almost extinct, that Lewis and Clark visited, and he has talked with one old squaw who, as a child, saw Lewis and Clark. The explorers' route across the Bitterroot mountains, from the headwaters of the Missouri river to the sources of the Snake river and thence to the Kooskooske, or Clearwater river, which has always been an unsolved problem full of uncertainties and gaps, has been carefully followed and completely solved and mapped.

"The Trail of Lewis and Clark" is illustrated in color and half tone from paintings, drawings and maps, made under Mr. Wheeler's direction, and from photographs taken by professional photographers, who accompanied him for the purpose. The work is not made up of quotations from the Lewis and Clark report with annotated comments, but the writer tells his own story and supplements it with brief and pertinent extracts from Lewis and Clark, Gass—one of the sergeants of Lewis and Clark, whose journal was published—Brackenridge, Bradbury, Maximilian, Catlin, Henry, Chittenden and a host of other historical and narrative writers that connect the past with the present.

E. PHILLIPS OPPENHEIM, Author of "Anna, the Adventuress."

The original manuscript journals of Lewis and Clark were studied by the author, and exact excerpts and photographic reproductions, in half tone, of their pages and drawings are given. A chapter is devoted to the Louisiana purchase, another to the preparatory measures for the exploration, and yet another to the history of each man of the expedition so far as known, including a detailed discussion of the causes and circumstances of the death of Capt. Lewis. There is gathered within these volumes, and made available, a vast amount of history, narrative and incident of the last century that is of great value, is almost unknown to the present generation and, practically, is inaccessible to them. The Louisiana Purchase exposition at St. Louis and the Lewis and Clark centennial, to be held at Portland, Ore., in 1905, to commemorate the great exploration itself, make this work by Mr. Wheeler peculiarly timely and apropos, because it is written by the only person who, from actual travel over, and investigation of, the Lewis and Clark route, can write from the standpoint of actual knowledge of past and present conditions of the old trail and country. "The Trail of Lewis and Clark" should be found in every public and private library in the land, not only for purposes of reference for students, but for use of the general reader, who will find in reading through its pages of large, clear type that truth is, indeed, stranger than fiction.

* * *

Many readers thought Arthur Henry's "An Island Cabin" pure fiction, whereas it was very ingenuous reality. His new book, "The House in the Woods," to be published at once by A. S. Barnes & Co., has the same vivid story quality, although it is the day-to-day chronicle of life in the mountains and the reclaiming by the author of a bit of Catskill wilderness and the building of a mountain home.

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Joseph Conrad's new book, "Romance," was written in colaboration with Ford Maddox Hueffer. Mr. Conrad and Mr. Hueffer have houses near each other in Kent, England, and have bene he closest of friends for many years. Mr. Hueffer has for a long time been Mr. Conrad's literary adviser, so to speak; in fact, when Mr. Conrad gets into a tight place in any of his work he goes immediately to talk it over with Mr. Hueffer, and always writes the final chapters of his stories in Mr. Hueffer's house, for he finds his last chapters most difficult to do. The collaboration between these two writers, therefore, was naturally something to be expected.

* * *

Three editions of Rose E. Young's novel of Missouri life, "Henderson," were ordered of the publishers in advance of publication, and it has been very favorably received by the critics. The St. Louis Globe-Democrat describes it as "a series of the most graphic pictures—realism mingled with beautiful ideals. Miss Young deserves to stand with Miss Alice Brown for her exquisite literary equipment." "It does one's spirit good," exclaims the Chicago Record-Herald, "to see so forcible a writer standing on the side of idealism and believing that earthly happiness can come by sticking fast to our finest aspirations!" "Miss Young tells her story more than well," says the New York Times, "and the scene paints itself almost as vividly and minutely as if she had included maps and photographs." The Kansas City Journal, which thinks it has identified Penangton, the scene of the story, with Lexington, Mo., adds: "In one bit—the midnight rush across the country in an independence elecric car, she has in a few pages given a sense of motion and atmosphere worthy of a place among the great writers of fiction." "Miss Young's style is strong and graphic," says the Cleveland Leader. "She writes of a surgical operation with the knowledge of a medical student and the graphic powers of a star reporter. She has not wasted her time as a newspaper woman."

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On May 5, van Tassel Sutphen's new story, "The Gates of Chance," was published by Harper & Brothers. This is Mr. Sutphen's first book since "The Cardinal Rose.' Mr. Sutphen has taken his hero through a series of adventures which might baffle Sherlock Holmes himself. Even the chapter headings suggest thrilling surprises and climaxes; here are some of them: "The Red Duchess," "The Ninety-and-Nine Kisses," "The Private Letter Box" "The House in the Middle of the Block." When a young man such as Mr. Sutphen describes starts out in search of adventure and takes with him another youn man equally human and reckless, things are bound to happen. And they do happen in "The Gates of Chance."

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In this day of parodies on most everything from the "Rubaiyat" of Omar Khayyam to the ballads of Kipling it is surprising that no one has heretofore attempted a traveresty on the dictionary of the English language. But finally some ingenius writer, under the pseudonym of Gideon Wurdz, seems to have really hit upon a novelty in the form of "The Foolish Dictionary," which has just been issued by the Robinson-Luce company. The author is said to have employed roughly three mediums for the evolution of his striking definitions. These range from the purely absurd to the genuinely witty. The definitions of "Benedict, a married male; Benedictine, a married female; and Benediction, their children," are frankly low comedy. "Adversity, a bottomless lake surrounded by near-sighted friends," is an epigram worth remembering. In the field of twisted etymologies some clever instances are shown, reminding the reader of the ancient stage joke which ascribes "Restaurant" to the Latin "Res" things, and "Taurus" meaning bull—where you get bully things to eat. Such a one for example is "Alderman" which "The Foolish Dictinary" derives frm the English "All" and the Greek "Derma"—all skin. Taken as a whole "The Foolish Dictionary" should make a strong bid not only as a "pick-me-up" for an hour's entertainment, but as a veritable text book of humor to be kept for frequent reference and memorizing many of its choice gems of fun.

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A. S. Barnes & Co. announce for publication a new volume in The Trail Makers Series—"The Journey of Coronado," translated and edited with an introduction by George Parker Winship. As the first exploration of the West, Coronado's expedition from the City of Mexico to the Buffalo plains of Kansas and Nebraska, 1540-42, form a chapter of history quite as important as the voyage of De Soto, and is but little known.

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Miss Frances Parker, author of "Marjorie of the Lower Ranch," has just returned home from a visit to Great Falls, Montana. While there, at the request of her publishers, C. M. Clark company, she called on Charlie Russell, the noted "Cowboy Artist," and completed arrangements for the illustrating of "Hope Hathaway," her new book on Western ranch life. This book will be one of much interest to the Western public, as it is written by a Western girl and illustrated by the noted Western artist. Mr. Russell will make some interesting pictures from real life, using among his models one of the most noted Indian chiefs of the Western plains today, although it was with much difficulty he secured his services as they are superstitious about having their pictures taken. However, he finally agreed to do so on account of Miss Parker, as he and his whole tribe fairly idolize her.

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The success of Miss Brown's earlier books "Thurston Tales" and "Meadow Grass," justifies the statement so often made that she has the peculiar faculty of interesting people in short stories, a difficult achievement, as every one knows. In "High Noon," her new book which will appear under the imprint of Houghton, Mifflin & Co., one sees the art so rare among short story writers of leaving a reader as anxious to read the next story as he was to know the denouement of the last one. The volume contains some of her most characteristic and most brilliant work. Humor, pathos, revenge, Miss Brown handles with a skillful touch that adds a charm to the stories in a lighter vein, robs the sombre ones of depression, and infuses a unity of interest which beguiles the reader from page to page. An indication of the author's scope can be judged from the titles of the stories contained in the volume: "A Meeting in the Market-Place," "The Book of Love," "There and Here," "His Enemy," "A Runaway Match," "The End of the Game," "The Miracle," "A Dream in the Morning," "The Tryst," and so on.

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Mrs. Gertrude Atherton, author of "Rulers of Kings," has written for the May number of the North American Review an article entitled "Why is American Literature Bourgeois?" Mrs. Atherton declares that original work seldom comes out of America, and she raises an inquiry into the reasons for the commonplaceness of American literary conditions. To this accusation Atherton herself is not subject, nor does she assume that she is. Her books speak for themselve—each one more daring than the last. In the Review article she takes her reader into her confidence and makes some interesting confessions.

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The many readers of Dwight Tilton's "Miss Petticoats" will watch eagerly for his new book, "My Lady Laughter." Charles H. Stephens, who made the famous poster "Miss Petticoats," promises the publishers that he will give them a poster for "My Lady Laughter," that will in every way equal its rivals, for rivals they are bound to be, both being pictures of stunning girls, although each heroine is drawn in a different station of life. "Miss Petticoats" being a daughter of the people, while "My Lady Laughter" was one of the aristocrats of Colonial days.

* * *

The "Tattlings of a Retired Politician," by Forrest Crissey, is a mystery to the author's friends. Even Mr. Crissey's intimates have supposed that he would not recognize a political situation should he meet it in broad day; and how he came to write a book, brimful of political wisdom and realism, inside methods and expositions of "ways that are dark and tricks that are vain," is one of the literary surprises of the year. Thompson & Thomas, of Chicago, his publishers, announce a very large advance sale. Mr. Crissey is fortunate in that the "Tattlings" will contain fifty-eight illustrations by John T. McCutcheon, who as a delineator of political life is very popular and has no superior.

* * *

Professor N. S. Shaler's latest book, "The Neighbor," is in effect a plea for a larger understanding of the differences between men. He says that all efforts to unite men in human associations, societies, states and nations, depend upon the measure in which certain instinctive prejudices, which grievously hinder such union, may be overcome. In setting forth judgments as to the character and qualities of the Jews and the negroes, Professor Shaler says that he realizes he is entering upon difficult and sensitive ground, but as he has been studying these questions for about forty years, any mistakes that he has made are not due to haste. His history of the hatred of the eJws will astonish all who have not previously made a special study of the subject.

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"Poems that Every Child Should Know" is the title of a very timely book published this week by Doubleday, Page & Co. It is edited by Mary Burt and the decorations are by Blanch Ostertag. The book covers a wide range, from "Twinkle, Twinkle, Little Star" to "The Charge of the Light Brigade." One hundred and eighty-seven poems are printed. The cover is old rose and shows a picture of a child eating an apple and reading a book. The frontispieec is a poetic study called "The Land of Poesy," a child looking far out on the valley of dreams.

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An incident from real life furnished the suggestion for the central idea of Mrs. H. A. Mitchell Keays' interesting novel of a divorce, "He That Eateth Bread With Me." In the book the heroine, Katherine Mackemer, remains true to her husband, though she permits him to divorce her. Among the author's acquaintances while she lived in the West was a charming woman who had the misfortune to marry a worthless man. When he divorced her she still held her love for him, and went every night for three years—in fact until the time of her death—to the corner of the street in which he lived in order to watch him come home from business and enter his house.

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That well-known English author, E. Phillips Oppenheim, sprang so suddenly into popular favor in this country as a writer of novels that three of his books were brought out here during 1903. In one of these books, "A Prince of Sinners," regarded as his most mature work, he really got ahead of Joseph Chamberlain in attempting to show, through the vehicle of fiction, that the salvation of the English workingman is dependent upon the restoration of a protective tariff in his country. Mr. Oppenheim's new book, "Anna, the Adventuress," published in the United States by Little, Brown & Co., contains a subtle character study of two sisters, Anna and Annabel. The latter "got herself talked about" when she and her sister lived in Paris, and when Sir John Ferringham proposed to her, believing her to be Anna, she keeps up the delusion. Mr. Oppenheim is 35 years of age. He was born and educated in England; was married, in 1892, to Miss Elsie Hopkins, of Boston, and at present he resides at Ervington, in Leicestershire. He is a member of the Savage and the Authors' clubs, and his favorite sport is golf.

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"Tomfoolery," a collection of drawings, limericks and remark sketches, by James Montgomery Flagg, bids fair to become as famous as Lear's classical "Nonsense Bok." Mr. Flagg's drawings are irresistibly funy, and his limericks have the virtue of being something more than simply plays on the curious spelling of the English language. "Tomfoolery" is in the press, and will be issued by Life Publishing company about the middle of May.

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William Dean Howells, the dean of American novelists and critics, has gone abroad for the spring months. Perhaps his most endearing trait—and he has many—is the generisity of his praise for the rising generation of fiction-writers. To an English interviewer he said recently: "Chicago is becoming the center of an active school of novelists. I think very highly of Edith Wyatt, who has a fine sense of style, but knows literature too well to be literary. Then there is Edith Wharton and poor Frank Norris—to the mystical side of whose nature no one has ever done justice, and Brand Whitlock, who has written the best American political novel that has ever been done, "The 13th District." Mr. Whitlock, however, is no longer a resident of Chicago. He "bolens" now to Toledo, Ohio, and wrote there his latest book, "Her Infinite Variety." Mr. Howells has the same enthusiasm for this comedy of suffrage that he manifests for "The 13th District."

* * *

The special features of the May number of teh Review of Reviews are a character sketch of Verestchagin, the Russian painter of war scenes, who went down with his friend, Admiral Makaroff, on the ill-fated Russian battleship, Petropavlovsk, with reproductions of some of his most famous paintings; a brief sketch (with portrait) of Admiral Togo, Japan's great seafighter, from Japanese sources; an account of Japan's half-century of progress since the opening up of the country by Comodore Perry, contributed by Adachi Kinosuke, a Japanese journalist—with illustrations showing the primtive conditions in Japan in 1854; an illustrated article by Hudson Maxim on "Torpedoes and Torpedo Warfare;" a comprehensive treatment of the great World's fair at St. Louis, by William F. Saunders, with a description of the art exhibit by Halsey C. Ives; several articles on the war in the far East—"Climatic Features of the Field of the War," by Frank Waldo; "Japanese Opinion on America's Attitude," "The Effect of the War on the Internal Affairs of Russia," and "What the People Read in Japan;" an account of the recent victory for municipal ownership in Chicago, by Victor S. Yarros, and a forecast of the great conventions and other gatherings of the year.

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The publishers of Country Life in America say that he May issue of this large and beautiful magazine is the most successful issue it has ever had, being a vacation number almost as large as the double number published as the "Christmas Annual" for December.

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With the issue of May 7th, The Illustrated Sporting News closes the first year of its existence, and on May 14th an Anniversary Number, the handsomest thing of its kind ever issued in America, will appear. It is to contain thirty-two pages, will be profusely illustrated and its contributors will be the best-known writers on their various specialties. Racing is to predominate The many special features, combined with "The President," by Alfred Henry Lewis, which is already causing a literary sensation, will make this number of The Illustrated Sporting News not only worth reading, but worth keeping as a souvenir. In the anniversary number a special announcement will be made of features for the coming summer and fall, and a glance at them will satisfy our readers that this magazine is to be more attractive than ever. In our first number, May 16th, 1903, we stated that no apologies were made and no charitable opinions asked for. A good specimen was presented and won on its merits. Since that number, however, we have published many better ones, and we simply state that the same steady improvement which has characterized The Illustrated Sporting News from the first will continue. Our Anniversay Number will mark the beginning of a second year of triumph, in our chosen field, and past performances justify our claim that this magazine is without a rival.

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The American Boy for May will make the boys happy, for it is full of mater that appeals to the boy heart. Its front cover illustration is two boys—regular, downrigh country boys —going fishing with pole and line and bait and "grubs." There are 75 pictures, six stories and ever so many articles of prime interest and profit to boys. The titles of the stories are: "An Honest Thief," "For the Championship of Wharton," "A Back Number Bonnet," "The Blue Dragon," "Would You Be a Cabin Boy?" "The Cheyenne Attack."

* * *

In no part of the United States is the spirit of American enterprise more evident at present than in the great Southwest, where, during the past few years very rapid material and social progress has been made. The wonderful growth and the immense promise of this region, its rich resources, the big undertakings there in mining, irrigation, agriculture, and other lines, are described in several interesting illustrated articles in the current issue of Leslie's Weekly, entitled the Southwest number. An event of international interest—the opening at St. Louis of the world's greatest exposition—is signalized in this number by three pages of superb pictures of the world's fair buildings and grounds. Among the other notable pictorial features are a page of illustrations showing various phases of the big conflict in the far East; a page devoted to the education of young Indians at the government school in Phoenix, Arizona, and the relapse of many of the pupils to barbarism; a fine display by the amateur camerists; a glimpse of the $13,000,000 fire at Toronto, Canada, and some excellent sporting pictures. The letterpress includes a readable paper, by Waldon Fawcett, on "The Secretaries to the Cabinet," which gives a good account, with portraits of the brainy and hardworking aids of the members of the cabinet at Washington. Eleanor Franklin writes entertainingly of "The Legitimate Drama as They Get It in the West." "Jasper's Hints to Moneymakers," ably review the conditions and prospects in the financial world.

* * *

Frank Spearman, whose railroad articles have become well known, especially to the readers of The Outlook, describes in the May magazine number of The Outlook, what he calls "The Nerves of the Road." His description of the doings and responsibilities of the men at the terminals will interest all who travel. His article is illustrated by realistic photographs by Arthur Hewitt. "The Town Beautiful" is the general title under which Andrew W. Crawford writes in his prize article on the "Small Parks in Philadelphia." Charles Wellington Furlong's artistic and picturesque drawings lend special attraction to this suggestive appeal to public spirit. To lovers of nature, William Earle Dodge Scott's writings on birds are well known.

* * *

Opening with a frontispiece general view of the world's fair at St. Louis the National Magazine for May offers a large number of timely and interesting stories, special articles and poems. Poultney Bigelow's "German Emperor as Sovereign and Man," is a high tribute to William the Peace Lord as an industrial promoter. Holman F. Day of Maine blends lively humor with homely common sense in his strong short story, "The Dave Thomas Case." Other fine stories in this number are : "The Fate of a Boston Girl," by W. P. Eaton; "The Californian," by W. W. Fink, and "The Voyage of a Raft," a sprightly story for boys, by Marq Rutter Towle. Mrs. Latta's "June Winston" graduates from college and returns home under the protecting wing of Clementine.

* * *

Harper's Weekly, commenting on the recent complaint of the English poet laureate that the general taste in literature is deteriorating, presents some opposing views. We are today, believes Mr. Austin, "less intellectual, less spiritual, less wisely serious" than we were in the age that read Gray's "Elegy," Goldsmith's "Deserted Village," and Pope's "Essay on Man." But the fact that the great mass of the public today read inferior literature seems to the Harper's Weekly writer a good sign: "All this tumultuous reading and writing may be just ebullitions of young life, which it would be unwise to check. It is a sign that the race is still vigorous, plastic, growing, and not worn-out and effete."

* * *

Julian Hawthorne, in the May number of Wilshire's Magazine, has a diverting discussion of "Woman and Socialism." The Colorado strike situation is treated extensively by Henry O. Morris, who attempts to show that the present condition is the outgrowth o fa conspiracy between Governor Peabody and the mine owners to destroy the Western Federation of Miners. Frank F. Stone gives facts and figures in a breezy article designed to show the American wage workers that they are no more comfortable than the so-called "Pauper workers of Europe." The editor contributes some facetious reflections on the recent merger decision of the supreme court.

* * *

Social Service for May is a Russian number. One of the most attractive features is a careful study of Russian welfare movements, made by Dr. William R. Tolman, with pen and ink illustraions by A. C. McHench. Vledimir F. Gnesin tells "In a Great Rusian Factory" of the working people of Russia, and what has been done for them. Mrs. Vera Johnston writes of "Strikes in Russia." Among the other features there is a description of "Easter at the Russian Church in New York;" "Talks of the Laboring People of Russia;" "In a Russian Village;" "Russian Saloon Substitutes;" "Tolstoy's Home in Russia;" "Music That Brightens Life For the Russian Workingman;" "Dainties For a Russian Peasant;" "The Russian Poor Man," and "The Butter Industry in Siberia."

* * *

The North American Review for May is an exremely important number for several reasons, particularly because it contains two articles which were written by men who are not only leaders in their different walks of life, but who have not written and signed an article in perhaps two decades. The rest of the number is seleced with a great deal of care to cover the largest posssible field of contemporary subjects. For example, the most important foreign subject of the hour is, of course, the war between Russia and Japan in the far East. Next in importance is the English expedition into Thibet, where Russia and England must eventually clash arms or make a peaceable settlement of boundaries. The most important domestic subject of the hour is unquestionably the development of our colonial government. All these subjects are treated by authors in the North American Review. Probably one of the most important articles ever written on the public press of this country or any other opens the Review for May, and is written by Joseph Pulitzer, the distinguished editor and proprietor of the New York World. Some time ago Mr. Pulitzer offered to furnish the money for the perpetual endowment of a college of journalism. This offer has been accepted by President Butler, of Columbia college. At the moment the bequest was made, public criticism began to appear as to the advisability and possibility of such an institution. Mr. Pulitzer has been persuaded to take up the whole question, and, though intending originally only to answer his critics, he found the article necessarily extended itself into a statement of his idea of the function of a journalist in this country; so that the article now makes a statement, by one of the greatest editors that ever lived, as to what he considers a journalist's work, how important such a profession must necessarily be in any country of free people, and what his whole life of experience has taught him in this profession. This article is an epoch-making paper in journalism.

* * *

The leading article in the May Atlantic is written by Charles Eliot Norton, who is one of the two surviving contributors to the first number of the magazine, issued forty-seven years ago. "The Letters of John Ruskin," which Mr. Norton now prints with illuminating comment, are full of charm. They show the affectionate, enthusiastic side of Ruskin's nature, in the happy years before his whimsicality turned to bitterness.

IS LIKE A WATER BLISTER

(Continued from page 13.)

with the greatest brain in the whole world, who is editor of the Evening Journal at a salary of $47,000 a year. He is whooping things up for Hearst in New York."

Mr. Davenport was entertained at dinner last evening by Mrs. Charles Lund, a second cousin, and after the lecture Mrs. Charles Hopkins, who is a cousin, entertained him at the Spokane grill. Horace Davenport is another cousin living in Spokane.

Mr. Davenport has had a varied career. He was born near Silverton, Ore., thirty-seven years ago and was reared on a farm. He never studied at art schools—which is easy to believe in view of the caricatures that he turns out—but he has an originality and a force and a vigor hat stamp his work as unique and place him in the forefront of cartoonists. In his time he has been a jockey, a fireman and a clown in a circus. He got employment on the San Francisco Examiner in 1892, and in 1896 was taken to New York by W. R. Hearst to carry on the pictorial campaign of the party. Everybody remembers his cartoon of Mark Hanna with the dollar mark clothes and the giant figure of the trusts that he used in 1896.

"I did Mark Hanna an injustice in those cartoons," he says now.

MANY DEATHS FROM TORNADO

Believed That at Least Twenty Were Killed In Texas.

Dallas, Tex., May 7.—The tornado in northwest Texas, killed Mrs. Mary Wagley, her daughter Anna, and John Wagley, at Moran. A dozen persons were seriously but not fatally injured. At Putnam one man was killed and one man injured. Their names have not been learned. A negro cabin was swept into the Brazos river, five miles above the Texas & Pacific railway crossing and three negroes were drowned.

A work train was blown from the track near Cisco and William Apple and James Smith, negro laborers, were drowned. Twenty houses were wrecked at Moran and half a dozen at Putnam. Hundreds of head of live stock are reported killed in Shackleford and adjoining counties.

Crops were badly injured by the wind, rain and hail. Wire service is still badly crippled and reports as to further fatalities are still incimplete, but it is believed that lives were lost in isolated places that will swell the total number to twenty. A report received tells of a tornado near Cordel, Okla., just north of the Texas line. Much property was wrecked and it is reported that two lives were lost. Railroad property suffered heavily in the northwest Texas storm area.

Fort Worth, Tex., May 7.—The tornado at Cisco, on the Rock Island railway, destroyed almost a score of dwellings. In one house every member of the Bray family was injured. A daughter is not expected to recover. Throughout this vicinity many farmhouses were destroyed, but no fatalities have been reported. Reports have been received from Penston that the storm was especially severe there. A terrific electrical display was accompanied by a heavy wind and a number of houses were demolished and crops were badly damaged. Reports have been received of losses of life, but they have not been verified.

Goldthwaite, Tex., May 7.—A tornado accompanied by a severe rainfall resulted in the death of Mrs. William Allen Dennis, George W. Mason and a child of S. E. Harper of this vicinity. Luther Rudd, Allen Dennis, Mrs. S. H. Harper, Joe Griffith and a child of S. F. Harper were seriously injured.

Twelve or more homes were totally destroyed. Full particulars not obtainable.

Hamilton, Tex., May 7.—A tornado in the section of country about Star Mountain, located about 25 miles southwest of this place, in Wills county, destroyed five houses, killing George Mason and blowing away one of his children. The child is still alive, but not expected to live.

C. N. Hooker had his house blown away and one child killed and other members of his family slightly injured. The house of Mr. Rayburn was also destroyed, injuring four of the family.

Wichita Falls, Tex., May 7.—A tornado at Holliday station, on the Wichita Valley, about 12 miles from this city, last night, entirely demolished the schoolhouse and many other buildings. The teacher Sam Houston, of the Puwlich school, was injured, and a boy, Henry Riggs, had his arm broken.

Found a Cure for Indigestion.

I use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets for indigestion and find that they suit my case better than any dyspepsia remedy I have ever tried and I have used many different remedies. I am nearly fifty-one years of age and have suffered a great deal from indigestion. I can eat almost anything I want to now.—Geo. W. Emory, Rock Mills, Ala. For sale by all druggists.

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SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.
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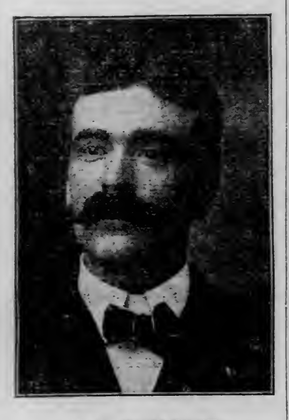
DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE FIREMEN'S TOURNAMENT AT GRAND RAPIDS

In June Promises To Eclipse All the Previous Events.

History of the Northern Minnesota Firemen's Tournaments.

Cass Lake, Minn., May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Preparations for the eighth annual tournament of the Northern Minnesota Firemen's association are going ahead with commendable energy, and this years' meet promises to eclipse, both in interest and closeness of competition, any that has yet been held. The tournament will be held at Grand Rapids, and the people of that place have announced the date selected for the forthcoming event—June 21-24. On those dates, in addition to the tour-



A. G. RUTLEDGE,
Secretary of Cass Lake Fire Department and ex-Secretary of Tournament Association.

nament, the annual encampment of the Park Region G. A. R. will also be held at Grand Rapids, and a picnic will be held by the Modern Woodmen lodges in the northeastern part of the state. These three events combined will mean a gala week for Grand Rapids, and as the citizens of that place are noted for

C. E. LEEMAN,
Chief of Cass Lake Fire Department and ex-President of Tournament.

their free-handed hospitality, visitors at the Rapids will undoubtedly be royally entertained.

George Riddle and George F. Kreamer, both of Grand Rapids, are respectively president and secretary of the Tournament association, and they state that already the Cass Lake, Grand Rapids, Park Rapids, Bemidji, Blackduck, Nashwank, Eveleth, Virginia and Hibbing fire departments have entered running teams for participation in the events of the tournament, and the members of all of these departments are in active training for the contests.

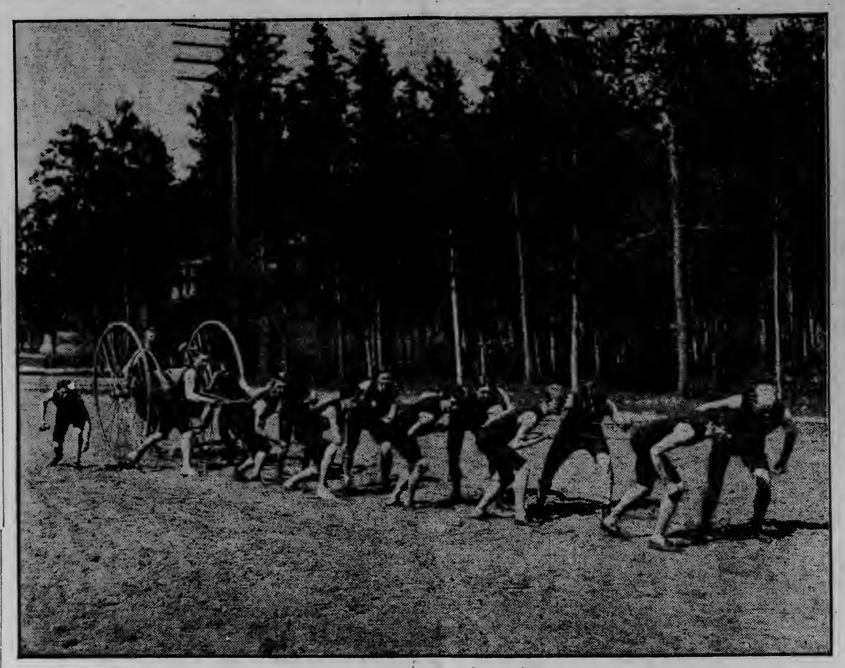
The Bemidji running team has won the banner event of the association (the championship hose race) during the past three years, and the claim is made for them that they will be better this year than ever before. Grand Rapids and Cass Lake are also strong, and there will be some very fast work done this year; in fact, it is believed that, with a good track the record of the association will be equaled, if not bettered.

The Northern Minnesota Firemen's Tournament association was organized at Crookston during the winter of 1894-95, and the first tournament of the association was held at Crookston during the month of June following. At the initial meet, the Thief River Falls team won the banner hose race, their time being 32 seconds. The "banner race" is 200 yards, lay 100 feet of hose, uncouple hose and put on the nozzle, time to be taken from moment cart starts from 200-yrd mrk to time nozzle strikes ground.

The second tournament was held at Hallock, and the McIntosh team took the banner, their time being 30 4-5 seconds. Thief River Falls secured the next tournament, and Hallock won the banner; time, 32. Then McIntosh had the tournament, Hallock again winning; time, 30 3-5, which is the record for the association. Then followed Crookston, at Crookston, time 31; Fosston, at Fosston, time 32 3-5; Bemidji, at Bemidji, time 37 1-5; Bemidji, at Cass Lake, time 33; last year, Bemidji, at Park Rapids, time 31 1-5. As the place of the tournament moved further east from the Red River valley the time made at the meets became slower, according to the ability of the teams, owing to the fact that the land over in the valley is composed of a black loam that makes a very hard track, while in the vicinity of Cass Lake, Bemidji and Grand Rapids the tracks are of a necessity sandy and for the most part very heavy. It is believed that the teams now contesting are as good as any in the history of the association, the discrepancy in time being occasioned as stated above.

Several of the teams that were members of the present association when the meets were held at towns in the Red River valley withdrew from membership when the place of holding the tournament went further away from home toward the East. They got together during the past winter and organized a new association, which will hold a tournament at the same time as the Northern Minnesota. There is considerable talk of arranging a race between the champion teams of the respective associations, the winner to be designated as the championship volunteer firemen team of the state.

The Cass Lake team is in training, and the members intend to go after everything in sight. In this they are heartily backed by the entire department and the citizens of the town. Heretofore the team has had miserable luck, something happening in every championship race to knock them out. This year, barring accidents, the local firemen should be very near the top.



BEMIDJI RUNNING TEAM—THREE TIMES CHAMPIONS OF N. M. F. T. A.

THE LID LIFTED FROM THE RAILROAD LOBBY

Scandal Reported Brewing In Connection With the Irrigation Work In the West.

While the members of the senate have been ringing the changes on the "railroad lobby," which certain of them charged with being maintained in Washington for the purpose of securing the repeal or the timber and stone and the desert land laws, and the challenge was made that those opposing the repeal of these laws should give some particulars as to the "railroad lobby," George H. Maxwell, the railroad lobbyist referred to, was before the house committee on irrigation, giving that committee the details of how much money was annaully contributed to his lobby.

Mr. Maxwell by no means told all the story, but he told enough that, with other facts which have been well known to members of congress for some time past, lead to the suspicion that a scandal is brewing in connection with the irrigation work in the West.

The lid has been lifted a little and a peep has been given at a condition of affairs that is intersesting, if not startling. Under a crossfire of questioning by Representative Mondell of Wyoming, chairman of the house committee on irrigation, and Representative Hitchcock of Nebraska, a member of the same committee, Mr. Maxwell admitted that for the past four or five years the Northern Pacific, the Union Pacific, the Southern Pacific, the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe, the Great Northern and the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroads had contributed $6000 each to the National Irrigation association, of which he is the head, and the Rock Island railroad had contributed $3000 a year.

Mr. Hitchcock wanted to know to what use that money had been devoted. Mr. Maxwell replied that it had been used for the purposes of the National Irrigation association, for the circulation of literature, for the maintenance of a press bureau and for conducting an educational campaign. Towards these purposes the railroads mentioned had contributed $39,000 a year for the past five years. "And still continue that amount," was the reply.

Mr. Maxwell stated that altogether the fund he collected for the purpose of lobbying in Washington and maintaining his press bureau and conduct ing his campaign exceeded $30,0000 a year. These facts make the operations of Mr. Maxwell during the past five years of special interest at this time.

At any rate Mr. Maxwell and that hazy organization commonly known as the National Irrigation association split on a point which would require too much space to explain, with the result that Maxwell attempted to defeat the National Irrigation act in the senate, then atacked he house and when he knew that it would be unsuccessful before that body, he carried the matter to the president, whose attention he obtained through the assistance of Gifford Pinchot and F. H. Newell. Both of these gentlemen, however, we understand, are at outs with Maxwell at the present time, owing to the report which they submitted as members of the commission appointed by President Roosevelt to investigate Maxwell's claim that the repeal of the timber and stone act, desert land act and the commutation clause of the homestead act would be of benefit to the interest of the public at large. Maxwell is said now to be very badly disgruntled about the action of these two gentlemen and in that sense is practically criticising the judgment of the president of the United States in his selection of the members of that commission.

As a great many readers of the Evening Herald are contributors to the so-called National Irrigation association, which it will be well to explain here is not the National Irrigation Congress, it will do no harm to reproduce his testimony before the committee on Irrigation of Arid lands. His testimony was delivered under pressure and it is the impression of friends of Maxwell and others that he would like very much to withdraw all that was said before the committee. This, however, has gone into the congressional record and is now public property.

Maxwell's testimony, which follows, is printed in Congressional Record, under date of April 1, 1904, and copies of this record may be had by any person addressing the ongressman from his district.

Mr. Hitchcock—Have you access to the list of railroad subscribers to this fund in support of your movement?

Mr. Maxwell—Certainly.

Mr. Hitchcock—Could you file it with the committee?

Mr. Maxwell—I can tell you just what it is.

Mr. Hitchcock—I want to perfect some information I asked for. When you gave the name of the railroads that had contributed to these various funds you did not state the amounts they contributed.

Mr. Maxwell—Six thousand dollars for each of the transcontinental lines and the Burlington and $3000 for the Rock Island.

Mr. Hitchcock—That makes how much altogether?

Mr. Maxwell—Thirty-nine thousand dollars.

Mr. Hitchcock—Now, for what purpose is that money used?

Mr. Maxwell—It has been used for the expenses of the National Irrigation association, and there has only been a part which has been available by that association for the circulation of its literature and the maintenance of our press bureau and the educational campaign which we have been carrying on for the last five years.

Mr. Hitchcock—That is an annual contribution?

Mr. Maxwell—Yes, sir.

Mr. Hitchcock—Has been going on for five years

Mr. Maxwell—Yes, sir.

Mr. Hitchcock—And still continuing?

Mr. Maxwell—Still continuing.

Mr. Hitchcock—Six thousand dollars each for the transcontinental lines, the six of them?

Mr. Maxwell—I include the Burlington.

Mr. French—What one pays less than $6000?

Mr. Maxwell—The Rock Island.

Mr. French—That pays $3000?

Mr. Maxwell—The funds of the association are drawn also from many different directions. This is only a part.

Mr. Marshall—What part?

Mr. Maxwell—I think the fund exceeds $50,000 altogether.

Mr. Marshall—Annually?

Mr. Maxwell—Yes, sir.

The Chairman—Has your association, or did your periodicals, ever advocate the law upon the calendar which prohibits the scrip owner or these transcontinental railroads (some two and one-half millions of acres of these lands)—which prohibits them from locating valuable timber?

Mr. Maxwell—We advocate that every acre of valuable timber shall immediately be put in a forest reserve, and if any one here has a copy of my own paper I would like to refer to that. I would like to submit that to the committee when the opportunity occurs.

The Chairman—Is it not true, on the contrary, that your association has taken occasion to ridicule legislation prohibiting the location of valuable timber land with the forest reserve lieu rights or scrip and the people who have proposed it?

Mr. Maxwell—I have taken occasion to take this position, which I am ready to take now or at any time, that in trying to remedy forestry matters and leaving the agricultural lands open to speculative entry you are saving at the tap and losing at the bung.

Mr. Marshall—You started out by saying that you were working in accordance with the recommendation of President Roosevelt's message. Does not President Roosevelt concur virtually in the report of this commission?

Mr. Maxwell—There saams to be a difference of opinion in regard to that.

Mr. Marshall—He says he sends it for favorable consideration.

Mr. Hitchcock—Referring to this $50,000 fund., who controls the disposition of that? Do you?

Mr. Maxwell—We do.

In addition to the above amounts, this self-appointed friend of the laboring man has received annually from each of the 2000 members of the National Irrigation association from $5.00 upward to aid in the "good" work, which he is performing. A close friend of Mr. Maxwell informed the writer at Salt Lake in October, 1903, that Maxwell had shown him a check amounting to $500 from a certain manufacturer as his contribution to the cause of irrigation. The gentleman who made this statement was a staunch supporter of Maxwell of the name of Scipio Craig, a publisher at Redlands, Cal.

It is safe to say that Maxwell obtained from the manufacturers of agricultural implements and accessory lines and wholesale merchants about $25,000 per year. Consequently, his income may be estimated safely at $65,000 per year and it is doubtful if any single member among the manufacturers of implements, or merchants, has ever received a statement as to the manner in which the money has been expended. If this is true, does it not seem that their business sense in this case is somewhat dull? All of these merchants and manufacturers are shrewd business men and usually wish to know how their money is expended. All of them, furthermore, in making this contribution believed fully that the money would be expended for the cause, which would eventually develop large areas of land into rich farming communities in the arid and semi-arid sections of the United States, thereby opening up new fields for the sale of goods of their manufacture. The aim of the manufacturers who contributed was laudable enough and had the money been expended as they thought it would be, the plan would have developed properly and cleanly. In view, however, of the facts shown above, as to the methods of the man at the head of this association, who has been reaching out for their checks, it is certain that a large number of them will discontinue their contributions.

An organization known as the American Irrigators' League was formed early in 1903 and is composed of actual land owner irrigators and this organization intends at an early date to take some steps to investigate the methods of the National Irrigation association and its self-appointed leader, Mr. Maxwell.

Before the irrigation act was passed, the geological survey and the department of the interior had declared in favor of three projects as the ones which should first be taken up, should the bill become a law. They were known as the Milk River, Montana; the Nevada and the San Carlos, Arizona, projects.

The San Carlos project is one for the irrigation of something more than 200,000 acres of land in Arizona, every acre of which belongs to the government and could this project have been carried into execution, could have been purchased by settlers there from the government at a cost to them, including their water rights, which would recompense the government for their outlay in construction of the reservoir, at about $20.00 per acre. This for irrigated land is exceedingly low, as all land in that territory is productive and where water is put on is easily worth $100 per acre.

It will be readily seen that the construction of the San Carlos project would have been of great benefit to the territory and would have opened up the possibility of homes for a large number of people on government land.

Notwithstanding the declaration of the interior department in favor of the San Carlos project and the fact that most of the land under the San Carlos dam was government land, Maxwell's pull with the department and the geological survey was so great that as soon as the act was passed, the San Carlos project was abandoned and the Salt River Valley, or Tonto, dam project was taken up in its place. This means that the government is constructing now in the Tonto basin a reservoir to cost $3,600,000, which when completed will supply water for land held in private ownership in blocks in some cases as large as 20,000 acres.

It is stated and has not been denied that there is not an acre of government land open for entry by the homemeader or settler under the Tonto basin, all the land being owned by private individuals, a majority of whom bought in with speculative motives and will be benefitted by the construction of this dam. In fact it is estimated that land which has been gotten in large blocks at from $5.00 to $20.00 per acre, will readily sell now that the work of construction has commenced, at from $75.00 to $100 per acre. This is the reason why the land owners under the Tonto dam secured the assistance of Maxwell in obtaining the change from the San Carlos to the Tonto project.

In a recent communication addressed to the Irrigation Age by a man well posted on local conditons there, we are informed of the following facts:

"First—The Tonto, or Salt river, project in Arizona, cannot prove otherwise than a dismal failure. If, as these promoters say, the reservoir (which is being built by the government), is to have a capacity of 1,500,000 acre feet, it would take seven years to fill it, without drawing out a drop of water."

This statement is made by Charles D. Reppy, of Florence, Ariz., a gentleman who has stated some very plain facts to different government officials since the selection of the Tonto dam site was made. It can readily be seen that a large number of private land owners, under the Tonto dam, may sell their holdings at a good price before the above fact is demonstrated. As the land held by Maxwell's associates will cost say $20 per acre, after the land is irrigated, if there is sufficient water to irrigate it, it will be seen that on the 175,000 to 200,000 acres, which they are reputed to hold, if the land sells for $50 per acre, the lowest estimate of their profits will aggregate about $7,550,000, a free gift from the United States government, through the department of the interior and the geological survey to a small number of individuals.

In the face of these facts, is it not reasonable to assume that a scandal will develop in the irrigation movement which will place the recent postoffice exposure deeply in the shade?

D. H. ANDERSON,
Editor Irrigation Age, Chicago.

THEY WILL SUPPORT MISSIONARY IN INDIA

(Continued from page 13.)

because of the great zeal shown in its work. For some time it has conducted gospel meetings every Monday evening at the Branch Bethel in the Swedish language and through its efforts many have been turned from the path of sin to lead Christian lives. Although most of its members were born and grew up here, they have a sufficient knowledge of the Swedish language to be able to lead meetings and speak publicly in the tongue of their parents.

The officers of the society are: Carl A. Pearson, president; Jacob Polin, vice president; Ida Person, secretary; John W. Johnson, corresponding secretary; John H. Asquist, treasurer.

Carl A. Pearson is serving the second year as president and the unanimous opinion among the members is that he is one of the most successful presiding officers the society has had.

Another active member is John W. Johnson, who is past president of the society and now holds the office of corresponding secretary and occasionally has charge of the meetings in the Branch Bethel. He is also chairman of two of the most important standing committees in the society.

During the last few months plans have been outlined to extend the work of the Young People's society to foreign fields and arrangements are already under way to support a native missionary in Assam, India, through the American Baptist Missionary union. To further this plan the society has arranged a special meeting for tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock at the church. Nineteenth avenue west and First street, when speeches in the interest of foreign missions will be given. A fund for the purpose of supporting a native missionary in India has been accumulated and to add to this fund an offering will be taken up at the meeting tomorrow. The following is the program:

Piano Duet .....
Olga Hagberg and Lydia Johnson.
Song—Selected .....
Scripture Reading and Invocation.....
John H. Osquist.
Song .....
Nelson Quartet.
Address .....
Carl A. Pearson.
Violin Solo .....
A. W. Anderson.
Address—"Mission History from Assam, India" .....
F. L. Johnson.
Duet .....
John Loyd and John W. Johnson.
Address—"Mission History from Philippine Islands" .....
John W. Johnson.
Address—"What Benefit We Receive for Taking Part in Foreign Missions" .....
Rev. A. Edstam.
Tenor Solo .....
O. G. Olson.
Offering to Foreign Missions.....
Violin Solo .....
A. W. Anderson.

An Open Letter.

From the Chapin, S. C., News: Early in the spring my wife and I were taken with diarrhoea and so severe were the pains that we called a physician who prescribed for us, but his medicines failed to give any relief. A friend who had a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy on hand gave each of us a dose and we at once felt the effects. I procured a bottle and before using the entire contents we were entirely cured. It is a wonderful remedy and should be found in every household. H. C. Bailey, Editor. This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

Contract Work.

Pursuant to a resolution, adopted April 27th, 1904, by the village council of Grand Rapids, Minnesota, bids will be received until May the 19th for the construction of a sewer, 714 feet long, on Third street, from Kindred avenue to Houghton avenue, together with necessary manholes, as per plans and specifications now on file in this office. A certified check of 5 per cent of amount of bid must accompany same. Above said council reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

J. S. GOLE,
Village Recorder.

The North-Western Line Removal.

The city freight and ticket office of The North-Western Line, (Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha railway), is now located at 302 West Superior street, Lonsdale building.

GEORGE M. SMITH,
General Agent.

The number of times in a year that a man uses The Herald's Want Columns is an idex to his interests and activities.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

So young? And hair turning gray? Why not have the early rich color restored? It is easily done, every time.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

SCHLITZ The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous—

Duluth Branch, 35 E. Railroad St.

'Phone—Zenith 358.

BABY'S VOICE

Is the joy of the household, for without it no happiness can be complete. How sweet the picture of mother and babe, angels smile at and commend the thoughts and aspirations of the mother bending over the cradle. The ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so full of danger and suffering that she looks forward to the hour when she shall feel the exquisite thrill of motherhood with indescribable dread and fear. Every woman should know that the danger, pain and horror of child-birth can be entirely avoided by the use of **Mother's Friend**, a scientific liniment for external use only, which toughens and renders pliable all the parts, and assists nature in its sublime work. By its aid thousands of women have passed this great crisis in perfect safety and without pain. Sold at $1.00 per bottle by druggists. Our book of priceless value to all women sent free. Address BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Constipation, Stops Prematureness, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

50 CENTS

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

"THE POT CALLED THE KETTLE BLACK." BECAUSE THE HOUSEWIFE DIDN'T USE

SAPOLIO

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 29th, 1904:

In the Matter of the Estate of John Moloney, Deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of John Moloney, deceased, late of the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, being granted to James Foley.

It is ordered, that six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 7th day of November, 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a general term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said nounty, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 29th day of April, A. D. 1904.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, April-30-May-7-14 1904.

SUMMONS ON APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF LAND.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

John G. Ostby, applicant, to have registered the land described as follows: Lot six (6), in block sixteen (16), Macfarlane's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof,

Plaintiff.

vs.

Thomas O. Tweed, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein,

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant plaintiff in the above entitled application for registration and to file a copy of your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the application herein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 8th day of April, A. D. 1904.

J. P. JOHNSON, Clerk.
By H. A. LIEBDEL, Deputy.

(Seal District Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, April 9-16-23-30. May-7-14.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh Judicial District, and county of St. Louis, on the 2nd day of April, 1904, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein First National Bank of Richfield Springs, New York, was plaintiff, and William McKinley and Thomas McKinley & Co. were defendants in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendants, for the sum of Forty-two Hundred Eighty Five and 3-100ths Dollars, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis county, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Tuesday, the 17th day of May, 1904, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest of William McKinley, one of the above named judgment debtors, in and to the following described property, to-wit:

Lots nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12), thirteen (13), fourteen (14), fifteen (15), nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-one (21), and twenty-two (22), in block four (4), and lot four (4), in block eight (8), in Mineral addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds of St. Louis county, Minnesota; also lot ten (10), block sixteen (16), Hunter and Markell's Grassy Point addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof of record in the office of the Register of Deeds of St. Louis county, Minn; also the cedar and tamarack timber on the east half of the southeast quarter (e½ of se¼), of section eight (8), township fifty-eight (58) north, range seventeen (17) west, according to the government survey thereof; also the pine, cedar and tamarack timber on the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter (se¼ of nw¼), of section nine (9), township fifty-eight (58) north, range seventeen (17) west, according to the government survey thereof; also lot forty-four (44), Minnesota avenue, Upper Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof of record in the office of the Register of Deeds of St. Louis county, Minnesota, all the above described property lying and being in St. Louis county, Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., April 2nd, 1904.

W. W. BUTCHART,
Sheriff St. Louis County, Minn.
By S. L. PIERCE, Deputy.

WILSON G. CROSBY,
Attorney for Judgment Creditor.
Duluth Evening Herald—April 2-9-16-23-30, May 7, 1904.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of two thousand six hundred eighty-nine and 70-100 dollars ($2689.70), for principal and interest, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Candide Perreault and Elzors Perreault, her husband, and Rose Delina Perreault and Mederic Perreault, her husband, mortgagors, to Cyrus C. DeCoster, mortgagee, bearing date September 1st, A. D. 1892, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on September 23, A. D. 1892, at 1:40 o'clock p. m. in Book 99 of Mortgages, at page 37.

Said mortgage was duly assigned in writing by said Cyrus C. DeCoster to Eliza Jane Williamson under date of September 30, A. D. 1892, and which assignment was duly recorded in said register of deeds' office at 10:15 o'clock a. m., March 3, 1904, in Book 148 of Mortgages, page 396.

Mortgagors also made default in paying taxes on the mortgaged premises for the years 1892 and 1893, which the undersigned paid, together with penalties, interest and costs, on April 1st, 1904, amounting in all to two hundred eight and 61-100 dollars ($208.61), for which the undersigned claims and holds a lien under the terms of the mortgage on the mortgaged premises.

Notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises which are situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered four hundred thirteen (413), of block numbered eighty-six (86), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the accepted plat thereof of record in the office of said register of deeds. Said sale will be made by the sheriff of said county at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, on the 16th day of May, 1904, at the front door of the county court house in said county at 10 o'clock a. m. to pay said debt of two thousand six hundred eighty-nine and 70-100 dollars ($2689.70) principal and interest and said taxes of two hundred eight and 61-100 dollars ($208.61) as above stated, and seventy-five dollars ($75.00) attorneys' fees stipulated for in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale.

Dated Duluth, Minn., April 2, 1904.

ELIZA JANE WILLIAMSON,
Assignee of Mortgage.

S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgage,
Rooms 607-611 Torrey Bldg.,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald—April 2-9-16-23-30, May 7, 1904.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage which was duly executed and delivered by Elijah C. Gridley and Emma E. Gridley, his wife, mortgagors, to E. W. Hale, mortgagee, bearing date November twenty-ninth (29th), 1899, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on December sixth (6th), 1899, at nine (9) o'clock a. m., in Book one hundred sixty-two (162) of Mortgages, on page one hundred ninety-four (194); such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum thereby secured, and interest thereon.

And whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of two thousand four hundred sixty-two ($2462.00) dollars, principal and interest;

And whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: An undivided one-ninth interest in and to the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter (S. W. ¼ of N. E. ¼), of section one (1), in township fifty-eight (58) north of range sixteen (16) west of the Fourth principal meridian, according to the government survey thereof; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 26th day of May, A. D. 1904, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fee, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, 1904.

E. W. HALE,
Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald—April 9-16-23-30, May, 7-14, 1904.

Theatrical

THE COMING WEEK AT THE THEATERS

Mrs. Fiske at the Metropolitan Monday Evening In "Mary of Magdala," and Kennedy Stock Company Remainder of Week—Florence Stone Company In "The Charity Ball" For Five Nights and Al Wilson in "Prince of Tatters" Saturday Night at the Lyceum.

Mrs. Fiske, the foremost of American actresses, will appear at the Metropolitan, Monday evening, when Duluth will have its first view of Paul Hayse's "Mary of Magdala." Long and successful runs in New York and Chicago and other cities have established the Heyse drama among the notable productions of the American stage. For a year past the dramatic reviewers of the newspaper and magazine press have written in praise of "Mary of Magdala," declaring the play to be strongly dramatic; admirable from a literary viewpoint; richly illustrative of the life and sentiments of its period and in every way worthy of an the enduring position in the theater. For Mrs. Fiske as the Magdalen there has been equally laudatory mention and this fine actress will be seen in a superb portrayal of a role radically different from anything she has appeared in here.

Mary of Magdala is a great character and to play calls for all that insight into human nature, emotions, and command of technique with which Mrs. Fiske is so richly endowed. Heyse has made his theme the regeneration of the Magdalen under the influence of Christianity. She is shown first as a world-weary woman embittered by a vain search, along a false path, for happiness and the story takes her through the emotional transition, involving a supreme conflict, that opens a new life to her.

Prominent figures in the half historical, half fictional plot are Judas of Kerioth, (Iscariot); Caiaphas, the high priest and Anlus Flavius, a young Roman. The Nazarene is not introduced in the play and there is nothing in the treatment of the story to give offense to religious scruples. Historically, the drama is most interesting in reflecting the Jewish and Roman feeling of the time and the sentiments in regard to the Nazarene.

The mounting is elaborate, sumptuous and veritably and graphically reproduces the life of ancient Jerusalem. Mrs. Fiske, famous for her artistic productions, has here surpased herself. The last act shows one of the most impressive scenes ever witnessed in drama. It pictorially represents a solitude near Jerusalme—a wild ravine, with massive and impending rocks benefitting ar unfrequented and dreary passage. The place befits the tendency of the drama to its climax, and is made the more forbidding by the occurrence of a storm. The silent picture itself is one of the most striking for its purpose ever attempted on the stage, and rivets attention before it is emphasized by the storm, which precedes the assembling of the figures of the drama. The storm itself is remarkable in its effects, and employs means practically new to the dramatic stage. It with the scene and in its relation to the drama taxed the ingenuity of the experts in optics and electricity and painting that have brougat it to practicality, and the illusion that it invokes is as near perfection as any that has yet been experienced in the theater by any means for any purpose. Heavy masses of clouds that seem veritable roll across a characteristic sky. Thunder that seems real, sounds and resounds, and forked lightning darts and thrills. Rain and all the signs of tempest contribute to the scene and its effects, preceding the lull of nature that signalizes the end of the drama.

The cast is a large one, some of the scenes bringing nearly a hundred people on the stage. Mrs. Fiske personally directed the production. Special incidental and entr'acte music includes selections from Wagner, Schubert, Mendelssohn and other great composers. The engagement promises to be an unusually brilliant one.

MRS. FISKE,
In "Mary of Magdala," at the Metropolitan Monday.

KENNEDY COMPANY.

"Robert McCair" and "Knobs O' Tennessee" Next Week.

At the Metropolitan the first half of the week, the Kennedy Stock company will present "Robert McCair," a farcical comedy laid in France during the square-cut period, and introduces not only a clever plot, but permits of some gorgeous costuming. The plot of Robert McCair" was latterly revived and set to music by Gilbert and Sullivan, and in it is found the everlasting light opera of "Erminie."

While the operatic version has a tendency to lighten the plot, in the comedy this is not the case, and the comedy element of "Robert McCair" differs so entirely from the characters seen in the farces of today, that it is and has been acknowledged to be a most welcome diversion from the lines of the latter day forces. John J. Kennedy will be seen in the role of Jaques Strop, one of the two jolly tramps, a character which has been, to use the slang of the stage, one of his "pet" parts for the past eighteen years. The costuming of the play is promised to be historically correct, and no expense has been spared to make it one of the most pleasing productions ever produced at popular prices. Interpolated musical numbers are prominent throughout the play and the cast entire of the Kennedy Stock company is necessary for this production.

Commencing Thursday, Hal Reid's masterpiece, "The Knobs O' Tennessee," will be presented by this popular company, with its full scenic and electrical embellishment, and the name of the author alone is a guarantee of the production.

The specialties between acts will be entirely new with the change of each play, and Wednesday and Saturday matinees will be given at which time a genuine diamond ring will be given away to some lady in attendance.

"THE CHARITY BALL."

Florence Stone to Present Great Society Drama.

"Charity Ball," a society drama from the prolific pen of America's great producer and playwright, David Belasco, will be Miss Florence Stone's vehicle at the Lyceum for the week beginning May 9, with a Wednesday matinee. Miss Stone is happily fitted in the part of Ann Cruger, which gives wide scope to her brilliant talents.

The play deals with the foibles of the 400 of New York and the plot is written around the charity ball which takes place annually at the Metropolitan Opera house, in New York, under the auspices of New York society leaders.

The third act is an exact reproduction of the interior of the Metropolitan Opera house while the charity ball is in progress. The stage settings will be adequate.

"The Charity Ball" is the most famous play ever produced at Daniel Frohman's Lyceum theater, and the following well known actors, who are now stars, were in the cast: Maude Adams as Phyllas Lee, Effice Shannon as Ann Cruger, Mrs. W. J. Le Moyne as Mrs. De Peyster, and Mrs. Gilbert (the oldest actor on the stage) as the Blind Mother, Herbert Kelsey as John Van Buren, Nelson Wheatcroft as Dick an Buren, S. Miller Kent as Alec Robinson. The lodge of Eagles has bought the entire house out for Monday evening.

The management has added an extra attraction in "The American Biograph," direct from Keith's theater, New York city. It is the first appearance of this mammoth moving picture machine west of Chicago, and the management has the exclusive rights for the Northwest.

The New York World had the following to say of the pictures:

"Cannons are booming, bugles calling and grim war is unveiled in all its splendor and awe at Keith's Union Square theater this week. Here the partisan of the Russian and the Jap may see the forces of the Mikado and the Czar struggling in a fierce encounter on the banks of the Yalu. To be sure it is shown in the form of a moving picture, but it is none the less realistic. Nothing like it has ever been shown before. Expedition after expedition has been sent out by the moving picture people in an effort to secure the real thing, but no one has ever succeeded in getting a camera nearer than the Red Cross stations, miles to the rear. In this battle the opertator got into the thick of it. Shells are seen bursting all around him, batteries of artillery dash up and go into action. Cossack scouts rush hither and thither carrying messages from frantic commanders, buildings are blown up by exploding shells, and the fighting is fast and furious."

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO.

Hal Reid and Sudermann In Evidence Again.

New York, May 7.—Hermann Sudermann and Hal Reid are as far apart dramatically as they are geographically. The German aims higher than the American, but both are expert marksmen, and this week they fire at the same bull's-eye. A drudge of a girl in "The Battle of Butterflies" and a crippled boy in "Driven from Home" save their families from misery by wielding paint brushes. Of course, they don't have to work at smearing colors on wood, or even lettering signboards. They are artists, and such as they may go hungry and cold in stage fiction, but are never compelled to humble their artistic pride. The girl paints butterflies on fans, the boy paints pictures on canvas, and both find a readier sale for their wares—I mean to say objects of art—than happens often in real life. That is the only similarity in the two dramas. Mr. Reid's hand is practiced in the making of plays for the American multitude, and he indulges himself in no rash experiments. The title of "Driven from Home" suggests its subject and more than hints at the story. An obtuse and obdurate father believes that his virtuous daughter is vicious and turns her from his door. Her lame brother, the painter, goes away with her, earns a living for her, and eventually brings her back to dad with the glad proof that she isn't bad. This is a good enough play in an unintellectual class, and is performed forcibly by the small but oh-my actress known as Patrice, and when I saw it, a cut-rate theater was crowded by satisfied people.

* * *

Indiscrimination adulation of Sudermann by dilettante persons without reasoning judgment has prejudiced some of us against his work, but he is a genius, and "The Battle of the Butterflies" is a medium example of his writing. It was given here in German last year, and the actors made it tell its Cinderella story without missing any of its imaginative quality. The present production is in English, by the Century Players, the organization which promised to shame all that is being done by others on the stage. Derisive abuse has awakened them and their few followers from a dream of elevating the drama to ideal heights of art. No one should grin at the death throes of this company in the final and feeble efforts to live a little longer. The salient point is that a commonplace translation and a commonplace performance may nullify the merits of even a Sudermann composition. In the present instance every bit of poetry is turned down to prose, the ethical element is elliminated, and we get for our time and money a tiresome evening. It should not be so. The theme is as appealing to people of one grade of intelligence as that of "Driven from Home" is to another. The younger daughter of a proud and poor family is the household drudge, although she soils her hands with the paints of art instead of the cinders of the fireplace. She supports her mother and two elder sisters by counterfeiting butterflies on fans, while they plan and practice plans to catch rich husbands. One sister is a widow, and therefore hard to beat at the game of marital matching. She all but wins the son of the wealthy merchant who buys the breadwinner's butterfly fans, yet finally loses him to that dear little maiden.

* * *

Two Frenchmen in their "Tit For Tat," and an American woman in her "A Little Tragedy of Tien Tsin," have this week introduced wayward wives. As the titles indicate, one of the sinners is mirthful and the other mournful. Frances Aymar Matthews' piece is short in time, but thick in plot. It occupies but half an hour in vaudeville, yet is worth a paragraph because a tragedy in a variety show is unusual and the production is quite as careful as though it filled a whole evening in a dramatic theater. Little Wing Tee is the wife of Ah Chang, in Tien Tsin. Capt. Winton, an Englishman, goes on shore there and is hurt seriously in front of the Chinaman's house. Ah Chang is away on a journey, and in his absence Wing Tee takes the stranger in and does for him. He requites her kindness by taking her in and doing for her. The play begins at the point where Winton, notwithstanding that he has a bride in England, has stolen another man's wife in China. But he has no intention of carrying the human away, as she expects him to do, and so he is caught with the goods on him when the husband comes home unexpectedly. A native physician, who hates the "foreign devils" generally, and this one particularly, has watched the affair, and now he tells the husband all about it.

Then comes the deft portion of Mrs. Matthews' work. Ah Chang sees the clear evidence of Wing Tee's guilt with Winton, but for a while gloats gleefully over his revenge without betraying it to anyone save the doctor. He pretends to be delighted with the guest and has a cup of tea prepared especially for him with a deadly poison in it. This particular hospitality is accompanied by an affable chat, the Englishman enjoying himself gleefully with the thought that his duplicity is unsuspected, and the Chinaman smiling outside while frowning inside. Suddenly Winton wriggles and dies in awful pain. Next, Ah Chang chokes his faithless wife to death and thus qualifies himself for capital punishment. It is as grim and gory as "Cavalleria," which it resembles somewhat in the literal treatment of a dreadful subject. Robert Loraine, who has been the leading actor with Grace George, plays the avenger, and William A. Brady, who is her husband as well as manager, makes the production. So it is an earnest experiment to find out whether the variety showmen are right in their belief that serious tragedy isn't wanted in vaudeville.

* * *

The less somber case of a wife astray, which I mentioned as a French visitor to our stage, is set forth in "Heureuse," here called "Tit for Tat." That is the important production of the week in the estimate of theatrically alert people, and not so much because the fame of it has come from Paris, where Gabrielle Rejane was its heroine, as that Elizabeth Tyree, a social celebrity with money enough to capitalize whatever she undertakes, takes the role here. There was a curiosity as to what the tinker of the translation would do to modify the spirit of it and how far its Tyree would go in the Rejane direction of sensuality. We Americans ought to feel that, at least theatrically, we are a decent people. French foul farces are almost as popular in Berlin and Vienna as in Paris, and the translations into German are never expurgated. The high standard of Prussian and Austrian dramatic art does not bar these plays of Gallic prurience.

But when they are brought to our land of freer taste and braver opinion they have to be modified in the direction of purity. No official censor is needed to mark them O. K. for all right or O. W. for oil wrong. Public conscience exercises a sufficient censorship here over the salacious pieces. That exceptions prove a rule is a silly thing to say, but it is true that the French sensual farces produced in unmodified translations with brief prosperity don't prove that many of us like to see marital infidelity made a joke of on the stage. A serious drama on that subject we will consider in the spirit in which it is written, and if it is engrossing we will accept it. But the theater managers know their business pretty well. They keep their fingers on our pulse to feel the symptoms of our hearts. They would give us the nastiest of entertainment—anyway, some of them have and would again—if more than an unprofitable minority craved it. But the majority is wholesome in taste, though not refined, and that is why the French farces of vicious husbands and wives must be pruned of their lubricity and grafted with decorum to be transplanted thriftingly on American soil. This is not a statement of opinion, but a record of facts.

* * *

That has been written preliminary to descriptions of "Heureuse," as it was in Paris and "Tit for Tat" as it is in New York. They are the original French play by Hennequin and Billhaud, and the American adaptation by Ditrichstein. Gabrielle Rejane was its wife in Paris. She is an artist fondrous in versatility. It was she who embodied the tearful wanton in "Zaza" and the smiling transgressor in "Divorcons." As the married mate of an inappreciative man in "Heureuse" she illustrated a case by contrast with which those two were demure. She was a woman willing to be loved simultaneously by three fellows, the husband on the inside and two tempters on the outside. During two acts of her moods and caprices were fitful, but in the third she was divorced from her uncongenial spouse and married to another, who proved less satisfactory. Then came the Frenchiness of the story. The former husband wanted to get her back, and to that end wrote under an alias, inviting her to a liaison. She was readily responsive to the supposed stranger's lure and went alone to his rooms. There they hugged and kissed each other and agreed to resume their amorous relations fully, yet informally. That is to say, she was to live right along with her second husband and meet her first surreptitiously. Paris doted on Rejane in that affair.

These particulars of "Heureuse" are given in order to make the point clear that, as Americanized in "Tit for Tat," the comedy (it is a grade above farce) becomes pure in so far as the wife is concerned. She is petulant, wilful and even tricky under provocation. Desirous of a legal excuse for divorce, she excites her husband's anger against one of the lovers, and then, when he strikes wildly at the intruder, she nearly puts her face in the way of his hand and receives the blow in the presence of witnesses. That is the merriest moment of the deodorized but not deadened play, as produced here by Elizabeth Tyree, who figures in the venture as a star actress and figures it up as its financier. Her acting is as different from Rejane's as Ditrichstein's writing is from Hennequin and Bilhaud's but I think she may take out more money than she has put in, besides gaining some in reputation. Anyway, she has shown that there is at least one French play of that kind which can survive the operation of removing its positive indecency.

It is at the end only, when the husband and wife reunite, that they display themselves as animals, and even there the woman is passive and the man makes the onslaught. As she has not married the other chap, but merely betrothed herself, she can and does return to legal and moral wedlock. In preparing "Zaza" for American use of the creature was not dropped back into the mire from which love had transiently lifted her, but was left on the semi-moral level which she had attained. The author had been logical by permission of Paris audiences. The adapter succumbed to what he knew was the preference of New Yorkers. The same course has been pursued in restoring the wife of "Tit For Tat" to matrimonial respectability.

* * *

Others and I sat in 36 of the 400 parquet chairs of a theater and saw the new drama of "The Black Hand." Misery loves more company than that. I was lonesomer than the rest, too, because they had come with companions and I was by myself. Yet I felt that I suffered less than any one of them because probably I was the only observer that took any interest in the play as an object lesson. The author, Thomas W. Broadhurst, brother of the more known George H. Broadhurst, is not an unpracticed playwright. Nor has his judgment been bad in his scheme to vary and intensify, for the thrilling of the multitude, an interfamily fued of the Kentucky Mountains. Rancid in its staleness was the complication of a girl's father and her sweetheart opposed in the deadly antagonism of a vendetta. But surely a freshening twist was given to the story by making the old man blind from the young man's father's bullet.

"My God, if I could only see," he exclaims in his desire to draw a bead on his dead enemy's son. "If you are not a coward, draw your pistol and count three for both of us to fire. Your voice will tell me where you stand."

"Here I am," the brave fellow replies.

But he has no desire to harm the father of the girl he loves. So he fires in the air and awaits the hateful bullet. But the maiden strikes up her parent's weapon and gets a violent denunciation. Now, there is nothing the matter with that for a rousing climax in a melodrama. And nothing ails the peaceful ending of the feud when the young man, who is an oculist, restores the sight of the old man, and they clasp hands, preliminary to a wedding in place of the expected funeral.

The acting of "The Black Hand" was so very bad tnat even its ingenious duel had all the value left out. There were enough boys in the gallery to make themselves heard, but they wouldn't make a noise over that episode. Those lads upstairs knew as well as we did downstairs that the two men, as weakly portrayed, hadn't sufficient stamina of character to face death bravely; so thre was no futility in a scene which might have gone far to save the whole play if actors had been hired at $100 a week instead of—well, if they got more than $25 they were overpaid. It is poor economy to save a little money in a way that loses a great deal.

* * *

Clyde Fitch has contracted with Managers Wagenhals and Kemper to write a play for Blanche Walsh. It is to be completed by October, and as soon as Miss Walsh finishes her bookings in "Resurrection," about the first of next year, she will produce the new play. The story is to be one of modern life in New York, but it is said it will be more on the order of a melodrama, with an intense character for Miss Walsh, than upon the lines of Fitch's recent successes. The author has been anxious to write a play for Miss Walsh ever since he witnessed her performance of "La Tosca," about four years ago, but has been unable to get time to give his subject the proper attention until now. The dramatist is now spending his time abroad, and word from there has it that he is also at work on the book of a musical comedy which Charles Frohman has ordered for the use of Hattie Williams and Sam Bernard.

* * *

Mis Phoebe Davis closed her sixth season as the principle player in the No. 1 company presenting "Way Down East," in the larger cities of the country. The final performance was at Hartford, Conn., where Miss Davis appeared in that role for the twenty-fifth time. The popular actress, by the way, has established a wonderful record in this successful pastoral drama for her final performance for the present season marked a continuous engagement of six years, during which she has never missed a performance.

* * *

All of Manager Dillingham's stars will close within the present fortnight exceptling Frank Daniels, who is booked for a summer run in "The Office Boy," in Chicago.

Mme. Calve has sailed back to Europe, but before going she demonstrated that diplomatic relations between the prima donna and Herr Conried said that at her farewell performance in New York Calve cut her program in half, and had he known it in time he would have done the same to the $2,000 she received for the concert. The prima donna, when told of Conried's talk, answered:

"Had the little man done that I should have put twelve eggs in his hat and slapped it on his head so! He is a little man with a bad bringing up."

Calve by the way, altered her plans, and is not to sing in concert in America next season under Marcus Mayer's management, but may return here with her own grand opera company for a long tour under the direction of Fred Whitney.

* * *

George Primrose, the veteran minstrel, who has been appearing in vaudeville this season, was quietly married at his home in Yonkers, N. Y., last week to Miss Esther Nerney, a concert singer, whose home is in San Francisco. Primrose's first wife has been dead about seven months, and it was agreed between him and his new bride to postpone the wedding until next August, but the present Mrs. Primrose was called West hurriedly, and hence the couple agreed to marry immediately. They will spend a three-months' trip through the West for their honeymoon. The second Mrs. Primrose is described as a beautiful brunette and is several years the junior of the famous minstrel.

* * *

Otis Skinner, having brought to a close his joint starring tour with Ada Rehan in a revival of some of the classics, has reorganized his own company and is rehearsing a new play in Chicago called "The Harvesters," which he will bring out next week in Milwaukee. A good deal is expected of this play as it is quite different from anything that Mr. Skinner has undertaken in recent years. He will play for a month or six weeks in the vicinity of Chicago, where he is a great favorite.

* * *

The members of Henry W. Savage's Prince of Pilsen Company sailed for London last week to prepare for the introduction of the English of that successful American musical comedy. If given half a chance on the other side "The Prince of Pilsen" ought to prove as great a go as the "Belle of New York." It is a much better piece and the music is far superior to the former Casino success. But it will take time to demonstrate the receptions of the new piece for a good many American things have failed over there just when prospects for a long run looked brightest.

* * *

Marie Tempest closed her first American engagement in straight comedy at Power's Theater in Chicago and sailed this week for London, where she is soon to take over the management of the Avenue Theater there and join the London ranks of prominent actor-managers. Miss Tempest had a successful fortnight of it in Chicago according to the reports from there, but on the whole her American tour was not a very profitable venture despite the fact that everybody was charmed with her acting in "The Marriage of Kitty" and pronounced it a lively little comedy. In Chicago last week Cosmo Lennox, the husband of the actress, and who made the English adaptation of the comedy, appeared with his wife playing the role presented by Leonard Boyne, who took sick and has been compelled to sail for his home in England on account of his health.

CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT.

Output For April Shows a Marked Increase.

Colorado Springs, Col., May 7.—The output of the Cripple Creek district for the month of April has surpassed all previous months of the year with a record of 58,000 tons, valued at $1,851,400. This is an increase of approximately $150,000 over the month of March. There was distributed in dilvdends during the same period $323,000, which is also a record for the year. This sum was paid by the following companies, and does not include lessees' profits, which, if the figures were obtainable, would add considerably to the grand total: Portland, $130,000; Strong, $20,000; El Paso, $24,500; Peggy, $10,000; Vindicator, $33,000; Mary McKinney, $30,000; Cripple Creek Homestake, $6000; Ironclad, $20,000. The average value of the ore market during April is considerably higher than for seevral previous months.

The remarkable feature of the production of this district is not that the value for a single month is nearly $2,000,000, but that for month in and month out it is able to make such a steady contribution to the world's wealth. Though there have been many prophesies of a decline in the output of the district, the production of gold has gone steadily on with an evenness and precision that has surprised even the most panguine of the mine owners. From present indications the production will not decrease next year, or five years from now. The old porducers, such as the Portland, Strong, Independence, Mary McKinney and Vindicator, are not only sending out ore of the same grade and character, as for several years past, but are making new discoveries with every passing month. The mines are in splendid shape and the outlook could not be improved.

Advices from the London office of the Stratton's Independence company state that that mine is making record-breaking shipments, 760 tons having been marketed in one week. One shipment of 115 tons gave returns of $5000, an average of about $44 per ton. The lessees on the C. K. & N. property also made a valuable shipment within the last few days, fifteen tons of high grade stuff returning $15,000 gross.

TYNER TRIAL CONTINUES

Former Partner of Barrett Is the Principal Witness.

Washington, May 7.—The trial of Former Assistant Attorney General James N. Tyner and his assistant, Harrison B. Barrett, was resumed yesterday with J. Henning Nelms, the Episcopal theological student on the stand.

Mr. Nelms was the law partner of Mr. Barrett after the latter resigned his position in the postoffice department. He explained that partnership from its inception to his resignation to take up the study for the ministry. He said that he and Mr. Barrett had a difference of opinion in regard to the rights of the two or three investment companies among their clientele. Mr. Nolms said he contended that the government was "grinding down" too hard on the companies and desired that a protest be made to Gen. Tyner. He said Mr. Barrett thought the department right and declined to interfere. The question of sending out announcement cards of the partnership was discussed. It was agreed that announcements should only be sent to friends and existing clients, and not to bond investment companies which were not clients of Nelms.

Mr. Worthington asked Mr. Nelms in relation to the Barrett opinion.

"If you had known what that opinion was to be would you have entered into the agreement with Mr. Barrett?"

"I would not."

"Why?"

"Because I believe that view to have been too harsh on the companies. I knew such an opinion would be destructive to the companies. I did not think his view was warranted."

Mr. Nelms later explained this testimony saying that while the interpretation he placed in the Barrett opinion was destructive to most of the companies he realized that it might be helpful to some of them in bringing their business plans within the requirements of law.

A NEW GUNPOWDER.

The ordnance officers of the army are to make a test of a powder for which great things are claimed, says the Washington correspondent of the New York Herald. The powder is the invention of James C. Mitchell, of Reynolds, Ind., and according to the statements of William N. Forbis, his representative here, it is much superior to any powder now in use either in the United States or abroad.

A claim in which the army officials are much interested is that the powder can be manufactured with the army, not requiring an expensive plant, nor the enormous cost of transportation. Mr. Forbis says it can be mixed in a barrel as needed or stored away. Dampness has no effect on it. A sample was soaked in water for three weeks, and ten minutes after being taken out was ready for use.

Army officers are much interested in the claim of the inventor that there is no recoil to a gun discharged by the use of his powder. If the tests demonstrate this, the army and navy will doubtless at once enter into negotiations for the use of it. The most expensive part of the heavy guns on warships and in land forts is the mechanism to take up the recoil.

The powder is a pinkish granulated substance, and it is claimed has three times the explosive force of any powder now in use. It is smokeless and colorless. The agents of the inventor claim it gives off no gases of any kind, and will prevent the headaches so frequent among the gunners of the army and navy after target practice.

The new powder cannot be exploded by concussion, but only by spark, making it safer to handle than the powder now in use.

Tests made by the inventor have shown the force of the powder to be sufficient to drive a bullet from a No 70 Winchester rifle through thirty inches of oak, seventy inches of pine, and one and a half inches of steel at a distance of thirty feet.

The inventor has patented his formula and offers to permit the government to manufacture the powder for its needs or to manufacture and sell to the government. The powder can be manufactured at about one-third the cost of the smokeless powder now in use. The tests will take place this month.

A little newsboy, weeping, stood
Outside the "Waif's Retreat;"
A shaggy dog, his only friend,
Was crouching at his feet
With attitude of perfect trust,
And tender, loving eye.
I saw the boy bend over him
With tear-wet cheek, and sigh.

I asked him why those bitter tears;
He turned away his head,
And answered: "Dere's me only frien'
Since dad and ma is dead;
An' dose folks in de Mission say
Dat Tip, he can't come in;
Dat lovin' of a dog like dis
Ain't nothin' but a sin.

"Well, Boss, I don't know nothin' much;
But, say, when mudder died,
Tip foun' me at her grave at night,
An' laid down by my side;
An', when I cried dere all alone,
His head was on my knee,
An' somethin' in his eye jes' said
He'd be a frien' to me.

"Now, Boss, you look into dem eyes
An' say if he can't speak;
I tells yer, Tip's a gentleman,
If he ain't nice and sleek;
He don't snap like a low-down cur,
His ways is high an' fine;
An', when I tink how good he is,
I'm mighty proud he's mine."

Tip seemed to feel his master's praise,
He looked so very wise.
As if some sad, imprisoned soul
Were shining through his eyes.
I took the boy's brown hand in mine,
And wiped his tears away.
And told him chat no nobler friend
Man has on earth today.

Both boy and dog crept to my heart
And they have now became
The sunshine of my cheerless hearth
The blessings of my home;
And all that I shall ask of Him
Who keeps the heavenly log,
May I be worthy that boy's love—
The friendship of his dog!

—CAPT. JACK CRAWFORD, in Success.

Get a Constant Headache? — Ten chances to one the secret of your suffering is that "white man's burden." Catarrh. Here's a sentence from one man's evidence for Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder—"One application gave me instant relief, cleared the nasal passages and stopped the pain in my head." It's a quick, safe and sure treatment, and it never fails to cure.—6.

AMUSEMENTS | AMUSEMENTS

METROPOLITAN THEATER
John T. Condon, Mgr.

Monday, May 9.
MRS. FISKE
In Paul Heyse's Drama,
(English Adaptation By William Winter.)
"Mary of Magdala"
Prices—50c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.00.

KENNEDY STOCK CO. THIRD WEEK.
Commencing May 10—Tuesday, Wednesday and Wednesday Matinee.
"Robert McCair or Two Jolly Tramps."
Thursday, Friday and Saturday and Saturday Matinee.
"THE KNOBS O' TENNESSEE"
Ladies FREE Tuesday Night Under Usual Conditions.
Prices—10c, 15c, 25c, 50c. Matinee—10c and 25c.

LYCEUM THEATER
Matinee Wednesday 25c.
5 NIGHTS BEGINNING MAY 9!
FLORENCE STONE
Presents David Belasco's Great Play
CHARITY BALL
EXTRA—THE FIRST TIME HERE!
"THE AMERICAN BIOGRAPH."
Direct from Keith's Theater, New York City. The greatest of all moving picture machines. Reproducing vividly panoramic views of Russo-Jap war. Change of pictures twice weekly. Exclusive appearance of the Biograph in the Northwest. Never changing prices
10c, 25c, 35c, 50c.

ROCK CUTTING IN DULUTH

Heavy Expense To Contractors In Digging Foundations.

The Steam Drill As a Labor-Saving Device.

One of the things that the Duluth contractors have to figure on in their bids for large foundation work in the business portion of the city, without knowing just what expense they will be put to, is the rock work. Experience has shown that in many of the large contract jobs solid rock has been encountered in the excavation work when it was not expected and the cost of getting out the rock has run the total expense up to a figure that the contracor could no get out without a loss.

None of the large local contractors will take a contract now without making what they believe will be a fair allowance for the cost of removing rock, and they have their figures largely on the amount of rock which they know has been encountered in previous improvements in the vicinity of the proposed work.

Before the advent of the steam drill as a labor saving device in rock work, it took several times as many men and, as a rule, several more days to get out rock in excavations than it takes at the present time. Three men and a steam drill are now employed to blast out the rock where formerly nearly a dozen men were required.

Two men operate the drill, which is portable and can be easily moved about over the face of the rock. A third man is needed to run the stationary engines which furnishes the power, the steam being conducted to the drill by means of iron and rubber piping. The drill works equally as well at any angle in the rock and it takes minutes for it to accomplish what it required manual labor hours to do.

The holes are drilled to varying depths in the rock wall, depending on the amount of the charge to be used, the amount of rock that it is desired to break off in a blast and with a regard to the safety of surrounding property.

The two pictures herewith shown were taken at different times where the excavation work is being carried on by Contractor Johnson, for the new Duncan & Brewer building at the northeast corner of First street and Second avenue west.

One picture shows the steam drill at work drilling a series of holes across the rock wall from East to West. Nearly one-half of the excavation work in this case had to be done in solid rock and Mr. Johnson was given a time extension of two weeks on his contract, on that account.

Teams and men can be seen in the bottom of the excavation drawing away the rock broken from a previous explosion.

After the drilling is completed the dynamite placed, tamped and electric battery connection made, big bundles of bushes and branches from trees, wired tightly, are thrown over the rock and on these are piled large and heavy pieces of timber. This precaution is taken to prevent the fragments of the rock from scattering and being thrown to a distance when the explosion occurs.

The second picture was taken immediately after the largest and most successful blast made in the work. Five deep holes were drilled across the rock wall, in these were placed nearly fifty sticks of dynamite, all the charges being connected in turn and with the battery.

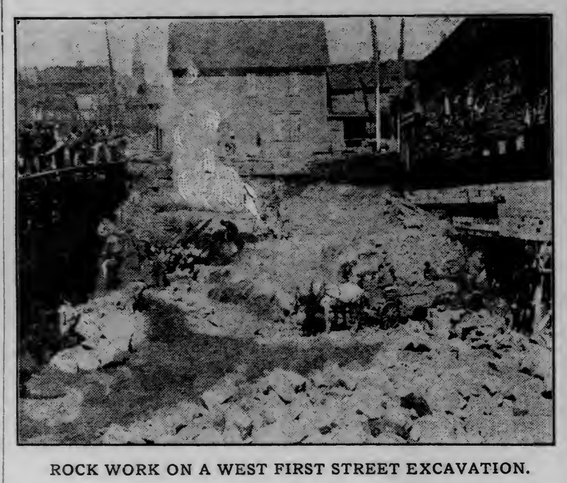
After the big timbers were placed over the top of the rock they were chained together to prevent them from flying apart.

When all was in readiness, which happened at noon hour, the teams were driven out of the excavation, the men employed and all spectators and people passing were warned by shouts to get away from the locality.

At a given word the button was pressed, the spark made, and, with a muffled roar, the big timbers rose ten or twelve feet in the air, with a wave like motion under the impetus of the explosion beneath.

Tons and tons of rock were broken up in the rock wall in this one, or rather five combined blasts, and the contractor estimated that the blast represented something like $200 worth of work done."

JUST BEFORE A BLAST.



ROCK WORK ON A WEST FIRST STREET EXCAVATION.

THE GOSSIP OF GOTHAM

Another's Waistcoat Hanging to His Bedpost—Taking It, He Left Young Chap, Caught In Closet, With His Wife, and Sought Other Quarters.

New York, May 7.—A mere trifle has separated the Bryants, who live in an attractive, if not highly fashionable, apartment house in the northern edge of that section of the city that once long ago was Chelsea village. Mrs. Bryant is the offender of the affair, Bryant the accuser. She put up a stout plea of complete and persecuted innocence, to which Bryant gave the sarcastic ha! ha! Thereat she sought to return to mommer, but mommer wouldn't have it. No, said mommer, she'd had trouble enough with daughter from the earliest knowledge of her to the time of marrying her off, and she didn't intend, now that parental cares were off her shoulders, and she had some chance for belated good time, to retsume responsibility for her progeny just because of some petty marital tiff. So daughter returned to her own apartment, much to the disgust of her husband, who immediately vacated it, repeating to her forcibly his intention never to live agaln under the same roof with her.

The Bryants had been married five years and their most intimate friends had no hint of any skeleton in any of their closets. He was twice her age and rather given to evenings out, but could not be called a misbehaver, and she never was heard to complain that he left her too much alone. None of her friends had an idea that a younger man than her husband saver her from loeliness, though the night elevtor boys of the Bryants' apartment house might have told another story. All they knew, of course, was that Mrs. Bryant had several steady callers, all young chaps, one of whom had proved very liberal in his tips to the boys, at the time letting the recipients understand that they must make return for his gifts. Even at that the boys had to read between the lines for understanding of how they were to earn their tips. The formula from which they secured this information was gone through every time the young man called, which was nearly every night, and consisted of these words of greeting:

"Ah! Mr. Bryant in? No? How provoking! Well, I think I'll go up and see Mrs. Bryant a moment. Let me know if Mr. Bryant should come in."

Apartment house elevator boys are not noted for asuteness, rather the contrary, but some of them has such a speech dinned into him about every night for two years, with the further fact that the speaker grew so careless as to mumble the first part of his formula like a court clerk reciting an oath making emphatic only the closing sentence, the boy may be counted on to suspect that there is something doing. These boys were made thoughtful, too, by the fact that this caller never used the elevator in going away, though he surely showed himself to one of the boys in departing. So by the time each of these lads had received many dollars from this visitor, one of them had a chance to give good return. This was when one night but a few weeks ago when Bryant returned while yet a caller was seeing Mrs. Bryant for a moment. A troubled look came into the boy's face, and he tugged stoutly and in vain at his lever, Remarking apologetically to the tenant that the blamed machine had been cutting up tricks all day, the boy declared that he would have to go up a few stories and start down again in order to fetch the ground floor. So up he shot, leaving Bryant cooling his heels below. On the way up he passed the other car and held a whispered consultation with its boy. Consequently the latter announced indifferently at the lowest floor that he could not start up till the other car returned, which wouldn't be but a minute. Bryant isn't of the build to approach seven flights of stairs without impelling reason and waited until the approach of the first car, whose boy had conveyed warning to Mrs. Bryant's caller.

But last week, somehow, the boys didn't turn the trick. The opportunity and the need were practically the same. Yet Bryant let himself into his hall while the caller was struggling to make himself presentable for departure. The newcomer found his wife in a flurry of the most unreasoning kind. Also, he found a hat on the rack that did not fit his head, its presence of which his wife explained by declaring that the janitor's assistant had left his and taken "that old one" of her husband's when fixing the pipes only that day. That sounded like a pipe, Bryant thought, especially since examination of the hat showed that the janitor's assistant patronized the most expensive hatter in the city. Mrs. Bryant continuing vastly perturbed, Bryant began a search.

Grabbing his spouse by the wrist, he dragged her with him. It didn't require the muscle-reading abilities of a bishop to complete that quest. Mrs. Bryant's reluctance for approaching her boudoir would have been evident to a tyro. In to that room Bryant fairly dragged his wife, but it was empty and apparently in its usual condition of half disorder. This gave Bryant pause for but a moment.

His first searching glance at Mrs. Bryant showed him that she had taken her station, with the manner ill-concealed of being ready to hold the spot or die, immediately opposite the door of the room's only commodious closet.

For this door Bryant dashed, and after some resistance on the part of his wife, he succeeded in opening it. From it stepped the young man who had so liberally subsidized the elevator boys. He apoligized, not without some degree of self-possession, for what he admited might seem like intrusion, and was moving away when Bryant took his turn at standing in front of doors. His choice was the only door by which the visitor might depart.

At this juncture Mrs. Bryant began to talk. The caller was a friend of her family. His mommer and her mommer had been intimate friends for yee-ars. He now was taking a course of chemistry at Columbia, and she, fearing that something was wrong with the drinking water of the house, her husband must know himself how careless that janitor was, had asked him in to get and take away a sample of Croton from the pipes of their apartments. Pipe again, thought the husband, as he strove to catch the right evidence from the caller's words.

The youngster was no slouch in an emergency, his cheek standing him in good stead even here, and while the whole defense was of the flimsiest, Bryant paused to consider. A man may be excused, perhaps, for being slow to believe the worst about his home, and Bryant was about to dismiss the young chap with dignified disdain and have it out with his spouse afterward, when by an almost unconscious action he stumbled upon that trifle in the beginning I stated was so potent in this case.

The action was to open the door to an adjoining room. The trifle was the presence of an unfamiliar waistcoat hanging to his own bedpost. The caller was buttoned to his chin, yet admitted Bryant's impeachment, actuated perhaps by a desire to recover his watch and chain. But Bryant held on to them, and they are now in the safe of his lawyer. He almost dived for a chiffonier drawer, at which move his wife fairly dragged her visitor away and let him out into the outer hall. Bryant found what he was looking for in that drawer, and flourished it for a time about Mrs. Bryant, but concluded that he wouldn't do any shooting; rather that he would let the law take its course. So when he hurried together a few personal belongings to take away with him he also put into his suit case the unfamiliar waistcoat, to serve later in legal proceedings as a formal exhibit.

An upper Broadway druggist has just lost his best assistant. This chap had been in his employment for several years and had proved very satisfactory help. Being a singularly boyish-looking chap, he wasn't so well able to command good wages as he would have been had he had better physical make-up, and a consequence was that his employer was able to secure a clerk to whom he could leave the entire business for days at a time, and at no greater cost than was usual for an assistant of ordinary abilities. But that is all past. Ten days ago a woman acquainted with the proprietor of the store called for a prescription that had been left there some hours before, and this clerk gave it to her.

"That will be 85 cents," he said as he handed the package over.

And straightaway the woman went home and told her husband he ought to inform the druggist that the latter should bounce his head clerk. Nor was the woman a trouble maker, for the clerk had bestowed on her a leer in delivering the package that would have set any decent woman on edge.

The husband made rather light of the matter to his spouse, but, being well known to the druggist, had a frank talk with him. The employer could not admit that there could be reasonable cause for complaint, but he looked troubied and said he would make some investigation. He did so, and ascertained after searching cross-examinations that there was something positively wrong. From another quarter he learned later just what was in the wind. The clerk had become addicted to morphia, and was using regularly so much of it that the employer concluded that his usefulness was at an end, so he was discharged. In this happening was little that has especial interest to those not immediately concerned in it, for of all the victims of morphia two-thirds are those who should best know of the dangers of beginning its use; that is, are physicians or drug dispensers. Whatever leads these well informed ones to fall into such practices is hard to understand.

It cannot be the especial temptation that started this chap wrong. The manner of his beginning was learned by the employer in the course of his investigation. The druggist knew that one of the regular customers of his shop was a user of morphia, and it was of he that he made his inquiries. She was a young woman living apparently alone, but for her servant, in a well appointed flat, and entirely at her leisure. Her addiction to the drug was kept up with the mistaken idea that the world might thereby be made to wag the merrier. The clerk had sold her a supply of the drug again and again, from the acquaintance came an invitation to call on her, and from acceptance of the invitation his downfall began. He was besought to join her just for company's sake, and having started went the pace a deal faster than she did. The druggist was much stirred up after his interviews with the woman and the clerk.

"One of the handsomest creatures I ever saw," he declared of her, "and living evidently in luxury. What a shame that she should fall afoul of this young fellow!"

As I have stated, it cannot be that the reason for the numerous victims in the medical profession and in the drug trade is suggested here, for if such were the case what would be done for doctors and chemists?

NO COLORING MATTER
No Adulteration—Absolutely Pure.

"SALADA"

CEYLON AND INDIA NATURAL GREEN TEA. Sold in the same form as the famous "Salada" black tea.

In sealed lead packets only. 50c, 60c and 70c per lb. By all Grocers.

Trade Supplied By GOWAN-PEYTON-TWOHY CO.

IN COPPER CIRCLES

April Production Largest In History of Lake Superior Mines.

Latest Reports About the "Bonanza Circle" In Arizona.

Houghton, Mich., May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The April production of copper by the Lake Superior mines was the largest ever secured in one month in the district. The influence of the large production of the four big new mines is very plainly noticeable in the totals, and these mines, the Mohawk, Baltic, Trimountain and Champion, are by no means arrived at their full productive capacity. That the Lake district as a whole is increasing its output, rather than falling behind, is due to the influence of the new mines, opened within the past five and six years.

The probability of a row in the financial and advertising columns of the press between Thomas W. Lawson and the Amalgamated Copper company attracts but languid attention in local circles. The chances are so overwhelmingly in favor of the campaign proving a talking match, in which one side has nothing to say, and the prospect of justice being done lambs sheared long ago is so exceedingly remote, that no enthusiasm is created. The Amalgamated-Standard Oil following in the Lake district is extremely small, and the Lawson following is nil. The prevailing sentiment here is akin to that of the old lady in Texas, who followed the fortunes of the sprinting match with her eye, and murmured impartially, "go it, husband," and "go it, bear."

Within ninety days the Franklin will be able to largely increase the amount of rock stamped from the Franklin Junior. The old mine continues to supply considerable rock, but this is of greatly varying grades, ranging from much the best taken from any of the mine openings down to lean rock considerably under the grade of the none too rich conglomerate mined at the Junior. The Franklin continues to secure exceptionally cheap costs, and is handled with a careful eye to the treasury at all times.

The local pool forming for several weeks past has been completed, the money is in the bank and exploratory work will be begun within a week or two on section 15, lying next east of section 16, on which the Atlantic company worked for several years in a vain effort to locate the northern extension of the Baltic amygdaloid lode. Opinion of the majority of the best judges of the district is favorable to the section 15 project, believing that the northern extension of the amygdaloid bed outcrops on section 15, rather than on section 16. Should this be the case, it will result in the making of another mine on 15, and will also enable the Atlantic to open a new mine on the underlay of the lode on section 16, so that the work about to be undertaken means much to the South Range. As the investigation on section 15 is less than elsewhere in the vicinity, trenching can be carried on to advantage, and it is probable that a diamond drill or two will be employed also. The work will be watched with keen interest by the management of both the Atlantic and Isle Royale mines, and the finding of the lode rich, on section 15, would probably enable the Isle Royale people to pick up the strike of the lode on sections 10 and 11, where some exploratory work has been done during the past two seasons. There have been few explorations in the Lake district with greater possibilities than are bound up in the work about to be undertaken by local people on section 15, as there are chances of opening not one, but three, new mines, on the great Baltic amygdaloid, which has given us the Baltic, Trimountain and Champion mines within the past six years.

Of the local companies operating in the Warren district of Arizona, the Lake Superior & Pittsburg will be turned from a development into a fully organized mining company next month. The immense ore bodies opened in this mine during the past year have long since removed it from the class of prospects, and it is sure to make another and perhaps a larger Calumet & Arizona. The Calumet & Pittsburg has a little ore, with good prospects of soon reaching the main ore bodies. The Junction is sinking a large shaft of full working size, and its management appears quite certain of attaining success. Developments on the Pittsburg & Duluth have not shown ore as yet, but the property is so located that the striking of good ore bodies within a few months may be forecasted with a reasonable degree of certainty. All of the foregoing properties are of the Calumet & Arizona group, but outside of the "royal family" there is less activity. Too many development companies were organized here a year ago, some of them with indifferent lands, and the majority with inadequate finances. The Wolverine & Arizona is among the strongest, and has excellent prospects of making a mine. Sinking and drifting are under way, and diamond drills are also employed. The Higgins is running two diamond drills, but does not seem to have located the extensions of the small ore bodies cut some weeks ago. The Portage Lake & Bisbee has cut ore in a drill hole, and the shareholders are feeling much encouraged. The Calumet & Bisbee and Calumet & Cochise, both well-located properties, do not seem to have found anything of value as yet. The Marquette & Arizona discovery of ore turns out to have been cores of low-grade aurriferous quartzite, rather than the copper ore expected. At the other Bisbee properties owned by local capital there seems to be nothing new from week to week. The Mitchell Development company, operating in the Huachuca Mountains, twenty-five miles west of Bisbee, is developing vigorously, and has opened considerable ore. The Chiricahua Development company, which is opening a mine in the Chiricahua range, some thirty miles northeast of Bisbee, has one of the most promising prospects opened for some years out of the old copper fields of the territory, and the Chiricahuas promise to give another big copper producing district to Arizona within the next few years.

The new forty-drill air compressor of the Mohawk mine was put in commission this week. The added power was badly needed, and will greatly facilitate production to advantage.

The Phoenix mine is turning out mineral at the rate of 100 to 115 tons per month. This is a small amount compared with what the big mines are doing, but the costs of production are on a corresponding scale, and the Phoenix is meeting the expectations of its friends.

The growth of the towns of Baltic, Trimountain and Palnesdale is most marked. Six years ago there was not to exceed 100 people living where these thriving young towns now boast a joint population of nearly 10,000 souls. There is every reason to believe that these towns, which are in a row and but two miles apart, will eventually grow into another Calumet, with a population of 25,000 to 40,000 people.

The new reduction plant of the Michigan Smelting company, two miles west of Houghton, is nearing completion, and should be blown in by August at latest. The plant is much the largest and most modern in the district, and is quite certain to make a new low record of smelting costs. The plant was designed by Frank Klepetko, who planned the $3,000,000 reduction plant of the Anaconda, and is worthy of high commendation for the ingenuity with which advantage has been taken of every favoring factor, and for the completeness of its equipment.

The Old Colony is drifting on the 25-foot amygdaloid bed recently tapped by the crosscut. The bed shows a little stamp copper, and enough drifting will be done to determine its value.

The Centennial company has taken possession of the Arcadian mill, and is to have one stamp in commission in July. It is to be hoped that the Centennial management will decide to put in new foundations under all three stamp-heads. Both time and money will be required to do this work, but it will pay in the end, as the foundations of the Arcadian mill are defective under both stamps and rockbins. With new foundations and a few minor changes about the stamps and washing machinery, the mill will be among the most modern and efficient of the lake district.

A discharged employe of the Michigan mine has been scaring shareholders by anonymous letters, in which willful misstatements are so cleverly blended with every unfavorable fact to be found that the letters are admirably calculated to upset the faith of those who know only so much about the mine as may be told them. The letters are contemptible because of their deliberate unfairness.

HORACE J. STEVENS.

The Pioneer Fuel Company
HAS
MOVED
ITS OFFICE TO
405 W. SUPERIOR ST.
MESABA BLOCK.

DENEEN DEFEATS LOWDEN

In the Republican Primaries of Cook County.

Chicago, May 7.—The Republican primaries in the county of Cook yesterday for the election of delegates to the state convention, to be held in Springfield, May 14, resulted in a victory for Charles S Deneen, over Frank O. Lowden, his opponent. In the city Deneen secured 292 delegates and in the county, outside of the city, forty-three, making his total 335. Lowden secured in the city 174 delegates and in the county outside of the city eleven, a total of 185. One delegate in Norwood Park, outside of the city, was instructed for Warner and no returns were secured from districts which have four delegates. It is not known whether these four will be Lowden or Deneen.

The Cook county "machine" was backing Lowden in the primaries and made a strong effort to secure delegaes for him. The Deneen men claimed that would secure 400 delegates, or sixty-five more than the returns give them.

Delegates were chosen for the congressional convention, but all the present Republican congressmen retained control of their districts and will be renominated.

An effort was made to unseat Congressman William Lorimer in the Sixth district, but he secured eighty-eight delegates against thirty-five for Eckhart, his opponent.

When moving why not engage covered vans. It costs no more.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
210 West Superior street.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

A fire occurred Friday night in Proctor's One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street theater, New York, while a performance was going on. There was much excitement, but the theater soon was emptied and it is reported that no one was hurt.

During a political meeting at Charleston, W. Va., Jean Chandler was fatally shot by William Leachman at the Patrick school house, where a meeting was held preliminary to the Republican primaries. More trouble is expected to follow this outbreak. There have been a dozen men shot in that state during the present contest for the Republican nomination for governor.

The Northern Oratorical league contest at Ann Arbor, between seven large western universities was won Friday night by George Jones of Minnesota. He spoke on "The American City." Michigan and Chicago were tied for second place. The winner received $100 in cash.

The miners at the Bogle mine at Burnett, Ind., are on strike because the drivers refuse to wash the mine mules. The question has been referred to a joint conference of officials.

Hearst men controlled the Democratic convention of the Eighteenth Ohio congressional district Friday. W. J. Foley was nominated for congress. Rhodes I. Gregory, an outspoken Hearst man, and Thomas J. McNamara, Jr., of Youngstown, an anti-Parker man, were selected as delegates to the national convention. James A. Rice of Canton, a Hearst supporter, was nominated for elector.

Raymond Zooks, a young miner, was burned to death and six other persons had narrow escape from being cremated in a fire that destroyed the Hotel Turret, a two-story wooden structure, at Turet, a mining camp, 12 miles north of Salida, Colo.

Toronto, Ont. brewery workers to the number of nearly 1200, went on strike Friday, following the receipt of orders from the international headquarters directing the action. But two firms are affected, the employes of the other concerns remaining at work and supporting the strikers.

Heavy rains have extinguished the forest fires which have been raging throughout Northern Wisconsin.

The A. C. Norquist furniture factory at Jamestown, N. Y., was destroyed by fire Friday and it is believed that A. B. Nord, a member of the firm, was burned to death in the building. No trace of Mr. Nord has been found since the fire. When last seen he was running through the factory warning the employes to leave the building. The loss on the factory, lumber, machinery, etc., is estimated by Mr. Norquist at $125,000; insurance $75,000.

MONEY FOR INDIANS.

Maj. Scott Pays $20,000 to Red Lakers.

Cass Lake, Minn., May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Maj. Scott, acting Indian agent, spent Thursday evening in Cass Lake, en route to Onigum, from an official trip to the Red Lake agency. While at the latter place the major made a payment of $20,000 to the Red Lakers on account of the logging of the blown-down timber on the Red Lake reservaion during the past month.

The amount secured from these logging operations reached about $33,000. The whole of this amount was obtained for the Indians, but the major concluded that, as there was no pressing need of he money on the part of the Indians, $20,000 of the amount would be sufficient for the present time. The other $13,000 will be turned over at the time of the annuity payments in November next.

PICKEREL BITE CAUSES DEATH.

St. Paul, May 7.—The bite of a pickerel resulted in the death of John E. Beckman, of Amery, Wis., at Bethesda hospital. Beckman was 37 years old and lived on a farm near Amery. Some time ago he went pickerel spearing. As he was landing one fish, the pickerel clamped his jaws down upon Beckman's fingers, lacerating one of them. The wound was not considered serious at first, but later complications set in and Beckman was brought to the St. Paul hospital, where he died.

NOTICE!

The California Restaurant Co. wishes to announce that it is connected with no other restaurant than The California, at 620 West Superior Street.

DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS

(Continued from page 23.)

of Duluth, were the guests of Mrs. Giddings parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Becklinger, Saturday and Sunday.

Peter Shelin, of Independence, Minn., was guest of his neice, Mrs. Frank Widell, Monday.

Mrs. W. H. Miller and Miss Miller were very pleasantly surprised by a number of friends, Friday evening. Games were played and a delicious luncheon was served. A most enjoyable evening was spent. Those present were Messrs and Mesdames I. J. Mahoney, L. C. Tower A. D. Mahoney and H. E. Smith, Mesdames W. A. Thayer and C. Becklinger, Misses Ethel Mahoney, Isabel Thayer, May Thayer, S. A. Smith and Constance Willner, Messrs Wilburt Mahoney, Jerome Mahoney, Frank Wacha, and A. C. Grochau.

Mr. and Mrs. I. J. Mahoney, and Paul Shieft are among those who went to Duluth Sunday.

Miss Alice Sjosellus came up from Duluth Saturday, to stay Sunday with her aunt, Mrs. Frank Widell.

Frank Noacill had a very painful accident Tuesday, while working at the planer at the Thompson factory, the middle finger on his right hand was badly cut. Mr. Noacill went to Duluth to have the wound dressed by a physician.

Mr. and Mrs. Perry and children are spending the week in Duluth.

Mrs. W. D. McGill, of Superior, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. U. C. Tower, Tuesday and Wednesday.

Among Tuesday's Duluth visitors were Mr. and Mrs. I. J. Mahoney, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Messer, George Reindl, Byron Karn, Miss Hulda Erickson, Martin Erickson, William Milben, Joseph Wege, August Viergutz, George Gilbertson, Charles Strand, W. A. Thayer, A. Domm, R. Brune, A. E. Grochau and C. Swanson.

Mrs. Rudolph Dietz came down from Scanlon Tuesday to visit friends and relatives in New Duluth.

The fire hall has had electric lights put in and Monday night the new lights were turned on.

W. H. Crosby, of Duluth, has purchased fourteen acres of land, lying beyond Third street and One Hundred and Second avenue. The land will be used for market gardening. Mr. Crosby expects to raise strawberries, currants, gooseberries and small fruits.

Mrs. C. Olson, of Fond du Lac, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Duclette Sunday.

The Thompson Furniture factory resumed operations Thursday, after being closed for a couple of weeks for repairs.

Frank Wilson returned Saturday from Duluth, where he has been working for several weeks.

Mrs. Sjosellus and George Sjosellus, of Duluth, spent Sunday with Mrs. Sjosellus' sister, Mrs. Frank Widell.

Mr. and Mrs. John Bernt, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Brand, I. J. Mahoney and Rev. Knudsen, were Duluth visitors Thursday.

Mrs. A. Christensen and Mrs. C. Christensen went to West Duluth Wednesday to spend a few days with friends and relatives.

The monthly meeting of the volunteer fire department took place at the fire hall Thursday evening. George Reindl was elected assistant chief, to take the place of Frank Speckien, who has gone away.

IRONWOOD

Ironwood, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—A. Wilson, manager of the grocery department of the Ironwood Store company, returned Monday from Superior, Wis., after a short visit with relatives.

A large crowd attended the supper given at the parlors of the Presbyterian church Thursday evening and the ladies met with great success.

F. W. Peterson, of Ashland, was in Ironwood, on a short business trip Friday.

Mrs. F. L. Scott, of Dunham, visited with friends in Ironwood, Tuesday.

The leap year party to be given at the Armory next Friday evening by the ladies of the Clerks' union, is to be one of the finest ever given in Ironwood. The young ladies are sparing no pains to make it a great success.

Paul Pasternacki, for a number of years manager of the clothing department of the Leader store, resigned his position and left Saturday for Ashland, where he has entered business for himself.

A bouncing baby girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. C.W. Thompson, of the North side, Saturday.

W. F. McNulty, of Antigo, was in the city on business Thursday.

Miss B. Hocking visited with friends and relatives in Bessemer Friday.

The high school baseball team last Saturday morning for Ashland, where they will play their first game for the season. The team this year is the strongest Ironwood has had and they look for a number of victories.

J. Kookilenski, of Dunham, Mich., transacted business in Ironwood Wednesday.

Miss Mae Nichols left Wednesday for Calumet on a short visit with relatives.

Forty-two students of the Michigan College of Mines of Houghton, were in Ironwood all week, visiting a number of the surrounding mines.

Mrs. J. E. Niven left Tuesday for New London, Wis., where she will visit with a number of her friends and relatives.

R. P. Baker, of Minneapolis, Minn., was in the city on business Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Fitzgerald entertained a number of their friends at cards Wednesday evening.

D. N. Herlenstein, of Sheboygan, was in the city on business Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Benson and family left Thursday for Calumet where they will reside permanently.

Joseph Bonk, Sr., a well known resident of Ironwood, died at his home on Mansfield street, Tuesday, of old age. The deceased was 90 years of age and leaves a grown-up family and a large circle of friends to mourn his death. The funeral occurred Friday from St. Michael's Polish Catholic church, Rev. Pawlew officiating.

W. J. Simeon, of Detroit, Mich., was in the city on business Wednesday.

DETROIT

Detroit, Minn., May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Ora Cannon, formerly of Cannon Bros., spent a few days this week at Frazee and Detroit. Mr. Cannon is now acting pastor of the First M. E. church of Beltrami.

H. A. Whittier, contractor, is now rushing the grading of the Soo. He is employing nearly 200 men. Trains are expected to enter Detroit by July 1.

Tuesday evening fire was discovered in the chemical laboratory of the High school building. The loss is estimated at $500.

Preparations are already under way for the great convention of Epworth Leaguers for the Crookston district, which is to meet here early in June. Over 100 delegates and visitors are expected. Several speakers from outside the state will be here, President Russell, of Crookston, together with his assistants, are working hard to make this the best meeting held in years.

IRON RIVER

Iron River, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Ex-Postmaster C. C. Williams was in the city last Saturday and Sunday.

The clerk of the circuit court was over here and spent Sunday and Monday in this city.

Frank Cabe, of Orienta, was in the city last Sunday on business.

Fire caught in the Alexander-Edgar Lumber company's lath yard. Prompt action on the part of the help saved the lumber and sawmill.

Chairman Eben Olson, of Port Wing, was in the city last Monday while on his way to Washburn to attend the meeting of the county board, which met last Tuesday.

Chairman Edward F. Daniels attended the county board meeting last Tuesday in the city of Washburn.

Nick Drew, of Superior, was in tais city last Tuesday on business.

The town board of supervisors met last Monday and audited bills and passed several resolutions. They placed a tax on pool tables and bowling alleys and shows of all kinds.

Gordon Young was in from Island lake last Monday and reports that the forest fires are raging out in that section of the country, and the settlers have had a hard time to save their homes.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Miles and daughter returned home from West Salem, Wis., last Tuesday evening, where they have spent six weeks visiting with relatives and friends.

Isre Everett returned home last Tuesday from Fort Fairfield, Me., where he spent about three months visiting with relatives and friends. He reports that the crops are all in the ground and that the weather is fine out there in the old Pine Tree state.

Deputy Sheriff Charles Greenwood, of Port Wing, was in this city last Friday on official business.

A man by the name of Oscar Mickelson was arrested last Tuesday on a charge of rape on the daughter of Gust Headquest. The girl is 18 years old and is an invalid. The girl was out picking trailing arbutus, about a mile from home, when this man came along with a gun in his hand. He shot the little dog that was with her and afterwards attacked the girl. The girl ran home and told her mother, who immediately called for Mr. Headquest, who was out plowing in the garden. He took his rifle and started after him and found him at Mason lake. He took charge of him and took his gun from him and brought him to the village and handed him over to the officer. He was arraigned before the municipal court last Wednesday morning, but the case was adjourned until yesterday at 2 p. m., for the purpose of securing the district attorney. The case was called yesterday at 2 p. m. The defendant was represented by Attorney E. C. Alvord, of Washburn. The case was adjourned for ten days on account of the non-appearance of the county attorney. The court placed the defendant under $500 bonds to appear.

Frank Johnson and wife returned home from Minneapolis last Tuesday, where they were visiting with Mrs. Johnson's parents and friends for about two weeks.

Mick Corragan, of Bibon, was in the city last Thursday on business, returning home yesterday morning.

Blatz Wiener BEER
Bottled Goodness

Milwaukee's Banner Brew

It isn't talk that counts, it's quality—Quality that stands pat, at all times, for honest criticism. The unprecedented popularity of Blatz Wiener is due to its pronounced individuality—that indescribable, honest flavor that always means "Blatz"—that delightful Blatz Wiener "smack" that goes straight to the spot. Drink it for beer character—For health's sake drink it. Ask for it down town. Send a case home.

ALWAYS THE SAME GOOD OLD "BLATZ."

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE (NON-INTOX.) TONIC
DRUGGISTS OR DIRECT.

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., Milwaukee
Duluth Branch, Lake Ave. and Railroad St. Telephone 62.

THE LATEST HAPPENINGS IN THE WORLD OF SPORTS

ONE MORE TO COME

Duluth Team Complete Except For Pitcher "Rusty" Owens.

Something of New Men That Appear In the Bunch.

The Duluth team is now complete wtih the exception of "Rusty" Owens, who is still with Minneapolis and is not due to arrive in Duluth until May 10.

Some information concerning the different players may be of interest to the fans at this time. The new players in the league are Hughes, O'Leary, Ball, Martin, Zink, Koudalik and Owens. The other members of the team all played in the Northern league last season.

Hughes played in the Interstate league last year with the Sycamore team. He was the crack catcher of the league with a fielding average of .968 and a batting average of .358. He arrived in the city yesterday and the fans will have the first opportunity of seeing him this afternoon. He has been working out at his home in Illinois.

Ball, who goes by the nickname of "Artie" also comes from the Interstate league. He was once the crack shortstop of the Baltimore "Orioles," but lost some of his prowess and retired to the smaller leagues. He had a good rest last year and says he is feeling as young as ever. His fielding average with the Sycamore club last year was .907 and his batting average .334. Ball is a little man, but surprisingly fast and can cover a lot of ground.

Zink played with the Sioux Falls team in the Iowa-South Dakota league last season. He had a fielding average of .972 and a batting average of .268. He is a man of splendid physique, standing about six feet two inches in his stockings and weighing considerably over 200 pounds.

Frank Martin, the captain and second baseman of the team, comes from the Indianapolis club of the American Association. He had a fielding average of .937 and a batting average of .177. He is a very fast man in the field and nothing but his weakness with the stick kept him out of the big league. In the Northern league he should make a beter showing than he did with the Indianapolis team.

O'Leary, the heavy hitting catcher of the White Sox, comes from the Rock Island club of the Illinois-Indiana-Iowa league. He had a batting average of .312 last year, standing fifth in the official list. His fielding record was .960. He has been hitting the ball regularly in the practice games this year and he promises to be one of the heaviest stickers in the league. He is a man of large build, standing nearly six feet in height and weighing about 200 pounds.

"Rusty" Owens, the new pitcher, who is to come on May 10, played with the same team as O'Leary last season, and the battery was known as one of the crack batteries of the league. Owens pitched thirty-four games last season, wining twenty of them. The average number of hits made from his delivery was 7.51. He issued forty-four bases on balls, struck out eighty-eight men and had a perfect fielding record. He batted .206.

Koudalik—pronounced "cocoalick"—pitched for the Marquette team in the Interstate league last season. His nickname is "Cocoa-cola." He pitched twenty-five games last season, winning fifteen of them. His fielding average was .902, and his batting average .230.

The men who played in the league last year are Quillan, Corrigan, Randall, Wilkes, Lagger, Shaw, Gehring and Noldin.

Of these all but Corrigan and Randall were with the team last year, and are known to the fans.

Corrigan played with Grand Forks last year and Randall with Winnipeg. They were tied for fifth place in the official batting averages of the league, with a percentage of .296. Corrigan had a little the better of Randall in the fielding averages, with a percentage of .935 against Randall's .883. Randall, however, was one of the best baserunners in the league, and it would be difficult to chose between the two men.

Quillan will be in his old position on third base, and Wilkes in the outfield. Shaw, Gehring and Noldin will also be back in the box this year. Noldin has shown wonderful improvement, and great things are expected of him this season.

The team as a whole is an aggregation of giants. Nearly every member weighs some place in the neighborhood of 200 pounds and stands six feet in height. Ball, Wilkes and Shaw are about the only small men on the team.

Some of the nicknames of the men may be of interest. Noldin is known as "Buck." Shaw goes by the name of "Demon" or "Shorty." Quillan is known as "Lee," and Martin as "Cap." Ball is called "Artie," and Owens never hears anything but "Rusty." Wilkes has been dubbed "Society Joe," and Randall is "Newt." Gehring is called "Hank," as a contraction for Henry.

He Saved His Money.

Yes, he went to the

Duluth Wholesale Supply Co

And bought his Groceries at wholesale and saved his money.

YES, WE SELL DIRECT TO THE PEOPLE.

Office and Sample Room—102 W. Mich. St.

MORE ROOM NEEDED

Endion Tennis Club Finds Enlargement of Grounds Necessary.

Courts Crowded Much of the Time Last Summer.

The Endion Tennis club has under consideration plans for new and larger grounds.

The interest taken in the game last season showed such an increase, and the applications for membership became so numerous, that the present grounds at Eleventh avenue east and Superior street were found to be altogether inadequate for the needs of the club. There were but four courts, and on fine afternons it was impossible to secure one of them for a game of singles, and even with four playing on a court there was usually a line of players waiting for an opportunity for a game.

This year the interest in the game promises to be even greater, and the members believe they will be warranted in looking for larger grounds.

Negotiations aer now under way for the lease of a piece of vacant property not far from the present grounds, where six new courts will be laid out. If the new grounds are secured some new members may be taken into the club.

The membership fee will also be increased to meet the expenses connected with levelling the new grounds and putting in the courts. The present courts are being rolled and will be used pending the negotiations for the new site. Some of the members have already turned out and a few more days of warm weather will see the sport in full swing.

The club promises holding another open tournament this season, similar to the one given last year, and also several club tournaments. Most of the old players will again be out this year, and some new playeres have made application for membership, and the members of the club should make a much better showing in the open tournament than they did last season, when the best prizes were carried off by the Superior players.

The anual meeting of the club will be held some time during the coming week and the officers for the coming year chosen.

The question of the new grounds will also be decided at that time.

BASEBALL.

National League.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	15	12	3	.800
Brooklyn	15	10	5	.667
Cincinnati	19	12	7	.631
Chicago	14	8	6	.571
St. Louis	16	7	9	.437
Boston	16	6	10	.375
Pittsburg	16	5	11	.312
Philadelphia	15	3	12	.200

PHILADELPHIA, 15; PITTSBURG, 7.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 7.—The game throughout on both sides was very poor yesterday, with Pittsburg outdoing Philadelphia in poorness. Attendance, 3470. Score:

Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	2	7 10 5
Philadelphia	0	2	0	7	0	0	0	3	3	15 15 4

Batteries—Miller-Camnitz and Smith and Phelps; Frazer and Roth and Dooin. Umpire—Emslie.

CINCINATI, 7; ST. LOUIS, 4.

Cincinnati, May 7.—For the fourth time this week the St. Louis team was defeated by Cincinnati yesterday. Attendance, 2500. Score:

Cincinnati	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	3	x	7 9 0
St. Louis	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	4 6 1

Batteries—Ewing and Schlei; Nichols and Byers. Umpire—O'Day.

American League.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	17	14	3	.823
Chicago	19	11	8	.579
New York	15	8	7	.533
Philadelphia	15	8	7	.533
Detroit	17	8	9	.470
St. Louis	15	7	8	.467
Cleveland	15	7	8	.467
Washington	15	1	14	.063

PHILADELPHIA, 16; WASHINGTON, 6.

Philadelphia, May 7.—Philadelphia defeated Washington yesterday by a score of 16 to 6. Attendance 3050. Score:

Washington	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	—	6 10 2
Philadelphia	0	5	0	0	1	1	4	5	x	16 22 4

Batteries—Patten, Mason and Drill; Henley and Schrieck. Umpire—Carpenter.

ST LOUIS, 5; CHICAGO, 3.

Chicago, May 7.—Chicago was defeated by St. Louis in the tenth inning yesterday. Attendance, 2960. Score:

Chicago	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—3 3 3
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	2—5 9 3

Batteries—Flaherty and Sullivan; Sivers and Sudgen. Umpire—O'Laughlin.

BOSTON, 5; NEW YORK, 2.

Boston, May 7.—Boston defeated New York yesterday. Stahl's batting was the feature. Attendance, 4060. Score:

Boston	1	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	x	—5 8 0
New York	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	—2 8 2

Batteries—Tannehill and Farrell; Hughes and Maguire. Umpires—Dwyer and Connolly.

CLEVELAND, 3; DETROIT, 1.

Cleveland, Ohio, May 7.—Donahue's twirling was too much for Detroit yesterday and Cleveland won in the second inning when three singles were bunched with O'Leary's error. Attendance, 4680. Score:

Cleveland	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	xJ3	7 1
Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—1	7 1

Batteries—Donahue and Bemis; Stovall and Wood. Umpires—King and Sheridan.

American Association.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
St. Paul	17	14	3	.823
Milwaukee	12	7	5	.583
Columbus	11	6	5	.545
Indianapolis	13	7	6	.538
Toledo	13	6	7	.461
Minneapolis	14	6	8	.429
Louisville	15	6	9	.400
Kansas City	12	3	9	.250

ST. PAUL, 9; INDIANAPOLIS, 1.

St. Paul, Minn., May 7.—Indianapolis made only three hits off Chech and was beaten, 9 to 1 yesterday. Attendance on the opening of the season exceeded 5000. Score:

St. Paul	3	0	0	1	3	0	2	0	x	—9 10 2
Indianapolis	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—1 3 2

Batteries—Chech and Sullivan; Allemang and Ortlieb. Umpire—Bauswine.

LOUISVILLE, 7; MILWAUKEE, 1.

Milwaukee, May 7.—Milwaukee lost the opening game of the season here yesterday to Louisville, by a score of 7 to 1. The locals played listless ball throughout and never had a show to win. Attendance, 2406. Score:

Milwaukee	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1 7 3
Louisville	0	0	5	0	0	0	2	0	6	—7 7 0

Batteries—Steele and Slattery; Wright and Schriver. Umpire—Hart.

TOLEDO, 4; MINNEAPOLIS, 2.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 7.—Toledo defeated Minneapolis yesterday in the first game of the local season by a score of 4 to 2. Cristall was very effective except in the last inning. Attendance 4500. Score:

Minneapolis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	—	2 7 3
Toledo	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	—4 8 1

Batteries—Stimmel and Weaver; Cristall and Reading. Umpire—Holliday.

"NOSED OUT" OF A FORTUNE

Races Taken Away That Were Worth Half a Million.

St. Louis, May 7.—W. H. McCorkle, who came to St. Louis to attend the opening of the local racing season, has been disqualified out of more big money than almost any other horse owner in the history of the American turf. Mr. McCorkle is a resident of Lexington, Ky., and owns a fine breeding farm in the heart of the blue grass country. Barouche, San Andres and Louisville have had races taken away from them that cost Mr. McCorkle and his friends fully $500,000.

"The severest blow I ever got in this respect," declared Mr. McCorkle to the Post-Dispatch, "occurred at Saratoga when they disqualified San Andres on me.

"This mare had not been runing to her real form at New York, but she improved greatly when shipped to Saratoga.

"One morning before daylight I worked her seven furlongs in 1:26 and a fraction with 132 pounds on her back. Nobody was in sight when the mare worked, but while I was cooling her out, who should come 'sneaking' along but 'Pittsburg Phil' himself.

"You are the last man in the world I expected to encounter on the racetrack this early in the morning," said I to the famous plunger. "I would have bet anything that you could be caught sound asleep in your room at the United States hotel this early in the morning."

"'What is the name of the horse you just worked, and how much weight did the brute have up?' was the celebrated plunger's next question.

"Her name is San Andres, she carried 132 pounds and I caught her seven-eighths in 1:26 and a fraction. How fast did you make it?"

Two days later I sent the mare to the races. While the bugle was calling the horses to the post 'Pittsburg Phil' walked up to me in the paddock and said he stood to win $75,000 on my mare San Andres.

"The field got away to a perfect start. San Andres raced under restraint to the head of the scratch, then came through on the rail and won eased up by 10 lengths.

"While she was coming through at the stretch entry, San Andres bumped a mare of Matt Byrnes called Flirtineer, but it had no effect whatever on the result.

"All this did not prevent Byrnes from sending his jockey into the stand to claim a foul on San Andres. As he was instructing his rider to go into the stand I stepped up and offered $2000 in cold cash to keep him out of the judges' stand, but he would not listen to me.

"The official disqualified my mare."

JEFFRIES QUITS CIGARETTES

Wagers He Will Not Smoke One Before Munroe Fight.

New York, May 7.—Cigarettes come pretty high at $100 a throw.

But that's what one will cost James J. Jeffries if he smokes it from now until after his fight with Jack Munroe.

Before the champion left for Harbin Springs he was in the cafe of the Metropole. John Considine said to him:

"Jeff, you must cut out the cigarettes while you are in training."

For this mighty mountain of a man has the cigarete habit. His huge bulk looks well behind a cigarette, but, nevertheless, he smokes them like a ribbon clerk.

"I'm going to cut them out," said Jeffries.

"Yes, you are," retorted Considine, in that Broadway tone which makes a negative out of an affirmative.

"Surest thing you know."

"I'll bet you a hundred you won't," said Considine.

"You're on," promptly replied the champion.

"Now let us understand each other." added Considine. "If you smoke a cigarette, only one, between now and the fight with Munroe, I win $100 from you."

"That's right," said Jeff.

"If you don't smoke one of those coffin nails during that time, I am to pay you $100."

They shook hands on the wager, and had a bottle of the bubble to bind the bargain.

Speaking of it afterward, Jeff said:

"I am going to win that $100 from Considine, sure, and after I win it, I am going to give it to some charitable institution for boys who are addicted to the cigarette habit. I know it's filthy, and all that, and I wish I could stop it. I don't want the boys to do as I do and smoke them, but let them take my advice and cut out the cigarettes. It's bad—it's the worst thing a young boy can begin while he is at school. I am going to quit it."

And the mighty one wotted naught of a little tomtit, who, overhearing the latter remarks, twittered something that sounded very much like "hot air."

SIX MEMBERS OF DULUTH NORTHERN LEAGUE TEAM

FRANK MARTIN, Second Baseman and Captain.

NEWT RANDALL, Outfielder.

LEE QUILLLAN, Third Baseman.

WILLIAM ZINK, First Baseman.

JAMES CORROGAN, Outfielder.

"DEMON" SHAW, Pitcher.

LONGEST HIT

Ever Made Was By Jimmy Ryan.

"Years may come and years may go," says Jimmy Ryan, "but I think I will always continue to hold the record for longest hit ever made. I once hit a ball that went 2500 miles without stopping, and I want to see the man who has ever duplicated such a feat.

"Now, I am not smoking nor dreaming. The feat is on record and actually happened in 1885, when the Chicago club was playing its last games on the old lake front grounds, and when I had just joined the nine. I hit a high, hard, drive one afternoon. It went over the fence and lit on a car which was gliding by upon the railroad outside. The car was a through freight for San Francisco. The ball stuck fast in some of the woodwork, and was carried along to California. On this mighty deed I claim the long-distance hitting record."

It is said that Ryan's hit was discounted in 1885—the same year Jim hit the ball—by George Van Haltren, afterward Ryan's teammate. Van claims that he was playing a game in a California ball park, overlooking the sea. He hit a ball which passed over the fence, and out over the ocean. It fell upon a steamer bound for England, via India and the Suez canal, and the ball traveled 21,0000 miles without being removed from the steamer. If any one can equal this record, Van would like to hear from him.

The number of times in a year that a man uses The Herald's Want Columns is an idex to his interests and activities.

Shade Trees

Fruit Trees, Hardy Shrubs, Peony and other Roots, Bulbs, Small Fruits, etc. Buy where you can see the stock and know what you are getting.

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GROWTH OF RACING

In the West In Past Decade Has Been Remarkable.

Woeful Scarcity of Good Jockeys Compared With Former Years.

It is astonishing to contemplate to what extent racing has grown in favor in the West in the past decade. Some 12 years ago there was a circuit in the South and West, consisting of some half a dozen racing points where meetings of two weeks' duration were given in the spring and fall, and the horsemen, bookmakers and the other followers of the game were continually swinging around that circle. Today the sport has grown to such enormous proportions that it almost takes one's breath away to think of the immense amount of money that has been invested in racing plants. Then the spring racing began at Memphis, thence to Nashville, Louisville, Latonia, Oakley, St. Louis and Chicago, and then down the line again until those that did not go into winter quarters wound up at New Orleans. Anyone who would now propose a circuit built on the same lines would be considered a fit subject for an asylum.

St. Louis, with its Fair Grounds, Delmar, Kinloch and the new Jockey club, has continuous racing from the middle of April until the middle of November. Chicago, with Worth, Washington Park, Hawthorne and Harlem keeps the mill going virtually from the 1st of May until the snow begins to fly, while the Canadian circuit, beginning at Toronto not quite a month later than the opening of the first meeting at the Windy City keeps going till the cold north winds blowing across the great lakes admonish the horsemen that it is time to seek more genial climes and balmier air. Mixed in with these three racing grounds and racing simultaneously with them, with the exception of Memphis, which has hardly any opposition, are the tracks at Nashville, Latonia and the new plant at Kansas City, which, though still an infant in the racing world, bids fair to rival its older companions in the great game of the thoroughbred.

Add to this the plant at Hot Springs, about the success of which those that were at the initial meeting still continue to talk in tones of wonder, not so much from a standpoint of the sport itself as the volumes of money that was in evidence there. So great was the success of the venture there that the meeting had hardly ended, when there was talk of building another racing plant and have it in readiness by next winter, but since the purchase of the plant by Shannon and others it is not likely that another will be built.

It can be set down as a certainty that there will be a new track at New Orleans next winter whether the promoters get the site they already contemplate building on or not.

And with all this racing there seems to be plenty of horses to make up fields and furnish sport, plenty of money to run the plants and supply the purses and a generous and never diminishing support from the public. Racing today in the West is at the highest point of prosperity it has ever enjoyed, but it is as it were, only half way up the mountain of success, and there is no telling when the pinnacle will be reached.

With all these racing plants in operation it is a matter of regret but nevertheless true, that there is a woeful scarcity of good jockeys as compared with former years, nearly all the stars having engagements at the Eastern tracks, or else riding free lance on what is called the metropolitan circuit. Aside from Eddy Dominick, Fred Cook's good rider; Grey, who has been riding at St. Louis; Walter Robbins, who is by no means a topnotcher; Aubuchon, John Schorr's new acquisition, who has not been thoroughly tried out yet, but has shown evidence of making a good one; Elmer Helgesen, Captain S. S. Brown's boy, and perhaps one or two others the riding talent that so far shown in the West and South is much below the average of former years. In Lawrence Pat Dunne seems to hold his own, and D. Austin, who will do the riding for Tom Hayes, may also be counted as a more than fair rider. Jockeys, however, like Topsy, "just grow," and a crop of good ones may be developed before the season is very many moons older.

It is said that some of the stars that were riding in the East last season under enormous salaries for the big stables are not having as rosy times this year as formerly in this one respect at least. In former years these little autocrats thought themselves the whole works and looked on the starter and his fines as a good joke, knowing that no matter how heavy the fines imposed might be their wealthy employer would settle for them. But this year, when Mr. Fitzgerald or Mr. Cassidy impose a fine, Mr. Jockey has to go down into his own pocket and produce his own coin before he can ride again, and it makes quite a difference whose ox is gored. This state of affairs no doubt will take some of the conceit and independence out of them and bring about better results at the post.

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VIGILANT WORK

Oarsmen Out Every Night Preparing For Madison Race.

Make-Up of Crew Practically Settled—New Shell Due.

Every evening this week the big eight-oared shell of the Duluth club has been out in the local harbor.

The members of the crew are indulging in some hard training to get into shape for the trip to Madison in June. There is scarcely a month left in which to get the crew into condition, and the men have yet much to learn before they can hope to compete successfully with the Cornell and Wisconsin crews, which will be present at the regatta.

The eight made an excellent showing last evening. A trip was taken as far as the pavilion at Oatka beach and back, a distance of from three to four miles. No attempt was made to time the men on the trip, but they showed good form, working well together and lifting the shell through the water at a good rate.

Gibson at stroke is proving a tower of strength to the crew, and his long experience at the sport gives the members confidence, for they know he will never lose his head at a critical moment. He is too old and well tried an oarsman for that.

Colquhoun is rowing number seven and the Peyton brothers six and five. L'Estrange is number four, Puck number three, Whyte number two and McPhail number one. Whyte is the lightest member of the crew, but he is not lacking in staying powers. The others will average from 170 to 180 pounds in weight. Dr. Lynam has charge of the coaching.

The new eight-oared shell has not yet arrived but it is expected almost any day. Meanwhile the old shell has been repainted and is being used for the preliminary training. As soon as the new shell arrives the men will use it in order to become accustomed to it before the Madison regatta.

While the members of the crew realize they will be pitted against some of the strongest crews in the country at the Madison regatta, they hope to make a good showing, and are sparing no efforts to get into proper condition for the race. Regular and systematic gymnasium work is being indulged in, in addition to the work in the shells, and all of the men are now in fighting trim.

WONDERFUL FEAT

That Was Performed By Pitcher John Clarkson.

Old timers—men who have seen them all—still claim that John Clarkson could throw a ball more accurately than any other ball player who ever lived.

Cy Young, in all probability, can discount anybody else on accuracy at the present time, but John Clarkson could make shots with a ball such as no player before or since would even try to accomplish.

Once, at the New York grounds, Ed Williamson offered to bet Tim Keefe $50 that John Clarkson, standing in the pitcher's box, could hit a bat, stood upright on the plate, at the first shot. The money was posted, Clarkson went to the box, sighted at the bat, and let go. The bat toppled over.

"Set it up again," said Clarkson, "and watch me hit it." And John knocked that bat over five times in succession. It is safe to say that there is not a ball player now in the game who would risk 50 cents that he could repeat the feat, or even make it three in five.

WINTER BOOKS ON THE COAST

Season a Prosperous One, Much Money Changing Hands.

San Francisco, Cal., May 7.—"Who has won and kept the money?" is the question followers of the turf are asking, now that San Francisco's racing season of twenty-five weeks has reached its closing days.

The new California Jockey club has enjoyed a prosperous season and has cleared at least a quarter of a million dollars. It has not been harried, and bled, and "touched," and held up, as Chicago racetracks are, by a variety of politicians. Never has racing in California received such generous support from San Francisco's public as during the last season, and it is estimated the sum of $4,000,000 has been handled in the ring. Hence the queries as to winners and losers.

Before figuring on winners and losers, it is pertinent to call attention to the "kitty" of the betting ring, as the fee for cutting in may be designated. The new California Jockey club charges $20 a race. The daily average of bookmakers has been twenty-two. The daily number of races has been six. Wherefore the daily rake-off of the "kitty" was $2640, which, computed for 150 days, means $400,000, which again is 10 per cent of the millions the ring is figured to have handled during the season.

Of those bookmakers who have been on continuously, "English Bill" Jackman, who cut in about Christmas, undoubtedly is the largest winner. His profits are said to be $50,000, and probably are all of $30,000. Joe Rose, Joe Harlan, Herman Hoffman, Frank Bain and Henry Wendt are winners close to $20,000 each.

Caesar Young broke nearly $25,000 win-

ner to the California game, the major portion being won here, though he is believed to have done nicely at Los Angeles the few weeks he was there. For three or four years Young has run syndicate rings at the various fairs throughout the state, but he recently purchased for $500 the membership in the Metropolitan Bookmaking association held by the late W. H. Stokes, and this year will operate at the New York tracks. His business associate, J. D. Millin, has left for the Eastern metropolis with their horses.

George Ascot booked straight through the Ascot meeting, and his winnings there are estimated at $40,000. Since he came to Oakland he is said to have lost a third of his Los Angeles winnings.

Wally Brinkworth, last year Fred Cook's cashier at Chicago and the Middle West, booked for a while in between playing from the ground, and left last Sunday for Chicago $10,000 winner.

The largest winner outside the booking contingent has been C. T. Henshall, who won upward of $25,000 playing from the ground.

SWELLING FIGURES

Of the Paid Attendance an Error of Baseball Magnates.

The Ball Players Are Now Figuring Out the Profits.

Chicago, May 7.—Tim Murnane, in a Boston special to the Record-Herald, says: "Swelling" the attendance at ball games is no very serious matter except where the crowds are extra large, as in some cities. The old ball player keeps an eye open to the profits of the business, paying no attention to the clubs losing money, but keeping a pretty close account of the magnates who are raking in the coin. Ball players are now figuring out the profits, as they always have been, and for this reason the swelling of the attendance at the games in large cities may eventually have its effect on the people backing the sport.

In Boston, at the American league grounds, the actual paid attendance is given out, as all clubs that visit Boston can testify, and the business is satisfactory. This is not the case in other cities, New York for example. The Philadelphia club came from New York to this city, and I was told by an officer of that club that they took about $8000 away from the polo grounds as their share of the receipts. The papers gave out the attendance at those three games as 70,000.

The Boston Americans played to 38,000 people here with Washington and gave the senators a check for $7500. New York is known as a 50-cent city, while Boston is a 25-cent town. Therefore it will not take many figures to prove that the attendance given out from the polo grounds was about double the number that paid admission. The crowds are large enough, and the figures should be more accurate, as they are in Pittsburg, Philadelphia and a few other places where the magnates have a good line on the inside workings of the baseball machinery.

Speaking of New York and the surrounding country, what a hot-bed of baseball it is. Newark, but a half hour's ride from the ferry, draws 10,000 people to a Sunday game. Jersey City has both week-day and Sunday grounds. Independent teams at Hoboken and Ridgewood draw large crowds, and the three major league clubs in the city proper are all doing well.

Yet I can look back only a few years and see when New York would not support one club. The game was invented by a New York man and first played there in 1845, as every schoolboy well knows. But there is no section of the country where the game has had a more precarious existence.

Until the early '80s New York was overlooked like baseball promoters. "Jim" Murtie went from New Bedford by slow stages to the big city in '81, and with the help of John B. Day, who was a fairly good amateur player at the time, got backing for an independent club to play at One Hundred and Tenth street. There the game remained until the politicians wanted the earth from the owners and forced the club to move to the present location on the banks of the Harlem river at the foot of the highest hill in New York.

The leading forces since then have been John B. Day, "Eddie" Talcott and Andrew Freedman. Now John T. Brush and Frank Farrell have $250,000 invested in ball parks alone, both of them on the island.

During and after the Players' league war, New York came near swamping the National league, but now the big city is the backbone of the National league. The Boston "triumvirs," the Spaldings and a few other league men went down deep into their pockets to save New York, while John T. Brush, the present general director of the giants, held that club up for over $50,000 for a few players of the Indianapolis club who quit the brotherhood cold at the last minute after swearing allegiance to the players' cause. The plant where the great crowds are now attending the game was built by the Players' league club in 1890.

Retired ball players still own stock in the New York club, among them being Capt. Anson, of Chicago, "Jim" O'Rourke, of Bridgeport; "Danny" Richardson, of Elmira, and a few others who took a chance and put a little money into the venture of the players in 1890. Capt. Anson sot his stock through putting money in to help John B. Day, for until last season the stock of the New York club was worth very little.

The big city has gone so "daffy" over the game that they are anxious for Sunday games on the league fields. This is a mistake. The Sunday games about New York should be exhibition affairs, and played outside the regular grounds. In this way the dignity of the game will be kept up for after all, unless the game holds a dignified position with the best people—including the clergy—in full sympathy with the conditions, there will in time come a change, and it will not be for the good of professional baseball, either.

The balk rule is giving the players a lot of trouble this season, and yet there never was a rule more simpler and intelligently defined—thanks to Joseph Flanner of St. Louis. The league umpires have been instructed by President Pullman to give no base where the batsman is hit by a slowly pitched ball. A man may try hard to avoid the ball that takes a quick curve and bangs him in the ribs, because it comes at a medium or slow pace. Most curves come that way, and the pitchers will have a lot of sport with timid batsmen this season in the National league.

A fast ball touching one's clothing will give the batsman his base, while a twister, the most difficult ball to judge, can bang him about at will. What judgment! This is putting too much on the umpire, who should have as little trouble as possible.

The balk rule is simple and effective, and needs special definition from the officers of the leagues. The pitcher stands perfectly still, with his heel against the rubber. He is allowed to turn his head all he likes, but any move beyond this is a balk. This will keep the pitchers from bending down or going through a series of bluff motions to lead the base runner into a trap, to finally get him off his guard.

A player hit by a pitched ball should be given his base. The player's arms should always be excepted, for a man drawing money for playing the game should know enough to keep from throwing his arms against a speedy ball.

There are good business chances open for the right men. Do you want to be in on the ground floor? Why spend your time in running about, looking for a position when The Herald's Want Columns will do the work for you?

THE WINNER OF THE KENTUCKY DERBY AND THE FIELD HE BEAT

Elwood, the winner of the big race, was trained for the event by C. E. Durnell, familiarly known as "Boots." The horse ran in the name of his wife, Mrs. Lasca Durnell. She is the first woman to win the Keutucky Derby.

A WEDDING GIFT

Was Elwood Who Won the Thirtieth Kentucky Derby.

First Woman Who Got Churchill Downs Derby Purse.

Lexington, Ky., May 7.—Now that the talent has had time to recover from the surprising victory of Elwood in the Kentucky Derby and figuring upon probable cause and effect, it develops that his sire, Free Knight, is now occupied in pulling a plow on a Southern farm, and was sold under the hammer of the auctioneer in this city for the pitiful sum of $5. Although he was by that racing champion of his day, TenBroeck, dam Belle Knight, the latter a member of the band of remarkable brood mares owned by F. B. Harper, he had produced nothing in the way of winners to give him a standing in the stud, and he was sold for whatever sum he would bring. Free Knight ran third in the Kentuck derby of 1896, which was won by Ben Ali.

Elwood, the last Kentucky derby winner, was a son of his, dam Petticoat, she by Alarm, dam Lady Scarborough, by imp. Leamington, and as the second dam was the noted imp. Lady Lumley, by Rataplan, and Lady Scarborough being a half-sister to Luxury, the granddam of Jack Keene's noted campaigner, Braw Lad, Elwood is brought to family No. 5 of the Bruce Lowe figure system. He was sold as a yearling for $825.

Strange as it may seem, Elwood was a bridal gift to M rs. Durnell his present owner. Mrs. Durnell, formerly a Chicago widow, was seeking health at West Baden Springs, when she met Durnell, a young Californian, who was upon a similar mission. A romantic courtship followed, which ended in their marriage. Being a lover of horses and an expert rainswoman, her husband made her a wedding present of a number of horses, Elwood being included in the bunch. A little more than three weeks ago she shipped him from California for this race, and, taking rooms near the grounds, she watched the horse in his daiy work for the race which resuted in a victory for her.

Mrs. Lasca Durnell enjoys the distinction of being the first woman to be the possessor of a Kentucky Derby winner.

While the excited multitude shouted and shrieked for its favorites, far up on the outside of the track sat te fair owner in her carriage. She had watched the race quietly from start to finish, hoping that her horse would last through the bruising struggle in the stretch which begun at the point where she was stationed. She gave no outward sign of emotion. She had won another triumph early in the day, when the filly, Lada Lasca, named in her honor, captured the second race and brought gold to the Durnell coffers. After tho race, when she was showered with congratulations, she stepped forward in her carriage and grasped her husband, C. E. Durnell, the trainer of the horse, by the hand,, and said:

"I congratulate the trainer. It was his work that made it possible for my horse to win."

The victory of the Durnell colt was to a certain extent a popular one, as he was the extreme outsider in the place their dollars where the biggest returns are in sight. As the horses fought their way down the stretch the noise from the packed grand stand was akin to a roar when the horses came well into sight. Enocuraging shouts for Elwood were distinguishable particularly from the side where the feminine gender was the thickest.

Mingled with the shrieks for Elwood were shouts and loud cries for Ed Tierney, as it was seen that the gallant little colt was making a determined bid for the race under a hard drive by his jockey. When the wire was reached there was just one long, loud roar, and the Derby crowd settled down a bit and rose only to cheer the winner and his rider when they returned to the judges' stand and again when the boy remounted after the floral horshoe had been put around his mount's neck. Trainer Durnell had arrived by that time. He took the jockey's hand and waved his hand to the crowd, which had by this time recognized him.

The running of the thirtieth Derby was a red letter day for the new Louisville Jockey club, as the largest crowd that ever passed through its gates was recorded. It certainly showed that the efforts of Mayor Grainger, Charles F. Price and their associates have not been in vain and that the old glories of Churchill Downs have been revived.

It was something out of the ordinary Derby crowd, and, though it suffered through the sardine-box-like crowding everywhere, it was all taken good-naturedly. The crowd packed the grand stand and approaches so that just before the Derby was on it became impossible to get in or out. It swamped the "wet goods" men and made the lunch stands look like Old Mother Hubbard's cupboard. Men struggled and squeezed, pushed, hauled and shoved in the betting shed, crowded the paddock, and finally drifted to the infield. The bright day brought forth the long-delayed spring gowns and suits, and the colors were of the gayest. The sight was an inspiring one, especially so just before the Derby horses were sent on their journey, when the lines just oscillated and swayed like a boat on a billowy wavve.

For a time the clouds gathered, and during the early part of the afternoon some rain fell, but there was no scurrying for shelter. Those who were unable to get under the grand stand roof will be compelled to send some millinery to the repair shop, but what's the dieffrence—was it not done on Derby Day?

Greater races may have been run than Monday's struggle for the Kentucky Derby, but none of the few that might be pointed to in this and other classic fixtures has pleased the racing public more than the one Elwood won. It was a contest that will go to make a bright page in turf history, one that will always bring pleasant memories to those who were fortunate enough to be on the ground to see it run and talk for turf lovers the country over, who will listen to the many tales of the race that will be spread broadcast by those who will scatter from here with the happy recollection of having been able to see such a contest.

Big races here and elsewhere are always a magnet, but at no place can one find the glamor, the real interest in the thoroughbred, the ability to forget financial interests, the willingness to applaud the winner, no matter how disappointing the result, the adoration for a horse and his prowess as they can right here, and in a Derby.

The friends of the New Louisville Jockey club had predicted that the day would be a memorable one, despite the opposition in St. Louis, Worth and Kansas City. Their claims seemed to be based more on hope than on possibilities, but the sequel was all they had predicted and a little more.

SYNDICATE SUPREME

In St. Louis and There Is a Bitter Turf War On.

The Biggest Struggle That Has Ever Occurred There.

St. Louis, May 7.—Despite the glamour of a world's fair with its attendant opening ceremonies, the turf war, which opened three weeks ago, shows no abatement. It is more bitter than ever, although there have been rumors that the new Union track would be bought out and the struggle brought to a close.

In this city, where some of its "best citizens" have been indicted by grand juries and others are on the "suspected list," turf wars are nothing new. Troubles among the track owners are as old as the sport here, but the present struggle is the biggest that ever occurred here. It has brought to the front a race track syndicate whose powers have been felt from the state capital to the metropolis and back again. The final result has been that the track owners have been compelled to go into politics, and this phase of the war is not confined to Missouri alone. It is being felt across the river in Illinois, and if reports are to be believed, it is a mighty active agency just at present in Chicago.

Followers of racing here have come to believe that the syndicate here back of which stand Louis A. Cella, Sam Adler and C. A. Tilles has at last become bigger than the Western Jockey club, and that it is a case where the tail wags the dog. It is asserted that racing in the West is in the hands of the syndicate and that the Western Jockey club bows to its dictates.

The rise of the Cella-Adler-Tilles syndicate in St. Louis turf affairs reads like a romance. About fifteen years ago Tilles and Adler blew in from Fort Smith, Ark., young and ambitious. After running a cigar store for some time the two young men became backers of the Brotherhood Baseball association. They leased a piece of ground for a ball park, but as the brotherhood soon turned up its toes the two had the ball park on their hands. It was suggested to them that they might turn the park into a race track. The idea was accepted seriously, and soon St. Louis had a race course, with a track less than a mile around. Winter racing was begun, and this was continued for a couple of years, with more or less success.

Soon another combination, made up of A. and Joe Ullman, John Donovan, Capt. Sinclair and Peter A. Brady, organized the East St. Louis Jockey club. It built a five-furlong track on the Illinois side of the river and began racing. The winter syndicate track had to close up its gates in the day time, but opened up nights during summer, and the St. Louis race followers got a taste of electric light racing. The regular starter soon deserted, and "Billy" Bruin got his first taste of springing the barrier.

Soon the East St. Louis people had opposition in the way of another track further up the river at Madison, Ill. This enterprise lasted three days, and all this time the two men were making money by electric light. The Adler-Tilles combination then leased the track and began bucking the East St. Louis venture. As the Guttenberg and Gloucester tracks in New Jersey were closed about this time there were plenty of horses. A truce between the two tracks in Illinois had been arranged in the meantime and the two divided the dates. At this time Louis Cella, a saloonkeeper, joined the other two, and the Cella-Adler-Tilles combination came into being.

At the time of forming the syndicate can be dated the real war between the conflicting interests. The East St. Louis club had had the backing of Ed Butler, the political boss, from its inception. He had an interest in the foreign book at the track and had prospered. Butler was not only "sore" on the rivals up the river, but was also at war with the Fair Grounds Racing association, which conducted the only legitimate track in St. Louis.

When a bill was introduced into the Missouri legislature to legalize bookmaking within race track enclosures, Butler and the East St. Louis people united to stop it. They were thus brought into conflict with the Cella-Adler-Tilles combination and with the Fair grounds as well. The bill passed the house, but Butler was strong eonugh to stop it in the senate. Butler felt so good about the defeat of the bill that he took the senators to St. Louis for a "blow out." The solons had a glorious time of it and none went back to Jefferson City the next morning. Sam Adler, who was on the grounds, took advantage, and while the senators were still in a condition of coma Adler had the bill reconsidered, and it passed and the governor signed it.

The law was later held unconstitutional, but it was followed by the breeders' law, which so far has stood the test. The breeders' law prohibited night racing and the Illinois supreme court closed up the foreign betting in that state. This was a blow to the syndicate, which temporarily went out of business and dissolved. The combinaton soon came together again, and, after a bitter fight with two street car companies, controlled by Ed Butler, a tract of land was purchased and called the Delmar track. The land cost $100,000 and the improvements $300,000. It looked easy to the syndicate, but about this time the old American Turf congress was dissolved and the Western Jockey club formed. The od turf congress had not allotted dates to the different tracks, but the Western Jockey club claimed this prerogative among many others, and Delmar found itself outlawed.

Tilles got busy, however, reorganized the old turf congress and announced plans for racing at Delmar. Two of the biggest owners in the West—John W. Schorr and George C. Bennett—staid out and the rest began to wilt.

The syndicate, apparently, had an unlimited amount of money and offered to buy the Fair grounds. They were compelled to pay something like $800,000 for the property, but the money was forthcoming and the deal closed. It was now a case where the tail wagged the dog. Ed. Butler had been defeated at every turn and the Western Jockey club was helpless. Delmar became a legitimate track and the syndicate seemed to be secure.

Prior to this, in 1901, came the last tussle with Butler. Another race track had been started called the Kinloch. Butler was back of it. After Butler had tried every means in his power to stop racing at Delmar his own track was compelled to close up. The syndicate, somehow or other got control of that track also and now owns three in the county.

The turf situation seemed perfectly peaceful up to last fall, when "Pat" Carmody, a local saloonkteper, got the itch for a race track and started the Union Jockey club. Carmody was told by the Western Jockey club stewards to go ahead and build a track, and if he could present any sort of racing plant he could expect dates. He fixed up one of the finest tracks here, applied for dates and was turned down. He had gone a step too far and failed to consult the syndicate.

RACING TO IMPROVE

The Turf Conditions Presage an Unusually Successful Season.

Stories That John J. Ryan Was "Broke" Were Incorrect.

New York, May 7.—The week's racing at the track of the Metropolitan Racing association has been a long way the best that has been furnished this spring, and it bears out the claims made that the sport of the season under way will eclipse that of former years. The "stars," are of course still on the inactive list, but they are all ready for the opening at Morris Park, where the rich offerings in the way of stakes and purses are attractive enough to bring out in competition the best in training. All that is needed is some warm weather to get things under full swing.

One of the features of the week has been the success of Jockey H. Paillips. Of this lad's ability the writer has never had any doubts. At Benning and at Aqueduct there is no question but what he was in poor form, the trouble being at the post, for the records will show that in the majority of the races run he was one of the rear guard when the fields were dispatched on their journey.

This weakened the faith of his admirers, or, to be more correct, the majority of them, and on all sides one could hear the old tale—"great at New Orleans, but ordinary when he strikes fair competition. What riding he has done this week has silenced these doubters, and they are now inclined to sing his praises, even when compared to the very best of his calling. It looked as if the lad was suffering from stage fright, but now that he has struck his gait there is small chance of his losing out again. This opinion seems to be shared by his employers, Thomas and Shields, for they are giving Phillips preference over Redfern, on whom they also have a contract.

We had a chance to see High Ball with the colors up during the week, and, while the colt was beaten, his showing was by no means a disappointment. For a "first out" it was really a great showing, for he was meeting a very shifty bunch in a sprint and conceding them all a lot of weight. What is more, Fuller did not punish him any, as was to be expected with so many valuable engagements ahead of him. The colt's appearance delighted the critics, and, barring accident, there is little question but what he will prove the wonder that his 2-year-old form promised. Many are even now willing to predict that he will prove the equine king of the year.

The fight between the two factions at St. Louis is causing considerable comment here, with the general opinion that the climax of the affair will be a compromise that will be satisfactory to both parties interested. Strife in racing circles is to be deplored, no matter who those interested may be. What is more, "outlaw racing," or meetings that outside the ban, are bound to bring trouble for the legitimate.

The merits of the claims of the two factions at St. Louis is not the matter discussed, it is the fact that horses that race at Carmody track are barred from the tracks of the Western Jockey club, while still in good standing with the powers here in the East. Think a moment and you will see the complications that this state of affairs may bring.

Horses in good standing in the West will come here and race against these exiles in their own territory. The same applies to owners, trainers and jockeys. While the fight goes on both factions must lose money, and the sooner some agreement is reached the batter it will be for all hands and for the turf as a whole.

During the week stories were sent broadcast over the country that John J. Ryan had come to the end of his bank roll, and that he was forced to sell his automobile and a few other things to realize a few thousands ready money. He arrived in New York the morning the tale of his financial collapse was printed, and that afternoon was at the race track looking after the welfare of the two books he is running, betting with all the spirit that has marked his career as a plunger.

He met the writer just after one of his winning sallies and volunteered a contradiction of the "broke" condition. He said that while in St. Louis he had contracted for a building that will cost $250,000, and, what is more, had paid cash for the bulk part of the money that will be spent in building. Further, he drew from his pocket a slip that had been furnished him by one of the banks that he deposits with here in New York. The "memo" showed that his balance that morning was something over $110,000, rather a consoling showing for a man that was "broke." As he turned away he said: "That will keep the wolf from the door for some time, won't it? And when that is run out there are a couple more to draw on."

Those in a position to know state that Ryan will this summer be the backer of a "big store" in the betting ring, and the man on the stool, will be "Eole" Pearsall. It is, of course, impossible to get those interested to talk, but there is no question but that the deal is on, and that unless there comes a hint from the powers that such a "shop" is not desired, one may look to see Ryan and his partner creating a business that will astonish the average run of players.

IMPORT

Of the Changes In the Football Rules.

The efforts of the football rules committee, as indicated by their recent meeting in Philadelphia, will be directed toward simplifying the complicated game which they produced last season, says the Chicago Tribune. The experiment of practically prohibiting mass plays between the 25-yard lines proved so popular with all concerned when thoroughly tested last fall that it has been extended to cover the whole field play, and the day of the mass play has apparently passed altogether. six men instead of seven will be compelled to play on the line of scrimmage, and this applies at all times, without regard to the distance from the goal, but the restrictions placed on the extra man who is allowed to drop are such as to prohibit his use in the old style of mass plays, as he will be kept outside the end of the line, so that he will be available only for interference or for carrying the ball at the risk of a long pass. The variety of plays which can be worked out will be increased under the new rules, and the play will of necessity be kept quite as open as it was in midfield last season. It is likely the value of the kicking game will be increased, and that is another feature popular with the public, because it is spectacular and fraught with risks and the possibilities of "flukes," so-called. The greater amount of kicking which is expected to be developed has been offset in a measure by reducing the value of a goal from field so that it will count four points instead of five, the touchdown and goal therefrom remaining the same. It was always more or less of an injustice to permit a lucky kick from the field tie up a game in which the opposing side had scored a hard-earned touchdown and then missed the try at goal. In future this will be impossible. The gridiron will present a checkerboard appearance over its entire length next fall, as the quarter-back run has been extended to all parts of the field, with the same restriction that he must run five yards to right or left before advancing the ball. It seems as if a provision could have been made to produce the same result without necessitating so many chalk lines. Many minor changes have been made which are aimed either at preventing unnecessary roughness and unfairness or to clarify the code, which had become something of a contradictory puzzle even to the experts.

SCHEDULE FIXED

Games For Commercial Baseball League Are Set.

Composed of Five Clubs —Will Play For Pennant.

The Commercial league has closed an agreement with the Duluth Northern league team, whereby it shall have full use of the baseball grounds during such time as the league team is not using them.

The league is composed of five clubs and will play regular games during the season, for the city championship and a handsome pennant which has been purchased by the league management.

Thirty games in all will be played during the season. The schedule is as follows.

Games marked with * will be played at 6:30 p. m.

May 14.—F. A. Patrick & Co. vs. Northern Pacific.

May 18.—*Kelley-How-Thomson vs. Marshall-Wells.

May 21.—F. A. Patrick & Co. vs First National bank.

May 25.—Northern Pacific vs. Kelley-How-Thomson.

May 28.—First National bank vs. Northern Pacific.

June 1.—Marshall-Wells vs. F. A. Patrick & Co.

June 4.—Kelley-How-Thomson vs. Marshall-Wells.

June 8.—First National bank vs. Kelley-How-Thomson.

June 11.—F. A. Patrick & Co. vs. First National bank.

June 13.—Marshall-Wells vs. First National bank.

June 16.—Northern Pacific vs. Kelley-How-Thomson.

June 18.—F. A. Patrick & Co. vs. Marshall-Wells.

June 23.—Kelley-How-Thomson vs. F. A. Patrick & Co.

June 25.—Northern Pacific vs. First National bank.

June 29.—Marshall-Wells vs. First National bank.

July 2.—F. A. Patrick & Co. vs. Northern Pacific.

July 2.—Kelley-How-Thomson vs. Marshall-Wells.

July 7—Marshall-Wells vs. Northern Pacific.

July 9—First National bank vs. Kelley-How-Thomson.

July 13—F. A. Patrick & Co. vs. First National bank.

July 16.—Northern Pacific vs. F. A. Patrick & Co.

July 20.—First National bank vs. Northern Pacific.

July 23.—F. A. Patrick & Co. vs. Marshall-Wells.

July 27.—*Keley-How-Thomson vs. Northern Pacific.

July 30.—F. A. Patrick & Co. vs. Kelley-How-Thomson.

July 30.—Marshall-Wells vs. Norhern Pacific.

Aug. 6.—Marshal-Wells vs. First National bank.

Aug. 13.—F. A. Patrick & Co. vs. First National bank.

Aug. 20.—Northern Pacific vs. Marshall-Wells.

Aug. 27.—First National bank vs. Keley-How-Thomson.

* * *

The F. A. Patrick Baseball team started in this week at regular practice in order to get in good condition for the series of games with the other Commercial league teams, which will open Saturday, May 14. On paper the Patrick team looks good, and it should give a good account of itself. For pitchers the team has Moe and McDougal of last year's team and Menice, who pitched last year for the Kelley-How-Thomson team. They are all considered good men and they will be strongly supported by Honnald behind the bat. One of the pitchers will play first base, Wernham (captain) second, Patrick short and Peterson, the former high school player, will cover the third bag. Britton, Werness, Cooley any Tyschirgy will attend to the work in the outfield.

The club has purchased new uniforms, the colors being gray and maroon. It is the intention of the manager to secure other games during the season outside of those scheduled to play with the Commercial league.

PREPARING FOR THE FUTURE.

Brooklyn Eagle: "I feel it my duty to inform you," said the lawyer, "that the suit you propose seems to me ill-advised."

"Why?" demanded the wealthy client.

"Well," replied the lawyer, "you can undoubtedly compromise the matter now for more than you will realize at the end of a lawsuit, after deducting the expenses. The case will be bitterly fought."

"So much the better," said the client.

"It is one of the kind that, with appeals and other delays, may string out for twenty years or more."

"So much the better," repeated the client.

"Your opponent has the money to fight, and he will go the limit when the fight is once begun. He's the kind of a fellow who neither forgets nor forgives when he gets into action."

"So much the better," said the client again.

"The case will outlast you, almost to a certainty," insisted the lawyer. "The litigation will still have life when you have none."

"That's why I'm going into it," said the client. "I presume you know that I have a son."

"Yes."

"That boy has got to have occupation."

"I don't understand you."

"I want to give him something to do. He never has done anything and he never will do anything unless the job is forced upon him. Too much idleness is bad for a young man."

"True."

"He should have something that will take his mind off of clothes, chorus girls and society generally. My plan is to leave Herbert well tangled up in this lawsuit for his own good. Of course, it won't be much of an occupation, but there will be enough worry in it to keep his mind from rusting entirely, and, knowing the boy and the circumstances as I do, it seems to be the only hope. So go ahead and start the fight."

WORKS BOTH WAYS.

Stubbs came home from a stagg dinner some time after midnight, says the Brooklyn Eagle.

"Dearest," said Mrs. Stubbs from her pillow in a cooing tone, "I've been lying here ever so long trying to think of the name of that Russian vessel that the Japanese sank the other day. What was it?"

"Do you mean the Petropavlovsk, my dear?" asked the silly, unsuspecting husband.

"There, John Stubbs," said she, starting up and glaring at him, "I've caught you, sir. You've been drinking. No sober man could pronounce that name."

Foxy folks, these wives of ours.

DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS

TOWER

Tower, May 7.—(Specil to The Herald.)—Mrs. William Merrill, of Two Harbors, arrived in the city last Saturday for a short visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. Merrill. Mr. Merrill came up from Two Harbors Sunday and spent a few days here the fore part of the week.

Miss Julia Mahady spent the week here. She came up Friday from Two Harbors to attend the dance and expeced to return to Two Harbors Monday, but an attack of quinsy sore throat has compelled her to remain here.

Mrs. William Voss returned Thursday from a few days' visit in Eveleth, a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Charles McDermott. She was accompanied by her son, Edwin.

Messrs. Donovan and Simons, of Two Harbors, were here to attend the dance Friday evening. They returned to their home Saturday.

M. C. Woodard returned Tuesday from a few days' business visit in the Zenith City.

Rev. Matson returned Tuesday from a short visit to the Mesaba range.

L. A. Johnson and daughter, Miss Julia, returned Saturday evening from a few days' visit with friends in Duluth.

Mrs. D. H. Hadley and son, Lionel, returned Monday from a week's visit with relatives in Duluth and Superior.

The Ladies' Aid of the Presbyterian church gave a luncheon Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Emil Strauss. An unusually large crowd was in attendance.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Jalley entertained the F. F. F. club Saturday evening at their home on North Third street. The club was organized early in the winter and after a series of games held their final meeting last Saturday night. The meetings during the past few months were greatly enjoyed by all members.

Ed Purdy came down from Ely Saturday for a few days' visit at his home here.

Mrs. F. Neff went to Ely Monday for a few days. Mr. and Mrs. Neff moved their household goods from West Duluth to Ely, and now expect to make that place their home. Prior to their removal to Duluth, they were residents of this city.

Father Hogan is expected tonight from Virginia. He will conduct divine services tomorrow at St. Martin's Catholic church here.

Mrs. E. Williams returned to her home at Hibbing Monday after a ten days' visit here, during which time she was looking after repairs being made on her residence back of the postoffice. The building is now occupied by Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Atkins, of Two Harbors.

Mrs. Amos Shephard and daughter, Lucille, arrived Monday evening from Hibbing, and is spending the week at the home of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Congdon, Sr.

Mr. and Mrs. Gunder Peterson returned Monday evening from a few days' business visit in Duluth.

The Tower Lumber company's log drive has commenced. The logs are brought down the river and the mill will again resume operations Monday after being shut down a month for repairs, and also for lack of logs. The ice in Lake Vermilion has nearly all disappeared and the logs can now be towed in without any trouble.

Mrs. D. Bentson left Monday morning for a several weeks' visit with friends and relatives at Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Mullaney and daughter left Tuesday afternoon for Superior, where they have removed their household goods and will for the future reside. During the past two years the family have been residents of this city and have made many friends who regret their departure.

Joseph Grahek and Miss Rose Nemanich were married Wednesday morning at the Catholic church, Rev. Father Buh, of Ely, tied the knot. The young people are well known here, having for several years been residents of Soudan. They will soon go to housekeeping in the city.

Mrs. C. B. Winchell and nephew, Harry Winchell, returned Saturday from a short visit to the former's homestead at Rice River.

Mrs. McGregor, who has recently visited here all winter, is now very ill with pneumonia at the home of her daughter, Mrs. A. D. Fuller. Mrs. Fuller has been ill for several months, but is gradually improving.

Hickey and Mullaney, proprietors of the Tower Cigar factory, have dissolved partnership, Mr. Hickey having purchased the interests of Mr. Mullaney, who left this week for their new home in Superior. Mr. Hickey will continue the business here and Mr. Mullaney expects to go into business in Superior.

The Vermilion Lumber company are this week having the logs got out this winter at Athens brought here by rail and dumped into East Two rivers, from there they will be towed into Lake Vermilion and taken to the company's mill at the head of the lake to be cut.

Miss Mamie Murphy left Wednesday evening for a few days' visit with friends at Ely and Winton.

Archie Dahmage spent several days this week in the city.

Miss Jessie Weaver left Saturday for her home at Two Harbors, after a short visit here.

Miss Ethel Belland returned to Two Harbors Saturday, after a short visit in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Nels Nelson are visiting in the Twin Cities this week. Mr. Nelson is station agent at Tower Junction. In his absence M. S. Torrison, of Two Harbors, is officiating at the Junction.

Rev. Father Buh, of Ely, was here between trains Wednesday. Father Buh will be here again Tuesday morning to conduct divine service at the Catholic church.

Deputy Game Warden Archie Phillips and a number of men were busy last week gathering spawn at Pike river. They met with success this year, and secured about ninety million spawn. Last year the amount of spawn secured was very small. Mr. Phillips and men came down Wednesday and left on the morning train.

Mrs. Dailey, of St. Paul, arrived Thursday for a visit at the home of her sister, Mrs. A. D. Fuller, having been called here by the news of the illness of her mother.

Joseph Seraphine passed through here Wednesday evening on his way to Ely after a short visit at Two Harbors.

Frank Degan, of Ely, passed through here Friday on his way to Hibbing, where he has secured employment. Mr. Degan has been employed in the Vail hotel at Ely.

Rev. Stone returned home Wednesday after an extended visit with friends at Lake Minnetonka.

Guy Woodward, of Eveleth, spent Tuesday in the city.

Mrs. D. Forgy was in the city a day or two the latter part of the week.

Mrs. A. E. Wiseman and family, left Thursday morning for Coral, Mich., where they will make their home in the future.

Charles Roland returned home from Chisholm Wednesday evening.

Jack Campeau returned home from St. Louis Wednesday evening for a few days' visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Campeau.

Mrs. A. Knott, who for the past two weeks has been suffering from quick consumption, is not expected to live.

RICHARDS

Richards, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. H. Kehring, accompanied by Miss Dolly Shampine, left the latter part of last week for a visit with friends of both ladies at Hastings, Minn.

George Lyrick was down from Cass Lake on Saturday. One of Georges' sons has secured an allotment of 160 acres on both sides of the railroad track at Schley, and George states that he intends to start a cattle ranch there.

Miss Alyea, who has been employed at the Indian school for some time as cook, left on Sunday for her home at Rutherford.

Miss Spruce, of Morris, arrived in Bena on Sunday and will hereafter have charge of the kitchen at the Indian school.

Sam. F. Fullerton, the executive agent of the State Game and Fish Commission, arrived in Bena on Monday. He was accompanied by a number of assistants, and they proceeded to the Winnibigoshish dam where they will secure the pike spawn to be used at the state fish hatchery.

PARK RAPIDS

Park Rapids, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Woodmen of St. Paul, visited with Mrs. R. E. Davis the past week.

Rev. W. J. Conrad transacted business in Minneapolis the first of the week.

Mrs. A. S. Rice returned to her home in Menahga Monday after a few days' visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Harper.

Mr. and Mrs. David Weekley returned Sunday from Straight River, where they have been visiting with their daughter, Mrs. T. W. Easton.

Mrs. John Boyer visited with friends at Wadena last week.

A. Rima transacted business in Wadena the first of the week.

Mrs. Purdy, the Rest Room matron, is ill at the hospital.

The Park Rapids Lumber company's mill will start in a few days for the season's sawing.

Mrs. S. C. Tennis entertained the Whist club Saturday evening at the I. O. O. F. hall.

T. F. Blakeslee, of Osage, transacted business here the first part of the week. He has disposed of his property there and will remove with his family to this city soon.

W. C. Smith transacted business in Wadena Saturday.

T. S. Weekley departed Saturday for Seattle, Wash.

FRAZEE

Frazee, Minn., May 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—James Nichols, of Little Falls, was here on business this week at the Commonwealth Lumber company, in which he is financially interested.

Sawing began at the big mill belonging to the Commonwealth Lumber company on Wednesday and both night and day crews are at work.

Charles DeVine is at New York Mills, where he is putting in a telephone system for that enterprising town.

Miss Nellie Windecker was in from school visiting friends on Sunday and returned on Monday.

Mrs. Michael, of Little Falls, arrived here on Tuesday and will make Frazee her future home.

The May-day program at the Methodist Episcopal church was a great success. Mrs. Brabner Smith was in charge. Mrs. McManus and Veda Olson were organists, the pastor presiding. There was a large congregation. Following was the program: Children's song, the school; responsive service, First and Second division; invocation, pastor; primary exercises, children's prayer and march; exercise, "The Reason Why," ten boys and ten girls; song, "Tell the Blessed Tidings," school; reading, "Story of Penang," Cecil Jones; duet, Blanche Cowles and Mary Schler; May queen, "May-Day Offering," Ethel Houseman; recitation, "Missionary," Alva Falls; reading, "Letter from Miss Artin," Elsie Phelps; song, "They Tell Us that in Heathen Lands," school; recitation, "From East to West," Laura Rider; dialogue, "The Two Baskets," Veda Olson and Ella Rider; address, "Herald Band," Mrs. Brabner Smith; doxology, benediction by Rev. J. T. Brabner Smith.

George Clayton and wife returned the first of the week from Miller, S. D., and points South, where they have been visiting for a month.

Rev. J. Sansom Hall returned to Hawley for a few days' visit on Monday.

John Cummer and wife are now at home again after several months' visit to the West coast for the winter.

Miss Ashley, who is teaching at Crookston, has been sick for two weeks, but is improving.

The Christian church will have a sale of work in May, and the Methodists a county fair on June 10 and 11.

Ethel Houseman was the May queen at the May exercises in the Methodist church.

WALKER

Walker, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Sheriff Hardy left Tuesday morning for Stillwater, having in custody Nikolai Hill, who was sentenced to serve a term of twelve years in the penitentiary for killing Richard Sanger in a lumber camp. The jail here is now comparatively empty, having only three inmates. Two of these are Hubbard county prisoners, kept here until the term of court next month at Park Rapids because Hubbard has not yet a jail of its own. The other man is Chounard, the Cass Lake murderer, who has three months for meditation before his execution. Gessart and Sempf, convicted of larceny, were taken to Stillwater about ten days ago. A rumor leaked out a few days ago of a plan for a general jail delivery just after the criminal trials at the recent term of court and which was frustrated by the watchfulness of Deputy Sheriff Riddell, who made a tour of the cells after getting an inkling of what might be contemplated and found an old saw, a heavy club and other weapons that had presumably been smuggled in and concealed by some of the men while they were employed in carrying wood.

There was a full attendance at the meeting of the village council Monday evening and several matters of importance came up. One of the principal of these was the petition of the householders along Cleveland avenue for the laying of a water main in that street from the Spencer house eastward as far as Ely Wright's residence. It has long been admitted that a water main should be laid there and favorable action was taken by the council, the recorder being instructed to advertise in Twin City papers for 6-inch pipe.

It was ordered that A. L. Cole be notified to remove his warehouse adjoining the village hall and hose house at the earliest possible date. The warehouse stands on the intersection of Fourth and Front streets, occupying public ground on both those streets. Favorable action was taken on the liquor license application of Albert Carlson.

The closing exercises in the intermediate and primary departments of the schools attracted a large attendance of the mothers and friends of the children, and the programs presented were very interesting and were carried out in a manner that reflected great credit on the pupils and the training they have been receiving. The reports of the teachers show that Hazel Griffith, in the grammar grade, Hunter Bright in the intermediate, and Augusta Rau, Herman Rau and Robert Stedland, in the primary room, have been perfect in attendance during the year. The teachers leave all left for the summer. Miss Lawrence went to Brainerd Monday; Miss Larson left for Woman Lake, where she will take the school for the remaining four or five weeks of the term there and will probably spend the vacation at her home; Miss Yates, the principal, left Tuesday to spend the next four months with friends in Minneapolis, Mankato and Worthington. They have all been re-engaged for the next year.

The assessors began work this week throughout Cass county after receiving their books and instructions from the county auditor. There are twenty-four assessment districts in the country and one man has charge of each. They are allowed two months in which to cover the territory assigned to them, beginning the first of May and continuing until the first of July. Their books are to be returned to the county auditor on or before July 1. The boards of review in the different villages and townships meet on June 27 to look over the assessments and to hear complaints. After this board passes on the figures the books are returned to the county auditor as stated and on the third Monday in July the county board of equalization passes upon all the assessments.

Information is received from Washington that on his way home Congressman Buckman intends taking up with the commanding officer of the department of Dakota, at St. Paul, the question of establishing a military camp at Walker. He proposes to discuss the matter while Secretary Root was in office, but after Mr. Taft took charge other matters of greater general importance crowded this subject to one side.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Randolph and children have returned to Onigum, where Mr. Randolph holds a clerical position in the Indian agency. Mr. Randolph thought of resigning, but has deferred taking such action for another year. While absent during the past three or four weeks he took a trip to Idaho and invested in a farm there to which he will probably move next year.

Mail Clerk Fuller has been transferred to one of the night runs between Duluth and Grand Forks, and W. G. Sleet takes his place on the M. & I.

The M. & I. is doing a lot of work on improvements on the northern portion of its line. Extra gangs of men have been employed and the low places are being filled up with gravel.

Mrs. Barnes, of St. Cloud, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Ritchie, returned home Monday.

The patients in the Farley hospital have been brought down to the hospital in Walker where Dr. Brown, of Farley, is taking Dr. Wilcox's place during the latter's vacation. Dr. Brown does not intend to return to Farley.

Will McGarry, son of Judge McGarry, who has been attending college at Lake View, Mich., arrived home Tuesday.

Harry Paddock left for his home in Mankato after locating another settler on land near Walker. He came up some days ago with Mr. Goebel, a farmer living near Mankato, and when the latter had seen the land a few miles west of the village it was not long to close the deal for 120 acres. Two of Mr. Goebel's brothers will probably come up in the fall.

This has been street cleaning week and the village authorities put a force of men at work with rakes, shovels and teams. The result has been a vast improvement in the appearance of the village.

M. J. Quann is having a new house he recently bought from Peter Troseth and moved in from Lake May to a lot on his addition to Walker, just south of the water tank, and when completed it will be occupied by Walt McDonald.

Ed. Hinchey, bookkeeper for C. M. Tayler & Co., has returned from a month's visit to his parents in Michigan, and Thayer Bailey, who is substituting for him, has gone back to Bemidji.

Mrs. A. L. Cole left Thursday morning for Motley.

Miss Higgins, who came down from her claim a few days ago and has been visiting friends in Walker, left for St. Paul Thursday morning.

The Pine River baseball club sent a request for a game here next Sunday, but arrangements could not be made to meet their desire. It is probable the Walker team will go to Akeley a week from Sunday.

The first muskallonge of the season was on exhibition at the Hotel Chase yesterday. It was speared by an Indian in Kabona bay and weighed 38 pounds. Mr. Chase bought it from the Indian.

McKINLEY

McKinley, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Oliver Pickett, of Biwabik, was in town Monday on business.

There are an unusual number of idle men about the range this spring, but many will be employed as soon as ore shipping commences and steam shovel work starts.

The Fayal and Zenith mines have been compelled to shut down on account of having filled all available stock pile room and having no more room to dump their ore.

The Drake & Stratton and Richards & Lundeen companies have put some hundred men to work in the past two weeks at their stripping operations, and will probably increase their forces as the work progresses. The former company shipped eight of their donkey engines to Biwabik the fore part of the week and will probably commence their stripping work there soon.

It is reported that another large ore find his been made east of Biwabik. The recent finds on the Eastern Mesaba, as soon as development is started will cause a revival of business conditions and make that section fully as good as the Western Mesaba.

President F. E. House, Vice President and Superintendent Thomas Owens, and Roadmaster J. Shea, of the Duluth & Iron Range looked over the company's interests on both ranges this week.

The Duluth & Iron Range have moved one of their ore weighing scales to Ely and will weigh the Chandler-Pioneer-Smith-Sibley and Savoy ores at that place this season.

There have been a number of forest fires near Pettit and Sparta the past week.

Colvin & Robb expect to finish their pulpwood loading at Mile 66 by another week. They have about 500 cords left at their landings.

Parties from this section who have been looking over the Manitoba and Saskatchewan lands in Canada this spring, report that the floods and amount of water there is the worst in years. The ground is more than water-soaked, and the Canadian Northern railway in some places is almost under water for nearly thirty miles. Some of the newly settled farmers are short of provisions and fodder for their cattle, and that the government is supplying rations.

W. A. Kallis for the past year employed as operator at Biwabik, has resigned and is succeeded by Mr. C. Lyman, of Duluth.

The Duluth & Iron Range will renew a large number of ties on their system this summer.

Nolan Bros. and Laird commenced their drive on the Upper St. Louis river this week, and expect to start their mill at Skibo on Monday for the season's cut.

George Patterson, of Two Harbors, is now working on the Virginia passenger in place of Jim McDonald.

CALUMET

Calumet, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—A. G. Andrews, formerly of the Tamarack machine shop, but now appointed of the Centennial mills, was presented with a handsome silver service before leaving for his new field of labor. Mr. Andrews has been overseer in the machine shop several years.

The Sunday afternoon men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. will continue during May.

State Inspector Major Vernoi will conduct a joint drill of the light guards and the Houghton company at the light guard armory in June. The more difficult drills will be gone through.

Mr. and Mrs. John Anthony and family of Fifth street, have gone to Scotland for an extended visit. Frank Ward has gone to Devonshire, England, to spend several months.

The Red Jacket council at its special meeting April 28, accepted sixty-one applications for liquor licenses.

John Shea, of Boundary street, a miner at South Kearsarge, after stepping off the car at the sixth level lost his footing and fell into the shaft a distance of twenty-five feet, when he fortunately caught himself, but had already received four broken ribs and some internal injuries. He was immediately taken to his home where his wounds were attended and medical aid administered.

Bert Carmichael and E. F. Legendre gave a banquet for their lady and gentlemen friends at their suite of rooms in the Sorsen block, Oak street. Art Dunstan, Fred Kehl, Gene Tinker, Frank Kohlnaas, Charles Frink, Bert Carmichael, Frank Nicholas and E. F. Legendre were the toasters.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Lavers, of Florida Edition, a boy.

Joseph Richards, of Trimountain, has been at Winifrine and Mohawk the past few weeks for the purpose of organizing Sons of St. George lodges in those locations.

The library staff have arranged a special list of twenty-three books on gardening which will be found in a prominent place on one of the racks in the delivery room.

The Red Jacket fire team are making preparations to attend the firemen's tourney to be held at the Soo this season.

The Calumet high school baseball team are playing the Hancock high school team at the Hancock driving park this afternoon.

At the regular meeting of the Laurium council after the usual budget of bills the council passed upon the new sewer extentions and the new cement sidewalks. Three liquor bonds were passed upon and the treasurer's report showed a balance on hand of $2130.15.

At the regular meeting of the village council Tuesday evening, six liquor bonds were approved. The bonds of officers Joe Trudell, Joe Puhek and Dan Murphy were accepted.

The Houghton County Gas company's franchise was changed so as to allow the company two years after Aug. 31, 1904, for constructing the plant and putting it in working order. Also that instead of twelve years after that time it be twenty years after that date the council shall have the power to amend the price of the gas. A motion to prohibit ball playing on all streets of Red Jacket carried, as was also a motion that in the future no rebate on any liquor license be allowed.

President Ryan issued a call for a meeting of the business men of the city for Friday. The object of the meeting was the organization of a business men's association whereby the business interests of the city can be more carefully looked after.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Howard Pascoe, of Blue Jacket, a son.

Adjutant and Mrs. Basted, of the Salvation army, are at Bromley, Ontario, on a two months' vacation.

Steven Turk and Miss Pauline Josephine were united in marriage at the St. Joseph's Austrian church Wednesday morning.

The culmination of the winter season in the gymnasium work at the Y. M. C. A. was the banquet at the association gymnasium of the team which won the group games played during the winter. The winning team were, Holm, captain, Joe Odgers, Edwin Waters, Emil Sundin, Richard Johnson, Otto Acer, Frank William and Howard, were present in a body and wore their badges. Secretary Westerman acted as toastmaster and in his matter-of-fact manner, without excluding the humorous, made a happy toastmaster.

The tennis season at the association opened last Monday with a good attendance present.

Secretary George Westerman leaves Monday to attend the annual meeting of the International Y. M. C. A. at Buffalo.

At a meeting of the Calumet school board the following teachers were elected for the ensuing year: Supervisors—Rosa Daniell, Lillian Fliege, Anna L. Hermann. Principals—E. J. Hall, Lincoln M. Ketchledge. Misses Mary Cuddihy, Jade Dobbie, Katherine Gillette, Elizabeth Goldsworthy, Agnes Hutson, Rachael Macaulay, Agnes, MacGinnis, Kate McCormick, Helen McPhail, B. A. Mahoney, Mildred Osborne, Louis Pope, Nellie Rapelle, Agnes Sheridan, Elva Stebbins. High School Instructors—William R. Bradford, W. A. Sheaffer, J. E. Wyant; Misses Ella L. Fuller, Anna E. Rogers, Myrtie N. Snyder, Laura A. Stowell, Winifred C. Warning. Grade teachers—Misses Anna Abramson, Josie Adams, Alma Allen, Mary Ayers, Lillian Bastien, Henrietta Betz, Helen Boughan, Jennes M. Braden, Ada Burnett, Fannie Calverly, Mayme Caster, Anna Champion, Myra Chase, Josephine Cox, Matilda Craze, Florence Crossen, Agnes Currie, Anna DeGooyer, Mary L. Dickie, Ellen Doherty, Ada Downing, Audra Dunstan, Ruth Estes, Emma Engelcomb, Margaret Feeley, Mabel Foley, Bessie M. Fuller, May L. Fuller, Elizabeth Fulton, Cora A. Funk, J. Jeanette Gale, Caroline Gasser, Frances Gillute, Zada Graham, Phoebe Gribbie, Emma Grozinger, Gertrude Hanback, Alice G. Harris, Maude Harris, Carol ne Henry, Cecilia Hermann, Isabelle Hunter, Mary Indra, Lena Isler, Anna E. Johnson, Blanche Jones, Jean Jordan, Lillian Kelley, Ermentida Kerridge, Edith King, Bessie M. Kratz, Kathryn V. Lang, Mary A. Lang, Jennie Leary, Clara Light, Mary Lorenz, Jean MacDonald, June MacIlree, Isabel MacRae, Mary McAuliffe, Elizabeth McGill, Harriet Marx, Edith Meads, Emma Mertz, Matalda Messner, Louise Moore, Pauline More, Eva Morrison, Mary Mulligan, Cecilia Murphy, Annie O'Brien, Amy Ohlman, Clare O'Leary, Charlotte Paton, Emma Quayle, Marion Quayle, Annie Quello, Beth Quick, Helene Rice, Gertrude Riggs, Flora E. Rothschild, Anna Sayre, Kate Schroeder, Rachel L. Schryer, Louise Schurtz, Helen Seabrook, Mamie Sheehan, Henrietta Shirley, Gertrude Sincock, Alice M. Stover, Mary Sutler, Minnie G. Sweet, Minnie E. Swett, Ella Tallmadge, Edna Tucker, Gertrude Van Adestine, Belle Vanderhoof, Kathryn Verran, Laura E. Verran, Mary Watkins, Mrs. Louise Farnham, Mr. J. B. Porter.

CASS LAKE

Cass Lake, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—At a meeting of the Cass Lake fire department Tuesday evening, C. E. Leeman was elected as a delegate to represent the local department at the meeting of the State Firemen's association, which will be held at Pipestone, the first week in June. It was decided to petition the village council to purchase a few uniforms necessary to properly clothe all the members of the department. Word was received from Park Rapids that the running team of that place had already sent in to the secretary of the tournament association the names of 25 men from that department who would participate in the tournament at Grand Rapids.

An important meeting of the village council was held at the council chambers on Wednesday evening. A petition was presented to the council for the privilege of moving within the limits of the fire ordinance a frame building, which provoked some discussion and ended in the council rescinding the ordinance.

Skip Knoff was over on Leech river, about twenty miles south of Richards, last Saturday, whither he went to scale some logs for a small lumberman who was not satisfied with the scale on which the party to whom he was selling the logs desired to settle for them.

A. A. Reid, who was for some time employed in the store of C. M. Taylor & Co., at this place, but who is now manager of the Tuller store at Deer River, was a visitor in Cass Lake on Sunday last.

Dunc Suitor, a cousin of Frank Suitor, arrived last Saturday from his home at Chatham, Ontario. He will remain here as night clerk at the Endion hotel.

H. J. Broeker has purchased two lots on the townsite, in the first block east of the Voice office, and will move his house and family there from Section 16.

E. H. Lawrence, the Bena locator, came up from his home on Monday, and Tuesday morning went to Walker to do some cruising.

J. C. Elliott and John Caldwell, government scalers working under Senator O'Neil, returned from Ball Club on Monday, having completed the scaling of the timber cut near Ball Club lake by the Standard Lumber Co.

Adolph Jorgenson returned to Cass Lake on Monday and will remain here during the balance of the summer. Mr. Jorgenson has for several months been in the employ of the Great Northern Railway company, as gasoline engine repairer. He has been engaged by the Cass Lake Boat company, and will have charge of their gasoline launch.

Wm. Lyons, general superintendent for the Burlington Lumber company, arrived from Burlington, Iowa, the first of the week. He confirms the statement made by other parties that his company will be exceedingly busy with their hoist during the coming summer, and later with cutting the timber which they secured at the sales held here in December last.

E. I. Hurley and wife spent Monday night visiting with friends at Bemidji.

M. J. Foley came up from Walker Monday evening and spent the night in the village.

W. B. Smith, the Pimush lake summer resort promoter, went to Minco, N. D., last Sunday. He has a farm at that place and his trip was for the purpose of seeing how matters were progressing along agricultural lines.

A letter received here by a friend of Alex. Cardle states that he has been appointed a special agent for the Home Insurance company of New York.

George Taylor, a former resident of Cass Lake who is now in charge of the store of C. M. Taylor & Co. at Walker, spent Monday night in Cass Lake.

Mrs. S. Smith, sister of Mrs. F. Van Buren, arrived in town Tuesday night, from New Orleans, where she has been visiting during the past two months. She will remain in Cass Lake for some time to come.

A. W. Rankin of St. Paul, state inspector of graded schools, was a visitor in Cass Lake on Wednesday. Mr. Rankin inspected the local schools, and said the shools were in very good condition, indeed, everything considered. He will recommend that the school district receive the $50 extra aid from the state

C. M. Taylor left on Thursday for Minneapolis, having received word that his grandfather, P. P. McLendy, was very ill and fears were entertained that he would not survive his sickness.

TWO HARBORS

Two Harbors, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—About fifty members of the local lodge, I. O. O. F., attended the eighty-fifth anniversary exercises at Duluth on Sunday.

L. H. Bryan has moved into one of the M. O. Aubolee houses on Fourth avenue.

Paul Houle has sold his Sixth avenue property to Emil Johnson for a consideration of $1100.

The experience social given Saturday evening at the home of Mrs. Pillsbury by the Ladies' Social club proved a very interesting and successful event.

E. R. Clark, of Eveleth, was in town a couple of days this week, getting his new meat market in shape, and will open within a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Fitch were called home from Hot Springs, Ark., the fore part of the week by the illness of Mrs. Fitch's mother, Mrs. McPhee.

P. J. Welch returned this week from a 10-days' visit with relatives in Northern Michigan.

M. J. Mordaunt has gone to Eveleth to work a few weeks.

The embargo on pulpwood shipments to Fox River valley points has been partially raised, and shippers who had not finished shipping are beginning to clean up their landings.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. McGraw and daughter Eva left this week for Los Angeles, Cal., Mr. McGraw being delegate from this place to the B. of L. E. biennial convention at that place.

Mrs. Charles Billingsley is reported quite ill.

The warm weather the past week has cut into and honeycombed the lake ice greatly, and it is the opinion that boats could be run through the channel through it. The harbor is entirely open, but through lack of heavy winds the ice field is still unbroken, but it is loose from the shores and the light northeast winds are moving it towards Duluth. It must be very soft and is probably doubling under at Duluth, for the movement here is plainly perceptible. The lake is now the center of interest of the populace in general, and is the subject of many anxious looks. When the first break is seen there will be general rejoicing. Rain is ardently wished for, as it will assist in the operation.

Dr. J. D. Budd has returned from a visit to the Indiana oil fields.

The ladies of the Catholic church gave a very pleasant and successful supper at the Norden hall Tuesday evening, clearing a good sum.

Inspectors Monahan and Chalk, of Duluth, were here Monday testing the boilers in the steamer Bon Ami and the tug Edna G. both boats have now gone into commission.

The local members of the G. A. R. met Saturday evening at the Munford & Miller offices to make arrangements for a suitable celebration of Memorial day, May 30.

The cantata, "Queen Esther," given Thursday and Friday evenings by local talent, under the direction of Professor Weeks, of Duluth, was the finest thing of the kind yet given here. The attendance was large both evenings.

The county commissioners have advertised for plans and specifications for the new $50,000 county court house to be built here this summer, said bids to be filed at the county auditor's office before 10 o'clock a. m. Tuesday, May 31. They have also made application to the state for a loan of $45,000 on the recently voted bonds for said building.

L. F. Kain and B. Ballard were trout fishing near Drummond Saturday, but report poor luck.

The Commercial club, at its last meeting, passed resolutions pledging its support to the local baseball team for the coming season, and Messrs Rose, Pastoret, Moulton, Coggswell and D. Dwan were appointed a committee to look into the matter and give active assistance.

B. Grant, of Waldo, was in town Saturday on business.

Charles Symons played left field for Superior, Wis., at the game with La Crosse, Wis., Saturday.

Attorney Don McAlpine was down from Grand Marais this week to get a square meal. Owing to the late opening of navigation, provisions and feed for stock are very scarce there, hay being worth $100 per ton and flour several dollars per 100 pounds. The road north of Beaver Bay is in such poor condition that supplies cannot be hauled in.

Vice President W. A. McGonagle of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway was in town Thursday on business.

Messrs Bert Donovan, W. Symons and Frank Andrews attended the school teachers' dance at Tower Friday evening.

The rains of Thursday and yesterday have helped much in cutting up the ice, and put cut a number of forest fires east of the Iron Range tracks, near Silver creek, which had started owing to the dry condition of the woods. As soon as the new green vegetation gets started there will be much less liability of fires starting.

Some of the front fishermen have brought in from twelve to twenty fish the past week, and by another ten days the sport will be good.

George Taylor returned this week from England, where he spent the winter.

Conductor William Weese and Brakeman W. J. Bosanko and Grant Miller had a narrow escape from drowning at Duluth Tuesday. While unloading logs from a trestle over the bay at the Alger-Smith mill, the trestle gave way, precipitating eight cars of logs and the caboose, in which the men were sitting, into the bay, only the caboose alighting on some logs, which held it up and enabled the men to get out of it, the water being fifteen feet in depth.

M. S. Hannon looked over the ore docks at south shore points a few days this week.

The Duluth Log company is shipping logs from mile 37 to the Lunz mill at Waldo.

Considerable cleaning up of lots and alleys the past week is gradually putting the village in presentable appearance once more. The alley cleaning is progressing slowly.

F. L. Runemus, of Kansas City, Mo., grand chief of the Order of Railroad Carmen, visited the local lodge Thursday evening.

George Hogobcom was up from Duluth a few days this week for a visit with friends.

The K. of P. band rendered a few selections on First avenue Friday evening. Their improvement has been rapid and their music is excellent.

The local K. of P. lodge initiated a class of five members on Thursday evening. The lodge now has a membership close to the 200 mark.

Oliver Holmes and E. J. Steurwald have leased the store next to the Roleff barber shop, in the Marren and Finn brick block, and will open a confectionery store, ice cream parlor and news stand and jewelry store therein. Mr. Holmes has been connected with the L. D. Rose confectionery store for a number of years.

E. R. Fitch moved this week into the residence on Second avenue he recently purchased from L. H. Bryan. F. Fulton has moved into the residence vacated by Mr. Fitch.

Mayer J. C. Towne, of Waldo, was in town Thursday on business.

The steamer Bon Ami, after taking on a good cargo of provisions and hay for Grand Marais and other north shore points, to relieve the famine, and with a good passenger list, cleared yesterday and should have no trouble in making the trip. The ice for a distance off the harbor seems now broken up, but the continued northeast winds keep it jammed at this end of the lake. The boat made a couple of short trips about two miles out during the week and had no trouble in passing through it. Not even a slack in speed was caused.

Frank Woodfill has returned from a trip of inspection to his mining properties in washington.

Mrs. Elizabeth McPhee, wife of Peter McPhee, and for eleven years a resident of this place, died Saturday morning after a short illness of hemmorhage of the brain. Deceased was 72 years of age, and besides her husband leaves eight children, six of them—Mrs. W. B. Bodey, Mrs. E. R. Fitch, Mrs. C. W. Stark, Nick and Misses Kate and Lizzie McPhee—residing here. The funeral was held on Monday from the Presbyterian church and a large concourse of friends followed the remains to Lakeview cemetery, where she was laid to rest beside her son John, who died nine years ago.

H. J. Laner was a Duluth visitor on Saturday.

A large number of drivers passed through here the early part of the week for the Cloquet and St. Louis rivers, where the drive is now on.

Misses H. Curren and Mina Wandless were Duluth visitors the latter part of the week.

Mainly routine matters were transacted at Monday's meeting of the village council, owing to considerable debris being left from the recent fire in block 5, the recorder was instructed to notify the property owners that the same must be removed within fifteen days, or penalties would become due under the limit ordinance No. 60. The county commissioners having authorized the sale of three lattice and plate doors and frames, four stone window sills and caps, with window guards for one steel plate door and frame, and all the brick and rubble stone, from the ruins of the recently destroyed court house, for a consideration of $100, the same was accepted by the council, and the committee on buildings was instructed to have the brick cleaned and if necessary all material removed to the village lot on Second avenue, where it will soon be used for the construction of the new village hall and jail. The matter of purchasing 300 feet of fire hose was discussed, samples examined, and decided upon purchasing the same from the Chicago Fire Hose company, the brand selected being their "Perfection Jacket" double and seamless tube, smooth bore, cotton, rubber lined, being linen sewed and re-proof. The price to be 80 cents per foot. A report was received from Poundmaster Dahlberg showing $4 fines collected. Application for license was received from Adolph Peterson to sell liquors at 361 First avenue, being south half of lot 16, block 6. Chief of Police Yernberg was authorized to issue peddlers' licenses and collect fees therefor, a monthly report to be made of same. Bills amounting to $1694.61 were allowed, $680 being for coal and the balance being chiefly the monthly salary list.

M. Peterson has completed the enlarging and internal improvements to his store building on Cedar street, and has moved his stock into same.

The game of baseball Saturday between the high school senior freshmen and sophomore juniors at Burlington park resulted in a victory for the latter by a score of 25 to 16.

The Lunz mill at Waldo is being put in shape and will probably start next week.

Superintendent and Mrs. Thomas Owens attended the reunion and sixtieth anniversary party at the John Owens home, Lakeside, on Saturday.

Mrs. F. E. Thomas is visiting her brother, J. J. Padden, of Red Lake Falls.

AITKIN

Aitkin, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Jennie Reed spent Sunday in Duluth.

Hon. C. C. McCarthy, of Grand Rapids, was here on business last Saturday.

O. D. Davis has moved into the house that he recently purchased from L. W. Slipp on Knox street.

Miss Janet Gray has gone to St. Paul to complete her course as a trained nurse at the city hospital.

John Charles and Charley Reynolds and wife left last Saturday for Nooksack, Wash., where they will make their home.

Miss Stella Bottineau, of Superior, has been the guest of Mrs. E. Vachon for a few days.

T. M. Hounold and wife have moved to West Duluth where he is employed in a wholesale house.

Mrs. B. R. Hassman and little daughter are visiting in Hutchinson.

Mrs. Josephine Farrell, who spent the winter here with her son, J. D. Farrell, departed Monday for her home in Ellsworth, Me.

Frank O'Neill has purchased a fine piano.

Miss Kate Horton has returned from Wadena.

Col. W. Potter returned Monday from California, where he spent the winter.

Leonard Hartman left Tuesday for St. Louis, where he will be employed during the exposition.

Adam Louks has returned from Michigan.

W. P. L. Hatch has completed a term of school at Malmo and returned home for the vacation.

Stephen Stearn has moved into his home that he recently purchased from L. Tripp on Cedar street.

Will Sanford has bought a lot on West Cedar street and will build a house on it during the summer.

Miss Gertrude Walker closed a term of school this week in the Seeley district with two graduates.

Charles Maddy left last Saturday for Stevens Point, Wis., where he will spend the summer.

F. P. McQuillin was a Duluth visitor Saturday.

John De Laittre returned from Minneapolis Tuesday with 118 men for his drive. A son was born last Saturday to Hr. and Mrs. Ebner.

Miss Reddick entertained the Whist club at the home of Mrs. H. J. Petroborg last Thursday evening.

Graduating exercises were held Thursday in the Chute school and the following pupils received county diplomas: Bert I. McKenney, Louise D. McKenney, William L. Meagarry, Edward H. Chute. Miss Edith Gowan was the teacher.

E. Seibert, who has been section foreman here for several months, has been ordered to Brainerd, where he will be yard foreman for the Northern Pacific.

Leonard Tripp, wife and daughter, left last Thursday for Mica, Wash., where they will make their home.

Mrs. S. H. Hodgeden entertained a company of ladies at flinch last Thursday afternoon. The prize was won by Mrs. John Cluff.

A. Vachon and family, of New Westminster, B. C., are the guests of his brother, M. Vachon.

B. M. Hungerford has leased a lot on East Birch street to Mr. Bennett, who will move his building onto it.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Irvine In

covery, he will soon be at his business again.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Carr, formerly Miss Lulu Pearce, have returned from Tennessee, where they went on their wedding trip, and have taken up their residence in Marquette. Mr. Carr has purchased the McDonald residence there.

James A. Kirkwood, of Duluth, was in the city last week, visiting his brother, Philip B.

A. C. Hargrave, who is in business at Lake Gogebic, and a frequent visitor to this section, has disposed of a very fine specimen of tempered copper to a Chicago party, which is to be placed on exhibition at the St. Louis fair, for, it is said, $900. The specimen is in the shape of a large chisel or wedge, about eighteen inches in length, weighing between five and six pounds. It was found in Mr. Hargrave's chicken coop, in an upright position, only one end of it being in sight. Several specimens of this "lost art" have been discovered in the vicinity of Lake Gogebic, but none have been so large as this one, nor brought such a high price.

Miss Bertha Highee, a Marquette young lady, has been accepted by the Presbyterian board as a foreign missionary.

Mrs. J. H. Rough has been quite ill the past two weeks.

About forty-second year students of the Michigan College of Mines, accompanied by Professor Sperr, will visit this section soon.

The boy of August Cass, the homesteader, who was lost during the storm a little after Christmas, has been found. Something over $200 was found on his person, which, after the funeral expenses have been paid will revert to the county, as he has no known relatives.

The South Anna Lumber company has started its Dead River mill at Marquette. They have about 12,000,000 feet of lumber to cut.

James A. Goodman, at the recent meeting of the Royal Arcanum held at Detroit, was elected to the office of grand warden.

James Trembath sailed Wednesday from New York for England, where he will visit for some time, his old home in Cornwall.

Mrs. T. J. Flynn expects to leave Sunday for Minneapolis to represent the local court at the convention of the Woman's Catholic Order of Foresters to be held in that city on the 10th.

Charles Calligan has resigned his position with the Northwestern railroad here and left Sunday night for Hibbing, Minn., where he has a position promised him. He will, no doubt, play ball with one of the range teams.

The common council has filled the positions on the police force made vacant by the accidental death of Harry Bath, and the resignation of Alfred Williamson, with Charles Vincent and Christ Week.

John Stevens, Sr., has returned from Mt. Clemens.

Al Ryer, who left here about two weeks ago, has a position as operator with the Great Northern railway at Hibbing. He will be a regular player on the baseball team there.

The bonds of twenty-four liquor dealers were approved by the common council at the meeting held on Friday of last week. No action was taken in regard to a poundmaster. Action on this matter being deferred until later.

William Neely and wife, who have been visiting in this city for some time, left Monday evening for Milwaukee.

The local branch of the Finnish league will render a musical and literary program at the Finnish Temperance hall, Sunday evening, May 15.

This afternoon one of the first games in the Upper Peninsula Interscholastic league will be played at the Union park. Negaunee high school will meet the Marquette high school on the diamond.

At the school board meeting held on Friday of last week six resignations were accepted. They were R. W. Pattingill, principal of the high school; Charles Dull, science teacher in the high school, and Misses Bessie Penglase, Anna J. Wasmuth, Abbie E. Coffee and Lucy McKenzie, all of grade departments. Three Negaunee girls, Misses Sophia Anderson, Katie Reidy and Norine Reidy were engaged to fill three of the grade positions made vacant by resignations. The other vacancies will be filled later.

Frank Sharon, who has been in the livery business here for some time, is going into the same business at Marquette. He is moving his equipment there and will occupy the Bendill property. The Marquette Livery company, a stock company, is the name of the new concern. Mr. Sharon is the principal stockholder.

James McGlynn, a South Shore engineer, was badly scalded Saturday at Cambria mine by the overturning of his locomotive.

BEMIDJI

Bemidji, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The city charter is finished and will be ready for submission to the charter commission Monday, and if it completes its work on time the charter will be ready for a vote of the people some time in June.

The Ladies Library Association are planning a picnic to be held in the woods at Diamond Point, which promises to be quite an elaborate affair.

Mrs. W. F. McClure who has been visiting her husband in this city has returned to her home in Minneapolis.

Miss Dollie Bailey left Wednesday for Winnipeg wher she will visit with friends for several weeks.

Miss Stewart of Blackduck was the guest of Bimidji friends this week.

J. P. Duncalf, left Wednesday morning for St. Paul where he will purchase the furnishings for his new place of business.

Thayer Bailey who has been at Walker for the past month returned Tuesday evening and has taken up his old position in Winter's store.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Maizahn have returned from their farm at Wolf Lake.

Dr. A. Stephens of Crookston, has accepted a position with the Iron Range Telephone company in this city.

John Jinkinson returned Wednesday from a trip to North Dakota.

The young people of the Presbyterian church gave a very pleasant social Friday night at the church parlors.

The Ladies Aid society of the Lutheran church were entertained Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. G. Peterson.

Miss Curtiss is visiting friends at Eagle Bend this week.

Schneider's Bemidjis, is a new base ball team which was organized at a meeting held in the city hall Thursday night.

TO THE GATES OF THE WORLD'S FAIR

MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS R.R.

TRAINS STOP AT THE MAIN ENTRANCE AND THE ST. LOUIS UNION DEPOT

TAKE THE WORLD'S FAIR SPECIAL

PLENTY OF ROOM AT THE HOTELS

JUST OUTSIDE THE FAIR GROUNDS

A. B. CUTTS, Gen'l Pass'r and Ticket Agent

A COUGH CONUNDRUM

When is a cough more than a cough?

When it's a settled cold. When it hangs on in spite of all you can do. Cough mixtures won't cure it because they are merely for a cough and this is something more.

Scott's Emulsion cures the cough because it cures the something more. It heals and repairs the inflamed tissues where the cold has taken root and prevents its coming back.

We'll send you a sample free upon request.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

lock to William E. Hoy, of Superior, Wis. Miss Alice LaCrosse acted as maid, while P. J. Sommers, a brother of the bride, acted as best man. The couple left on Tuesday for their honeymoon.

A. D. McRae, who is interested in the First National bank, spent Tuesday in town.

Dr. Kirk, of the Clark mine, spent a few hours Monday visiting at the Rood hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Thomas spent Thursday visiting friends in Duluth.

Mrs. W. C. Barrett was in Duluth for a few days during this week.

Mrs. C. Whittle spent last Sunday with friends at Nashwauk.

Mr. L. McKay, of Aitkin, has moved his family here and will reside here in the future.

Rev. William West will deliver his lecture to young men at the Presbyterian church, Superior street, on Sunday evening.

Rev. Frank Durant will preach in the Episcopal church on Sunday, taking for his subject, "Lessons of the Spring time."

Carl Stillman, engineer in the employ of the Oliver Mining company, has received the appointment of city engineer from Mayor Power.

W. H. Kelly went down to Duluth on Saturday to attend the funeral of his sister, Mrs. W. H. Johnson.

Mrs. George Healey, of Nashwauk, visited with Mrs. J. J. Healey, of Third avenue, this week.

The Woman's Home Missionary society of the Methodist Episcopal church, is one of the strong societies of the local church. Its motto is "For the Love of Christ, and in His Name."

EVELETH

Eveleth, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. P. Ellard Dowling left Wednesday for a months' trip through the West. They will spend most of the time in California. Mrs. Edgar Sibbit, of Chisholm, and Miss Mildred Rehbein, a trained nurse from Duluth, remain at the Dowling home with little Charlotte Dowling.

The dry weather of the past few weeks is causing many forest fires to spring up in the woods, but fortunately Eveleth is safe from them, as it is well burned over around the town and the locations.

Work is progressing satisfactorily on the new Catholic church on Jackson street, and the name has been decided upon, that of St. Patrick's church.

A large audience gathered in the auditorium of the Methodist church Tuesday evening to hear Father Cleary, of Minneapolis, lecture on the passion play of Oberammergau. All enjoyed. Father Cleary was introduced by Father Bilban, pastor of the local church.

J. Romer, of the Fayal office force, returned Monday evening with his bride, having been married at Ironwood, Mich., last week.

The Wednesday evening session of the Masonic lodge was made interesting by two meritorious conferred degree, W. H. Plummer and R. Johns. The ceremony was followed by a sumptuous banquet. Many Masons were present from Biwabik, Virginia and Sparta.

P. J. Bannon, a lawyer of Brainerd, has entered into partnership with Judge J. C. McGilvary, and they will practice law in Judge McGilvary's offices on Jackson street, which have been enlarged by opening up the room formerly occupied by the Coe Commission company.

Miss Anna E. Robbins made an address on temperance conditions in the Philippines at the Methodist church.

Miss Edna Kimberly has accepted a position in the confectionery shop of E. J. Millette.

Charles McNamara has removed his harness shop from Hotel Eveleth to a store building on Jones street.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Craemer have returned to Eveleth. They went to California last fall, expecting to remain, but they didn't like the climate.

Dick Nicholas, of Tower, has come here to take a position at the Fayal.

Miss Ethel Little, of Winona, left Saturday evening to visit friends at Ely.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Nathanson, of Virginia, were visiting relatives here Wednesday.

Mrs. William Coss, of Tower, is visiting her niece, Mrs. Charles McDermott, on Jones street.

James contemplates building a home in the new addition to Jones street in the near future.

Mrs. Walter J. Smith is convalescing after a month's illness.

Guy Springer, the bright little son of Mr. and Mrs. David Springer, was the lucky winner of the second prize for suggesting a name for the line of stoves and ranges being put on by Panton & White, of Duluth. "Common Sense" was the name suggested by him.

J. Decker, of Bessemer, Mich., is visiting his brother, Louis Decker.

Merton Kingston, who graduated last week from the mining engineering course at the state university, has returned here and is visiting with his parents before assuming the position of secretary of a company to do stripping contract work near Chisholm.

Superintendent J. H. Hearding was a Duluth visitor Thursday.

There will be third degree work in the Knights of Pythias Monday evening.

Miss Mae Van Buskirk was home from Duluth for a few days, returning Monday to visit relatives here.

Walter Wye, of McClory & Wye, is recovering from a second attack of paralysis and will leave Monday for a trip to St. Paul and Minneapolis for the purpose of resting.

J. Hugh MacInnis is at Chisholm assisting Arthur Grieser in the bank there. Mr. Grieser has been suffering from neuralgia and a severe cold.

The Drake & Stratton company has been adding equipment and hiring men all week for their contract on No. 3 extension at the Fayal. They expect to have four shovels in operation. Many of the men thrown out of employment at the mines until navigation opens are finding employment with them. Stockpiles at the Fayal and other mines are immense, and not much piling can be done until shipping opens.

Hon. Neil McInnis went to St. Paul and St. Cloud Thursday. Mrs. McInnis accompanied him as far as Duluth.

M. D. Spires, the decorator, has a shop in the Mona building on Adams avenue.

Ben Greening, of Hurley, Wis., has been engaged as superintendent of the Eveleth schools. He comes highly recommended. Professor C. M. Stevens, the retiring superintendent, may teach in Minneapolis.

C. F. Stillman was over from Hibbing Sunday, a guest at the Barrett home.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Veitch were Duluth visitors Monday.

E. R. Clark was in Duluth and Two Harbors last week. At the latter point he will establish a market.

Mrs. F. E. Lister went to Minneapolis Thursday to visit friends for a week.

Mrs. James Matheson went to Duluth Wednesday to meet her mother, who came from Canada to spend the summer with her daughter.

School district No. 39 has purchased block 48, on the south side of Jones street, for the erection of the splendid new high school building which is soon to be begun here, to cost between $40,000 and $50,000. This location is much preferable to that on Fayal road, being conveniently located near the locations as well as the town, and having the advantage of a commanding position which will make it one of the beauty spots of the town.

Tuo Talbays Mercantile company is conducting a grand clearance sale, which began yesterday.

The Episcopalians of Eveleth hold services each Sunday, with Rev. J. Morgan officiating, in the auditorium of the Methodist church, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Rev. Morgan has not been able to secure a house in Eveleth, so will make his home in Virginia.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Chris Grannum, a son.

Miss Minnie Lebuda returned Saturday from a month's visit with relatives in Sauk Rapids.

The 24th day of June will be celebrated here by the Finnish people, and they will institute the custom of celebrating the day all over the ranges—this year Eveleth and next year another range town. John Saari, a bright young man, will make an address explaining the meaning of the day. Rev. H. Anaist, of Soudan, will be chaplain of the day, and it is possible that Congressman J. Adam Bede will also make an address. There will be music and sports and races, celebrated much as our national holiday is.

Dr. and Mrs. J. P. Sedgwick expect to leave in the early fall for Germany, where they will enter universities in Berlin for two or three years of study. Upon their return they will locate in one of the large cities of the United States.

Claus Olson was in from his homestead on the Sturgeon river this week. He says the farmers in his section are preparing to supply the local market with vegetables this year.

PROCTOR

Proctor, May 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—The entertainment given by the Dairy Maids and Cowboys in the Village hall on Saturday evening, April 30, was well attended, the hall being filled to its full seating capacity. The program was good throughout and much satisfaction is felt with the results attained.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Brown left this week for Los Angeles, California, where Mr. Brown will attend the engineers' convention.

John Schreiber has purchased a home on First street, East side, from the Benson Brothers, who intend to go West this summer to prove up on the homesteads they have located for in Alberta, Canada.

Mr. Butoon, son-in-law of Mr. Schreiber, has moved into Mr. Schreiber's house, which he has vacated. Carpenters are now employed making a large addition to it.

Mr. Davis, Y. M. C. A. secretary, left today for Buffalo, N. Y., where he will attend the thirty-fifth International Y. M. C. A. convention. On his return he will stay a few days at Wapaca, Wis., where he will visit relatives and where Mrs. Davis has been spending a couple of months, after which he and Mrs. Davis will return to Proctor. During Mr. Davis' absence Alfred Quackenbush will be acting secretary at the Y. M. C. A.

J. H. Stricklan, air expert and road foreman for the Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway company left today for Buffalo, N. Y., where he will attend the Air Brake convention.

Mrs. H. O. Smith returned on Sunday from Shopiere, Wis., where she spent a few weeks, visiting friends and relatives.

A baseball meeting was called this week and a committee of three, F. Burke, D. A. Klumph and W. Brayden, was appointed to choose a suitable ball ground. After their decision is given a club will be organized and steps will be taken to raise money to clear off the grounds and to meet other necessary expenses. It is expected that the Proctor boys will not be satisfied with the championship in basket ball but will also take the cup in baseball. Much interest is taken by the townspeople in this movement and it is believed that the money will readily be contributed to meet all the expenses.

Owing to Mr. Davis' absence next week there will be no social at the Y. M. C. A. on Tuesday evening, which is the regular social evening.

Mr. McEwen, general merchant, has moved his family from Duluth into the house lately vacated by James Gleason.

Miss Elva Riddle is now staying with her sister, Mrs. McEwen, and attending the Duluth central high school, from which she will graduate at the end of this term.

William Lawler, boiler shop foreman, will start soon for Indianapolis to attend the International Railway Master Boiler Makers' convention which will begin on the 17th inst.

The officers and teachers of the Proctor Sunday school was held Thursday evening after prayermeeting. After discussing the Sunday school business it was decided that, owing to the steadily increasing attendance, more teachers should be added to the present staff. The following: Mrs. Whyte, Mrs. H. O. Smith, Mrs. O. J. Wilson, Mrs. Stewart and Alfred Quackenbush were appointed teachers.

M. A. Kemp has added much to the appearance of his residence by a new coat of paint.

R. M. Warmbaher is hauling sand and filling in his lot.

John Price is building a large addition to his house.

Frank Dalowitz has returned from Pecora, Ill., where he has been spending his leave of absence during the winter.

Fred Beron will build a new house on the lot next to the school.

J. J. Burke, conducter, who spent his leave of absence in Memphis, Tenn., has returned to Proctor to resume his work on the Missabe road.

Ole Tolmoen of West Duluth has secured a situation as clerk in Mr. McEwen's general store.

R. A. Hayner has resigned his position as assistant foreman of the Missabe machine shop and will go to Cass Lake to take a position as roundhouse foreman with the Great Northern railroad.

W. A. Edwards and M. A. Kemp left today for Winnipeg.

Rev. E. C. Clemens, presiding elder of the Duluth district of the M. E. church, will speak at the Y. M. C. A. men's meeting tomorrow.

ELY

Ely, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—A girl baby arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lesher, Friday morning last.

Abraham Collins arrived in the city Saturday last frim Cornwall, England, where he has spent the last six months. While away Mr. Collins has entered the happy state of wedlock and has brought his bride along to make their home here in the future. Abe's many friends wish him all the happiness possible in his new venture.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Kapson left Saturday morning for Portland, Oregon, where they will make a visit of several months with Mrs. Kapson's father, Ben Bulsar.

Miss Beatrice Pethrick entertained a number of her young friends last Saturday afternoon. Pit and flinch being the games indulged in. Miss Leona Hedloff winning the prize for flinch, while Miss May Brown captured the prize for pit. A delectable lunch brought a pleasant afternoon to a close.

Assessor Frank Hodge left on Sunday afternoon for Duluth to receive the books from the county auditor. He was accompanied by Mrs. Hodge and daughter, Winnie. They will also visit their daughter, Mrs. Cox, at Hibbing before their return.

The local lodge of I. O. O. F. marched in a body to the Methodist church last Sunday morning, where Rev. K. A. Saunderson preached an able sermon on the beauties of fraternal societies.

Dr. and Mrs. Wunder and daughter Lois, of Soudan, Sundayed in Ely, the guests of Capt. and Mrs. Bale.

Philip Lawrence, of Duluth, spent several days in Ely this week looking after his business interests here.

Pat White has resigned his position at the Eagle and left Monday noon for Duluth where he has secured employment.

David Caldwell left Monday morning for Hibbing in search of employment having resigned as nightman in Densmore's livery barn in this city.

James Tonkin left Tuesday morning for several days' visit among friends in Hibbing and Eveleth.

The 7-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hill died Sunday and was buried Monday. This makes the second death in the family inside of a month.

Theodore Haus, who has been employed for several months in the office of the Ely Miner has resigned his position and left Tuesday for Chicago. Miss Ethel Tremaine has succeeded him in the office.

Will James returned Monday from his two weeks' visit in Chicago and other places.

R. J. Whitesides, of Duluth, was in the city this week on business.

Fred Carlson died at his residence on Camp street last Friday night and was buried from the Swedish church on Sunday afternoon. The Rev. Dahl, of the Swedish church; Rev. Swanders, of the Presbyterian, and Rev. Saunderson, of the Methodist church, all taking part in the services. Mr. Carlson has been sick for a long time and his death was not unexpected. He was about 44 years of age and leaves a wife and step daughter, Miss Eva Johnson, to mourn his loss.

John Nestor, of Northfield, Minn., was in the city over Sunday on a visit to his uncle, Otto Maninen.

John Jackman, of Grayling, Minn., one of Ely's old business men, is spending the week in the city with his family.

The members of the Methodist church choir surprised Mr. and Mrs. Abe Collins at their residence on Tuesday and presented the newly-wedded couple with several pieces of silver plate.

Louis Lindberg, a 12-year-old boy, while endeavoring to climb on a delivery wagon Wednesday had his leg severely jammed by the wheel. He was taken to the hospital where his limb was attended to.

Miss Grace Town entertained a number of her friends on Monday evening last in honor of her guest, Miss Mima Kent, of Mountain Iron. A very pleasant time was had in games and amusements. All present enjoying themselves immensely.

The Swedish Ladies Sewing society met at the home of Mrs. John Carlson, on Wednesday evening. A very delectable lunch was served by the hostess and a general good time was had.

Attorney A. J. Thomas attended the opening of court in Duluth this week.

Miss Lizzie Sarri drove to White Iron lake Wednesday afternoon, the residence of her parents, where she was called by the serious illness of her brother Otto.

At the council meeting Tuesday evening Sylvester Kautio was awarded the contract for doing the city scavenger work, his bid being the lowest.

The fire department had practice drill Wednesday evening and acquitted themselves in a very efficient manner.

Charlie Quigley left on the afternoon train Thursday bound for his former home at Big Rapids, Mich., where he will visit for some time with relatives.

Dave Childers left Thursday morning for Duluth where he has accepted a position in the employment of Robert Whitesides.

Robert Densmore has purchased the tailoring business lately owned by David Brown and will take hold immediately. Mr. Densmore will spend a good part of his time on the road soliciting orders and Mr. Brown will be in charge in his absence.

The trustees of the Presbyterian church gave a concert in the city opera house on Friday evening for the benefit of the church funds. The several ladies and gentlemen who took part in the entertainment were well received by the large audience present as was also several of the Sunday school children, who aided not a little in making the affair attractive. Quite a neat sum was realized.

All the mines of this vicinity are now closed down for the present. The Savoy, the last mine operating, closing down on Thursday night. When operations are to be resumed is not known.

Capt. William Cowling and daughter Sadie left Thursday morning for Hibbing where they will spend several days among friends.

CHISHOLM

Chisholm, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The immense pile of logs on the east side of the lake has spread half way across the lake as the lake is almost free from ice.

The store occupied by Mrs. Webster on the corner of First and Lake streets is being moved to the vacant lot near the Lake View hotel.

There is about six feet of frost in the ground where the Drake and Stratton people are stripping, and that accounts for the continual blasting.

At last the Sunday closing law for saloons has become a law, and in reflect the rights of the people of Chisholm. Steve Zgonc has been fined $30 and costs by Justice Hayes.

P. F. Ferguson and wife, who have charge of the Itasca Clothing house all winter, left Monday for Grand Rapids, Minn., where they will visit relatives and then proceed to their home in Saginaw, Mich.

Monday morning William Willis and D. Nason took possession of the Grant house, having rented it for the year. Mr. Grant is finishing a nice new house on the hill among the stones, and will likely move up there soon.

The Grant and O'Neil hotels are both full of guests and boarders.

Three busses are running in town this week. Webb Lathram and J. C. Rogers run the new one.

Monday morning the wheels began to turn at the mill. They will run day time and will cut not so much lumber as they did last year, perhaps 2,000,000 feet less. C. Thomson is the manager of the mill unless absent, then Mr. Hackett takes charge. George Wilkin is master mechanic and B. Timmerman chief engineer. About sixty men are employed.

John Johnson for stealing seven bottles of whisky from the saloon of John Larson, was taken to Duluth and sentenced to 30 days in jail. Marshall Donovan took him down Tuesday.

The fire department was called out Thursday to stop a forest fire which threatened to include the town in its devastation.

Rev. E. C. Clemens, P. E. of the Duluth district, will preach in the M. E. church Sunday evening at 8 o'clock.

Wednesday evening the mud boiler at the saw mill sprunk a leak which made it necessary to send to Duluth for two expert boiler makers to repair the damages. The mill was closed on Thursday.

Charles Rugert, who runs one of the Drake and Stratton steam shovels, had to go home the other day on account of sickness, but he is recovering now.

Dr. Longly, of the Central Park M. E. church, St. Paul, delivered his famous lecture, "The Taj Mahal," in the Fugere hall Wednesday evening to a fair-sized audience of appreciative people. This lecture completes a course of entertainments given this season.

C. J. Smart has moved into the house occupied by Mr. Hayden.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Peak, of Superior, moved into the new house near the Longyear Lumber company boarding house, this week.

On Monday afternoon the Hibbing Ministerial association was formed of Hibbing pastors, and the pastor of the M. E. church here.

A few days ago the lake was covered with ice, now it is covered with logs which the wind has blown away from the east shore.

Mrs. Parker, mother of Charles Parker, who used to live here, is visiting with Mrs. J. S. Gilmour.

The prayer meeting was held Thursday evening at Fred Winder's home.

BIWABIK.

Biwabik, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—W. W. Broune transacted business in Duluth this week.

C. Lyman came up from Knife River Saturday to accept the position of operator for the Iron Range depot.

Mrs. R. Williams, of Eveleth, visited Biwabik friends this week.

Mrs. W. Dundas, of McKinley, visited her sister, Mrs. H. E. Dane, the fore part of the week.

Oscar Maberg, of Virginia, visited Biwabik friends Friday.

The fraternal societies of Biwabik gave a dance Friday which proved a success in every way. A number of Eveleth people were in attendance.

G. Clendining left for St. Paul, where he intends to remain until fall, when he will return to resume his lumbering.

Mrs. Frank Eckes, of Two Harbors, visited her sister, Mrs. O'Hara Tuesday.

The Clio club met with Miss C. Stultz Saturday.

F. Winberg left for Two Harbors Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Benkee, of Buhl, have returned to Biwabik, where they intend making their home for the summer.

Joseph Griswold, of McKinley, visited Biwabik friends last week.

W. Patterson, of Two Harbors, has accepted a position as brakeman with the Iron Range here.

Mrs. Nelson, of Virginia, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Salmon, this week.

Mrs. Stott, of Two Harbors, visited with her father, H. E. Schur, last week.

Miss R. Howard, in company with her niece, Miss Ruth Howard, will leave for Shank's camp Monday, where they will enjoy a rest, after Miss Howard's illness.

James McDonald returned to Two Harbors Wednesday.

W. Kallis was in Duluth the fore part of this week.

Miss Anna Enwright, of Two Harbors, visited her home here over Sunday.

F. S. Colvin attended to business matters in Duluth this week.

S. Hopkins spent Sunday with Sparta friends.

Thos. Smith left for St. Paul Wednesday.

Mrs. G. Smith visited in Duluth last week.

Charles Olson has built a bath house near his home and fitted it up with everything to make it comfortable and clean. It is open Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Miss Hazel Goman entertained her friends in honor of her tenth birthday Tuesday. Games were enjoyed and a dainty lunch served, after which the little folks returned to their homes, declaring Miss Hazel a royal entertainer.

The mothers' meeting, held at the school house Friday, was very much appreciated by the mothers.

Mrs. Feldman, of Eveleth, visited her cousin, Mrs. B. Cohen, last week.

K. Johnson, of Sparta, visited Biwabik friends last week.

John Millner, who has been employed in Hibbing, has returned to his home here.

VIRGINIA

Virginia, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—A blaze of unknown origin was discovered Sunday afternoon issuing from the towel closet of the Merchant barber shop, and soon the fire whistle was calling out the fire department and the citizens. The front door of the shop was kicked open and the flames were gaining rapid headway, but a few buckets of water soon dispelled all alarm. Just how the fire started is unknown, and no one seems to understand, as the shops here are closed Sundays. There was plenty of insurance on the fixtures and the owner is none the loser.

The ball game Sunday afternoon between the Virginia and Buhl Juniors, resulted in a glorious victory for the home boys; the score at the close of the game standing 32 to 8. The Buhl boys were much older and larger than the home team, but they have not had the experience on the diamond, and the support to their battery was very weak and ragged.

W. T. Bailey, the lumberman, was in the city a few days this week.

E. Z. Griggs and daughter, Mabel, returned Tuesday from Tarpon Springs, Fla., where, in company with Duluth and range people, they spent the winter. Mr. Griggs is looking and feeling better than for twenty years, having gained sixteen pounds; his daughter also having been benefited.

Matt Doyle was over from Eveleth Wednesday night.

Copley & Mayo's orchestra played for a dance at Biwabik Thursday night, the occasion being a lodge affair in which three lodges participated.

Ten candidates were initiated into the mysteries of the first rank of the Knights of Pythias lodge, Tuesday evening.

Alick Gunderson, manager of the Virginia Mercantile company, is attending to duties at the store again, after a tussle with his old malady, tonsilitis for a few days.

Max Shapiro was over from Eveleth Thursday.

At the meeting of the city council Tuesday evening, Jacob Johnson was awarded the work of sprinkling the streets the coming season, his bid being $40 per month. Other bids were: P. A. Gannon, $65; Elmer Matheson, $100, and W. S. Gray, $85.

The matter of expanding the limits as to the number of saloon here was thrown out at the council meeting Tuesday night. The proposition was to increase the number from thirty-five to forty-five, but a vote on the question resulted in its defeat.

J. V. Johnson is erecting a three-story tenement house on Pine street. The building will accommodate six families.

Ed Edholm, of Iron Junction, is erecting a dwelling in the Second addition to the city.

Capt. Charles Trezona, of Ely, was in the city a few hours last Saturday. He drove over from the Fayal with his brother.

Contractor Gimse has about completed his work of putting up the Norwegian M. E. church just west of the present high school.

J. Murphy, formerly train dispatcher for the Missabe road, has accepted the position of general manager of the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake road, and will enter upon his duties Monday.

Harry Gilmore, district manager for the Northern Lumber company, was in the city Tuesday, looking for a dwelling. His company intends making Virginia its range headquarters hereafter.

Lawn tennis will be the rage here again this summer, and the members of the local club have elected officers, and are now having their court at the West End of Chestnut street fixed up in good shape. Virginia has some good men in the tennis line and will make things warm for her Duluth-Superior friends.

J. Shanedling was a Duluth visitor the first of the week.

R. S. Williams, manager of the hardware department of the Hughes & Conware department of the Hughes & Conway store, has returned from a trip to the southern part of the state.

Henry Wessinger, mechanical engineer for the steel corporation, was here the first of the week.

Mrs. W. R. Byrne, who was so seriously ill the past week, is much improved.

D. O. Anderson, of the Virginia Lumber company, returned Monday from a Chicago trip.

Mayor Fay spent most of the week in Cleveland, attending the conference of the ore dealers.

Harry Smith, express draryman for the Eaton Drug Co., has moved from the Calderwood building to the Eaton cottage on Walnut street.

Fred Archambault is making some additions to his house on Pine street.

Miss Signe Jochim, daughter of L. G. Jochim, of Kelsey, and T. M. Wall, of the A. Hawkinson Hardware company, were united in marriage Wednesday evening, the ceremony taking place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A Hawkinson at 9 o'clock, the ceremony being performed by Rev. J. M. Todd, of the Presbyterian church. The ceremony was witnessed by many friends of the contracting parties. Miss Signid Linman officiated as bridesmaid, and John Shokren acted as best man. The bride's gown being little Miss Effa Hawkinson. Both of the parties are well and favorably known here. They will return next week from a bridal tour and go to housekeeping in the Calderwood building.

The members of the local Odd Fellows lodge attended services at the M. E. church Sunday morning, the occasion being the eighty-fifth anniversary of the order.

Mrs. Henry Norman has arrived from Ironwood, Mich., and will reside here; Mr. Norman having secured a position as night bar man at the Hotel Fay.

Charles Straus, of Minneapolis, arrived here Monday and has taken up his duties as steward of the Virginia club, vice Charles Ballard, resigned. His family will be here shortly.

William H. Manley has opened up a saloon in the Tornquist block. Matt Bemish, of Eveleth, is the bar keep and is well known here.

Register of Deeds Palmer shook hands with his many friends here Monday. Mrs. Palmer has again taken up her residence here, as she likes Virginia better than Duluth.

Mrs. J. O. Shadbolt has returned from a business trip to Duluth.

CLOQUET

Cloquet, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Married at Our Lady of Sacred Heart church Tuesday morning by Rev. Father Gireaux, Z. G. Chartier and Miss Clara Tmohl. Miss Anna Tmohl, sister of the bride was maid of honor and Edward Gadeau attended the groom. After the ceremony the bridal party repaired to the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Robert Pollard, where a wedding dinner was served. Mr. and Mrs. Chartier will make their home in Cloquet.

George, the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. John Ilean, of this city, died Saturday morning from a complication of diseases. He was taken ill about six weeks ago with pneumonia. He was buried Monday morning in the Catholic cemetery. Rev. Father Gireau conducted the funeral service. The sorrowing family have the sympathy of their large number of friends.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Dixon and daughter Ruth returned Wednesday from a visit with relatives in Stillwater during Mr. Dixon's absence. They visited West Baden, Ind.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Lynds and Mrs. J. DeLescaille spent Wednesday in Duluth.

Mrs. Isabella Phalon and daughter Nellie left Saturday for Minneapolis and before they return they will visit relatives at Mrs. Phalon's old home in Michigan.

F. R. Poole returned Saturday from West Baden, Ind., where he spent the past two weeks.

Mrs. J. J. DeLescaille of Davenport, Ia., arrived in Cloquet Tuesday and will spend a couple of weeks as the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. E. Lynds.

Mrs. S. L. Bennett entertained the Christian Endeavor of the Presbyterian church Tuesday evening and business of importance was transacted.

Miss Tillie Olson, a young lady who was recently employed at laundry work at the Northern hotel, died at Scanlon Saturday night after a short illness. She was buried Sunday at Cloquet.

The Cloquet ball team will open the season Sunday with the Duluth Clothiers on the Cloquet ball grounds.

Ed. Peterman was taken to the Cloquet hospital suffering with a very painful hand.

W. H. Atwood, of Willow river, succeeds F. O. McGavie as head salesman for the Johnson-Wentworth company.

Miss Martha Bealker, of Chaska, Minn., is in the city, the guest of her sister, Mrs. George W. Markle.

A very quiet wedding took place at Carlton Wednesday evening, when William Merrigan and Miss Dora Paul were united in marriage by the Rev. Father O'Dymer. Only the immediate relatives of the contracting parties were present. The happy couple left on the midnight train for the Twin Cities for a short visit after which they will be at home to their friends in Cloquet. Congratulations are extended to Mr. and Mrs. Merrigan.

On Wednesday evening of last week burglars entered the home of Miss Laura Diesen, the Great Northern operator at North end, and secured a watch and $40 in money. Miss Diesen informed the local police at once of her loss. Marshal McSweeney traced the men to Brookston and with Sheriff McKinnon left Bemidji at early for that place. Upon their arrival they arrested the suspects who were waiting for a west-bound train. They strongly denied any knowledge of the robbery but the watch and money was found on two of their number, Siever Thompson and Anton Nelson, who were brought to Cloquet and given a hearing before Judge Skemp. They were bound over till the fall term of court on a charge of grand larceny in the second degree.

Loftus Snarr left Monday for Bemidji, Minn., where he intends to spend the summer.

Jennie Melville, who has been quite ill for the past few days is now convalescing.

Mr. and Mrs. William McDonald were delightfully surprised Tuesday evening at their home on Third street, it being their wedding anniversary. Many beautiful presents were received. Cards were the evening amusements. The ladies' head prize was awarded to Mrs. Bonnier; gentlemen's head prize to Mr. Long; booby prizes awarded to Mrs. Maher and Joseph O'Neill.

Mrs. Cash was a Duluth caller this week.

John McKinney has opened up an ice cream parlor in connection with his confectionary store on Arch street.

The Misses Busha were Duluth visitors this week.

Thomas Magan left Wednesday for Michigan, Bangor, Maine, and other points East. He expects to be absent during the summer months.

A new grand stand is being built in the park for the convenience of the baseball boys and will be completed for Sunday's game.

Rev. Andrew Nelson will go to Marquette, Mich., next Tuesday to attend the Lake Superior district meeting of the Swedish M. E. church.

John McKinney is building an addition to his store on Arch street.

Rev. Frank Durant, of Hibbing, spent a few days in Cloquet last week, the guest of Rev. F. C. Coolbaugh.

O. W. Erickson has the contract for clearing the land for the new box factory. He has a crew of men and teams at work.

T. D. Uttlean, of Duluth, and John Uttlean, of Deer River, attended the funeral of their little brother George on Monday last.

Dan Cameron returned Thursday from a business trip through the woods.

A. J. Gillsple, who has been confined to the Cloquet hospital for the past month, is able to be around again.

NEW DULUTH

New Duluth, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Mahoney came up from Smithville Tuesday, to make a call in New Duluth.

Miss Isabel Thayer went to Proctor Wednesday to spend a couple of weeks.

Avenue Page, of West Duluth, was a caller in New Duluth Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Mehlhorn moved their house hold goods to West Duluth Tuesday.

Herbert Thayer came up from West Duluth, Thursday, to call on friends.

Rev. P. Knudsen is serving on the grand jury, at Duluth, this week.

James Salter returned from a week's visit with friends and relatives in Barnum, Saturday.

Among those who spent Monday in Duluth were Miss Bertha Jarosch, Leo Blebl, Elias Berger, Byron Karn, Joseph Wege and A. G. Messer.

Oto Krieger has purchased the house belonging to M. J. Mehlhorn, on West Third street.

M. J. Mahoney, J. E. Bartz and A. E. Laidley are serving on the jury in Duluth, this week.

A. E. Grochau spent Sunday with friends and relatives in Duluth.

Mr. Anton Christopherson, father of C. Christopherson, died at the home of his son Friday, after a brief illness, of heart disease. Deceased was sixty-three years old. The funeral was held Saturday morning at the home of C. Christopherson. Rev. Knudsen conducted the service and Charles Wills, William Crayer, W. A. Thayer and George Reindl were pall bearers. The body was taken to Wyoming, Minn. for interment. Mr. and Mrs. Christopherson and children accompanied the body. They returned to New Duluth Thursday.

Frank Napranick, of West Duluth, spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in New Duluth.

Herbert Thayer, of West Duluth, spent Saturday and Sunday in New Duluth with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Thayer.

Among Saturday's Duluth visitors were Peter Olson, Edward Olson, W. H. Miller, Charles W

OUR YOUNG FOLKS PAGE

The Little Leas' Surgical Operation.

BY ELEANOR McCARTHY.

"Do you know what is the matter with Serafina?" Polly Lea asked Betty and Rosemary.

"She hasn't got the measles, has she?" asked Betty, anxiously.

"It's worse'n that."

"She's got something in her eye," Rosemary guessed.

"Worse'n that," replied Polly again.

"Oh, dear, what is it?"

"She has to have an operation."

This announcement was gravely received by Betty and Rosemary.

"Where does she have to have it?" asked Betty, after a pause.

"She has to have two," Polly replied, "one in the stomach and one in the arm, and then she has to stay in the hospital a long time."

"Tipsy Sickersell, her husband, will feel dreadful, won't he?"

Polly nodded feelingly.

"When is the 'pration?" inquired Rosemary.

"This morning, at the hospital. I'm the surgeon," replied Polly.

"Can we see it?" asked Betty.

"Yes; but you musn't cry or make a noise, for that would 'feet the patient."

It was not in vain that Polly had sat very quietly listening to a detailed account of a hospital operation as given to her mother by a visitor the week before. Polly had been fascinated by the narrative and promptly conceived the idea of imitating the performance at her earliest opportunity. At first she had thought of operating on Rosemary, but difficulties presented themselves in that connection. Then she hit upon the idea of making one of the dolls the subject of the operation. That was eminently satisfactory. Serafina's broken arm suggested it. The setting of a broken limb, however, seemed too simple a thing to satisfy Polly's ambition. She longed to wield the knife. She decided that Serafina had in addition to a broken arm too large a stomach and that an operation was necessary to reduce it to its proper size. All of this she unfolded to the deeply interested Betty and Rosemary.

They Saw Serafine Swinging From the Branches.

An operating table was improvised by placing a board across two blocks of wood. On this the unfortunate Serafina was stretched and Polly, who announced that she was the surgeon, "that is, a doctor that cuts people," she explained for the benefit of Betty and Rosemary, bent over the prostrate form of the helpless Serafina, whose blue eyes stared unflinchingly back into hers.

"First, I must give her an esthetic," said Polly, putting down her knife.

"What's that," asked Betty.

"Something that puts them to sleep, so hard that they don't wake up even when the knife cuts into them."

Polly rubbed the mouth, eyes and brow of Serafina with some crushed rose geranium leaves.

"Now she's asleep," she proclaimed, and and won't know anything for two hours.

Rosemary pinched Serafina. "No, she doesn't feel it," she said.

"I'll set her broken arm," said Polly, taking up the injured member and feeling it with a professional air. First, she put on two splinters of wood and then wound a bandage around and around the arm. "I think that will fix you all right, Mrs. Serafina Sickersell, and you will be able to use that arm in three days just as well as the other one."

Next, Serafina's clothes were removedand the surgeon gravely poked the body with a pointed index finger. "Yes, there surely is a growth right there," she said, putting her finger on a spot in the middle of the body.

Betty and Rosemary were on tiptoe with watchfulness. Polly took the knife, which looked surprisingly like the knives in the kitchen, and cut a gash lengthwise, and then another across it. She then removed some of the sawdust and, taking a needle and thread from the front of her dress, where it had been sticking, pulled the edges of the wound together, but when she pulled the needle through the thread came out.

"You forgot the knot," said Rosemary.

"I'll make it for you," Betty offered.

Then Polly began again, but the edges puckered up queerly and the sawdust kept pouring out. She put more stitches in and then it did not come out quite so much. After she had put a bandage several times around the body it didn't come out at all.

"She'll have to stay in the hospital for a long time," said Polly the surgeon, as she put on Serafina's nightgown, "and we'll have to bring her jellies and things."

One corner of the playhouse had been fixed up as a hospital, and in it Serafina was put to bed, the sheet being carefully drawn up to her chin, so she wouldn't take cold.

"Has she still got the esthetic?" Betty inquired.

"Yes; but pretty soon she'll be over it, and then she'll be awful sick at her stomach."

"I was once," said Rosemary reminiscently; "it was after my birthday party. D' you 'member?"

The three little Leas went away and left Serafina alone in the hospital. The next day they went to call upon her. Polly had a bottle of medicine and a spoon with which to administer it; Betty bore a poultice to place upon the wound, and Rosemary had a pansy in one hand and a strawberry in the other as gifts of consolation for the patient.

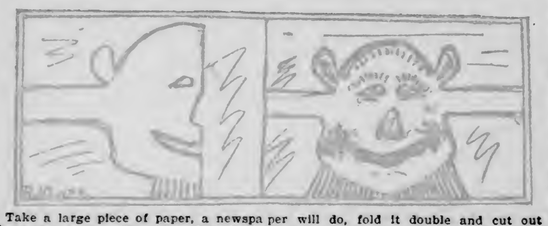
"I 'fraid I've squshed the strawberry a little," she said, as the juice trickled through her fingers, "but Serafina won't mind, and it'll taste just as good."

When they got in sight of the playhouse, where the hospital was, there were marks of intruders. The door was open and there was a general air of devastation.

"Somebody's been here!" exclaimed Polly, and the three little Leas peering in saw the playhouse furniture turned upside down and topsy-turvy. Serafina, the patient, was gone.

"Who stole her?" queried Betty.

How to Make a Comic Mask.



Take a large piece of paper, a newspaper will do, fold it double and cut out the eyes, nose, mouth and beard, as in the picture. If you paint it, it will look funnier. After you have fixed it put it over your face, letting the long strips come on either side of your head, and pin it behind.

A Voyage at Night.

Carl watched the hands of the sitting-room clock moving rapidly toward half-past 7. Once in a while he glanced at his mother, who seemed to see nothing but the little coat she was sewing on, but Carl knew from long experience that she never failed to notice when the hands of the clock touched half-past 7 o'clock.

The hands moved nearer and nearer. The moment they touched half-past 7 mother laid down her sewing and went to the closet for Carl's night gown.

"Oh, mother, it is as cold as Greenland up there," Carl complained. "Must I go?"

"It is Greenland," replied his mother, in matter-of-fact tones.

"What!" cried Carl in astonishment, and at once dropped the soldiers with which he had been playing.

"Captain George is just starting with his crew on a voyage to Greenland."

"I choose to be Captain George," said Carl, "and you will be the crew. Now, let's get ready."

Captain George came over to the fireplace and sat on the crew's knee, while she got him out of his daytime clothes and into his Arctic suit.

"Hadn't we better take some food?" asked Carl.

"Yes, here is some hard tack," replied the crew, handing him a cracker.

Then they climbed the stair mountain to a white iceberg. Carl mounted it contentedly and floated off into the land of Nod.

EFFIE ST. LOUIS.

The Candle Trick.

Cut out of a large apple two or three round pieces the size and shape of the end of a candle. In the center of one end of each one stick a small round piece of peeled almond; this is the wick. Light it and blow it out when the flame has blackened it. Tell your friends that you once had a friend who was colonel of a Russian regiment, from whom you learned to eat tallow candles (at the same time lighting your apple candles); then blow them out, pop them into your mouth one after the other and eat them.

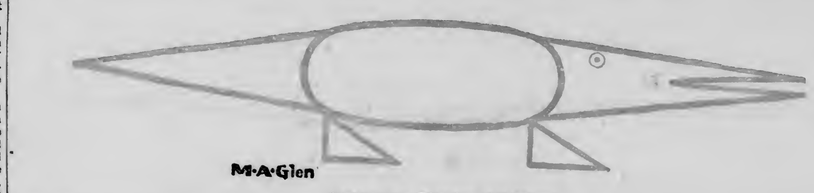
The number of pieces of mail matter in 1902 in the German Postoffice was 5,516,000,000, against 5,322,000,000 in 1901; among this number were 5,321,000,000 letters (5,133,300,000 in 1901) and 104,300,000 packages (185,500,000 in 1901). The total amount of mail matter with value declared and money orders was $6,246,000,000, against $6,143,000,000 in 1901.

Acording to a Philadelphia physician, in a generation or two the Japs will average the same stature as Europeans. It is only their legs that are short, he says, and this comes from their habit of sitting in cramped position on the floor. Western customs are being adopted, and he thinks the little brown man will soon lenghen out. Of course, some of his brother physicians pooh-pooh this notion. They point out that chairs are almost unknown among Hindoos, who, on the whole, are rather long-legged.

Crocodile Tears.

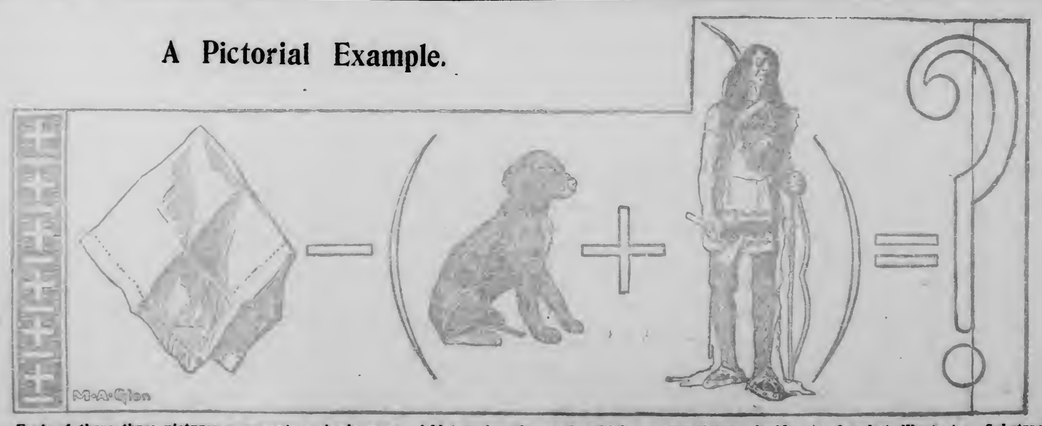
The coloring power of certain analine or indigo colors is an example of the endless divisibility of matter. One grain of violet or indigo is sufficient to give a quart of water a color pronounced enough to destroy the transparency of the liquid. Among colors one of the most curious is fluorescence, noted for the green color which it gives to water, and at the same time lending it a singular phosphorescent appearance. Some years ago 32 pounds of this matter was thrown into one of the mouths of the Danube, and three days afterward it was found that the water of the River Aach was colored green, which proved that this river was so colored by the infiltration of the waters of the Danube. The 32 pounds of fluorescense were sufficient to color 200,000,000 gallons of water, or what amounts to the same thing, 10 grains of coloring matter was recognizable when diluted in 20,000 quarts of water. It is this experiment, on a small scale, that we are going to execute; our Danube being simply a vase or preserving glass. As for the fluorescence, which it is difficult to procure, we are going to extract it from one of the pieces of special paper, which is nothing but blotting paper soaked in a weak solution of fluorescence (called Crocodile Tears), and procurable in a drug store generally. Detach a small piece of this paper and put it on the surface of the water. You will see the fluorescence coming out as soon as the water has drunk in the paper and descending the vase in long green drops, with phosphorescent reflections. After a while all the water of the vase will have assumed a magnificent emerald hue.

Perhaps a still more remarkable example of the endless divisibility of matter is afforded by a grain of musk, which, after it has lain in a room for weeks, distinctly scenting the air in the room all the time, will be found to weigh just as much at the end of this time as at first.



Answer to Wonder Alligator.

A Pictorial Example.



Each of these three pictures represents a single word. Add together the words which the two pictures inside the bracket illustrate. Substract this result from the word which is represented by the first picture and you will have the answer, which is another word.

How Knighthood Flowered in Symsdale High School.

BY WILSON INGMAN.

One morning Symsdale opened its eyes to look at a pennant flying from the High School cupola. It had been put there the night before by some of the boys to let people know there was a fraternity in town.

The same morning seven boys walked proudly into the High School wearing the colors of the new fraternity. They were well pleased with the secrecy with which they had guarded the organization and the surprise which greeted it.

It all began when "Bob" Wrentham's brother "Fred" was home from college on a vacation.

"Bob" inquired "Bob."

"What's the good?" inquired "Bob."

"Why, you get all your chums together and keep the other fellows out, and you do all sorts of stunts."

"Huh! you can do that without a fraternity."

"Yes, but it isn't the same. It gives you a different feeling toward the boys. You see, ours is the best fraternity in the State University. We have a dandy clubhouse. Of course, you couldn't have that, but you could have a room and hold meetings, and have a grip and a password and everything else like a college frat."

"H'm," said "Bob," non-committally, but he went out and talked the matter over with his particular chum, Nelson Bridges. Nelson thought there might be something in it, so they took five of their friends into their confidence and got "Fred" Wrentham to expound the ways and means of forming a fraternity.

"You have to get up a constitution first," said "Fred." "Your name will be in that, and for general use you can just use three Greek letters."

"Do they have to be Greek?" asked "Sam" Long.

Greek was not a part of the Symsdale High School curriculum.

"Of course," replied "Fred." "You decide upon your name and tell me the initial letters and I'll give you the Greek for them."

"S, G and D are the initials," the boys told him, when they had settled the name.

"All right, then, your frat is the Sigma Gamma Delta. Now, you must get up a ceremony for initiation. You must have something very solemn for the first part, and then you can have sport afterward."

"Who'll initiate us?" asked "Smiley" Green.

"That's the rub," said "Fred" Wrentham, frowning "You see there are no other chapters, so you can't have any one from your own fraternity to initiate you. I'll tell you what. You elect your president and I'll give him a special initiation and then he can initiate the rest of you according to your own form."

Dill Bretsam was therefore initiated with strict form and secrecy by "Fred" before he went back to college, and a week later the other boys were initiated by Dill in the Wrentham's attic, which was draped in black and lighted only by torches. The "second degree" was given in the barn, and there were high jinks there and a jolly banquet. It was long past midnight when the pennant was run up over the High School building.

So Sigma Gamma Delta was launched, and great was the wonderment of the barbarians. "Fred" Wrentham had instructed the "frat" boys that they must always allude to the non-frats as barbarians. That was a part of the game.

For several months the Siggamdelts, as the name was abbreviated by the barbarians, held undisputed sway. Then a new order arose, calling itself the Knights of Valor. Rodney Lewis was the founder and the barbarians welcomed the Knights with great enthusiasm. There were no secrets and its membership was open to all who could prove themselves worthy. It took six months to do this, the candidates for knighthood being called novices during that time. Rodney and the eight fellows who started in with him tried for six months to prove their right to knighthood. Each had to perform some kind deed for one weaker than themselves, to have some act of bravery to his credit and be innocent of lying, deceit, treachery or cowardice. Moreover, no one could boast of his own achievements. They had to be made known in some way without the knowledge or consent of the boy who performed them.

On this account Rodney Lewis himself came near being kept out of knighthood. Only at the last minute did an old man happen to let it out that when he had been ill alone in his hut he had found wood chopped and water drawn, and at his door each day. Watching to see who had taken thought for his needs, he had discovered that it was Rodney Lewis. Then Rodney's little sister told how her pet kitten got lost one cold night and Rodney went out and searched for her, and when he found her with a broken leg he put the leg in splints and cared for pussy until she got well.

"And I won't be quiet about it any longer," said a little girl friend of his sister's. Rodney pulled me out of the water when I broke through the ice, and put his overcoat around me and got me home so that no one knew anything about it, and told me not to tell, but I will, so there, now."

Five of the other boys had clean records, but three had to put in six months more as novices.

During their novitiate the boys had been reading much about the knights of old, how they rescued the oppressed, relieved the distressed, helped the weak and unfortunate and sought out adventures. King Arthur and his Knights of the Round Table were their heroes. It was decided that one of their number should be chosen chief knight each year, with the title of Sir Arthur. Naturally, Rodney Lewis was first selected for that position.

"We ought to have a sword," said Luke Stone.

"Yes, like 'Excalibur,'" asserted "Dave" Morse.

It was decided to save up pocket money and buy a sword which was to be the property of Sir Arthur during his term of office as chief knight.

Therefore, when the day came for the novices to become full-fledged knights, Rodney Lewis stood up before a goodly company, and, holding in his hand a brand-new sword, on the blade of which was engraved the word "Excalibur," said: "I promise by this sword to be kind to the weak, especially to girls and old people; to be brave and truthful, and to seek worthy adventures and bear my part in them as becomes a true knight."

Then, in turn, each of the other knights took the vow, and Sir Arthur, touching them with the sword, said: "I dub thee a Knight of Valor. Be thou worthy."

At first there was a disposition on the part of the other boys to laugh at the Knights, and they were nicknamed "Nighties" and "Goodies," but they were so good-tempered and withal so manly and plucky and square that the fun-making fell short. Besides, they had such awfully good times. Every Saturday they went off for some new adventure, and they did stunts that the other boys never thought of doing.

Pretty soon it began to occur to other boys that it would be a fine thing to belong to the Knights.

"All right," Rodney would reply to their questions. "You have just as good a chance as any one. We'll enter you as a novice, and if your record warrants it at the end of six months you'll be one of us."

The Knights were so much more popular than the Sigma Gamma Deltas that every barbarian stopped envying the fraternity fellows, and fell to work their way into Knighthood, much to the disgust of the supercilious Siggamdelts.

One day there was a sound of an explosion. The school building and almost immediately the halls filled with smoke. The High School classes were on the two lower floors. On the two floors above were classes of younger children.

"Attention! Sir Knights of Valor!" called the clear voice of Sir Arthur, as the fire panic seized them, and every Knight stood still. Quickly and definitely he detailed them to a systematic tour of the building, from the top down, to help the teachers with the little children, he himself leading the way where the danger seemed greatest.

In an incredibly short time the building was in flames. "Thank Heaven! they're all out!" exclaimed the principal, looking around at the frightened boys and girls.

"No, no. Where's Rodney Lewis?" some one cried.

"He's in there," said an awestruck boy, pointing to the burning building.

A fireman was off like a flash to rescue the boy, but some one else had been quicker. Dill Bretsam, Sigma Gamma Delta, clambered a window, calling "'Rod!' 'Rod!' Where are you, 'Rod'?" Upstairs he went, holding his handkerchief over his mouth and shutting his smarting eyes.

"Here he is!" he called out, as he stumbled over something on the floor, and he tried to drag him to the window, but they went down together, and the smoke grew thicker and a tongue of flame flashed out toward them. The fireman fell over the two boys. In a moment he had them at a window, and another fireman was handing them down a ladder.

"Give them air," said the doctor, as he knelt beside them, with the crowd closing about them in eager earnest. "That's all they need."

The next day the High School boys stood viewing the half-burned building.

"If it hadn't been for you Dill, I would be in there now," said Rodney, laying his hand on Dill Bretsam's shoulder.

"Pshaw!" said Dill, drawing away.

"Fellows, I think every member of the Symsdale High School proved himself worthy of knighthood yesterday. What say you, Sir Knights of Valor?" said Sir Arthur.

"We say 'yes,'" cried the Knights.

"Well, then, I propose that we admit them to the order forthwith."

"Hurrah!"

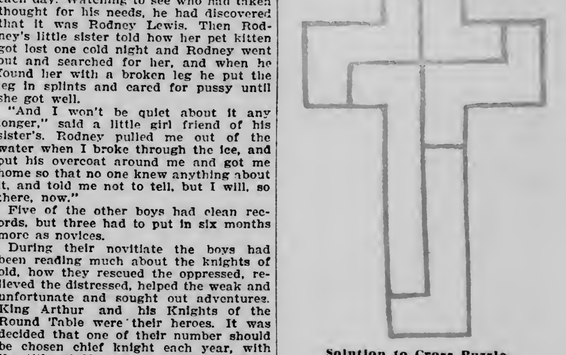
"Will you come?" he said, turning to Dill, "you and the other Sigma Gamma Deltas? We'd be proud to have you. Good. Now, come along to the knightly quarters and we'll have you all knighted in due form before the sun sets.

"I dub you Knight of Valor, with gratitude and appreciation," he said, touching Dill Bretsam first with Excalibur and the other Sigma Gamma Deltas in turn.

"Now that we are all Knights together, I move that we disband the frat," said Dill, when the knighting was concluded. "We can't have secrets from our fellow-knights."

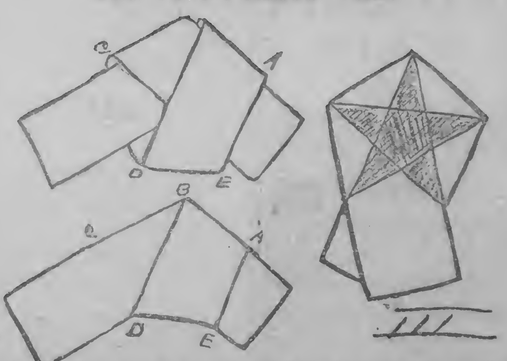
"Agreed!" cried the frats, and thus fraternities came to an end in the Symsdale High School and knighthood flowered.

Which head belongs to the body and why? Paste them as you think best.



Solution to Cross Puzzle.

The Five-Pointed Star.



The five-pointed star is called in geometry the regular star pentagon. Its geometrical construction is long and complicated, hence this means of obtaining one may be appreciated. Take a band of this paper and tie a knot, as shown in the first two illustrations, pressing the paper quite flat after drawing the paper knot closely together. Then fold it so that the border C F shall be on a line from C to A, shown by the dotted line. On holding it up to the light you will find the five-pointed star, as shown in figure III.

ALFRED H. KOELLER.